



Financial Statements
June 30, 2023 and 2022

Clean Sustainable Energy Authority (CSEA)

Clean Sustainable Energy Authority

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Governor of North Dakota
and the Legislative Assembly
State of North Dakota
Bismarck, North Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Clean Sustainable Energy Authority (the Authority), an enterprise fund of the State of North Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and as of and for the period of March 15, 2022 through June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Authority, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the respective changes in its financial position, and cash flows thereof for the year and period then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Authority are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows of only that portion of the State of North Dakota that is attributable to the transactions of the Authority. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of North Dakota as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the year and period then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 2, 2023 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The image shows a handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Sully LLP". The signature is written in black ink and is positioned above the typed name and date.

Bismarck, North Dakota
October 2, 2023

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

The management discussion and analysis of the Clean Sustainable Energy Authority (the Authority) financial performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and period ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements of the Authority.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The Clean Sustainable Energy Authority was established by North Dakota Century Code Section 54-63.1-05 to support research, development, and technological advancements through partnerships and financial support for the large scale development and commercialization of projects, processes, activities, and technologies that reduce environmental impacts and increase sustainability of energy production and delivery. The purpose of the financial support is to enhance the production of clean sustainable energy, to make the state a world leader in the production of clean sustainable energy, and to diversify and grow the state's economy. The Bank of North Dakota shall administer the Authority.

Loans made by the Authority may be up to fifty percent of project costs, with a minimum loan amount of \$10,000. The interest rate established for this program has been set at two percent. The maximum term of a loan for this program must be approved by the Industrial Commission based on a recommendation from the Authority. There were two new loans for \$55,000 with advances of \$20,012 made by the Authority during the year ended June 30, 2023. For the period ended June 30, 2022, there was one loan originated for \$15,000. As of June 30, 2023, there were three loans outstanding totaling \$35,012 with an allowance for credit losses of \$1,751, for net loans of \$33,261.

The Bank of North Dakota shall extend a line of credit to the Industrial Commission to support loans or loan guarantees issued from the Authority. The line of credit may not exceed \$250,000, and the interest rate associated with the line of credit must be the prevailing interest rate charged to North Dakota governmental entities. The Industrial Commission may access the line of credit through June 30, 2025. As of June 30, 2023, the Authority has extended \$35,000 from the line of credit. House Bill 1014 of the 2023 Legislative Session increased the line of credit to \$390,000.

There was one pending loan commitment totaling \$100,000 as of June 30, 2023.

Funds available for investment in loans for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$215,364.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The Authority is an enterprise fund and uses the accrual basis of accounting. The basic financial statements include the statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows. The statement of net position provides readers the assets and liabilities of the Authority, with the differences between the two reported as net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position identifies the operating performance of the Authority for the fiscal year. The statement of cash flows identifies cash flows from operating activities, non-capital financing activities, and investing activities, and provides answers to such questions as where did the cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in the cash balance during the reporting period.

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

| | <u>2023</u> | <u>2022</u> |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 364 | \$ 67 |
| Loans, net | 33,261 | 14,250 |
| Interest receivable | <u>79</u> | <u>12</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | <u>\$ 33,704</u> | <u>\$ 14,329</u> |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accrued Interest Payable | \$ 1,509 | \$ 94 |
| Admin Fee Payable | 22 | 19 |
| Notes Payable, due to BND | <u>35,000</u> | <u>15,000</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | <u>36,531</u> | <u>15,113</u> |
| NET POSITION - UNRESTRICTED | <u>(2,827)</u> | <u>(784)</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION | <u>\$ 33,704</u> | <u>\$ 14,329</u> |

Loans

There were two new loans with advances totaling \$20,012 made during the fiscal year 2023. There was one loan for \$15,000 made during the period ended June 30, 2022. As of June 30, 2023, there are three loans outstanding totaling \$35,012 with an allowance for credit losses of \$1,751 for net loans of \$33,261.

Net Position

All monies transferred to the Authority, interest upon monies in the Authority, and payments to the Authority of principal and interest are appropriated to the Bank on a continuing basis for administrative costs and for loan disbursements. Net position of the Authority at June 30, 2023 was (\$2,827).

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND FOR THE PERIOD OF MARCH 15, 2022 THROUGH JUNE 30,
2022

| | <u>2023</u> | <u>2022</u> |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | <u>\$ 433</u> | <u>\$ 79</u> |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | <u>2,477</u> | <u>863</u> |
| OPERATING LOSS | <u>(2,044)</u> | <u>(784)</u> |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES | | |
| Investment income | <u>1</u> | <u>-</u> |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | <u>(2,043)</u> | <u>(784)</u> |
| TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR/PERIOD | <u>(784)</u> | <u>-</u> |
| TOTAL NET POSITION, END OF YEAR/PERIOD | <u><u>\$ (2,827)</u></u> | <u><u>\$ (784)</u></u> |

Revenue

Operating revenue is from interest accrued on loans outstanding. A loan made from the Authority must have an interest rate of two percent.

Expenses

The provision for credit loss was \$1,001 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The provision for credit loss was \$750 for the period ended June 30, 2022. The provision in 2023 and 2022 was due to loan volume and provides an allowance for potential credit losses.

Administrative fees include fees paid to Bank of North Dakota in the amount of one-half percent of any outstanding loans and an independent audit of the financial records. For the year ended June 30, 2023 administrative fees totaled \$53. For the period ended June 30, 2022 administrative fees totaled \$19.

For the year ended June 30, 2023 interest expense on loans was \$1,415. For the period ended June 30, 2022 interest expense on loans was \$94. The interest expense on loans was due to the \$35,000 extended on the line of credit from Bank of North Dakota to support loan fundings by the Authority.

Nonoperating Revenue

Nonoperating revenue represents interest earned on cash and cash equivalents.

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

There are two outstanding commitments to extend credit. Loans made by the Authority may be up to fifty percent of project costs, with a minimum loan amount of ten million. The interest rate established for this program has been set at two percent. The maximum term of a loan for this program must be approved by the Industrial Commission based on a recommendation from the Authority.

House Bill 1015 of the 2021 Legislative Session authorized transfers up to two hundred fifty million through a line of credit extended by Bank of North Dakota to the Industrial Commission. As of June 30, 2023, the Authority has up to \$215,364 available for transfer.

House Bill 1014 of the 2023 Legislative Session authorizes repayment of the line of credit of thirty million dollars to repay the line of credit and to provide future funding for loans. This bill also increased the line of credit to \$390,000 through June 30, 2023.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Bank of North Dakota, P.O. Box 5509, Bismarck, North Dakota 58506-5509.

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

| | <u>2023</u> | <u>2022</u> |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 364 | \$ 67 |
| Loans, current portion | 1,121 | - |
| Interest receivable | <u>79</u> | <u>12</u> |
| Total current assets | <u>1,564</u> | <u>79</u> |
| Noncurrent Assets | | |
| Loans, net of allowance for credit losses of \$1,751 in 2023 and \$750 in 2022 | <u>32,140</u> | <u>14,250</u> |
| Total assets | <u><u>\$ 33,704</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 14,329</u></u> |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current Liabilities | | |
| Accrued Interest Payable | \$ 1,509 | \$ 94 |
| Admin Fee Payable | <u>22</u> | <u>19</u> |
| Total Current Liabilities | <u>1,531</u> | <u>113</u> |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | | |
| Notes Payable, due to BND | <u>35,000</u> | <u>15,000</u> |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | <u>35,000</u> | <u>15,000</u> |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Unrestricted | <u>(2,827)</u> | <u>(784)</u> |
| Total liabilities and net position | <u><u>\$ 33,704</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 14,329</u></u> |

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND FOR THE PERIOD OF MARCH 15, 2022 THROUGH JUNE 30,
2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

| | <u>2023</u> | <u>2022</u> |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | | |
| Interest on loans | \$ 433 | \$ 79 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | |
| Administrative fees | 53 | 19 |
| Interest expense loans | 1,415 | 94 |
| Other Expenses | 8 | - |
| Provision for credit loss | 1,001 | 750 |
| Total Operating Expenses | <u>2,477</u> | <u>863</u> |
| OPERATING LOSS | (2,044) | (784) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES | | |
| Investment income | <u>1</u> | <u>-</u> |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | (2,043) | (784) |
| TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR/PERIOD | <u>(784)</u> | <u>-</u> |
| TOTAL NET POSITION, END OF YEAR/PERIOD | <u><u>\$ (2,827)</u></u> | <u><u>\$ (784)</u></u> |

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND FOR THE PERIOD OF MARCH 15, 2022 THROUGH JUNE 30,
2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

| | <u>2023</u> | <u>2022</u> |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Payment of administrative expenses | \$ (99) | \$ - |
| Payment of other expenses | (8) | - |
| Admin Fee Returned to BND | <u>49</u> | <u>-</u> |
| NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES | <u>(58)</u> | <u>-</u> |
| NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Notes Payable, due to BND | <u>20,000</u> | <u>15,000</u> |
| NET CASH FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | <u>20,000</u> | <u>15,000</u> |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Investment income received | 1 | - |
| Loan interest received | 366 | 67 |
| Loans advanced | (20,012) | (15,000) |
| Proceeds from principal collections on loans | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| NET CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES | <u>(19,645)</u> | <u>(14,933)</u> |
| NET CHANGE IN CASH | 297 | 67 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR/PERIOD | <u>67</u> | <u>-</u> |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR/PERIOD | <u>\$ 364</u> | <u>\$ 67</u> |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Operating loss | \$ (2,044) | \$ (784) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating activities | | |
| Adjustment for provision for credit loss | 1,001 | 750 |
| Increase in due to Bank of North Dakota | 1,418 | 113 |
| Reclassification of items to other activities | | |
| Interest income on loans | <u>(433)</u> | <u>(79)</u> |
| NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES | <u>\$ (58)</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

The Clean Sustainable Energy Authority was established by Bank of North Dakota to support research, development, and technological advancements through partnerships and financial support for the large scale development and commercialization of projects, processes, activities, and technologies that reduce environmental impacts and increase sustainability of energy production and delivery. The purpose of the financial support is to enhance the production of clean sustainable energy, to make the state a world leader in the production of clean sustainable energy, and to diversify and grow the state's economy.

Loans made by the Authority may be up to fifty percent of project costs, with a minimum loan amount of ten million. The interest rate established for this program has been set at two percent. The maximum term of a loan for this program must be approved by the Industrial Commission based on a recommendation from the Authority.

Reporting Entity

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, the Authority should include all component units over which the Authority exercises such aspects as (1) appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (2) has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or (3) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the Authority.

Based on that criteria, no organizations were determined to be part of the Authority. The Authority is included as part of the primary government in the State of North Dakota's reporting.

Fund Accounting

The Authority is an enterprise fund and uses the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All enterprise funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. Net position is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted components. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows presents the cash flows for operating activities, non-capital financing activities, and investing activities.

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the statement of net position and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near-term relate to the determination of the allowance for credit losses.

Significant Group Concentrations of Credit Risk

All of the Authority's activity is with small businesses within the State of North Dakota. Concentrations of credit risk are present in the Authority.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority considers all cash and time deposits with original maturities of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of reporting cash flows.

Loans

Loans are stated at their outstanding unpaid principal balance. Interest income on loans is accrued at a specific rate of two percent on the unpaid principal balance.

The accrual of interest on loans is discontinued when, in management's opinion, the borrower may be unable to meet payments as they become due. When interest accrual is discontinued, all unpaid accrued interest is reversed. Interest income is subsequently recognized only to the extent cash payments are received.

Allowance for Credit Losses

The Authority uses the allowance method in providing for credit losses. Accordingly, the allowance is increased or reduced by the current year's provision for credit losses charged to operations and reduced by net charge-offs.

The adequacy of the allowance for credit losses and the provisions for credit losses charged to operations are based on management's evaluation of a number of factors, including recent credit loss experience, continuous evaluation of the loan portfolio quality, current and anticipated economic conditions, and other pertinent factors. Loans are charged to the allowance when management believes the collection of the principal is doubtful.

Credit Related Financial Instruments

In the ordinary course of business, the Authority has entered into commitments to extend credit. Such financial instruments are recorded when they are funded.

Operating and Non-operating Revenues

Operating revenues consist of interest income on the loans. All other revenues are classified as non-operating.

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS

Deposits

The value and bank balance of the Authority’s cash deposits at June 30, 2023 was \$364. Of the bank amounts, none were covered by depository insurance and all are uncollateralized. These monies are deposited in the Bank of North Dakota and are guaranteed by the State of North Dakota (NDCC Section 6-09-10).

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Authority will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Authority does not have a formal policy that limits custodial credit risk for deposits. None of the Authority’s deposits are covered by depository insurance. The Authority’s deposits are uncollateralized and all of the deposits are held at the Bank of North Dakota and are guaranteed by the State of North Dakota (NDCC Section 6-09-10).

NOTE 3 - LOANS

A description of Fund loans is included under “Nature of Operations” in Note 1. A summary of the balances of loans are as follows:

| | <u>2023</u> | <u>2022</u> |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Loans, current portion | \$ 1,121 | \$ - |
| Loans, noncurrent portion | <u>33,891</u> | <u>15,000</u> |
| Total loans | 35,012 | 15,000 |
| Allowance for credit losses | <u>1,751</u> | <u>750</u> |
| Total loans, net | <u>\$ 33,261</u> | <u>\$ 14,250</u> |

Changes in the balances of loans are as follows:

| | |
|------------------------|------------------|
| Balance, June 30, 2021 | \$ - |
| Loan advances | 15,000 |
| Principal collections | <u>-</u> |
| Balance, June 30, 2022 | 15,000 |
| Loan advances | 20,012 |
| Principal collections | <u>-</u> |
| Balance, June 30, 2023 | <u>\$ 35,012</u> |

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

Changes in allowance for credit losses are as follows:

| | <u>2023</u> | <u>2022</u> |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Balance, beginning of year/period | \$ 750 | \$ - |
| Provision for credit losses | <u>1,001</u> | <u>750</u> |
| Balance, end of year/period | <u>\$ 1,751</u> | <u>\$ 750</u> |

There were no impaired loans as of June 30, 2023. There were no impaired loans as of June 30, 2022. There were no loans on nonaccrual status and no loans 90 days or more past due as of June 30, 2023. There were no loans on nonaccrual status and no loans 90 days or more past due as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 4 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

House Bill 1015 of the 2021 Legislative Session authorized transfers up to two hundred fifty million through a line of credit extended by Bank of North Dakota to the Industrial Commission. As of June 30, 2023, the Authority has up to \$215,000 available for transfer.

House Bill 1014 of the 2023 Legislative Session increased the line of credit to \$390,000. The industrial commission shall request from the legislative assembly a deficiency appropriation if the Authority does not have sufficient funds.

The Authority is supervised and administered by the Industrial Commission. All cash accounts are deposited with the Bank of North Dakota. The annual administrative fees charged by the Bank are equivalent to one-half percent of the outstanding loans. The Bank charged the program \$53 for administration fees during the year ended June 30, 2023, of which the Authority owed the Bank \$22 as of June 30, 2023. The Bank charged the program \$19 for administration fees during the period ended June 30, 2022, of which the Authority owed the Bank \$19 as of June 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - LOAN COMMITMENTS

The Fund is a party to credit related financial instruments with off-statement-of-net-position risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit. Such commitments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the statement of net position.

The Fund's exposure to credit loss is represented by the contractual amount of these commitments. The Fund follows the same credit policies in making commitments as it does for on-statement-of-net-position instruments. There was one outstanding commitment for \$100,000 to extend credit as of June 30, 2023.

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses.

CLEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Dollars in Thousands)

NOTE 6 - NOTES PAYABLE

The Authority has entered into a revolving line of credit with Bank of North Dakota that provides up to two hundred fifty million to be extended by Bank of North Dakota to the Industrial Commission. Borrowings under the line of credit are to be used to support loans or loan guarantees issued from the Clean Sustainable Energy Fund. Borrowings under the line of credit bear interest at one month FHLB plus 1.4%, with a minimum floor of 1.75%. As of June 30, 2023, the Authority has borrowed \$35,012.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts and errors and omissions. The Authority is administered by the Bank of North Dakota and, therefore, is eligible to the same funds/pools established by the state for risk management issues. These include:

The 1995 Legislative Session established the Risk Management Fund (RMF), an internal service fund, to provide a self-insurance vehicle for funding the liability exposures of State Agencies resulting from the elimination of the State's sovereign immunity. The RMF manages the tort liability of the State, its agencies' employees, and the University System. All State agencies participating in the RMF and their fund contribution was determined using a projected cost allocation approach. The statutory liability of the State is limited to a total of \$250,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

The State Bonding Fund currently provides the Authority with blanket employee fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$2,000,000. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior period and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Governor of North Dakota
and the Legislative Assembly
State of North Dakota
Bismarck, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Clean Sustainable Energy Authority (the Authority), an enterprise fund of the State of North Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not yet been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Sully LLP".

Bismarck, North Dakota
October 2, 2023



**Clean Sustainable Energy Authority
Auditor's Specific Comments Requested by the North Dakota Legislative Audit and
Fiscal Review Committee
Period of March 15, 2022 through June 30, 2023**

Governor of North Dakota
and the Legislative Assembly
State of North Dakota
Bismarck, North Dakota

The Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee requires that certain items be addressed by independent certified public accountants performing audits of state agencies. The items and our responses are as follows:

1. What type of opinion was issued on the financial statements?

Unmodified

2. Was there compliance with statutes, laws, rules, and regulations under which the agency was created and is functioning?

Yes

3. Was internal control adequate and functioning effectively?

Yes

4. Were there any indications of lack of efficiency in financial operations and management of the agency?

No

5. Has action been taken on findings and recommendations included in prior year audit reports?

There were no prior year findings or recommendations.

6. Was a management letter issued? If so, provide a summary below, including any recommendations and the management response.

No

Audit Committee Communications:

1. Identify any significant changes in accounting policies, any management conflicts of interest, any contingent liabilities, or any significant unusual transactions.

None

2. Identify any significant accounting estimates and the process used by management to determine those estimates.

Management's estimate of the allowance for loan losses is based on management's evaluation of a number of factors, including recent loan loss experience, continuous evaluation of the loan portfolio quality, current and anticipated economic conditions, and other pertinent factors. We evaluated key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowance for loan losses in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

3. Identify any significant audit adjustments.

None

4. Identify any disagreements with management, whether or not resolved to the auditor's satisfaction, relating to financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements.

None

5. Identify any significant difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

None

6. Identify any major issues discussed with management prior to retention.

None

7. Identify any management consultations with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters.

None

8. Identify any high-risk information technology systems critical to operations based on the auditor's overall assessment of the importance of the system to the agency and its mission or whether any exceptions identified in the six audit report questions addressed above are directly related to the operations of an information technology system.

Based on the audit procedures performed, the Authority's critical information technology system is the Fiserv system. There were no exceptions identified that were directly related to this application.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Governor of North Dakota, Legislative Assembly, North Dakota Industrial Commission, Bank of North Dakota Advisory Board and management of the Authority and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Eide Bailly LLP

Bismarck, North Dakota
October 2, 2023



October 2, 2023

To the Governor of North Dakota
and the Legislative Assembly
State of North Dakota
Bismarck, North Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of Clean Sustainable Energy Authority (the Authority) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2023. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit under Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and *Government Auditing Standards*

As communicated in our letter dated June 29, 2023, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express an opinion about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the Authority solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

We have provided our comments regarding internal controls during our audit in our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* dated October 2, 2023.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, our firm, and other firms utilized in the engagement, if applicable, have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Authority is included in Note 1 to the financial statements. There have been no initial selection of accounting policies and no changes in significant accounting policies or their application during 2023. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements is:

Management's estimate of the allowance for loan losses is based on management's evaluation of a number of factors, including recent loan loss experience, continuous evaluation of the loan portfolio quality, current and anticipated economic conditions, and other pertinent factors. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowance for loan losses and determined that it is reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the Authority's financial statements relate to Note 3 – Loans.

Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole. Uncorrected misstatements or matters underlying those uncorrected misstatements could potentially cause future-period financial statements to be materially misstated, even though the uncorrected misstatements are immaterial to the financial statements currently under audit. There were no uncorrected or corrected misstatements identified as a result of our audit procedures.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the Authority's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

Circumstances that Affect the Form and Content of the Auditor's Report

For purposes of this letter, professional standards require that we communicate any circumstances that affect the form and content of our auditor's report.

We have made the following modification to our auditor's report to add an Emphasis of Matter paragraph:

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Authority are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position and cash flows of only that portion of the State of North Dakota that is attributable to the transactions of the Authority. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of North Dakota as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the year and period then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management which are included in the management representation letter dated October 2, 2023.

Management’s Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the Authority, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, significant events or transactions that occurred during the year, operating conditions affecting the entity, and operating plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the Authority’s auditors.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Governor of North Dakota, Legislative Assembly, North Dakota Industrial Commission, Bank of North Dakota Advisory Board, and management of the Authority and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Bismarck, North Dakota