AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Nadine Julson, LLC

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June 30, 2017

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OFFICIAL DIRECTORY June 30, 2017

Lisa Amundson	President
Dan Haverland	Vice - President
John Flaa	Board Member
Sarah Myers	Board Member
Heidi Foley	Board Member
Eric Mickelson	Board Member
Josh Mjoness	Board Member
Tim Godfrey	Superintendent
Kendra Dockter	Business Manager



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Richland Public School District No. 44 Colfax, North Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Richland Public School District No. 44 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Richland Public School District No. 44, Colfax, North Dakota, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective change in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–9 and 37 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Richland Public School District No. 44's basic financial statements. The official directory, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and schedule of receipts and disbursements - activity fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of receipts and disbursements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The official directory has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a reported dated October 16, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide opinions on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Richland Public School District No. 44's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Nodine Julian. LLC

Nadine Julson, LLC Wahpeton, North Dakota October 16, 2017

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year Ended June 30, 2017

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of Richland Public School District No. 44's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes.

The MD&A is an element of the Required Supplementary Information specified in the Government Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 - Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments. Certain comparative information between the current fiscal year and the prior year is presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2016-2017 are as follows:

The 2016-2017 fiscal year again ended on a positive note. In recent years, the board has had discussions to make sure our ending fund balance is under the state maximum, but sufficient enough for the district to stay financially health. Currently this balance puts us around 28% and leaves the board with a comfortable balance. Unspent expenditures primarily in not purchasing a bus as originally budgeted for as well as fuel/energy prices lower than expected.

The District was able to purchase personal learning devices (computers) to allow our 5-12 grade to all be one-to-one in technology. In the future, the goal will be ad add grades 3 and 4. The District received two grants that allowed for increased professional development. The G5 grant, through the US Department of Education along with a Title VI grant from NDDPI allowed teachers to participate in innovative professional development that aligns with the current goals of the District.

Using this Annual Report

This annual financial report consists of a series of statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand Richland Public School District No. 44 as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. These statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's general fund with all governmental funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting on the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

These statements are summaries of all the funds used by the Richland Public School District No. 44 to provide programs and activities and attempt to answer the question "How did the District do financially during the year ended June 30, 2017?"

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. This statement is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which means that all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes).

RICHLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44 Management Discussion and Analysis - Continued

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or deteriorated. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, regular instruction, federal programs, special education, vocational education, administration, food services, operation and maintenance of buildings and grounds, student transportation, and co-curricular activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Reporting on the District's Most Significant Funds

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

The District uses separate funds to account for and manage money dedicated for particular purposes (e.g. taxes collected from special mill levies and funds received from grants and donations). The fund basic financial statements allow the District to demonstrate its stewardship over the accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. Using the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 34, the District's general fund, capital projects building fund, and debt service fund are considered a "major fund."

The District's other funds, food service, and special reserve fund, are used to account for a multitude of financial transactions and is summarized under the heading "Other Governmental Funds".

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-15 of this report.

In addition, the School District has the following fund types:

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Richland Public School District No. 44's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 16 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17-36 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major government funds can be found on pages 41-42 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Table I provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2017 and 2016. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Richland Public School District No. 44, net position increased by \$134,694 for the year ending June 30, 2017.

The District's net position at June 30, 2017 is segregated into three separate categories. Net position invested in capital assets (net of related debt) are not available for future spending. Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent. The remaining unrestricted net positions are available to meet the District's ongoing obligations.

RICHLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44

Management Discussion and Analysis - Continued

Table I Net Position		
June 30,		
	2017	2016
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets	\$ 1,561,286	\$ 1,329,419
Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	9,513,224	9,767,034
Deferred Outflows of Resources	878,767	725,933
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,953,277	11,822,386
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Current Liabilities	517,188	511,165
Long-term Liabilities	9,917,364	10,251,025
Deferred Inflows of Resources	449,706	125,871
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,884,258	10,888,061
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,801,413	2,739,743
Restricted	420,481	400,370
Unrestricted	(2,152,875)	(2,205,788)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,069,019	\$ 934,325

Table II shows the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Table II Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30,									
		2017		2016					
Revenues									
Program Revenues									
Charges for Services	\$	134,983	\$	122,641					
Operating Grants and Contributions		376,939		360,023					
General Revenues									
Property Taxes		1,260,891		1,218,442					
State Aid - Unrestricted		2,721,938		2,595,716					
Interest and Miscellaneous Earnings		16,111		17,587					
Total Revenues	\$	4,510,862	\$	4,314,409					

RICHLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44 Management Discussion and Analysis - Continued

	2017	2016
Expenses		
Regular Instruction	\$ 2,335,577	\$ 2,175,732
Special Instruction	315,619	261,174
Vocational Instruction	217,303	225,741
Pupil Services	98,085	85,721
General Administration Services	141,769	129,999
School Administration Services	140,506	149,263
Operation and Maintenance	380,591	345,806
Pupil Transportation	232,341	189,681
Student Activities	169,341	178,386
School Food Services	155,278	155,874
Community Services	33,607	32,752
Interest and Other Charges	156,151	145,264
Total Expenses	4,376,168	4,075,393
Change in Net Position	\$ 134,694	\$ 239,016

Unrestricted state aid constituted 60.3%, property tax 28.0%, operating grants and contributions 8.4% and charges for services made 3.0% of the total revenues of governmental activities of the District for the fiscal year June 30, 2017.

Regular instruction constituted 53.4%, operations and maintenance of plant 8.7%, special education 7.2%, pupil transportation 5.3%, and vocational education 5.0% of total expenditures for governmental activities during the fiscal year June 30, 2017.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table III shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and other unrestricted revenues.

Table III Total and Net Cost of Services For the Years Ended June 30,										
	Total Cost					Net	Cost			
	2017			2016		2017		2016		
Regular Instruction	\$	2,335,577	\$	2,175,732	\$	2,171,584	\$	2,037,983		
Special Instruction		315,619		261,174		315,619		261,174		
Vocational Instruction		217,303		225,741		214,180		208,829		
Pupil Services		98,085		85,721		98,085		85,721		
General Administration Services		141,769		129,999		141,769		129,999		
School Administration Services		140,506		149,263		140,506		149,263		
Operation and Maintenance		380,591		345,806		380,591		345,806		
Pupil Transportation		232,341		189,681		36,180		17,272		
Student Activities		169,341		178,386		169,341		178,386		
School Food Services		155,278		155,874		6,633		280		
Community Services		33,607		32,752		33,607		32,752		
Interest and Other Charges		156,151		145,264		156,151		145,264		
Total Expenses	\$	4,376,168	\$	4,075,393	\$	3,864,246	\$	3,592,729		

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The purpose of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Unreserved fund balance generally can be used as a measure of the District's net resources available for spending as of the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds had total revenue of \$4,503,541 and expenditures of \$5,378,995 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The unassigned fund balance of the District's general fund was \$1,112,763.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, revenues were more than budgetary estimates by \$64,334, expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$27,640, and ending fund balance was more than budgetary estimates by \$121,374. Grants received were higher than budgeted amounts and actual expenditures in school administration, operation and maintenance, and pupil transportation that were less than budgetary amounts offset increased teacher expenditures for regular instruction.

Additional information on the Richland Public School District No. 44 budget can be found in Note 2 of the audited financial statements that follow this analysis.

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2017, the Richland Public School District No. 44 had \$9,513,224 invested in capital assets. Table IV shows the balances at June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Table IV Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) June 30,							
		2017		2016			
Land	\$	92,000	\$	92,000			
Construction in Progress		-		183,000			
Buildings and Improvements		9,297,352		9,318,704			
Vehicles		118,005		158,479			
Equipment		5,867		14,851			
Total Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$	9,513,224	\$	9,767,034			

This total represents a net decrease of \$253,810 in capital assets from the prior fiscal year. For a detailed breakdown of the additions and deletions to capital assets, readers are referred to Note 10 of the audited financial statements that follow this analysis.

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2017, the Richland Public School District No. 44 had \$6,711,811 of total debt a decrease of \$315,480 from the previous fiscal year.

Table V Outstanding Debt June 30,									
	Total Outstanding 2017 2016					Due Withi 2017	in One Year 2016		
General Obligation Bonds State School Construction Loan	\$	3,070,000 3,641,811	\$	3,140,000 3,887,291	\$	245,000 248,636	\$	235,000 245,483	
Total Outstanding Debt	\$	6,711,811	\$	7,027,291	\$	493,636	\$	480,483	

For additional information regarding the outstanding debt, readers are referred to Note 13 of the audited financial statements that follow this analysis.

For the Future

For the school year 2017 - 2018 the District continues to implement projects based learning and follow the state education's drive for innovative learning schools. The administration is currently looking at ways to go away from the traditional seven period schedule and turning to a schedule that better allows for project based learning activities. A curriculum committee was developed that includes parents, teachers, and board members to aid in this development.

The administration is happy to report that with current budget amounts, we will be adding a half-time secretary at the high school as well as a half time art teacher to our staff. As our younger grades continue to hold strong and increase in size, we are anticipating the need to continue a split Kindergarten class.

Contacting the Districts Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our parents, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the Richland Public School District No. 44's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives to provide the best possible education to all students enrolled in Richland Public School District No. 44. Anyone who has questions about information contained in this report or who is interested in receiving additional information is encouraged to contact Kendra Dockter at 101 Main Street Colfax, North Dakota, 58018, 701-372-3713.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

ASSETS Current Assets Cash and Investments \$ 1,386,507 Accounts Receivable 2,067 Due from County 43,193 Due from Federal Government 66,433 **Taxes Receivable** 63,086 **Total Current Assets** 1,561,286 Capital Assets Non-depreciable Land 92,000 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 9,297,352 **Buildings** Vehicles 118,005 Equipment 5,867 **Total Capital Assets** 9,513,224 Total Assets 11,074,510 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow Related to Pension 878,767 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 11,953,277 LIABILITIES **Current Liabilities** Interest Payable 23,552 Current Portion of Long-term Debt: General Obligation Bonds Payable 245,000 State School Construction Bonds Payable 248,636 **Total Current Liabilities** 517,188 Due After One Year: General Obligation Bonds Payable 2,825,000 State School Construction Bonds Payable 3,393,175 **Compensated Absences** 81,618 Net Pension Liability 3,617,571 **Total Liabilities** 10,434,552 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow Related to Pension 449,706 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 10,884,258 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 2,801,413 Restricted 420.481 Unrestricted (2, 152, 875)**Total Net Position** 1,069,019 \$

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Program	R	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Expenses			arges for services	G	Deprating rants and ntributions	G	overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities: Regular Instruction Special Instruction Vocational Instruction Pupil Services General Administration Services School Administration Services Operation and Maintenance Pupil Transportation Student Activities School Food Services Community Services Interest and Other Charges	\$	2,335,577 315,619 217,303 98,085 141,769 140,506 380,591 232,341 169,341 155,278 33,607 156,151	\$	44,447 - - - - - 90,536 - -	\$	119,546 3,123 - - - 196,161 - 58,109	\$	$\begin{array}{c} (2,171,584)\\ (315,619)\\ (214,180)\\ (98,085)\\ (141,769)\\ (140,506)\\ (380,591)\\ (36,180)\\ (169,341)\\ (6,633)\\ (33,607)\\ (156,151) \end{array}$		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	4,376,168 neral Revenues	\$	134,983	\$	376,939		(3,864,246)		
		639,255 518,414 103,222 2,721,938 3,347 12,764								
		Total General			3,998,940					
		ange in Net Pos		of Voor				134,694		
		t Position, Begi t Position, End	U				\$	934,325 1,069,019		
	1.0						¥	-,,		

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

			N	Major Funds						
	Ge	eneral Fund	_	Capital Projects BuildingDebt Service		Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds	
ASSETS										
Cash and Investments	\$	981,836	\$	5,310	\$	287,301	\$	112,060	\$	1,386,507
Accounts Receivable		2,067		-		-		-		2,067
Due from County		21,472		3,577		17,964		180		43,193
Due from Federal Government		66,433		-		-		-		66,433
Due from Other Funds		40,955		-		-		-		40,955
Taxes Receivable		31,337	_	5,221		26,266		262		63,086
Total Assets	\$	1,144,100	<u>\$</u>	14,108	\$	331,531	\$	112,502	\$	1,602,241
LIABILITIES										
Due to Other Funds				40,000				955		40,955
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		31,337		5,221		26,266		262		63,086
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows										
of Resources		31,337		45,221		26,266		1,217		104,041
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted		-		-		305,265		112,240		417,505
Unassigned		1,112,763		(31,113)				(955)		1,080,695
Total Fund Balance		1,112,763		(31,113)		305,265		111,285		1,498,200
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	1,144,100	<u>\$</u>	14,108	<u>\$</u>	331,531	\$	112,502	\$	1,602,241

See Notes to Financial Statements

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,498,200
Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets	14,205,275	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(4,692,051)	9,513,224
Property taxes receivable will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		63,086
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at the end of the year are reported in the statement of net position.		
Interest Payable	(23,552)	
State School Construction Bonds Payable	(3,641,811)	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(3,070,000)	
Compensated Absences Pension Liability (net of related deferred outflows and inflows)	(81,618) (3,188,510)	
Total Long-term Liabilities	(3,100,310)	 (10,005,491)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,069,019

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Major Funds			
	General Fund	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Local Sources	\$ 674,798	\$ 102,604	\$ 515,465	\$ 95,686	\$ 1,388,553
State Sources	2,921,838	-	-	2,022	2,923,860
Federal Sources	118,930	-	-	56,087	175,017
Interest Income	3,345	-	-	2	3,347
Miscellaneous	12,764				12,764
Total Revenues	3,731,675	102,604	515,465	153,797	4,503,541
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Regular Instruction	1,904,303	-	-	-	1,904,303
Special Instruction	314,993	-	-	-	314,993
Vocational Instruction	213,240	-	-	-	213,240
Pupil Services	98,085	-	-	-	98,085
General Administration Services	137,331	-	-	-	137,331
School Administration Services	140,506	-	-	-	140,506
Operation and Maintenance	376,173	4,418	-	-	380,591
Pupil Transportation	187,963	-	-	-	187,963
Student Activities	151,759	-	-	-	151,759
School Food Services	-	-	-	152,056	152,056
Community Services	33,607	-	-	-	33,607
Debt Service					
Principal	-	-	1,415,480	-	1,415,480
Interest and Other Charges	-	-	163,281	-	163,281
Capital Outlay					
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	29,400	56,400			85,800
Total Expenditures	3,587,360	60,818	1,578,761	152,056	5,378,995
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	144,315	41,786	(1,063,296)	1,741	(875,454)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Debt Proceeds	-	-	1,100,000	-	1,100,000
Operating Transfer In	29,400	-	-	-	29,400
Operating Transfer Out				(29,400)	(29,400)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	29,400		1,100,000	(29,400)	1,100,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	173,715	41,786	36,704	(27,659)	224,546
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	939,048	(72,899) 268,561	138,944	1,273,654
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 1,112,763	\$ (31,113) \$ 305,265	\$ 111,285	\$ 1,498,200

See Notes to Financial Statements

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 224,546
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Repayment of debt principal and capital lease payable is an expenditure in the governmental fund financial statements, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statements of net position.	1,415,480
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Net Increase in Compensated Absences(2,298)Net Increase in Pension Liability(163,675)Net Decrease in Interest Payable7,130	(158,843)
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as current financial resources. The statement of activities treats such issuance of bonds payable as a liability	(1,100,000)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets with a cost greater than \$5,000 is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays and asset disposals in the current year.	(253,810)
Some revenues reported on the statement of activities are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds since they do not represent available resources to pay current expenditures. This consists of an increase in	
taxes receivable. Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,321 134,694

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2017

	Age	ncy Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$	92,789
Accounts Receivable		1,085
Total Assets	\$	93,874
LIABILITIES		
Due to Groups	\$	60,270
Note Payable		33,604
Total Liabilities	\$	93,874

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Richland Public School District No. 44 Colfax, North Dakota (the District) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Richland Public School District No. 44. The District has considered all potential component units for which the District is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the District such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criterion includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Richland Public School District No. 44 to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on Richland Public School District No. 44.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the Richland Public School District No. 44 as a reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (Richland Public School District No. 44). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, fees and other non-exchange transactions. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements - The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the district-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Building Fund - Used to account for financial resources related to capital outlays made by the District.

Debt Service Fund - Used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs.

Additionally, the District reports the following governmental fund types that are included in non-major funds:

1. Governmental Funds

- a. Special Reserve Fund Used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District.
- b. Food Service Fund Used to account for food service revenues and expenditures.
- 2. Fiduciary Funds
 - a. *Agency Funds* Used to account for resources held for other in a custodial capacity, the District's Agency Fund is the Student Activity Fund.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Government Fund Financial Statements - Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. All revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

D. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts. Cash equivalents on the statement of cash flows consist of certificates of deposit with a maturity of three months or more. Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the uninsured balance.

Investments consist of certificates of deposits stated at cost with maturities greater than three months.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, building and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

RICHLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44 Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Building	50
Playground equipment/parking lot	25
School busses	10
Other vehicles	10
Office equipment	8 - 10
Other equipment	8

F. Vacation Pay, Sick Pay, Severance

The expenditures for vacation pay are recognized when payment is made. Employees are not allowed to carryover unused vacation days. Upon termination of employment with the District, a certified employee will be entitled to sick pay reimbursement at the rate of \$60 per day, for a maximum of 90 days unused, accumulated sick leave. A certified employee will also be entitled to personal leave reimbursement at the rate of \$60 per day, for a maximum of eight days of unused, accumulated personal leave. Sick pay for non-certified employees is \$30 per day up to three days unused. There is no personal leave reimbursement for non-certified employees.

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the government activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Fund for Retirement (TFFR) and additions to/deductions from TFFR's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TFFR. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Fund Balance and Net Position

GASB Statement No. 54 established new fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints (restriction or limitations) imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

Fund Balance Spending Policy:

It is the policy of the Richland Public School District No. 44 to spend restricted resources first, followed by unrestricted resources. It is also the policy of the Board to spend unrestricted resources of funds in the following order: committed, assigned and then unassigned.

Budget Stabilization Policy:

Replenishing deficiencies - when fund balance falls below the minimum 10 percent range, the District will replenish shortages/deficiencies using the budget strategies and time frames described as follows:

The following budgetary strategies shall be utilized by the District to replenish funding deficiencies:

- The District will reduce recurring expenditures to eliminate any structural deficit; or
- The District will increase revenues or pursue funding sources; or
- Some combination of the two operations above

GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions

GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints and the purpose for which resources can be used:

CLASSIFICATION	DEFINITION	EXAMPLES
Nonspendable	Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.	Inventories, prepaid amounts (expenses), long-term receivables, endowment funds.
Restricted	Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.	Funds restricted by State Statute, unspent bond proceeds, grants earned but not spent, debt covenants, taxes raised for a specific purpose.
Committed	A committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the School Board. Formal action is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.	By board action, construction claims and judgements, retirements of loans and notes payable, capital expenditures, and self insurance.
Assigned	Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are under the direction of the board and the business manager.	By board action, construction claims and judgements, retirements of loans and notes payable, capital expenditures, and self-insurance.
Unassigned	Unassigned fund balance is the lowest classification for the General Fund. This is a fund balance that has not been reported in any other classification. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.	Available for any remaining general fund expenditure.

Restricted Fund Balances - Consist of the following items:

Special Revenue Fund

Funds used for special uses as restricted by state law. In accordance with NDCC 57-19-01, the ending fund balance is limited to the amount generated by fifteen (15) mills times the taxable valuation of the District. Restricted by enabling legislation and tax levy.

Debt Service Fund

Funds used for the payment of principal and interest. Restricted by enabling legislation, tax levy, and bond indenture.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Consists of the amount reported in the General Fund at year-end and negative fund balance in the Food Service and Capital Projects Building funds.

Net Position

Richland Public School District No. 44 implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position during the year ended June 30, 2013.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Net Investment in capital assets is reported for capital assets less accumulated depreciation and any related debt used to construct them. The resources needed to repay this related debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets are not used to liquidate these liabilities. These assets are not available for future spending.

Restrictions of net position, shown in the Statement of Net Position, are due to restricted tax levies and bond indenture capital construction requirements for capital projects and special purposes. Unrestricted net position is primarily unrestricted amounts related to the general fund and any negative fund balances. The unrestricted net position is available to meet the District's ongoing obligations.

J. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

NOTE 2 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

Expenditures over Appropriations – General fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at the depository banks designed by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal land bank bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board. At year end June 30, 2017, the District's carrying amounts of deposits was \$1,386,507 and the bank balances were \$1,9538,187. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining bank balances were collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk:

The District may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statues, as follows:

- a) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by the Treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of congress.
- b) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above.
- c) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- d) Obligations of the state.

As of June 30, 2017, the District held no certificates of deposit.

Interest Rate Risk:

The District does not have a formal deposit policy that limits maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair-value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The District does not have a limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4 - TAXES RECEIVABLE

The taxes receivable represents the past five years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable.

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authority. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of amounts for accrued interest and amounts on open account from other school districts and organizations for goods and services furnished by the District. No allowance has been established for uncollectible accounts.

NOTE 6 - DUE FROM COUNTY TREASURER

Due from county represents the amount of taxes collected prior to year-end that are distributed to the District shortly after June 30, 2017.

NOTE 7 - DUE FROM FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The amount due from federal government consists of a reimbursement claim for various Title Programs. This claim is passed through the state.

NOTE 8 - DUE FROM STATE GOVERNMENT

The amount due from state government consists of reimbursement claims for various projects.

NOTE 9 - DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

The due to and from other funds as of June 30, 2017 represents amounts borrowed from the general fund to the capitol projects building fund for facility construction.

	 terfund ceivable	Interfund Payable		
Fund				
General Fund	\$ 40,955	\$	-	
Capital Projects - Building	-		40,000	
Special Revenue - Food Service	 		955	
Totals	\$ 40,955	\$	40,955	

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 92,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 92,000
Construction in Progress	183,000	-	(183,000)	-
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	275,000	-	(183,000)	92,000
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	13,086,561	268,800	-	13,355,361
Vehicles	651,270	-	-	651,270
Equipment	106,644	-	-	106,644
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	13,844,475	268,800		14,113,275
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	, ,	,		
Buildings and Improvements	3,767,857	290,152	-	4,058,009
Vehicles	492,791	40,474	-	533,265
Equipment	91,793	8,984	-	100,777
Total Accumulated Depreciation	4,352,441	339,610	-	4,692,051
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	9,492,034	(70,810)	-	9,421,224
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 9,767,034	\$ (70,810)	\$ (183,000)	\$ 9,513,224
- · · ·				

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Regular Instruction	\$ 265,301
Special Instruction	626
Vocational Instruction	4,063
General Administration Services	4,438
Pupil Transportation	44,378
Student Activities	17,582
School Food Services	 3,222
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 339,610

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term liabilities:

Governmental Activities:						
	Long-term ot Payable at			Long-term ot Payable at	D	ue Within
	<u>ily 1, 2016</u>	 Increases	Decreases	ne 30, 2017		Dne Year
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ 3,140,000	\$ 1,100,000	\$ (1,170,000)	\$ 3,070,000	\$	245,000
State School Construction Bonds Payable Compensated Absences*	 3,887,291 79,320	 2,298	(245,480)	 3,641,811 <u>81,618</u>		248,636
Totals	\$ 7,106,611	\$ 1,102,298	\$ (1,415,480)	\$ 6,793,429	\$	493,636

*The change in compensated absences is shown as a net change because changes in salary prohibit exact calculations of additions and reductions.

Outstanding debt at June 30, 2017, are comprised of the following individual issues:

- A. ND State Construction Bonds, Series 2000 From an original issuance of \$765,000 at an interest rate of 2.57%, \$140,890 remains outstanding. The principal and interest are payable through June 1, 2020.
- B. ND State Construction Bonds, Series 2013 From an original issuance of \$4,292,470 at an interest rate of 1%, \$3,500,921 remains outstanding. The principal and interest are payable through June 1, 2020.
- C. General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013B From an original issuance of \$725,000, at rates of 1% 1.65%, \$365,000 remains outstanding. The principal and interest are payable through February 1, 2019.
- D. General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A From an original issuance of \$1,605,000, at rates of 3% 4%, \$1,605,000 remains outstanding. The principal and interest are payable through August 1, 2033.
- E. General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 From an original issuance of \$1,100,000 at rates of 1.4% 2%, \$1,100,000 remains outstanding. Principal and interest is payable through August 1, 2023.

The debt service requirements are as follows:

ND State Construction Bonds, Series 2000

(Dated May 24, 2000, Due annually to June 1, 2020) (Interest paid annually on June 1st)

Year Ending June 30	Rate	F	Principal	I	nterest	I	Payment
2018	2.57%		45,777		3,621		49,398
2019	2.57%		46,953		2,446		49,399
2020	2.57%		48,160		1,238		49,398
		\$	140,890	\$	7,305	\$	148,195

ND State Construction Bonds, Series 2013

(Dated August 1, 2013, Due annually to June 1, 2033) (Interest paid annually on June 1st)

Year Ending June 30	Rate	Principal	Interest	Payment
2018	1.00%	202,859	35,009	237,868
2019	1.00%	204,888	32,981	237,869
2020	1.00%	209,937	30,932	240,869
2021	1.00%	209,006	28,862	237,868
2022	1.00%	211,096	26,772	237,868
2023-2027	1.00%	1,087,571	101,772	1,189,343
2028-2032	1.00%	1,143,051	46,296	1,189,347
2033-2037	1.00%	235,513	2,355	237,868
		\$ 3,503,921	\$ 304,979	\$ 3,808,900

General Obligation Bonds Payable, Series 2013B

(Dated September 10, 2013, Due serially to August 1, 2019) (Interest paid semiannually on August and February 1)

Year Ending June 30	Rate	F	Principal	I	nterest]	Payment
2018	1.10 - 1.35%		120,000		4,328		124,328
2019	1.35 - 1.65%		125,000		2,824		127,824
2020	1.35 - 1.65%		120,000		990		120,990
		\$	365,000	\$	8,142	\$	373,142

General Obligation Bonds Payable, Series 2013A

(Dated September 10, 2013, Due serially to August 1, 2033) (Interest paid semiannually on August and February 1)

Year Ending June 30	Rate	Principal	Interest	Payment
2018	3.00%	-	59,238	59,238
2019	3.00%	-	59,238	59,238
2020	3.00%	-	59,238	59,238
2021	3.00%	-	59,238	59,238
2022	3.00%	-	59,238	59,238
2023-2027	3.00 - 3.25%	425,000	425,000	850,000
2028-2032	3.50 - 4.00%	810,000	810,000	1,620,000
2033-2037	4.00%	370,000	370,000	740,000
		\$ 1,605,000	\$ 1,901,190	\$ 3,506,190

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General Obligation Bonds Payable, Series 2016

(Dated August 1, 2016, Due serially to August 1, 2023) (Interest paid semiannually on February 1st and August 1st)

Year Ending June 30	Rate	Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		I	nterest	 Payment
2018	2.00%	\$	125,000		15,850	140,850								
2019	2.00%		130,000		13,300	143,300								
2020	2.00%		135,000		10,650	145,650								
2021	1.20%		135,000		8,490	143,490								
2022	1.20%		185,000		6,570	191,570								
2023-2027	1.40%		390,000		5,460	 395,460								
		\$	1,100,000	\$	60,320	\$ 1,160,320								

NOTE 12 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements consist of amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available and include taxes receivables of \$63,086. Deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position consist of related pension expense of \$449,706.

NOTE 13 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources in the fund financial statements consist of amounts for which liability recognition criteria have been met, but for which expense recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available. Deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position consist of related pension expense of \$878,767.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The District pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, auto and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for general liability and auto coverage and \$71,340 for public assets coverage.

The District also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The District pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third party insurance carrier for losses in excess of \$175 million per occurrence during a twelve-month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides political subdivision with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,469,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The District participates in the North Dakota Workforce Safety & Insurance and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and boiler and machinery insurance. Settled claims resulting from these above risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims of unemployment benefits. During the year ended June 30, 2017, no claims were filed for unemployment benefits.

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLANS

North Dakota Teacher's Fund for Retirement

The following brief description of TFFR is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 15-39.1 for more complete information.

TFFR is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all North Dakota public teachers and certain other teachers who meet various membership requirements. TFFR provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the TFFR plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the TFFR benefits program is assigned to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board). The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and five members appointed by the Governor. The appointed members serve five-year terms which end on June 30 of alternate years. The appointed Board members must include two active teachers, one active school administrator, and two retired members. The TFFR Board submits any necessary or desirable changes in statutes relating to the administration of the fund, including benefit terms, to the Legislative Assembly for consideration. The Legislative Assembly has final authority for changes to benefit terms and contribution rates.

Pension Benefits

For purposes of determining pension benefits, members are classified within one of three categories. Tier 1 grandfathered and Tier 1 non-grandfathered members are those with service credit on file as of July 1, 2008. Tier 2 members are those newly employed and returning refunded members on or after July 1, 2008.

Tier 1 Grandfathered

A Tier 1 grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 85. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 6% per year for every year the member's retirement age is less than 65 years or the date as of which age plus service equal 85. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 1 Non-Grandfathered

A Tier 1 non-grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 2

A Tier 2 member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when five or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the five highest annual salaries earned divided by 60 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death benefits may be paid to a member's designated beneficiary. If a member's death occurs before retirement, the benefit options available are determined by the member's vesting status prior to death. If a member's death occurs after retirement, the death benefit received by the beneficiary (if any) is based on the retirement plan the member selected at retirement.

An active member is eligible to receive disability benefits when: (a) a total disability lasting 12 months or more does not allow the continuation of teaching, (b) the member has accumulated five years of credited service in North Dakota, and (c) the Board of Trustees of TFFR has determined eligibility based upon medical evidence. The amount of the disability benefit is computed by the retirement formula in NDCC Section 15-39.1-10 without consideration of age and uses the member's actual years of credited service. There is no actuarial reduction for reason of disability retirement.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to TFFR are set by NDCC Section 15-39.1-09. Every eligible teacher in the State of North Dakota is required to be a member of TFFR and is assessed at a rate of 11.75% of salary as defined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-04. Every govern-mental body employing a teacher must also pay into TFFR a sum equal to 12.75% of the teacher's salary. Member and employer contributions will be reduced to 7.75% each when the fund reaches 100% funded ratio on an actuarial basis.

A vested member who terminates covered employment may elect a refund of contributions paid plus 6% interest or defer payment until eligible for pension benefits. A non-vested member who terminates covered employment must claim a refund of contributions paid before age 70½. Re-funded members forfeit all service credits under TFFR. These service credits may be repurchased upon return to covered employment under certain circumstances, as defined by the NDCC.

Pension Liabilities. Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$3,266,307 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial calculation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Districts share of covered payroll in the pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating TFFR employees. At June 30, 2016 the District's proportion was .222947 percent which was a decrease of .03206 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

RICHLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44 Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expenses of \$243,657. At June 30, 2017 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	15,427	\$	15,465
Changes in assumptions		272,831		-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		271,519		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		357,582
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		200,546		
Totals	\$	760,323	\$	373,047

\$200,546 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2018	39,935
2019	39,935
2020	106,281
2021	64,741
2022	(8,131)
Thereafter	(56,033)

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	4.75% to 14.50%, varying by service, including
	inflation and productivity
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active and inactive members, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table set back one year, multiplied by 50% for ages under 75 and grading up to 100% by age 80, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table set forward four years.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, funding actuarial valuation for TFFR.

As a result of the April 30, 2015 actuarial experience study, the TFFR Board adopted several assumption changes, including the following:

- . Investment return assumption lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- . Inflation assumption lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- Total salary scales rates lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation.
- . Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- . Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- . Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equities	58%	7.30%
Global Fixed Income	23%	0.88%
Global Real Assets	18%	5.32%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75% percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2016, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate.

	 1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)		 1% Increase (8.75%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension					
liability	\$ 4,236,645	\$	3,266,307	\$ 2,458,106	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information is located in the North Dakota Retirement and Investments Office's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report the for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Additional financial and actuarial information is available on their website, www.nd.gov/rio, or may be obtained by writing to RIO at ND Retirement and Investment Office, 1930 Burnt Boat Drive, PO Box 7100, Bismarck, North Dakota, 58507-7100 or by calling (701) 328-9885.

General Information about the NDPERS Pension Plan

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death, and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of seven members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system; and one member elected by the retired public employees.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 will be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the member's accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition for disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of salaries and ages. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates 7.12% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service	Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25
13 to 25 months of service	Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25
26 to 36 months of service	Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25
Longer than 36 months of service	Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$351,264 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportion was .036042 percent, which was a decrease of .003573 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$34,348. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,277	\$	3,252
Changes in assumptions		32,382		17,451
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		49,007		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		55,956
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		31,778		-
Totals	\$	118,444	\$	76,659

\$31,778 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2018	(386)
2019	(386)
2020	10,305
2021	2,285
2022	(1,811)
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Cost-of-living adjustments 3.50%4.50% per annum8.00%, net of investment expensesNone

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, morality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back one year for males (no setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, funding actuarial valuation for NDPERS.

As a result of the 2015 actuarial experience study, the NDPERS Board adopted several changes to the actuarial assumptions effective July 1, 2015. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scales, and percent married assumption.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31%	6.90%
International Equity	21%	7.55%
Private Equity	5%	11.30%
Domestic Fixed Income	17%	1.52%
International Fixed Income	5%	0.45%
Global Real Assets	20%	5.38%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2016, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30. 2016.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (7.00%)	Current Discount Rate (8.00%)		 1% Increase (9.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	498,262	\$	351,264	\$ 227,412

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report. It is located in the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System Comprehensive Annual Financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The supporting actuarial information is included in the June 30, 2016, GASB Statements No. 67 and 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Additional financial and actuarial information is available on their website, www.nd.gov/ndpers, or may be obtained by contacting the agency at North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System, 400 E Broadway Ave Suite 505, P.O. Box 1657, Bismarck, ND, 58502-1657 or by calling (701) 328-3900.

NOTE 16 - JOINT VENTURE

The District participates in the following joint ventures:

A. South Valley Multi-District Special Education Unit

Formed for the purpose of providing special education services to the member school districts. The Co-op's governing board is composed of ten representatives from the member school districts, who are superintendents. The Board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The School District retains no equity in the net assets of the Co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from South Valley Multi-District Special Education Unit.

B. Southeast Region Career and Technology Center

Formed for the purpose of providing vocational services to the member school districts. The Co-op's governing board is composed of eight representatives from the member school districts, who are school board members. The Board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget. The School District retains no equity in the net assets of the Co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation. Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from Southeast Region Career and Technology Center.

NOTE 17 - NONMONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The District receives food commodities from the federal government to subsidize its food service program. The market value of commodities received for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$12,694.

NOTE 18 - TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Tra	Transfers In		insfers Out
Fund				
General Fund	\$	29,400	\$	-
Special Revenue - Special Reserve		<u> </u>		(29,400)
Totals	\$	29,400	\$	(29,400)

The transfers were made to cover HVAC upgrades.

NOTE 19 - FUND BALANCE DEFICIT

The following funds reported a fund balance deficit for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	 Deficit
Fund	
Capital Projects - Building	(31,113)
Special Revenue - Food Service	 (955)
Totals	\$ (32,068)

The Special Revenue - Food Service deficit is from current year expenditures in excess of revenues and deficit in the Capital Projects - Building fund is from prior year capital asset acquisitions.

NOTE 20 - CONCENTRATIONS

The District receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state governments. A significant reduction in this support may have a material effect on the District's programs and its continued operations.

NOTE 21 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through October 16, 2017, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Local Sources \$ 666,780 \$ 666,780 \$ 674,798 \$ 8,018 State Sources 2,923,100 2,921,838 (1,262) Federal Sources 76,461 76,461 118,930 42,469 Interest Income 1,000 1,000 3,345 2,345 Miscellaneous - - 12,764 12,764 Total Revenues 3,667,341 3,667,341 3,731,675 64,334 EXPENDITURES - - 12,764 12,764 Current Regular Instruction 1,852,164 1,852,164 1,904,303 (52,139) Special Instruction 217,350 217,350 213,240 4,110 Pupil Services 199,356 99,356 98,085 1,271 General Administration Services 162,484 162,484 140,506 21,978 Operation and Maintenance 433,410 376,173 57,237 Pupil Transportation 211,310 187,963 23,347 Student Activities 151,000 151,000 3,617,00 31,179 (759) Community Services 3,615,000 3,615,0	REVENUES		ginal dget	Fin	nal Budget		Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
State Sources2,923,1002,923,1002,921,838(1,262)Federal Sources76,46176,461118,93042,469Interest Income1,0001,0003,3452,345Miscellaneous12,76412,764Total Revenues3,667,3413,667,3413,731,67564,334EXPENDITURESCurrentRegular Instruction1,852,1641,852,1641,904,303(52,139)Special Instruction217,350217,350213,2404,110Pupil Services99,35699,35698,0851,271General Administration Services138,050138,050137,331719School Administration Services162,484140,50621,978Operation and Maintenance433,410376,17357,237Pupil Transportation211,310211,310187,96323,347Student Activities151,000151,000151,759(759)Community Services3,615,0003,615,0003,587,36027,640Excess of Revenues over Expenditures52,34152,341144,31591,974OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Operating Transfer In29,40029,400NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE§52,341\$52,341173,715\$121,374FUND BALANCE§52,341\$52,341173,715\$121,374FUND BALANCE939,048939,048		\$	666.780	\$	666.780	\$	674,798	\$	8.018
Federal Sources76,46176,461118,93042,469Interest Income1,0001,0003,3452,345Miscellaneous12,76412,764Total Revenues3,667,3413,667,3413,731,67564,334EXPENDITURESCurrentRegular Instruction1,852,1641,852,1641,904,303(52,139)Special Instruction217,350213,2404,110Pupil Services99,35699,35698,0851,271General Administration Services138,050138,050137,331719School Administration Services162,484162,484140,50621,978Operation and Maintenance433,410433,410376,17357,237Pupil Transportation211,310211,310187,96323,347Student Activities151,000151,000151,759(759)Community Services3,615,0003,615,0003,587,36027,640Excess of Revenues over Expenditures52,34152,341144,31591,974OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				+		-		Ŧ	,
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Miscellaneous			,		,				,
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Special Instruction 315,070 315,070 314,993 77 Vocational Instruction 217,350 217,350 213,240 4,110 Pupil Services 99,356 99,356 98,085 1,271 General Administration Services 138,050 138,050 137,331 719 School Administration Services 162,484 162,484 140,506 21,978 Operation and Maintenance 433,410 433,410 376,173 57,237 Pupil Transportation 211,310 211,310 187,963 23,347 Student Activities 151,000 151,000 151,759 (759) Community Services 34,806 34,806 33,607 1,199 Capital Outlay - - 29,400 (29,400) Total Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 29,400 29,400 Operating Transfer In - - 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	Current								
Vocational Instruction 217,350 217,350 213,240 4,110 Pupil Services 99,356 99,356 98,085 1,271 General Administration Services 138,050 138,050 137,331 719 School Administration Services 162,484 162,484 140,506 21,978 Operation and Maintenance 433,410 433,410 376,173 57,237 Pupil Transportation 211,310 211,310 187,963 23,347 Student Activities 151,000 151,000 151,759 (759) Community Services 34,806 34,806 33,607 1,199 Capital Outlay - - 29,400 (29,400) Total Expenditures 3,615,000 3,615,000 3,587,360 27,640 Excess of Revenues over Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 29,400 29,400 Operating Transfer In - - 29,400 29,400 NET	Regular Instruction	1	,852,164		1,852,164		1,904,303		(52,139)
Pupil Services 99,356 99,356 99,356 98,085 1,271 General Administration Services 138,050 138,050 137,331 719 School Administration Services 162,484 162,484 140,506 21,978 Operation and Maintenance 433,410 433,410 376,173 57,237 Pupil Transportation 211,310 211,310 187,963 23,347 Student Activities 151,000 151,000 151,759 (759) Community Services 34,806 34,806 33,607 1,199 Capital Outlay	Special Instruction		315,070		315,070		314,993		77
General Administration Services 138,050 138,050 137,331 719 School Administration Services 162,484 162,484 140,506 21,978 Operation and Maintenance 433,410 433,410 376,173 57,237 Pupil Transportation 211,310 211,310 187,963 23,347 Student Activities 151,000 151,000 151,759 (759) Community Services 34,806 34,806 33,607 1,199 Capital Outlay - - 29,400 (29,400) Total Expenditures 3,615,000 3,615,000 3,587,360 27,640 Excess of Revenues over Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 29,400 29,400 OPerating Transfer In - - 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 52,341 \$ 52,341 173,715 \$ 121,374 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 939,048 939,048 339,048 339,048	Vocational Instruction		217,350		217,350		213,240		4,110
School Administration Services 162,484 162,484 140,506 21,978 Operation and Maintenance 433,410 433,410 376,173 57,237 Pupil Transportation 211,310 211,310 376,173 57,237 Student Activities 151,000 151,000 151,759 (759) Community Services 34,806 34,806 33,607 1,199 Capital Outlay - - 29,400 (29,400) Total Expenditures 3,615,000 3,615,000 3,587,360 27,640 Excess of Revenues over Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 29,400 29,400 OPerating Transfer In - - 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 52,341 \$ 52,341 173,715 \$ 121,374 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 939,048 - 939,048 -	Pupil Services		99,356		99,356		98,085		1,271
Operation and Maintenance 433,410 433,410 376,173 57,237 Pupil Transportation 211,310 211,310 187,963 23,347 Student Activities 151,000 151,000 151,759 (759) Community Services 34,806 34,806 33,607 1,199 Capital Outlay - - 29,400 (29,400) Total Expenditures 3,615,000 3,615,000 3,587,360 27,640 Excess of Revenues over Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 52,341 \$ 52,341 173,715 \$ 121,374 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR - 939,048 - -	General Administration Services		138,050		138,050		137,331		719
Pupil Transportation 211,310 211,310 187,963 23,347 Student Activities 151,000 151,000 151,759 (759) Community Services 34,806 34,806 33,607 1,199 Capital Outlay - - 29,400 (29,400) Facilities Acquisition and Construction - - 29,400 (29,400) Total Expenditures 3,615,000 3,615,000 3,587,360 27,640 Excess of Revenues over Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 52,341 52,341 173,715 \$ 121,374 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR - - 939,048 - -									
Student Activities 151,000 151,000 151,759 (759) Community Services 34,806 34,806 33,607 1,199 Capital Outlay - - 29,400 (29,400) Facilities Acquisition and Construction - - 29,400 (29,400) Total Expenditures 3,615,000 3,615,000 3,587,360 27,640 Excess of Revenues over Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 29,400 29,400 Operating Transfer In - - 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 52,341 \$ 52,341 173,715 \$ 121,374 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 939,048 939,048 -	Operation and Maintenance		433,410		433,410		376,173		
Community Services 34,806 34,806 33,607 1,199 Capital Outlay Facilities Acquisition and Construction 29,400 (29,400) Total Expenditures 3,615,000 3,615,000 3,587,360 27,640 Excess of Revenues over Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer In 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 52,341 \$ 52,341 173,715 \$ 121,374 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			211,310		211,310		187,963		23,347
Capital Outlay Facilities Acquisition and Construction 29,400 (29,400) Total Expenditures 3,615,000 3,615,000 3,587,360 27,640 Excess of Revenues over Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE § 52,341 52,341 173,715 § 121,374 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			· ·		,		'		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction 29,400 (29,400) Total Expenditures 3,615,000 3,615,000 3,587,360 27,640 Excess of Revenues over Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer In 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE § 52,341 \$52,341 173,715 \$121,374 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	•		34,806		34,806		33,607		1,199
Total Expenditures 3,615,000 3,615,000 3,587,360 27,640 Excess of Revenues over Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer In - - 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE § 52,341 \$52,341 173,715 \$121,374 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1 0								
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures 52,341 52,341 144,315 91,974 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer In - - 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 52,341 \$ 52,341 173,715 \$ 121,374 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	Facilities Acquisition and Construction				-		29,400		(29,400)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer In29,40029,400NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE\$ 52,341\$ 52,341173,715\$ 121,374FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR939,048	Total Expenditures	3	,615,000		3,615,000		3,587,360		27,640
Operating Transfer In 29,400 29,400 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 52,341 \$ 52,341 173,715 \$ 121,374 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		52,341		52,341		144,315		91,974
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 939,048							29,400		29,400
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	52,341	\$	52,341		173,715	\$	121,374
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 1,112,763	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						939,048		
	FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	1,112,763		

PENSION SCHEDULES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pen ND Teacher's Fund for Retirement (Last 10 Fiscal Years*	•		
	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.222947%	0.255007%	0.259458%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	3,266,307	3,335,122	2,718,660
District's covered-employee payroll	1,448,543	1,568,558	1,504,994
District proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its			
covered-employee payroll	225.49%	212.62%	180.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.20%	62.10%	66.60%

Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Teacher's Fund for Retirement (TFFR) Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	184,689	199,982	161,785
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contribution	(184,689)	(199,982)	(161,785)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-
Employer's covered-employee payroll	1,448,543	1,568,558	1,504,994
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.75%	12.75%	10.75%

*Complete data for these schedules is not available prior to 2015.

**The measurement date of the net pension liability is June 30th of the prior year.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net P ND Public Employees Retiremen	•		
Last 10 Fiscal Years*			
	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.036042%	0.042615%	0.046336%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	351,264	289,775	294,104
District's covered-employee payroll	363,215	379,645	390,326
District proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it	ts		
covered-employee payroll	96.71%	76.33%	75.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.46%	77.15%	77.70%

Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	26,296	28,837	27,791
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contribution	27,102	(31,143)	(27,791)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(806)	(2,596)	-
Employer's covered-employee payroll	363,215	379,645	390,326
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.46%	8.20%	7.12%

*Complete data for these schedules is not available prior to 2015.

**The measurement date of the net pension liability is June 30th of the prior year.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The School Board adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for the general fund.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The annual budget must be prepared and District taxes must be levied on or before the 15th day of August of each year.
- The taxes levied must be certified to the county auditor by October 10th.
- The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- Each budget is controlled by the Business Manager at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.
- The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.
- All appropriations lapse at year-end

NOTE 2 - NORTH DAKOTA TEACHERS' FUND FOR RETIREMENT CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

Investment amounts reported in June 30, 2017 reflect the following actuarial assumption changes effective July 1, 2016 based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015.

- Investment return assumption lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- Inflation assumption lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- Total salary scale rates lowered by .25% due to inflation.
- Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

NOTE 3 - NORTH DAKOTA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

Amounts reported in June 30, 2017 reflect actuarial assumption changes effective July 1, 2016 based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumption.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2017

	Food	l Service		Special Reserve		Totals
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	112,060	\$	112,060
Due from County	Ŷ	-	Ψ	180	Ŷ	180
Taxes Receivable				262		262
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>		\$	112,502	\$	112,502
LIABILITIES						
Due to Other Funds		955				955
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		262		262
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows						
of Resources		955		262		1,217
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)						
Restricted		-		112,240		112,240
Unassigned		(955)				(955)
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		(955)		112,240		111,285
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,						
and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	_	\$	112,502	\$	112,502

See Notes to Financial Statements

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Fo	od Service	Special Reserve	 Total
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$	90,536	\$ 5,150	\$ 95,686
State Sources		2,022	-	2,022
Federal Sources		56,087	-	56,087
Interest Income			 2	 2
Total Revenues		148,645	5,152	153,797
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
School Food Services		152,056	 	 152,056
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(3,411)	5,152	1,741
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating Transfer Out			 (29,400)	 (29,400)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,411)	(24,248)	(27,659)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,456	 136,488	 138,944
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$	(955)	\$ 112,240	\$ 111,285

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - ACTIVITY FUND Year Ended June 30, 2017

Account	Balance July 1, 2016	Deposits and Transfers In	Withdrawals and Transfers Out	Balance June 30, 2017
X-Country	\$ 302	\$ 2,000	\$ (1,844)	\$ 458
Athletics	7,310	32,456	(33,099)	6,667
Elementary	14,980	4,255	(10,345)	8,890
PB&J Fund	(2)	400	(400)	(2)
JHGBB	1,081	-	(264)	817
Seniors	4,007	488	(5,687)	(1,192)
Juniors	1,252	17,448	(16,215)	2,485
Freshman	525	1,064	-	1,589
Scoreboard	(41,326)	21,599	(9,025)	(28,752)
FCCLA	837	9,952	(9,419)	1,370
School Paper	1,474	600	(242)	1,832
Student Council	7,551	7,536	(6,641)	8,446
Activity Account	104	6,225	(5,281)	1,048
Scholarship	1,000	-	(1,000)	-
Close-Up	22,768	44,882	(43,384)	24,266
Yearbook	11,334	11,922	(13,244)	10,012
Special Music	364	500	(364)	500
Fitness Center	15,756	1,230	(87)	16,899
School Store	(5,223)	10,749	(13,025)	(7,499)
Tournaments	654	1,083	(1,698)	39
Football	1,056	2,085	(1,754)	1,387
Vending Machine	(357)	896	(448)	91
Volleyball	1,301	1,339	(1,605)	1,035
District FCCLA	-	285	-	285
Clay Target League	-	10,090	(4,654)	5,436
Tech Fee	-	1,080	-	1,080
Juvenile Justice	940	-	(200)	740
High School	1,043	1,300		2,343
	\$48,731	\$191,464	(\$179,925)	\$60,270



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Richland Public School District No. 44 Colfax, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to finance audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Richland Public School District No. 44, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Richland Public School District No. 44's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 16, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Richland Public School District No. 44's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Richland Public School District No. 44's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be material weaknesses (2017-001 and 2017-002).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Richland Public School District No. 44's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with these provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

44

Nadine Julson, LLC

District's Response to Findings

Richland Public School District No. 44's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Richland Public School District No. 44's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Nodine Julion. LLC

Nadine Julson, LLC Wahpeton, North Dakota October 16, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of Report Issued:

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Material weakness identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses? Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?
 X
 Yes
 No

 Yes
 X
 None Reported

 Yes
 X
 No

Unmodified

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2017-001 LACK OF SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Criteria

Proper internal control surrounding custody of assets, the recording of transactions, reconciling bank accounts and preparation of financial statements dictates that there should be sufficient accounting personnel so duties of employees are properly segregated. More segregation of duties would provide better control over the assets of the District.

Condition

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Richland Public School District No. 44's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with these provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Effect

The lack of segregation of duties increases the risk of fraud and the risk of misstatement of the District's financial condition whether due to error or fraud.

Recommendation

The accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation of duties is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of financial management and financial statement accuracy for the District. Segregation of authorization, custody of assets, record keeping and reconciliation functions would assist in mitigating the risk of fraud or misstatements to the financial statements.

Views of Responsible Officials

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

2017-002 MATERIAL JOURNAL ENTRIES

Criteria

A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate system for the preparation of the financial statements, including recording government wide journal entries in order to reconcile from the fund financials to the government wide financials and ensuring all general ledger accounts are properly reflected on a GAAP basis.

Condition

The District does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited, including recording government wide journal entries. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements, which include proposing government wide journal entries, and drafting the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Effect

Inadequate controls over financial reporting of the District results in more than a remote likelihood that the District would not be able to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct without the assistance of the auditors.

Recommendation

It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

Views of Responsible Officials

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Prior Financial Statement Findings:

2016-01

A material weakness was reported for a lack of segregation of duties.

Corrective Action Plan

The accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation of duties is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of financial management and financial statement accuracy for the District. Segregation of authorization, custody of assets, record keeping and reconciliation functions would assist in mitigating the risk of fraud or misstatements to the financial statements. This material weakness continues to exist under the current audit findings as finding number 2017-001.