DICKINSON RURAL FIRE DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S COMPILATION REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Dickinson Rural Fire District
Dickinson, North Dakota 58601

Management is responsible for the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Dickinson Rural Fire District as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Dickinson Rural Fire District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. We did not audit or review the financial statements nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on these financial statements.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information on page 15 through page 16 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Such information is the responsibility of management. The required supplementary information was subject to our compilation engagement. We have not audited or reviewed the required supplementary information and do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on such information.

Dickinson, North Dakota

Hoerne Rodakowski, P.C.

July 23, 2024

	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities				
ASSETS	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>			
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$ 1,467,593 68,984 35,285	\$ 1,124,178 38,860 34,870			
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,571,862	1,197,908			
CAPITAL ASSETS Capital Assets - Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets - Being Depreciated, Net	9,000 2,734,697	9,000 3,065,332			
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	2,743,697	3,074,332			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,315,559	\$ 4,272,240			
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Interest Payable Noncurrent Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year	\$ 38,873 7,474 40,186 384,391	\$ 40,023 9,923 34,530 517,338			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	470,924	601,814			
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	2,319,120 1,525,515	2,522,464 1,147,962			
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,844,635	\$ 3,670,426			

							Re	venue and hanges in
			Prog	gram Revenue	:S			et Position
<u>2023</u>				Operating		apital		
5	F	Charges f		Grants and		ints and		vernmental
Function/Program	Expenses	Services	<u>s C</u>	Contributions	Con	tributions		Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES								
Fire Protection Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$ 599,368 20,260		- \$ -	- -	\$	2,200	\$	(597,168) (20,260)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 619,628	\$	- \$.	\$	2,200	\$	(617,428)
	GENERAL RE Taxes	VENUES						
		es; levied for	general	purposes			\$	747,790
	Earnings on							43,427
	Miscellaneou	is Revenue						420
	TOTAL GE	NERAL REVE	ENUES					791,637
	CHANGE	N NET POSIT	TION					174,209
	NET POSI	TION – JANU	ARY 1, 2	2023				3,670,426
	NET PO	SITION DECE	MBER 3	31, 2023			\$	3,844,635
			Prog	gram Revenue	:S		Re C	(Expenses) venue and hanges in et Position
<u>2022</u>				Operating	C	capital	Re C Ne	venue and hanges in et Position
	Evenese	Charges f	for	Operating Grants and	C Gra	nts and	Re C Ne Go	venue and hanges in et Position
Function/Program	Expenses	Charges f	for	Operating	C Gra	•	Re C Ne Go	venue and hanges in et Position
	Expenses	_	for	Operating Grants and	C Gra	nts and	Re C Ne Go	venue and hanges in et Position
Function/Program PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Expenses \$ 695,545 24,345	Services	for	Operating Grants and Contributions	C Gra	nts and	Re C Ne Go	venue and hanges in et Position
Function/Program PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES Fire Protection	\$ 695,545	Services \$	for s C	Operating Grants and Contributions	C Gra Con	ants and tributions	Go	venue and hanges in et Position vernmental Activities (694,026)
Function/Program PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES Fire Protection Interest on Long-Term Debt TOTAL PRIMARY	\$ 695,545 24,345 \$ 719,890 GENERAL RE	\$ \$	for s <u>C</u> - \$	Operating Grants and Contributions	Cont	ants and tributions 1,519	Go	venue and hanges in et Position vernmental Activities (694,026) (24,345)
Function/Program PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES Fire Protection Interest on Long-Term Debt TOTAL PRIMARY	\$ 695,545 24,345 \$ 719,890 GENERAL RE Taxes	\$ \$ VENUES res; levied for one of the services.	for s (Operating Grants and Contributions	Cont	ants and tributions 1,519	Go	venue and hanges in et Position vernmental Activities (694,026) (24,345)
Function/Program PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES Fire Protection Interest on Long-Term Debt TOTAL PRIMARY	\$ 695,545 24,345 \$ 719,890 GENERAL RE Taxes Property Tax Earnings on Miscellaneou	\$ \$ VENUES res; levied for one of the services.	for s (Operating Grants and Contributions purposes	Cont	ants and tributions 1,519	Re C No	venue and hanges in et Position vernmental Activities (694,026) (24,345) (718,371) 693,744 6,814
Function/Program PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES Fire Protection Interest on Long-Term Debt TOTAL PRIMARY	\$ 695,545 24,345 \$ 719,890 GENERAL RE Taxes Property Tax Earnings on Miscellaneou TOTAL GE	\$ \$ VENUES res; levied for ginvestments us Revenue	for s C	Operating Grants and Contributions purposes	Cont	ants and tributions 1,519	Re C No	venue and hanges in et Position vernmental Activities (694,026) (24,345) (718,371) 693,744 6,814 23,827

Net (Expenses)

	<u>2023</u>			2022					
	Major Fund					Major Fund			
	Total Governmenta General Funds		vernmental	General		Go	Total overnmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	1,467,593 68,984 35,285	\$	1,467,593 68,984 35,285	\$	1,124,178 38,860 34,870	\$	1,124,178 38,860 34,870	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,571,862	\$	1,571,862	\$	1,197,908	\$	1,197,908	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE									
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Deferred Revenue	\$	38,873 68,984	\$	38,873 68,984	\$	40,023 38,860	\$	40,023 38,860	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		107,857		107,857		78,883		78,883	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Unassigned		35,285 1,428,720		35,285 1,428,720		34,870 1,084,155		34,870 1,084,155	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,464,005		1,464,005		1,119,025		1,119,025	
TOTAL LIABILITIES and FUND BALANCES	\$	1,571,862	\$	1,571,862	\$	1,197,908	\$	1,197,908	

DICKINSON RURAL FIRE DISTRICT RECONCILIATIONS OF THE BALANCE SHEETS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2</u>
Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 1,464,005	\$ 1,119,025	5
Total <i>Net Position</i> Reported for Government Activities in the Statement of Net Positions Is Different Because:			
Property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred revenues in the funds	68,984	38,860	O
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	2,743,697	3,074,332	2
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities-both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net position			
Interest Payable Notes Payable	 (7,474) (424,577)	(9,923 (551,868)	,
TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,844,635	\$ 3,670,426	6

DICKINSON RURAL FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES and CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 and 2022

2023 2022

	Total Governmental General Funds			General		Total vernmental Funds		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	717,666	\$	717,666	\$	662,570	\$	662,570
Donations	*	2,200	Ψ.	2,200	Ψ.	1,519	*	1,519
Interest Income		43,427		43,427		6,814		6,814
Miscellaneous Revenue		420		420		23,827		23,827
TOTAL REVENUES		763,713		763,713		694,730		694,730
EXPENDITURES								
Fire Protection								
General Government								
Salaries and Benefits		58,098		58,098		57,542		57,542
Insurance		37,319		37,319		37,315		37,315
Office Expenses		2,036		2,036		995		995
Repairs and Maintenance		60,806		60,806		62,391		62,391
Communications		8,912		8,912		16,495		16,495
Supplies		38,343		38,343		91,693		91,693
Training and Travel		6,864		6,864		4,356		4,356
Professional Fees		3,000		3,000		12,335		12,335
Gas and Fuel		7,440		7,440		9,161		9,161
Inspection and Safety		9,897		9,897		11,569		11,569
Utilities		20,914		20,914		19,998		19,998
Dues, Licenses, and Miscellaneous		3,105		3,105		1,552		1,552
Capital Expenditures		-		-		7,759		7,759
Debt Service								
Principal		127,291		127,291		216,011		216,011
Interest		22,708		22,708		26,962		26,962
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		406,733		406,733		576,134		576,134
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		356,980		356,980		118,596		118,596
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(12,000)		(12,000)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		344,980		344,980		118,596		118,596
FUND BALANCE – JANUARY 1		1,119,025		1,119,025		1,000,429		1,000,429
FUND BALANCE – DECEMBER 31	\$	1,464,005	\$	1,464,005	\$	1,119,025	\$	1,119,025

DICKINSON RURAL FIRE DISTRICT RECONCILIATIONS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENT FUND TO THE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Net change in <i>Fund Balances</i> – Total Governmental Funds	\$ 344,980	\$ 118,596
The changes in Net Position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:		
Some revenues reported on the Statement of Activities are not reported as revenue in the government funds since they do not represent available resources to pay current expenditures. This consists of the increase (decrease) in taxes receivable	30,124	31,174
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital expenditures Depreciation expense	(330,635)	7,759 (370,143)
Repayment of long-term debt prinicpal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position	127,291	216,011
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Net decrease (increase) in interest payable	 2,449	 2,617
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 174,209	\$ 6,014

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Date of Management's Review</u> – Management has evaluated subsequent events through July 23, 2024 the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

The financial statements of the Dickinson Rural Fire District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of Dickinson Rural Fire District. The district has considered all potential component units for which the district is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the district are such that exclusion would cause the district's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of Dickinson Rural Fire District to impose its will on that organization for (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Dickinson Rural Fire District.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the fire district as a reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide statements: The statements of net position and the statements of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, charges for service, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statements of activities present a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the district's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the district's funds. A separate statement for the fund category-governmental is presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds.

The District Reports the Following Major Governmental Fund:

General Fund: This is the district's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the district gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal values in exchange, including property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The district considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. All revenues are considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgements, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extend they have matured. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in government funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the district funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the district's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the district's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Investments

Cash includes amount in demand deposits, money market accounts and liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include all land, buildings, equipment, and other elements of the fire district's infrastructure having an individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Capital assets, which are used for general governmental purposes and are not available for expenditure, are accounted for and reported in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value. Depreciation is calculated over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets using the straight line method as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Method</u>	Estimated Useful Life
Land	Nondepreciable	N/A
Land Improvements	Straight-Line	15 Years
Buildings	Straight-Line	39 Years
Building Improvements	Straight-Line	15 - 39 Years
Vehicles and Equipment	Straight-Line	3 - 10 Years

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend lives are not capitalized but shown in the financial statements as repairs and maintenance expense.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Balances

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Unassigned:</u> This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

Net Position Balances

The government-wide financial statements report information on all activities of the District. The state of net assets presents the following net asset classifications:

Net investment in capital assets: This classification consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation

<u>Unrestricted net position</u>: This classification consists of net position that does not meet the definition of the preceding category.

NOTE 2 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The fire district spent the general fund budget for 2023 and 2022, respectively, as the board approved revised budgets equal to actual for both 2023 and 2022.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS

In accordance with North Dakota statutes, the district maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must be either deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situation and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, and shares of investment companies registered under the investment Companies Act of 1940. And all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school, unit, park unit, or other political subdivision of the state of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by any other state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At year ended December 31, 2023 the district's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,467,593 and the bank balance was \$424,577. Of the bank balances, up to \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and the remaining bank balance was covered by collateral held by the pledging bank in the District's name.

Credit Risk

The district may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statues, as follows:

- (a) Bonds, Treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are direct obligation insured or guaranteed by, the Treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of congress.
- (b) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above.
- (c) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- (d) Obligations of the State.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The district does not have a limit on the amount they may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4 - TAXES RECEIVABLE

The taxes receivable represents the past two years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable.

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets are as follows:

	Balance 12-31-22	Additions (Disposals)	Balance 12-31-23	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value 12-31-23
Land	\$ 9,000	\$ -	\$ 9,000	\$ -	\$ 9,000
Land Improvements	34,014	-	34,014	14,928	19,086
Buildings	2,474,065		2,474,065	524,506	1,949,559
Building Improvements	55,579	-	55,579	13,739	41,840
Vehicles and Equipment	3,226,445	-	3,226,445	2,502,233	724,212
	\$5,799,103	\$ -	\$5,799,103	\$ 3,055,406	\$ 2,743,697
Depreciation expense wa	as charged to fu	ınctions as follo	ows:		
0	et det			2023	2022
Governmental Ac Public Safety	tivities			\$ 330,635	\$ 370,143

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the long-term liabilities for governmental activities:

December 31, 2023 Notes Payable	Beginning Balance \$ 551,868	Increases -	Decreases \$ 127,291	Ending Balance \$ 424,577	Due Within One Year \$ 40,186
December 31, 2022	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Notes Payable	\$ 767,879	\$ -	\$ 216,011	\$ 551,868	\$ 34,530

Notes payable outstanding in the District's governmental activities at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Note payable initiated July 2, 2020 with a 3.65% interest rate over		
20 years in order to expand the south building location with		
additional garage bays, restrooms, offices, and exercise room.		
Payments will be made annually in the amount of \$57,026.26.		
The note matures June 10, 2040 but with extra payments		
the note will be paid off before that date.	\$ 424,577	\$ 551,868

The annual requirements to amortize the notes payable are as follows:

	F	Principal		nterest	Total		
2024	\$	40,186	\$	16,840	\$	57,026	
2025		43,025		14,002		57,027	
2026		44,595		12,431		57,026	
2027		46,223		10,804		57,027	
2028-2031		250,548		25,715		276,263	
	\$	424,577	\$	79,792	\$	504,369	

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Dickinson Rural Fire District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district pays an annual premium for its general insurance coverage. The coverage by is limited to losses of three million dollars per occurrence for general liability, three million for personal injury, \$500,000 property damage liability, and \$80,000 for inland marine.

Dickinson Rural Fire District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including workers' compensation.

Settlement claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

		2023								2022							
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
REVENUES																	
Taxes	\$	950,000	\$	717,666	\$	717,666	\$	-	\$	600,274	\$	662,570	\$	662,570	\$	-	
Interest Income		4,000		43,427		43,427		-		1,320		6,814		6,814		-	
Donations		500		2,200		2,200		-		-		1,519		1,519		-	
Grants		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Charges for Services and Other Revenues		-		420		420		-				23,827		23,827			
TOTAL REVENUES		954,500		763,713		763,713		-		601,594		694,730		694,730		-	
EXPENDITURES																	
Salaries and Benefits		60,000		58,098		58,098		-		60,000		57,542		57,542		-	
Insurance		45,000		37,319		37,319		-		30,000		37,315		37,315		-	
Utilities		33,600		20,914		20,914		-		15,000		19,998		19,998		-	
Gas and Oil		20,000		7,440		7,440		-		7,000		9,161		9,161		-	
Equipment Repairs and Maintenance		60,000		60,806		60,806		-		30,000		62,391		62,391		-	
Health and Safety		17,500		9,897		9,897		-		13,500		11,569		11,569		-	
Training and Travel		20,000		6,864		6,864		-		25,000		4,356		4,356		-	
Office		3,000		2,036		2,036		-		4,250		995		995		-	
Dues and Publications		30,000		3,105		3,105		-		1,050		1,552		1,552		-	
Professional Fees		5,000		3,000		3,000		-		3,000		12,335		12,335		-	
Supplies		56,000		38,343		38,343		-		52,294		91,693		91,693		-	
Communications		25,900		8,912		8,912		-		18,000		16,495		16,495		-	
Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		7,759		7,759		-	
Debt Service Principal Interest		27,000		127,291 22,708		127,291 22,708		- -		2,500		216,011 26,962		216,011 26,962		-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		403,000		406,733		406,733				261,594		576,134		576,134			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		551,500		356,980		356,980		-		340,000		118,596		118,596		-	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(12,000)		(12,000)											
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		551,500		344,980		344,980		-		340,000		118,596		118,596		-	
FUND BALANCE – JANUARY 1		1,094,677		1,119,025		1,119,025				754,677		1,000,429		1,000,429			
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31	\$	1,646,177	\$	1,464,005	\$	1,464,005	\$		\$	1,094,677	\$	1,119,025	\$	1,119,025	\$		

DICKINSON RURAL FIRE DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 and 2022

NOTE 1 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The board of directors adopts an "appropriated budget" on the modified cash basis of accounting.

The preliminary budget includes the estimated revenues and appropriations for the general fund of the fire district.

On or before October 7th the final budget is completed.

The budget is controlled by the board of directors and fire chief at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.

The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriation not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. NDCC 57-15-31.1.

All appropriations lapse at year-end.