How Can Our District Use Rural Education Achievement Program Funds?
The Rural Education Achievement Program (REAP) encompasses two grant programs: the Small, Rural School Achievement (SRSA) grant and the Rural and Low-Income School (RLIS) grant. REAP funds (both SRSA and RLIS) can be spent on items that are allowable under Title I-A, Title II-A, Title III, and Title IV-A.

Additionally, SRSA funds can be spent on 21st Century community learning centers and RLIS funds can be spent on parental involvement activities.

What are Some Examples of Allowable Activities for REAP Funds?

- Career and technical education programs to prepare students for postsecondary education and the workforce.
- Response-to-Intervention strategies for early identification of students with learning or behavioral needs.
- Promoting high quality instruction in science, technology and mathematics subjects, including computer science.
- Carrying out blended learning projects.
- Improving access to arts and music education.
- Providing tutorials and intensified instruction to English learners.
- Providing materials in a language the student understands.
- Providing interpreters and translators.
- Professional development for educators, school leaders, and administrators on the use of technology.
- Laptops, Chromebooks, computer hardware and software for in-classroom instruction.
- Accessible devices and software for students with disabilities.

SRSA Funds Can Be Used for 21st-Century Community Learning Centers

- Creating academic enrichment learning programs.
- Establishing mentoring programs.
- Providing remedial education activities.
- Providing tutoring services.

RLIS Funds Can Be Used for Parental Involvement Activities

- Providing materials to help parents improve their child’s academic achievement, for example, trainings on school online portals.
- Providing childcare so parents are able to participate in school-related meetings and training sessions.
- Establishing a formal parental advisory council.