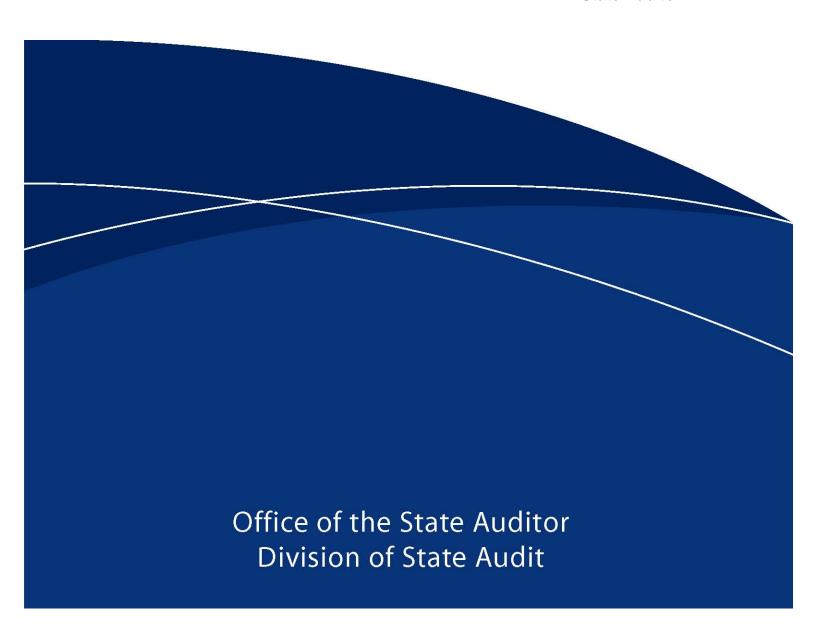
BISMARCK STATE COLLEGE

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA

Audit Report

For the Biennium Ended June 30, 2017

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor



Bismarck State College Report Highlights

Financials, Legislative Intent, and Internal Control

We evaluated and tested high risk areas of internal control, and legislative intent. We did not note any deficiencies that are required to be brought to the attention of those charged with governance.

Operations

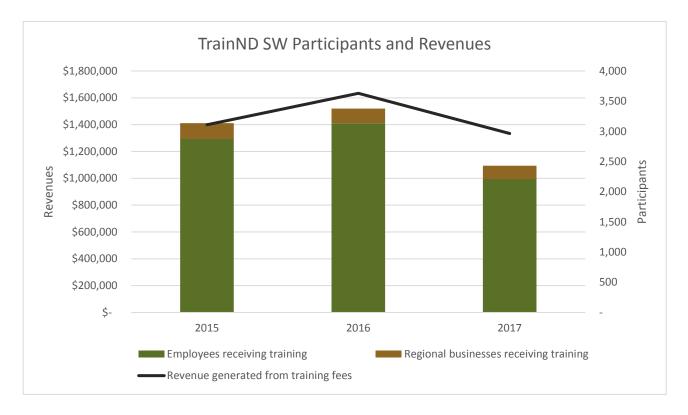
TrainND was established to provide workforce training to the businesses and citizens of North Dakota. The 1999 Legislature developed the program in four areas of the state. The purpose and goals of TrainND are to boost the knowledge and skills of employees, businesses, and the area industries. TrainND is provided with funding from the legislature, fees from participants, institutional funds and occasional grants.

Bismarck State College operates TrainND Southwest. The focus includes training for medical, computer and technology and technical areas.

Objectives:

- What are the TrainND performance measurements and how are they tracked?
- What registration subsystem is utilized and how does the subsystem transfer to the general ledger?

We did not note any deficiencies that are required to be brought to the attention of those charged with governance.



Source: NDUS Annual Enrollment Reports

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AUDITOR AND COLLEGE PERSONNEL

State Auditor Personnel

Robyn Hoffmann, Audit Manager Travis Klinkhammer, In-Charge Mary Feltman Mikka Maher Alex Mehring Cory Wigdahl

Primary College Contacts

Dr. Larry Skogen, President Rebecca Collins, CFO Jess Dargis, Controller Sara Vollmer, TrainND Director

Contents

Transmittal Letter	1
Executive Summary	2
Introduction	2
Responses to LAFRC Audit Questions	2
LAFRC Audit Communications	3
Audit Objectives, Scope, and Methodology	5
Financial Statements	6
Statement of Net Position	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	7
Statement of Cash Flows	8
Statement of Appropriations	10
Internal Control	11
Compliance with Legislative Intent	12
Operations	13



STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

FARGO BRANCH OFFICE 1655 43rd STREET SOUTH, SUITE 203 FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA 58103

Transmittal Letter

February 13, 2018

Members of the North Dakota Legislative Assembly North Dakota State Board of Higher Education Dr. Larry Skogen, President, Bismarck State College

We are pleased to submit this audit of the Bismarck State College for the biennium ended June 30, 2017. This audit resulted from the statutory responsibility of the State Auditor to audit or review each state agency once every two years. The same statute gives the State Auditor the responsibility to determine the contents of these audits.

In determining the contents of the audits of state agencies, the primary consideration was to determine how we could best serve the citizens of the state of North Dakota. Naturally, we determined financial accountability should play an important part of these audits. Additionally, operational accountability is addressed whenever possible to increase efficiency and effectiveness of state government.

Robyn Hoffmann, CPA was the audit manager. Inquiries or comments relating to this audit may be directed to the audit manager by calling (701) 239-7291. We wish to express our appreciation to Dr. Skogen and his staff for the courtesy, cooperation, and assistance they provided to us during this audit.

Respectfully submitted,

/S/

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Executive Summary

Introduction

Since its founding in 1939, Bismarck State College has evolved from a locally based junior college to a state college whose mission fits within system and core missions of institutions governed by the North Dakota State Board of Higher Education (SBHE). The institution emphasizes the necessity of remaining open to evolutionary change to best fulfill present and future demands, which will be placed upon it.

The purpose of Bismarck State College is to provide an educational environment of the highest caliber at a reasonable cost; to maintain a warm and wholesome social atmosphere; to provide opportunities for advanced knowledge, improved skills, high ideals and ethical standards; and to make learning an enjoyable, rewarding experience.

The Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee (LAFRC) requests that certain items be addressed by auditors performing audits of state agencies. Those items and the Office of the State Auditor's responses are noted below.

Responses to LAFRC Audit Questions

1. What type of opinion was issued on the financial statements?

The financial statements for Bismarck State College were obtained from the Annual Financial Report of the North Dakota University System; however, the related note disclosures are not included in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards, so an opinion is not applicable. An unmodified opinion was issued on the annual financial report of the North Dakota University System.

2. Was there compliance with statutes, laws, rules, and regulations under which the agency was created and is functioning?

Yes.

3. Was internal control adequate and functioning effectively?

Yes.

4. Were there any indications of lack of efficiency in financial operations and management of the agency?

No.

5. Has action been taken on findings and recommendations included in prior audit reports?

There were no recommendations included in the prior audit report.

6. Was a management letter issued? If so, provide a summary below, including any recommendations and the management responses.

No, a management letter was not issued.

LAFRC Audit Communications

7. Identify any significant changes in accounting policies, any management conflicts of interest, any contingent liabilities, or any significant unusual transactions.

In fiscal year 2016, Bismarck State College changed accounting policies related to investments by adopting GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Applications. There were no other significant changes in accounting policies, management conflicts of interest, contingent liabilities, or significant unusual transactions identified.

8. Identify any significant accounting estimates, the process used by management to formulate the accounting estimates, and the basis for the auditor's conclusions regarding the reasonableness of those estimates.

The most significant accounting estimates used by Bismarck State College include useful lives of capital assets and allowance for uncollectible receivables. Estimated useful lives are used to compute depreciation on capital assets and are based on industry standards and experience. Management's estimate of the allowance is based on aging categories and past history. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimated useful lives and allowances in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

9. Identify any significant audit adjustments.

Significant audit adjustments were not necessary.

10. Identify any disagreements with management, whether or not resolved to the auditor's satisfaction relating to a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements.

None.

11. Identify any serious difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

None.

12. Identify any major issues discussed with management prior to retention.

This is not applicable for audits conducted by the Office of the State Auditor.

13. Identify any management consultations with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters.

None.

14. Identify any high-risk information technology systems critical to operations based on the auditor's overall assessment of the importance of the system to the agency and its mission, or whether any exceptions identified in the six audit report questions to be addressed by the auditors are directly related to the operations of an information technology system.

ConnectND Finance, Human Resource Management System (HRMS) and Campus Solutions are high-risk information technology systems critical to the Bismarck State College. No exceptions related to the operations of an information technology system were noted.

Audit Objectives, Scope, and Methodology

Audit Objectives

The objectives of this audit of the Bismarck State College for the biennium ended June 30, 2017, were to provide reliable, audited financial statements and to answer the following questions:

- 1. What are the highest risk areas of the Bismarck State College's operations and is internal control adequate in these areas?
- 2. What are the significant and high-risk areas of legislative intent applicable to the Bismarck State College and are they in compliance with these laws?
- 3. Are there areas of the Bismarck State College's operations where we can help to improve efficiency or effectiveness?

Audit Scope

This audit of the Bismarck State College is for the biennium ended June 30, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

Bismarck State College's sole location is its Bismarck campus, which was included in the audit scope.

Audit Methodology

To meet the objectives outlined above, we:

- Prepared condensed financial statements from the fiscal years 2017 and 2016 annual financial reports of the North Dakota University System.
- Performed detailed analytical procedures including computer-assisted auditing techniques. These procedures were used to identify high-risk transactions and potential problem areas for additional testing.
- Tested internal control and compliance with laws and regulations, which included selecting representative samples to determine if controls were operating effectively and to determine if laws were being followed consistently. Non-statistical sampling was used and the results were projected to the population. Where applicable, populations were stratified to ensure that particular groups within a population were adequately represented in the sample, and to improve efficiency by gaining greater control on the composition of the sample.
- Tested potential improvements to operations.
- Reviewed segregation of duties in all program areas.
- Interviewed appropriate agency personnel.
- Queried the ConnectND (PeopleSoft) system. Significant evidence was obtained from ConnectND.
- Observed Bismarck State College's processes and procedures.
- Performed a review of TrainND Southwest.

In aggregate, there were no significant limitations or uncertainties related to our overall assessment of the sufficiency and appropriateness of audit evidence.

Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,638,396	\$	7,485,406
Investments		3,561,000		3,561,000
Accounts receivable, net		1,042,803		990,068
Receivable from component units		51,124		46,871
Due from other NDUS institutions		29,900		
Due from state general fund		554,313		102,925
Grants & contracts receivables, net		2,012,880		2,286,901
Inventories		677,846		661,692
Notes receivable, net		232,703		238,002
Other assets		441,343		368,142
Unamortized bond discount				
Capital assets, net		56,692,990		57,779,892
Total assets	\$	72,935,298	\$	73,520,899
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,625,646	\$	742,696
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	1,728,009	\$	1,818,463
Due to other NDUS institutions		(2,223)		(14,669)
Payable to component unit		20,165		21,454
Accrued payroll		1,739,594		2,116,949
Deferred revenue		711,379		801,189
Deposits		273,921		182,740
Other liabilities		7,596		48,267
Due to component units		1,356,660		1,490,416
Due to others		10,781,247		11,527,394
Pension liability		4,478,255		3,014,657
Total liabilities	\$	21,094,603	\$	21,006,860
Deffered Inflows of Resources	\$	364,680		397,871
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets	\$	45,696,155	\$	45,919,002
Restricted for:				
Expendable:				
Scholarships and fellowships		99,634		137,597
Institutional		9,741		5,046
Loans		255,576		406,303
Debt service		41,045		39,723
Unrestricted		6,999,510		6,351,193
Total net position	\$	53,101,661	\$	52,858,864

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	June 30, 2017			June 30, 2016		
REVENUES AND OTHER ADDITIONS						
State appropriations	\$	16,879,039	\$	17,797,303		
Student tuition and fees		13,447,816		13,049,663		
State appropriations-capital assets		1,299,605		2,474,016		
Federal grants and contracts		4,767,381		6,360,403		
Auxiliary enterprises		4,137,687		3,941,505		
Sales and services of educational departments		3,678,711		3,964,442		
Federal grants and contracts		2,533,181		2,511,253		
Gifts		1,811,245	1,675,592			
Gain on disposal of capital assets		16,148				
State and local grants and contracts		730,335		2,036,311		
Capital grants and gifts		479,035		927,080		
Nongovernmental grants and contracts		168,986	307,224			
Investments income		12,457		10,682		
Insurance proceeds		41,927		4,000		
Other		67,661		352,108		
Total revenues and other additions	_\$_	50,071,214	\$	55,411,582		
EXPENSES AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS						
Salaries and wages	\$	29,258,673	\$	30,669,394		
Operating expenses		13,268,172		15,524,815		
Depreciation		2,964,776	2,484,310			
Cost of sales and services	1,879,410			1,888,758		
Scholarships and fellowships		1,544,704		1,997,926		
Data processing	530,846		696,765			
Other nonoperating expenses						
Inter-institutional transers				20,386		
Interest on capital asset-related debt		381,838		413,783		
Loss on capital assets				160,916		
Total expenses and other deductions	\$	49,828,419	\$	53,857,053		
Revenue over expenses	\$	242,795	\$	1,554,529		
NET POSITION						
Net Position-beginning of the year	\$	52,858,866	\$	51,304,335		
Net Position-end of the year	- \$	53,101,661	- \$	52,858,864		
rect i osition-end of the year	Ψ_	55, 101,001	Ψ	52,050,004		

Statement of Cash Flows

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Student tuition and fees	\$	13,529,239	\$	13,264,200		
Grants and contracts		5,908,610		9,154,755		
Payments to suppliers		(15,343,794)		(19,248,846)		
Payments to employees		(29,149,184)		(30,209,847)		
Payments for scholarships and fellowships		(1,544,704)		(1,997,926)		
Collection of loans to students		59,439		110,798		
Auxiliary enterprise charges		4,123,203		3,950,036		
Sales and service of educational departments		3,558,038	4,002,775			
Cash paid on deposits		(9,321)	(62,841)			
Other (payments) receipts		(107,165)	159,914			
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(18,975,639)	\$	(20,876,982)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
State appropriations	\$	16,658,979	\$	17,806,051		
Grants and gifts received for other than capital purposes		4,314,324		3,888,730		
Direct lending receipts		7,671,525		7,146,691		
Direct lending disbursements		(7,661,103)		(7,138,572)		
Agency fund cash increase (decrease)		16,602		(607,083)		
Net cash flows provided by noncapital		•				
financing activities	\$	21,000,327	\$	21,095,817		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Capital appropriations	\$	1,068,277	\$	4,203,377		
Capital grants and gifts received	Ψ	479,035	Ψ	927,080		
Purchases of capital assets		(2,279,437)		(5,285,595)		
Insurance Proceeds	41,927			4,000		
Principal paid on capital debt and lease		(812,608)	(815,804)			
Interest paid on capital debt and lease	(381,299)			(426,963)		
Net cash used by capital and related	-	(001,200)		(:==;===)		
financing activities	\$	(1,884,105)	\$	(1,393,905)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	\$	3,561,000	\$	3,741,000		
Interest on investments	Ψ	12,407	Ψ	10,683		
Purchase of investments		(3,561,000)		(3,741,000)		
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	12,407	\$	10,683		
Het cash provided by investing activities	Φ	12,407	φ	10,003		
Net decrease in cash	\$	152,990	\$	(1,164,387)		
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	7,485,406	\$	8,649,793		
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	7,638,396	\$	7,485,406		
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RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING EXPENSES	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016		
TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating loss	\$ (22,510,065)	\$ (23,588,911)		
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities				
Depreciation expense	2,964,776	2,484,310		
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(40,665)	363,803		
Change in assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable adjusted for interest receivable	4,075	211,320		
Grant & contract receivables	241,908	450,817		
Inventories	(16,154)	(42,219)		
Notes receivable	67,359	100,091		
Other assets	(73,201)	(217,398)		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities adjusted				
for interest payable	343,858	(1,047,030)		
Pension liability	1,463,598	250,023		
Net change in deferred outflows	(885,942)	(162,487)		
Net change in deferred inflows	(33,191)	(137,185)		
Accrued payroll	(377,357)	492,746		
Compensated absences	(57,620)	16,450		
Deferred revenue	(57,697)	11,530		
Deposits	(9,321)	(62,842)		
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (18,975,639)	\$ (20,876,982)		

Statement of Appropriations

For the Biennium Ended June 30, 2017

	Original	Final			Unexpended		
Expenses by line item	Appropriation	Α	djustments	Appropriation	Expenses	App	oropriation
Operating Expenses	\$ 36,163,153	\$	(1,716,605)	\$ 34,446,548	\$ 34,446,548		
Capital Assets	2,592,673		(352,337)	2,240,336	2,240,331	\$	5
Capital Improvement-Carryov	/er		2,284,339 2,284,339 2,284,31		2,284,315		24
Capital Improve-Off System							
Student Union Lower Level							
Renovation			600,000	600,000	313,143		286,857
Capital-Off System -							
Carryover							
Communication/Creative Arts 443,578 443,578 443,578							
Student Union			566,462	566,462	499,964		66,498
Operating Carryover			1,141	1,141	1,141		
Totals	\$ 38,755,826	\$	1,826,578	\$ 40,582,404	\$ 40,229,020	\$	353,384
Expenses by source							
General fund	\$ 38,155,826	\$	816,538	\$ 38,972,364	\$ 38,972,335	\$	29
Special fund	600,000		1,010,040	1,610,040	1,256,685		353,355
Totals	\$ 38,755,826	\$	1,826,578	\$ 40,582,404	\$ 40,229,020	\$	353,384

Expenditures without Appropriations of Specific Amounts:

All funds, in addition to those above are appropriated pursuant to 2015 HB 1003 section 31.

Internal Control

In our audit for the biennium ended June 30, 2017, we identified the following areas of the Bismarck State College's internal control as being the highest risk:

Internal Controls Subjected to Testing:

- Controls surrounding the processing of revenues.
- Controls surrounding the processing of expenses.
- Controls effecting the safeguarding of assets.
- Controls relating to compliance with legislative intent.
- Controls surrounding the ConnectND (PeopleSoft) system.
- Controls surrounding the TrainND Southwest program.

The criteria used to evaluate internal control is published in the publication *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* from the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) of the Treadway Commission.

We gained an understanding of internal control surrounding these areas and concluded as to the adequacy of their design. We also tested the operating effectiveness of those controls we considered necessary based on our assessment of audit risk. We concluded internal control was adequate.

Auditors are required to report deficiencies in internal control that are significant within the context of the objectives of the audit. A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect: misstatements in financial or performance information, violations of laws and regulations or impairments of effectiveness or efficiency of operations, on a timely basis. Considering both qualitative and quantitative factors, we did not identify any significant deficiencies in internal control.

Compliance with Legislative Intent

In our audit for the biennium ended June 30, 2017, we identified and tested Bismarck State College's compliance with legislative intent for the following areas we determined to be significant and of higher risk of noncompliance:

- North Dakota University System reported to the appropriations committees of the sixty-fifth legislative assembly on the use of one-time funding for the biennium ended June 30, 2017 (2015 HB 1003, chapter 3, section 2).
- Deferred maintenance funding pool appropriations (2015 HB 1003, chapter 3, section 25)
- Two dollars of matching funds were provided from operations or other sources for each one dollar of extraordinary repairs that were included in the capital asset line item (2015 HB 1003, chapter 3, section 38).
- Proper use/approval of petty cash/till funds (NDCC 54 06-08.1).
- BND used as credit card processing depository (NDCC 54-06-08.2).
- Scholarship expenses were proper (Article IX, Section 1 of the ND Constitution, NDCC 1-08-02, 15-10-12, 59-21).
- Fixed asset requirements were followed including surplus property, record keeping and lease analysis requirements (NDCC 54-44-04.6, 44-04-07, 54-27-21, 54-44.1-06, 54-27-21.1).
- Expenses including proper voucher approvals (NDCC 44-08-05.1, Article X, Section 12, subpart 2 of ND Constitution) and being within budgeted amounts (NDCC 54-44.1-09, Attorney General Opinion dated January 6, 1977).
- Travel-related expenses are made in accordance with state statue (NDCC 44-08-04, 44-08-04.1, 04.2, 04.3, 04.4, 04.5, 54-06-09).
- Purchasing including bidding and following sole source requirements (NDCC 54-44.4-01, 02, 05, 06, 54-44.7-02, 48-01.2, 44-08-01).
- Capital construction (NDCC 48-01.2-02, 04, 07, 09, 10, 13, 18, 21, 22, 23, 25, 54-44.7)
- Conflict of Interest (NDCC 12.1-13-03, 48-01.2-08).
- Carryover of unexpended appropriations (NDCC 54-44.1-11).
- Adequate blanket bond coverage (NDCC 26.1-21-08).
- Unclaimed property laws (NDCC 47-30.1-02.1, 47-30.1-03.1).
- Nepotism (NDCC 44-04-09).
- Bond revenues and reserves (NDCC 15-55-03, 15-55-06).
- Misapplication of entrusted property (NDCC 12.1-23-07).

The criteria used to evaluate legislative intent are the laws as published in the *North Dakota Century Code* and the *North Dakota Session Laws*.

Government Auditing Standards require auditors to report all instances of fraud and illegal acts unless they are inconsequential within the context of the audit objectives. Further, auditors are required to report significant violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and significant abuse that has occurred or is likely to have occurred.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. Thus, we concluded there was compliance with the legislative intent identified above.

Operations

Our audit of Bismarck State College included a review of the workforce training system, specifically TrainND Southwest.

Background:

House Bill No. 1443 (1999) established a new workforce training system for North Dakota resulting from recommendations of a 31-member Workforce Training Task Force representing business, education, and government that examined the state's workforce system during the 1998-99 interim. Under the new workforce training system, the state is divided into four delivery regions and select higher education institutions are designated as having primary responsibility for workforce training programs. Bismarck State College has the responsibility for TrainND Southwest.

Our audit procedures were designed and conducted to answer the following operational objectives surrounding the TrainND program:

- What are the TrainND performance measurements and how are they tracked?
- What registration subsystem is utilized and how does the registration subsystem transfer to PeopleSoft and the general ledger?

We concluded that the operational objectives for TrainND are operating efficiently and effectively.

You may obtain audit reports on the internet at:

www.nd.gov/auditor/

or by contacting the Division of State Audit

Office of the State Auditor 600 East Boulevard Avenue – Department 117 Bismarck, ND 58505-0060

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