AUDIT REPORT

WARD COUNTY Minot, North Dakota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

RATH & MEHRER, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Ward County Minot, North Dakota

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COUNTY OFFICIALS

Alan Walter Commissioner-Chairman

Jim Rostad Commissioner-Vice Chairman

John Fjeldahl Commissioner

Larry Louser Commissioner

Shelly Weppler Commissioner

Devra Smestad Auditor/Treasurer

Bob Barnard Sheriff

Betty Braun County Recorder

Rozanna Larson States Attorney

Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA 425 North Fifth Street Bismarck, ND 58501 Phone 701-258-4560 Fax 701-258-4983

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Ward County Minot, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ward County, Minot, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the county's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the county's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the county's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ward County, Minot, North Dakota, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 9, budgeting comparison information on pages 34 through 37, and the schedule of employer's share of net pension liability on page 38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the county's basic financial statements. The schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions is presented for additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2017 on our consideration of the county's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the county's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

Koth and Melver

May 18, 2018

WARD COUNTY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2017

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of Ward County's financial performance provides an overall review of the county's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the county's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes.

The MD&A is a new element of the Required Supplementary Information specified in the Government Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments". Certain comparative information between the current fiscal year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2017 are as follows:

- * Net position of the county increased \$8,366,890 as a result of the current year's operations.
- * Governmental net position as of the end of the fiscal year totaled \$126,704,428.
- * Total revenues from all sources were \$47,507,269.
- * Total expenses were \$39,140,379.
- * The county's general fund had \$14,706,766 in total revenues and \$16,917,968 in total expenditures. Overall, the general fund balance decreased by \$2,211,202 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of a series of statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand the county as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole county, presenting both an aggregate view of the county's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. These statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the county's general fund, highway fund, highway uses fund, sales tax bond fund and construction fund with all other governmental funds presented in total in one column.

REPORTING ON THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

These statements are summaries of all the funds used by the county to provide programs and activities and attempt to answer the question "How did the county do financially during the year ended December 31, 2017?"

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the county's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the county is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the county's net position changed during the fiscal year. This statement is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which means that all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused sick leave and/or vacation leave).

These two statements report the county's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the county as a whole, the financial position of the county has improved or deteriorated. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the county reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the county's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, general government, public safety, highways and public improvement, health and welfare, culture and recreation, conservation and economic development, and debt service.

REPORTING ON THE COUNTY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

The county uses separate funds to account for and manage money dedicated for particular purposes (e.g. taxes collected from special mill levies and funds received from grants and donations). The fund basis financial statements allow the county to demonstrate its stewardship over and accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the county's major funds. Using the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 34, the county's general fund, highway fund, highway users fund, sales tax bond fund and construction fund are considered "major funds". The county's other funds, which are used to account for a multitude of financial transactions, are summarized under the heading "Other Governmental Funds".

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Table I provides a summary of the county's net position as of December 31, 2017. A comparative analysis of county-wide data is presented for both current and prior year.

As indicated in the financial highlights above, the county's net position increased by \$8,366,890 for the year ended December 31, 2017. Changes in net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the county's financial position.

As of December 31, 2017, the county's net position of \$126,704,428 is segregated into three separate categories. Net investment in capital assets totals \$110,800,907 of the county's total net position. It should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending. The restricted component of net position is 23,270,673) of the county's net position and represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent. The remaining unrestricted component of net position is (\$7,367,152), which includes (\$6,488,630) relating to the reporting of its share of the unfunded liability for the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System as required by GASB Statement No. 68. The net amount of (\$878,522) is available to meet the county's ongoing obligations.

Table I
Net Position
As of December 31, 2017
(With comparative totals for December 31, 2016)

	2017	2016
<u>Assets</u> Current Assets Capital Assets (net of	23,691,395	34,658,148
accumulated depreciation)	156,645,907	136,274,831
Total Assets	180,337,302	170,932,979
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,310,044	1,622,159
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	6,476,031	6,993,224
Long-Term Liabilities	40,668,212	39,408,395
Net Pension Liability	9,130,487	6,214,786
Total Liabilities	56,274,731	52,616,405
Deferred Inflows of Resources	668,187	1,601,195
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital		
Assets	110,800,907	91,909,831
Restricted	23,270,673	31,729,891
Unrestricted	(7,367,152)	(5,302,184)
Total Net Position	126,704,428	118,337,538
	========	==========

Table II shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. A comparative analysis of county-wide data is presented for both current and prior year.

Table II
Changes in Net Position
As of December 31, 2017
(With comparative totals for December 31, 2016)

	2017	2016
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	2,596,375	2,496,802
Operating Grants and		
Contributions	14,007,605	13,639,646
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	19,718,155	17,923,189
Other Taxes	6,205,400	6,811,760
State Aid - Unrestricted	2,382,763	2,573,614
Interest Earnings and		
Other Revenue	2,059,658	1,493,452
Premium on Bonds Issued	537,314	
Total Revenues	47,507,269	44,938,463
Expenses		
General Government	7,136,360	8,158,498
Public Safety	10,741,547	9,877,841
Highways and Public Improvement	11,002,136	14,212,370
Health and Welfare	6,236,058	6,014,686
Culture and Recreation	584,501	524,390
Conservation and Economic		
Development	537,696	504,531
Other	1,282,192	1,108,186
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,619,888	1,516,867
Total Expenses	39,140,379	41,917,369
Net Change in Position	8,366,890	3,021,095

Property taxes constituted 42%, unrestricted state aid 5%, operating grants and contributions 29% and charges for services made up 5% of the total revenues of governmental activities of the county for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

General government constituted 18%, public safety 27%, highways and public improvement 28%, and health and welfare 16% of total expenses for governmental activities during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table III shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and other unrestricted revenues.

Table III Total and Net Cost of Services As of December 31, 2017

	Total Cost Year Ended Dec. 31, 2017	Net Cost Year Ended Dec. 31, 2017
General Government Public Safety Highways and Public Improvement Health and Welfare Culture and Recreation Conservation and Economic Dvlpmnt Other Interest on Long-Term Debt	7,136,360 10,741,547 11,002,136 6,236,058 584,501 537,696 1,282,192 1,619,888	6,484,068 8,664,918 (972,396) 4,745,489 518,276 493,911 982,244 1,619,888
Total Expenses	39,140,379	22,536,399

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The purpose of the county's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows and balances of available resources. Unassigned fund balance generally can be used as a measure of the county's net resources available for spending as of the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The county's governmental funds had total revenue of \$47,048,565 and expenditures of \$65,670,263 for the year ended December 31, 2017. As of December 31, 2017, the unassigned fund balance of the county's general fund was (\$562,932) and total unassigned fund balances for all the county's governmental funds was (\$700,520).

GENERAL FUND BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

During the course of fiscal year 2017, the county amended the general fund budget. The gross effect of the amendments was to increase estimated revenues by \$11,250 and appropriations by \$433,856.

Actual revenue for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$799,864 more than budgeted. Actual expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2017 were under budget by \$585,786.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of December 31, 2017, the county had \$156,645,907 invested in capital assets. Table IV shows the balances as of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Table IV
Capital Assets
(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)
As of December 31, 2017
(With comparative totals for December 31, 2016)

	2017	2016
Land	698,100	698,100
Construction in Progress	30,870,000	15,073,000
Infrastructure	92,183,278	86,870,333
Buildings	27,926,563	28,404,039
Machinery and Vehicles	4,967,966	5,229,359
Total (net of depreciation)	156,645,907	136,274,831

This total represents an increase of \$20,371,076 in capital assets from January 1, 2017. The increase in Construction in Progress was due to construction on the county jail. For a detailed breakdown of the additions and deletions to capital assets, readers are referred to Note 8 to the audited financial statements which follow this analysis.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of December 31, 2017, the county had \$46,658,212 in outstanding debt of which \$5,990,000 was due within one year.

During fiscal year 2017, the county issued one new long-term debt obligation.

General Obligation Bonds Payable, in the amount of \$7,260,000. The county issued the General Obligation Correction Center Bonds, Series 2107A, for the purpose of providing funding for the renovation and construction of jail facilities. These bonds will have a final payment on April 1, 2026.

For a detailed breakdown of the long-term debt, readers are referred to Note 11 to the audited financial statements which follow this analysis.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the county's finances and to show the county's accountability for the money it receives. Anyone who has questions about information contained in this report or who is interested in receiving additional information is encouraged to contact Devra Smestad, County Auditor/Treasurer, Ward County, Minot, ND 58701.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	Primary Government	Component	Units
	Governmental Activities	Water Resource District	Weather Modification
ASSETS:	22 07/ 092 /7	2 724 445 44	97 / 24 5/
Cash and Investments	22,936,982.43 667,093.13	2,326,165.11 49,081.54	83,426.54 6,521.18
Taxes Receivable Special Assessments Receivable	001,075.15	673.40	0,521110
Uncertified Special Assessments Receivable	13,337.29	2,515,045.74	
Due from County Treasurer	,_,	8,652.60	1,160.35
Due from State Government	73,982.21		
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Land	698,100.00	113,800.00	
Construction in Progress	30,870,000.00		
Infrastructure	92,183,278.00	3,442,973.00	
Buildings	27,926,563.00		
Machinery and Vehicles	4,967,966.00		
Total Capital Assets	156,645,907.00	3,556,773.00	****
Total Assets	180,337,302.06	8,456,391.39	91,108.07
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Changes in Resources Related to Pensions	3,310,044.00		
LIABILITIES:		47.047.00	
Interest Payable	486,031.49	17,963.00	
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year:	2 540 000 00		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	2,560,000.00 65,000.00	156,106.00	
Special Assessment Bonds Payable Revenue Bonds Payable	3,365,000.00	130,100.00	
Due After One Year:	3,303,000.00		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	21,515,000.00		
Special Assessment Bonds Payable	,	2,540,000.00	
Revenue Bonds Payable	18,405,000.00	• •	
Compensated Absences Payable	748,212.18		
Net Pension Liability	9,130,487.00		
Total Liabilities	56,274,730.67	2,714,069.00	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Changes in Resources Related to Pensions	668,187.00		
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	110,800,907.00	860,667.00	
Restricted for:	,,		
Special Purposes	15,354,938.41	2 75/ 0/0 02	
Debt Service	7,915,735.02	2,756,940.09	04 400 07
Unrestricted	(7,367,152.04)	2,124,715.30	91,108.07
Total Net Position	126,704,428.39	5,742,322.39	91,108.07
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these			

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

				Granges	s III Net Positio	711
		Program	Revenues	Primary Gov't	Component	: Units
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Water Resource District	Weather Modification
Functions/Programs						
Primary Government:						
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>						
General Government	7,136,359.68	526,333.38	·	(6,484,068.04)		
Public Safety	10,741,547.40	1,829,637.08	-	(8,664,918.24)		
Highways and Public Improve.	11,002,136.48	196,619.92	* -	972,396.47		
Health and Welfare	6,236,058.15		1,490,569.19	(4,745,488.96)		
Culture and Recreation	584,500.94		66,224.50	(518,276.44)		
Conser. and Economic Dvlpmnt.	537,695.52	43,784.37		(493,911.15)		
Other	1,282,192.27		299,947.88	(982,244.39)		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,619,888.40		÷	(1,619,888.40)		
Total Governmental Activities	39,140,378.84	2,596,374.75		(22,536,399.15)		
Component Units:	222223325555		=======================================			
Water Resource District	902,875.26	8,166.60	3,075,295.50		2,180,586.84	
Weather Modification	214,687.82	·				(214,687.82)
	• •	; levied for ge ; levied for sp credit ans tax credit ions taxes	• •	10,467,994.15 9,250,160.80 5,858,301.37 119,840.17 112,748.18 99,343.31 2,666.62 12,500.00	1,406,343.38	222,127.61
	State aid not r	estricted to so	ecific program:	,		
	State aid dist	•		2,382,762.55		
	Earnings on inv		her revenue	2,059,657.90	49,274.95	36.02
	Premium on Bond			537,314.15		
	Total General Re	venues		30,903,289.20	1,455,618.33	222,163.63
	Change in Net Po	sition		8,366,890.05	3,636,205.17	7,475.81
	Net Position - J	anuary 1		118,337,538.34	2,106,117.22	83,632.26
	Net Position - D	ecember 31		126,704,428.39	5,742,322.39	91,108.07
				==========		=============

Minot, North Dakota WARD COUNTY

Governmental Funds December 31, 2017 Balance Sheet

Major Funds

	General	Нідһмау	Hîghway Users	Sales Tax Bond	Construction	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable Due from State Government Interfund Receivables	386,499.82	660,242.96	5,683,421.06	5,683,421.06 7,832,218.79	6,786,813.42	1,974,286.20 170,114.96 73,982.21	22,936,982.43 667,093.13 73,982.21 700,519.59
Total Assets	386,499.82	770,721.31	6,383,940.65	7,832,218.79	6,383,940.65 7,832,218.79 6,786,813.42	2,218,383.37	2,218,383.37 24,378,577.36
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							·
<u>Liabilities</u> : Interfund Payables	562,932.04					137,587.55	700,519.59
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue	386,499.82	110,478.35				170,114.96	667,093.13
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	949,431.86	949,431.86 110,478.35				307,702.51	1,367,612.72

Fund Balances: Restricted for: Public Safety						479,192.23	479,192.23
Highways and Public Improve. Health and Welfare		660,242.96	6,383,940.65			106, 277.13 591,592.96	7,150,460.74 591,592.96
Cuiture and Recreation						37,393.72	37,393,72
Emergency Purposes						515,084.80	515,084.80
Jail Construction					6,786,813.42		6,786,813.42
Other Special Purposes						118,651.44	118,651.44
Debt Service				7,832,218.79		135,610.06	7,967,828.85
Unassigned	(562,932.04)					(137,587.55)	(700,519.59)
Total Fund Balances	(562,932.04) 660,242.96	660,242.96	6,383,940.65	6,383,940.65 7,832,218.79	6,786,813.42	1,910,680.86	23,010,964.64
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	386,499.82	770,721.31	770,721.31 6,383,940.65 7,832,218.79	7,832,218.79	6,786,813.42	6,786,813.42 2,218,383.37 24,378,577.36	24,378,577.36

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds		23,010,964.64
Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation	221,004,875.00 (64,358,968.00)	
Net Capital Assets	and the second second	156,645,907.00
Property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		667,093.13
Uncertified special assessments will be certified in future years, but are not available to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds.		13,337.29
The deferred outflows and inflows of resources reported on the statement of net position are the result of changes in resources related to pensions and do not affect current financial resources.		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,310,044.00 (668,187.00)	
Net Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resoources		2,641,857.00
Long-term liabilities applicable to the county's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities -both current and long-term- are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at December 31, 2017 are:		
General Obligation Bonds Payable Special Assessment Bonds Payable Revenue Bonds Payable Interest Payable Compensated Absences Payable Net Pension Liability	(24,075,000.00) (65,000.00) (21,770,000.00) (486,031.49) (748,212.18) (9,130,487.00)	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	***	(56,274,730.67)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		126,704,428.39

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Major Funds

			•				
	General	Нідһмау	Highway Users	Sales Tax Bond	Construction	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes	10,435,352.77	3,531,415.66		5,858,301.37		5,673,726.04	25,498,795.84
Special Assessments Licenses, Permits and Fees Intergovernmental Charges for Services Miscellaneous	79,764.48 2,491,462.00 893,745.77 806,440.74	5,451,603.94 196,619.92 726,623.82	4,800,616.67	316,573.05	179,999.33	4,089,980.49 1,426,244.58 30,020.96	79,764,48 79,764,48 16,833,663.10 2,516,610.27 2,059,657.90
Total Revenues	14,706,765.76	9,906,263.34	4,800,616.67	6,174,874.42	179,999.33	11,280,045.05	47,048,564.57
Expenditures: Current:	70 999 007 9						97.00.999
Public Safety	8,890,203.93					1,670,321.47	10,560,525.40
Highways and Public Improve.		3,350,859.20			1,722,689.67	2,437,005.04	7,510,553.91
Health and Welfare Culture and Recreation	187,354.18					379,167.76	566,521.94
Conser. and Economic Dvlpmnt. Other	253,328.54					280,491.98	533,820.52
Capital Outlay	233,082.00	8,469,752.00			15,797,000.00		24,499,834.00
Debt Service: Principal Retirement	768,235.17			5,780,000.00		73,338.13	6,621,573.30
Interest and Service Charges	8,885.92			1,441,425.00		4,775.45	1,455,086.37
Total Expenditures	16,917,968.06	11,820,611.20		7,221,425.00	17,519,689.67	12,190,568.95	65,670,262.88
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,211,202.30)	(2,211,202.30) (1,914,347.86)	4,800,616.67		(1,046,550.58) (17,339,690.34)		(910,523.90) (18,621,698.31)

Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Transfers Out General Obligation Bonds Issued Premium on Bonds Issued		7,260,000.00	4,720,444.23 (4,720,444.23)	4,720,444.23) (4,720,444.23) 7,260,000.00 537,314.15
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		7,797,314.15		7,797,314.15
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,211,202.30) (1,914,347.86) 4,800,616.67 (1,046,550.58) (9,542,376.19) (910,523.90) (10,824,384.16)	1,046,550.58) (9,542,376.19	(910,523.90) (10,	,824,384.16)
Fund Balance - January 1	1,648,270.26 2,574,590.82 1,583,323.98	8,878,769.37 16,329,189.61 2,821,204.76 33,835,348.80	2,821,204.76 33,	,835,348.80
Fund Balance - December 31	(562,932.04) 660,242.96 6,383,940.65 7,832,218.79 6,786,813.42 1,910,680.86 23,010,964.64	7,832,218.79 6,786,813.42	6,786,813.42 1,910,680.86 23,	23,010,964.64

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(10,824,384.16)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current year.		
Current Year Capital Outlay Current Year Depreciation Expense	24,499,834.00 (4,128,758.00)	20,371,076.00
The proceeds of debt issuances are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which debt proceeds exceeded repayment of debt.		
Debt Proceeds Repayment of Debt	(7,260,000.00) 6,621,573.30	(638,426.70)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Net Increase in Compensated Absences Payable Net Increase in Interest Payable Net Increase to Pension Expense	(3,155.23) (101,042.71) (294,808.00)	(399,005.94)
Some revenues reported on the statement of activities are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds since they do not represent available resources to pay current expenditures.		
Net Decrease in Taxes Receivable Net Decrease in Special Assessments Receivable	(18,536.85) (123,832.30)	(142,369.15)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		8,366,890.05

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds December 31, 2017

	Agency Funds
Assets: Cash and Investments	15,356,000.48
<u>Liabilities</u> : Due to Other Governments	15,356,000.48

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2017

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Ward County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the county. The county has considered all potential component units for which the county is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the county are such that exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Government Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the county to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on Ward County.

Based on these criteria, the component units discussed below are included within the county's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the county.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u>: The component units' columns in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the county's two component units. These units are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the county.

Ward County Water Resource District: The Ward County Water Resource District's governing board is appointed by the county's governing board. The county's governing body has the authority to disapprove, amend, or approve the water resource district budget. The water resource district has the authority to issue its own debt.

Ward County Weather Modification Authority: The Ward County Weather Modification Authority's governing board is appointed by the county's governing board. The county's governing body has the authority to disapprove, amend, or approve the weather modification authority budget. The weather modification authority has the authority to issue its own debt.

The financial statements of each of the two discretely presented component units are presented in the basic financial statements. Additional information may be obtained from the Ward County Auditor/Treasurer; 315 3rd St SE; Minot, ND 58701.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, Ward County and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the county's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the county's funds including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The county reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the county's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Highway. This is the county's primary road maintenance fund. It accounts for all financial resources, including various state grants, related to highway maintenance, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Highway Users Fund. This fund accounts for the highway tax distribution from the State of North Dakota to be used for the maintenance and repair of roads within the county.

Sales Tax Bond. This fund accounts for the collection of sales taxes to be used for debt service payments on the Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2013.

Construction. This fund accounts for the proceeds of the General Obligation Correction Center Bonds, Series 2017A used for the construction and renovation of a new county jail building.

The county reports the following fund type:

Agency Funds. These funds account for assets held by the county in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others. The county's agency funds are used to account for various deposits of other governments.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. These financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the county gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eliqibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The county considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. All revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the county funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursements grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted components of net position available to finance the program. It is the county's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

D. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts.

Investments consist of certificates of deposit stated at cost.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets include plant and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the county as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Infrastructure 50 to 70 years Buildings 50 to 100 years Machinery and Vehicles 10 years

F. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Compensation for unused vacation leave will be granted to all full-time employees upon termination of employment with the county. The employees may carry forward unused leave not to exceed 240 hours.

No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Pension

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS); additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the county is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories or prepaid expenses) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e., endowment funds).

Restricted - Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the county or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments (i.e., funds restricted by state statute, unspent bond proceeds, grants earned but not spent, debt covenants or taxes raised for a specific purpose).

Committed - Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the county commission through the adoption of a resolution. The county commission also may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned - Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the county's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The county reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions - When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the county's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the county's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- * Committed
- * Assigned
- * Unassigned

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the county has not spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

J. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the county maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investments companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district or any other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2017 the county's carrying amount of deposits was \$38,186,970 and the bank balance was \$39,391,470. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$38,891,470 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk

The county may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statutes, as follows:

- (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- (3) Certificates of deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- (4) Obligations of the State.

At December 31, 2017 the county held certificates of deposit in the amount of \$515,000, which are all considered deposits.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The county does not have a limit on the amount the county may invest in any one issuer.

Note 3 TAXES RECEIVABLE AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE

Taxes and special assessments receivable represent the past three years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes and special assessments receivable.

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

Note 4 UNCERTIFIED SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE

Uncertified special assessments receivable represents a long-term receivable in the government-wide financial statements showing the amount of uncertified special assessments.

Note 5 <u>DUE FROM COUNTY TREASURER</u>

The amount due from county treasurer consists of the cash on hand for taxes collected but not remitted to the Water Resource District and Weather Modification Authority.

Note 6 DUE FROM STATE GOVERNMENT

The amount due from state government consists of a human service reimbursement due to the county at December 31.

Note 7 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Interfund receivables/payables are created by negative cash balances in various funds. The amounts shown as interfund payables represent the amounts of negative cash in the funds. Interfund receivables/payables for the year ended December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Receivable <u>Fund</u>	Payable Fund
Highway Users	700,519.59	
General		562,932.04
911 Wireless Fees		94,324.78
States Attorney Contingent		717.36
CDBG Projects		42,545.41

Note 8 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2017:

Primary Government

Governmental Activities Capital assets not	Balance January 1 :	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
being depreciated:				
Land Construction in	698,100			698,100
Progress	15,073,000	15,797,000		30,870,000
Total	15,771,100	15,797,000		31,568,100
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	135,393,193	8,112,089		143,505,282
Buildings	34,276,742	0,111,000		34,276,742
Machinery & Vehicles		853,274	782,512	11,654,751
Total	181,253,924	8,965,363	782,512	189,436,775
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	48,522,860	2,799,144		51,322,004
Buildings	5,872,703	477,476		6,350,179
Machinery & Vehicles	•	852,138	519,983	6,686,785
Total	60,750,193	4,128,758	519,983	64,358,968
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	120,503,731	4,836,605	262,529	125,077,807
Governmental Activities	126 274 021	20 622 605	262 520	156,645,907
Capital Assets, Net	136,274,831	20,633,605	262,529 =======	156,645,907

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the county as follows:

General Government Public Safety	423,908 181,022 3,492,936
Highways and Public Improve. Health and Welfare Culture and Recreation	9,038 17,979
Conser. and Economic Dvlpmnt. Total Depreciation Expense	3,875 4,128,758

Component Unit	Balance	To serve a dia d	Dogwoodes	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	January 1	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	December 31
Land Construction in	113,800			113,800
Progress	2,863,915	221,452	3,085,367	
Total	2,977,715	221,452	3,085,367	113,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	762,375	3,085,367		3,847,742
Less accumulated depreciation for:				<u></u>
Infrastructure	324,003	80,766		404,769
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	438,372	3,004,601		3,442,973
Capital Assets, Net	3,416,087	3,226,053	3,085,367	3,556,773

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the water resource district as follows:

Public Works

80,766

Note 9 <u>INTEREST PAYABLE</u>

Interest payable consists of interest on long-term liabilities accrued to December 31, 2017.

Note 10 UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Unavailable revenue on the fund financial statements consists of amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available and include taxes receivable and special assessments receivable.

Note 11 LONG-TERM DEBT

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the long-term liabilities - Governmental Activities:

	Balance	T	Doggoogog	Balance December 31	Due Within One Year
	January 1	Increases	Decreases	necember 31	One rear
General Obligation	•				
Bonds Payable	20,093,235	7,260,000	3,278,235	24,075,000	2,560,000
Special Assessment					
Bonds Payable	138,338		73,338	65,000	65,000
Revenue Bonds Payable	25,040,000		3,270,000	21,770,000	3,365,000
Compensated Absences *	745,057	3,155		748,212	
Total	46,016,630	7,263,155	6,621,573	46,658,212	5,990,000
	========	=========	========		

^{*} The change in compensated absences is shown as a net change because changes in salary prohibit exact calculations of increases and decreases.

Outstanding debt at December 31, 2017 consists of the following:

<u>General Obligation Debt</u>. General obligation debt is a direct obligation and pledges the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation debt outstanding at December 31, 2017 is as follows:

Bonds Payable. The county has issued bonds to provide funding for the renovation and construction of jail facilities,

\$21,640,000.00 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015, due in annual installments of \$2,560,000.00 to \$3,070,000.00 through April 1, 2023; interest is at 2% to 4%.

16,815,000.00

\$7,260,000.00 General Obligation Correction Center Bonds, Series 2017A due in annual installments of \$1,030,000.00 to \$3,055,000.00 from April 1, 2024 through April 1, 2026; interest is at 4%.

7,260,000.00

Total General Obligation Bonds

24,075,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Principal	Interest
2017	2,560,000.00	933,576.67
2018	2,640,000.00	779,350.00
2019	2,750,000.00	671,550.00
2020	2,845,000.00	573,875.00
2021	2,950,000.00	472,200.00
2022-2026	10,330,000.00	706,400.00
Total	24,075,000.00	4,136,951.67
		===============

<u>Special Assessment Bond Debt</u>. The county has issued special assessment bonds to provide funds for the construction of streets and/or water and sewer lines. Special assessment bonds outstanding at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

\$555,000.00 Refunding Improvement Bonds of 2008; due in final installment of \$65,000.00 on May 1, 2018; interest is at 3.9%.

65,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding special assessments bond debt are as follows:

	==========	==========
2018	65,000.00	1,268.00
Year Ending <u>December 31</u>	Principal	Interest

Revenue Bond Debt. The county has issued revenue bonds to provide funds for the construction of a new courthouse building. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

\$33,440,000.00 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 due in annual installments of \$3,365,000.00 to \$3,900,000.00 through April 1, 2023; interest is at 3% to 4%.

21,770,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding revenue bond debt are as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31	Principal	Interest
2017	3,365,000.00	689,800.00
2018	3,465,000.00	553,200.00
2019	3,570,000.00	412,500.00
2020	3,680,000.00	285,900.00
2021	3,790,000.00	173,850.00
2022-2023	3,900,000.00	58,500.00
_		
Total	21,770,000.00	2,173,750.00
	=======================================	===========

Component Unit Debt.

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the long-term liabilities - Component Unit:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	January 1	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	December 31	One Year
a					
Special Assessment					
Bonds Payable	2,645,039	201,067	150,000	2,696,106	156,106
		=======	=======	=========	========

Outstanding debt at December 31, 2017 consists of the following:

<u>Special Assessment Debt</u>. The water resource district has issued special assessment bonds to provide funds for the construction of the Nedrose sanitary sewer. Special assessment bonds outstanding at December 31, 2017, are as follows:

\$762,375.00 Wastewater Improvement Bonds, Series 2002 due in annual installments of \$50,000 through September 1, 2020; interest is at 2.5%.

150,000.00

\$2,546,106 Sanitary Sewer System Improvement Bonds, Series 2016 due in annual installments of \$106,106 \$165,000 through September 1, 2036; interest is at 2%.

2,546,106.00

2,696,106.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding special assessments bond debt are as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2018	156,106.00	54,280.86
2019	160,000.00	51,300.00
2020	160,000.00	47,850.00
2021	115,000.00	44,400.00
2022	115,000.00	42,100.00
2023-2027	635,000.00	174,300.00
2028-2032	715,000.00	107,600.00
2033-2036	640,000.00	32,300.00
Total	2,696,106.00	554,130.86

Note 12 TRANSFERS

The following is a reconciliation between transfers in and transfers out as reported in the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Social Welfare	4,720,444.23	
Human Services		4,720,444.23

To subsidize expenditures.

Note 13 DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following funds had a deficit balance at December 31, 2017:

General Fund	(562,932.04)
Special Revenue Funds 911 Wireless Fees States Attorney Contingent CDBG Projects	(94,324.78) (717.36) (42,545.41)
Agency Funds	
State Medical Center	(60,829.98)
Crime Victim & Witness Program	(11,375.62)
Marriage License-DVCC	(9,100.00)
District Court Reimbursable	(32,328.12)
North Dakota State Fair	(10,728.28)
Total Townships	(8,123.61)
Total City Park Districts	(106, 269.33)
Total Rural Fire Districts	(6,543.24)
Employee Benefit	(35,621.12)
Soil Conservation	(3,855.60)
Unorganized Townships	(253,489.56)
Assiniboine River Basis Board	(18.57)
United Ambulance District	(687.77)

The county plans to eliminate these deficit with future revenue collections.

Note 14 RELATED ORGANIZATION

The county is responsible for levying a property tax for the Ward County Senior Citizens. However, the county's accountability for this entity does not extend beyond levying the tax. In 2017, the county remitted \$945,276.87 to the senior citizens.

Note 15 RISK MANAGEMENT

Ward County is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The county pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, automobile and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for general liability and automobile; and \$6,619,845 for public assets.

The county also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The county pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third party insurance carrier for losses in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence during a 12 month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the county with a blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$2,000,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The county has worker's compensation with the Department of Workforce Safety and Insurance; and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The county is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Ward County State's Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the county.

Note 17 PENSION PLAN

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (Main System)

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the NDPERS plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS benefits program is assigned to a Board comprised of seven members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by active membership of the NDPERS system; and one member elected by the retired public employees.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provision or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 will be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition of disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

- 1 to 12 months of service -Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25
- 13 to 25 months of service Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25
- 25 to 36 months of service -Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25

Longer than 36 months of service Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense; and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2017, Ward County reported a liability of \$9,130,487 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The county's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the county's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2016 the county's proportion was .936847 percent, which was an increase of .022885 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended December 31, 2017 the county recognized pension expense of \$1,246,964. At December 31, 2017 the county reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	137,159	84,541
Changes in assumptions	841,714	453,602
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,273,834	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	329,419	130,044
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date (see below)	727,918	
Total	3,310,044	668,187

\$727,918 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from city contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
June 30:	
2018	344,104
2019	344,104
2020	621,987
2021	412,054
2022	191,690
Thereafter	0

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.50%
Salary increases	4.50% per annum
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of investment expenses.
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Morality Table with ages set back one year for males (not set back for females) multiplied by 125%.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, funding actuarial valuation for NDPERS.

As a result of the 2015 actuarial experience study, the NDPERS Board adopted several changes to the actuarial assumptions effective July 1, 2015. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumption.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31%	6.90%
International Equity	21%	7.55%
Private Equity	5%	11.30%
Domestic Fixed Income	17%	1.52%
International Equity Income	5%	0.45%
Global Real Assets	20%	5.38%
Cash Equivalents	18	0.00%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2016, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the county's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the county's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the county's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (7%)	Current Rate (8%)	1% Increase (9%)
The county's			
proportionate share of the net pension liability	12,951,420	9,130,487	5,911,153

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	10,296,827.00	10,296,827.00	10,435,352.77	138,525.77
Licenses, Permits and Fees	70,000.00	70,000.00	79,764.48	9,764.48
Intergovernmental	2,382,725.00	2,393,975.00	2,491,462.00	97,487.00
Charges for Services	915,600.00	915,600.00	893,745.77	(21,854.23)
Miscellaneous	230,500.00	230,500.00	806,440.74	575,940.74
Total Revenues	13,895,652.00	13,906,902.00	14,706,765.76	799,863.76
Expenditures:				
Current:		. 740 707 04	4 400 444 04	747 (77 00
General Government	6,311,823.91	6,718,303.91	6,400,666.01	317,637.90
Public Safety	9,205,681.00	9,205,681.00	8,890,203.93	315,477.07
Culture and Recreation	160,000.00	187,376.00	187,354.18	21.82
Conser. and Economic Dvlpmnt.	261,870.00	261,870.00	253,328.54	8,541.46
Other	129,402.00	129,402.00	176,212.31	(46,810.31)
Capital Outlay	224,000.00	224,000.00	233,082.00	(9,082.00)
Debt Service:				
Principal	768,235.17	768,235.17	768,235.17	
Interest and Service Charges	8,885.92	8,885.92	8,885.92	
Total Expenditures	17,069,898.00	17,503,754.00	16,917,968.06	585,785.94
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,174,246.00)	(3,596,852.00)	(2,211,202.30)	1,385,649.70
Fund Balance - January 1	1,648,270.26	1,648,270.26	1,648,270.26	
Fund Balance - December 31	(1,525,975.74)	(1,948,581.74)	(562,932.04)	1,385,649.70

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Highway Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		,	/8.00 B. 1	
Taxes	3,129,300.00	3,129,300.00	3,531,415.66	402,115.66
Intergovernmental	4,480,500.00	4,480,500.00	5,451,603.94	971,103.94
Charges for Services	150,000.00	150,000.00	196,619.92	46,619.92
Miscellaneous	300,000.00	300,000.00	726,623.82	426,623.82
Total Revenues	8,059,800.00	8,059,800.00	9,906,263.34	1,846,463.34
Expenditures: Current:			44600	
Highways and Public Improve.	8,014,559.00	8,014,559.00	3,350,859.20	4,663,699.80
Capital Outlay	7,724,689.00	7,724,689.00	8,469,752.00	(745,063.00)
Total Expenditures	15,739,248.00	15,739,248.00	11,820,611.20	3,918,636.80
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,679,448.00)	(7,679,448.00)	(1,914,347.86)	5,765,100.14
Fund Balance - January 1	2,574,590.82	2,574,590.82	2,574,590.82	
Fund Balance - December 31	(5,104,857.18)	(5,104,857.18)	660,242.96	5,765,100.14

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Highway Users Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	4,785,333.00	4,785,333.00	4,800,616.67	15,283.67
Fund Balance - January 1	1,583,323.98	1,583,323.98	1,583,323.98	
Fund Balance - December 31	6,368,656.98	6,368,656.98	6,383,940.65	15,283.67

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules December 31, 2017

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT BUDGET POLICIES

Annually, the board of county commissioners provides each office a department budget. The departments complete their budget and file it with the county auditor. Based upon the departmental budget requests and other financial information, the county auditor prepares the preliminary county budget. The budget is prepared for the general, special revenue and debt service funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The preliminary budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

The board of county commissioners holds a public hearing where any taxpayer may testify in favor or against any proposed expenditures or tax levies requested in the preliminary budget. After the budget hearing and on or before the October meeting, the board adopts the final budget and shall determine the amount of taxes that shall be levied for county purposes and shall levy all such taxes in specific amounts. No expenditure shall be made or liability incurred in excess of the total appropriation by fund, except for transfers as authorized by the North Dakota Century Code Section 11-23-07. However, the board of county commissioners may amend the budget, except for property taxes, during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. The budget amendments must be approved by the board and the approval must be noted in the proceedings of the board.

Note 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Budget Amendments

The governing board approved the following amendments to the county's budget for the year ending December 31, 2017:

•	Original _Budqet	<u>Amendment</u>	Amended Budget
	Est	imated Revenues	<u>i</u>
General Fund	10,284,827	11,250	13,906,902
	<u> </u>	Appropriations	
General Fund	17,069,898	433,856	17,503,754
Special Revenue Funds FEMA Township FEMA County CDBG Projects		520,750 240,210 1,613,255	520,750 240,210 1,613,255

Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

Expenditures exceeded budget in the following funds for the year ending December 31, 2017:

Special Revenue Funds	
States Attorney Contingent	9,810
* Senior Citizens	945,277
* Special Assess. Dist. Finance	144,619
FEMA Township	60,828
CDBG Projects	1,970

^{*} A budget was not prepared for this fund.

No remedial action is anticipated or required by the county regarding these excess expenditures.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability	0.936847%	0.913962%	0.946207%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	9,130,487	6,214,786	6,005,778
County's covered-employee payroll	9,575,985	9,266,768	8,498,595
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	95.35%	67.07%	70.67%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.46%	77.15%	77.70%

Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	681,810	659,794	563,908
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(681,810)	(659,794)	(563,908)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0
County's covered-employee payroll	9,575,985	9,266,768	8,498,595
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.12%	7.12%	6.64%

^{*} Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

⁻ For changes of assumptions, see Note 17 to the financial statements.

WARD COUNTY Minot, North Dakota Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Cash Transactions For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Balance 1-1-17	Receipts	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Disbursements	Balance 12-31-17
Major Governmental Funds:						
General Fund	1,648,270.26	14,706,765.76			16,917,968.06	(562,932.04)
Highway	2,574,590.82	9,906,263.34			11,820,611.20	660,242.96
Highway Users	1,583,323.98	4,800,616.67				6,383,940.65
Sales Tax Bond	8,878,769.37	6,174,874.42			7,221,425.00	7,832,218.79
Construction	16,329,189.61	7,977,313.48			17,519,689.67	6,786,813.42
Total Major Governmental Funds	31,014,144.04	43,565,833.67			53,479,693.93	21,100,283.78
Non-Major Governmental Funds:				·		
Library	18,675.80	397,885.68			379,167.76	37,393.72
911 Wireless Fees	21,256.00	1,552,935.69			1,668,516.47	(94,324.78)
911 Depreciation	480,728.35	268.88			1,805.00	479,192.23
Weed Control	68,848.82	276,109.23			280,491.98	64,466.07
Social Welfare		1,519,044.93	4,720,444.23		6,239,489.16	
Human Services	598,708.13	4,639,346.85		4,720,444.23		517,610.75
States Attorney Contingent	505.57	14,587.41			15,810.34	(717.36)
Senior Citizens	4,882.45	944,849.07			945,276.87	4,454.65
Special Assess. Dist. Finance	257,745.18	1,070.45			144,618.84	114,196.79
Emergency	346,665.45	168,693.26			273.91	515,084.80
FEMA Township	472,256.87	124,209.87			581,578.44	14,888.30
FEMA County	297,612.36	33,978.05			240,201.58	91,388.83
CDBG Projects	6,721.50	1,565,958.11			1,615,225.02	(42,545.41)
Apple Grove Specials	66,189.93	23,738.05			24,977.53	64,950.45
Meadowbrook Specials	7,371.51	11,623.21			14,408.58	4,586.14
Robinwood Specials	28,568.35	14,558.30			17,363.35	25,763.30
West Hills Acres Specials	45,531.24	16,143.05			21,364.12	40,310.17
Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	2,722,267.51	11,305,000.09	4,720,444.23	4,720,444.23	12,190,568.95	1,836,698.65
Total Governmetal Funds	33,736,411.55	54,870,833.76	4,720,444.23	4,720,444.23	65,670,262.88	22,936,982.43
Agency Funds:					(74 207 (7	F7 077 4/
First District Health Unit	59,216.18	469,154.61			471,293.63	57,077.16
State Medical Center	(83,335.26)	216,948.88			194,443.60	(60,829.98) 0.09
State Aid Distribution	0.09					
Utilities Central Assessments	1,283.99					1,283.99
Game and Fish Licenses	2,213.00	10 707 15			70 005 15	2,213.00 88,133.24
Asset Forfeitures-Sheriff	78,711.24	40,307.15			30,885.15	
Hazardous Chemicals	16,085.71	8,550.00				24,635.71 27,964.67
Gas and Oil Production	27,964.67	47 774 400 47			0 (75 017 /7	
Prepaid Taxes	8,603,597.35	13,734,198.63			8,635,917.47	13,701,878.51
Crime Victim & Witness Program	(8,139.45)	27,529.60			30,765.77	(11,375.62)
Marriage License-DVCC	(7,000.00)	20,965.00			23,065.00	(9,100.00)
District Court Reimburseable	(24,859.56)	32,417.31			39,885.87	(32,328.12) 87.65
Payroll	40.95	46.70 89,161.88			84,871.91	495,867.58
Tax Deed Sale	491,577.61	07,101.00			04,011.71	473 (001 130

(continued)

WARD COUNTY Minot, North Dakota Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Cash Transactions For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

	Balance 1-1-17	Receipts	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Disbursements	Balance 12-31-17
Agency Funds (cont.):		1.1				-n
State PILT		2,210.40			2,210.40	
North Dakota State Fair	14,276.91	562,494.17			587,499.36	(10,728.28)
Total Townships	31,943.82	2,641,380.13			2,681,447.56	(8,123.61)
Total Cities	450,347.52	21,925,786.41			22,026,166.16	349,967.77
Total School Districts	321,271.89	38,151,009.52			38,253,166.86	219,114.55
Total City Park Districts	(71,570.28)	7,241,348.52			7,276,047.57	(106,269.33)
Total Rural Fire Districts	(14,715.00)	853,097.29			844,925.53	(6,543.24)
Garrison Diversion	3,218.18	361,412.14			362,430.94	2,199.38
Weather Modification	1,414.50	216,689.88			216,944.02	1,160.36
Water Resource District	38,716.35	1,603,903.52			1,614,004.11	28,615.76
Protective Services	96,877.11	3,356.06			39,409.78	60,823.39
Employee Benefit	(3,097.95)	25,000.00			57,523.17	(35,621.12)
Gambling Tax Proceeds	11,919.26	8,951.00			12,500.00	8,370.26
Jail Commissary	145,765.50	50,196.83			76,180.14	119,782.19
Park Improvement	13,075.15	13.00				13,088.15
NDSU Extension Activities	25,041.29	15,156.65			14,110.62	26,087.32
Vending Commissions	4,662.88	2,562.90			765.96	6,459.82
Homeland Security	67,699.28	·				67,699.28
Fed. Drug Proc Sts. Atty.	47,898.94				2,771.09	45,127.85
Soil Conservation	(3,823.53)	182,894.17			182,926.24	(3,855.60)
Minot Parent Resource	2,365.67	11,787.76			9,525.07	4,628.36
Unorganized Townships	(248,647.33)	20,662.33			25,504.56	(253,489.56)
Assiniboine River Basin Board	(26.13)	13,581.43			13,573.87	(18.57)
Unclaimed Property	850.10	9,505.99			3,308.45	7,047.64
DOC Preservation Fund	301,251.17	61,492.27			27,971.12	334,772.32
Sobriety Program	169,408.75	185,956.00			157,572.80	197,791.95
Souris River Joint Board	2,117.88	248,744.78			249,192.45	1,670.21
United Ambulance District	(909.14)	153,847.18			153,625.81	(687.77
Rice Lake Recreation District		32,162.76			31,690.93	471.83
Rice Lake Sewer Assessment		22,125.47			21,174.18	951.29
Total Agency Funds	10,564,689.31	89,246,608.32			84,455,297.15	15,356,000.48
Total Primary Government	44,301,100.86	144,117,442.08	4,720,444.23	4,720,444.23	150,125,560.03	38,292,982.91
Discretely Presented						
Component Units:						
Weather Modification	76,927.87	221,186.49			214,687.82	83,426.54
Water Resource District	1,204,796.05	2,313,127.32			1,191,758.26	2,326,165.11
Total Discretely Presented						
Component Units	1,281,723.92	2,534,313.81			1,406,446.08	2,409,591.65
Total Reporting Entity	45,582,824.78	146,651,755.89	4,720,444.23	4,720,444.23	151,532,006.11	40,702,574.56

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor	Federal CFDA	Grant	
Program Title	Number	Number	<u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed Through the State Division of			
Community Services:			
Community Development Block Grant/State's Program	14.228	3336-CD11-H-DIS	13,186.94
Hurricane Sandy Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Grants (CDBG-DR)	14.269	3946-CD13-PF-DIS	539,600.11
Disaster Recovery diants (CDBG-DK)	14.207	3740 0013 11 010	337,000111
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			552,787.05
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed Through State Department of Health:			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Stop Violence Against Women	16.588		16,613.00
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed Through State Department of Transportation:			
	20 205		7 525 00
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205		7,525.00
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		16,377.01
National Priority Safety Programs	20.010		10,011101
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector			
Training and Planning Grants	20.703		6,320.00
Total U.S. Department of Transportaion			30,222.01
•			
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through State Dept. of Human Services:			
	07 55/		2/ /00 2/
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		26,609.26
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558 93.563		598,623.12 874.50
Child Support Enforcement	93.575		808.01
Child Care and Development Block Grant Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds	93.596		20,931.78
Childrens Justice Grants to States	93.643		577.60
Child Welfare Services - State Grant	93.645		11,273.72
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93,658		406,710.69
Adoption Assistance	93.659		5,286.59
Maternal & Child Health Services Block Grant	93.994		7,092.24
1,000, 100, 00 011, 100, 100, 11, 100			
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,078,787.51
·			

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (continued)

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title U.S. Department of Homeland Security	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Grant Number	Expenditures
Passed Through State Department of Emergency Services:			
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.036 97.042		64,282.37 127,043.69
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			191,326.06
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			1,869,735.63

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Polices

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The de minimis indirect cost rate was not used.

Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA 426 North Fifth Street Bismarck, ND 58501 Phone 701-258-4560 Fax 701-258-4983

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Ward County Minot, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ward County, Minot, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the county's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the county's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the county's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the county's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the county's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the county's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the county's internal control or on compliance. This is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the county's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

May 18, 2018

Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA 425 North Fifth Street Bismarck, ND 58501 Phone 701-258-4560 Fax 701-258-4983

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Ward County Minot, North Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Ward County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the county's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017. The county's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and responses.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to each of its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the county's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the county's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the county's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the county complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Ward County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the county's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the county's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

May 18, 2018

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS:

No matters were reported

Financial Statements				
Type of Auditor's Report Iss Governmental Activities Discretely Presented Compo Major Governmental Funds Aggregate Remaining Fund I	onent Units	Unmodifi Unmodifi Unmodifi Unmodifi	ed ed	
Internal control over financ	cial reporting:			
* Material weakness(es) ide	ntified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No	
* Significant deficiency(ies	s) identified?	Yes	X_None Reported	
Noncompliance Material to factorial to facto	inancial	Yes	<u> X</u> No	
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major	<pre>program(s):</pre>			
* Material weakness(es) iden	ntified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No	
* Significant deficiency(ies	s) identified?	Yes	X None Reported	
Type of auditor's report is: compliance for major progra		Unmodifi	ed	
Any audit findings disclosed required to be reported in with 2 CFR 200.516 (a)?		Yes	<u> X</u> No	
Identification of major pro	gram(s):			
CFDA Number	Name of	Federal Pr	ogram	
14.269			ry Development ry Grants (CDBG-DR)	
Dollar threshold used to dia between type A and type B		\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-ri	sk auditee?	<u>X</u> Yes	No	
SECTION II - FINANCIAL STAT	EMENT FINDINGS:			
No matters were reported				
SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND RESPONSES				