

### Lake Region Law Enforcement Center Devils Lake, North Dakota

## **Audit Report**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

JOSHUA C. GALLION STATE AUDITOR

Office of the State Auditor Division of Local Government

TABLE OF CONTENTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	<u>Page(s)</u>
Law Enforcement Center Officials	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2 - 3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Activities	5
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	6
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	8
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	9
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	11
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	12
Statement of Fiduciary Assets & Liabilities - Agency Fund	13
Notes to the Financial Statements	14 - 22
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule: Combined E-911 / Wireless Fund	23
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	24
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	25 - 26
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	27
Management's Letter	28 - 30

#### LAW ENFORCEMENT CENTER OFFICIALS

#### December 31, 2016

Ed Brown Craig Stromme Nancy Marquart Dale Robbins Jeff Pfau Michael Steffan Kenneth Teubner Mark Olson

Rob Johnson Peggy Hoel Chairman - LEC, Ramsey County Commission Representative Chairman - E-911, City of Devils Lake Representative Commissioner, Nelson County Commission Representative Commissioner, City of Devils Lake Representative Commissioner, Eddy County Commission Representative Commissioner, Benson County Commission Representative Commissioner, Towner County Commission Representative Commissioner, Ramsey County Commission Representative

Operation Administrator Finance Administrator



Local Government Division: FARGO OFFICE MANAGER – DAVID MIX Phone: (701) 239-7252 Fax: (701) 239-7251

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR STATE CAPITOL 600 E. BOULEVARD AVENUE - DEPT. 117 BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA 58505

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Lake Region Law Enforcement Center Devils Lake, North Dakota

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center, Devils Lake, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Law Enforcement Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center, Devils Lake, North Dakota, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the *management's discussion and analysis* that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *budgetary comparison information and notes to the required supplementary information* on pages 23-24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 6, 2017 on our consideration of the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

. C. L

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Fargo, North Dakota April 6, 2017

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2016

	vernmental Activities	Enterprise Activities	Total
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 284,225 50,000	\$ 299,373	\$ 583,598 50,000
Accounts Receivable Capital Assets (not being depreciated):	16,019	208,442	224,461
Land Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	-	159,703	159,703
Buildings Building Improvement	-	1,765,295 257,590	1,765,295 257,590
Vehicles	-	4,680	4,680
Equipment Office Equipment	127,740	66,627	194,367 6,308
Total Capital Assets	\$ 127,740	\$ <u>6,308</u> 2,260,203	\$ 2,387,943
		· ·	
Total Assets	\$ 477,984	\$ 2,768,018	\$ 3,246,002
<u>LIABILITIES:</u> Accounts Payable Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year:	\$ 5,483	\$ 21,702	\$ 27,185
Lease Payable Compensated Absences Payable Due Outside One Year:	- 1,223	2,352 17,924	2,352 19,147
Lease Payable Compensated Absences Payable	 - 4,892	6,467 71,697	6,467 76,589
Total Liabilities	\$ 11,598	\$ 120,142	\$ 131,740
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	\$ 127,740	\$ 2,251,384	\$ 2,379,124
E-911/Wireless Unrestricted	338,646	- 396,492	338,646 396,492
Unresulcied	 -	330,432	 JJU,432
Total Net Position	\$ 466,386	\$ 2,647,876	\$ 3,114,262

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		Program	Revenues Operating		•••	Revenue and Net Position Business-		
	_	Charges for	Grants and		/ernmental	Туре		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	A	Activities	Activities		Total
<u>Governmental Activities</u> : Public Safety	\$ 419,970	\$ 445,066	\$-	\$	25,096	\$-	\$	25,096
Business-Type Activities: Law Enforcement Center	\$ 3,357,940	\$ 2,818,521	\$-	\$	-	\$ (539,419)	\$	(539,419 <u>)</u>
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,777,910	\$ 3,263,587	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	25,096	\$ (539,419)		(514,323)
	<u>General Reve</u> Taxes:	nues:						
	Earnings on I Miscellaneou	•	nterest expense)	\$	391 99	\$     1,724 154,418	\$	2,115 154,517
	Total General	Revenues		\$	490	\$ 156,142	\$	156,632
	Change in Net	Position		\$	25,586	\$ (383,277)	\$	(357,691)
	Net Position -	January 1		\$	440,800	\$ 3,031,153	\$	3,471,953
	Net Position -	December 31		\$	466,386	\$ 2,647,876	\$	3,114,262

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2016

	 ombined 1/Wireless
ASSETS Cash Investments Accounts Receivable	\$ 284,225 50,000 16,019
Total Assets	\$ 350,244
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	\$ 5,483
<u>Fund Balances:</u> Restricted For: Public Safety	\$ 344,761
Total Fund Balances	\$ 344,761
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 350,244

#### RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2016

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds		\$ 344,761
Total <i>net position</i> reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets	\$ 190,254 (62,514)	127,740
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Center's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities- both current and long-term- are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at December 31, 2016 are:		
Compensated Absences		 (6,115)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 466,386

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Combined E-911/Wireless	
<u>Revenues:</u> 911 Assessments Interest Miscellaneous Income	\$	445,066 391 99
Total Revenues	\$	445,556
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$	427,618
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	17,938
Fund Balance - January 1	\$	326,823
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	344,761

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 17,938
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Net Increase in Compensated Absences	(1,271)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation in the current year.	
Current Year Capital Outlay Current Year Depreciation Expense	 15,517 (6,598)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 25,586

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND December 31, 2016

	ENTERPRISE FUND		
	Law Enforcemer		
<u>ASSETS</u> <u>Current Assets:</u> Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	299,373	
Accounts Receivable	Ŷ	208,442	
Total Current Assets	\$	507,815	
<u>Noncurrent Assets:</u> Capital Assets (not being depreciated): Land	\$	159,703	
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Buildings Building Improvements Vehicles Equipment Office Equipment Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	\$	1,765,295 257,590 4,680 66,627 6,308 2,100,500	
Total Capital Assets	\$	2,260,203	
Total Assets	\$	2,768,018	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Lease Payable Compensated Absences Payable Total Current Liabilities	\$	21,702 2,352 <u>17,924</u> 41,978	
Noncurrent Liabilities: Lease Payable Compensated Absences Payable	\$	6,467 71,697	
Total Liabilities	\$	120,142	
<u>Net Position:</u> Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	\$	2,251,384 396,492	
Total Net Position	\$	2,647,876	

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	 TERPRISE FUND Enforcement
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$ 2,818,521
Operating Expenses:Group Insurance BenefitsRetirementPayrollUtilitiesMedicalPhoneReimbursed MedicalKitchen & LaundrySuppliesProfessional FeesOther Operating ExpensesCapital/MaintenanceVehicle ExpenseMisc Operating ExpensesDepreciation:BuildingsBuilding ImprovementVehiclesEquipmentOffice Equipment	\$ $\begin{array}{r} 393,473\\ 36,980\\ 1,673,371\\ 102,402\\ 12,787\\ 17,766\\ 96,972\\ 299,674\\ 55,586\\ 10,561\\ 328,181\\ 155,436\\ 5,278\\ 7,177\\ 60,039\\ 16,594\\ 1,560\\ 15,642\\ 2,103\\ \end{array}$
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 3,291,582
Operating Income/Loss	\$ (473,061)
<u>Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):</u> Interest Income Rent Income Miscellaneous Revenue - Photocopy/Telephone Use Reimb. SCRAM/Monitoring Revenue (RRC) SCRAM/Monitoring Expenses (RRC)	\$ 1,724 70,587 2,321 81,510 (66,358)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ 89,784
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	\$ (383,277)
Change in Net Position	\$ (383,277)
Net Position - January 1	\$ 3,031,153
Net Position - December 31	\$ 2,647,876

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	ENTERPRISE FUND	
	Law	Enforcement
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Received from Customers Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Payments to Employees	\$	2,917,343 (1,079,337) (2,103,925)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(265,919)
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities: Other Non-Operating Expenses Other Non-Operating Proceeds	\$	(66,358) 154,418
Net Cash Provided by Non-capital Financing Activities	\$	88,060
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Loan	\$	(129,856) (2,940)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(132,796)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchase of Investments Proceeds from Sale of Investments Interest Income	\$	150,000 1,724
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	\$	151,724
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(158,931)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1	\$	458,304
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31	\$	299,373
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income	\$	(473,061)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts Receivable Accounts Payable Compensated Absences	\$	95,938 98,821 12,484 (101)
Total Adjustments	\$	207,142
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(265,919)

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS & LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND December 31, 2016

	igency Fund
Assets: Cash and Investments	\$ 26,058
<u>Liabilities:</u> Due to Inmates	\$ 26,058

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center, Devils Lake, North Dakota, have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center. The enforcement center has considered all potential component units for which the enforcement center is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the enforcement center are such that exclusion would cause the enforcement center's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include only the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center (the primary government), as there are no component units. The Lake Region Law Enforcement Center is a joint venture of Benson, Eddy, Nelson, Ramsey and Towner Counties and the City of Devils Lake formed under the provisions of North Dakota Century Code Chapter 12-44.1.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

*Government-wide statements*: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, Lake Region Law Enforcement Center. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business type activities of the Center and for each function of the Center's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

*Fund Financial Statements*: Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Law Enforcement Center reports the following major governmental fund:

*Combined E-911/Wireless Fund.* This fund accounts for activity of the Law Enforcement Centers Emergency 911 operations for land lines and cellular phones. Restricted revenue includes billings for E-911 services.

The Law Enforcement Center reports the following major business-type fund:

*Law Enforcement Center Fund.* This is the center's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the law enforcement enterprise, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Additionally, the Law Enforcement Center reports the following fund type:

Agency Fund. This fund accounts for assets held by the center in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others. The center's agency fund is used to account for activity at the jail commissary.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide, Proprietary Fund & Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary and agency fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Center gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Law Enforcement Center considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. All revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Law Enforcement Center funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Law Enforcement Center's policy to first apply costreimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

#### D. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Investments consist of certificates of deposit with original maturities in excess of three months and are stated at cost.

#### E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land	Indefinite
Buildings	50
Office Equipment	3 - 5
Equipment	5 - 15
Vehicles	5

#### F. Compensated Absences

Vacation leave is earned at the rate of one to two days per month depending on years of service. Up to 176 hours of vacation leave may be carried over. Sick leave benefits are earned at the rate of one day per month regardless of the years of service. An unlimited number of sick leave hours may be carried over and employees are paid for 25% of their accumulated sick, to a maximum of 240 hours of leave, at retirement. When intent to terminate employment is submitted, the employee must have 5 continuous years of service to be eligible for monetary compensation. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave is reported in government-wide statement of net position.

Vacation leave is earned as follows:

Years of Service	Hours per Month
0 through 48 Months	8
49 through 96 Months	10
97 through 180 Months	12
181 Months and Over	16

#### G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts when applicable are amortized over the life of the bond on a straight-line basis. Bond issuance costs when applicable are recognized in the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### H. Fund Balances / Net Position

Prior to GASB Statement No. 54, in the fund financial statements, the governmental funds reported reservations of fund balances for amounts that were not available for appropriation or were legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balances represented tentative management plans that were subject to change. GASB Statement No. 54 established new fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints (restrictions or limitations) imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

#### Fund Balance Spending Policy:

It is the policy of the Law Enforcement Center to spend restricted resources first, followed by unrestricted resources. It is also the policy of the Board to spend unrestricted resources of funds in the following order: committed, assigned and then unassigned.

#### Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below.

CLASSIFICATION	DEFINITION	EXAMPLES
Non-spendable	Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.	Inventories, prepaid amounts (expenses), long-term receivables (loans), endowment funds.
Restricted	<ul> <li>Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either</li> <li>(a) Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.</li> <li>(b) Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.</li> </ul>	Funds restricted by State Statute, unspent bond proceeds, grants earned but not spent, debt covenants, taxes raised for a specific purpose.
Committed	A committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the governing board. Formal action is required to be taken to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment.	By board action, construction, claims and judgments, retirements of loans and notes payable, capital expenditures and self-insurance.
Assigned	Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are under the direction of the board and the business manager.	By board action, construction, claims and judgments, retirements of loans and notes payable, capital expenditures and self-insurance.

Table Continued on next page.....

Notes to the Financial Statements – Continued

#### CONTINUED.....

CLASSIFICATION	DEFINITION	EXAMPLES
Unassigned	<ul> <li>Unassigned fund balance is the lowest classification for the General Fund. This is fund balance that has not been reported in any other classification.</li> <li>(a) The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance;</li> <li>(b) A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes report a positive unassigned fund balance;</li> </ul>	Available for any remaining general fund expenditure.

Lake Region Law Enforcement Center did not have any non-spendable balances, assigned fund balances, committed or unassigned balances reported in the balance sheet at December 31, 2016.

Restricted Fund Balances - consist of the following item at December 31, 2016:

Restricted fund balances are shown by primary function on the balance sheet for public safety. Restricted fund balance in the combined E-911/wireless special revenue fund is restricted by enabling legislation (primarily state law for as to restrictions on those funds).

#### Net Position:

When both unrestricted and restricted resources are available for use, it is the entity's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Restrictions of net position shown in the net position statement are due to restrictions in state law as to how E-911/Wireless funds are to be used.

Unrestricted net position is primarily unrestricted amounts related to the Law Enforcement Center enterprise fund. The unrestricted net position is available to meet the entity's ongoing obligations.

Net investment in capital assets is reported for capital assets less accumulated depreciation. The resources needed to repay this related debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets are not used to liquidate these liabilities. These assets are not available for future spending.

#### NOTE 2: LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

#### **BUDGETS**

Based upon available financial information and requests by the governing board, the Finance Administrator prepares the preliminary budget. The budget is prepared for the enterprise and the E911 special revenue fund by function and activity on the cash basis of accounting. The preliminary budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. No legal requirement exists to budget those funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### BUDGET AMENDMENTS

The LEC amended the 2016 E911 special revenue budget on January 17, 2017 as follows:

		REVENUE	
	Original		Amended
Fund	Budget	Amendment	Budget
Major Fund:			
E911 Fund	\$ 410,000	\$ 15,200	\$ 425,900
Enterprise Fund:			
LEC	3,440,679	(269,365)	3,171,314
	_		
	E	XPENDITURES	
	Original		Amended
Fund	Budget	Amendment	Budget
Major Fund:			
E911 Fund	\$ 399,273	\$ 28,393	\$ 427,666
Enterprise Fund:			
LEC	3,336,614	46,722	3,383,336

#### NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, Lake Region Law Enforcement Center maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institution situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal land bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any Law Enforcement Center, city, township, school, park, or other political subdivision of the state of North Dakota. Whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by any other state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At year ended December 31, 2016, the Law Enforcement Center's carrying amount of deposits was \$659,166 and the bank balances totaled \$709,578. Of the bank balances, \$550,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining bank balances were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

#### Credit Risk:

The Law Enforcement Center may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statutes, as follows:

- (a) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of congress.
- (b) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above.
- (c) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- (d) Obligations of the state.

As of December 31, 2016, the Law Enforcement Center had certificates of deposit totaling \$50,000.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk:

The Law Enforcement Center does not have a limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

#### NOTE 4: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of amounts due from other entities for services performed during the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2016:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

		Balance						Balance
Governmental Activities:	J	anuary 1	In	creases	De	ecreases	De	cember 31
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Equipment	\$	174,737	\$	15,517	\$	-	\$	190,254
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	\$	174,737	\$	15,517	\$	-	\$	190,254
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Equipment	\$	55,916	\$	6,598	\$	-	\$	62,514
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	55,916	\$	6,598	\$	-	\$	62,514
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$	118,821	\$	8,919	\$	-	\$	127,740
Governmental Activities - Capital Assets, Net	\$	118,821	\$	8,919	\$	-	\$	127,740

Depreciation expenses for governmental activities was charged to the public safety function.

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

	Balance									Balance
Business-type Activities:	January 1		Increases		Decreases		Transfers		December 31	
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	159,703	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	159,703
Construction In Progress		62,700		76,674		-		(139,374)		-
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	\$	222,403	\$	76,674	\$	-	\$	(139,374)	\$	159,703
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings	\$	3,001,928	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,001,928
Building Improvements		113,917		53,182		-		139,374		306,473
Vehicles		33,300		-		-		-		33,300
Equipment		255,109		-		-		-		255,109
Office Equipment		10,514		-		-		-		10,514
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	\$	3,414,768	\$	53,182	\$	-	\$	139,374	\$	3,607,324
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:										
Buildings	\$	1,176,595	\$	60,038	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,236,633
Building Improvements		32,289		16,594		-		-		48,883
Vehicles		27,060		1,560		-		-		28,620
Equipment		172,840		15,642		-		-		188,482
Office Equipment		2,103		2,103		-		-		4,206
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	1,410,887	\$	95,937	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,506,824
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$	2,003,881	\$	(42,755)	\$	-	\$	139,374	\$	2,100,500
Business-type Activities - Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,226,284	\$	33,919	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,260,203

Depreciation expense for the business-type activity was charged as an operating expense to the law enforcement center fund and activity.

#### NOTE 6: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable consists of amounts on open account for goods and services received prior to December 31, 2016 and chargeable to appropriations for the years then ended, but paid subsequent to that date.

#### NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

**Changes in Long-Term Liabilities** - During the year ended December 31, 2016, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term liabilities:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
Governmental Activities	1/1/16	Increases	Decreases	12/31/16	One Year
Compensated Absences Payable *	\$4,844	\$1,271	\$-	\$6,115	\$1,223

\* - The change in compensated absences is shown as a net change because changes in salary prohibit exact calculations of additions and reductions at a reasonable cost.

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

Business-Type Activities	Balance 1/1/16	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/16	Due Within One Year
Leases Payable	\$ 11,579	\$-	\$2,940	\$ 8,819	\$ 2,352
Compensated Absences Payable *	89,722	-	101	89,621	17,924
TOTAL	\$101,481	\$-	\$3,041	\$98,440	\$20,276

**Capital Leases** - The primary government has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of one copy machine in 2015 (total principal cost of \$11,759). This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2016, were as follows:

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Year Ending	Capital Lease				
December 31	Р	rincipal		Interest	
2017	\$	2,352	\$		-
2018		2,351			-
2019		2,352			-
2020		1,764			-
Total	\$	8,819	\$		-

#### NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Lake Region Law Enforcement Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The Law Enforcement Center pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of two million dollars per occurrence for general liability.

The Lake Region Law Enforcement Center also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The Law Enforcement Center pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third party insurance carrier for losses in excess of one million dollars per occurrence during a 12 month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the Law Enforcement Center with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,250,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The Law Enforcement Center has worker's compensation with the Workforce Safety and Insurance and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

#### NOTE 9: RETIREMENT PLAN

The Law Enforcement Center participates in a deferred compensation plan from Nationwide Retirement Solutions. Employees are obligated to contribute a minimum of 4% of their gross salary up to IRS allowed maximums, and the Law Enforcement Center will match up to 5%. The Law Enforcement Center's contributions to Nationwide Retirement Solutions the years ending December 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$42,688, \$40,644 and \$22,106 respectively, equal to the required contributions for the year.

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMBINED E-911/WIRELESS FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	 iance with al Budget
<u>Revenues:</u> 911 Assessments Interest Miscellaneous Income	\$ 409,700 500 500	\$ 425,400 400 100	\$ 445,066 391 99	\$ 19,666 (9) (1)
Total Revenues	\$ 410,700	\$ 425,900	\$ 445,556	\$ 19,656
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	\$ 399,273	\$ 427,666	\$ 427,618	\$ 48
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 11,427	\$ (1,766)	\$ 17,938	\$ 19,704
Fund Balance - January 1	\$ 326,823	\$ 326,823	\$ 326,823	\$ 
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 338,250	\$ 325,057	\$ 344,761	\$ 19,704

The accompanying required supplementary information notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information:**

- The law enforcement center adopts an "appropriated budget" on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) for the major special revenue E-911 fund.
- The budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- The budget is controlled by the operations coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.
- The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.
- All appropriations lapse at year-end.

STATE AUDITOR JOSHUA C. GALLION Phone (701) 328-2241 Fax (701) 328-1406



Local Government Division: FARGO OFFICE MANAGER – DAVID MIX Phone: (701) 239-7252 Fax: (701) 239-7251

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR STATE CAPITOL 600 E. BOULEVARD AVENUE - DEPT. 117 BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA 58505

#### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Governing Board Lake Region Law Enforcement Center Devils Lake, North Dakota

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 6, 2017.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying *schedule of findings and questioned costs*, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying *schedule of findings and questioned costs* to be a significant deficiency [2016-001].

#### LAKE REGION LAW ENFORCEMENT CENTER

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* - Continued

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's Response to Findings

Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying *schedule of findings and questioned costs*. Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose

C. L

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Fargo, North Dakota April 6, 2017

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements		
Type of Report Issued: Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Major Funds Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X None noted
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	X Yes	None noted
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X None noted
2016-001 - SEGREGATION OF DUTIES		

#### Condition:

# The Law Enforcement Center has one secretary and one director responsible for the primary accounting functions. A lack of segregation of duties exists as two employees are responsible to collect monies, deposit monies, issue checks, send checks to vendors, record receipts and disbursements in journals, maintain the general ledger, and perform bank reconciliations.

#### Criteria:

Proper internal control surrounding custody of assets, the recording of transactions, reconciling bank accounts and preparation of financial statements dictates that there should be sufficient accounting personnel so duties of employees are properly segregated. The segregation of duties would provide better control over the assets of the law enforcement center.

#### Cause:

Lake Region LEC does not have the size to hire enough staff to effectively segregate all accounting duties.

#### Effect:

The lack of segregation of duties increases the risk of fraud and the risk of misstatement of the Law Enforcement Center's financial condition, whether due to error or fraud.

#### Recommendation:

Due to the size, complexity and the economic realities of the Law Enforcement Center, it is presently not feasible to obtain proper separation of duties. We recommend that if it becomes feasible to segregate duties in the future, that duties are segregated to the extent possible to reduce the potential risk of loss.

#### Client Response:

The Board of the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center has been aware of this deficiency for several years; however, as noted in the recommendation, due to our size desired segregation is not possible. We have attempted to accommodate the segregation the duties with the change in administration by adjusting duties between the Finance Administrator, Administrative Assistant and clerical staff. We have also separated signatory duties between Board Chairman, Vice Chairman, Operations Administrator, Finance Administrative Assistant in order to provide further segregation.



Local Government Division: FARGO OFFICE MANAGER – DAVID MIX Phone: (701) 239-7252 Fax: (701) 239-7251

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR STATE CAPITOL 600 E. BOULEVARD AVENUE - DEPT. 117 BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA 58505

Governing Board Lake Region Law Enforcement Center Devils Lake, North Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center, Devils Lake, North Dakota, for the year ended December 31, 2016 which collectively comprise the Law Enforcement Center's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 6, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

#### OUR RESPONSIBILITY UNDER AUDITING STANDARDS GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

As stated in our engagement letter dated January 24, 2017, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. Because of the concept of reasonable assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material errors, fraud, or other illegal acts may exist and not be detected by us.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's internal control over financial reporting.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on Lake Region Law Enforcement Center's compliance with those requirements.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES/QUALITATIVE ASPECTS OF ACCOUNTING PRACTICES

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Lake Region Law Enforcement Center are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements presented by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements is useful lives of capital assets.

#### CORRECTED AND UNCORRECTED MISSTATEMENTS

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and report them to the appropriate level of management. None of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's Letter - Continued

#### **DISAGREEMENTS WITH MANAGEMENT**

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, or reporting matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

#### MANAGEMENT REPRESENTATIONS

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated April 6, 2017.

#### MANAGEMENT CONSULTATIONS WITH OTHER INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### DIFFICULTIES ENCOUNTERED IN PERFORMING THE AUDIT

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

#### **OTHER AUDIT FINDINGS OR ISSUES**

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

The following presents our informal recommendations

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

#### UNDERPLEDGED SECURITIES

A review of client documentation of securities pledged indicated that Lake Region Law Enforcement Center was under-pledged at 4/30/16 at Ramsey Bank by \$38,400.25. NDCC section 21-04-09 states in part "when securities are so pledged to the board of any public corporation, the board shall require security in the amount of one hundred ten dollars for every one hundred dollars of public deposits." Pledges are to be maintained in the amount of 110% above FDIC coverage.

We recommend that the Lake Region Law Enforcement Center ensure that it maintains adequate pledges of securities at any bank where the bank balances could exceed FDIC Insurance. We recommend that the client pay special attention to high-balance months, ensuring that the bank increases pledges on hand as needed to meet the increasing bank account balances during these periods.

#### CAPITAL ASSET RECORDS

During the audit, one asset was found that was that was purchased in 2016 but was not included on the client's capital asset listing. This asset was for new software that was purchased for a total cost of \$15,518.

We recommend that the LEC have someone other than the preparer review the capital asset listing to see if anything is missing.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

This information is intended solely for the use of the Governing Board and management of the Law Enforcement Center and is not intended to be and should not be used for any other purpose. We would be happy to meet with you and any member of your staff to discuss any of the items in this letter in more detail if you so desire.

Thank you and the employees of the Law Enforcement Center for the courteous and friendly assistance we received during the course of our audit. It is a pleasure for us to be able to serve the Law Enforcement Center.

С.

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Fargo, North Dakota April 6, 2017

You may obtain audit reports on the internet at:

www.nd.gov/auditor/

or by contacting the Division of Local Government Audit

Office of the State Auditor 600 East Boulevard Avenue – Department 117 Bismarck, ND 58505-0060

(701) 328-2220