50–01.2–03. Duties of county social service board.
The county social service board of each county in this state shall:

1. Supervise and direct all human service activities conducted by the county including county general assistance or other public assistance.

2. Supervise and administer, under the direction and supervision of the department of human services, human services in the county which are financed in whole or in part with funds allocated or distributed by the department of human services.

3. Aid and assist in every reasonable way to efficiently coordinate and conduct human service activities within the county by private as well as public organizations.
Program and Service Areas

Economic Assistance

- Medicaid (MAGI and LTC)
- Children’s Health Insurance Program
- Temporary Assistance to Needy Families
- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program
- Child Care Assistance
- Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program

Home and Community-Based Services

- Service Payments for the Elderly and Disabled (SPED)
- Expanded SPED

Children and Family Services

- Foster Care Case Management
- Foster Care Home Licensing
- Subsidized Adoption
- Child Abuse and Neglect
- Family Preservation
- Child Care Licensing
- Subsidized Guardianship
History of state and county social services

1997 HB 1041, commonly referred to as the “SWAP” legislation required the counties to assume the financial responsibility of administering economic assistance programs in exchange for the state assuming the financial responsibility of the economic assistance grant costs.

This change was effective January 1, 1998 and was approved with the concept that the estimated costs assumed by the county and the state would be comparable for the first 18 months of implementation.
The underlying assumption of the legislation was that the counties had very little control over the services or eligibility criteria included in the economic assistance grant programs.

Counties would be able to control the cost of administering the grant programs.

It was believed that although the county administrative costs would increase, the grant costs would increase by a larger percentage and the counties would avoid the large cost increases associated with the rising grant costs.
Since 1998 there has been ongoing discussion about the comparison of the administrative and grant cost increases.

Regardless, the costs the counties incur to administer the social services programs are covered through property taxes.

Which leads to 2015 SB 2206

And the Social Services Finance Working Group
Social Service Finance Working Group

- Mike Montplaisir – Cass County
- Randi Suckut – Wells County
- Kim Jacobson – Trail County
- Steve Reiser – Dakota Central
- Terry Traynor, ND Association of Counties
- Lori Laschkewitsch – OMB
- Joe Morrissette – Office of the Tax Commissioner
- Deb McDermott – DHS CFO
- Maggie Anderson – DHS
First Meeting Held June 18, 2015

- Discuss purpose and outcomes
- Update on Section 6 of 2015 SB 2206
  - Human Services Grant Program (Levy 1222)
  - Eligible Counties
  - Emergency Rules
- Establishing the percent increases for 2016 budgets
- Collecting financial information
- Next Meeting is September 2 in Bismarck