NORTH DAKOTA BUILDING AUTHORITY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

NORTH DAKOTA BUILDING AUTHORITY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Industrial Commission State of North Dakota Bismarck, North Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the North Dakota Building Authority, a component unit of the State of North Dakota, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of North Dakota Building Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the North Dakota Building Authority, as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 16, 2012, on our consideration of the North Dakota Building Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

An Independently Owned Member



Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Brady, Marty

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

August 16, 2012

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the North Dakota Building Authority (Authority) that follows is meant to provide additional insight into the Authority's activities for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements and footnotes, which are presented within this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The 2011 Legislature did not authorize any construction projects for the 2011-2013 biennium. The 2009 Legislature authorized the Authority to bond up to \$2,575 during the 2009-2011 biennium for the Veteran's Home Construction. In May 2012, the Authority issued Series 2012A bonds in the amount of \$19,055 to refund the Series 2002C, Series 2002D and Series 2003C bonds, and to advance refund the Series 2003B bonds. During the fiscal year ended 2011, the Authority issued Series 2010A bonds in the amount of \$2,355 to finance the project for the Veteran's Home. The Authority also issued Series 2010B bonds in the amount of \$4,910. A portion of the Series 2010B bonds was used to finance the Veteran's Home project, with the remaining portion used to advance refund a portion of the Series 2002A bonds.

Cash has decreased \$819 to \$3,105 at June 30, 2012, as a result of construction projects progressing and increased \$646 to \$3,924 at June 30, 2011, as a result of the bonds issued to finance construction projects. Many of the projects authorized during the 2005 Legislative session have completed construction and others are nearing completion. The Veteran's Home project completed construction. It is anticipated that cash balances will steadily decline as the projects continue to progress.

Current investments at the Bank of North Dakota have decreased \$4,057 at June 30, 2012 as a result of calling the reserve investments for the bonds that were refunded.

Based on certain bond covenants, the Authority is required to establish and restrict prescribed amounts of resources for debt service reserves. In addition, bond proceeds for the construction of projects are also classified as restricted.

The State agencies pay as rent the debt service on the related bonds. The leases also provide that the State agencies pay as additional rent to the Authority reimbursement for trustee fees, paying agent fees, registrar fees, audit fees, arbitrage rebate payments and fees, and other reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by the Authority or the Trustee on behalf of the Authority.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's financial statements. The financial statements of the Authority provide accounting information similar to that of many other business entities. The Balance Sheet summarizes the assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. It also serves as the basis for analysis of the soundness and liquidity of the Authority. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets summarize the Authority's operating performance for the year. The Statement of Cash Flows summarizes the flow of cash through the Authority as it conducts its business.

JUNE 50, 2012, 2011 AND 2010							
ASSETS		2012 2011 2		2011		2010	
CURRENT ASSETS - RESTRICTED	\$	16,903	\$	20,115	\$	16,872	
NONCURRENT ASSETS - RESTRICTED		57,065		69,645		78,169	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	73,968	\$	89,760	\$	95,041	
LIABILITIES							
CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$	9,063	\$	10,903	\$	9,465	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		64,905		78,857		85,576	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		73,968		89,760		95,041	
FUND NET ASSETS	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND NET ASSETS	\$	73,968	\$	89,760	\$	95,041	

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2012, 2011 AND 2010

Cash and Investments

Certain Authority cash and investments, which are included in the restricted current and noncurrent assets, are restricted for the debt service of bond issues or for construction. Additional discussion of cash investments can be found at Note 2 to the financial statements.

Leases Receivable

Obligations of North Dakota agencies and university system are classified separately on the balance sheet as "leases receivable" and included in the restricted current and noncurrent assets of the Balance Sheet. These leases are pledged to the various bond issues. No losses for market value declines are anticipated and an allowance has not been provided. Note 3 to the financial statements contains further information regarding leases receivable.

Bonds Payable

In order to provide state agencies with funds to finance projects, the Authority has issued bonds to facilitate the purchase of the lease. The bonds payable are included in the restricted current and noncurrent liabilities of the preceding statement. The bonds are direct obligations of the Authority and are secured by leases purchased under the applicable resolutions, interest earnings and certain accounts established pursuant to the applicable bond resolutions. Further details are contained in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Rebate Due to IRS

Under Internal Revenue Service Code Sections 103 and 148, earnings from nonpurpose investments in excess of bond interest expense must be remitted as a rebate, once every five years, to the U.S. Treasury. This liability is included in the restricted current liabilities. Note 6 to the financial statements contains additional information.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012, 2011 AND 2010

	2012		2011		 2010
OPERATING REVENUES					
Lease interest	\$	2,844	\$	3,621	\$ 3,876
Other		94		68	32
		2,938		3,689	 3,908
NONOPERATING REVENUE					
Investment interest		355		397	 526
TOTAL REVENUE		3,293		4,086	 4,434
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Interest expense		3,194		4,000	4,326
Provision for Arbitrage Rebate due to IRS		26		27	32
Operating		73		59	76
		3,293		4,086	 4,434
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		-		-	-
TOTAL FUND NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		-		-	 -
TOTAL FUND NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

Lease Interest

The state agencies have agreed to pay as rent the debt service (principal and interest) on the related bonds, to the extent that the bond funds and earnings are used to pay construction and other eligible costs of the projects. See Note 3 to the financial statements for further details of the leases.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (In Thousands)

Economic and Budgetary Information

The Authority is economically dependent on the North Dakota University System and agencies of the State of North Dakota.

As discussed in financial statement Note 1, the Authority operates through a biennial appropriation provided by the State Legislature. The Authority prepares a biennial budget, which is included in the Governor's budget that is presented to the State Legislature at the beginning of each legislative session. The Authority has continuing appropriation from monies received from the sale of indebtedness, lease payments and revenues generated by projects authorized by the legislature for the acquisition of authorized projects and the payment of rentals for these projects.

The Authority's bond rating is AA for the years ending June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Contacting the North Dakota Building Authority's financial management:

The information in this report is intended to provide the reader with an overview of the Authority's operations along with the Authority's accountability for those operations. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the North Dakota Building Authority, 600 East Boulevard Avenue, Department 405, Bismarck, ND 58505-0840.

NORTH DAKOTA BUILDING AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (In Thousands)

ASSETS	 2012	 2011
CURRENT ASSETS - RESTRICTED Cash and cash equivalents at the Bank of North Dakota Investments at the Bank of North Dakota Leases receivable Investment interest receivable, Bank of North Dakota Lease interest receivable	\$ 3,105 4,992 8,555 6 245	\$ 3,924 6,456 9,390 33 312
Total restricted current assets	 16,903	 20,115
NONCURRENT ASSETS - RESTRICTED Investments at the Bank of North Dakota Lease receivable Deferred bond financing costs, net Total restricted noncurrent assets	 1,046 55,435 584 57,065	 3,639 65,116 890 69,645
Total assets	\$ 73,968	\$ 89,760
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to colleges, universities and state agencies Rebate due to IRS Bonds payable Interest payable	\$ 32 224 7 8,555 245	\$ 847 114 9,630 312
Total current liabilities	 9,063	 10,903
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Bonds payable	 64,905	 78,857
Total liabilities	 73,968	 89,760
FUND NET ASSETS	 -	
Total liabilities and fund net assets	\$ 73,968	\$ 89,760

NORTH DAKOTA BUILDING AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

(In Thousands)

	2	012	2011		
OPERATING REVENUES Lease interest Other	\$	2,844 94 2,938	\$	3,621 68 3,689	
OPERATING EXPENSES Interest expense Expense from arbitrage rebate due to IRS Operating		3,194 26 73 3,293		4,000 27 59 4,086	
OPERATING LOSS		(355)		(397)	
NONOPERATING REVENUE Investment interest		355		397	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		-		-	
TOTAL FUND NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		-		-	
TOTAL FUND NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	-	

NORTH DAKOTA BUILDING AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

(In Thousands)

	2012		2011
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts of rent	\$	12,139	\$ 10,572
Receipts of additional rent and other		94	68
Payment to project vendors		(962) (72)	(2,042)
Payments to service providers		(73) (124)	(59)
Payment of rebate to IRS Net cash from operating activities		(134) 11,064	 8,539
		11,001	 0,007
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		10.070	7.0.00
Proceeds from issuance of bonds payable		18,968	7,068
Principal payment on bonds payable		(33,715)	(13,125)
Bond financing costs		(143) (3,092)	(41)
Interest paid on bonds payable Net cash used for non-capital financing activities		(17,982)	 (3,870) (9,968)
Net cash used for hon-capital financing activities		(17,902)	 (9,908)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		2,042	2,165
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities		10,085	6,106
Purchase of investment securities		(6,028)	 (6,196)
Net cash from investing activities		6,099	 2,075
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(819)	646
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,924	 3,278
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	3,105	\$ 3,924
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO			
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating loss	\$	(355)	\$ (397)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss:			
Amortization of bond financing costs		69	117
Net amortization of bond premium and deferred loss		100	38
Reclassification of interest income and expense to			
other activities		180	224
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Lease receivable		11,768	7,794
Arbitrage rebate payable		(107)	27
Accounts payable		32 (623)	(3) 730
Due to colleges, universities and state agencies		(623)	 739
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	11,064	\$ 8,539

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

The North Dakota Building Authority (Authority) was established July 1, 1985, by the North Dakota Legislature, as provided in Chapter 54-17.2 of the North Dakota Century Code, as a separate instrumentality of the State of North Dakota. The purpose of the Authority is to promote the general welfare of the citizens of the State by providing projects for use by the State in providing public services by altering, repairing, maintaining or constructing buildings primarily for use by the State and making any improvements connected to those buildings or pertaining to those buildings and necessary to the use of those buildings in providing services to the public.

Reporting Entity

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, North Dakota Building Authority should include all component units over which North Dakota Building Authority exercises such aspects as (1) appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (2) has the ability to impose its will on that organization or (3) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on North Dakota Building Authority. GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, an Amendment of GASB Statement 14, further defined reporting units as a legally separate, tax exempt affiliated organization that meet all of the following criteria:

- The economic resources of the organization entirely or almost entirely directly benefit North Dakota Building Authority or its constituents, and
- North Dakota Building Authority or its component units are entitled to or can otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources of the organization, and
- The economic resources that North Dakota Building Authority is entitled to, or can otherwise access, are significant to North Dakota Building Authority.

Based upon criteria set forth in GASB No. 14 and No. 39, no organizations were determined to be part of the reporting entity. North Dakota Building Authority is included as part of the primary government of the State of North Dakota's reporting entity.

Budgetary Process

The Authority operates through a biennial appropriation provided by the State Legislature. The Authority prepares a biennial budget, which is included in the Governor's budget that is presented to the State Legislature at the beginning of each legislative session. The State Legislature enacts the budgets of the various State departments through passage of specific appropriation bills. The Governor has line item veto powers over all legislation subject to legislative override. Once passed and signed, the appropriation becomes the Authority's financial plan for the next two years. The Authority has continuing appropriation for monies received from the sale of indebtedness, lease payments and revenues generated by projects authorized by the legislature for the acquisition of authorized projects and the payment of rentals for these projects.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The North Dakota Building Authority is presented in the accompanying financial statements as a proprietary fund type – an enterprise fund.

An enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public or other funds on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Authority recovers its costs through administrative charges to agencies and earnings on funds.

As a proprietary fund type, the Authority accounts for its transactions using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

The accompanying financial statements of the North Dakota Building Authority follow the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the nationally accepted standard-setting body for establishing generally accepted accounting principles for governmental entities. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 20, the Authority follows all applicable GASB Pronouncements as well as following Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the balance sheet and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

The Authority's investments consist entirely of certificates of deposit, and are reported at fair value.

Funds held by trustee under bond resolutions are to be invested to the fullest extent possible in investment obligations selected by the Authority. The maturity date or the date on which such investment obligations may be redeemed shall coincide as nearly as practicable with the date or dates on which moneys in the funds or accounts for which the investments were made will be required.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In Thousands)

Leases Receivable

The Authority's leasing operations, as lessor, consist of leasing real estate property under capital leases.

Lease payments are due upon receipt. In the event of non-payment, the item or installment so in default shall continue as an obligation of the agency until the amount in default has been fully paid. The agency agrees to pay interest on any basic rent in default at the rate or rates of interest payable on the Bonds as specified in the Indenture. The agency agrees to pay interest on Additional Rent in default at the rate or rates of interest equal to the Bank of North Dakota Base Rate.

Deferred Bond Financing Costs

Bond issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Restricted Assets

The Authority, based on certain bond covenants, is required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources that can be used only to service outstanding debt. Other restricted assets can only be used for construction projects financed by related bonds.

Operating and Non-operating Revenues

Operating revenues consist of sales of goods and services, quasi-external operating transactions with other funds, grant revenue for specific activities that are considered to be operating activities of the grantor, receipts from other agencies for reimbursement of operating transactions and other miscellaneous revenue. Grants that would qualify as an operating activity are those that do not subsidize an existing program, rather they finance a program the agency would not otherwise undertake.

All other revenues that do not meet the above criteria are classified as non-operating.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The North Dakota Building Authority is required to maintain its deposits at the Bank of North Dakota. As of June 30, 2012, the Building Authority had the following deposits (amount in thousands):

		Cash		Cash In		Cash Investments		ish Investments Tot		Fotal
Current assets - restricted Non-current assets - restricted	\$	3,105	\$	4,992 1,046	\$	8,097 1,046				
	\$	3,105	\$	6,038	\$	9,143				

The North Dakota Building Authority is required to maintain its deposits at the Bank of North Dakota. As of June 30, 2011, the Building Authority had the following deposits (amount in thousands):

		Cash		Cash Investments		Total
Current assets - restricted Non-current assets - restricted	\$	3,924	\$	6,456 3,639	\$ 10,380 3,639	
	\$	3,924	\$	10,095	\$ 14,019	

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

For a deposit, the custodial credit risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Building Authority will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Building Authority's deposits are uncollateralized and all of the deposits are with the Bank of North Dakota. The deposits at the Bank of North Dakota are backed by the full faith and credit of the State of North Dakota.

Cash is restricted for the following purposes:

		2012	2011	
Construction Debt service	\$	2,931 174	\$	3,810 114
	<u> </u>	3,105	\$	3,924

Investments

Funds held by trustees or the Authority under bond resolutions are to be invested to the fullest extent possible in investment obligations selected by the Authority. The maturity date or the date on which such investment obligations may be redeemed shall coincide as nearly as practicable with the date or dates on which monies in the funds or accounts for which the investments were made will be required. The restricted bond accounts have their monies invested in certificates of deposit at the Bank of North Dakota.

NOTE 3 - LEASES RECEIVABLE

After receiving Legislative authority, the Authority purchases or constructs various facilities, which are generally financed by bonds. The facilities are leased to State agencies under terms described below.

The terms of the leases commence as of the date of the sale of the bonds and expire at the end of each biennium on June 30, subject to successive automatic two-year extensions under the provisions of each lease (unless the Legislature specifically fails to appropriate sufficient moneys for the payment of rent under the lease during any two-year renewal term).

Under the lease agreements, the State agencies have agreed to pay as rent the debt service on the related bonds from funds appropriated by the Legislature from the General Fund or other special funds, which may include federal funds.

The Authority is not required to make any expenditures in connection with the leases of the facilities. Upon expiration of a lease, the facility is conveyed to the appropriate agency. At June 30, 2012, future minimum lease payments under agreements are as follows:

2013	\$ 8,555
2014	9,280
2015	6,130
2016	6,375
2017	5,315
2018-2022	25,446
2023-2027	2,889
	\$ 63,990

The leases also provide that the State agencies pay as additional rent to the Authority for trustee fees, paying agent fees, registrar fees, letter of credit fees, audit fees and other reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by the Authority or the Trustee on behalf of the Authority.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Bonds Payable

The following is a summary of changes in bonds payable for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

Balance, June 30, 2010 Additions	\$ 94,506 7,068
Retirements	(13,125)
Amortization of deferred amount of refunding, deferred	
bond financing costs and bond premium	 38
Balance, June 30, 2011	88,487
Additions	18,588
Retirements	(33,715)
Amortization of deferred amount of refunding, deferred	
bond financing costs and bond premium	 100
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$ 73,460

Maturities of Bonds Payable

Maturities of principal and interest on all bonds are as follows:

	Principal Interest		Interest		Total Debt Service		
Year Ending June 30,							
2013	\$	8,555	\$	2,785	\$	11,340	
2014		9,280		2,439		11,719	
2015		6,130		2,133		8,263	
2016		6,375		1,895		8,270	
2017		5,315		1,682		6,997	
2018-2022		26,710		5,326		32,036	
2023-2027		11,285		1,007		12,292	
2028-2031		740		95		835	
		74,390		17,362		91,752	
Unamortized bond premium		1,357		(1,357)		-	
Unamortized deferred amount on refunding		(2,287)		2,287		-	
	\$	73,460	\$	18,292	\$	91,752	

Description and Due Date	Interest Rate		riginal Value	2012		 2011
Series 02A Bonds 12/1/04-12/1/22	4.30 - 5.25	\$	9,595	\$	-	\$ 1,025
Series 02C Bonds 8/15/04-8/15/14	3.75 - 4.30		10,665		-	4,198
Series 02D Bonds 12/1/04-12/1/16 (net of deferred loss on refunding	3.75 - 4.50 g of \$0 and \$471)		16,425		-	7,537
Series 03B Bonds 12/1/05-12/1/22	2.50 - 5.00		13,080		-	9,709
Series 03C Bonds 12/1/05-12/1/13	3.50 - 5.25		20,000		-	7,616
Series 05A Bonds 12/1/09-12/1/24	4.25 - 4.50		37,955		33,019	34,889
Series 06A Bonds 12/1/06-12/1/19 (net of deferred loss on refunding	4.00 g of \$234 and \$263)	10,460		6,376	7,101
Series 06B Bonds 12/1/07-12/1/22 (net of deferred loss on refunding	4.00 - 4.25 g of \$313 and \$341)	9,770		8,706	9,329
Series 10A Bonds 12/1/16-12/1/30	3.50 - 6.25		2,355		2,355	2,355
Series 10B Bonds 12/1/11-12/1/22 (net of deferred loss on refunding	2.00 - 4.00 g of \$254 and \$277)	4,910		4,573	4,728
Series 12A Bonds 12/1/12-12/1/21 (net of dererred loss on refunding	1.50 - 4.00 g of \$1,487 and \$0)		19,055		18,431	-
Total bonds payable Less current portion					73,460 8,555	 88,487 9,630
Long-term portion				\$	64,905	\$ 78,857

The following summarizes the Authority's bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012 and 2011:

2002 Series A (Defeased Debt)

December 28, 2010, the Authority issued \$4,910 Facilities Improvement Bonds, 2010B. Part of the proceeds of the issue was for an advance refunding of a portion of the 2002 Series A. Proceeds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$300. This amount is netted against the new debt and amortized over the life of the refunded debt, which is the same as the life of the new debt issued. The current refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next twelve years by \$509 and resulted in an economic gain of \$317. As of June 30, 2012, these bonds were paid off.

2002 Series C, 2002 Series D, 2003 Series B and 2003 Series C (Defeased Debt)

On May 22, 2012, the Authority issued \$19,055 Facilities Improvement Refunding Bonds, 2012A. The proceeds of the issue were for refunding, on a current basis, the 2002 Series C, 2002 Series D and 2003 Series C, and for an advance refunding of 2003 Series B. Proceeds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,636. This amount is netted against the new debt and amortized over the life of the refunded debt, which is the same as the life of the new debt issued. The current refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next eleven years by \$7,323 and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,802. As of June 30, 2012, there were bonds of \$12,165 outstanding.

2005 Series A

Interest on the 2005 Series A Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2015 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2016 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2015. The bonds are secured by the funds, certain mortgaged property and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as stated in the lease agreements, including all basic rent payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2006 Series A

Interest on the 2006 Series A Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2014 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2015 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2014. The bonds are secured by the funds, user charges and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2006 Series B

Interest on the 2006 Series B Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2015 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2016 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part on December 1, 2015. The bonds are secured by the funds, user charges and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2010 Series A

Interest on the 2010 Series A Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2016 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2016 are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part. The bonds are secured by the funds, user charges and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2010 Series B

Interest on the 2010 Series B Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. The bonds are secured by the funds, user charges and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

2012 Series A

Interest on the 2012 Series A Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity except under extraordinary circumstances. The bonds are secured by the funds, user charges and all rights, titles and interests of the Authority as lessor, including all basic lease payments, investment earnings on the funds and any other income derived by the Authority with respect to the lease.

Reserve Funds

		2012			2011				
	Rec	quired			R	equired			
	Re	Reserve		Reserve		Reserve		Reserve	
	Ba	lance	Balance		E	Balance	Balance		
2002A	\$	_	\$	-	\$	320	\$	320	
2002R 2002C	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,067	Ψ	1,067	
2002D		-		-		1,526		1,526	
2003B		-		-		1,035		1,035	
2003C		-		-	*	2,000		2,000	
2005A		3,289		3,289		3,289		3,289	
2006A		1,046		1,046		1,046		1,046	
2006B		977		977		977		977	
2010A		236		236		236		236	
2010B		491		491		491		491	
2012A		-		-		-		-	
	\$	6,039	\$	6,039	\$	11,987	\$	11,987	

* Bank of North Dakota Letter of Credit - available balance of \$2,000 as of June 30, 2012.

The 2002, 2003, 2005, 2006 and 2010 bond agreements require the establishment and maintenance of reserve funds to be used for debt service payments if amounts in the bond funds are insufficient to make the payments. Funds are also required for any positive arbitrage due the Federal government.

North Dakota Building Authority entered into a series of agreements with the State Board of Higher Education and the State Historical Society. These agreements require individual colleges and universities and State Historical Society to make debt service payments to NDBA.

College and university and State Historical Society portion of bonds payable included on the balance sheet of North Dakota Building Authority is \$442:

	2001 A Bonds		2005A Bonds		Total	
Minot State University State Historical Society	\$	209	\$	233	\$	209 233
Total	\$	209	\$	233	\$	442

These entities are only responsible for the principle amounts presented in the chart above.

Debt service requirements of the colleges and universities and State Historical Society:

2013	\$ 242
2014	-
2015	33
2016	-
2017	33
2018-2022	67
2023-2024	 67
	\$ 442

NOTE 5 - DUE TO COLLEGES, UNIVERSITIES AND STATE AGENCIES

The North Dakota Building Authority is responsible for the distribution of construction voucher reimbursement as requested by the individual colleges and universities and state agencies for approved projects. A detail of the payables at June 30, 2012, and 2011, is as follows:

	2012		2011	
Veteran's Home University of North Dakota	\$	- 224	\$	737 110
	\$	224	\$	847

NOTE 6 - REBATE DUE TO IRS

Under Internal Revenue Service Code Sections 103 and 148, earnings from nonpurpose investments in excess of bond interest expense must be remitted as a rebate, once every five years, to the U.S. Treasury. A detail of the rebate at June 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

	2012			2011		
Series 2002 C & D	\$	7	\$	114		
Current arbitrage payable	\$	7	\$	114		
NOTE 7 - PROJECT FINANCING						
		2012	2011			
Construction Funding University System University of North Dakota Other Veteran's Home	\$	371	\$	203 2,575		
	\$	371	\$	2,778		
		2012	2011			
Lease Receipts NDUS Office/Campuses ITD State Penitentiary Health and Consolidate National Guard Job Service Veteran's Home Attorney General Extension Service OMB Parks and Recreation Historical Society BND	\$	7,652 2,702 672 336 34 485 170 381 340 331 37 693	\$	6,629 2,700 625 309 34 334 - 380 283 330 38 691 3		
	\$	13,833	\$	12,356		

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY

The North Dakota Building Authority is related to the Bank of North Dakota through common management under the Industrial Commission of North Dakota. The Authority's deposits and investments are held by the Bank of North Dakota.

The Bank of North Dakota acts as the trustee for the bondholders having been duly appointed by the Authority. The Bank also acts as the paying agent, registrar, provider of letter of credit, and escrow agent for the bonds issued and defeased by the Authority. Fees paid by the Authority to the Bank of North Dakota for these services for the years ending June 30, 2012, and 2011, were \$44 and \$34, respectively.

The Authority also obtains accounting services from the North Dakota Public Finance Authority. Fees paid for these services for the years ended June 30, 2012, and 2011, were \$4 and \$4, respectively.

NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS

The Authority has committed funds to complete various construction and modernization programs at June 30, 2012 as follows:

<u> </u>	Amount		
University of North Dakota	\$	840	

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, and damage to assets and errors and omissions. These risks of loss are covered under the insurance policies owned by the North Dakota Industrial Commission, North Dakota Public Finance Authority and North Dakota Office of Management and Budget. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the agencies with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. In addition, there have been no claims filed or settled in the past three fiscal years.

Exhibit A-1



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Governor of North Dakota Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee Industrial Commission of North Dakota Bismarck, North Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the North Dakota Building Authority, a component unit of the State of North Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the North Dakota Building Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of North Dakota Building Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the North Dakota Building Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Dakota Building Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Dakota Building Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the North Dakota Building Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the North Dakota Industrial Commission, Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee, Industrial Commission and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brady, Marty

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

August 16, 2012



NORTH DAKOTA BUILDING AUTHORITY INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIFIC COMMENTS REQUESTED BY THE NORTH DAKOTA LEGISLATIVE AUDIT AND FISCAL REVIEW COMMITTEE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The Industrial Commission State of North Dakota Bismarck, North Dakota

The Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee require that certain items be addressed by independent certified public accountants performing audits of State agencies. The items and our responses regarding the June 30, 2012 audit of the Authority are as follows:

Audit Report Communications:

1. What type of opinion was issued on the financial statements?

Unqualified

2. Was there compliance with statutes, laws, rules and regulations under which the Authority was created and is functioning?

Yes.

3. Was internal control adequate and functioning effectively?

Yes.

4. Were there any indications of lack of efficiency in financial operations and management of the Authority?

No

5. Was action taken on prior audit findings and recommendations?

There were no prior year findings or recommendations.

6. Was a management letter issued? If so, provide a summary below, including any recommendations and the management responses.

No.





Audit Committee Communications:

1. Identify any significant changes in accounting policies, any management conflicts of interest, any contingent liabilities, or any significant unusual transactions.

None.

2. Identify any significant accounting estimates, the process used by management to formulate the accounting estimates, and the basis for the auditor's conclusions regarding the reasonableness of those estimates.

None.

3. Identify any significant audit adjustments.

None.

4. Identify any disagreements with management, whether or not resolved to the auditor's satisfaction, relating to a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements.

None.

5. Identify any serious difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

None.

6. Identify any major issues discussed with management prior to retention.

None.

7. Identify any management consultations with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters.

None.

8. Identify any high-risk technology systems critical to operations based on the auditor's overall assessment of the importance of the system to the agency and its mission, or whether any exceptions identified in the six report questions to be addressed by auditors are directly related to the operations of an information technology system.

Based on the audit procedures performed, the North Dakota Building Authority's critical information technology system is Great Plains. There were no exceptions identified that were directly related to this application.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the North Dakota Industrial Commission, Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee, and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties

Brady, Marty

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

August 16, 2012 BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S COMMUNICATION TO THE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION OF NORTH DAKOTA

To the Industrial Commission State of North Dakota Bismarck, North Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the North Dakota Building Authority for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2012. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standard*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information to you on June 4, 2012. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by North Dakota Building Authority are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2012. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. There were no misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures.



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Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated August 16, 2012.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This letter is intended solely for the information and use of the North Dakota Industrial Commission and management of the North Dakota Building Authority, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brady, Marty

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

August 16, 2012