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<u>2014</u>

Richard Cayko Commissioner-Chairman
Douglas Nordby Commissioner-Vice-Chairman

Ronald Anderson Commissioner
Vawnita Best Commissioner
Kathy Skarda Commissioner

Linda Svihovec Auditor/Treasurer

John FulwiderSheriffAnn JohnsrudRecorderJacob RodenbikerState's Attorney

Jodee Lawlar Clerk of Court (Appointed)

2013

Ronald Anderson Commissioner-Chairman
Richard Cayko Commissioner-Vice-Chairman

Roger Chinn Commissioner
Rick Lawlar Commissioner
Douglas Nordby Commissioner

Linda Svihovec Auditor
Cheryl Grantier Treasurer
John Fulwider Sheriff
Ann Johnsrud Recorder

Taylor Olson State's Attorney

Lanae Roos Clerk of Court (Appointed)



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners McKenzie County Watford City, ND

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McKenzie County, ND, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

McKenzie County has not included the financial statements of the McKenzie County Water Resource District, a component unit of McKenzie County, in the County's financial statements. The modified cash basis of accounting requires the McKenzie County Water Resource District to be presented as a discretely presented component unit. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, and expenses of McKenzie County has not been determined.

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of McKenzie County, as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, or the changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McKenzie County, ND, as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the modified cash basis financial statements that collectively comprise McKenzie County, North Dakota's, basic financial statements. The county officials listing and budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Because of the significance of the matter described above in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, it is inappropriate to and we do not express an opinion on the supplementary information referred to above.

The county officials listing has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2016 on our consideration of McKenzie County, ND's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering McKenzie County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bismarck, North Dakota November 29, 2016

Esde Saelly LLP

	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Co	omponent Units
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 93,004,509	\$	166,338
Note receivable	4,323,798		-
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land	1,550,145		-
Construction in progress	13,676,972		-
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation			
Buildings	14,218,976		-
Furniture and equipment	1,576,767		-
Infrastructure	71,242,995		-
Vehicles and equipment	7,829,965		
Total capital assets	110,095,820		
Total assets	\$ 207,424,127	\$	166,338
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 110,095,820	\$	-
Restricted for			
Public safety	219,500		-
Highways	993,749		-
Culture and recreation	-		102,558
Conservation of natural resources	-		59,824
Economic development	-		3,956
Unrestricted	96,115,058		
Total Net Position	\$ 207,424,127	\$	166,338

A	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Co	omponent Units
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 60,313,525	\$	206,377
Note receivable	3,000,000		-
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land	564,346		-
Construction in progress	1,997,305		-
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation			
Buildings	7,168,544		-
Furniture and equipment	1,193,223		-
Infrastructure	50,881,227		-
Vehicles and equipment	8,001,249		
Total capital assets	69,805,894		
Total assets	\$ 133,119,419	\$	206,377
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 69,805,894	\$	_
Restricted for	, ,		
Public safety	163,467		-
Highways	3,935,760		-
Culture and recreation	-		108,120
Conservation of natural resources	-		86,499
Economic development	-		11,758
Unrestricted	59,214,298		-
Total Net Position	\$ 133,119,419	\$	206,377

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Changes in N	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Component Units
Primary government						
Governmental activities						
General government	\$12,940,807	\$ 8,611,958	\$ 1,282,169	\$ -	\$ (3,046,680)	\$ -
Public safety	5,398,207	-	13	-	(5,398,194)	-
Highways	27,605,110	2,806,121	-	14,548,994	(10,249,995)	-
Health and welfare	1,226,493	5,854	336,182	-	(884,457)	-
Culture and recreation Conservation of natural	143,033	-	9	-	(143,024)	-
resources	435,954	88,548	85,343	_	(262,063)	-
Economic development	165,191	-	-	_	(165,191)	_
Other	237,600	-	-	_	(237,600)	-
Total primary					(- 1) - 1)	
government	\$ 48,152,395	\$11,512,481	\$ 1,703,716	\$ 14,548,994	(20,387,204)	
Component units	\$ 355,461	\$ 10,222	\$ 85,898	\$ -		(259,341)
	General revenue	es				
	Taxes					
	Property tax	es, levied for spec	cial purposes		1,721,044	215,920
	Other taxes				230,568	-
	Oil and gas				80,003,663	-
	State aid not r	estricted to specif	ic program		670,375	-
	Royalties				11,206,757	-
	Earnings on in	vestments			130,359	382
	Miscellaneous				729,146	3,000
	Total gene	eral revenues			94,691,912	219,302
	Change in	net position			74,304,708	(40,039)
	Net position - Ja	nuary 1			133,119,419	206,377
	Net position - D	ecember 31			\$ 207,424,127	\$ 166,338

		Program Revenues			Ch	(Expense) anges in N				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	G	perating rants and ntributions	Grai	ipital its and ibutions	Govern	nary rnment nmental vities	Co	omponent Units
Primary government Governmental activities General government Public safety Highways Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation of natural resources Economic development Other Total primary government	\$ 8,318,212 3,549,550 21,700,993 1,033,092 129,406 433,235 149,545 225,000 \$ 35,539,033	\$ 7,373,675 3,249,520 3,644 - 31,653 - \$ 10,658,492	\$	275,659 51 327,170 13 59,358		- - 326,789 - - - - - - 326,789	(3,5 (4,1) (7) (1) (2)	668,878) 549,499) 124,684) 702,278) 129,393) 342,224) 149,545) 225,000) 391,501)	\$	- - - - - -
Component units	\$ 317,700	\$ 20,849	\$	82,673	\$	_		-		(214,178)
General revenues Taxes Property taxes, levied for special purposes Other taxes Oil and gas production State aid not restricted to specific program Royalties Earnings on investments Miscellaneous revenue Total general revenues						54,1 6 7,4	305,723 337,350 174,233 531,147 149,954 91,826 507,863		164,871 - - - 7,393 3,000 175,264	
	Loss on disp	osal of assets					(1	187,467)		
	Change in	net position					54,9	919,128		(38,914)
	Net position - Ja	nuary 1					78,2	200,291		245,291
	Net position - D	ecember 31					\$ 133,	119,419	\$	206,377

		Major Funds			
	General	County Road and Bridge	Infrastructure	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and investments Note receivable	\$50,598,324 4,323,798	\$37,332,964	\$ - -	\$ 4,351,810	\$92,283,098 4,323,798
Total assets	\$54,922,122	\$37,332,964	\$ -	\$ 4,351,810	\$96,606,896
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	\$ 4,323,798	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,323,798
Restricted					
Public safety	-	-	-	219,500	219,500
Highways	-	-	-	993,749	993,749
Committed					
Subsequent year's budget:		=	=	=	-
Appropriation of fund balance	520,000	=	=	=	520,000
Assigned					
General government	1,254,859	=	=	=	1,254,859
Public safety	72,165	=	=	=	72,165
Highways	424,096	37,332,964	=	2,509,594	40,266,654
Health and welfare	-	=	=	370,825	370,825
Culture and recreation	34,835	=	=	20	34,855
Conservation of					
Natural resources	-	-	-	258,122	258,122
Economic development	21,794	-	-	-	21,794
Unassigned	48,270,575				48,270,575
Total fund balances	\$54,922,122	\$37,332,964	\$ -	\$ 4,351,810	\$96,606,896

		Major Funds			
	General	County Road and Bridge	Infrastructure	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and investments Note receivable	\$40,249,175 3,000,000	\$12,589,094	\$ 3,255,616	\$ 3,615,114	\$59,708,999 3,000,000
Total assets	\$43,249,175	\$12,589,094	\$ 3,255,616	\$ 3,615,114	\$62,708,999
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	\$ 3,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,000,000
Restricted					
Public safety	=	=	=	163,467	163,467
Highways	=	-	3,255,616	680,144	3,935,760
Committed					
Subsequent year's budget:		-	-	-	-
Appropriation of fund balance	740,000	-	-	-	740,000
Assigned	1.500.660				1 500 660
General government	1,530,662	-	-	-	1,530,662
Public safety	71,775	-	=	-	71,775
Highways	424,096	12,589,094	=	2,340,044	15,353,234
Health and welfare	14056	-	=	340,267	340,267
Culture and recreation	14,076	=	=	976	15,052
Conservation of				00.216	00.216
Natural resources	20.517	-	-	90,216	90,216
Economic development	38,517	-	-	-	38,517
Unassigned	37,430,049				37,430,049
Total fund balances	\$43,249,175	\$12,589,094	\$ 3,255,616	\$ 3,615,114	\$62,708,999

\$ 96,606,896

Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.

Cost of capital assets
Less accumulated depreciation
Net capital assets

\$ 137,278,865 (27,183,045)

110,095,820

Internal service fund is used by the County to charge the cost of medical insurance claims to individual functions.

The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Internal service fund net position are

721,411

Total net position of governmental activities

\$ 207,424,127

\$ 62,708,999

Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.

Cost of capital assets
Less accumulated depreciation
Net capital assets

\$ 88,269,337 (18,463,443)

69,805,894

Internal service fund is used by the County to charge the cost of medical insurance claims to individual functions.

The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Internal service fund net position are

604,526

Total net position of governmental activities

\$ 133,119,419

McKenzie County Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2014

		County		Other	Total
	C1	Road and	I C 4 4	Governmental	Governmental
Revenues	General	Bridge	Infrastructure	Funds	Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 61,503	\$ 858,519	\$ -	\$ 801,022	\$ 1,721,044
Licenses, permits and fees	4,246,411	-	_	-	4,246,411
Intergovernmental	62,649,822	24,844,608	-	5,795,835	93,290,265
Charges for services	4,365,547	2,806,121	-	94,402	7,266,070
Royalties	11,206,757	-	-	-	11,206,757
Interest income	88,397	39,694	_	2,268	130,359
Contributions	-	1,700,000	-	-	1,700,000
Miscellaneous	597,527	124,030	_	7,589	729,146
Total revenues	83,215,964	30,372,972		6,701,116	120,290,052
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	8,665,127	_	3,255,616	_	11,920,743
Public safety	5,102,772	_	-	69,974	5,172,746
Highways	-	20,204,944	_	-	20,204,944
Health and welfare	41,703	-	_	1,150,833	1,192,536
Culture and recreation	97,778	_	_	8,870	106,648
Conservation of	57,770			0,070	100,010
Natural resources	130,551	_	_	252,074	382,625
Economic development	165,191	_	_		165,191
Other	237,600	_	_	_	237,600
Capital outlay	18,544,257	28,384,464	_	80,401	47,009,122
Total expenditures	32,984,979	48,589,408	3,255,616	1,562,152	86,392,155
•					
Excess of Revenues over	.	(10.01 (10.0)	(2.2.7.61.6)	7.10 0.061	••••
Expenditures	50,230,985	(18,216,436)	(3,255,616)	5,138,964	33,897,897
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	41,962	43,000,000	_	600,000	43,641,962
Transfers out	(38,600,000)	(39,694)	_	(5,002,268)	(43,641,962)
Total other financing					
sources and uses	(38,558,038)	42,960,306		(4,402,268)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	11,672,947	24,743,870	(3,255,616)	736,696	33,897,897
- ID1 I I			2.255.616		(0.700.000
Fund Balance - January 1	43,249,175	12,589,094	3,255,616	3,615,114	62,708,999
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 54,922,122	\$37,332,964	\$ -	\$ 4,351,810	\$ 96,606,896

McKenzie County Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Major Funds			
		County		Other	Total
	G 1	Road and	T 0	Governmental	Governmental
To the state of th	General	Bridge	Infrastructure	Funds	Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 56,681	\$ 542,596	\$ -	\$ 706,446	\$ 1,305,723
Licenses, permits and fees	2,795,448	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	2,795,448
Intergovernmental	27,170,449	39,139,631	282,116	4,039,574	70,631,770
Charges for services	4,578,227	3,249,520	-	35,297	7,863,044
Royalties	7,449,954	-	-	-	7,449,954
Interest income	62,267	27,961	-	1,598	91,826
Miscellaneous	339,520	104,893	-	63,450	507,863
Total revenues	42,452,546	43,064,601	282,116	4,846,365	90,645,628
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	7,301,764	-	_	-	7,301,764
Public safety	3,322,327	_	_	70,845	3,393,172
Highways	_	15,531,178	_	-	15,531,178
Health and welfare	38,274	-	_	958,444	996,718
Culture and recreation	84,676	_	_	8,345	93,021
Conservation of	,			3,2 10	,
Natural resources	124,752	_	_	272,674	397,426
Economic development	149,545	_	_	= 7 = 7 = 7	149,545
Other	225,000	_	_	_	225,000
Capital outlay	5,710,908	30,061,820	_	72,593	35,845,321
Total expenditures	16,957,246	45,592,998		1,382,901	63,933,145
•	10,737,210	13,372,770		1,302,701	03,733,113
Excess of Revenues over					
Expenditures	25,495,300	(2,528,397)	282,116	3,463,464	26,712,483
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	32,559	10,000,000	-	281,500	10,314,059
Transfers out	(8,781,500)	(27,961)	-	(1,504,598)	(10,314,059)
Total other financing					
sources and uses	(8,748,941)	9,972,039		(1,223,098)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	16,746,359	7,443,642	282,116	2,240,366	26,712,483
Fund Balance - January 1	26,502,816	5,145,452	2,973,500	1,374,748	35,996,516
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 43,249,175	\$ 12,589,094	\$ 3,255,616	\$ 3,615,114	\$ 62,708,999

McKenzie County

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2014

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds

\$ 33,897,897

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.

However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the effect of capital outlay, depreciation expense and other capital asset transactions in the current period:

Current year capital outlay\$ 47,009,122Contributed capital2,167,051Current year depreciation expense(8,886,247)

An internal service fund is used by the County to charge the cost of medical claims to individual functions. The net income of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities

116,885

40,289,926

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 74,304,708

McKenzie County

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2013

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds

\$ 26,712,483

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the effect of depreciation expense and other capital asset transactions in the current period:

Current year capital outlay	\$ 35,845,321
Current year depreciation expense	(7,516,532)
Loss on disposal of assets	(187,467)

An internal service fund is used by the County to charge the cost of medical claims to individual functions. The net income of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities

65,323

28,141,322

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 54,919,128

McKenzie County Statements of Net Position – Proprietary Fund – Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2014 and 2013

	Inter Serv	
Assets	2014	2013
Current assets Cash	\$ 721,411	\$ 604,526
Net Position Unrestricted	\$ 721,411	\$ 604,526

	Internal Service		
	2014	2013	
Operating Revenues			
Contributions	\$ 1,769,016	\$ 1,611,272	
Operating Expenses			
Premiums Claims Miscellaneous Total operating expenses	736,977 832,575 87,617 1,657,169	641,740 822,425 85,609 1,549,774	
Operating Gain	111,847	61,498	
Non-Operating Revenues Interest income Total nonoperating revenue	5,038 5,038	3,825 3,825	
Net Income	116,885	65,323	
Net Position - January 1	604,526	539,203	
Net Position - December 31	\$ 721,411	\$ 604,526	

	Internal Service					
	2014	2013				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers and users Cash paid for health claims Cash paid for services	\$ 1,769,016 (832,575) (824,594)	\$ 1,611,272 (822,425) (727,349)				
Net Cash from Operating Activities	111,847	61,498				
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received	5,038	3,825				
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	116,885	65,323				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1	604,526	539,203				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31	\$ 721,411	\$ 604,526				

McKenzie County Statements of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Fund – Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2014 and 2013

	Age Fur	
Assets	2014	2013
Cash and investments	\$ 1,792,631	\$ 1,392,763
Liabilities Due to other governments	<u>\$ 1,792,631</u>	\$ 1,392,763

	 Public Library	R	nospheric esource Board	eather fication	Dev	JDA elopment Funds	Total
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 102,558	\$	59,200	\$ 624	\$	3,956	\$ 166,338
Total assets	\$ 102,558	\$	59,200	\$ 624	\$	3,956	\$ 166,338
Net Position							
Restricted for Culture and recreation Conservation of natural resources	\$ 102,558	\$	- 59,200	\$ - 624	\$	-	\$ 102,558 59,824
Economic development	 <u>-</u>		-	 -		3,956	 3,956
Total net position	\$ 102,558	\$	59,200	\$ 624	\$	3,956	\$ 166,338

	Public Library	R	nospheric esource Board	eather lification	JDA velopment Funds	 Total
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 108,120	\$	77,492	\$ 9,007	\$ 11,758	\$ 206,377
Total assets	\$ 108,120	\$	77,492	\$ 9,007	\$ 11,758	\$ 206,377
Net Position						
Restricted for Culture and recreation Conservation of natural resources Economic development	\$ 108,120	\$	77,492	\$ 9,007	\$ - 11,758	\$ 108,120 86,499 11,758
Total net position	\$ 108,120	\$	77,492	\$ 9,007	\$ 11,758	\$ 206,377

McKenzie County Combining Statement of Activities – Component Units – Modified Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Program	Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Public Library	Atmospheric Resource Board	Weather Modification	JDA Development Funds	Totals
Component units Public Library Atmospheric Resource	\$ 217,614	\$ 10,222	\$ 65,898	\$ -	\$ (141,494)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (141,494)
Board Weather Modification Job Development Authority	101,646 8,383 27,818	- - -	20,000	- - -	- - -	(101,646)	(8,383)	(7,818)	(101,646) (8,383) (7,818)
Total component units	\$ 355,461	\$ 10,222	\$ 85,898	\$ -	(141,494)	(101,646)	(8,383)	(7,818)	(259,341)
	General revenue Taxes	es							
	Property tax Interest Miscellaneous		eneral purposes		132,741 191 3,000	83,179 175	- - -	16	215,920 382 3,000
		eral revenues n net position			(5,562)	83,354 (18,292)	(8,383)	(7,802)	219,302 (40,039)
	Net position - J	•			108,120	77,492	9,007	11,758	206,377
	Net position - D	December 31			\$ 102,558	\$ 59,200	\$ 624	\$ 3,956	\$ 166,338

See Notes to Financial Statements

McKenzie County
Combining Statement of Activities – Component Units – Modified Cash Basis
Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in					ges in	Net Positio	n					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		narges for rvices	Gı	perating ants and atributions	Gran	oital ts and butions	Public Library	nospheric lesource Board	eather lification	Dev	JDA elopment Funds		Totals
Component units Public Library Atmospheric Resource	\$ 190,311	\$	14,267	\$	62,673	\$	-	\$ (113,371)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(113,371)
Board Weather Modification Job Development Authority	115,545 300 11,544		6,582		20,000		- - -	- - -	(115,545)	 6,282		- 8,456		(115,545) 6,282 8,456
Total component units	\$ 317,700	\$	20,849	\$	82,673	\$		(113,371)	 (115,545)	 6,282		8,456		(214,178)
	General revenu Taxes	es												
	Property ta Interest Miscellaneou			neral	purposes			83,383 7,104 3,000	81,488 270	- - -		- 19 -		164,871 7,393 3,000
	Total gen	eral rev	venues					93,487	81,758	-		19		175,264
	Change is	net po	osition					(19,884)	(33,787)	6,282		8,475		(38,914)
	Net position - J	anuary	1					128,004	111,279	2,725		3,283		245,291
	Net position - I	Decemb	er 31					\$ 108,120	\$ 77,492	\$ 9,007	\$	11,758	\$	206,377

See Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of McKenzie County, Watford City, ND, have been prepared in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of McKenzie County. The County has considered all potential component units for which the County is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of McKenzie County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on McKenzie County.

Based on these criteria, the component units discussed below are included within the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the County.

Component Units

In conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting, the financial statements of the component units have been included in the financial reporting entity as discretely presented component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units – The component unit columns in the combined financial statements include the financial data of the County's four component units. These units are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

McKenzie County Atmospheric Resource Board – The members of the governing board are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The County Commission can approve, disapprove or amend the authority's budget.

Public Library – The library is governed by a six-member board, three appointed by the City of Watford City and three by McKenzie County. The records are maintained by McKenzie County with the County Commissioners approving all expenditures. Funds for the library are supplied through a county wide tax levy. The purpose of the library is to provide library services to the citizens of McKenzie County.

Weather Modification – The members of the governing board are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The County Commission can approve, disapprove or amend the Weather Modification fund's budget.

JDA Development – The members of the governing board are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The County Commission can approve, disapprove or amend the JDA Development fund's budget.

Component Unit Financial Statements – The financial statements of the discretely presented component units are presented in the County's basic financial statements. Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from the McKenzie County Auditor, 201 5th Street NW, PO Box 543, Watford City, ND 58854-0543.

The McKenzie County Water Resource District is also a component unit of the County. For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 the County has excluded the McKenzie County Water Resource District from the County's basic financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Statements – The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

The County classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally
 imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or
 enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end. The same formal action of the highest level of decision making authority is required to rescind a commitment.

- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by management.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The County uses *restricted* amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Government would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recognized when collected rather than when earned, and expenditures are generally recognized when paid rather than when incurred. This basis differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America because accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued expenses are not included in the financial statements.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recognized when collected rather than when earned, and expenditures are generally recognized when paid rather than when incurred.

This basis differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America because accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued expenses are not included in the financial statements. Only capital assets, notes receivable and long-term debt are recorded under the basis of accounting described above on the statement of net position. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

County Road and Bridge Fund – This fund accounts for the maintenance and repair of roads within the County.

Infrastructure – This fund accounts for oil and gas payments received from the state and provided to the County and other governmental entities.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the health insurance coverage provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Agency Funds – These funds account for assets by the County in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others. The County's agency funds are used to account for property taxes collected on behalf of other governments.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) changes to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Restricted and Unrestricted Resources

It is the County's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts. Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or secured with pledges of securities equal to 110% of the uninsured balance.

The investments consist of certificates of deposit, with a maturity date in excess of 90 days, stated at cost.

Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

General infrastructure assets consist of the road and bridge projects constructed and are reported at historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	10-40
Furniture and equipment	5-25
Infrastructure	20-50
Vehicles and equipment	5-10

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position.

Tax Revenues

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. The tax levy may be paid in two installments: the first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments; and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the 5% discount on the property taxes.

Fund Balance

In the government wide financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by enabling legislation. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

Note 2 - Legal Compliance - Budget

Budget

The County commission adopts an "appropriated budget" on the modified cash basis of accounting. The County auditor prepares an annual budget for the general fund and each special revenue fund of the County. NDCC 11-23-02. The budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them. The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended throughout the year for revenues or appropriations anticipated when the budget was prepared. NDCC 57-15-31.1. Each budget is controlled by the County auditor at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All appropriations lapse at year-end. When expenditures are in excess of appropriations the County will fund these items through revenues in excess of budget, cash reserves of the fund, or from a cash transfer from other funds.

The County holds public hearings regarding disbursements. All tax levies and all taxes shall be levied in specific amounts and shall not exceed the amount specified in the published estimates. NDCC 11-23-04. The County commissioners meet on or before October to determine the amount of taxes that shall be levied for County purposes and shall levy all such taxes in specific amounts. NDCC 11-23-05.

Expenditures over Appropriations

Expenditures over Appropriations - exceeded budget in the General fund by \$13,691,743 in 2014 and by \$4,262,066 in 2013. No remedial action is required.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the County maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal land bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the pooled bank balances for all County and fiduciary funds was \$96,523,674 and \$65,905,622. The carrying amount of the pooled deposits for the County and fiduciary funds was \$94,797,140, with \$93,004,509 in County funds and \$1,792,631 in fiduciary funds for 2014 and \$61,706,288, with \$60,313,525 in County funds and \$1,392,763 in fiduciary funds for 2013. Of the bank balances, \$750,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. With the exception of the County being under-collateralized by \$76,760 at Cornerstone Bank as of December 31, 2014, the remaining balances were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

The other discretely presented component units' balances were covered by Federal Depository Insurance or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Interest Rate Risk – The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investments as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates, nor do the fiduciary funds or component units. All investments are certificates of deposit that mature within 1 year.

Credit Risk

The County may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statutes, as follows:

- a) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an Act of Congress.
- b) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above.
- c) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- d) Obligations of the state.

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the County held certificates of deposit in the amount of \$1,676,476 and \$2,111,861, which are all considered deposits and included in the above amount of total deposits.

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the County held certificates of Deposit with the following maturity dates:

2014	Less Than Within 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	Thereafter	Total
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 1,676,476	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,676,476
2013	Less Than Within 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	Thereafter	Total
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 1,511,861	\$ 600,000	\$ -	\$ 2,111,861

Concentration of Credit Risk

The County does not have a limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer; all deposits and investments are held with the following three financial institutions, McKenzie County Bank, First International Bank, and Dakota West Credit Union.

Note 4 - Note Receivable

On March 6, 2013, the County entered into an agreement to loan the McKenzie County Water Resource District \$4,500,000. The loan was provided in two advances with a first advance of \$3,000,000 and a second advance of \$1,500,000. The note is unsecured and bears interest at 2.5% through February 2018 at which time the interest rate becomes variable equal to the prime rate for loans originated by the Bank of North Dakota less 0.75% not to be less than 0%. The note matures in February 2033 and is due in annual principal payments ranging from approximately \$175,000 to \$275,000 plus accrued interest. The note receivable balance as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$4,323,798 and \$3,000,000, respectively. As noted in Note 1, the McKenzie County Water Resource District, a component unit of the County, has been excluded from the County's basic financial statements.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2014:

Governmental Activities	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 564,346	\$ 985,799	\$ -	\$ 1,550,145
Construction in progress	1,997,305	12,828,253	1,148,586	13,676,972
Total capital assets, not being	1,557,600	12,020,200	1,110,000	10,070,572
depreciated	2,561,651	13,814,052	1,148,586	15,227,117
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	10,347,749	8,014,341	-	18,362,090
Furniture and equipment	1,952,464	744,696	216,850	2,480,310
Infrastructure	60,919,927	26,589,232	-	87,509,159
Vehicles and equipment	12,487,546	1,267,505	54,862	13,700,189
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	85,707,686	36,615,774	271,712	122,051,748
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	3,179,205	963,909	_	4,143,114
Furniture and equipment	759,241	262,031	117,729	903,543
Infrastructure	10,038,700	6,227,464	· -	16,266,164
Vehicles and equipment	4,486,297	1,432,843	48,916	5,870,224
Total accumulated depreciation	18,463,443	8,886,247	166,645	27,183,045
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	67,244,243	27,729,527	105,067	94,868,703
C				
Governmental activities - capital assets, net	\$ 69,805,894	\$ 41,543,579	\$ 1,253,653	\$ 110,095,820
=				

The County had commitments of approximately \$19,056,000 outstanding at December 31, 2014 related to construction in progress.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental	Activities
OUVEITHICHIAI	1 ICH VILICS

General government Public safety Highways Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation of natural resources	\$	1,136,949 225,461 7,400,166 33,957 36,385 53,329
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u> </u>	8,886,247

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2013:

Governmental Activities	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 409,831	\$ 154,515	\$ -	\$ 564,346
Construction in progress	\$ 409,631 -	1,997,305	φ - -	1,997,305
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	409,831	2,151,820		2,561,651
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	6,866,812	3,740,845	259,908	10,347,749
Furniture and equipment	1,516,780	455,687	20,003	1,952,464
Infrastructure	33,729,405	27,190,522	-	60,919,927
Vehicles and equipment	10,992,841	4,873,192	3,378,487	12,487,546
Total capital assets, being depreciated	53,105,838	36,260,246	3,658,398	85,707,686
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	2,372,925	936,234	129,954	3,179,205
Furniture and equipment	579,381	192,283	12,423	759,241
Infrastructure	4,854,927	5,183,773	-	10,038,700
Vehicles and equipment	4,043,864	1,204,242	761,809	4,486,297
Total accumulated depreciation	11,851,097	7,516,532	904,186	18,463,443
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	41,254,741	28,743,714	2,754,212	67,244,243
Governmental activities - capital assets, net	\$ 41,664,572	\$ 30,895,534	\$ 2,754,212	\$ 69,805,894
-				

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 1,081,771
Public safety	156,378
Highways	6,169,815
Health and welfare	36,374
Culture and recreation	36,385
Conservation of natural resources	35,809
Total depreciation expense -	
governmental activities	\$ 7,516,532

Note 6 - Transfers

The following is a reconciliation between transfers in and transfers out as reported in the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014:

<u>Funds</u>	TransfersIn	Transfers Out	
General Fund County Road and Bridge Other Governmental Funds	\$ 41,962 43,000,000 600,000	\$ 38,600,000 39,694 5,002,268	
Total transfers	\$ 43,641,962	\$ 43,641,962	

The following is a reconciliation between transfers in and transfers out as reported in the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013:

Funds	TransfersIn	Transfers Out	
General Fund County Road and Bridge Other Governmental Funds	\$ 32,559 10,000,000 281,500	\$ 8,781,500 27,961 1,504,598	
Total transfers	\$ 10,314,059	\$ 10,314,059	

Transfers were made to move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to funds that are allowed to expend them and also to finance various programs in accordance with budgetary authorization.

Note 7 - Related Organization

McKenzie County is also responsible for levying a property tax for the Historical Society but the County's accountability for this entity does not extend beyond levying the tax. In 2014 and 2013, the County remitted \$4,380 and \$4,151 to the Historical Society.

Note 8 - Risk Management

McKenzie County is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986 state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. McKenzie County pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, auto, and inland marine insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of two million dollars per occurrence for general liability and automobile coverage and to \$9,587,851 and \$7,716,700 for inland marine coverage as of December 31, 2014 and 2013.

McKenzie County also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. McKenzie County pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third party insurance carrier for losses in excess of one million dollars per occurrence during a 12 month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides McKenzie County with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$2,000,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

McKenzie County has workers compensation coverage with the North Dakota Workforce Safety and Insurance and pays for a single policy health insurance.

The County has retained risk for employee health and accident up to a maximum of \$20,000 per individual. The County has purchased a stop loss policy for amounts in excess of \$20,000 per employee.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 9 - Joint Venture

Upper Missouri District Health Unit

McKenzie County entered into a joint venture with Divide, Williams and Mountrail Counties for the operation of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit. Each participating county's share of the cost of operations and board member appointments is determined by the property valuation of each county.

Audited summary financial information for the year ended December 31, 2013, the last year audited, is as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 1,183,509
Total assets	1,746,352
Total liabilities	558,104
Total equity	1,188,248
Total revenues	1,931,602
Total expenditures	2,038,310
	. (10.5 T 0.0)
Net decrease in equity	\$ (106,708)

Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Upper Missouri District Health Unit; 512 4th Avenue East, Williston, ND 58801-5522.

Note 10 - Pension Plan

McKenzie County contributes to the North Dakota Public Employees' Retirement System (NDPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Dakota. NDPERS provides for retirement, disability and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit and contribution provisions are administered in accordance with chapter 54-52 of the North Dakota Century Code. NDPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for NDPERS. That report may be obtained by writing to NDPERS, 400 E Broadway, Suite 505, PO Box 1214, Bismarck, North Dakota, 58502-1214.

Plan members are required to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. The County is required to contribute 6.12% of the employee's salary, which consists of 5.12% for employee retirement and 1% for the retiree health benefits fund as of December 31, 2013. Plan members are required to contribute 7.26% of their annual covered salary. The County is required to contribute 8.26% of the employee's salary, which consists of 7.26% for employee retirement and 1% for the retiree health benefits fund as of December 31, 2014. The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the State legislature. The County's contributions to NDPERS for the years ending December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$566,120, \$414,980, and \$238,023, respectively, equal to the required contributions for the year.

Note 11 - Landfill Post Closure Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its County landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County does not report the closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date under the modified cash basis of accounting. The operating expenses that would have been reported in 2014 and 2013 if the financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America were \$715,896 and \$71,742, respectively. The estimated landfill closure and post closure care liability at December 31, 2014 and 2013 that would have been reported if the financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America was \$939,148 and \$223,253, respectively, which is based on the use of approximately 41 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill and total estimated closure and post closure costs of \$2,309,858. Under the modified cash basis of accounting used, the County will recognize these costs when payments occur. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure care in 2014 and 2013. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to determine the method they would choose to finance the closure and post closure costs. Beginning in 2013, the County began utilizing the financial test to demonstrate financial assurance for closure and/or post-closure costs for the landfill, as specified in section 33-20-14-02 through 33-20-14-07 of the NDCC. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from operating revenue. However, if the funds are inadequate or additional post closure requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations) these costs may need to be covered from future tax revenue.

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

On August 1, 2015 the County entered into a certificate of indebtedness with the Bank of North Dakota to finance the new Law Enforcement Center. The State Aid Certificate of Indebtedness, Series 2015 is in the amount of \$57,200,000, dated August 18, 2015 bearing interest at a rate equal to the 30 day LIBOR plus 1.50%. The Certificate shall have semi-annual principal and interest payments commencing on February 18, 2018 and maturing on August 18, 2027.



D.	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Intergovernmental Charges for services Royalties Interest income Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 20,483 1,101,550 43,794,500 6,329,325 1,300,000 50,000 572,125 53,167,983	\$ 20,483 1,101,550 43,794,500 6,329,325 1,300,000 50,000 572,125 53,167,983	\$ 61,503 4,246,411 62,649,822 4,365,547 11,206,757 88,397 597,527 83,215,964	\$ 41,020 3,144,861 18,855,322 (1,963,778) 9,906,757 38,397 25,402 30,047,981
Even an ditumas				, ,
Expenditures				
Current General government Public safety Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation of natural resources Economic development Other Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	14,189,250 5,025,888 40,055 132,744 100,345 159,340 18,480 	13,990,136 4,845,619 40,717 133,766 100,345 164,173 18,480 	8,665,127 5,102,772 41,703 97,778 130,551 165,191 237,600 18,544,257 32,984,979 50,230,985	5,325,009 (257,153) (986) 35,988 (30,206) (1,018) (219,120) (18,544,257) (13,691,743)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing	(41,340,000)	(39,340,000)	41,962 (38,600,000)	41,962 740,000
sources and uses	(41,340,000)	(39,340,000)	(38,558,038)	781,962
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,838,119)	(5,465,253)	11,672,947	17,138,200
Fund Balance - January 1	43,249,175	43,249,175	43,249,175	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 35,411,056	\$ 37,783,922	\$ 54,922,122	\$ 17,138,200

Revenues	Original Budget	Final Budget Actual		Variance With Final Budget
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Intergovernmental Charges for services Royalties Interest income Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 13,859 854,250 11,577,125 3,012,580 1,300,000 50,000 227,832 17,035,646	\$ 13,859 854,250 11,577,125 3,012,580 1,300,000 50,000 227,832 17,035,646	\$ 56,681 2,795,448 27,170,449 4,578,227 7,449,954 62,267 339,520 42,452,546	\$ 42,822 1,941,198 15,593,324 1,565,647 6,149,954 12,267 111,688 25,416,900
Expenditures				
Current General government Public safety Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation of natural resources Economic development Other Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess of Revenues	12,345,986 2,894,586 37,746 124,731 94,345 150,859 12,500 3,500 15,664,253	9,402,719 2,865,080 39,232 126,945 94,345 150,859 12,500 3,500 12,695,180	7,301,764 3,322,327 38,274 84,676 124,752 149,545 225,000 5,710,908 16,957,246	2,100,955 (457,247) 958 42,269 (30,407) 1,314 (212,500) (5,707,408) (4,262,066)
over Expenditures	1,371,393	4,340,466	25,495,300	21,154,834
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses	(9,295,000)	(9,265,000) (9,265,000)	32,559 (8,781,500) (8,748,941)	32,559 483,500 516,059
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,923,607)	(4,924,534)	16,746,359	21,670,893
Fund Balance - January 1	26,502,816	26,502,816	26,502,816	-
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 18,579,209	\$ 21,578,282	\$ 43,249,175	\$ 21,670,893

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest income Contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ - 19,837,129 1,250,000 - - 15,000 21,102,129	\$ - 19,837,129 1,250,000 - 2,700,000 15,000 23,802,129	\$ 858,519 24,844,608 2,806,121 39,694 1,700,000 124,030 30,372,972	\$ 858,519 5,007,479 1,556,121 39,694 (1,000,000) 109,030 6,570,843
Expenditures				
Current Highways Capital outlay Total expenditures	69,050,198 - 69,050,198	67,131,005	20,204,944 28,384,464 48,589,408	46,926,061 (28,384,464) 18,541,597
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(47,948,069)	(43,328,876)	(18,216,436)	25,112,440
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing	45,000,000	43,000,000	43,000,000 (39,694)	(39,694)
sources and uses	45,000,000	43,000,000	42,960,306	(39,694)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,948,069)	(328,876)	24,743,870	25,072,746
Fund Balance - January 1	12,589,094	12,589,094	12,589,094	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 9,641,025	\$ 12,260,218	\$ 37,332,964	\$ 25,072,746

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest income Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ - 56,206,934 2,000,000 - 20,000 58,226,934	\$ 56,206,934 2,000,000 - 20,000 58,226,934	\$ 542,596 39,139,631 3,249,520 27,961 104,893 43,064,601	\$ 542,596 (17,067,303) 1,249,520 27,961 84,893 (15,162,333)
Expenditures				
Current Highways Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	71,363,641 71,363,641 (13,136,707)	71,536,954 	15,531,178 30,061,820 45,592,998 (2,528,397)	56,005,776 (30,061,820) 25,943,956 10,781,623
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in Transfers out	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000 (27,961)	(27,961)
Total other financing sources and uses	10,000,000	10,000,000	9,972,039	(27,961)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,136,707)	(3,310,020)	7,443,642	10,753,662
Fund Balance - January 1	5,145,452	5,145,452	5,145,452	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 2,008,745	\$ 1,835,432	\$ 12,589,094	\$ 10,753,662

	Federal CFDA	Grant	Expen	ditures
Federal Grantor, Pass-through Grantor and Program Title	Number	Number	2014	2013
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
<u>Direct Program</u> School and Roads - Grants to Counties (Bankhead-Jones)	10.666		\$ 8,229,715	\$ 9,803,229
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed-Through North Dakota Department of Transportation Highway Safety Cluster State & Community Highway Safety Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasure Incentives Total Highway Safety Cluster	20.600 20.601		1,137 1,137	2,711 2,092 4,803
Highway Planning and Construction - Project Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.205	FHC-SC-2714	1,137	709,780 714,583
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed-Through State Department of Human Services Family Preservation and Support Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.556 93.558	S114	592 58,551	2,229 53,114
Child Care Development Fund Cluster Child Care & Development Block Grant Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund Total Child Care Development Fund Cluster	93.575 93.596	S115	6,031	345 2,777 3,122
Child Welfare Services - State Grants Foster Care Title IV-E Adoption Assistance State Children's Insurance Program Medical Assistance Program Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.645 93.658 93.659 93.767 93.778 93.994	\$073 \$067 \$070 \$058 \$023	2,166 52,621 840 358 - 1,561	1,184 50,496 727 783 328 1,470
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed-Through State Department of Emergency Services FEMA Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security Total Reporting Entity Expenditures of Federal Awards	97.036 97.042 97.067	DR-4128-ND P0322, P0323, P0324 P2861	35,732 6,650 42,382 \$ 8,395,954	309,117 17,460 49,551 376,128 \$ 11,007,393

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of McKenzie County and is presented using the same basis of accounting as disclosed in Note 1 of the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *OMB Circular A-133*, *Audits of State and Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*. McKenzie County received federal awards both directly from federal agencies and indirectly through pass-through entities. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from the amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note B – Significant Accounting Policies

Federal reimbursements and interest income are recognized when received and federal expenditures are recognized when paid. For certain programs shown on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of County Commissioners McKenzie County Watford City, ND

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McKenzie County, Watford City, ND, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise McKenzie County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2016. Our report included an adverse opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered McKenzie County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of McKenzie County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of McKenzie County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying *schedule of findings and questioned costs*, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs listed as items 2014-B, 2014-C, 2014-D, 2014-E, and 2014-F, to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs listed as item 2014-A to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether McKenzie County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2014-F.

McKenzie County's Responses to Findings

McKenzie County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. McKenzie County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bismarck, North Dakota November 29, 2016

Esde Saelly LLP



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Board of County Commissioners McKenzie County Watford City, ND

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited McKenzie County, Watford City, ND's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of McKenzie County's major federal programs for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. McKenzie County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance for each of McKenzie County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about McKenzie County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of McKenzie County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, McKenzie County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect of each of its major Federal programs for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of McKenzie County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered McKenzie County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of McKenzie County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bismarck, North Dakota

Esde Saelly LLP

November 29, 2016

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results			
	2014	2013	
Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issued	Adverse	Adverse	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	No	No	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	No None reported	No None reported	
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a) Identification of major programs:	No	No	
Name of Federal Program	CFDA number	CFDA number	
School and Roads - Grants to Counties (Bankhead Jones) Highway Planning and Construction FEMA	10.666	10.666 20.205 97.036	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$300,000	\$330,222	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	No	No	

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2014-A Segregation of Duties, Fiscal Year 2013 and 2014

<u>Criteria</u> - A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to its completion.

Condition - The County has a lack of segregation of duties in certain areas due to a limited staff.

Cause – The County has limited staff to adequately segregate duties.

<u>Effect</u> - Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the County's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned function.

<u>Recommendation</u> – While we recognize that your office staff may not be large enough to permit complete segregation of duties in all respects for an effective system of internal control, all accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation is feasible and to improve efficiency and effectiveness of financial management of the County.

Response – The Treasurer's Office was vacated by resignation of the elected Treasurer in December 2014, leaving no employees in that department. Since that time, the Commissioners have combined the Treasurer's office with the Auditor's office, effective May 2015. Duties are segregated by rotating the person responsible for the daily work so that the one conducting the daily balancing and producing the month-end reports and/or general ledger work are not always the same people. The Treasurer's office staff work closely with the Auditor's office staff to provide daily receipt and disbursement reports and compare general ledger records on a monthly basis.

2014-B Recording of Transactions, Fiscal Year 2013 and 2014

<u>Criteria</u> - A good system of internal accounting control contemplates proper reconcilements of all general ledger accounts and adjustments of those accounts to the reconciled balances.

<u>Condition</u> – We identified misstatements in the County's financial statements causing us to propose material audit adjustments.

Cause – The County has not trained staff in the recording of certain transactions.

<u>Effect</u> - Inadequate internal controls over recording of transactions affects the County's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We recommend that all general ledger accounts are reconciled in a timely manner and adjustments made for any differences noted. Also any adjustments needed to present the financial statements on an accrual basis should be recorded.

<u>Response</u> – Since it is not cost-effective for an organization of our size to have staff prepare all adjustments needed for an audit-ready trial balance, we have chosen to hire Eide Bailly, a public accounting firm, to assist us in preparing these transactions.

2014-C Preparation of Financial Statements, Fiscal Year 2013 and 2014

<u>Criteria</u> - Proper controls over financial reporting include the ability to prepare financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct.

<u>Condition</u> - McKenzie County does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements. This circumstance is not unusual in an organization of your size. It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

Cause - The County does not have staff trained in GASB reporting standards.

<u>Effect</u> - Inadequate control over financial reporting of McKenzie County could result in more than a remote likelihood that the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements are not materially correct without the assistance of the auditors.

<u>Recommendation</u> - While we recognize that this condition is not unusual for an organization of your size, it is important that you be aware of this condition for financial reporting purposes. Management and the Board should continually be aware of the financial reporting of McKenzie County and changes in reporting requirements.

<u>Response</u> - Since it is not cost-effective for an organization of our size to have staff to prepare audit-ready financial statements, we have chosen to hire Eide Bailly, a public accounting firm, to prepare the audit financial statements as part of their annual audit of McKenzie County.

2014-D Department Controls over Cash, Fiscal Year 2013 and 2014

<u>Criteria</u> - A good system of internal accounting control contemplates proper reconcilements of all general ledger accounts and adjustments of those accounts to the reconciled balances. It also requires proper recording and documentation of activity to ensure everything is properly reported in the financial statements.

<u>Condition</u> - The County has a lack of effective internal controls related to the receipting process in various departments of the County that collect funds and remit them to the Treasurer's office. Specifically, it was noted that there have been significant increases in the activity and funds handled directly by departments such as the Highway Department, the Recorder's Office and the Building Department. These departments have limited staff to handle the transactions and do not maintain detailed records of all transactions to support the activity.

<u>Cause</u> - The County did not have staff trained in these areas to have proper accounting records available for auditing.

Effect - Inadequate controls over cash receipts could affect the County's ability to detect errors or fraud.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We recommend the County eliminate as many manual procedures related to receipting cash as possible and maintain detailed records of all transactions handled in the departments. We also recommend the duties of entering and adjusting charges in the system, taking customer payments, receipting payments, and preparing the deposits be segregated. The County should also determine if there are additional controls that can be implemented to mitigate the risks due to limited staff in the departments.

<u>Response</u> - The Treasurer's office requires written verification of money from each department. The Treasurer's office staff then verifies the amount of cash/checks received prior to receipting of the funds. If the amounts are incorrect (based on the amount reported by that department) the money and reports are returned to the department for correction. A minimum of once a week the cash amounts are verified by the Auditor's office staff. If a large sum of cash is brought from a department for deposit, it will be confirmed by the Auditor's office staff prior to receipt.

2014-E Reconciliation of Cash, Fiscal Year 2013 and 2014

<u>Criteria</u> - A good system of internal accounting control contemplates proper reconcilements of all general ledger accounts and adjustments of those accounts to the reconciled balances.

<u>Condition</u> - The Clerk of Court does not complete accurate reconciliations of their bank statements to the general ledger to ensure all activity is properly reflected. The Treasurer's department does not perform timely reconciliations of their bank statement to the general ledger to ensure all activity is properly reflected.

<u>Cause</u> - The County does not have adequate staff and oversight to make sure that the reconciliations were being performed appropriately and in a timely manner.

<u>Effect</u> - Inadequate controls over recording of cash transactions affects the County's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that could be material in relation to the financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We recommend the County implement policies and procedures to ensure that the Clerk of Court bank reconciliations are being performed accurately and the Treasurer's Department reconciliations are being performed in a timely manner where the reconciliations are balanced from the bank statements to the County's general ledger to ensure all activity is properly recorded and reflected.

<u>Response</u> –The Clerk of Court became a State Agency office in 2015 and is no longer a function of county government.

2014-F Under-collateralized Deposits, Fiscal Year 2014

<u>Criteria</u> – State statutes 21-04-09 and 21-06-07 require that deposits must be fully insured or bonded. If the deposits are not covered by insurance or bonded they are required to have securities pledged as collateral equal to 110 percent of the deposits.

<u>Condition</u> – As of December 31, 2014, the County needed an additional \$76,760 pledged as collateral to ensure they met the Federal Depository Insurance limit of 110 percent of their deposits at McKenzie County Bank, now Cornerstone Bank.

<u>Cause</u> - The County did not obtain additional collateral for deposits that exceeded their pledged collateral and the Federal Depository Insurance limits to ensure 110 percent of their deposits were collateralized as of December 31, 2014.

<u>Effect</u> – Under-collateralized deposits expose the County to custodial credit risk where in the event of a depository failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to them.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We recommend the County monitor the collateral pledged for deposits and acquire additional collateral as necessary to ensure that at least 110 percent of the County's deposits which exceed Federal Depository insurance are collateralized.

Response – The Treasurer's office has written a policy stating that assets will be reviewed/verified monthly for 110% pledge of assets collateral, with is being done a minimum of quarterly. Assets will also be reviewed upon receipt of a single \$1.0 million deposit. On a quarterly basis, the Board of County Commissioners will be updated on the county's pledge of assets.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

No findings reported in prior years