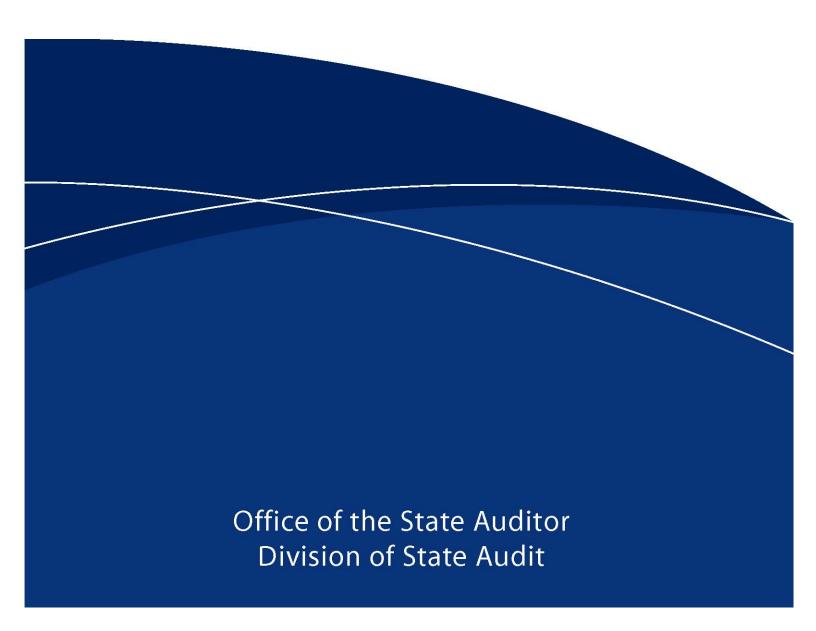
# Department of Labor and Human Rights BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

## **Audit Report**

For the Biennium Ended June 30, 2015



## LEGISLATIVE AUDIT AND FISCAL REVIEW COMMITTEE MEMBERS

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## STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

STATE CAPITOL 600 E. BOULEVARD AVENUE – DEPT 117 BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA 58505

#### Transmittal Letter

June 15, 2016

The Honorable Jack Dalrymple, Governor Members of the North Dakota Legislative Assembly Mr. Troy Seibel, Commissioner

We are pleased to submit this audit of the Department of Labor and Human Rights for the biennium ended June 30, 2015. This audit resulted from the statutory responsibility of the State Auditor to audit or review each state agency once every two years. The same statute gives the State Auditor the responsibility to determine the contents of these audits.

In determining the contents of the audits of state agencies, the primary consideration was to determine how we could best serve the citizens of the state of North Dakota. Naturally we determined financial accountability should play an important part of these audits. Additionally, operational accountability is addressed whenever possible to increase efficiency and effectiveness of state government.

The in-charge auditor for this audit was Elizabeth Rogers. Andrea Wike was the staff auditor. Paul Welk, CPA was the audit manager. Inquiries or comments relating to this audit may be directed to the audit manager by calling (701) 328-2241. We wish to express our appreciation to Commissioner Seibel and his staff for the courtesy, cooperation, and assistance they provided to us during this audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert R. Peterson

State Auditor

## **Executive Summary**

#### Introduction

The North Dakota Department of Labor and Human Rights is responsible for enforcing North Dakota labor and human rights laws and for educating the public about these laws. In addition, the Department licenses employment agencies operating in the state and can verify the status of independent contractor relationships. The Department of Labor and Human Rights assists all North Dakota citizens, employees, employers, those purchasing or receiving services, and those providing services.

The Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee (LAFRC) requests that certain items be addressed by auditors performing audits of state agencies. Those items and the Office of the State Auditor's responses are noted below.

#### Responses to LAFRC Audit Questions

1. What type of opinion was issued on the financial statements?

Financial statements were not prepared by the Department of Labor and Human Rights in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles so an opinion is not applicable. The agency's transactions were tested and included in the state's basic financial statements on which an unmodified opinion was issued.

2. Was there compliance with statutes, laws, rules, and regulations under which the agency was created and is functioning?

Yes.

3. Was internal control adequate and functioning effectively?

Yes.

4. Were there any indications of lack of efficiency in financial operations and management of the agency?

No.

5. Has action been taken on findings and recommendations included in prior audit reports?

There were no recommendations included in the prior audit report.

6. Was a management letter issued? If so, provide a summary below, including any recommendations and the management responses.

Yes, a management letter was issued and is included on page 12 of this report, along with management's response.

#### **LAFRC Audit Communications**

7. Identify any significant changes in accounting policies, any management conflicts of interest, any contingent liabilities, or any significant unusual transactions.

There were no significant changes in accounting policies, no management conflicts of interest were noted, no contingent liabilities were identified or significant unusual transactions.

8. Identify any significant accounting estimates, the process used by management to formulate the accounting estimates, and the basis for the auditor's conclusions regarding the reasonableness of those estimates.

The Department of Labor and Human Rights' financial statements do not include any significant accounting estimates.

9. Identify any significant audit adjustments.

Significant audit adjustments were not necessary.

10. Identify any disagreements with management, whether or not resolved to the auditor's satisfaction relating to a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements.

None.

11. Identify any serious difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

None.

12. Identify any major issues discussed with management prior to retention.

This is not applicable for audits conducted by the Office of the State Auditor.

13. Identify any management consultations with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters.

None.

14. Identify any high-risk information technology systems critical to operations based on the auditor's overall assessment of the importance of the system to the agency and its mission, or whether any exceptions identified in the six audit report questions to be addressed by the auditors are directly related to the operations of an information technology system.

ConnectND Finance and Human Resource Management System (HRMS) are high-risk information technology systems critical to the Department of Labor and Human Rights.

## Audit Objectives, Scope, and Methodology

#### **Audit Objectives**

The objectives of this audit of the Department of Labor and Human Rights for the biennium ended June 30, 2015 were to provide reliable, audited financial statements and to answer the following questions:

- 1. What are the highest risk areas of the Department of Labor and Human Rights' operations and is internal control adequate in these areas?
- 2. What are the significant and high-risk areas of legislative intent applicable to the Department of Labor and Human Rights and are they in compliance with these laws?
- 3. Are there areas of the Department of Labor and Human Rights' operations where we can help to improve efficiency or effectiveness?

#### Audit Scope

This audit of the Department of Labor and Human Rights is for the biennium ended June 30, 2015. We conducted this performance audit in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

The Department of Labor and Human Rights' sole location is its Bismarck office which was included in the audit scope.

#### Audit Methodology

To meet the objectives outlined above, we:

- Prepared financial statements from the legal balances on the state's accounting system tested as part of this audit and the audit of the state's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and developed a discussion and analysis of the financial statements.
- Performed detailed analytical procedures including computer-assisted auditing techniques. These procedures were used to identify high-risk transactions and potential problem areas for additional testing.
- Tested internal control and compliance with laws and regulations which included selecting representative samples to determine if controls were operating effectively and to determine if laws were being followed consistently. Non-statistical sampling was used and the results were projected to the population. Where applicable, populations were stratified to ensure that particular groups within a population were adequately represented in the sample, and to improve efficiency by gaining greater control on the composition of the sample.
- Interviewed appropriate agency personnel.

- Queried the ConnectND (PeopleSoft) system. Significant evidence was obtained from ConnectND.
- Observed the Department of Labor and Human Rights' processes and procedures.

In aggregate there were no significant limitations or uncertainties related to our overall assessment of the sufficiency and appropriateness of audit evidence.

### Discussion and Analysis

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared to present the Department of Labor and Human Rights' revenues and expenditures on the legal (budget) basis. The accompanying financial statements are not intended to be presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

For the biennium ended June 30, 2015, operations of the Department of Labor and Human Rights were primarily supported by appropriations from the state's general fund. This is supplemented by federal funding and fees credited to the agency's operating fund.

#### Financial Summary

Revenues consisted primarily of federal funds, as well as miscellaneous program revenue. These all remained fairly constant for the Department of Labor and Human Rights, decreasing slightly, due to the timing federal fund drawdowns. Total revenues were \$178,801 for the year ended June 30, 2015 as compared to \$231,170 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Total expenditures for the Department of Labor and Human Rights were \$1,203,587 for the year ended June 30, 2015 as compared to \$1,059,858 for the prior year. The increase in total expenditures for the audited period primarily reflects salaries and benefits, and construction. The Department was awarded two additional positions during the 2013-15 biennium and due to the backlog of cases, overtime approval was given. Construction was necessary to create office space for staff due to the relocation of the Department from the Capitol tower to the Judicial Wing. All other expenditures remained fairly constant.

## Financial Statements

#### Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

	Jun	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014	
Revenues:					
Revenue from Federal Government	\$	176,700	\$	231,090	
Miscellaneous Revenue		2,101		80	
Total Revenues	\$	178,801	\$	231,170	
Expenditures:					
Salaries and Benefits	\$	1,002,437	\$	938,691	
Construction		69,162			
Operating Fees and Services		33,687		15,695	
IT Services		28,168		29,103	
Professional Services		25,695		27,217	
Postage		14,844		19,423	
Supplies		13,253		16,194	
Travel		10,084		10,890	
Equipment		6,257		2,645	
Total Expenditures	\$	1,203,587	\$	1,059,858	

#### Statement of Appropriations

#### For The Biennium Ended June 30, 2015

Salaries and Benefits       \$ 1,922,048       \$ 1,922,048       \$ 1,921,140       \$ Accrued Leave Payments       \$ 39,609       39,609       19,988         Operating Expenses       323,694       \$ 10,000       333,694       322,315         Totals       \$ 2,285,351       \$ 10,000       \$ 2,295,351       \$ 2,263,443       \$         Expenditures by Source:       General Fund Other Funds       \$ 1,847,425       \$ 10,000       \$ 1,857,425       \$ 1,855,653       \$ 407,790	_	Original Appropriation	<u>Adjustm</u>	Final ent Appropriation	<u>Expenditures</u>	expended ropriation
Payments       39,609       39,609       19,988         Operating Expenses       323,694       \$ 10,000       333,694       322,315         Totals       \$ 2,285,351       \$ 10,000       \$ 2,295,351       \$ 2,263,443       \$         Expenditures by Source:       General Fund       \$ 1,847,425       \$ 10,000       \$ 1,857,425       \$ 1,855,653       \$		\$ 1,922,048		\$ 1,922,048	\$ 1,921,140	\$ 908
Expenses         323,694         \$ 10,000         333,694         322,315           Totals         \$ 2,285,351         \$ 10,000         \$ 2,295,351         \$ 2,263,443         \$           Expenditures by Source:         Source:         \$ 1,847,425         \$ 10,000         \$ 1,857,425         \$ 1,855,653         \$	Payments	39,609		39,609	19,988	19,621
Expenditures by Source: General Fund \$ 1,847,425 \$ 10,000 \$ 1,857,425 \$ 1,855,653 \$		323,694	\$ 10,0	333,694	322,315	11,379
<b>Source:</b> General Fund \$ 1,847,425 \$ 10,000 \$ 1,857,425 \$ 1,855,653 \$	otals _	\$ 2,285,351	\$ 10,0	\$ 2,295,351	\$ 2,263,443	\$ 31,908
	•					
Other Funds 437,926 407,790 407,790		+ .,,	\$ 10,0			\$ 1,772
	otner Funas –	437,926		437,926	407,790	 30,136
Totals \$ 2,285,351 \$ 10,000 \$ 2,295,351 \$ 2,263,443 \$	otals _	\$ 2,285,351	\$ 10,0	900 \$ 2,295,351	\$ 2,263,443	\$ 31,908

#### **Appropriation Adjustments:**

The \$10,000 adjustment in the operating expenses line was declared to be an emergency measure in Senate Bill 2007 of the 2015 legislative session. This adjustment was for extraordinary repairs to build office space after the Department was relocated from the Capitol tower to the Judicial Wing.

#### Internal Control

In our audit for the biennium ended June 30, 2015, we identified the following areas of the Department of Labor and Human Rights' internal control as being the highest risk:

#### Internal Controls Subjected to Testing:

- Controls surrounding the processing of purchase card expenditures.
- · Controls surrounding the processing of payroll.
- Controls relating to compliance with legislative intent.
- Controls surrounding the ConnectND (PeopleSoft) system.
- Controls surrounding the process surrounding wage claim cases.

The criteria used to evaluate internal control is published in the publication *Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Green Book, GAO-14-704G). Agency management must establish and maintain effective internal control in accordance with Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Policy 216 and, for programs receiving federal funds, the Code of Federal Regulation as set forth by the federal government (2 CFR 200.303).

We gained an understanding of internal control surrounding these areas and concluded as to the adequacy of their design. We also tested the operating effectiveness of those controls we considered necessary based on our assessment of audit risk. We concluded internal control was adequate.

Auditors are required to report deficiencies in internal control that are significant within the context of the objectives of the audit. A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect: (1) misstatements in financial or performance information; (2) violations of laws and regulations; or (3) impairments of effectiveness or efficiency of operations, on a timely basis. Considering both qualitative and quantitative factors, we did not identify any significant deficiencies in internal control. However, we noted other matters involving internal control that we have reported to management of the Department of Labor and Human Rights in a management letter dated June 15, 2015.

## Compliance With Legislative Intent

In our audit for the biennium ended June 30, 2015, we identified and tested the Department of Labor and Human Rights' compliance with legislative intent for the following areas we determined to be significant and of higher risk of noncompliance:

- Proper authorization of the agency's funds.
- Compliance with appropriations (2013 North Dakota Session Laws chapter 7).
- Compliance with OMB's Purchasing Procedures Manual.
- Compliance with payroll-related laws including statutory salaries for applicable elected and appointed positions, and certification of payroll.
- Adequate blanket bond coverage of employees (NDCC section 26.1-21-08).
- Compliance with the documented intent of the appropriation adjustment.
- Compliance with fixed asset requirements including record-keeping, annual inventory, and surplus property.

The criteria used to evaluate legislative intent are the laws as published in the *North Dakota Century Code* and the *North Dakota Session Laws*.

Government Auditing Standards require auditors to report all instances of fraud and illegal acts unless they are inconsequential within the context of the audit objectives. Further, auditors are required to report significant violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and significant abuse that has occurred or is likely to have occurred.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. Thus, we concluded there was compliance with the legislative intent identified above.

## **Operations**

This audit did not identify areas of the Department of Labor and Human Rights' operations where we determined it was practical at this time to help to improve efficiency or effectiveness.

## Management Letter (Informal Recommendations)

June 15, 2016

Mr. Troy Seibel Commissioner of Labor Department of Labor and Human Rights 600 E. Boulevard Avenue Bismarck, ND 58505

Dear Mr. Seibel:

We have performed an audit of the Department of Labor and Human Rights for the biennium ended June 30, 2015, and have issued a report thereon. As part of our audit, we gained an understanding of the Department of Labor and Human Rights' internal control structure to the extent we considered necessary to achieve our audit objectives. We also performed tests of compliance as described in the same report.

Our audit procedures are designed primarily to enable us to report on our objectives including those related to internal control and compliance with laws and regulations and may not bring to light all weaknesses in systems and procedures or noncompliance with laws and regulations which may exist. We aim, however, to use our knowledge of your organization gained during our work to make comments and suggestions which we hope will be useful to you.

In connection with the audit, gaining an understanding of the internal control structure, and tests of compliance with laws and regulations referred to above, we noted certain conditions we did not consider reportable within the context of your audit report. These conditions relate to areas of general business practice or control issues that have no significant bearing on the administration of federal funds. We do, however, want to present our recommendations to you for your consideration and whatever follow-up action you consider appropriate. During the next audit we will determine if these recommendations have been implemented, and if not, we will reconsider their status. The following presents our informal recommendation:

Informal Recommendation 15-1: We recommend the Department of Labor and Human Rights review PeopleSoft financials and HRMS access roles in a timely manner.

Management of the Department of Labor and Human Rights agreed with this recommendation.

I encourage you to call me or an audit manager at 328-2241 if you have any questions about the implementation of recommendations included in your audit report or this letter.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth Rogers Auditor in-charge

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www.nd.gov/auditor/

or by contacting the Division of State Audit

Office of the State Auditor 600 East Boulevard Avenue – Department 117 Bismarck, ND 58505-0060

(701) 328-2241