



Financial Statements
June 30, 2020 and 2019
Ag PACE Fund

AG PACE FUND

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Independent Auditor's Report

Governor of North Dakota
and the Legislative Assembly
State of North Dakota
Bismarck, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Ag PACE Fund (the Fund), a special revenue fund of the State of North Dakota, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Fund as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Fund are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the State of North Dakota that is attributable to the transactions of the Fund. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of North Dakota as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2020 on our consideration of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Fund's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Bismarck, North Dakota
October 7, 2020

**AG PACE FUND
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2020, 2019 AND 2018**

The management discussion and analysis of the Ag PACE Fund's financial performance provides an overview of the Ag PACE Fund's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements of the Ag PACE Fund.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The purpose of the Ag PACE (Agriculture Partnership in Assisting Community Expansion) Fund is to buy down the interest rate on loans to on-farm businesses. The program is available to businesses which may include nontraditional agriculture, manufacturing, processing, value-added processing, targeted service industries, or other activities calculated to provide income. Other activities include the financing of subsurface field tiling projects, the purchase of irrigation equipment, the purchase of equity shares issued by a new or expanding value-added processing business, the purchase of capital improvements for retention of livestock, or the purchase of capital improvements for dairy operations.

The Ag PACE Fund recognizes two rates: Yield Rate and Borrowing Rate. The yield rate is the rate charged by the lead lender for the loan. The borrowing rate is the rate charged to the borrower. The interest differential is the difference between the yield rate and the borrowing rate. This difference is paid to the lead lender under an agreement among the lead lender, the borrower, and the Bank of North Dakota on behalf of the Ag PACE Fund.

The Ag PACE Fund provides buydown dollars, to the extent available, to reduce the borrower's interest rate by a maximum of four percent (4%) and may not be less than one percent (1%). The maximum buydown amount per borrower may not exceed a biennium cap of \$20,000 with a lifetime cap of \$60,000. In order to receive buydown funds in excess of \$20,000, the applicant must have a net worth of less than \$1,500,000.

Ag PACE loans are made by a lead lender in participation with Bank of North Dakota. Currently there are 346 Ag PACE loans outstanding. The total principal outstanding is \$45,540,179, of which Bank of North Dakota participates in \$16,979,922. The remaining amount of buydown interest to be paid by this Fund on these loans is \$2,989,237. Of the total outstanding amount, there were 70 loans totaling \$9,887,467 made during the year ended June 30, 2020 in comparison to 76 loans totaling \$13,153,322 made in the year ended June 30, 2019 and 40 loans totaling \$5,201,195 made in the year ended June 30, 2018. Loans funded in the year ended June 30, 2020 will require \$1,231,813 in buydown interest during the life of the loans. There are 7 pending loan commitments totaling \$1,125,955 as of June 30, 2020.

As of June 30, 2020, there was \$419,106 in interest buydown funds remaining for the 2019-2021 biennium. A total of \$1,634,745 was available for the biennium as follows:

\$ 1,500,000	Legislative Appropriation transfer from BND
4,305	Carry Forward from 2017-2019 Biennium
60,440	Adjustments on Defaulted or Prepaid Loans
<u>70,000</u>	Transferred from PACE Fund
\$ 1,634,745	

The 2019 North Dakota Legislature appropriated \$4,000,000 to the Ag PACE Fund from the Bank of North Dakota's undivided profits for the biennium beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2021. This appropriation provides the Fund with adequate resources to meet its mission of providing buydown interest on loans. The Fund may also use up to \$1,000,000 of this funding to assist farmers and livestock producers that have suffered recent disaster-related losses.

AG PACE FUND
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2020, 2019 AND 2018

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The Ag PACE Fund is a special revenue fund and uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. The basic financial statements include the balance sheets and the statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The balance sheet provides readers the assets and liabilities of the Ag PACE Fund, with the differences between the two reported as fund balance. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance identifies the operating performance of the Ag PACE Fund for the year.

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS
JUNE 30, 2020, 2019 AND 2018

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
ASSETS			
Cash deposits	\$ 562,760	\$ 164,133	\$ 706,400
Cash deposits for buy downs committed	<u>2,989,237</u>	<u>2,722,041</u>	<u>1,941,841</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,551,997</u>	<u>\$ 2,886,174</u>	<u>\$ 2,648,241</u>
LIABILITIES			
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
FUND BALANCE			
	<u>3,551,997</u>	<u>2,886,174</u>	<u>2,648,241</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 3,551,997</u>	<u>\$ 2,886,174</u>	<u>\$ 2,648,241</u>

Cash Deposits for Buy Downs Committed

Cash deposits for buy downs committed represents reserved funds that are held by the Bank of North Dakota to buy down the interest for qualifying loans. Cash deposits for buy downs committed increased 10% in 2020 after increasing by 40% in 2019, due to the increase in volume from prior years.

Fund Balance

The Fund Balance represents funds available to the Ag PACE Fund. Fund balance increased by \$665,823, or 23%, from 2019 to 2020 primarily due to operating transfers in from the Bank of North Dakota. Fund balance increased by \$237,933, or 9%, from 2018 to 2019 also due to operating transfers in from the Bank of North Dakota.

AG PACE FUND
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2020, 2019 AND 2018

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020, 2019 AND 2018

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES - Buydown interest	<u>904,177</u>	<u>762,067</u>	<u>852,389</u>
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUES	(904,177)	(762,067)	(852,389)
TRANSFERS IN	1,570,000	2,000,000	-
TRANSFERS OUT	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,000,000)</u>	<u>(500,000)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	665,823	237,933	(1,352,389)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>2,886,174</u>	<u>2,648,241</u>	<u>4,000,630</u>
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 3,551,997</u>	<u>\$ 2,886,174</u>	<u>\$ 2,648,241</u>

Expenditures

The monies that are being paid to the Bank of North Dakota to buy down the interest rate for qualifying loans are paid in advance and are amortized over the life of the loans based upon the repayment terms of the individual qualifying loan. Interest expense increased 19% from 2019 to 2020 and decreased 11% from 2018 to 2019.

Transfers In/Out

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Bank of North Dakota transferred \$1,500,000 to the Ag PACE Fund. The PACE Fund also transferred \$70,000 to the Ag PACE Fund.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Bank of North Dakota transferred \$2,000,000 to the Ag PACE Fund. The Ag PACE Fund transferred \$1,000,000 to the PACE Fund.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Ag PACE Fund transferred \$500,000 to the PACE Fund.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

The 2019 North Dakota Legislature passed House Bill 1014 that authorizes the Bank of North Dakota to transfer \$4,000,000 from the Bank's current earnings and undivided profits to the Ag PACE Fund. The Fund may also use up to \$1,000,000 of this funding to assist farmers and livestock producers that have suffered recent disaster-related losses. Of the \$4,000,000 in authorized transfers, \$1,500,000 was transferred to the Ag PACE Fund during the year ended June 30, 2020.

AG PACE FUND
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2020, 2019 AND 2018

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact buydown interest expenditures. Other financial impact could occur though such potential impact is unknown at this time.

CONTACTING THE FUND'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Ag PACE Fund's finances and to demonstrate the Ag PACE Fund's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Bank of North Dakota, P.O. Box 5509, Bismarck, North Dakota 58506-5509.

AG PACE FUND
BALANCE SHEETS
JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash deposits at the Bank of North Dakota	\$ 562,760	\$ 164,133
Cash deposits at the Bank of North Dakota for buydowns committed	<u>2,989,237</u>	<u>2,722,041</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,551,997</u>	<u>\$ 2,886,174</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
FUND BALANCE		
Committed	<u>3,551,997</u>	<u>2,886,174</u>
Total fund balance	<u>3,551,997</u>	<u>2,886,174</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 3,551,997</u>	<u>\$ 2,886,174</u>

AG PACE FUND
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES		
Buydown interest	<u>904,177</u>	<u>762,067</u>
EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUES	(904,177)	(762,067)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers in	1,570,000	2,000,000
Transfers out	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,000,000)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	665,823	237,933
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>2,886,174</u>	<u>2,648,241</u>
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 3,551,997</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,886,174</u></u>

AG PACE FUND
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

Section 6-09.13 of the North Dakota Century Code (NDCC) established the Agriculture Partnership in Assisting Community Expansion (Ag PACE) Fund. The Fund is revolving and all monies transferred into the fund, interest on fund monies and payments to the fund are appropriated for the purposes of the fund. The Bank of North Dakota (an enterprise fund of the State of North Dakota) supervises and administers the Ag PACE Fund. The purpose of the Ag PACE Fund is to buy down the interest rate on loans made by a lead financial institution in participation with the Bank of North Dakota. The Bank of North Dakota's participation may not exceed 80% nor be less than 50% of the total loan.

Loans eligible for the buydown are loans to on-farm North Dakota businesses that are using the proceeds to purchase real property or equipment, expand their facility, acquire working capital or inventory, purchase irrigation equipment, purchase equity shares in a value-added ag-processing business or purchase capital improvements for retention of livestock or dairy operations. The loan funds cannot be used to refinance any existing debt.

Reporting Entity

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, the Ag PACE Fund should include all component units over which the Ag PACE Fund exercises such aspects as (1) appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (2) has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or (3) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the Ag PACE Fund.

Based on that criteria, no organizations were determined to be part of the reporting entity. The Ag PACE Fund is included as part of the primary government of the State of North Dakota's (State) reporting entity.

Accounting Standards

The Ag PACE Fund follows the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which is the nationally accepted standard setting body for establishing generally accepted accounting standards for governmental entities.

Fund Accounting

The Ag PACE Fund is a special revenue fund and uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means due and collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The State has defined available as being collected within one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Special revenue funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, generally only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements for these funds present increases (e.g., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (e.g., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Credit Related Financial Instruments

In the ordinary course of business, the Ag PACE Fund has entered into commitments to buy down interest rates on loans. Such financial instruments are recorded when they are funded.

Fund Balance Classifications

Governmental funds classify fund balance based on the constraints imposed on the uses of these resources. The spendable portion of the fund balance consists of committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the North Dakota State Legislature – the government’s highest level of decision making authority. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Legislature removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS

The carrying value and bank balance of the Ag PACE Fund’s cash deposits at June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$562,760 and \$164,133, respectively. Of the bank amounts, none were insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity’s name; none were collateralized with securities held by the counterparty’s trust department or agent in the entity’s name; and all were either collateralized with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the entity’s name, or collateralized. These monies are deposited in the Bank of North Dakota and are guaranteed by the State of North Dakota (NDCC Section 6-09-10).

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Fund will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Fund does not have a formal policy that limits custodial credit risk for deposits. The Fund’s deposits are held at the Bank of North Dakota and are guaranteed by the State of North Dakota (NDCC Section 06-09-10).

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AT BANK OF NORTH DAKOTA FOR BUYDOWNS COMMITTED

The monies that are being held by the Bank of North Dakota to buy down the interest rate for qualifying loans are paid in advance. Buydown interest is amortized over the life of the loans based upon the repayment terms of the individual qualifying loan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

NOTE 4 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Ag PACE Fund is supervised and administered by the Bank of North Dakota. All cash accounts are deposited in the Bank of North Dakota. In lieu of an administrative fee, the Bank of North Dakota does not pay interest to the Ag PACE Fund on the cash accounts held at the Bank of North Dakota. Interest buydowns amortized into interest expense totaled \$904,177 and \$762,067 in 2020 and 2019, of which approximately 50% accrued to the Bank of North Dakota.

The Ag PACE Fund also has on deposit with the Bank of North Dakota monies used to fund the interest buydowns on qualifying loans, which is included in “cash deposits for buydowns committed” on the balance sheet (see Note 3).

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Bank of North Dakota transferred \$1,500,000 to the Ag PACE Fund. The PACE Fund also transferred \$70,000 to the Ag PACE Fund. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Bank of North Dakota transferred \$2,000,000 to the Ag PACE Fund. The Ag PACE Fund transferred \$1,000,000 to the PACE Fund.

The 2019 North Dakota Legislature passed House Bill 1014 that authorizes the Bank of North Dakota to transfer \$4,000,000 from the Bank’s current earnings and undivided profits to the Ag PACE fund during the biennium beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2021. The Fund may also use up to \$1,000,000 of this funding to assist farmers and livestock producers that have suffered recent disaster-related losses. Of the \$4,000,000 in authorized transfers, \$1,500,000 was transferred to the Ag PACE Fund during the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Ag PACE Fund is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts and errors and omissions. The Ag PACE Fund is administered by the Bank of North Dakota and, therefore, is eligible to the same funds/pools established by the state for risk management issues. These include:

The 1995 Legislative Session established the Risk Management Fund (RMF), an internal service fund, to provide a self-insurance vehicle for funding the liability exposures of State Agencies resulting from the elimination of the State’s sovereign immunity. The RMF manages the tort liability of the State, its agencies’ employees, and the University System. All State agencies participating in the RMF and their fund contribution was determined using a projected cost allocation approach. The statutory liability of the State is limited to a total of \$250,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

The State Bonding Fund currently provides the Fund with blanket employee fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$2,000,000. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage.



Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Governor of North Dakota
and the Legislative Assembly
State of North Dakota
Bismarck, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Ag PACE Fund (the Fund), a special revenue fund of the State of North Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fund’s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Fund’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund’s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fund's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Bismarck, North Dakota
October 7, 2020



**Ag PACE Fund
Auditor's Specific Comments Requested by the North Dakota Legislative Audit and
Fiscal Review Committee
Year Ended June 30, 2020**

Governor of North Dakota
and the Legislative Assembly
State of North Dakota
Bismarck, North Dakota

The Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee requires that certain items be addressed by independent certified public accountants performing audits of state agencies. The items and our responses are as follows:

1. What type of opinion was issued on the financial statements?

Unmodified

2. Was there compliance with statutes, laws, rules, and regulations under which the agency was created and is functioning?

Yes

3. Was internal control adequate and functioning effectively?

Yes

4. Were there any indications of lack of efficiency in financial operations and management of the agency?

No

5. Has action been taken on findings and recommendations included in prior year audit reports?

There were no prior year findings or recommendations.

6. Was a management letter issued? If so, provide a summary below, including any recommendations and the management response.

No

Audit Committee Communications:

1. Identify any significant changes in accounting policies, any management conflicts of interest, any contingent liabilities, or any significant unusual transactions.

None

2. Identify any significant accounting estimates and the process used by management to determine those estimates.

None

3. Identify any significant audit adjustments.

None

4. Identify any disagreements with management, whether or not resolved to the auditor's satisfaction, relating to financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements.

None

5. Identify any significant difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

None

6. Identify any major issues discussed with management prior to retention.

None

7. Identify any management consultations with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters.

None

8. Identify any high-risk information technology systems critical to operations based on the auditor's overall assessment of the importance of the system to the agency and its mission or whether any exceptions identified in the six audit report questions addressed above are directly related to the operations of an information technology system.

Based on the audit procedures performed, the Fund's critical information technology system is the Fiserv system. There were no exceptions identified that were directly related to this application.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Governor of North Dakota, Legislative Assembly, North Dakota Industrial Commission, Bank of North Dakota Advisory Board and management of the Fund and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Eide Bailly LLP

Bismarck, North Dakota
October 7, 2020



October 7, 2020

Governor of North Dakota
and the Legislative Assembly
State of North Dakota
Bismarck, North Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the Ag PACE Fund (the Fund) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2020. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit under Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and *Government Auditing Standards*

As communicated in our letter dated July 15, 2020 our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express an opinion about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the Fund solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

We have provided our comments regarding any significant control deficiencies during our audit in our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* dated October 7, 2020.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, and our firm have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Fund is included in Note 1 to the financial statements. There have been no initial selection of accounting policies and no changes in significant accounting policies or their application during 2020. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments. There are no sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements.

Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. There are no sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements.

Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole. There were no corrected or uncorrected misstatements identified as a result of our audit procedures.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the Fund's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 7, 2020.

Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the Fund, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, business conditions affecting the entity, and business plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the Fund's auditors.

Modification of the Auditor's Report

We have made the following modification to our auditor's report to add an Emphasis of Matter paragraph:

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Fund are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the State of North Dakota that is attributable to the transactions of the Fund. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of North Dakota as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Governor of North Dakota, Legislative Assembly, North Dakota Industrial Commission, Bank of North Dakota Advisory Board and management of the Fund and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Eide Bailly LLP

Bismarck, North Dakota