North Dakota Teacher Shortage Loan Forgiveness Program ND DPI Interim Evaluation *Executive Summary*

The ND Teacher Shortage
Loan Forgiveness Program (TSLFP)
was created to improve teacher
recruitment and retention,
particularly for high-need, highshortage content areas and rural
communities. The program is not
currently offering new loan
forgiveness awards, but ND DPI is
tracking the success of the 20182019 cohort of recipients of loan
forgiveness. This program reduced
loan indebtedness for eligible

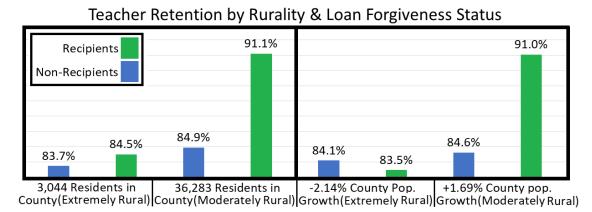
ND DPI Critical Needs & Shortage Areas		
	2018-2019	2019-2020
Critical Need	Special Education (PK-12th)	Special Education (PK-12th)
	Science (9th-12th)	English Language Arts (9th-12th)
	English Language Arts (9th-12th)	Science (9th-12th)
	Fine & Performing Arts (9th-12th)	Fine & Performing Arts (9th-12th)
၁	English Language Learners (PK-12th)	School Counselor (PK-12th)
Shortage Area	Elementary Education (PK-8th)	Library/Media Specialists (PK-12th)
	CTE Business & Office Tech (9th-12th)	CTE Business & Office Tech (9th-12th)
	Mathematics (9th-12th)	CTE Family & Consumer Sci (9th-12th)
	School Counselors (PK-12th)	Elementary Education (1st-8th)
	CTE Family & Consumer Sci (9th-12th)	Kindergarten
	World Languages (9th-12th)	World Languages (9th-12th)
	Social Studies (9th-12th)	
	CTE Agricultural Education (9th-12th)	
	Library/Media Specialists (PK-12th)	

teachers through a series of payment that are contingent on going to work in the same school.

District superintendents who participated in the selection of loan forgiveness recipients were surveyed. Respondents had mixed feelings about the implementation of the program, partly due to the different teacher selection methods they used. Respondents also indicated that they mostly used the program to retain teachers, but nearly a third used the program to recruit teachers to some degree.

Additionally, an analysis of state administrative data assessed whether teachers with loan forgiveness were retained for one year at higher rates than comparable peers. This ongoing longitudinal analysis is being conducted in collaboration with North Dakota University System Institutional Research (NDUS-IR) staff. Preliminary results reveal success of the program in some communities. In moderately rural counties, loan forgiveness recipients were retained 91% of the time. Meanwhile, their peers were retained only 85% of the time. In extremely rural counties, retention hovered around 84% for recipients and non-recipients alike. This reveals that extremely rural communities may need a specialized intervention to thoroughly assist with teacher retention.

ND DPI is continuing to examine the implementation and outcomes associated with the TSLFP and will provide periodic updates to the ND Legislative Assembly.



You can find the full 2020 Interim Evaluation at the following address: https://www.nd.gov/dpi/educators/tuition-assistance/state-teacher-shortage-loan-forgiveness-program