CITY OF WYNDMERE WYNDMERE, NORTH DAKOTA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

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CITY OF WYNDMERE LIST OF OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2016

CITY COUNCIL

<u>Office</u>

Nathan Brandt Tim Bell Tim Hetland Jeff Volesky Tim Phalen Mayor

EMPLOYEES:

Gail Anderson

City Auditor

Harold J. Rotunda

Certified Public Accountant

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City Council
City of Wyndmere
Wyndmere, North Dakota

I have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of City of Wyndmere as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Wyndmere as of December 31, 2016, and the changes in modified cash basis financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. My opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the management discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Wyndmere's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Activity is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basis financial statements.

The Schedule of Activity is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basis financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the Schedule of Activity is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basis financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued reports dated November 20, 2017, on my considerations of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Fargo, North Dakota

November 20, 2017

405 West Main Avenue Box 816 West Fargo, ND 58078 Phone(701)281-0483 Cell 212-3908

CITY OF WYNDMERE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2016

4 CODE	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS Current assets:			
Cash and investments	470,895.39	362,026.56	832,921.95
Non-current assets:			
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,947,876.54	295,655.06	2,243,531.60
Total Assets	2,418,771.93	657,681.62	3,076,453.55
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities: Accounts Payable			-
Non-current liabilities:			
Due within one year: Bonds payable	160,000.00		160,000.00
Notes payable	100,000.00		-
Due after one year:			
Bonds payable Notes payable	1,350,000.00	-	1,350,000.00
Total liabilities	1,510,000.00	-	1,510,000.00
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	437,876.54	295,655.06	733,531.60
Capital projects	244,551.37		244,551.37
Debt service	111,210.90	262.026.76	111,210.90
Unrestricted	115,133.12	362,026.56	477,159.68
Total Net Position	908,771.93	657,681.62	1,566,453.55

CITY OF WYNDMERE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES- MO				Revenue & Changes
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 20	16	Program R		in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government	95,093.51	30111000		(95,093.51)
Public safety Highways and streets Economic development	227,528.77		22,664.93	(204,863.84)
Interest expense	50,099.99			(50,099.99)
Total Governmental Activities	372,722.27	-	22,664.93	(350,057.34)
Business-type activities				
Water	47,290.74	95,886.66		48,595.92
Sewer	4,910.37	33,657.12		28,746.75
Garbage	52,705.99	66,625.13		13,919.14
Landfill	2,325.00	6,717.45		4,392.45
Capital outlay	-	_		-
				-
Depreciation- Unallocated	23,513.62			(23,513.62)
Total Business-type activities	130,745.72	202,886.36	-	72,140.64
Total	503,467.99	202,886.36	22,664.93	(277,916.70)
Net expense		Governmental (350,057.34)	Business-type 72,140.64	Total (277,916.70)
General Revenues Taxes:				
Property taxes		58,761.74		58,761.74
Sales taxes		68,839.53		68,839.53
Special assessments		175,586.74		175,586.74
Licenses and permits		2,685.00		2,685.00
Intergovernmental		35,002.29		35,002.29
Interest income		270.22	-	270.22
Other		46,051.37	74.40	46,125.77
Total General Revenues		387,196.89	74.40	387,271.29
Transfers in (out)		-	-	-
Change in Net Position		37,139.55	72,215.04	109,354.59
Net Position- January 1		871,632.38	585,466.58	1,457,098.96
Net Position- December 31		908,771.93	657,681.62	1,566,453.55

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF WYNDMERE BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS

DECEMBER 31, 2016	HAL FUNDS- M	IODIFIED CAS.	H BASIS STREET	OTHER	TOTAL
5.555.05BR 51, 2010	GENERAL	SEWER 11-1	IMPROVEMENT		
ASSETS Cash and investments	(53,792.28)	144,866.09	146.050.75		
Cash and investments	(33,792.28)	144,000.09	146,959.75	232,861.83	470,895.39
Total Assets	(53,792.28)	144,866.09	146,959.75	232,861.83	470,895.39
LVA DIL IMPRO					
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable					-
Total liabilities					
Total naomities	-	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE					
Restricte for Capital Projects Restricted for Debt Service		144,866.09	146,050,75	63,936.43	208,802.52
Restricted for Special purposes		-	146,959.75	- 168,925.40	146,959.75 168,925.40
Unassigned	(53,792.28)	-		-	(53,792.28)
Total fund balance	(53,792.28)	144,866.09	146,959.75	232,861.83	470,895.39
Total liabilities and fund balance	(53,792.28)	144,866.09	146,959.75	232,861.83	470,895.39

CITY OF WYNDMERE RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

470,895.39

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in governmental funds

Cost of capital assets
Less accumulated depreciation

2,393,521.21 445,644.67

Net capital assets

1,947,876.54

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities- both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at year end are:

Bonds payable SRF Notes payable Notes payable (100,000.00) (1,410,000.00)

(1,410,000

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

908,771.93

CITY OF WYNDMERE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	GENERAL	SEWER 11-1	STREET IMPROVEMENT	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL GO FUNDS	TOTAL OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Property taxes	58,721.69		-	40.05	58,761.74
Sales taxes				68,839.53	68,839.53
Special Assessments	55 (65 00	118,167.14	2,147.86	55,271.74	175,586.74
Intergovernmental Interest	57,667.22 270.22	-		-	57,667.22
Charges for services	270.22	<u>-</u>	-	27,862.87	270.22 27,862.87
Other	20,873.50	-		-	20,873.50
Total Revenues	137,532.63	118,167.14	2,147.86	152,014.19	409,861.82
Current:					
General government Public safety	95,093.51			-	95,093.51
Highways and streets	94,729.61	-		17,132.29	111,861.90
Economic development				, -	, <u>-</u>
Capital outlay	-	-		-	-
Debt Service		70.000.00		00 000 00	1.60.000.00
Principal Interest expense		70,000.00 43,500.00	-	90,000.00 6,599.99	160,000.00 50,099.99
interest expense		43,300.00	<u></u>	0,399.99	30,099.99
Total Expenditures	189,823.12	113,500.00	-	113,732.28	417,055.40
Excess revenues (expenditures)	(52,290.49)	4,667.14	2,147.86	38,281.91	(7,193.58)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	-	-		-	_
Transfers out Bond proceeds	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources and u	-	-	-	- -	-
Net change in fund balances	(52,290.49)	4,667.14	2,147.86	38,281.91	(7,193.58)
Fund Balance- January 1	(1,501.79)	140,198.95	144,811.89	194,579.92	478,088.97
Fund Balance- December 31	(53,792.28)	144,866.09	146,959.75	232,861.83	470,895.39

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF WYNDMERE RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances- Total Governmental Funds

(7,193.58)

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year.

Current year capital outlay Current year depreciation expense

115,666.87

(115,666.87)

Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

160,000.00

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

37,139.55

CITY OF WYNDMERE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- MODIFIED PROPRIETARY FUNDS	CASH BASIS		
DECEMBER 31, 2016	Water & Sewer	Sanitation	Total
ASSETS	Series		
Current assets:	281,188.64	80,837.92	362,026.56
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	201,100.04	60,637.92	302,020.30
Newsymmet			
Non-current assets:	205 655 06		205 655 06
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	295,655.06		295,655.06
Total Assets	576,843.70	80,837.92	657,681.62
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Non-current liabilities:			

Total liabilities	-	-	-
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects	295,655.06		-295,655.06
Unrestricted	281,188.64	80,837.92	362,026.56
Total Net Position	576,843.70	80,837.92	657,681.62

CITY OF WYNDMERE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION- MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

OPERATING REVENUE	Water & Sewer	Sanitation	Total
Charges for services	136,261.23	66,625.13	202,886.36
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits	-	-	-
Professional fees	-	-	-
Equipment	-	-	-
Contract services	41,313.47	52,705.99	94,019.46
Electricity Supplies	- 584.79	-	584.79
Repairs and maintenance	12,627.85	<u>-</u>	12,627.85
Equipment	12,027.65	-	12,027.83
Office expense	<u>-</u>	-	
Depreciation	23,513.62	<u>.</u>	23,513.62
Miscellaneous	-	-	
Total operating expenses	78,039.73	52,705.99	130,745.72
Operating income (loss)	58,221.50	13,919.14	72,140.64
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)			
Property taxes	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-
Grant income	-	-	-
Interest expense	-	-	-
Capital outlay Other	- 74.40	-	74.40
Other	/4.40	-	74.40
Total non-operating rev (exp)	74.40	-	74.40
Income (loss) before transfers	58,295.90	13,919.14	72,215.04
Transfers in	-		_
Transfers out	-	-	-
Change in Net Position	58,295.90	13,919.14	72,215.04
Net Position- January 1	518,547.80	66,918.78	585,466.58
Net Position- December 31	576,843.70	80,837.92	657,681.62

CITY OF WYNDMERE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Water & Sewer	Sanitation	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	136,261.23 (54,526.11)	66,625.13 (52,705.99)	202,886.36 (107,232.10)
Payments to employees Other receipts	74.40	-	74.40
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	81,809.52	13,919.14	95,728.66
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING A	ACTIVITIES	_	_
Transfers from other funds	<u>-</u>	· _	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing	-	<u>.</u>	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FI	NANCING ACT	TIVITIES	
Purchase of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt	-	-	-
Interest paid on capital debt	-		-
Debt proceeds	-		-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related fi	-	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends	-	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	-	-	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash	81,809.52	13,919.14	95,728.66
Balance- beginning of year	199,379.12	66,918.78	266,297.90
Balance- end of year	281,188.64	80,837.92	362,026.56
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash proby operating activities:	rovided		
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cas (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense	58,221.50 h provided	13,919.14	72,140.64 - - -
Miscellaneous receipts (expense)	74.40	-	74.40
Net cash provided by operating activities	58,295.90	13,919.14	72,215.04

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF WYNDMERE WYNDMERE, NORTH DAKOTA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Wyndmere (City) have been prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City. The City has considered all potential component units for which the City is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the City such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

Based on the above criteria the city has no component units.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-wide statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity, Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenses/expenditures. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The City currently has no fiduciary funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Sewer 11-1 fund. Sewer 11-1 fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal and interest on the City's debt.

Street. The street fund is used to account for the debt payments and special assessment collections related to the street project.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and sewer- accounts for operating activities of the City's water and sewer utility services.

Sanitation- accounts for operating activities of the City's sanitation services

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues and expenditures when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgets

Based upon available financial information and requests by the city council, the auditor prepares the City budget. The budget is prepared for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds on the cash basis of accounting. The budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

City taxes must be levied by the governing board on or before October 7. The taxes levied must be certified to the County auditor by October 10. The governing body of the City may amend its tax levy and budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year, but the certification must be filed with the County auditor by October 10. The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.

E. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts and certificates of deposits with maturity of less than 90 days. Investments consist of certificates of deposits, with a maturity date in excess of 90 days, stated at cost.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Net estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of assets acquired prior to January 1, 2003. Prior to January 1, 2009, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS	
Permanent Buildings		50
Vehicles and equipment		10

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted - This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the city council-the City's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The council has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the City's preference is to first use restricted resources, then unrestricted resources-committed, assigned, and unassigned-in order as needed.

The council has set a General Fund minimum fund balance target at 10% of expenditures and recurring transfers.

I. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

J. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the City requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

BUDGET AMENDMENTS

The Council did not amend the City budget for 2016.

EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The City did not overspend the General Fund budget. No remedial action is required.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institution situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposit not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United State government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, notes, warrants, and certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies, instrumentalities, or by any City, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States, or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2016, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$744,387. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$494,387 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the City to invest in: (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress. (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above. (3) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation or the state. (4) Obligations of the state.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City does not have a limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4: PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes receivable represents the past five years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable.

The County treasurer acts as and agent to collect property taxes levied in the County for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

NOTE 5: TRANSFERS

The City did not make any transfers.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	Balance Jan 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Government activities				
Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total	2,266,037 56,378 71,106 2,398,521			2,266,037 56,378 71,106 2,393,521
Less accumulated deprec				
Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip Total Accumulated Dep	236,670 56,378 36,930 329,978	113,302 2,365 115,667		349,972 56,378 39,295 445,645
Total Cap Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2,063,543			1,947,877
Total net	2,063,543			1,947,877
Business-type activitie Infrastructure Vehicles & equipment Bldgs and Improvements Total	s: 278,525 23,726 539,052 841,303			278,525 23,726 539,052 841,303
Less accumulated deprec Infrastructure Vehicles & equipment Buildings & Improve Total	iation for: 77,987 9,490 434,657 522,134	11,141 2,372 10,000 23,513		89,128 11,863 444,657 545,648
Total Cap Assets Being Depreciated, Net	319,169			295,655
Total net	319,169			295,655

Depreciation Expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows: Governmental Activities: 115,667

Highways and streets

Business-type Activities: Water and sewer

23,513

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities - During the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term debt:

Payable		Payable	Due Within
2015	Increases Decrease	s 2016	One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Bonds payable 150,000	50,00	•	•
Notes payable 1,520,000	110,00	1,410,00	0 110,000
TOTAL 1,670,000	160,00	1,510,00	0
BONDS PAYABLE			
Bonds payable consist of	_		D 7
	Maturity Inte		Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Date Ra	ite 0	utstanding
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Bonds payable		•	
Refunding bond 2011	05/01/2026 2	2.50%	100,000
ronaring Solid 2011		• • • •	100,000
SRF Notes Payable			
Refunding bond 2011	05/01/2026 2	2.50%	80,000
Refunding bond 2011		3.00%	1,330,000
			1,410,000

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

Special Assessment bonds are paid directly from debt service sinking funds. Special assessments are certified annually in amounts sufficient to pay debt service requirements. Whenever all special assessments appropriated and collected for a special assessment district are insufficient to pay principal and interest then due on special assessment improvement bonds issued against such improvement district, the city is required to levy a deficiency levy upon all taxable property in the City.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Year Ending	Bonds Paya	ble		
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	50 , 000	3,400	110,000	34,850
2018	50 , 000	850	115,000	32,300
2019			75,000	29,625
2020			80,000	27,750
2021			80,000	25,750
2022-2026			445,000	97,125
2027-2030			505,000	38,250
TOTAL	100,000	4,250	1,410,000	285,650

NOTE 8: DEFICIT FUND BALANCE The following fund balances had deficits at December 31, 2016:

Sewer 11-1 35,749 Will be eliminated with taxes and transfers. General 23,792 Will be eliminated with taxes.

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In 1986 state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The City pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability and automobile insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of one million dollars per occurrence. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the City with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 for its employees. The State Bonding fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage. The City has workers compensation with the Workforce, Safety and Insurance and purchases commercial insurance for personal property, building, inland marine, and boiler and machinery.

CITY OF WYNDMERE SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITY DECEMBER 31, 2016

	BEGINNING BALANCE	REVENUE	EXPENSE	TRANSFERS IN(OUT)	ENDING BALANCE
100 GENERAL	(1,501.79)	137,532.63	189,823.12	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	(53,792.28)
201 HIGHWAY DISTRIBUTION	-				-
202 SOCIAL SECURITY	-				-
205 EMERGENCY	5,411.75	40.05			5,451.80
206 STREET LIGHTS	42,402.08	27,862.87	17,132.29		53,132.66
208 PLANNING	-				-
300 STREET IMPROVE 2000	144,811.89	2,147.86			146,959.75
350 SEWER IMPROVE 2006	-				· -
355 SEWER 11-1	(35,748.85)	-	-		(35,748.85)
360 HIGHWAY 18	50,164.69	55,271.74	41,500.00		63,936.43
365 GILEAD AVENUE	(0.00)		_		(0.00)
355 SEWER 11-1	175,947.80	118,167.14	113,500.00		180,614.94
600 WATER	93,748.97	95,961.06	47,290.74		142,419.29
601 SEWER	86,222.43	33,657.12	4,910.37		114,969.18
602 LANDFILL	19,407.72	6,717.45	2,325.00		23,800.17
603 BOND 88-2	(0.00)				(0.00)
604 GARBAGE	66,918.78	66,625.13	52,705.99		80,837.92
605 ROAD REPAIR	-				-
610 SALES TAX	96,601.40	68,839.53	55,099.99		110,340.94
	0.00				0.00
	_				_
	-				-
	744,386.87	612,822.58	524,287.50	-	832,921.95

CITY OF WYNDMERE

REPORTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

DECEMBER 31, 2016

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Harold J. Rotunda

Certified Public Accountant

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

City Council
City of Wyndmere
Wyndmere, North Dakota

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Wyndmere as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 20, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered City of Wyndmere's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. I did identify one deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that I consider to be a significant deficiency (2016-1).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Wyndmere's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Findings

City of Wyndmere's response to the finding identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. City of Wyndmere's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harold Rotunda, CPA November 20, 2017

CITY OF WYNDMERE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of Report Issued?			
Governmental Activities	Unmodified		
Major Funds	Unmodified Unmodified		
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information			
Internal Control over financial reporting:			
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes _	<u>X</u>	_ No
Significant deficiencies identified not			
Considered to be material weaknesses? \underline{X}	Yes		No
Noncompliance material to financial statements			
Noted?	_Yes _	<u>X</u>	_ No
Section II- Financial Statement Findings			
Finding No. 2016-1			

Condition

The limited number of staff prevents a proper segregation of duties.

Criteria

A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to its completion.

Effect

Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the City's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

CITY OF WYNDMERE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Recommendation

While I recognize that the City office staff may not be large enough to permit complete segregation of duties in all respects for an effective system of internal accounting control, all accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the City.

Client Response

At the present time, the City has segregated the duties of all key accounting personnel in the most efficient manner possible, given its limited staff. Due to cost constraints, there will be no further administrative employees added.