CITY OF GWINNER GWINNER, NORTH DAKOTA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

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CITY OF GWINNER LIST OF OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2016

CITY COUNCIL

<u>Office</u>

Dan McKeever Linda Johnson Jerry Zetocha ElRoy Odegard Chris Ferderer Mayor

EMPLOYEES:

Jessica Peterson City Auditor

Harold J. Rotunda

Certified Public Accountant

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Gwinner Gwinner, North Dakota

I have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of City of Gwinner as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Gwinner as of December 31, 2016, and the changes in modified cash basis financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. My opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the management discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Gwinner's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Activity is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basis financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Activity is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basis financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the Schedule of Activity and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basis financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued reports dated October 1, 2017, on my considerations of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Fargo, North Dakota

October 1, 2017

405 West Main Avenue Box 816 West Fargo, ND 58078 Phone(701)281-0483 Cell 212-3908

CITY OF GWINNER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	1 Otal	Units
Current assets:				
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	1,729,104.67	1,483,825.26	3,212,929.93	20,804.20
Noncurrent assets:			-	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	5,607,489.75	3,992,068.67	9,599,558.42	1,624,000.00
Total Assets	7,336,594.42	5,475,893.93	12,812,488.35	1,644,804.20
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Noncurrent liabilities:			-	
Due within one year:			-	-
Bonds payable	260,000.00	1.5.000.00	260,000.00	-
Notes payable Due after one year:	-	15,000.00	15,000.00	-
Bonds payable	3,280,000.00		3,280,000.00	1,744,817.36
Notes payable	3,280,000.00	1,831,111.00	1,831,111.00	1,/44,81/.30
riotto pulpuett		1,031,111.00	1,051,111.00	_
Total Liabilities	3,540,000.00	1,846,111.00	5,386,111.00	1,744,817.36
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	2,067,489.75	2,145,957.67	4,213,447.42	(120,817.36)
Restricted for:	2,007,407.75	2,143,737.07	7,213,777.72	(120,817.30)
Capital projects	339,307.05		339,307.05	-
Debt service	896,920.52		896,920.52	-
Unrestricted	492,877.10	1,483,825.26	1,976,702.36	20,804.20
Total Net Position	3,796,594.42	3,629,782.93	7,426,377.35	(100,013.16)

CITY OF GWINNER STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-				evenue & Changes	3
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	2016	Progra Charges for	m Revenues	in Net Assets	C
	Expenses	Services	Operating grants and Contributions	Activities	Component Units
Governmental activities:	Lapenses	Services	and Contributions	Activities	Omis
General government	314,681.63			(314,681.63)	_
Public safety	45,929.05			(45,929.05)	_
Highways and streets	318,441.75		_	(318,441.75)	_
Economic development	106,890.40			(106,890.40)	(2,498.47)
Capital outlay	21,432.30			(21,432.30)	(2,1)0.17)
Interest expense	73,085.77			(73,085.77)	(92,820.00)
Depreciation	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			-	(40,600.00)
Total Governmental Activities	880,460.90	-	-	(880,460.90)	(135,918.47)
Business-type activities					
Water	311,706.91	384,324.36		72,617.45	
Sewer	98,315.79	98,671.06		355.27	
Garbage	59,287.82	102,499.21		43,211.39	
Debt	11,979.10	-		(11,979.10)	
Capital outlay	-			-	
Total Business-type activities	491 290 62	595 101 62		104 205 01	
• •	481,289.62	585,494.63	-	104,205.01	
Total	1,361,750.52	585,494.63	-	(776,255.89)	(135,918.47)
		Governmental	Business-type	Total	
Net expense		(880,460.90)) 104,205.01	(776,255.89)	(135,918.47)
General Revenues					
Property taxes		302,372.51		302,372.51	_
Special assessments		134,966.12	139,989.10	274,955.22	
Sales taxes		573,589.44		573,589.44	
Licenses and permits		3,277.00		3,277.00	
State aid		128,677.83		128,677.83	
Interest		842.30		842.30	-
Other		45,596.72	827,317.80	872,914.52	142,976.71
Total General Revenues		1,189,321.92	967,306.90	2,156,628.82	142,976.71
Transfers in (out)		-	-	-	
Change in Net Position		308,861.02	1,071,511.91	1,380,372.93	7,058.24
Net Position- January 1		3,487,733.40	2,558,271.02	6,046,004.42	(107,071.40)
Net Position- December 31		3,796,594.42	3,629,782.93	7,426,377.35	(100,013.16)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GWINNER BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS

DECEMBER 31, 2016	NIAL PUNDS- W	IODIFIED CASI	n bAsis	OTHER	TOTAL
,	GENERAL	SALES TAX	GCDC 3RD ADD	GOVERNMENTAL C FUNDS	
ASSETS Cash and investments	123,850.28	946,671.24	339,307.05	319,276.10	1,729,104.67
Total Assets	123,850.28	946,671.24	339,307.05	319,276.10	1,729,104.67
LIABILITIES					
•					
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE					
Restricted for Capital Projects Restricted for Debt Service		-	339,307.05	066 021 40	339,307.05
Restricted for other purposes		946,671.24	-	966,921.40 188,788.34	966,921.40 1,135,459.58
Unassigned	123,850.28		-	(836,433.64)	(712,583.36)
Total fund balance	123,850.28	946,671.24	339,307.05	319,276.10	1,729,104.67
Total liabilities and fund balance	123,850.28	946,671.24	339,307.05	319,276.10	1,729,104.67

CITY OF GWINNER RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **DECEMBER 31, 2016**

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

1,729,104.67

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in governmental funds

> Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation

7,984,705.20

2,377,215.45

Net capital assets

5,607,489.75

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities- both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net assets.

> Bonds payable SRF Notes payable Notes payable

(3,540,000.00)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

3,796,594.42

CITY OF GWINNER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

				OTHER GOVERNMENTAL O	TOTAL
	GENERAL	SALES TAX	GCDC 3RD ADD	FUNDS	FUNDS
Property taxes Sales taxes	246,524.62	573,589.44	- -	55,847.89	302,372.51 573,589.44
Special Assessments	65.050.74	,		134,966.12	134,966.12
Intergovernmental Interest	65,052.74 842.30			63,625.09	128,677.83 842.30
Charges for services	-			37,238.03	37,238.03
Other	9,688.95			1,946.74	11,635.69
Total Revenues	322,108.61	573,589.44	-	293,623.87	1,189,321.92
Current:					
General government Public safety	218,549.36 45,929.05			96,132.27	314,681.63 45,929.05
Highways and streets	43,929.03			83,084.72	83,084.72
Economic development		106,890.40	-	-	106,890.40
Capital outlays		-	1,657,538.00	21,432.30	1,678,970.30
Debt Service Principal		105,000.00		155,000.00	260,000.00
Interest expense		14,521.00	<u>-</u>	40,409.82	54,930.82
Total Expenditures	264,478.41	226,411.40	1,657,538.00	396,059.11	2,544,486.92
Excess revenues (expenditures)	57,630.20	347,178.04	(1,657,538.00)	(102,435.24)	(1,355,165.00)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Bond proceeds	(21,789.17)	- - -	- - 1,996,845.05	21,789.17	21,789.17 (21,789.17) 1,996,845.05
Total other financing sources and u	(21,789.17)	-	1,996,845.05	21,789.17	1,996,845.05
Net change in fund balances	35,841.03	347,178.04	339,307.05	(80,646.07)	641,680.05
Fund Balance- January 1	88,009.25	599,493.20	-	399,922.17	1,087,424.62
Fund Balance- December 31	123,850.28	946,671.24	339,307.05	319,276.10	1,729,104.67

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GWINNER RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances- Total Governmental Funds

641,680.05

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year.

Current year capital outlay

1,657,538.00

Current year depreciation expense

235,357.03

1,422,180.97

Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.

(2,015,000.00) 260,000.00

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

308,861.02

CITY OF GWINNER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- MODIFIED PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016	CASH BASIS Water & Sewer	Sanitation	Total
ASSETS Current assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments	1,280,951.01	202,874.25	1,483,825.26
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	3,992,068.67		3,992,068.67
Total Assets	5,273,019.68	202,874.25	5,475,893.93
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:			-
Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year: Bonds payable Notes payable Due after one year: Bonds payable Notes payable	15,000.00 - - 1,831,111.00		15,000.00 - 1,831,111.00
Total liabilities	1,846,111.00		
	1,040,111.00	-	1,846,111.00
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects Debt service Unrestricted	2,145,957.67 - - - 1,280,951.01	202,874.25	2,145,957.67 - 1,483,825.26
Total net position	3,426,908.68	202,874.25	3,629,782.93

CITY OF GWINNER STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION- MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016	Water & Sewer	Sanitation	Total
OPERATING REVENUE			
Charges for services	482,995.42	102,499.21	585,494.63
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries	166,017.20		166,017.20
Employee benefits	49,922.04		49,922.04
Professional fees	-		-
Purchased services	· -	-	
Contract services	-	58,101.02	58,101.02
Electricity	39,427.84		39,427.84
Supplies	58,355.15		58,355.15
Repairs and maintenance	29,501.22	1,166.80	30,668.02
Office expense	1,578.17	20.00	1,598.17
Depreciation	61,041.82		61,041.82
Miscellaneous	2,567.52	-	2,567.52
Total operating expenses	408,410.96	59,287.82	467,698.78
Operating income (loss)	74,584.46	43,211.39	117,795.85
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)			
Special assessments	139,989.10		139,989.10
Interest income	_		·
Grant income	-		_
Interest expense	(11,979.10)		(11,979.10)
Capital outlay	(1,611.74)		(1,611.74)
Other	827,317.80	-	827,317.80
Total non-operating rev (exp)	953,716.06	-	953,716.06
Income (loss) before transfers	1,028,300.52	43,211.39	1,071,511.91
Transfers in Transfers out	<u>-</u>		-
Change in net position	1,028,300.52	43,211.39	1,071,511.91
Net Position- January 1	2,398,608.16	159,662.86	2,558,271.02
Net Position- December 31	3,426,908.68	202,874.25	3,629,782.93

CITY OF GWINNER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016	Water & Sewer	Sanitation	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers	482,995.42	102,499.21	585,494.63
Payments to suppliers	(181,351.94)	(59,287.82)	(240,639.76)
Payments to employees	(166,017.20)	-	(166,017.20)
Other receipts	967,306.90	-	967,306.90
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,102,933.18	43,211.39	1,146,144.57
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	G ACTIVITIES		
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	-	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	FINANCING ACT	IVITIES	
Purchase of capital assets	(2,162,265.29)	-	(2,162,265.29)
Principal paid on capital debt	(926,582.00)		(926,582.00)
Interest paid on capital debt	(11,979.10)	-	(11,979.10)
Debt proceeds	2,117,388.00		2,117,388.00
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(983,438.39)	-	(983,438.39)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends	-	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	-	-	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	119,494.79	43,211.39	162,706.18
Balance- beginning of year	1,161,456.22	159,662.86	1,321,119.08
Balance- end of year	1,280,951.01	202,874.25	1,483,825.26
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	provided		
by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	74,584.46	43,211.39	117,795.85
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net of	ash provided		
(used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	61,041.82	-	61,041.82
Miscellaneous receipts (expense)	967,306.90	-	967,306.90
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,102,933.18	43,211.39	1,146,144.57
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these	financial statement	ts.	
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CITY OF GWINNER COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- COMPONENT UNITS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	HOUSING	
	AUTHORITY	TOTAL
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	20,804.20	20,804.20
Accounts receivable		· -
Taxes receivable		-
Intergovernmental receivable		-
Contract for deed		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,624,000.00	1,624,000.00
Total Assets -	1,644,804.20	1,644,804.20
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	_	<u>_</u>
Salaries and benefits payable		<u> </u>
Deferred revenue		_
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year:		_
Bonds payable		_
Notes payable		-
Due after one year:		
Bonds payable	1,744,817.36	1,744,817.36
Notes payable	, ,	-
Total liabilities -	1,744,817.36	1,744,817.36
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	(120,817.36)	(120,817.36)
Restricted for:	()	(120,017.50)
Capital projects		_
Debt service		_
Unrestricted -	20,804.20	20,804.20
Total net position -	(100,013.16)	(100,013.16)
	` ' '	(, 5 , - 5)

CITY OF GWINNER COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES- COMPONENT UNITS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Expenditures General government Public safety Highways and streets Economic development Other capital outlays Interest expense Depreciation- Unallocated	HOUSING AUTHORITY 2,498.47 92,820.00 40,600.00	TOTAL 2,498.47 - 92,820.00 40,600.00
Revenue Property taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous Interest income	- 135,918.47 	135,918.47 - - 142,976.71 - -
Total Revenues Change in Net Position Net Position- January 1 Net Position- December 31	- 142,976.71 - 7,058.24 - (107,071.40) - (100,013.16)	142,976.71 7,058.24 (107,071.40) (100,013.16)

CITY OF GWINNER GWINNER, NORTH DAKOTA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Gwinner (City) have been prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City. The City has considered all potential component units for which the City is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the City such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

Based on these criteria, there is one component units: Gwinner Housing Authority—The Housing Authority is a non-profit corporation formed for the purpose of providing funds to finance improvements on City property and for leasing property from the City. The directors of the Authority are appointed by the Mayor. The activity of the Authority are discretely presented. The Authority does not issue separate statements.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-wide statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity, Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenses/expenditures. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The City currently has no fiduciary funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Tax increment fund. Tax increment funds are used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal and interest on the City's debt.

Sales tax fund. The sales tax fund is used to record the collection of sales taxes and economic development expenses.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and sewer - accounts for operating activities of the City's water and sewer utility services.

Sanitation- accounts for operating activities of the City's sanitation services

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues and expenditures when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgets

Based upon available financial information and requests by the city council, the auditor prepares the City budget. The budget is prepared for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds on the cash basis of accounting. The budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

City taxes must be levied by the governing board on or before October 7. The taxes levied must be certified to the County auditor by October 10. The governing body of the City may amend its tax levy and budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year, but the certification must be filed with the County auditor by October 10. The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.

E. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts and certificates of deposits with maturity of less than 90 days. Investments consist of certificates of deposits, with a maturity date in excess of 90 days, stated at cost.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Net estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of assets acquired prior to January 1, 2003. Prior to January 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS	
Permanent Buildings		50
Vehicles and equipment		10

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted - This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the city council-the City's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The council has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the City's preference is to first use restricted resources, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned, and unassigned—in order as needed.

The council has set a General Fund minimum fund balance target at 10% of expenditures and recurring transfers.

I. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

J. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the City requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

BUDGET AMENDMENTS

The Council did not amend the City budget for 2016.

EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS
The City did not overspend any budgets. No remedial action is required.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institution situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposit not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United State government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, notes, warrants, and certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies, instrumentalities, or by any City, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States, or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2016, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$3,212,930. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$2,962,930 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the City to invest in: (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress. (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above. (3) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation or the state. (4) Obligations of the state.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City does not have a limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4: PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes receivable represents the past five years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable.

The County treasurer acts as and agent to collect property taxes levied in the County for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

NOTE 5: TRANSFERS

Transfer are used to 1) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs, 2) move sales tax revenues to fund programs and projects, and 3) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due.

	Transfers	Transfers
	In	Out
Employee pension	11,837	
General		11,837
Special projects		32,383
EMS Building	32,383	
Social security	9,952	
General		9,952

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2016:

E	Balance Jan 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Government activities	oan i	THETERSES	Decreases	becember 31
Construction in progress Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment	15,713 1,450,429 4,421,219 439,806	1,657,538		1,673,251 1,450,429 4,421,219 439,806
Total	6,327,167	1,657,538		7,984,705
Less accumulated deprecia	tion for:			
Infrastructure	145,043	72,521		217,564
Buildings & Improve	1,650,734	131,015		1,781,749
Vehicles & Equip	346,081	31,821		377,902
Total Accumulated Dep		235,357		2,377,215
Total Cap Assets				
Being Depreciated, Net	4,185,309			5,607,490
Total net	4,185,309			5,607,490
Business-type activities:				
Construction in progress	773,521	2,128,113		2,901,634
Vehicles & equipment	1,733,141	32,541		1,733,141
Bldgs and Improvements	1,079,655			1,079,655
Total	3,749,700	2,160,654		5,910,354
Less accumulated deprecia	tion for:			
Vehicles & equipment	74,629	8,561		83,190
Buildings & Improve	1,782,614	52,481		1,782,614
Total	1,857,243	61,042		1,918,285
Total Cap Assets				
Being Depreciated, Net	1,892,457			3,992,069
Total net	1,892,457			3,992,069
Doprogiation Evpondo was	abarrand to	functions/nr	oarama of th	o City on follows.

Depreciation Expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows: Governmental Activities:

General government	150,061
Public safety	3,072
Public works	9,703
Infrastructure	72,521
Total	235,357

Business-type Activities:
Water and sewer

61,042

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities - During the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term debt:

GOVERNMENTAL A	Payable 2015	Increases	Decreases	Payable 2016	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable Notes payable	1,785,000	2,015,000	260,000	3,540,00	0 260,000
TOTAL	1,785,000	2,015,000	260,000	3,540,00	0
BUSINESS TYPE		2 117 200	006 500	1 046 11	1 15 000
SRF loans Notes payable		2,117,388	926,582	1,846,11	·
TOTAL	655,305 2	2,117,388	15,000	1,846,11	1
COMPONENT UNIT		AUTHORITY	39,780	1,744,81	7 40,000
BONDS PAYABLE Bonds payable	consist of		_		
		Maturit Date	y Intere Rate		Balance utstanding
GOVERNMENTAL A	ACTIVITIES				J
Refunding bond		05/01/2			545,000
Refunding bond Refunding bond	d 2011	05/01/2 05/01/2	018 3.0)0%)0%	790,000 190,000
Refunding bond	d 2011	05/01/2	018 3.0)0%	2,015,000
					3,540,000

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

Special Assessment bonds are paid directly from debt service sinking funds. Special assessments are certified annually in amounts sufficient to pay debt service requirements. Whenever all special assessments appropriated and collected for a special assessment district are insufficient to pay principal and interest then due on special assessment improvement bonds issued against such improvement district, the city is required to levy a deficiency levy upon all taxable property in the City.

CITY OF GWINNER

Notes to Financial Statements- Continued

SRF NOTES PAYABLE

The City obtained financing from the State of North Dakota's State Revolving Loan Fund (SRF) to finance improvements to the City's utility systems. Details relative to the outstanding notes payable are shown below:

	Maturity	Interest	Balance
	Date	Rate	Outstanding
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			_
Water treatment bonds-2004	09/01/2019	2.5%	45,000
Water treatment bonds-2016	09/01/2035	2.5%	1,801,111
Total			1,846,111

The Water Treatment Revenue Bonds of 2016 is currently in progress. The total bond authorized by the State is \$3,455,000. The actual draws at December 31, 2016 were \$2,882,111.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Year Ending	Bonds Paya	ble		
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	320,000	59 , 328	91,111	36,845
2018	355 , 000	74,770	90,000	35,250
2019	265,000	69 , 935	95 , 000	33,375
2020	265,000	65 , 035	80,000	31,400
2021	270,000	59 , 488	85 , 000	29,800
2022-2026	790,000	241,956	445,000	123,200
2027-2031	655,000	141,003	505,000	76,300
2032-2036	620 , 000	55 , 650	455,000	23,100
TOTAL	3,540,000	767,164	1,846,111	389,270

NOTES PAYABLE-COMPONENT UNIT

Notes payable to Various Banks, due in monthly installments of \$10,551, including interest at 4.50%, through October 2033. Note used for apartments. 1,744,817

8. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The following fund balances had deficits at December 31, 2016: Sewer 49,436 Will be eliminated with fees. City special 116,493 Will be eliminated with taxes. EMS building 226,686 Will be eliminated with transfers. Water lines 15,874 Will be eliminated with fees. Housing program 289,349 Will be eliminated with transfers. Springs addition 67,799 Will be eliminated with bonds. Industrial park 17,713 Will be eliminated with transfers. Airport 6,959 Will be eliminated with taxes. Housing authority 88,837 Will be eliminated with transfers.

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS

NORTH DAKOTA PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NDPERS)

The City participates in the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) - Main System. The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

A. DESCRIPTION OF PENSION PLAN

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefits pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of seven members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the governor, one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer, three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system; and one member elected by the retired public employees.

B. PENSION BENEFITS

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provision or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85) or at normal retirement age of (65). The annual pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

C. DEATH AND DISABILITY BENEFITS

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, lifetime monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition of disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

D. REFUNDS OF MEMBER ACCOUNT BALANCE

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service - Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25 13 to 25 months of service - Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25 25 to 36 months of service - Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25 Longer than 36 months of service - Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

E. MEMBER AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation.

F. PENSION EXPENSE RELATED TO PENSIONS

\$20,578 reported as expense related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.50%

Salary increases 3.85% per annum for four years, then

4.50% per annum

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of investment expenses Cost-of-living adjustments None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with ages set back three years. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with ages set back one year for males (not set back for females).

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2010. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, funding actuarial valuation for NDPERS. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target A	Allocation	Long-Term Expected
			Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	3	31%	6.90%
International Equity	2	21%	7.55%
Private Equity		5%	11.30%
Domestic Fixed Income		17%	1.55%
International Fixed Inc	ome	5%	0.90%
Global Real Assets	2	20%	5.38%
Cash equivalents		1%	0.00%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8 percent as of June 30, 2015. projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2015, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The City pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability and automobile insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of one million dollars per occurrence. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the City with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 for its employees. The State Bonding fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage. The City has workers compensation with the Workforce, Safety and Insurance and purchases commercial insurance for personal property, building, inland marine, and boiler and machinery.

CITY OF GWINNER SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITY DECEMBER 31, 2016 FUND

	BEGINNING BALANCE	REVENUE	EXPENSE	TRANSFERS IN(OUT)	ENDING BALANCE
100 GENERAL	88,009.25	322,108.61	264,478.41	(21,789.17)	123,850.28
200 STREET LIGHTING	-	•	, -	,	-
201 HIGHWAY DISTRIBUTION	147,204.50	65,412.13	83,084.72		129,531.91
202 SOCIAL SECURITY	6,717.05	101.40	16,770.13	9,951.68	-
203 SALES TAX	599,493.20	573,589.44	226,411.40	·	946,671.24
206 EMERGENCY	17,539.16	4,823.62	7,402.50		14,960.28
209 COMMUNITY CENTER	-	3,870.00	2,549.32		1,320.68
210 EMPLOYEE PENSIONS	8,580.68	160.24	20,578.41	11,837.49	-
215 HOUSING PROGRAM	(287,302.12)		2,046.64		(289,348.76)
400 SPECIAL PROJECTS	80,942.92	33,368.03		(32,383.29)	81,927.66
410 SPRINGS ADDITION	(78,891.78)	11,093.10			(67,798.68)
415 FAIRWAY ADDITION	(17,713.39)				(17,713.39)
430 CITY WIDE STREET	84,899.73	65,126.41	102,999.82		47,026.32
500 GCDC 3RD ADDITION	-	1,996,845.05	1,657,538.00		339,307.05
502 BUILDING AND EQUIPMENT	8,450.10				8,450.10
503 CITY SPECIALS	(124,504.76)	27,397.89	19,385.66		(116,492.53)
504 REFUNDING 1997	550,521.67	58,823.40	92,410.00		516,935.07
505 TIF 1997 & 1999	-	1,459.13			1,459.13
506 RESERVE FUND 1995	236,500.00				236,500.00
507 EMS BUILDING	(259,069.00)			32,383.29	(226,685.71)
508 SALES TAX BOND RESERVE	95,000.00				95,000.00
509 WATER LINES	(15,874.42)				(15,874.42)
600 WATER PROJECT	712,256.59	2,257,377.10	2,222,841.57		746,792.12
601 WATER	488,570.88	385,060.16	250,665.09		622,965.95
602 SEWER	-	98,671.06	148,106.87		(49,435.81)
603 GARBAGE	159,662.86	102,499.21	59,287.82		202,874.25
605 SEWER PROJECT	(23,496.83)				(23,496.83)
705 AIRPORT	(8,215.43)	21,905.61	20,648.84		(6,958.66)
710 HOUSING AUTHORITY	(60,737.16)	82.91	28,183.07		(88,837.32)
	2,408,543.70	6,029,774.50	5,225,388.27	_	3,212,929.93

CITY OF GWINNER SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Expenses
Environmental Protection Agency- Passed through North Dakota Department of Health:		
Capitalization grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	66.468	2,117,388
Total Environmental Protection Ag	ency	2,117,388
Total assistance		2,117,388.

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2016. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance. Because the schedule presents only a selected portions of the operations of the City, it is not intended to be and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the City.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Subpart E of the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The City has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Harold J. Rotunda

Certified Public Accountant

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Governing Board City of Gwinner Gwinner, North Dakota

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Gwinner as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated October 1, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered City of Gwinner's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. I did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that I consider to be significant deficiencies [2016-1].

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Gwinner's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

City of Gwinner's Responses to Findings

City of Gwinner's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Gwinner's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harold Rotunda, CPA

October 1, 2017

Harold J. Rotunda

Certified Public Accountant

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM COMPLIANCE

<u>Independent Auditor's Report</u>

To the Governing Board City of Gwinner Gwinner, North Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited City of Gwinner's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Gwinner's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2016. City of Gwinner's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Gwinner's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Gwinner's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Gwinner's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, City of Gwinner complied in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Gwinner is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered City of Gwinner's internal control, over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Gwinner's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weakness or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harold Rotunda, CPA

October 1, 2017

CITY OF GWINNER SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

<u>Financial Statements</u> Type of Report Issued?				
Governmental Activities Major Funds Aggregate Remaining Fund Information		Unmodi: Unmodi: Unmodi:	fied	
Internal Control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not		Yes	<u>X</u>	No
Considered to be material weaknesses? Noncompliance material to financial statements	<u>X</u>	Yes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	No
Noted?		Yes	<u>X</u>	No
Federal Awards				
Internal Control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified? Reportable conditions identified not considered		Yes .	<u>X</u>	No.
To be material weaknesses?		Yes	<u>X</u>	None
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for Major programs: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to Reported in accordance with CFR	Unmodi	fied		
Section 200.516?		Yes	X_	No
Identification of major programs: CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program Or C	Cluster	<u> </u>		
66.458 Capitalization grants for Cl State Revolving Funds	lean Wa	ater		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Typ A and B programs:	pe \$750,(000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	<u>X</u>	_ No

CITY OF GWINNER SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Section II- Financial Statement Findings

Finding No. 2016-1

Condition

The limited number of staff prevents a proper segregation of duties.

Criteria

A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to its completion.

Effect of Condition

Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the City's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Recommendation

While I recognize that the City office staff may not be large enough to permit complete segregation of duties in all respects for an effective system of internal accounting control, all accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the City.

Response

At the present time, the City has segregated the duties of all key accounting personnel in the most efficient manner possible, given its limited staff. Due to cost constraints, there will be no further administrative employees added.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.