CITY OF MINTO MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and Aldermen of the City Council Minto, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of Minto, North Dakota, which comprise the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Minto, North Dakota, as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in the financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of City contributions to NDPERS pension plan, and the schedule of City's proportionate share of net pension liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

The City of Minto, North Dakota, has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements, in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 13, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Minto, North Dakota's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide and opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Minto, North Dakota's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Porady Martz

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA

August 13, 2018

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

ASSETS		vernmental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	587,479	\$	263,632	\$	851,111
Investments		70,184				70,184
Receivables:						
Taxes				-		5,660
Special assessments				-		229,349
Accounts (net of uncollectible)				10,883		14,070
Other governments		33,794		-		33,794
Total current assets	ble) $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1,204,168		
Non current assets						
Special assessments receivable		1,188,728		-		1,188,728
		, , -				,,
Capital assets						
Land		8,500		-		8,500
Property, plant and equipment		458,042		3,294,726		3,752,768
Infrastructure		1,575,401		1,613,504		3,188,905
Less: accumulated depreciation		(765,945)	(3,076,581)	(3,842,526)
Net capital assets		1,275,998		1,831,649		3,107,647
TOTAL ASSETS		3,394,379		2,106,164		5,500,543
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan - NDPERS		23,988		38,090		62,078
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		31,236		11,201		42,437
Interest payable		10,681		-		10,681
Current portion of long-term debt		213,741		-		213,741
Total current liabilities		255,658		11,201		266,859
Long-term liabilities		0.440		4 0 4 0		0.054
Accrued vacation		2,112		4,842		6,954
Non-current portion of long-term debt		1,231,415		-		1,231,415
Net pension liability		50,520		79,674		130,194
Total long-term liabilities		1,284,047		84,516		1,368,563
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	1,539,705		95,717		1,635,422
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan-NDPERS		3,086		4,868		7,954
••••• •••••••••• ••••••• •••••• •••••••				.,		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		720,842		1,831,649		2,552,491
Restricted-debt service		616,025		-		616,025
Restricted-other		106,280		-		106,280
Unrestricted		432,429		212,020		644,449
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,875,576	\$	2,043,669	\$	3,919,245

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

			Program Revenue	S		Expense) Revenue anges in Net Positic	
			Operating	Capital	F	rimary Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities							
Current							
General government	\$ 181,646	\$ 77,158	\$ 885	\$-	\$ (103,603)	\$	\$ (103,603)
Public safety	11,202	-	-	-	(11,202)	-	(11,202)
Highways and streets	205,107	13,064	267	-	(191,776)	-	(191,776)
Health and welfare	-	-	1,738	-	1,738	-	1,738
Culture and recreation	25,849	14,056	-	-	(11,793)	-	(11,793)
Other	-	-	750	-	750	-	750
Interest and fees	44,706	-	-	-	(44,706)	<u> </u>	(44,706)
Total Governmental Activities	468,510	104,278	3,640		(360,592)		(360,592)
Business-Type Activities							
Water	329,237	207,585	-	-	-	(121,652)	(121,652)
Garbage	60,348	59,325	-	-	-	(1,023)	(1,023)
Sewer	100,133	31,770				(68,363)	(68,363)
Total Business-Type Activities	489,718	298,680				(191,038)	(191,038)
Total Primary Government	\$ 958,228	\$ 402,958	\$ 3,640	<u>\$</u> -	(360,592)	(191,038)	(551,630)
		General Receipts	5:				
		Property taxes			162,317	-	162,317
		Special assess			82,833	-	82,833
				for specific progra			- ,
		State	,		43,616	-	43,616
		Other general i	revenues		3,897	16,186	20,083
		Transfers in (or	ut)		(29,610)	29,610	-
		Subtotal			263,053	45,796	308,849
		Special Items:					
		Gain (loss) on	sale of assets		(6,818)	-	(6,818)
		Change in Net P			(104,357)	(145,242)	(249,599)
		Net Position, Jan	nuary 1		1,979,933	2,188,911	4,168,844
		Ū			(· ·)	. ,	

Net Position, December 31

<u>\$ 1,875,576</u> <u>\$ 2,043,669</u> <u>\$ 3,919,245</u>

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General	005 Paving provement OT/GA		aste Water provement Fund	lighway stribution	G	Other overnmental Funds	 Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 107,881	\$ 152,897	\$	210,051	\$ -	\$	116,650	\$ 587,479
Investments	70,184	-		-	-		-	70,184
Receivables:								
Taxes	5,660	-		-	-		-	5,660
Special assessments	-	618,267		799,810	-		-	1,418,077
Accounts	3,187	-		-	-		-	3,187
Other governments	28,383	-		-	3,757		1,654	33,794
Due from other funds	18,557	 -		-	 		-	 18,557
Total Assets	\$ 233,852	\$ 771,164	\$	1,009,861	\$ 3,757	\$	118,304	\$ 2,136,938
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	\$-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 18,557	\$	-	\$ 18,557
Accounts payable	7,412	 -		-	 11,800		12,024	 31,236
Total liabilities	7,412	 -	_	-	 30,357		12,024	 49,793
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable property taxes receivable	5,660	-		-	-		-	5,660
Delinquent special assessments	-	9,712		9,712	-		-	19,424
Uncertified special assessments	-	608,555		790,098	-		-	1,398,653
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,660	 618,267	_	799,810	 -		-	 1,423,737
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted	-	152,897		210,051	-		106,280	469,228
Unassigned	220,780	 - ,		-	 (26,600)		-	 194,180
Total Fund Balance	220,780	 152,897		210,051	 (26,600)		106,280	 663,408
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 233,852</u>	\$ 771,164	\$	1,009,861	\$ 3,757	\$	118,304	\$ 2,136,938

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balance-governmental funds		\$ 663,408
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation Net	\$ 2,041,943 <u>(765,945</u>)	1,275,998
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources relating to the cost sharing of defined benefit plans in the governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources in the governmental funds.		20,902
Bond discounts are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. Bond discount Accumulated amortization Net	15,375 (9,358)	6,017
Delinquent property taxes, delinquent special assessments and uncertified special assessments will not be collected soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds. Delinquent property taxes Special assessments		5,660 1,418,077
Interest payable reported in the governmental activities are not payable from current resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		(10,681)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. These long-term liabilities consisted of the following:		
Vacations payable Notes payable Capital lease payable Bonds payable Net pension liability	(2,112) (890,000) (116,173) (445,000) (50,520)	(1,503,805)
Total net position-governmental activities		<u>\$ 1,875,576</u>

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	(General	Imp	005 Paving provement OT/GA	ste Water provement Fund	Highway stribution	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	81,006	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 36,865	\$	45,790	\$163,661
Special assessments		-		147,572	84,350	-		-	231,922
Licenses, permits and fees		87,822		-	-	-		-	87,822
Intergovernmental revenues		46,371		-	-	-		-	46,371
Miscellaneous revenues		19,336		266	 387	 8		1,240	21,237
Total revenues	<u> </u>	234,535		147,838	 84,737	 36,873		47,030	551,013
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		159,138		-	-	10,889		9,208	179,235
Public safety		11,202		-	-	-		-	11,202
Highways and streets		23,328		-	-	42,896		58,673	124,897
Culture and recreation		25,849		-	-	-		-	25,849
Capital outlay		-		-	-	10,818		-	10,818
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		-		135,000	50,000	22,959		-	207,959
Interest		-		10,068	23,500	4,744		-	38,312
Fiscal charges		-		875	 4,700	 -		-	5,575
Total expenditures		219,517		145,943	 78,200	 92,306		67,881	603,847
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures		15,018		1,895	 6,537	 (55,433)		(20,851)	(52,834)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers in		18,193		-	-	15,030		-	33,223
Operating transfers out		(23,727)		-	 -	 -		(39,106)	(62,833)
Total other financing sources (uses)	. <u> </u>	(5,534)		-	 -	 15,030		(39,106)	(29,610)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources (Uses)									
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		9,484		1,895	6,537	(40,403)		(59,957)	(82,444)
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		211,296		151,002	 203,514	 13,803		166,237	745,852
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	220,780	\$	152,897	\$ 210,051	\$ (26,600)	\$	106,280	\$663,408

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance- total governmental funds \$ (82,444) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: \$10,818 Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense (80,210) Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense (69, 392)Loss on disposal of fixed asset (6.818)Governmental funds report discounts on bond issuance as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over the life of the debt as amortization expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Amortization expense (1,922)Accrued vacation is recorded as expenditures in the funds upon payment, however in the statement of activities the expense is recognized as incurred. 2,795 Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. However, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. 207,959 Some revenues will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end. These revenues are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Net change in unavailable property taxes (1,343)Net change in special assessments (149,089)Changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to net pension liability 15.152 Change in net pension liability (20, 358)Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. 1,103 Net change in net position of governmental activities \$ (104,357)

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Water	Garbage	Sewer	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets	\$ 222,070	¢ 00 744	¢ 00.001	¢ 060.600
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 222,070 9,403	\$ 20,741 652	\$ 20,821 828	\$ 263,632 10,883
Total current assets	231,473	21,393	21,649	274,515
Capital assets				
Property, plant and				
equipment	3,217,630	-	1,690,600	4,908,230
Less: Accum. depreciation	(2,246,109)		(830,472)	(3,076,581)
Net capital assets	971,521		860,128	1,831,649
TOTAL ASSETS	1,202,994	21,393	881,777	2,106,164
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan - NDPERS	32,470		5,620	38,090
LIABILITIES				
Current				
Accounts payable	10,524	46	631	11,201
Total current liabilities	10,524	46	631	11,201
Long-term				
Accrued vacation	3,818	-	1,024	4,842
Net pension liability	67,914	-	11,760	79,674
Total long-term liabilities	71,732		12,784	84,516
TOTAL LIABILITIES	82,256	46	13,415	95,717
TOTAL LIABILITIES	02,230	40	13,415	95,717
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan-NDPERS	4,149		719	4,868
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	971,521	-	860,128	1,831,649
Unrestricted	177,538	21,347	13,135	212,020
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,149,059	\$ 21,347	\$ 873,263	\$ 2,043,669

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Water	Garbage	Sewer	Total
Operating Revenues:				
Sales - net of discounts	\$ 207,585	\$ 59,325	\$ 31,770	\$ 298,680
Cost of goods sold	(77,189)	(59,496)		(136,685)
Gross profit	130,396	(171)	31,770	161,995
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries	76,272	-	13,637	89,909
Property and liability insurance	846	-	226	1,072
Supplies	14,042	389	4,769	19,200
Repairs	47,233	463	29,851	77,547
Gas and oil	2,793	-	76	2,869
Travel and training	760	-	-	760
Miscellaneous	1,041	-	-	1,041
Utilities	10,050	-	2,735	12,785
Depreciation	99,011		48,839	147,850
Total operating expenses	252,048	852	100,133	353,033
Operating Income (Loss)	(121,652)	(1,023)	(68,363)	(191,038)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest	368	15	-	383
Miscellaneous	15,803		-	15,803
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	16,171	15		16,186
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(105,481)	(1,008)	(68,363)	(174,852)
Transfers:				
Transfers in	5,939	-	23,671	29,610
Net transfers	5,939		23,671	29,610
Net Income (Loss)	(99,542)	(1,008)	(44,692)	(145,242)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,248,601	22,355	917,955	2,188,911
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 1,149,059</u>	<u>\$ 21,347</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 2,043,669</u>

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Water	Garbage	Sewer	Total
\$ 207,686 (146,836) (72,598) (11,748)	\$ 60,258 (60,348) (90)	\$ 31,459 (37,657) (12,004) (18,202)	\$ 299,403 (244,841) (84,602) (30,040)
15,803 5,939 21,742	-	23,671	15,803 29,610 45,413
368	15		383
10,362	(75)	5,469	15,756
211,708	20,816	15,352	247,876
<u>\$ 222,070</u>	<u>\$ 20,741</u>	\$ 20,821	<u>\$ 263,632</u>
\$(121,652)	\$ (1,023)	\$(68,363)	\$(191,038)
99,011	-	48,839	147,850
101 (19,227) 7,118 (1,229) 26,657 (2,527) \$ (11,748)	933 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(311) (3,483) - (149) 5,104 <u>161</u> \$(18,202)	723 (22,710) 7,118 (1,378) 31,761 (2,366) \$ (30,040)
	\$ 207,686 (146,836) (72,598) (11,748) 15,803 <u>5,939</u> 21,742 <u>368</u> 10,362 <u>211,708</u> <u>\$ 222,070</u> \$(121,652) 99,011 (19,227) 7,118 (1,229) 26,657	$\begin{array}{c cccc} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

			В	usiness-		
	Go	vernmental		Туре		
		Activities	A	Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	656,424	\$	247,876	\$	904,300
Investments		69,905				69,905
Receivables:						
Taxes		7,003		-		7,003
Special assessments		222,851		-		222,851
Accounts (net of uncollectible) Other governments		3,464 27,847		11,606		15,070 27,847
-				250 492		· · · · ·
Total current assets		987,494		259,482		1,246,976
Non current assets						
Special assessments receivable		1,344,315		-		1,344,315
		.,				.,
Capital assets						
Land		8,500		-		8,500
Property, plant and equipment		454,464		3,294,726		3,749,190
Infrastructure		1,575,401		1,613,504		3,188,905
Less: accumulated depreciation		(686,157)		2,928,731)	_	<u>3,614,888</u>)
Net capital assets		1,352,208		1,979,499		3,331,707
TOTAL ASSETS		3,684,017		2,238,981		5,922,998
		3,004,017		2,200,001		0,022,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan - NDPERS		9,682		15,380		25,062
5						· · ·
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		11,788		4,083		15,871
Interest payable		11,784		-		11,784
Current portion of long-term debt		209,527		-		209,527
Total current liabilities		233,099		4,083		237,182
Long-term liabilities						
Accrued vacation		4,907		7,208		12,115
Non-current portion of long-term debt		1,441,666		-		1,441,666
Net pension liability		30,162		47,913		78,075
Total long-term liabilities		1,476,735		55,121		1,531,856
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,709,834		59,204		1,769,038
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan-NDPERS		3,932		6,246		10,178
Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan-NDF ENG		5,952		0,240		10,170
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		639,093		1,979,499		2,618,592
Restricted-debt service		636,682		-		636,682
Restricted-other		163,975		-		163,975
Unrestricted		540,183		209,412		749,595
	<i>~</i>	4 070 000	<u>م</u>		~	4 4 0 0 0 4 4
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,979,933	\$ 2	2,188,911	\$	4,168,844

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

			Program Revenues	5		xpense) Revenue and nges in Net Position	
			Operating	Capital	Pri	mary Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities							
Current							
General government	\$151,378	\$ 78,813	\$ 875	\$-	\$ (71,690)	\$-\$	6 (71,690)
Public safety	85,498	-	-	-	(85,498)	-	(85,498)
Highways and streets	128,335	13,011	265	-	(115,059)	-	(115,059)
Health and welfare	-	-	1,828	-	1,828	-	1,828
Culture and recreation	31,589	22,397	-	-	(9,192)	-	(9,192)
Interest and fees	50,018	-			(50,018)		(50,018)
Total Governmental Activities	446,818	114,221	2,968		(329,629)	<u> </u>	(329,629)
Business-Type Activities							
Water	305,023	216,210	-	-	-	(88,813)	(88,813)
Garbage	62,502	60,154	-	-	-	(2,348)	(2,348)
Sewer	78,672	31,523	-	-	-	(47,149)	(47,149)
Total Business-Type Activities	446,197	307,887				(138,310)	(138,310)
Total Primary Government	\$893,015	\$ 422,108	\$ 2,968	<u>\$</u> -	(329,629)	(138,310)	(467,939)
		General Receipts:					
		Property taxes			140,729	-	140,729

General Receipts:			
Property taxes	140,729	-	140,729
Special assessments-interest	90,408	-	90,408
Intergovernmental (not restricted for specific program)			
State	58,351	-	58,351
Other general revenues	1,962	2,305	4,267
Transfers in (out)	9,011	(9,011)	
Subtotal	300,461	(6,706)	293,755
Special Items:			
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(3,240)		(3,240)
Change in Net Position	(32,408)	(145,016)	(177,424)
Net Position, January 1	2,012,341	2,333,927	4,346,268
Net Position, December 31	<u>\$ 1,979,933</u>	<u>\$ 2,188,911</u>	\$ 4,168,844

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	General	005 Paving provement OT/GA	aste Water provement Fund	Highway istribution	En	nergency	G	Other overnmental Funds	 Total
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 128,541	\$ 151,002	\$ 203,514	\$ 10,464	\$	2,262	\$	160,641	\$ 656,424
Investments	69,905	-	-	-		-		-	69,905
Receivables:									
Taxes	7,003	-	-	-		-		-	7,003
Special assessments	-	733,769	833,397	-		-		-	1,567,166
Accounts	3,464	-	-	-		-		-	3,464
Other governments	21,174	 -	 -	 3,339		-		3,334	 27,847
Total assets	\$ 230,087	\$ 884,771	\$ 1,036,911	\$ 13,803	\$	2,262	\$	163,975	\$ 2,331,809
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 11,788</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 11,788
Total liabilities	11,788	 -	 -	 -		-		-	 11,788
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable property taxes receivable	7,003	-	-	-		-		-	7,003
Delinquent special assessments	-	18,755	18,755	-		-		-	37,510
Uncertified special assessments		 715,014	 814,642	 -		-		-	 1,529,656
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,003	 733,769	 833,397	 		-			 1,574,169
FUND BALANCE									
Restricted	-	151,002	203,514	13,803		2,262		163,975	534,556
Unassigned	211,296	 -	 -	 -		-		-	 211,296
Total Fund Balance	211,296	 151,002	 203,514	 13,803		2,262		163,975	 745,852
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 230,087	\$ 884,771	\$ 1,036,911	\$ 13,803	\$	2,262	\$	163,975	\$ 2,331,809

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA RECONCILATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balance-governmental funds		\$ 745,852
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation Net	\$ 2,038,365 (686,157)	1,352,208
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources relating to the cost sharing of defined benefit plans in the governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources in the governmental funds.		5,750
Bond discounts are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		
Bond discount Accumulated amortization Net	15,375 (7,436)	7,939
Delinquent property taxes, delinquent special assessments and uncertified special assessments will not be collected soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes Special assessments		7,003 1,567,166
Interest payable reported in the governmental activities are not payable from current resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		(11,784)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. These long-term liabilities consisted of the following:		
Vacations payable Notes payable Capital lease payable Bonds payable Net pension liability	(4,907) (940,000) (139,132) (580,000) (30,162)	(4.004.004)
Total not position apparamental activition		(1,694,201) (1,070,023)
Total net position-governmental activities		<u>\$ 1,979,933</u>

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	 General		2005 Paving Improvement OT/GA		Improvement		Waste Water Improvement Fund		Improvement		Highway Distribution		0,		Emergency		Other vernmental Funds	Total	
Revenues:																			
Taxes	\$ 65,471	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,480	\$	1,929	\$	34,376	\$ 140,256							
Special assessments	-		149,687		82,808		-		-		-	232,495							
Licenses, permits and fees	88,794		-		-		-		-		-	88,794							
Intergovernmental revenues	61,194		-		-		-		-		-	61,194							
Miscellaneous revenues	 25,056		230		343		24		-		1,859	27,512							
Total revenues	 240,515		149,917		83,151		38,504		1,929		36,235	550,251							
Expenditures:																			
Current:																			
General government	126,678		-		-		8,716		-		19,474	154,868							
Public safety	11,617		-		-		-		73,881		-	85,498							
Highways and streets	22,413		-		-		14,706		-		6,682	43,801							
Culture and recreation	31,589		-		-		-		-		-	31,589							
Capital outlay	5,447		-		-		71,486		-		-	76,933							
Debt service:																			
Principal retirement	-		125,000		50,000		24,131		-		-	199,131							
Interest	-		11,764		24,750		3,572		-		-	40,086							
Fiscal charges	 -		3,293		4,950		-		-		-	8,243							
Total expenditures	 197,744		140,057		79,700		122,611		73,881		26,156	640,149							
Excess of Revenues Over																			
(Under) Expenditures	 42,771		9,860		3,451		(84,107)		(71,952)		10,079	(89,898)							
Other Financing Sources (Uses):																			
Proceeds from Capital Lease Obligations	-		-		-		58,800		-		-	58,800							
Operating transfers in	-		-		-		-		70,000		23,553	93,553							
Operating transfers out	(38,542)		-		-		-		-		(46,000)	(84,542)							
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (38,542)		-		-		58,800		70,000		(22,447)	67,811							
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources (Uses)																			
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	4,229		9,860		3,451		(25,307)		(1,952)		(12,368)	(22,087)							
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	 207,067		141,142		200,063		39,110		4,214		176,343	767,939							
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$ 211,296	<u>\$</u>	151,002	\$	203,514	<u>\$</u>	13,803	\$	2,262	\$	163,975	<u>\$ 745,852</u>							

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balance- total governmental funds		\$ (22,087)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense	\$ 76,933 (84,534)	(7,601)
Loss of disposal of fixed asset		(3.240)
Governmental funds report discounts on bond issuance as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the life of the debt as amortization expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Amortization expense		(1,922)
Accrued vacation is recorded as expenditures in the funds upon payment, however in the statement of activities the expense is recognized as incurred.		1,196
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. However, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		199,131
Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, however issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		(58,800)
Some revenues will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end. These revenues are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.		
Net change in unavailable property taxes Net change in special assessments		475 (142,087)
Changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to net pension liability		7,111
Change in net pension liability		(4,817)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		233
Net change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (32,408)
Not onlarge in not position of governmental addivides		Ψ (02,+00)

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Water	Garbage	Sewer	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 211,708	\$ 20,816	\$ 15,352	\$ 247,876
Accounts receivable	9,504	1,585	517	11,606
Total current assets	221,212	22,401	15,869	259,482
Capital assets				
Property, plant and				
equipment	3,217,630	-	1,690,600	4,908,230
Less: Accum. depreciation	(2,147,098)		(781,633)	(2,928,731)
Net capital assets	1,070,532		908,967	1,979,499
TOTAL ASSETS	1,291,744	22,401	924,836	2,238,981
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan - NDPERS	13,243		2,137	15,380
LIABILITIES				
Current				
Accounts payable	3,406	46	631	4,083
Total current liabilities	3,406	46	631	4,083
Long-Term				
Accrued vacation	6,345	-	863	7,208
Net pension liability	41,257	-	6,656	47,913
Total long-term liabilities	47,602		7,519	55,121
TOTAL LIABILITIES	51,008	46	8,150	59,204
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Cost sharing defined benefit pension plan-NDPERS	5,378		868	6,246
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,070,532	-	908,967	1,979,499
Unrestricted	178,069	22,355	8,988	209,412
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,248,601	<u>\$ 22,355</u>	<u>\$917,955</u>	\$2,188,911

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	 Water	G	Sarbage	 Sewer	 Total
Operating Revenues:					
Sales - net of discounts	\$ 216,210	\$	60,154	\$ 31,523	\$ 307,887
Cost of goods sold	 (73,194)		(60,260)	 -	 (133,454)
Gross profit	 143,016		(106)	 31,523	 174,433
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries	71,593		-	11,457	83,050
Property and liability insurance	1,669		-	178	1,847
Supplies	15,005		369	5,953	21,327
Repairs	30,500		1,873	8,384	40,757
Gas and oil	2,544		-	174	2,718
Travel and training	787		-	-	787
Miscellaneous	878		-	-	878
Professional fees	605		-	605	1,210
Utilities	9,501		-	3,263	12,764
Depreciation	98,747		-	48,658	147,405
Total operating expenses	 231,829		2,242	78,672	 312,743
Operating Income (Loss)	 (88,813)		(2,348)	 (47,149)	 (138,310)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Interest	361		17	-	378
Miscellaneous	1,927		-	-	1,927
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 2,288		17	 -	 2,305
Income (Loss) Before Transfers					
	 (86,525)		(2,331)	 (47,149)	 (136,005)
Transfers:					
Transfers in	568			421	989
Transfers out	(10,000)		-	421	(10,000)
	 			 -	
Net transfers	(9,432)		-	421	(9,011)
Net Income (Loss)	(95,957)		(2,331)	(46,728)	(145,016)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	 1,344,558		24,686	 964,683	 2,333,927
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,248,601	\$	22,355	\$ 917,955	\$ 2,188,911

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Water	G	arbage	Sewer	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM (TO) OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash received from customers	\$	215,815	\$	59,881	\$ 31,533	\$ 307,229
Cash payments to suppliers		(135,057)		(62,502)	(18,557)	(216,116)
Cash paid to employees		(70,143)		-	(8,973)	(79,116)
Net cash flow from operating activities		10,615		(2,621)	4,003	11,997
CASH FLOWS FROM (TO) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Miscellaneous revenues (expenses)		1,927		-	-	1,927
Operating transfers in from other funds		568		-	421	989
Operating transfers out to other funds		(10,000)		-		(10,000)
Net cash flow from non-capital financing activities		(7,505)		-	421	(7,084)
CASH FLOWS FROM (TO) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Purchases of property and equipment		(5,447)		-	(5,447)	(10,894)
Net cash flow from capital and related financing		(- , , -)			<i>(</i>)	
activities		(5,447)		-	(5,447)	(10,894)
CASH FLOWS FROM (TO) INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income		361		17		378
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,976)		(2,604)	(1,023)	(5,603)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		213,684		23,420	16,375	253,479
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	211,708	\$	20,816	<u>\$ 15,352</u>	<u>\$ 247,876</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	\$	(88,813)	\$	(2,348)	\$ (47,149)	\$ (138,310)
cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities		98,747		-	48,658	147,405
(Increase)/Decrease in accounts receivable		(395)		(273)	10	(658)
(Increase)/Decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(7,196)		-	(1,611)	(8,807)
Increase/(Decrease) in accounts payable		(374)		-	-	(374)
Increase/(Decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		(2,357)		-	195	(2,162)
Increase/(Decrease) in net pension liability		9,805		-	3,920	13,725
Increase/(Decrease) in compensated absences	<u> </u>	1,198	<u> </u>		(20)	1,178
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	10,615	\$	(2,621)	\$ 4,003	<u>\$ 11,997</u>

NOTE 1 DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY AND REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Minto is a municipality in which citizens elect the mayor at large and four council members at large.

Reporting Entity - Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City. Fiscal dependence can include the City's approval of the budget, issuance of debt, and/or levying of taxes for the organization.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the City's reporting entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government taken as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except any fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange receipts. Business-type activities are financed in whole or part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

In order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance, the City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds. Fund financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are typically organized into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of an individual fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that type, AND
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for the total of all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Major funds for the governmental funds are the General Fund, Debt Service Fund-2005 Paving Improvement, Debt Service Fund-Waste Water Improvement, Highway Distribution Fund, and the Emergency Fund for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Major funds for the governmental funds are the General Fund, Debt Service Fund-2005 Paving Improvement, Debt Service Fund-Waste Water Improvement, and the Highway Distribution Fund for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Major proprietary funds include the water fund, sewer fund, and sanitation fund.

Governmental Funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt, principal and interest.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund types are used to account for business-type activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activities focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The City includes all of the enterprise funds as major, which consist of the Water, Garbage, and Sewer Funds.

Fiduciary Funds

The reporting focus of fiduciary funds is on net position and changes in net position. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Currently the City of Minto has no fiduciary funds.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe the recognition of revenues and expenditures within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus:

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures and claims and judgments (if any), are recorded only when payment is due.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The City's governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of its fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recorded as the related fund liability is incurred.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Equivalents

The City considers cash equivalents to be temporary investments, which are readily convertible to cash, such as certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and treasury bills of less than three months.

Investments

Investments consist solely of certificates of deposit.

Revenues

The City has the following program revenues; fees, fines and charges for services, operating and capital grants or contributions that are specific to a program. All other governmental revenues and general tax levies are classified as general revenues.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use taxes, property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues and investment income.

Operating revenues and expenses in the enterprise funds consist of user fees, sales, charges for services and the related income and expenses associated with providing those sales and services. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of contributions, grants, rents, interest and other miscellaneous items not associated with the services the fund is providing.

Revenues-Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions:

Exchange transactions are transactions in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenue for exchange transactions is recorded when the exchange takes place. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue for exchange transactions is recorded when the resources are measurable and available.

Non-exchange transactions include transactions in which the City receives value without directly providing value in return. Non-exchange transactions include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recorded in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it is recorded in the financial records of the City.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and investment income.

Property Taxes and Special Assessments

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on January 1st of the year collectible. A 5% reduction is allowed if paid by February 15th. Penalty and interest are added March 1st unless the first half of the taxes have been paid. Additional penalties are added October 15th if taxes are not paid.

Property taxes are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. However, delinquent taxes may not be collected soon enough in the following year to be available for current expenditures, therefore offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Special Assessments receivable include the Following components:

Unremitted – includes amounts held by the county as a collection agent

*Delinquen*t – included amount billed to the property owners but not paid as of December 31, 2017

Uncertified – includes assessment installment which will be billed to property owners in future years

Special assessment principal revenues are recognized as installments become measurable and available. Special Assessment - interest is recognized when due.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized in the financial statements before the revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenues.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are carried at original invoice. Management regularly evaluates customer receivables. Receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resource (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item reported on the statement of net position as *cost sharing defined benefit pension plan*, which represents actuarial differences within the NDPERS pension plans as well as amounts paid to the plans after the measurement date. See Note 6 for more details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as in inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting Accordingly, the items, unavailable property taxes, delinquent special in this category. assessments, and uncertified special assessments are reported only in the governmental funds The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources, balance sheet. property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are unavailable and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also has one item reported on the statement of net position as cost sharing defined benefit pension plan, which represents actuarial differences within the NDPERS pension plan. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. See Note 6 for more details.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure (i.e. roads, bridges, sidewalks, storm sewers and similar improvements), are reported in the government-wide statements in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column and in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets that have been purchased or constructed have been valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the time of donation.

Depreciation on exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and Improvements	15 – 50 years
Equipment	5 – 25 years
Infrastructure	50 years

Capital assets not being depreciated include land and construction in progress.

Capitalized Interest

The City capitalizes net interest costs and interest earned as part of the cost of constructing various projects when material.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities and proprietary fund financial statements.

In the governmental fund financial statements, long-term debt is not recognized as a liability. Instead, proceeds from the issuance of debt and repayment of debt principal are recognized as "Other Financing Sources" and "Expenditures", respectively, in the fund financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are expensed when earned.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as "Net Position" and displayed in three components:

- 1. <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> Consists of the remaining undepreciated cost of the assets less the outstanding debt associated with the purchase or construction of the related asset.
- <u>Restricted</u> Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. <u>Unrestricted</u> All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Balances

The difference between assets and liabilities is "Net Position" on the government wide financial statements and "Fund Balance" on the governmental fund financial statements.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance represents a portion of fund balance that includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance represents a portion of fund balance that reflects constraints placed on the use of resources (other than nonspendable items) that are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority which is the Council through a resolution.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but neither restricted nor committed. The assigned amounts are determined by the Council.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance not assigned to other funds and not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it would be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The first priority is to utilizing the restricted before unrestricted fund balance when both are available. Committed funds will be considered spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classification could be used like assigned or unassigned.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The Council has not formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General Fund.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances, which represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services, have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Significant Group Concentrations of Credit Risk

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the City's receivables consist of amounts owed from the local area businesses and individuals for utility services. The City does not require collateral or other security.

Inter-fund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Inter-fund activities within the City's governmental activities and its business-type activities, are eliminated in the statement of activities.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash pool of which each fund's portion of the pool is displayed on their respective balance sheet as cash and cash equivalents. In addition, non-pooled investments are separately held and reflected in their respective funds balance sheet as investments. The City's investments consist of certificates of deposit.

In accordance with North Dakota laws, the City maintains deposits at depositories authorized by the city council. The depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

State statutes require that market value of collateral pledged to secure deposits not covered by insurance must equal 110% of the deposits. The City's cash and investments are held by the designated depository. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the City had adequate FDIC insurance or pledged collateral to cover all deposits.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize local governments to invest in:

- a) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- b) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- c) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the state.
- d) Obligations of the state.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable: Land Total	<u>\$8,500</u> 8,500	<u>\$ -</u> 	<u>\$</u>	\$ 8,500 8,500
Capital Assets, Depreciable	454 464	10.010	(7.040)	450.040
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Infrastructure	454,464 1,575,401	10,818 -	(7,240) -	458,042 1,575,401
Total	2,029,865	10,818	(7,240)	2,033,443
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Machinery and Equipment	324,990	39,347	(422)	363,915
Infrastructure	361,167	40,863		402,030
Total Accumulated Depreciation	686,157	80,210	(422)	765,945
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	1,343,708	(69,392)	(6,818)	1,267,498
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,352,208	<u>\$ (69,392)</u>	<u>\$ (6,818)</u>	<u>\$ 1,275,998</u>

Changes in capital assets for the business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Business-Type Activities	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital Assets, Depreciable				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 3,169,918	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,169,918
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	124,808	-	-	124,808
Infrastructure	1,613,504			1,613,504
Total	4,908,230			4,908,230
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	2,120,401	94,469	-	2,214,870
Machinery and Equipment	63,316	9,376	-	72,692
Infrastructure	745,014	44,005		789,019
Total Accumulated Depreciation	2,928,731	147,850		3,076,581
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	<u>\$ 1,979,499</u>	<u>\$(147,850</u>)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,831,649</u>

Depreciation expenses charged to the various functions in the Statement of Activities for the year ended December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Governmental Activities Highways and Streets	\$ 80,210
Business-Type Activities	
Water	\$ 99,011
Sewer	 48,839
	\$ 147,850

Changes in capital assets for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable: Land Total	<u>\$8,500</u> 8,500	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 8,500 8,500
Capital Assets, Depreciable				
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	381,531	76,933	(4,000)	454,464
Infrastructure	1,575,401			1,575,401
Total	1,956,932	76,933	(4,000)	2,029,865
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Machinery and Equipment	282,078	43,672	(760)	324,990
Infrastructure	320,305	40,862		361,167
Total Accumulated Depreciation	602,383	84,534	(760)	686,157
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	1,354,549	(7,601)	(3,240)	1,343,708
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 1,363,049</u>	<u>\$ (7,601</u>)	<u>\$ (3,240)</u>	<u>\$ 1,352,208</u>

Changes in capital assets for the business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

Business-Type Activities	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital Assets, Depreciable	• • • • • • • •	^	^	• • • • • • • •
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 3,169,918	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,169,918
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	132,928	10,894	(19,014)	124,808
Infrastructure	1,613,504			1,613,504
Total	4,916,350	10,894	(19,014)	4,908,230
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	2,025,932	94,469	-	2,120,401
Machinery and Equipment	73,399	8,931	(19,014)	63,316
Infrastructure	701,009	44,005		745,014
Total Accumulated Depreciation	2,800,340	147,405	(19,014)	2,928,731
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	<u>\$ 2,116,010</u>	<u>\$(136,511)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,979,499</u>

Depreciation expenses charged to the various functions in the Statement of Activities for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

Governmental Activities Highways and Streets	\$ 84,534
Business-Type Activities Water	\$ 98,747
Sewer	 48,658
	\$ 147,405

NOTE 5 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the governmental activities long-term debt by individual issue for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively:

Issue	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
December 31, 2017						
Accrued Vacation		\$ 4,907	\$-	\$ 2,795	\$ 2,112	\$-
Bonds Payable \$480,000 Refunding Improvement Bonds, Series 2012	1.0-1.7%	235,000	-	65,000	170,000	65,000
\$545,000 Refunding Improvement Bonds, Series 2013	1.25-2.25%	345,000	-	70,000	275,000	70,000
Discount on Bonds		(7,939)		(1,922)	(6,017)	
Notes Payable Clean Water State Revolving Fund Program	2.50%	940,000		50,000	890,000	55,000
Capital Lease Street Sweeper Road Grader	3.30% 3.39%	92,889 46,243	-	11,970 10,989	80,919 35,254	12,379 11,362
Net Pension Liability		30,162	34,816	14,458	50,520	
Total Long-Term Debt-Governmental Activities	6	<u>\$ 1,686,262</u>	\$ 34,816	<u>\$ 223,290</u>	<u>\$ 1,497,788</u>	\$ 213,741

Issue	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
December 31, 2016						
Accrued Vacation		\$ 6,103	\$-	\$ 1,196	\$ 4,907	\$-
Bonds Payable \$480,000 Refunding Improvement Bonds, Series 2012	1.0-1.7%	295,000	-	60,000	235,000	65,000
\$545,000 Refunding Improvement Bonds, Series 2013	1.25-2.25%	410,000	-	65,000	345,000	70,000
Discount on bonds		(9,861)		(1,922)	(7,939)	
Notes Payable Clean Water State Revolving Fund Program	2.50%	990,000	-	50,000	940,000	50,000
Capital Lease Street Sweeper Road Grader	3.30% 3.39%	104,463	58,800	11,574 12,557	92,889 46,243	11,970 12,557
Net Pension Liability		25,345	10,042	5,225	30,162	<u> </u>
Total Long Term Debt-Governmental Activities	6	\$ 1,821,050	\$ 68,842	\$ 203,630	\$ 1,686,262	\$ 209,527

Accrued vacation, capital lease payable, and net pension liability will be liquidated through the general fund.

The amount of future payments on the above governmental activities long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

Bonds Pa	yable	;											
Refunding Improvement Bond, Series 2012							Ref	unding Imp	orove	ement Bon	d, S	<u>eries 2013</u>	
	<u>F</u>	Principal	<u> </u>	nterest		Total		<u>F</u>	Principal	<u>]</u>	nterest		Total
2018	\$	65,000	\$	2,338	\$	67,338	2018	\$	70,000	\$	5,400	\$	75,400
2019		65,000		1,233		66,233	2019		70,000		3,825		73,825
2020		40,000		340		40,340	2020		70,000		2,250		72,250
2021		-		-		-	2021		65,000		731		65,731
	\$	170,000	\$	3,910	\$	173,910		\$	275,000	\$	12,206	\$	287,206

	Clean Water State Revolving Program					
		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	-	Total
2018	\$	55,000	\$	22,250	\$	77,250
2019		55,000		20,875		75,875
2020		55,000		19,500		74,500
2021		55,000		18,125		73,125
2022		60,000		16,750		76,750
2023-2027		325,000		60,500		385,500
2028-2031		285,000		18,000		303,000
	\$	890,000	\$	176,000	\$	1,066,000

	Equipment Lease					
		Principal		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2018	\$	23,741	\$	3,963	\$	15,146
2019		24,549		3,153		15,145
2020		25,385		2,318		15,146
2021		13,693		1,453		15,146
2022		14,161		985		15,146
2023-2027	_	14,644		502		15,146
	\$	116,173	\$	12,374	\$	90,875

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN

North Dakota Public Employees' Retirement System (Main System)

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for NDPERS. That report may be obtained by writing to NDPERS; 400 E. Broadway, Suite 505; PO Box 1214; Bismarck ND 58502-1214.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of seven members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system; and one member elected by the retired public employees. Effective July 1, 2015, the board was expanded to include two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provision or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016, the Rule of 85 will be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The annual pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition of disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service – Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25 13 to 25 months of service – Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25 25 to 36 months of service – Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25 Longer than 36 months of service – Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$130,194 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was 0.008011 percent.

At December 31, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$78,075 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion was 0.008100 percent.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$18,645. The City has elected to pay the employer and employee portion of the retirement contribution. At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 774	\$ 634
Changes in assumptions	53,388	2,936
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,751	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	488	4,384
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,418	
	<u>\$61,819</u>	<u>\$7,954</u>

\$5,418 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$9,170. The City has elected to pay the employer and employee portion of the retirement contribution. At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred <u>of Res</u>		 ed Inflows sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,173	\$ 723
Changes in assumptions		7,198	3,879
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		10,893	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	5,576
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,798	 -
	\$	25,062	\$ 10,178

\$5,798 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as of December 31, 2017 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>P</u> (<u>ension Expense</u>
Year ending June 30		<u>Amount</u>
2018	\$	10,288
2019		12,690
2020		10,874
2021		9,151
2022		5,444

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as of December 31, 2016 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>Pe</u>	<u>nsion Expense</u>
Year ending June 30		<u>Amount</u>
2017	\$	1,450
2018		1,450
2019		3,826
2020		2,029
2021		331

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflations	3.50%			
Salary Increases	Service: Beginning of Year			
	0	15.00%		
	1	10.00%		
	2	8.00%		
Age*				
	Under 36	8.00%		
	36-40	7.50%		
	41-49	6.00%		
	50+	5.00%		

Investment Rate of Return 7.75%, Net of Investment expenses Cost of Living Adjustments None

*Age-based salary increase rates apply for employees with three or more years of service.

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with ages set back one year for males (no setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset as of December 31, 2017 allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00%	6.05%
International Equity	21.00%	6.70%
Private Equity	5.00%	10.20%
Domestic Fixed Income	17.00%	1.43%
International Fixed Inc.	5.00%	-0.45%
Global Real Assets	20.00%	5.16%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	0.00%

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset as of December 31, 2016 allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00%	6.60%
International Equity	21.00%	7.30%
Private Equity	5.00%	10.90%
Domestic Fixed Income	17.00%	1.49%
International Fixed Inc.	5.00%	-0.45%
Global Real Assets	20.00%	5.24%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	0.00%

Discount Rate

For PERS, GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the PERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

The pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments through the year of 2061. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2061, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.75%; the municipal bond rate is 3.56%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 6.44% as of December 31, 2017.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2016, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2016.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.44 percent as of December 31, 2017, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.44 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.44 percent) than the current rate :

	1% Decrease in			irrent Discount	1% Increase in	
	Discount F	Rate-5.44%		Rate 6.44%	Discount	Rate-7.44%
Employer's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability	\$	176,742	\$	130,194	\$	91,467

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent as of December 31, 2016, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in		Current Discount		1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate-7%			<u>Rate 8%</u>		scount Rate-9%
Employer's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability	\$	110,748	\$	78,075	\$	50,546

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs

The City participates in various state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the City has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at December 31, 2017 and 2016, may be impaired. In the opinion of the City, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries insurance for risks of loss considered necessary, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City's property insurance is through the North Dakota State Fire and Tornado Fund, the liability insurance is provided through the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund, employee bond is provided by the North Dakota State Bond Fund, and workers' compensation is provided by the North Dakota Workers' Compensation Bureau. Other risks are covered by private insurance.

NOTE 8 FUND EQUITY

The following table presents the fund balances as of December 31, 2017.

	<u>Ge</u>	<u>neral</u>	·		 aste Water provements <u>Fund</u>	Highway Distribution		Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>	
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	
Restricted											
Cemetary		-		-	-		-		282	282	
Building		-		-	-		-		16,818	16,818	
Emergency		-		-	-		-		4,347	4,347	
Airport Authority		-		-	-		-		751	751	
Highway Distribution		-		-	-		-		-	-	
Community Development		-		-	-		-		84,082	84,082	
Debt Service		-		152,897	 210,051		-		-	362,948	
Total Restricted		-		152,897	210,051		-		106,280	469,228	
Unassigned	22	0,780		-	 -		(26,600)		-	194,180	
Total Fund Balance	\$22	0,780	\$	152,897	\$ 210,051	\$	(26,600)	\$	106,280	\$663,408	

The following table presents the fund balances as of December 31, 2016.

	<u>General</u>			aste Water provements <u>Fund</u>			Emergency		Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>			<u>Total</u>	
Fund Balances	¢	۴		\$		\$		¢		\$		\$	
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	\$	-	Ф	-	\$	-
Restricted													
Cemetary	-		-		-		-		-		879		879
Building	-		-		-		-		-		17,625		17,625
Emergency	-		-		-		-		2,262		-		2,262
Airport Authority	-		-		-		-		-		631		631
Highway Distribution	-		-		-		13,803		-		-		13,803
Community Development	-		-		-		-		-		144,840	1	44,840
Debt Service			151,002		203,514		-		-		-	3	354,516
Total Restricted	-		151,002		203,514		13,803		2,262		163,975	5	34,556
Unassigned	211,296		-		-		-		-		-	_2	211,296
Total Fund Balance	\$ 211,296	\$	151,002	\$	203,514	\$	13,803	\$	2,262	\$	163,975	\$7	45,852

NOTE 9 INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of Interfund balances as of December 31, 2017 is as follows:

<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Highway Fund	\$ 18,557

The interfund balance in the Highway Fund is die to deficit cash balances.

There were no interfund balances as of December 31, 2016.

During the year, the City made interfund transfers. Transfers are approved by the Council and are used to assist in the operation of the fund receiving the transfer. The transfers for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	2017	
	General Highway Water Sewer	\$ 18,193 15,030 5,939 <u>23,671</u>
Transfers In		\$ 62,833
Transfers Out	General Community Development	\$ (23,727) (39,106) \$ (62,833)
	2016	
Transfers In	Social Sec Advertising Emergency Building Employee Pension Water Sewer	\$ 3,737 634 70,000 17,500 1,682 568 421 \$ 94,542
Transfers Out	General Cemetary Community Development Water	\$ (38,542) (1,500) (44,500) (10,000) \$ (94,542)

NOTE 10 LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Fund Deficits

The following funds were in a deficit position at December 31, 2017:

Highway Distribution \$ 26,600

The City will relieve the deficit with future sales tax, special assessment collections, bonds issuances or transfers from other funds.

NOTE 11 NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several new statements, some of which have not been implemented by the City.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. It also establishes disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, provides guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This Statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*, improves the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

Management has not yet determined what effect these statements will have on the City's financial statements

NOTE 12 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No significant events occurred subsequent to the City's year-end. Subsequent events have been evaluated through August 13, 2018, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 73,165	\$ 73,165	\$ 81,006	\$ 7,841
Licenses, permits and fees	87,560	87,560	87,822	262
Intergovernmental revenues	49,683	49,683	46,371	(3,312)
Miscellaneous revenues	26,023	26,023	19,336	(6,687)
Total revenues	236,431	236,431	234,535	(1,896)
Expenditures: Current				
General government	193,158	193,158	159,138	34,020
Public safety	13,584	13,584	11,202	2,382
Highways and streets	30,760	30,760	23,328	7,432
Culture and recreation	36,258	36,258	25,849	10,409
Total expenditures	273,760	273,760	219,517	54,243
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(37,329)	(37,329)	15,018	52,347
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating transfers in	-	-	18,193	18,193
Operating transfers out	(15,000)	(15,000)	(23,727)	(8,727)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(15,000)	(15,000)	(5,534)	9,466
Change in Fund Balance	(52,329)	(52,329)	9,484	61,813
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	211,296	211,296	211,296	
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ 158,967</u>	<u>\$ 158,967</u>	<u>\$ 220,780</u>	<u>\$61,813</u>

See Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ 65,471	\$ 65,471
Licenses, permits and fees	88,010	88,010	88,794	784
Intergovernmental revenues	70,358	70,358	61,194	(9,164)
Miscellaneous revenues	23,064	23,064	25,056	1,992
Total revenues	181,432	181,432	240,515	59,083
Expenditures: Current				
General government	170,576	170,576	126,678	43,898
Public safety	14,584	14,584	11,617	2,967
Highways and streets	30,760	30,760	22,413	8,347
Culture and recreation	34,506	34,506	31,589	2,917
Capital outlay	-	-	5,447	(5,447)
Total expenditures	250,426	250,426	197,744	52,682
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(68,994)	(68,994)	42,771	111,765
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating transfers out	(13,375)	(13,375)	(38,542)	(25,167)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13,375)	(13,375)	(38,542)	(25,167)
Change in Fund Balance	(82,369)	(82,369)	4,229	86,598
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	207,067	207,067	207,067	
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ 124,698</u>	<u>\$ 124,698</u>	<u>\$ 211,296</u>	<u>\$ 86,598</u>

See Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE EMERGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Devenue		riginal udget		Final Budget		Actual	Fina Fa	ance with Il Budget vorable avorable)
Revenue:	•		~		•		•	
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	1,929	\$	1,929
Total revenues		-		-		1,929		1,929
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety		3,000		3,000		73,881		(70,881)
Total expenditures		3,000		3,000		73,881		(70,881)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,000)		(3,000)		<u>(71,952</u>)		72,810
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-		-		70,000 70,000		70,000 70,000
Change in Fund Balance		(3,000)		(3,000)		(1,952)		142,810
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		4,214		4,214		4,214		-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,214	\$	1,214	\$	2,262	\$	142,810

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Budgetary Information

The governing body of each municipality, annually on or before September 10, shall make, on suitable blanks prescribed by the state tax commissioner and state auditor, an itemized statement known as the preliminary budget statement showing the amounts of money which, in the opinion of the governing body, will be required for the proper maintenance, expansion, or improvement of the municipality during the year. The annual budget shall be prepared for the general fund, special revenue funds and debt service funds. The budget is prepared on the cash basis, which is not materially different from the modified accrual basis.

The preliminary budget shall set forth specifically:

- 1) Estimated expenditures of the municipality for the current fiscal year.
- 2) Estimated expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 3) Estimated cash balance standing to the debit or credit of the municipality at the end of the current year.
- 4) Estimate of probable amounts that may be received during the ensuing year from sources other than direct property taxes, and a statement of all the uncollected taxes due to the municipality.

After the preliminary budget has been prepared, the city auditor shall give notice that the preliminary budget is on file in the office of the auditor and that such budget may be examined by anyone requesting to do so. The governing body shall meet for the purpose of adopting the final budget and making the annual tax levy no later than October 7.

After completing the final budget on or before October 7, the governing body shall proceed to make the annual tax levy. Immediately after the completion of the final budget and the adoption of the tax levy by the governing body, the auditor shall send to the county auditor two certified copies of the final budget and levy no later than October 10.

The budget may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared, except no amendment changing the taxes levied can be made after October 10, of each year. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts.

The unexpended balance of the cash appropriation becomes a part of the unappropriated balance at year end.

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

NOTE 2 – EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

	Gene	ral Fund								
	<u>B</u>	<u>udget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	E	xcess				
Capital outlay	\$	-	\$	5,447	\$	5,447				
Emergency Fund										
	B	udget		<u>Actual</u>	E	xcess				
Public safety	\$	3,000	\$	73,881	\$	70,881				

Funds sufficient to provide for the excess expenditures were made available from other functions within the fund, and the excess has no impact on the financial results of the City.

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE NDPERS PENSION PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (PROSPECTIVELY)

			Contri	butions in					
For The	Sta	tutorily	Relati	on to the				City's	Contributions as a
Year Ended	Re	quired	Statutor	ily Required	Co	ntribution	(Covered-employee	Percentage of Covered
December 31	Cont	tribution	Contr	ibutions	Deficie	ency (Excess	<u>s)</u>	<u>Payroll</u>	Employee Payroll
2017	\$	5,996	\$	5,996	\$	-		\$ 84,213	7.12%
2016		5,845		5,845			-	82,093	7.12%
2015		5,924		5,924			-	83,202	7.12%

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. Information for prior years is not available.

See Note to the Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (PROSPECTIVELY)

		Proportionate Share							
				of the Net Pension					
	City's	City's		Liability (Asset) as a	Plan Fiduciary				
For The	Proportion of the	Proportionate Share	City's Covered	Percentage of its	Net Position				
Year Ended	Net Pension	of the Net Pension	Employee	Covered-employee	as a Percentage of the				
December 31	Liability (Asset)	Liability (Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	Total Pension Liability				
2017	0.008100%	\$ 130,194	\$ 82,692	157.44%	70.46%				
2016	0.008011%	78,075	80,735	96.71%	70.46%				
2015	0.008755%	59,533	77,994	76.33%	77.15%				

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. Information for prior years is not available.

The amounts presented for each year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability, which is June 30.

See Note to the Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

NOTE 1 CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

Amounts reported in 2017 reflect actuarial assumption changes effective July 1, 2017 based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2017. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumption.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and Alderman of the City Council Minto, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Minto, North Dakota as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 13, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Minto, North Dakota's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and a significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2017-001 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2017-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Minto's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Minto, North Dakota's Response to the Findings

The City of Minto, North Dakota's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City of Minto, North Dakota's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Porady Martz

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA

August 13, 2018

CITY OF MINTO, NORTH DAKOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Control Deficiency 2017-001

Condition:

The City has one office employee, the City Auditor, responsible for all accounting and administrative functions. The Auditor handles all incoming monies, prepares receipts, prepares deposits, issues all checks and distributes them, receives bank statements and does the reconciliations. The Auditor also records receipts and disbursements to the journals and maintains the general ledger. The degree of internal control is severely limited.

Cause:

Considering the size of the City, it is not feasible to maintain proper separation of duties.

Recommendation:

The City should attempt to maintain proper separation of duties, whenever possible.

Response:

We concur with the auditor's recommendation. The City will consider the costs and benefits of this recommendation.

Control Deficiency 2017-002

Condition:

The City does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited.

Criteria:

An organization should design an internal control system to provide for the preparation of financial statements of the City.

Cause:

As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements. This circumstance is not unusual in an organization of your size.

Recommendation:

It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations. Management and those charged with governance should consider additional training of staff or engaging other accountants to draft the financial statements.

Response:

We concur with the auditor's finding and will consider the risks and costs associated with the financial statement preparation.