MILNOR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Nadine Julson, LLC

Milnor, North Dakota

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June 30, 2017

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Milnor, North Dakota

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

June 30, 2017

James Martinson President

Kate Mund Vice - President

Brian Bussman Board Member

Lacey Ferderer Board Member

Shane Kadoun Board Member

Chris Larson Superintendent

Wanda Hogness Business Manager



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Milnor Public School District No. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Milnor Public School District No. 2 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Milnor Public School District No. 2, Milnor, North Dakota, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective change in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–9 and 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Milnor Public School District No. 2's basic financial statements. The official directory and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The official directory has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a reported dated October 30, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide opinions on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Milnor Public School District No. 2's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Nadine Julson, LLC Wahpeton, North Dakota

Nadire Julian. LLC

October 30, 2017

MILNOR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

Management Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2017

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of Milnor Public School District No. 2's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes.

The MD&A is an element of the Required Supplementary Information specified in the Government Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 - Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments. Certain comparative information between the current fiscal year and the prior year is presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2016-2017 are as follows:

State and federal revenue received was very close to estimated amounts, and actual local expenditures were slightly less than estimated in the budget and the District received reallocated title funds. Improvements made included: renovation of the commons area and relocation of the lockers, new window in two classrooms and the library, and a new door on the kitchen entrance. The bus barn was fully insulated and motion detecting lights were installed. The district's Strategic Plan, 5- year Technology Plan, and Professional Development Plan are all underway and ongoing. The district received a grant from Monsanto to be used in 17-18.

Using this Annual Report

This annual financial report consists of a series of statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand Milnor Public School District No. 2 as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. These statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's general fund with all governmental funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting on the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

These statements are summaries of all the funds used by the Milnor Public School District No. 2 to provide programs and activities and attempt to answer the question "How did the District do financially during the year ended June 30, 2017?"

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. This statement is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which means that all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes).

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or deteriorated. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not.

Management Discussion and Analysis - Continued

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, regular instruction, federal programs, special education, vocational education, administration, food services, operation and maintenance of buildings and grounds, student transportation, and co-curricular activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Reporting on the District's Most Significant Funds

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

The District uses separate funds to account for and manage money dedicated for particular purposes (e.g. taxes collected from special mill levies and funds received from grants and donations). The fund basic financial statements allow the District to demonstrate its stewardship over the accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. Using the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 34, the District's general fund and capital projects building fund are considered a "major fund."

The District's other funds, which are the food service and special reserve, are used to account for a multitude of financial transactions and is summarized under the heading "Other Governmental Funds".

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-15 of this report.

In addition, the School District has the following fund types:

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Milnor Public School District No. 2's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 16 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17-34 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major government funds can be found on pages 39-40 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Table I provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2017 and 2016. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Milnor Public School District No. 2, net position increased by \$19,619 for the year ending June 30, 2017.

The District's net position at June 30, 2017 is segregated into three separate categories. Net position invested in capital assets (net of related debt) are not available for future spending. Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent. The remaining unrestricted net positions are available to meet the District's ongoing obligations.

Table I Net PositionJune 30,

	2017	2016
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets	\$ 1,120,173	\$ 1,005,075
Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	1,011,317	1,062,377
Deferred Outflows of Resources	848,410	634,113
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,979,900	2,701,565
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Current Liabilities	38,299	36,965
Long-term Liabilities	3,541,673	3,476,188
Deferred Inflows of Resources	344,008	152,111
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,923,980	3,665,264
Net Position (Deficit)		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	921,331	954,128
Restricted	240,832	207,152
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(2,106,243)	(2,124,979)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (944,080)	\$ (963,699)

Table II shows the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Table II Changes in Net PositionFor the Years Ended June 30,

Revenues	_	2017		2016
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$	65,467	\$	63,661
Operating Grants and Contributions		266,381		261,859
General Revenues				
Property Taxes		623,512		628,555
State Aid - Unrestricted		2,431,547		2,442,070
Interest and Miscellaneous Earnings		17,396	_	7,243
Total Revenues	\$	3,404,303	\$	3,403,388

	2017			2016		
Expenses						
Regular Instruction	\$	1,908,555	\$	2,257,904		
Special Instruction		232,456		195,889		
Vocational Instruction		23,644		10,642		
Pupil Services		163,745		159,934		
General Administration Services		138,497		132,641		
School Administration Services		182,062		181,749		
Other Support Services		59,530		57,604		
Operation and Maintenance		325,539		275,947		
Pupil Transportation		108,613		121,264		
Student Activities		94,257		15,108		
School Food Services		144,819		148,618		
Interest and Other Charges		2,967	_	2,935		
Total Expenses		3,384,684	_	3,560,235		
Change in Net Position	\$	19,619	\$	(156,847)		

Unrestricted state aid constituted 71.4%, property tax 18.3%, operating grants and contributions 7.8% and charges for services made 1.9% of the total revenues of governmental activities of the School District for the fiscal year June 30, 2017.

Regular instruction constituted 56.4%, operations and maintenance of plant 9.6%, special education 6.9%, school administration 5.4%, and pupil services 4.8% of total expenditures for governmental activities during the fiscal year June 30, 2017.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table III shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and other unrestricted revenues.

Table III Total and Net Cost of ServicesFor the Years Ended June 30,

	Total Cost			Net Cost			
		2017		2016	2017		2016
Regular Instruction	\$	1,908,555	\$	2,257,904	\$ 1,790,551	\$	2,148,504
Special Instruction		232,456		195,889	232,456		195,889
Vocational Instruction		23,644		10,642	23,644		(4,623)
Pupil Services		163,745		159,934	163,745		159,934
General Administration Services		138,497		132,641	138,497		132,641
School Administration Services		182,062		181,749	182,062		181,749
Other Support Services		59,530		57,604	59,530		57,604
Operation and Maintenance		325,539		275,947	325,539		275,947
Pupil Transportation		108,613		121,264	36,260		59,455
Student Activities		94,257		15,108	94,257		15,108
School Food Services		144,819		148,618	3,328		9,572
Interest and Other Charges		2,967		2,935	 2,967	_	2,935
Total Expenses	\$	3,384,684	\$	3,560,235	\$ 3,052,836	\$	3,234,715

Management Discussion and Analysis - Continued

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The purpose of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Unreserved fund balance generally can be used as a measure of the District's net resources available for spending as of the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds had total revenue of \$3,402,187 and expenditures of \$3,290,265 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The unassigned fund balance of the District's general fund was \$824,855.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, revenues were less than budgetary estimates by \$14,891, expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$52,120, and ending fund balance was more than budgetary estimates by \$37,229. Revenues from local sources were less than budgeted amounts.

Additional information on the Milnor Public School District No. 2 budget can be found in Note 2 of the audited financial statements that follow this analysis.

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2017, the Milnor Public School District No. 2 had \$1,011,317 invested in capital assets. Table IV shows the balances at June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Table IV Capital Assets

(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)
June 30,

	2017		 2016
Buildings and Improvements Vehicles Equipment	\$	835,532 151,333 24,452	\$ 862,299 172,357 27,721
Total Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$	1,011,317	\$ 1,062,377

This total represents a net decrease of \$51,060 in capital assets from the prior fiscal year. For a detailed breakdown of the additions and deletions to capital assets, readers are referred to Note 10 of the audited financial statements that follow this analysis.

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2017, the Milnor Public School District No. 2 had \$89,986 of total debt a decrease of \$18,263 from the previous fiscal year.

Table V Outstanding DebtJune 30,

	Total Outstanding				Due Within One Year			
		2017		2016		2017		2016
Notes Payable Special Assessments	\$	71,322 18,664	\$	88,150 20,099	\$	17,102 1,435	\$	16,828 1,435
Total Outstanding Debt	\$	89,986	\$	108,249	\$	18,537	\$	18,263

For the Future

For the school year 2017 - 2018 the District's federal and state funding will continue to be at the forefront of the conversion for Milnor Public School. Through ESSA and the reauthorization of ESEA we saw a decrease in funding of some federal programs. We also have some funding available that wasn't there in the past. Some variables remain for the district, such as fuel costs associated with transportation and heating the building. Enrollment projections show a slow decline in the district, although we've increased over the last few school years. Online high school classes will continue to move forward with the Sundale Colony School as well as in the high school. Personnel and staffing will continue to be discussion topics as they relate to enrollment and are large factors in the budget. Sports co-ops are in place with Wyndmere, Lidgerwood, North Sargent, and Sargent Central for various activities. Yearly improvements to the building and facilities will continue, as approved annually by the school board.

Contacting the Districts Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our parents, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the Milnor Public School District No. 2's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives to provide the best possible education to all students enrolled in Milnor Public School District No. 2. Anyone who has questions about information contained in this report or who is interested in receiving additional information is encouraged to contact Chris Larson at P.O. Box 39 Milnor, North Dakota, 58060-0369, 701-427-9361.

Milnor, North Dakota

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

ASSETS Current Assets Cash and Investments Due from County Due from State Government Due from Federal Government Taxes Receivable	\$	974,998 25,981 8,408 67,340 43,446
Total Current Assets		1,120,173
Capital Assets Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation Buildings Improvements Vehicles Equipment	_	533,720 301,812 151,333 24,452
Total Capital Assets		1,011,317
Total Assets		2,131,490
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow Related to Pension		848,410
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,979,900
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Current Portion of Long-term Debt: Notes Payable Special Assessments	\$	2,500 17,262 17,102 1,435
Total Current Liabilities		38,299
Due After One Year: Notes Payable Special Assessments Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability		54,220 17,229 30,103 3,440,121
Total Liabilities		3,579,972
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow Related to Pension		344,008
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,923,980
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted		921,331 240,832 (2,106,243)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(944,080)

See Notes to Financial Statements

Milnor, North Dakota

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Program	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Expenses			narges for Services	•		Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: Regular Instruction Special Instruction Vocational Instruction Pupil Services General Administration Services School Administration Services Other Support Services Operation and Maintenance Pupil Transportation Student Activities School Food Services Interest and Other Charges	\$	1,908,555 232,456 23,644 163,745 138,497 182,062 59,530 325,539 108,613 94,257 144,819	\$	11,550 - - - - - - - 53,917	\$	106,454 - - - - - - 72,353 - 87,574	\$ (1,790,551) (232,456) (23,644) (163,745) (138,497) (182,062) (59,530) (325,539) (36,260) (94,257) (3,328)
Interest and Other Charges Total Governmental Activities		2,967 3,384,684 neral Revenues axes: Taxes Levied		65,467	\$	266,381	(2,967) (3,052,836) 491,453
	Iı	Taxes Levied in taxes Levied i	132,059 2,431,547 1,463 				
	Ch	Total General	3,072,455				
		ange in Net Pos t Position (Defi		eginning of Ye	ear		19,619 (963,699)
	Ne	t Position (Defi	cit), Er	nd of Year			\$ (944,080)

MILNOR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

	Major Funds							
	Ger	neral Fund]	Capital Projects Building	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	749,174	\$	117,760	\$	108,064	\$	974,998
Due from County		19,695		5,466		820		25,981
Due from State Government		8,408		-		-		8,408
Due from Federal Government		67,340		-		-		67,340
Taxes Receivable		34,724		7,584		1,138		43,446
Total Assets	\$	879,341	\$	130,810	\$	110,022	\$	1,120,173
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	2,500	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,500
Salaries and Benefits Payable	Ψ	17,262	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	17,262
·	-	<u> </u>						
Total Liabilities		19,762		-		-		19,762
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		34,724		7,584		1,138		43,446
• •		- 7:				,	-	-
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows								
of Resources		54,486		7,584		1,138		63,208
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted		_		123,226		81,035		204,261
Assigned		_		-		27,849		27,849
Unassigned		824,855		-		-		824,855
•							-	
Total Fund Balance		824,855		123,226		108,884		1,056,965
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	879,341	\$	130,810	\$	110,022	\$	1,120,173

Milnor, North Dakota

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,056,965
Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets	2,189,076	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,177,759)	
Net Capital Assets		1,011,317
Property taxes receivable will be collected after year-end, but are not available		
soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are		10.116
reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		43,446
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not		
due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund		
liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but		
rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and		
long-term are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at the end of the year are reported in the statement of net position.		
the year are reported in the statement of het position.		
Special Assessments	(18,664)	
Notes Payable	(71,322)	
Compensated Absences	(30,103)	
Pension Liability (net of related deferred outflows and inflows)	(2,935,719)	
Total Long-term Liabilities		 (3,055,808)

(944,080)

Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities

MILNOR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Major	Funds			
	General Fund	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources Interest Income Miscellaneous	\$ 481,515 2,503,900 106,454 1,312 13,057	\$ 131,711 - - 34 -	\$ 73,637 860 86,714 117 2,876	\$ 686,863 2,504,760 193,168 1,463 15,933	
Total Revenues	3,106,238	131,745	164,204	3,402,187	
EXPENDITURES Current Regular Instruction Special Instruction Vocational Instruction Pupil Services General Administration Services School Administration Services Other Support Services Operation and Maintenance Pupil Transportation Student Activities School Food Services Debt Service Principal Interest and Other Charges	1,822,031 232,456 21,612 163,745 137,429 182,062 59,530 208,619 89,744 91,241	- - - - - 116,920 - - - - 704	- - - - - - - 143,646	1,822,031 232,456 21,612 163,745 137,429 182,062 59,530 325,539 89,744 91,241 143,646	
Special Assessments	_	1,435		1,435	
Total Expenditures	3,027,560	119,059	143,646	3,290,265	
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	78,678	12,686	20,558	111,922	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	746,177	110,540	88,326	945,043	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 824,855	\$ 123,226	\$ 108,884	\$ 1,056,965	

Milnor, North Dakota

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 111,922
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Repayment of debt principal and capital lease payable is an expenditure in the governmental fund financial statements, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statements of net position.	18,263
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Net Increase in Compensated Absences(1,980)Net Increase in Pension Liability(59,642)	(61,622)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets with a cost greater than \$5,000 is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation	
expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays and asset disposals in the current year.	(51,060)
Some revenues reported on the statement of activities are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds since they do not represent available	
resources to pay current expenditures. This consists of an increase in taxes receivable.	 2,116
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 19,619

MILNOR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

	Age	ncy Funds
ASSETS Cash and Investments	<u>\$</u>	54,395
LIABILITIES Due to Groups	\$	54,395

MILNOR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Milnor Public School District No. 2 Milnor, North Dakota (the District) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Milnor Public School District No. 2. The District has considered all potential component units for which the District is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the District such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criterion includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Milnor Public School District No. 2 to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on Milnor Public School District No. 2.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the Milnor Public School District No. 2 as a reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (Milnor Public School District No. 2). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, fees and other non-exchange transactions. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements - The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the district-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Building Fund - Used to account for financial resources related to capital outlays made by the District.

Additionally, the District reports the following governmental fund types that are included in non-major funds:

1. Governmental Funds

- a. Special Reserve Fund Used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District.
- b. Food Service Fund Used to account for food service revenues and expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

2. Fiduciary Funds

a. *Agency Funds* - Used to account for resources held for other in a custodial capacity, the District's Agency Fund is the Student Activity Fund.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Government Fund Financial Statements - Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. All revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

D. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts. Cash equivalents on the statement of cash flows consist of certificates of deposit with a maturity of three months or more. Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the uninsured balance.

Investments consist of certificates of deposits stated at cost with maturities greater than three months.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, building and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Building	50
Playground equipment	20
School busses	15
Other vehicles	15
Office equipment	5

F. Vacation Pay, Sick Pay, Severance

Each full-time teacher will receive 15 days of sick leave per year, accumulative to 65 days. Accumulated sick leave beyond 15 days must be used if medical complications exist with a doctor's certificate of disability. Any sick leave over the 65 days will be reimbursed at \$30 per day and dropped at the end of the school year. Teachers leaving Milnor School District, after 5 years of service, will receive \$30 per day of unused sick leave. Teachers shall be entitled to 3 days of personal leave per year, accumulative to 4 days. 1 day of used absence may be carried over to the next year; at the teacher's request the remaining will be reimbursed at \$75 a day and dropped. All twelve-month full time employees will be given 12 days of sick leave with pay per year accumulative to 25 days. Any sick leave over the 25 days will be reimbursed on the June payroll at \$20 per day and dropped. All other non-certified employees who work less than 12 months per year will be given 7 days per year accumulative to 12 days. Any sick leave over 12 days will be reimbursed on the June payroll at \$15 per day for employees working more than 6 hours per day and \$10 per day working less than 6 hours per day. All 9 month employees will be reimbursed 7 hours of sick leave if they average 6 or more hours per day and if less than 6 hours per day they will be reimbursed at 3.5 hours per day. All non-certified employees who work less than 12 months per year will be given 3 personal days per year. 1 personal day may be carried over for the next school year. Individual contracts may vary the length and accumulation of vacation days.

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the government activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Fund for Retirement (TFFR) and additions to/deductions from TFFR's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TFFR. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Fund Balance and Net Position

GASB Statement No. 54 established new fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints (restriction or limitations) imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

Fund Balance Spending Policy:

It is the policy of the Milnor Public School District No. 2 to spend restricted resources first, followed by unrestricted resources. It is also the policy of the Board to spend unrestricted resources of funds in the following order: committed, assigned and then unassigned.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

Budget Stabilization Policy:

Replenishing deficiencies - when fund balance falls below the minimum 10 percent range, the District will replenish shortages/deficiencies using the budget strategies and time frames described as follows.

The following budgetary strategies shall be utilized by the District to replenish funding deficiencies

- The District will reduce recurring expenditures to eliminate any structural deficit; or
- The District will increase revenues or pursue funding sources; or
- Some combination of the two operations above

GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions

GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints and the purpose for which resources can be used:

CLASSIFICATION	DEFINITION	EXAMPLES
Nonspendable	Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.	Inventories, prepaid amounts (expenses), long-term receivables, endowment funds.
Restricted	Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.	Funds restricted by State Statute, unspent bond proceeds, grants earned but not spent, debt covenants, taxes raised for a specific purpose.
Committed	A committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the School Board. Formal action is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.	By board action, construction claims and judgements, retirements of loans and notes payable, capital expenditures, and self insurance.
Assigned	Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are under the direction of the board and the business manager.	By board action, construction claims and judgements, retirements of loans and notes payable, capital expenditures, and self-insurance.
Unassigned	Unassigned fund balance is the lowest classification for the General Fund. This is a fund balance that has not been reported in any other classification. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.	Available for any remaining general fund expenditure.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

Restricted Fund Balances - Consist of the following items:

Special Revenue Fund

Funds used for special uses as restricted by state law. In accordance with NDCC 57-19-01, the ending fund balance is limited to the amount generated by fifteen (15) mills times the taxable valuation of the District. Restricted by enabling legislation and tax levy.

Capital Projects Building Fund

Fund used for construction of building additions and renovation projects – restricted by specified tax levy.

Assigned Fund Balances - Consist of the following item:

Food Service Fund

Restricted state and federal resources are spent first and reimbursed by each year-end. Any remaining fund balance is normally left in the food service fund at each year-end, but may be spent at the discretion of the business manager (authority given from the governing board). Assigned by federal and state reimbursements for free and reduced meals and grants.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Consists of the amount reported in the General Fund at year-end.

Net Position

Milnor Public School District No. 2 implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position during the year ended June 30, 2013.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Net Investment in capital assets is reported for capital assets less accumulated depreciation and any related debt used to construct them. The resources needed to repay this related debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets are not used to liquidate these liabilities. These assets are not available for future spending.

Restrictions of net position, shown in the Statement of Net Position, are due to restricted tax levies and bond indenture capital construction requirements for capital projects and special purposes. Unrestricted net position is primarily unrestricted amounts related to the general fund and any negative fund balances. The unrestricted net position is available to meet the District's ongoing obligations.

J. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

NOTE 2 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

Expenditures over Appropriations – General fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at the depository banks designed by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal land bank bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board. At year end June 30, 2017, the District's carrying amounts of deposits was \$1,200,206 and the bank balances were \$974,998. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining bank balances were collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk:

The District may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statues, as follows:

- a) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by the Treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of congress.
- b) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above.
- c) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- d) Obligations of the state.

As of June 30, 2017, the District held no certificates of deposit.

Interest Rate Risk:

The District does not have a formal deposit policy that limits maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair-value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The District does not have a limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4 - TAXES RECEIVABLE

The taxes receivable represents the past five years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable.

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authority. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of amounts for accrued interest and amounts on open account from other school districts and organizations for goods and services furnished by the District. No allowance has been established for uncollectible accounts.

NOTE 6 - DUE FROM COUNTY TREASURER

Due from county represents the amount of taxes collected prior to year-end that are distributed to the District shortly after June 30, 2017.

NOTE 7 - DUE FROM FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The amount due from federal government consists of a reimbursement claim for various Title Programs. This claim is passed through the state.

NOTE 8 - DUE FROM STATE GOVERNMENT

The amount due from state government consists of reimbursement claims for various projects.

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	1,561,870	-	-	1,561,870
Vehicles	445,662	6,810	-	452,472
Equipment	174,734	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	174,734
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	2,182,266	6,810	-	2,189,076
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	699,571	26,767	-	726,338
Vehicles	273,305	27,834	-	301,139
Equipment	147,013	3,269	_	150,282
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,119,889	57,870	-	1,177,759
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	1,062,377	(51,060)		1,011,317
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,062,377	\$ (51,060)	\$ -	\$ 1,011,317

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Regular Instruction	\$ 24,902
Vocational Instruction	2,032
General Administration Services	1,068
Pupil Transportation	25,679
Student Activities	3,016
School Food Services	 1,173
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 57,870

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term liabilities:

Long-term

	Long-term Debt Payable at July 1, 2016	Increases	Decreases	Long-term Debt Payable at June 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
Notes Payable	88,150		(16,828)	71,322	17,102
Special Assessments	20,099	-	(1,435)	18,664	1,435
Compensated Absences*	28,123	1,980	<u> </u>	30,103	
Totals	<u>\$ 136,372</u>	\$ 1,980	\$ (18,263)	\$ 120,089	\$ 18,537

^{*}The change in compensated absences is shown as a net change because changes in salary prohibit exact calculations of additions and reductions.

Outstanding debt at June 30, 2017, are comprised of the following individual issues:

- A. Note Payable 2.75% note payable in annual installments of \$19,901 through November 14, 2020, secured by bus.
- B. Special Assessment 3.50% special assessment payable in annual installments of \$2,189 through June 30, 2030.

The debt service requirements are as follows:

School Bus

Year Ending June 30	Rate	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Payment
2018	2.75%	17,102	1,989	19,091
2019	2.75%	17,579	1,512	18,601
2020	2.75%	18,069	1,022	18,069
2021	2.75%	18,572	519	23,614
		\$ 71,322	\$ 5,042	\$ 79,375

Special Assessment

Street Improvement District No. 15-1 (Interest paid annually on June 1st)

Year Ending June 30	Rate	Principal	Interest	Payment
2018	3.50%	1,435	754	2,189
2019	3.50%	1,435	754	2,189
2020	3.50%	1,435	754	2,189
2021	3.50%	1,435	754	2,189
2022	3.50%	1,435	754	2,189
2023-2027	3.50%	11,489	6,029	17,518
		\$ 18,664	\$ 9,799	\$ 28,463

NOTE 11 - NONMONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The District receives food commodities from the federal government to subsidize its food service program. The market value of commodities received for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$9,789.

NOTE 12 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements consist of amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available and include taxes receivables of \$43,446. Deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position consist of related pension expense of \$344,008.

NOTE 13 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources in the fund financial statements consist of amounts for which liability recognition criteria have been met, but for which expense recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available. Deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position consist of related pension expense of \$848,410.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The District pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, auto and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for general liability and auto coverage and \$71,340 for public assets coverage.

The District also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The District pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third party insurance carrier for losses in excess of \$175 million per occurrence during a twelve-month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides political subdivision with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,469,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The District participates in the North Dakota Workforce Safety & Insurance and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and boiler and machinery insurance. Settled claims resulting from these above risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

The District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims of unemployment benefits. During the year ended June 30, 2017, no claims were filed for unemployment benefits.

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLANS

North Dakota Teacher's Fund for Retirement

The following brief description of TFFR is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 15-39.1 for more complete information.

TFFR is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all North Dakota public teachers and certain other teachers who meet various membership requirements. TFFR provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the TFFR plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the TFFR benefits program is assigned to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board). The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and five members appointed by the Governor. The appointed members serve five-year terms which end on June 30 of alternate years. The appointed Board members must include two active teachers, one active school administrator, and two retired members. The TFFR Board submits any necessary or desirable changes in statutes relating to the administration of the fund, including benefit terms, to the Legislative Assembly for consideration. The Legislative Assembly has final authority for changes to benefit terms and contribution rates.

Pension Benefits

For purposes of determining pension benefits, members are classified within one of three categories. Tier 1 grandfathered and Tier 1 non-grandfathered members are those with service credit on file as of July 1, 2008. Tier 2 members are those newly employed and returning refunded members on or after July 1, 2008.

Tier 1 Grandfathered

A Tier 1 grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 85. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 6% per year for every year the member's retirement age is less than 65 years or the date as of which age plus service equal 85. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 1 Non-Grandfathered

A Tier 1 non-grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

Tier 2

A Tier 2 member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when five or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the five highest annual salaries earned divided by 60 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death benefits may be paid to a member's designated beneficiary. If a member's death occurs before retirement, the benefit options available are determined by the member's vesting status prior to death. If a member's death occurs after retirement, the death benefit received by the beneficiary (if any) is based on the retirement plan the member selected at retirement.

An active member is eligible to receive disability benefits when: (a) a total disability lasting 12 months or more does not allow the continuation of teaching, (b) the member has accumulated five years of credited service in North Dakota, and (c) the Board of Trustees of TFFR has determined eligibility based upon medical evidence. The amount of the disability benefit is computed by the retirement formula in NDCC Section 15-39.1-10 without consideration of age and uses the member's actual years of credited service. There is no actuarial reduction for reason of disability retirement.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to TFFR are set by NDCC Section 15-39.1-09. Every eligible teacher in the State of North Dakota is required to be a member of TFFR and is assessed at a rate of 11.75% of salary as defined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-04. Every governmental body employing a teacher must also pay into TFFR a sum equal to 12.75% of the teacher's salary. Member and employer contributions will be reduced to 7.75% each when the fund reaches 100% funded ratio on an actuarial basis.

A vested member who terminates covered employment may elect a refund of contributions paid plus 6% interest or defer payment until eligible for pension benefits. A non-vested member who terminates covered employment must claim a refund of contributions paid before age 70½. Re-funded members forfeit all service credits under TFFR. These service credits may be repurchased upon return to covered employment under certain circumstances, as defined by the NDCC.

Pension Liabilities. Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$3,100,035 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial calculation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Districts share of covered payroll in the pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating TFFR employees. At June 30, 2016 the District's proportion was .211598 percent which was a decrease of .024423 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expenses of \$241,189. At June 30, 2017 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 red Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 14,641	\$ 14,678
Changes in assumptions	258,943	-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	257,697	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	279,690
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 174,352	
Totals	\$ 705,633	\$ 294,368

\$174,352 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2018	47,838
2019	47,838
2020	110,807
2021	71,381
2022	2,219
Thereafter	(43,169)

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	4.75% to 14.50%, varying by service, including
	inflation and productivity
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active and inactive members, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table set back one year, multiplied by 50% for ages under 75 and grading up to 100% by age 80, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table set forward four years.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, funding actuarial valuation for TFFR.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

As a result of the April 30, 2015 actuarial experience study, the TFFR Board adopted several assumption changes, including the following:

- . Investment return assumption lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- . Inflation assumption lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- . Total salary scales rates lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation.
- . Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- . Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- . Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equities	58%	7.30%
Global Fixed Income	23%	0.88%
Global Real Assets	18%	5.32%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75% percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2016, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.75%)		Current Discount Rate (7.75%)			1% Increase (8.75%)		
District's proportionate share of the net pension								
liability	\$	4,020,979	\$	3,100,035	\$	2,332,976		

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information is located in the North Dakota Retirement and Investments Office's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report the for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Additional financial and actuarial information is available on their website, www.nd.gov/rio, or may be obtained by writing to RIO at ND Retirement and Investment Office, 1930 Burnt Boat Drive, PO Box 7100, Bismarck, North Dakota, 58507-7100 or by calling (701) 328-9885.

General Information about the NDPERS Pension Plan

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death, and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of seven members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system; and one member elected by the retired public employees.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 will be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the member's accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition for disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of salaries and ages. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates 7.12% of covered compensation.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service	Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25
13 to 25 months of service	Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25
26 to 36 months of service	Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25
Longer than 36 months of service	Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$340,086 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportion was .034895 percent, which was a decrease of .004998 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$45,964. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	201011	ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,109	\$	3,149	
Changes in assumptions		31,352		16,895	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		47,447		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		27,547		29,596	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		31,322			
Totals	\$	142,777	\$	49,640	

\$31,322 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2018	12,335
2019	12,335
2020	22,685
2021	14,704
2022	(244)
Thereafter	-

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.50%

Salary increases 4.50% per annum

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, morality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back one year for males (no setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, funding actuarial valuation for NDPERS.

As a result of the 2015 actuarial experience study, the NDPERS Board adopted several changes to the actuarial assumptions effective July 1, 2015. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scales, and percent married assumption.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31%	6.90%
International Equity	21%	7.55%
Private Equity	5%	11.30%
Domestic Fixed Income	17%	1.52%
International Fixed Income	5%	0.45%
Global Real Assets	20%	5.38%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2016, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	1	1% Decrease (7.00%)		Current Discount Rate (8.00%)		1% Increase (9.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension						
liability	\$	482,405	\$	340,086	\$	220,174

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report. It is located in the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System Comprehensive Annual Financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The supporting actuarial information is included in the June 30, 2016, GASB Statements No. 67 and 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Additional financial and actuarial information is available on their website, www.nd.gov/ndpers, or may be obtained by contacting the agency at North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System, 400 E Broadway Ave Suite 505, P.O. Box 1657, Bismarck, ND, 58502-1657 or by calling (701) 328-3900.

NOTE 16 - JOINT VENTURE

The District participates in the following joint ventures:

A. South Valley Multi-District Special Education Unit

Formed for the purpose of providing special education services to the member school districts. The Co-op's governing board is composed of ten representatives from the member school districts, who are superintendents. The Board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The School District retains no equity in the net assets of the Co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from South Valley Multi-District Special Education Unit.

B. Southeast Region Career and Technology Center

Formed for the purpose of providing vocational services to the member school districts. The Co-op's governing board is composed of eight representatives from the member school districts, who are school board members. The Board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget. The School District retains no equity in the net assets of the Co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation. Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from Southeast Region Career and Technology Center.

NOTE 17 - LEASE

The School District leases the gym from the Milnor Area Community Center (MACC) for \$20,400 annually. The MACC pays the operational costs to maintain the building. Future lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2018	20,400
2019	20,400
2020	1,700
Totals	\$ 42,500

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

NOTE 18 - CONCENTRATIONS

The District receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state governments. A significant reduction in this support may have a material effect on the District's programs and its continued operations.

NOTE 19 - COMMITMENTS

The District has commitments on various construction projects totaling \$54,189 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through October 30, 2017, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

MILNOR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Original Budget	_ <u>Fi</u>	nal Budget		Actual	Fin	riance with hal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES	Φ	504.104	Ф	504 104	Φ	401.515	Φ	(22.660)
Local Sources	\$	504,184	\$	504,184	\$	481,515	\$	(22,669)
State Sources		2,505,491		2,505,491		2,503,900		(1,591)
Federal Sources		106,454		106,454		106,454		-
Interest Income		1,000		1,000		1,312		312
Miscellaneous		4,000		4,000		13,057		9,057
Total Revenues		3,121,129		3,121,129		3,106,238		(14,891)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Regular Instruction		1,839,868		1,839,868		1,822,031		17,837
Special Instruction		217,525		217,525		232,456		(14,931)
Vocational Instruction		22,720		22,720		21,612		1,108
Pupil Services		169,978		169,978		163,745		6,233
General Administration Services		137,312		137,312		137,429		(117)
School Administration Services		207,051		207,051		182,062		24,989
Other Support Services		60,882		60,882		59,530		1,352
Operation and Maintenance		201,207		201,207		208,619		(7,412)
Pupil Transportation		102,384		102,384		89,744		12,640
Student Activities		101,290		101,290		91,241		10,049
Debt Services								
Principal		17,663		17,663		16,828		835
Interest and Other Charges		1,800		1,800		2,263		(463)
Total Expenditures		3,079,680		3,079,680		3,027,560		52,120
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		41,449		41,449		78,678		37,229
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						746,177		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	824,855		

Milnor, North Dakota

PENSION SCHEDULES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Teacher's Fund for Retirement (TFFR) Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.211598 %	0.236021 %	0.240292 %
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	3,100,035	3,086,813	2,517,834
District's covered-employee payroll	1,374,805	1,451,776	1,393,821
District proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its	3		
covered-employee payroll	225.49%	212.62%	180.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.20 %	62.10 %	66.60 %
Schedule of Employer Contrib			

Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Teacher's Fund for Retirement (TFFR) Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	175,288	185,093	149,834
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contribution	(175,288)	(185,093)	(149,834)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>-</u>	=	-
Employer's covered-employee payroll	1,374,805	1,451,776	1,393,821
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.75 %	12.75 %	10.75 %

^{*}Complete data for these schedules is not available prior to 2015.

^{**}The measurement date of the net pension liability is June 30th of the prior year.

Pension Schedules - Continued

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.034895 %	0.039893 %	0.034090 %
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	340,086	271,266	216,377
District's covered-employee payroll	351,662	355,395	287,158
District proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its			
covered-employee payroll	96.71 %	76.33 %	75.35 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.46 %	77.15 %	77.70 %

Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	25,460	26,995	20,446
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contribution	26,516	(25,556)	(20,446)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(1,056)	1,439	-
Employer's covered-employee payroll	351,662	355,395	287,158
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.54 %	7.60 %	7.12 %

^{*}Complete data for these schedules is not available prior to 2015.

^{**}The measurement date of the net pension liability is June 30th of the prior year.

Milnor, North Dakota

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The School Board adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for the general fund.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The annual budget must be prepared and District taxes must be levied on or before the 15th day of August of each year.
- The taxes levied must be certified to the county auditor by October 10th.
- The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- Each budget is controlled by the Business Manager at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.
- The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.
- All appropriations lapse at year-end

NOTE 2 - NORTH DAKOTA TEACHERS' FUND FOR RETIREMENT CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

Investment amounts reported in June 30, 2017 reflect the following actuarial assumption changes effective July 1, 2016 based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015.

- Investment return assumption lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- Inflation assumption lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- Total salary scale rates lowered by .25% due to inflation.
- Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

NOTE 3 - NORTH DAKOTA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

Amounts reported in June 30, 2017 reflect actuarial assumption changes effective July 1, 2016 based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumption.

MILNOR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2017

		Food Service	Special Reserve		Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$	27,849	\$ 80,215	\$	108,064
Due from County		-	820		820
Taxes Receivable			 1,138	_	1,138
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	27,849	\$ 82,173	\$	110,022
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes			 1,138		1,138
FUND BALANCE					
Restricted		-	81,035		81,035
Assigned		27,849	 		27,849
Total Fund Balance		27,849	 81,035		108,884
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources					
and Fund Balance	\$	27,849	\$ 82,173	\$	110,022

MILNOR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Foo	d Service	Special Reserve	 Total
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$	53,917	\$ 19,720	\$ 73,637
State Sources		860	-	860
Federal Sources		86,714	-	86,714
Interest Income		16	101	117
Miscellaneous		2,876	 	 2,876
Total Revenues		144,383	19,821	164,204
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
School Food Services		143,646	 	 143,646
Excess of Revenues over				
Expenditures		737	19,821	20,558
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		27,112	 61,214	 88,326
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	27,849	\$ 81,035	\$ 108,884



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Milnor Public School District No. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to finance audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Milnor Public School District No. 2, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Milnor Public School District No. 2's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Milnor Public School District No. 2's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Milnor Public School District No. 2's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be material weaknesses (2017-001 and 2017-002).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Milnor Public School District No. 2's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with these provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

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District's Response to Findings

Milnor Public School District No. 2's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Milnor Public School District No. 2's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Nadine Julson, LLC

Wahpeton, North Dakota

Nodice Julian. LLC

October 30, 2017

Milnor, North Dakota

Financial Statements

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Type of Report Issued:	Unmodifie	d		
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting				
Material weakness identified?	X	Yes		No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?		Yes	X	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	X	No

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2017-001 LACK OF SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Criteria

Proper internal control surrounding custody of assets, the recording of transactions, reconciling bank accounts and preparation of financial statements dictates that there should be sufficient accounting personnel so duties of employees are properly segregated. More segregation of duties would provide better control over the assets of the District.

Condition

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Milnor Public School District No. 2's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with these provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Effect

The lack of segregation of duties increases the risk of fraud and the risk of misstatement of the District's financial condition whether due to error or fraud.

Recommendation

The accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation of duties is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of financial management and financial statement accuracy for the District. Segregation of authorization, custody of assets, record keeping and reconciliation functions would assist in mitigating the risk of fraud or misstatements to the financial statements.

Views of Responsible Officials

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs - Continued

2017-002 MATERIAL JOURNAL ENTRIES

Criteria

A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate system for the preparation of the financial statements, including recording government wide journal entries in order to reconcile from the fund financials to the government wide financials and ensuring all general ledger accounts are properly reflected on a GAAP basis.

Condition

The District does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited, including recording government wide journal entries. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements, which include proposing government wide journal entries, and drafting the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Effect

Inadequate controls over financial reporting of the District results in more than a remote likelihood that the District would not be able to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct without the assistance of the auditors.

Recommendation

It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

Views of Responsible Officials

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

MILNOR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 Milnor, North Dakota

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Prior Financial Statement Findings:

2016-01

A material weakness was reported for a lack of segregation of duties.

Corrective Action Plan

The accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation of duties is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of financial management and financial statement accuracy for the District. Segregation of authorization, custody of assets, record keeping and reconciliation functions would assist in mitigating the risk of fraud or misstatements to the financial statements. This material weakness continues to exist under the current audit findings as finding number 2017-001.