AUDIT REPORT

WARWICK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 29 WARWICK, NORTH DAKOTA

EXAMINATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

EMIL R. SCHOENFISH CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT DEVILS LAKE, NORTH DAKOTA 58301

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

School Board Warwick Public School District No. 29 Warwick, North Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Warwick Public School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Warwick Public School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Warwick Public School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Warwick Public School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Warwick Public School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Warwick Public School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Warwick Public School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Warwick Public School District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Warwick Public School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Warwick Public School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Smil Schomfish CAA

October 19, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Warwick Public School District No. 29 Warwick, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Warwick Public School District No. 29, Warwick, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Warwick Public School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 19, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Warwick Public School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Warwick Public School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Warwick Public School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 16-1, 16-2, 16-3, and 16-4, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Warwick Public School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Response to the Findings

Warwick Public School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Warwick Public School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Smil Dehoenfish CPA

October 19, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

A: SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses a unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of the Warwick Public School District No. 29.
- 2. Four reportable conditions disclosed during the audit of the basic financial statements are reported in the Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. None of the conditions individually is reported as a material weakness.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the basic financial statements of Warwick Public School District No. 29 were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the major federal award programs is reported in the Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the Warwick Public School District No. 29 expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. No audit findings relative to major federal award programs for Warwick Public School District No. 29 are reported in part C of this schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

Title VIII Impact Aid Title I

Fed CFDA # 84.041 Fed CFDA # 84.010

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The Warwick Public School District No. 29 was determined to be a high-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Reportable Conditions

16-1 Condition:

The Warwick Public School District No. 29, Warwick, North Dakota has one business manager responsible for most accounting functions. The business manager collects monies, issues receipts, deposits monies, issues checks, sends checks to vendors, records receipts and disbursements in journals, maintains the general ledger, and prepares financial statements. The degree of internal control is limited.

Criteria:

Internal control should be accomplished through proper separation of duties.

Effect:

Internal control is limited.

Recommendation: Due to the size of the School District it is not feasible to obtain proper separation

of duties and no action is practical.

Response: We concur with the recommendation

16-2 Condition: In lieu of the school board president signing checks manually, the School

District utilized a signature stamp. The business manager, whose signature is also required on checks, has access to this signature stamp. Certain procedures have been put in place to minimize this circumvention of the dual signature

control.

Criteria: A measure of internal control can be accomplished with the requirement of dual

signatures on school district warrants.

Effect: The internal control is circumvented.

Recommendation: The school board president's signature is often needed during the daily operation

of the school district when the board president is not readily available and no

action is practical.

Response: We concur with the recommendation.

16-3 Condition: Account balances are not reconciled to actual at month end.

Criteria: A procedure to prove month end balances should be in place.

Effect: Account balances are not accurate at month end.

Recommendation: We recommend a monthly proof of balances procedure be implemented for the

District General Fund.

Response: We concur with the recommendation.

16-4 Condition: The North Dakota School District Financial Report and statements of School

District Annual Financial Report for Publication are not completely accurate.

Criteria: All financial statements should be complete and accurate.

Effect: Third party users of school district financial statements do not have accurate

information.

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures such as those recommended in 16-3 be

implemented to insure accurate financial reports.

Response: We concur with the recommendation.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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School Board Warwick Public School District No. 29 Warwick, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We'were engaged to audit the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Warwick Public School District No. 29, Warwick, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on conducting the audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Because of the matters described in the basis for disclaimer paragraph, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Warwick Public School District No. 29, Warwick, North Dakota, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule, and pension information on pages 9-13 and 39-44 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion of provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

Prior year comparative information columns are financial data provided for analysis and comparative purposes and may not present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position and change in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Warwick Public School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required By Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 19, 2016 on our consideration of Warwick Public School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Warwick Public School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 19, 2016

Amil Schoenfiel ClA

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of Warwick Public School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which can be found on pages 14-20 of this report.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2015-2016 are as follows:

- Net position of the Warwick Public School increased (decreased) \$100,065 as a result of the current years operations. This compares to an increase (decrease) of \$1,013,587 for the prior year.
- Governmental net position as of the end of the fiscal year totaled \$945,268. Of this amount, \$(1,664,836) was unrestricted. For the prior year, governmental net assets totaled \$845,203 and of this amount \$(1,855,355) was unrestricted.
- Total revenues from all sources were \$4,708,126 compared to \$5,222,610 for the prior year.
- Total expenditures from all sources were \$4,608,061 compared to \$4,209,023 for the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$1,911,021, or 43% of total general fund expenditures. For the prior year, the unreserved fund balance was \$1,588,511, or 39% of total general fund expenditures.
- The District's general fund had \$4,520,576 in total revenues and \$4,433,626 in total expenditures. There was a total of \$499,707 from other financing sources (uses). Overall, the general fund balance increased (decreased) by \$586,657 for the year ended June 30, 2016. For the prior year, the District's general fund had \$5,022,446 in total revenues and \$4,030,627 in total expenditures. There was a total of \$117,972 from other financing sources (uses). Overall, the general fund balance increased (decreased) by \$1,109,791 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Warwick Public School District's basic financial statements. The Warwick Public School District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Warwick Public School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Warwick Public School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Warwick Public School District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of activities presents information showing how the school's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused annual leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Warwick Public School District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities).

The governmental activities of the Warwick Public School District include regular instruction, special education, vocational education, technology services, library media services, district wide services, administration, school food services, buildings and grounds operations and maintenance, student transportation, co curricular activities, rental payments, capital outlay and debt services. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-15 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Warwick Public School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the Warwick Public School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the governments near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Warwick Public School District maintains 2 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and food service fund, both of which are considered to be major funds.

The Warwick Public School District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund a budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Warwick Public School District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 20 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-36 of this report.

Government-wide Financial analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Warwick Public School District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$945,268 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the Warwick Public Schools District's net position \$2,529,635 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and improvements, buildings and infrastructure, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Warwick Public School District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Warwick Public School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Warwick Public School District's net position \$125,169 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$-1,664,836 may be used to meet the school's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The school's net position increased (decreased) by \$100,065 during the current fiscal year.

Warwick Public School District Net Position Governmental Activities

	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Current and other assets	\$ 2,049,616	\$ 1,723,909	\$ 663,888
Capital assets	2,529,635	2,575,152	2,677,581
Deferred outflows	1,006,691	289,014	<u>198,968</u>
Total assets & deferred outflows	5,585,942	4,588,075	3,540,437
Long-term liabilities outstanding	4,503,875	3,117,610	3,326,552
Other liabilities	-0-	264,147	118,122
Deferred inflows	<u>136,799</u>	361,115	
Total liabilities & deferred inflows	4,640,674	3,742,872	3,444,674
Net Position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,484,935	2,575,152	2,677,581
Restricted	125,169	125,406	53,956
Unrestricted	(1,664,836)	(1,855,355)	(2,635,774)
Total net position	\$ 945,268	\$ 845,203	\$ 95,763

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased (decreased) the Warwick Public School District's net position by \$100,065.

Warwick Public School District's Changes in Net Position As of June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014

	<u> 2016</u>	<u> 2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 1,059,428	\$ 1,414,177	\$ 759,485
Capital Grants and Contributions	-0-	6,908	10,479
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	186,174	171,232	162,818
State Aid - Unrestricted	2,022,508	1,958,917	1,863,483
Federal Aid - Unrestricted	1,401,452	1,615,981	1,458,856
Other	38,564	<u>55,395</u>	51,387
Total Revenues	4,708,126	<u>5,222,610</u>	<u>4,306,508</u>
Expenses			
Instruction	3,035,403	2,968,357	2,722,603
Support Services	1,397,824	1,059,070	1,349,972
Co-curricular Activities	61,978	68,100	80,664
Depreciation - Unallocated	<u> 112,856</u>	<u> 113,496</u>	114,785
Total Expenses	<u>4,608,061</u>	4,209,023	<u>4,268,024</u>
Net Change in Position	100,065	1,013,587	38,484
Change in Accounting Principal-GASB 68			(3,127,584)
Prior Period Adjustment		(264,147)	
Beginning Net Position	845,203	<u>95,763</u>	<u>3,184,863</u>
Ending Net Position	\$ 945,268	\$ 845,203	\$ 95,763

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Warwick Public School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Warwick Public School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Warwick Public School Districts financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned* fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Warwick Public School District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,036,190, an increase (decrease) of \$586,420 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Warwick Public School District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund of the general fund was \$1,911,021 while total fund balance totaled \$1,911,021. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 43% of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 43% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the Warwick Public School District's general fund increased (decreased) by \$586,657 during the current fiscal year. The Warwick Public School District budgeted an anticipated increase (decrease) in fund balance of \$348,500.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the current year, revenues were greater than (less than) budgetary estimates by \$(318,574), expenditures were (greater than) less than budgetary estimates by \$57,024, other financing sources and uses were greater than (less than) budgetary estimates by \$499,707, and ending fund balance exceeded (was less than) budgetary estimates by \$238,157.

During the prior year, revenues were greater than (less than) budgetary estimates by \$818,232, expenditures were (greater than) less than budgetary estimates by \$386,363, other financing sources and uses were greater than (less than) budgetary estimates by \$117,972, and ending fund balance exceeded (was less than) budgetary estimates by \$1,322,567.

Capital Asset

As of June 30, 2016, the Warwick Public School District had \$2,529,635 invested in capital assets.

Warwick Public School District's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)
Government activities

	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	June 30, 2015
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 2,360,342	\$ 2,388,196
Equipment	164,269	179,183
Vehicles	5,024	<u>7,773</u>
Total	\$ 2,529,635	\$ 2,575,152

Additional information on the Warwick Public School District's capital assets can be found in note 4 on pages 25-26 of this report.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Warwick Public School District had debt outstanding of \$4,503,875.

Warwick Public School District Outstanding Debt

Governmental Activities

	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Contracts Payable	\$ 500,000	\$ 118,122
Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,003,875	\$2,999,488

Additional information on the Warwick Public School District's Long Term Debt can be found in note 5 on page 26 of this report.

For The Future

The Warwick Public School District has benefited from continued funding from the State of North Dakota and the United States Department of Education. These elements have enabled the District to meet many of its staffing and building maintenance needs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Warwick Public School District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Business Manager, Warwick Public School District, PO Box 7, Warwick, ND 58381.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

(2015 column for comparative purposes only)

	<u>Primary Governmer</u> Governmental <u>Activit</u>	
	<u> 2016</u>	<u> 2015</u>
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,517,377	\$ 1,211,016
Taxes Receivable	13,426	9,992
Due from Other Governments	518,813	502,901
Capital Assets:		
Land, Improvements and Construction in Progress		
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	2,529,635	2,575,152
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,006,691	289,014
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$ 5,585,942	\$ 4,588,075
TOTAL TOTAL STATE OF THE STATE		
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:		
Accounts Payable	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Due in Less than One Year	51,994	27,350
Due in More than One Year	448,006	90,772
Net Pension Liability	4,003,875	2,999,488
Deferred Inflows of Resources	136,799	361,115
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	4,640,674	3,478,725
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,484,935	2,575,152
Restricted for:	40 # 1 40	105 406
Food Service	125,169	125,406
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(1,664,836)	(1,591,208)
TOTAL NET POSITION	945,268	1,109,350
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW	*************	
OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 5,585,942 =======	\$ 4,588,075 =======

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (2015 column for comparative purposes only)

		I	PROGRAM REVENU		RE\ CHA	(EXPENSE) ENUE AND NGES IN NET OSITION
			OPERATING	CAPITAL	GOVERNMENT	PRITUITOLLI
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government:	<u>EXPENSES</u>	CHARGES FOR <u>SERVICES</u>		GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	2016	2015
Governmental Activities: Instruction	\$ (3,035,403)		\$ 876,036		\$ (2,159,367)	\$ (1,754,069)
Support Services	(1,397,824)		183,392		(1,214,432)	(852,273)
Co-curricular Activities	(61,978)				(61,978)	(68,100)
Depreciation-unallocated	(112,856)				(112,856)	(113,496)
Total Primary Government	(4,608,061)	-0-	1,059,428	-0-	(3,548,633)	(2,787,938)
			General Revenues: Property Taxes		186,174	171,232
			Revenue from State State Foundation		2,022,508	1,958,917
			Revenue from Fede Impact Aid	ral Sources:	1,401,452	1,615,981
			Other General Reve	enues	38,564	55,395
			Total General Reve	nues	3,648,698	3,801,525
			Change in Net Posi	tion	100,065	1,013,587
			Prior Period Adjust	ment		(264,147)
			Net Position - Begi	nning	845,203	95,763
			NET POSITION - I	ENDING	\$ 945,268	\$ 845,203

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

(2015 column for comparative purposes only)

ASSETS:	GENERAL <u>FUND</u>	FOOD SERVICE FUND	_	OTAL ENTAL FUNDS 2015
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,392,208	\$ 125,169	\$ 1,517,377	\$ 1,211,016
Taxes Receivable	13,426		13,426	9,992
Due From Other Governments	518,813		518,813	502,901
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,924,447	\$ 125,169	\$ 2,049,616	\$ 1,723,909
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES				
<u>Liabilities:</u> Accounts Payable	\$ -0-		\$ -0-	\$ 264,147
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</u> Uncollected Taxes	13,426		13,426	9,992
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,426	-0-	13,426	274,139
Fund Balances: Fund Balances: Restricted for Food Service Unassigned	1,911,021	125,169	125,169 1,911,021	125,406 1,324,364
Total Fund Balances	1,911,021	125,169	2,036,190	1,449,770
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,924,447	\$ 125,169	\$ 2,049,616	\$ 1,723,909

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

(2015 column for comparative purposes only)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,036,190	\$ 1,449,770
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	2,529,635	2,575,152
Assets such as Deferred Outflows are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	1,006,691	289,014
Liabilities such as Deferred Inflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(136,799)	(361,115)
Net pension liability for the Teachers Fund for Retirement are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(4,003,875)	(2,999,488)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued leave payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(500,000)	(118,122)
Assets such as taxes receivable and special assessment receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	13,426	9,992
Net Position - Governmental Funds	\$ 945,268 ======	\$ 845,203

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(2015 column for comparative purposes only)

REVENUES .	GENERAL <u>FUND</u>	FOOD SERVICE FUND	TOT. <u>2016</u>	AL FUNDS 2015
Local Sources:				
Property Taxes	\$ 182,740		\$ 182,740	\$ 174,330
Other Revenue	37,840	\$ 724	38,564	55,395
State Sources:	2,022,508		2,022,508	1,958,917
Grants-In-Aid: Unrestricted	2,022,308 87,981	1,865	89,846	102,103
Grants-In-Aid: Restricted	07,701	1,005	05,010	
Federal Sources:				
Grants-In-Aid: Unrestricted Direct	1,401,452		1,401,452	1,615,981
Grants-In-Aid: Restricted Direct	56,911		56,911	-0-
Grants-In-Aid: Restricted				
Received Through DPI	714,626	181,527	896,153	1,302,956
Grants-In-Aid: Restricted				1.6.00.6
Received from Others	16,518		16,518	16,026
TOTAL REVENUES	4,520,576	184,116	4,704,692	5,225,708
	43-77	47	**	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
December Description	1,868,045		1,868,045	1,662,609
Regular Programs	791,379		791,379	926,375
Federal Programs Instructional Media	106,473		106,473	94,650
Other Instructional Support	128,961		128,961	124,046
School Board	100,409		100,409	73,280
Executive Administration	166,799		166,799	101,013
Support Service - Business	87,394		87,394	63,090
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	389,198		389,198	262,911
Student Transportation	318,582		318,582	352,971
Extracurricular Activities	61,978		61,978	68,100
Food Services	80,603	184,353	264,956	216,722
Special Education	207,112		207,112	216,672
Debt Service:			440.400	^
Principal	118,122		118,122	-0-
Interest	8,571		8,571	-0-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,433,626	184,353	4,617,979	4,162,439
	04.050	(027)	86,713	1,063,269
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	86,950	(237)	80,713	1,003,209
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				***
Loan Proceeds	499,707		499,707	117,972
		(024)	506 420	1 101 041
Net Changes in Fund Balances	586,657	(237)	586,420	1,181,241
Prior Period Adjustment				(264,147)
Fund Balance - July 1	1,324,364	125,406	1,449,770	532,676
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 1,911,021	\$ 125,169	\$ 2,036,190	\$ 1,449,770
LOND BAPVIACE . TOME 20				

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (2015 column for comparative purposes only)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 586,420	\$ 1,181,241
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(45,517)	(102,429)
Government funds report deferred outflows as expenditures however, in the statement of activities these costs do not require the use or provide a source of financial resources.	717,677	90,046
Government funds report deferred inflows as revenue however, in the statement of activities these inflows do not require the use or provide a source of financial resources.	224,316	(361,115)
Reduction or Increase of the Net Pension Liability does not require the use or provide a source of financial resources.	(1,004,387)	327,064
Governmental funds report debt retirement as expenditures however, in the statement of activities this cash outlay is not an expenditure but a reduction to a liability on the statement of net position.	(381,878)	(118,122)
Revenue from property taxes is deferred in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when levied in the government-wide financial statements.	3,434 	(3,098)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 100,065 	\$ 1,013,587 =======

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

(2015 column for comparative purposes only)

	AGENCY FUNDS	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 34,828	\$ 31,764
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 34,828	\$ 31,764
LIABILITIES:		
Amounts Held For Student Groups	\$ 34,828	\$ 31,764
Total Liabilities	34,828	31,764
NET POSITION:		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 34,828 ======	\$ 31,764 =====

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The School Board is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the School District (the primary government) and its component units. A component unit would be included in the School District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the School District. The criteria established by GSAB Statement No. 14 in determining financial accountability includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the school district to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the school district. The School District has no component units as defined in GASB Statement No. 14 which should be included in the reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all the School District's nonfiduciary activities with most interfund activities removed. Governmental Activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation aid, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues. The School District has no business type activities that rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>: The fund financial statements provide information for governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Separate statements are presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The School District considers all governmental funds as major funds.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the school district. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital projects funds are used to account and report financial resources that are *restricted*, *committed*, *or assigned* to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS:

Agency Funds - Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the school district as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Following is a list of the major funds:

Fund	Brief Description

General Fund The General Fund is the general operating fund.

It is used to account for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be

accounted for in another fund.

Food Service Fund A fund used to record financial transactions

related to food service operations. This fund

is financed by user charges and grants.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The school district considers property tax as available when they are collected. Property taxes collected within 60 days after year end are not material.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Revenues received from the Department of Public Instruction are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

D. Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts, and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or secured with pledges of securities equal to 110% of the uninsured balance.

State statues authorize local governments to invest in: a) bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, b) securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above, c) certificates of deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation or the state, d) obligations of the state. Investments are stated at cost. The only investments held by the school district are certificates of deposit.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the school's deposits may not be recovered. State law requires local governments to deposit funds in financial institutions carrying federal deposit insurance and a pledge of governmental securities for deposits in excess of deposit insurance coverage. All school district funds were adequately insured or collateralized by government securities.

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty of an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The district's policy for limiting the credit risk of investment is to only invest in certificates of deposit fully insured or collateralized by pledge of governmental securities.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The district manages its exposure to declines in fair value by investing only in certificates of deposit that are quite stable in rate of return and relatively short term.

E. Capital Assets

Capital Assets include land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment for capital assets depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at actual or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

Interest costs incurred during the construction of Governmental Activities capital assets are not capitalized along with other capital asset costs.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows.

	Capitalization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Threshold	Method	<u>Useful Life</u>
Land	\$ 5,000	Straight-Line	
Buildings & Improvements	5,000	Straight-Line	50 years
Equipment	5,000	Straight-Line	10 years
Vehicles	5,000	Straight-Line	10 years

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in the governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

F. Long-Term Liabilities

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. Long-term liabilities for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest as expenditures.

G. Compensated Absences

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No, 16, a liability is not recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

H. Fund Equity

Nonspendable fund balances will include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either in nonspendable form or they are legally required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balances will exist when constraints are placed of those resources that are either externally imposed or imposed by law.

Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the school board.

Assigned fund balances will be amounts that are constrained by the school district's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted, nor committed.

Unassigned fund balances will represent those funds that have not been assigned, committed, restricted, or considered nonspendable. The general fund will be the only fund that will report an unassigned fund balance except for a deficit fund balance in other funds.

I. Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The school district's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First nonspendable amounts are determined.

Then restricted balances for specific purposes are determined. Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balances if the fund is in a deficit situation.

J. Prior Year Comparative Total Columns

Prior year total columns are financial data provided for analysis and comparative purposes only.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS

At June 30, 2016 the School District had deposits of \$1,552,205.72. District deposits at balance sheet date were covered by federal depository insurance or pledge of governmental securities. Securities pledged were held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name (Category II assets). North Dakota statutes require the market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by FDIC insurance. District deposits were adequately protected.

NOTE 3: TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable consist of current taxes and delinquent uncollected taxes for the past three years as of June 30. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. The tax levy may be paid in two installments: the first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments; the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Property taxes are limited by state laws. All school tax levies are in compliance with state laws.

NOTE 4: CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2016, is as follows:

Capital Assets:	<u>7-01-15</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements	<u>6-30-16</u>
Buildings & Improvements	\$ 3,910,229	\$ 44,700		\$ 3,954,929
Equipment	390,308	25,388		415,696
Vehicles	50,491			50,491
Totals	4,351,028	70,088	-0-	4,421,116
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	1,522,033	72,554		1,594,587
Equipment	211,125	40,302		251,427
Vehicles	42,718	2,749		45,467
	=			
Totals	1,775,876	115,605	-0-	1,891,481
Government Activity				
Net Capital Assets	\$ 2,575,152	\$ (45,517)	\$ -0-	\$ 2,529,635
· ·				

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Support Services	\$ 2,749	\$ 2,749
Depreciation - Unallocated	112,856	113,496
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 115,605	\$ 116,245
_		

NOTE 5: GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the school district for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	CONTRACTS
	<u>PAYABLE</u>
Debt Payable July 1	\$ 118,122
Debt Issued	500,000
Debt Retired	118,112
Debt Payable June 30	\$ 500,000
	=======
Due within one year	\$ 51,994

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	51,994	11,781	63,775
2018	41,375	22,400	63,775
2019	43,443	20,332	63,775
2020	45,616	18,159	63,775
2021	317,572	15,879	333,451
Total	\$ 500,000	\$ 88,551	\$ 588,551
			======

NOTE 6: DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources in the balance sheet represent amounts reported for uncollected taxes receivable in the fund financial statements for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, uncollected taxes receivable are measurable but not available.

NOTE 7: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Fund for Retirement (TFFR) and additions to/deductions from TFFR's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TFFR. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement

The following brief description of TFFR is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 15-39.1 for more complete information.

TFFR is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all North Dakota public teachers and certain other teachers who meet various membership requirements. TFFR provides for pension, death, and disability benefits. The cost to administer the TFFR plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the TFFR benefits program is assigned to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board). The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and five members appointed by the Governor. The appointed members serve five-year terms which end on June 30 of alternate years. The appointed Board members must include two active teachers, one active school administrator, and two retired members. The TFFR Board submits any necessary or desirable changes in statutes relating to the administration of the fund, including benefit terms, to the Legislative Assembly for consideration. The Legislative Assembly has the final authority for changes to benefit terms and contribution rates.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> For purposes of determining pension benefits, members are classified within one of three categories. Tier1 grandfathered and Tier1 non-grandfathered members are those with service credit on file as of July 1 2008. Tier 2 members are those newly employed and returning funded members on or after July 1, 2008.

A Tier 1 grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 85. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 6% per year for every year the member's retirement age is less than 65 years or the date as of which age plus service equal 85. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

A Tier 1 non-grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

A Tier 2 member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when five or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the five highest annual salaries earned divided by 60 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death benefits may be paid to a member's designated beneficiary. If a member's death occurs before retirement, the benefit options available are determined by the member's vesting status prior to death. If a member's death occurs after retirement, the death benefit received by the beneficiary (if any) is based on the retirement plan the member selected at retirement.

An active member is eligible to receive disability benefits when: (a) a total disability lasting 12 months or more does not allow the continuation of teaching, (b) the member has accumulated five years of credited service in North Dakota, and (c) the Board of Trustees of TFFR has determined eligibility based upon medical evidence. The amount of the disability benefit is computed by the retirement formula in NDCC Section 15-39.1-10 without consideration of age and uses the member's actual years of credited service. There is no actuarial reduction for reason of disability retirement.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to TFFR are set by NDCC Section 15-39.1-09. Every eligible teacher in the State of North Dakota is required to be a member of TFFR and is assessed at a rate of 11.75% of salary as defined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-04. Every governmental body employing a teacher must also pay into TFFR a sum equal to 12.75% of the teacher's salary. Member and employer contributions will be reduced to 7.75% when the fund reaches 100% funded ratio on an actuarial basis.

A vested member who terminates covered employment may elect a refund of contributions pail plus 6% interest or defer payment until eligible for pension benefits. A non-vested member who terminates covered employment must claim a refund of contributions paid before age 70 ½. Refunded members forfeit all service credits under TFFR. These service credits may be repurchased upon return to covered employment under certain circumstances, as defined by the NDCC.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the Employer reported a liability of \$3,786,267 (from Exhibit E Column 2 in TFFR GASB Report) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The Employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Employer's share of covered payroll in the pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating TFFR employers. At June 30, 2015 the Employer's proportion was ..289502%, (from Exhibit E, Column 1 in TFFR GASB Report) which was an increase or (decrease) of .027061 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016 the Employer recognized pension expense of \$295,969 (from Exhibit E, Column 13 of TFFR GASB Report). At June 30, 2016 the Employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (from Exhibit E, Columns 14-22 of TFFR GASB Report with the exception of employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date):

	Deferred Outflows Of Resources	Deferred Inflows Of Resources
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	\$ 24,811	\$ -0-
Changes of assumptions	425,133	-0-
Net difference between		
projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	-0-	42,696
Changes in proportion and		
differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions	268,796	-0-
Employer contributions	·	
subsequent to the		
measurement date (see below)	219,566	-0-
moustain auto (oco sers in)		
Total	\$ 938,306	\$ 42,696
7 OF 101	=====	

\$219,566 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017 (employer's subsequent fiscal year-end).

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (from Exhibit E, Columns 23-28 of TFFR GASB Report - years will need to be rolled forward one year from the dates in the report):

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 88,222
2018	88,222
2019	88,222
2020	174,374
2021	120,434
Thereafter	116,570

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 4.25%-14.5%, varying by service, including inflation

and productivity

Investment rate of return -7.75%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments None

For active and inactive members, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table set back one year, multiplied by 50% for ages under 75 and grading up to 100% by age 80, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table set forward four years.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, funding actuarial valuation for TFFR.

As a result of the April 30, 2015 actuarial experience study, the TFFR Board adopted several assumption changes, including the following:

- Investment return assumption lowered from 8% to 7.75%.
- Inflation assumption lowered from 3% to 2.75%
- Total salary scale lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation.
- Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
57%	7.5%
22%	1.3%
20%	5.4%
1%	0.0%
	57% 22% 20%

<u>Discount Rate.</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2015, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only member contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 8% to 7.75% based on the investment return assumption change as a result of the April 30, 2015 actuarial experience study.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate: (from Exhibit E, Columns 4-6 TFFR GASB Report)

Current Discount 1% Decrease (6.75%) Rate (7.75%) 1% Increase (8.75%)

Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability

\$5,003,731

\$3,786,267

\$2,770,928

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position.</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TFFR financial report.

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (Main System) The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of seven members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system; and one member elected by the retired public employees. Effective July 1, 2015, the board was expanded to include two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provision or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases.

Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 will be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition of disabled is set by NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service - Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25

13 to 24 months of service - Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25

25 to 36 months of service - Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25

Longer than 36 months of service - Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016 (employer's fiscal year end), the Employer reported a liability of \$217,608 (from Section 4, Appendix B for Main System, column 4 in NDPERS GASB Report) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, (date of NDPERS GASB Report) and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Employer's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2015 (date of NDPERS GASB Report) the Employer's proportion was .032002 percent, (from Section 4, Appendix B for Main System, Column 3 in NDPERS GASB Report) which was as increase or (decrease) of (.007318) from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016 (employer's fiscal year-end) the Employer recognized pension expense of \$12,826 (from Section 4, Appendix B for Main System, Column 15 of NDPERS GASB Report). At June 30, 2016 (employer's fiscal year-end) the Employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (from Section 4, Appendix C for Main System, Columns 3-12 of NDPERS GASB Report with the exception of employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date):

	Deferred Outflows Of Resources	Deferred Inflows Of Resources
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	\$ 6,313	\$ -0-
Changes of assumptions	-0-	19,388
Net difference between		
projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	25,144	29,738
Changes in proportion and		
differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions	5,547	44,977
Employer contributions		
subsequent to the		
measurement date (see below)	31,381	-0-
Total	\$ 68,385	\$ 94,103
		

\$31,381 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017 (employer's subsequent fiscal year-end).

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (from Section 4, Exhibit C for Main System, Columns 13-18 of NDPERS GASB Report). Years will need to be rolled forward one year from the dates in the report:

Year ended June 30:

2017	\$ (13,810)
2018	(13,810)
2019	(13,810)
2020	(4,318)
2021	(11,328)
Thereafter	-0-

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.50%

Salary increases 4.50% per annum

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments Non

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with ages set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back one year for males (no set back for females) multiplied by 125%.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, funding actuarial valuation for NDPERS.

As a result of the 2015 actuarial experience study, the NDPERS Board adopted several changes to the actuarial assumptions effective July 1, 2015. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumption.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31%	6.90%
International Equity	· 21%	7.55%
Private Equity	5%	11.30%
Domestic Fixed Incon	ne 17%	1.52%
International Fixed In	come 5%	0.45%
Global Real Assets	20%	5.38%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.00%

<u>Discount Rate.</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2015, Actuarial Valuation Report.

For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate: (from Section 4, Appendix B for Main System, Columns 6-8 of NDPERS GASB Report)

	Current Discount			
	1% Decrease(7%)	Rate (8%)	1% Increase (9%)	
Employer's				
proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$33,691	\$217,608	\$122,631	

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position.</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The following are funds established by the State for risk management issues:

The School District participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The School District pays an annual premium to the State Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to building and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third party insurance carrier for losses in excess of one million dollars per occurrence during a 12 month period. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The School District participates in the North Dakota Worker's Compensation Bureau, an Enterprise Fund of the State of North Dakota. The Bureau is a state insurance fund and a "no fault" insurance system covering the State's employers and employees financed for the payment of claims to employees injured in the course of employment.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

During the mid-1980's, the School District was not able to obtain general liability insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. In 1986, the state and other political subdivisions joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. All members paid an additional charge the first year they joined to help capitalize the NDIRF. In 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, and 1995, the NDIRF returned 20% each year, for a total of 100%, of the capitalized amount with a premium reduction or cash payment to the School District. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FEDERAL GRANTOR\ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR\PROGRAM TITLE U. S. Department of Education	FEDERAI <u>CFDA NUME</u>	PASS THROUGH , GRANTOR'S <u>BER NUMBER</u>	EXPENDITURES 2016
Direct Federal Assistance: Title VIII - Impact Aid Title VII - Indian Education	84.041 84.060	NONE NONE	\$ 1,401,451.61 56,911.00
Title VII - Indian Education	04.000	NONE	50,511.00
Passed Through State Department of Public Instruction:			
Title I	84.010	PH019	540,427.82
Title I - School Improvement Grant	84.010	PII019	69,190.99
Title IIA	84.281	PII046	18,761.35
Title VI	84.369	PII047	25,000.00
Passed Through Devils Lake Public School District:			
21st Century Program	84.287	NONE	61,246.82
Total U. S. Department of Education			2,172,989.59
U. S. Department of Agriculture			***************************************
Passed Through State Department of Public Instruction:		•	
School Lunch Program	10.555	PH006	172,479.54
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Program	10.582	PH009	9,047.48
Commodities	10.567	PII014	11,209.71
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture	·		192,736.73
U. S. Department of the Interior			
Passed Through Spirit Lake Indian Tribe:			
Indian Education-Assistance to Schools-Johnson O'Malley	15.130	NONE	16,518.08
Total U. S. Department of Interior			16,518.08
20mm C. D. 2 parmitter of amounts.			
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 2,382,244.40

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE A: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Warwick Public School District No. 29 and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE B: FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

REVENUES	ORIGINAL <u>BUDGET</u>	FINAL <u>BUDGET</u>	BUDGET BASIS ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Local Sources	\$ 519,799	\$ 519,799	\$ 220,580	\$ (299,219)
State Sources	2,015,001	2,015,001	2,110,489	95,488
Federal Sources	2,304,350	2,304,350	2,189,507	(114,843)
TOTAL REVENUES	4,839,150	4,839,150	4,520,576	(318,574)
EXPENDITURES Current:		,		
Regular Programs	1,701,235	1,701,235	1,868,045	(166,810)
Federal Programs	1,209,970	1,209,970	791,379	418,591
Instructional Media	99,383	99,383	106,473	(7,090)
Other Instructional Support	130,248	130,248	128,961	1,287
School Board	75,478	75,478	100,409	(24,931)
Executive Administration	104,043	104,043	166,799	(62,756)
Support Services - Business	64,983	64,983	87,394	(22,411)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	270,798	270,798	389,198	(118,400)
Student Transportation	357,500	357,500	318,582	38,918
Extracurricular Activities	69,500	69,500	61,978	7,522
Food Services	87,660	87,660	80,603	7,057
Special Education	319,852	319,852	207,112	112,740
Debt Service	-0-	-0-	126,693	(126,693)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,490,650	4,490,650	4,433,626	57,024
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	348,500	348,500	86,950	(261,550)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loan Proceeds	-0-	-0-	499,707	499,707
Fund Balance - July 1	1,324,364	1,324,364	1,324,364	-0-
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 1,672,864	\$ 1,672,864	\$ 1,911,021	\$ 238,157

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Warwick Public School District No. 29 Warwick, North Dakota

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
ND Teachers' Fund for Retirement
Last 10 Fiscal Years*
June 30, 2016
(from Exhibit E and Exhibit 2 of TFFR GASB Report)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
1. Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset). Exhibit E, Column 1	.289502%	.262441%
2. Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). Exhibit E, Column 2	\$ 3,786,267	\$ 2,749,916
3. Employer's covered-employee payroll. Exhibit E, Column 3	\$ 1,780,738	\$ 1,522,299
4. Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll. Calculate, 2 divided by 3	212.62%	180.64%
5. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability. Exhibit 2	62.1%	66.6%

^{*}Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

Warwick Public School District No. 29 Warwick, North Dakota

Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Teacher's Fund for Retirement Last 10 Fiscal Years* June 30, 2016 (from Exhibit E of TFFR GASB Report)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
1. Statutorily required contribution Exhibit E, Column 7	\$ 227,034	\$ 163,645
2. Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution Exhibit E, Column 8	\$ (227,034)	\$ (163,645)
3. Contribution deficiency (excess) Exhibit E, Column 9	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
4. Employer's covered-employee payroll Exhibit E, Column 3	\$ 1,780,738	\$ 1,522,299
5. Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll Exhibit E, Column 10	12.75%	10.75%

^{*}Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

Warwick Public School District No. 29 Warwick, North Dakota

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Public Employee Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years* June 30, 2016

(from Section 2 Exhibit 2 and Section 4 Appendix B for Main System of NDPERS GASB Report)

<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
.032002%	.039320%
\$ 217,608	\$ 249,572
\$ 285,101	\$ 331,226
76.33%	75.35%
77,70%	72.12%
	.032002% \$ 217,608 \$ 285,101

^{*}Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

Warwick Public School District No. 29 Warwick, North Dakota

Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years* June 30, 2016 (from Section 4, Appendix B for Main System of NDPERS GASB Report)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Statutorily required contribution. Column 9	\$ 21,656	\$ 23,583
2. Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution. Column 10	\$ (28,317)	\$ (23,583)
3. Contribution deficiency (excess). Column 11	\$ (6,661)	-0-
4. Employer's covered-employee payroll. Column 5	\$ 285,101	\$ 331,226
5. Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll. Column 12	7.60%	7.12%

^{*}Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information:

The Board of Education adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for the general fund and special revenue funds.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The annual budget must be prepared and school district taxes must be levied on or before the fifteenth day of August of each year.
- The taxes levied must be certified to the county auditor by August twenty-fifth. The governing body of the school district may amend its tax levy and budget on or before the tenth day of October of each year but the certification must be filed with the county auditor within the time limitations as outlined in NDCC section 57-15-31.1.
- The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- Each budget is controlled by the business manager at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.
- The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.
- All appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE 2: CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

Regarding the ND Teachers' Fund for Retirement amounts reported in 2016 reflect actuarial assumption changes effective July 1, 2015 based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015. This includes changes to the investment return, inflation, salary scale, administrative expenses, turnover and retirement rates, and mortality tables.

Regarding the ND Public Employees Retirement System amounts reported in 2016 reflect actuarial assumption changes effective July 1, 2015. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumption.

SCHEDULE OF FUND ACTIVITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	BALANCE <u>7-01-15</u>	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	BALANCE <u>6-30-16</u>
GENERAL FUND TYPE				
General Fund	\$ 1,085,609.70	\$ 5,028,637.72	\$ 4,722,039.03	\$ 1,392,208.39
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPE				
Food Service Fund	125,406.08	184,116.38	184,353.01	125,169.45
AGENCY FUND TYPES				
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Student Activity Fund	31,763.82	44,763.20	41,699.14	34,827.88
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TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$ 1,242,779.60	\$ 5,257,517.30	\$ 4,948,091.18	\$ 1,552,205.72

SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Larry Thiele Heather Lawrence Board President Board Vice-President

Mary Langley Shane Moxness Jean Wallace Board Member Board Member Board Member

Dean Dauphinais

Superintendent

Theresa Knutson

Business Manager