NORTHWEST RURAL WATER DISTRICT WILLISTON, NORTH DAKOTA

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PA	GE
IN	IDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
F	NANCIAL STATEMENTS	
	Statements of Net Position	4
	Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	5
	Statements of Cash Flows	6
	Notes to the Financial Statements	8
R	EQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
	Schedule of Employer's Required Contributions and Notes to Required Supplementary Information	25
R F	IDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL EPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF NANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT UDITING STANDARDS	26
	Schedule of Findings and Responses	28
	Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Responses	31



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Northwest Rural Water District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Northwest Rural Water District, as of December 31, 2023, and the notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Northwest Rural Water District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the Northwest Rural Water District as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Northwest Rural Water District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Northwest Rural Water District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of Northwest Rural Water District's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Northwest Rural Water District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedule of employer's required contributions on page 25 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 19, 2024 on our consideration of the Northwest Rural Water District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Northwest Rural Water District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Northwest Rural Water District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. MINOT, NORTH DAKOTA

Yorady Martz

March 19, 2024

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

		2023	 2022
Assets			
Current assets:	_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,194,960	\$ 5,880,347
Accounts receivable, net		536,872	462,894
Inventory		494,523	472,589
Prepaid expenses		7,487	30,422
Current portion of receivable from members		106,162	 106,162
Total current assets		8,340,004	 6,952,414
Noncurrent assets:			
Reserve for debt service		312,325	312,325
Cost shared infrastructure, net		12,524,829	12,638,687
Capital assets, net		12,355,296	12,693,503
Receivable from members, net		2,567,424	 2,584,697
Total noncurrent assets		27,759,874	 28,229,212
Total assets		36,099,878	 35,181,626
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		15,707	6,355
Interest payable		26,251	27,928
Accrued liabilities		47,657	56,298
Prepayments on account		45,219	37,226
Expansion deposits		584,000	681,100
Current portion of long-term debt		230,000	225,000
Current portion of liability on cost shared infrastructure		431,634	 415,426
Total current liabilities		1,380,468	 1,449,333
Noncurrent liabilities:		2 640 000	2 770 000
Notes payable, net of current portion		3,640,000	3,770,000 100,000
Bonds payable, net of current portion Liability on cost shared infrastructure, net of current portion		7,638,042	7,687,397
Total noncurrent liabilities		11,278,042	 11,557,397
Total liabilities		12,658,510	13,006,730
Deferred inflows of resources			
Deferred inflows - members		3,130,415	 3,266,520
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets		12,483,620	12,558,706
Restricted reserves for debt service		312,325	312,325
Unrestricted		7,515,008	 6,037,345
Total net position	\$	20,310,953	\$ 18,908,376

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	 2022
Operating income	 _	
Revenue from continuing operations		
Water sales	\$ 5,658,849	\$ 5,113,005
Membership	7,600	4,300
Hookups	551,350	286,700
Other	176,293	151,856
Total operating revenues	 6,394,092	 5,555,861
Expenses from continuing operations		
Purchase of water	1,831,212	1,601,182
Maintenance	423,967	276,627
Administrative and general	1,643,178	1,698,572
Communications and utilities	121,122	128,539
Transportation	54,045	64,859
Depreciation	607,597	605,573
Amortization	405,881	405,881
Other expenses	6,063	60,803
Total operating expenses	5,093,065	4,842,036
Income from continuing operations	 1,301,027	713,825
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Interest income	103,749	14,461
Interest expense	(138,304)	(137,402)
Amortization of member deferred inflows	136,105	159,626
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	101,550	36,685
Change in net position	\$ 1,402,577	\$ 750,510
Net position - January 1	\$ 18,908,376	\$ 18,157,866
Change in net position	 1,402,577	 750,510
Net position - December 31	\$ 20,310,953	\$ 18,908,376

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 6,231,007	\$ 5,646,923
Cash payments to suppliers	(3,235,427)	(3,085,285)
Cash payments to employees	(842,448)	(862,827)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,153,132	1,698,811
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(104,251)	(35,853)
Payments on cost shared infrastructure financing	(599,797)	(516,820)
Reimbursement from Members for bond payments	190,458	205,500
Payments on Member debt	(63,697)	(65,739)
Payments on long-term debt	(225,000)	(220,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(139,981)	(139,045)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(942,268)	(771,957)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest income	103,749	14,461
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	103,749	14,461
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,314,613	941,315
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	6,192,672	5,251,357
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	7,507,285	6,192,672
Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of:		
Cash and cash equivalents	7,194,960	5,880,347
Reserve for debt service	312,325	312,325
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,507,285	\$ 6,192,672

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	-	2023	2022
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	\$	1,301,027	\$ 713,825
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		607,597	605,573
Amortization		405,881	405,881
Bad debt expense (recovery)		-	(312)
Effects on operating cash flows due to changes in:			
Accounts receivable		(73,978)	(24,054)
Inventory		(21,934)	(56,045)
Prepaid expenses		22,935	(22,040)
Accounts payable		9,352	(42,526)
Accrued liabilities		(8,641)	3,081
Expansion deposits		(97,100)	115,500
Prepayments on account		7,993	 (72)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,153,132	\$ 1,698,811
Supplemental schedule of noncash investing and financing activities:			
Cost shared infrastructure acquired with debt	\$	457,162	\$ 769,760
Amortization of deferred inflow		136,105	159,626
Credit received on disposed IDT meters		-	8,382

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of Northwest Rural Water District is presented to assist in understanding the District's financial statements.

The District reports as a business type activity, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The District complies with all applicable pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Nature of operations and history

Northwest Rural Water District provides a water system and water supply to the rural area surrounding Williston, North Dakota. Effective January 1, 2005, the association was reorganized as a water district under North Dakota Century Code 61-35. It is exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c) 1 of the Internal Revenue Code. The District is accounted for as a special purpose government engaged in a business-type activity. Business-type activities are used to account for operations that are financed or operated in a manner similar to the private sector, where the intent is that cost of providing services to the general public on a continuous basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Reporting entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of Northwest Rural Water District. In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 61. The basis, but not the only criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity, is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria there were no component units in the current year.

The District is not includable as a component unit within another reporting entity based upon the above criteria.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Basis of accounting

The District's basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported in the financial statements. The accompanying financial statements have been presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The District reports as a business-type activity, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Business-type activities are those normally financed in whole or in part by fees and charges for services to external parties.

The District's activities are accounted for similar to those often found in the private sector using the flow of economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. All assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses are accounted for through a single business-type activity. Current assets include cash and amounts convertible to cash during the next normal operating cycle or one year. Current liabilities include those obligations to be liquidated with current assets. Equity is classified as net position.

Business-type activities distinguish operating from nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses are those that generally result from providing service and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities. Revenue from water sales, hookups, memberships, penalties and sales of supplies are reported as operating revenue. Interest income is reported as nonoperating revenue. All expenses related to operating the District are reported as operating expenses. Interest expense and financing cost are reported as nonoperating.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purpose of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, except for certificates of deposits which are considered cash equivalents regardless of their term since there is no loss of principal for early withdrawal, and reserve funds which are considered noncash equivalents regardless of the maturity terms.

Reserve for debt service

Reserve for debt service consists of cash and cash equivalents set aside for debt retirement in accordance with debt agreements.

Investment policy

The District has no formal investment policy. State statutes authorize local governments to invest in: a) bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, b) securities sold under agreements to repurchase are of the type listed above, c) certificates of deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the state, d) obligations of the state.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Management determines the allowance for uncollectible accounts based on an analysis of individuals' accounts. Accounts receivable are written off when determined to be uncollectible. Recoveries of receivables previously written off are recorded when received.

Late fees are charged on receivables that are outstanding for more than 15 days and are recognized as they are charged. Late fees are charged until such time as the balance is determined to be uncollectible by management.

Receivable from Members

The District transacts under a service concession arrangement with the member entities of Western Area Water Supply Authority. Under this arrangement, the members are required to reimburse the Northwest Rural Water District for their outstanding principal payments on their debt. This receivable represents the present value of the principal payment reimbursements required by the members.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventories are accounted for using the first-in, first-out method.

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. A portion of the cost of the capital assets is charged against earnings each year as depreciation expense. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset. The District established a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The District has established the following useful lives:

Structures and improvements	20 - 50 years
Electric pumping equipment	20 years
Distribution reservoirs	50 years
Water mains	75 years
Meters	20 years
Office furniture and equipment	5 years
Tools and shop equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 -10 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Cost shared infrastructure

Cost shared infrastructure is capitalized at contract cost. A portion of the cost is charged against earnings each year as amortization expense, calculated on the straight-line basis and will be fully amortized after 30 years.

Compensated absences

District employees accumulate vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination or retirement. Vacation expenses to be paid in future periods are accrued when incurred. A liability for these amounts is reported in the statement of net position and is presented within accrued liabilities.

Expansion deposits

Expansion deposits consist of deposits held by the District for potential users of the system, prepaid water deposits, and fees paid by developers for future infrastructure work.

Net position

Net position is shown in three primary categories:

Net Investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, cost shared infrastructure, including receivables from members to offset the related debt, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Restrictions of net position shown in the statement of net position are due to constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation

Unrestricted – All other assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose for both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred Inflows of Resources – Members represents the portion of the note payable taken out in the District's name for cost shared infrastructure that will be reimbursed by the member entities (81.663%).

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

A summary of cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

	2023		2022
Cash on hand	\$ 860	\$	860
Operating account	1,659,143		445,705
Certificate of deposits	100,829		100,829
CDAR accounts	5,434,128	5	5,332,953
Total	\$7,194,960	\$5	5,880,347

Credit risk

The District has historically limited its investments to certificates of deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. These have been classified as cash and cash equivalents in accordance with District policy.

Interest rate risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of credit risk

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Custodial credit risk

This is the risk that, in the event a financial institution fails, the District is unable to recover the value of its deposits, investment or collateral securities in the possession of the institution. In accordance with North Dakota laws, the District maintains deposits at a depository authorized by the Board. The depository is a member of the Federal Reserve System. North Dakota laws require that all public deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal at least 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. As of December 31, 2023, all of the District's cash balances were either covered by FDIC insurance or collateral held in the District's name.

NOTE 3 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are shown net of the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$118,150 and \$118,150 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

An aging of the accounts receivable at December 31, 2023 and 2022 is shown as follows:

	2023	Percent	2022	Percent
Current	\$ 529,790	80.9%	\$ 523,268	90.1%
30 days	109,794	16.8%	39,293	6.8%
60 days	10,199	1.6%	10,056	1.7%
90 days	3,145	0.5%	1,246	0.2%
120+ days	2,094	0.3%	7,181	1.2%
	655,022	100.0%	581,044	100.0%
Less allowance	(118,150)		(118,150)	
Total accounts receivable, net	\$ 536,872		\$ 462,894	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance 12/31/2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 80,465	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,465
Organizational fees	4,951			4,951
Total	85,416			85,416
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	4,172,683	-	-	4,172,683
Transmission system	13,755,512	6,550	-	13,762,062
Vehicles	481,820	73,700	-	555,520
Tools and equipment	41,153	-	-	41,153
Office equipment	60,491	24,000	-	84,491
60th St W Road Project	17,675			17,675
Total	18,529,334	104,250		18,633,584
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	826,813	81,180	-	907,993
Transmission system	4,540,600	339,709	-	4,880,309
Vehicles	466,245	13,484	-	479,729
Tools and equipment	39,555	1,598	-	41,153
Office equipment	47,798	5,779	-	53,577
60th St W Road Project	236	707		943
Total	5,921,247	442,457		6,363,704
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	12,608,087	(338,207)		12,269,880
Capital assets, net	\$ 12,693,503	\$ (338,207)	\$ -	\$ 12,355,296

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Land sasets, not being depreciated: Land sasets, not being depreciated: Land sasets, not being depreciated: Sanata sasets, not being depreciated: Total 85,416 - - 85,416 Capital assets, being depreciated: 85,416 - - 4,172,683 Buildings 4,165,681 7,002 - 4,172,683 Transmission system 13,732,295 23,217 - 13,755,512 Vehicles 481,820 - - 481,820 Tools and equipment 54,857 5,634 - 60,491 60th St W Road Project 17,675 - - 17,675 Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment <th></th> <th>Balance</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Balance</th>		Balance					Balance
Land Organizational fees \$80,465 - \$ 80,465 Organizational fees 4,951 - 4,951 Total 85,416 - - 85,416 Capital assets, being depreciated: 85,416 - - 4,172,683 Buildings 4,165,681 7,002 - 4,172,683 Transmission system 13,732,295 23,217 - 13,755,512 Vehicles 481,820 - - 481,820 Tools and equipment 54,857 5,634 - 60,491 60th St W Road Project 17,675 - - 17,675 Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983		1/1/2022		Additions	Impairme	nt	12/31/2022
Organizational fees 4,951 - - 4,951 Total 85,416 - - 85,416 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 4,165,681 7,002 - 4,172,683 Transmission system 13,732,295 23,217 - 13,755,512 Vehicles 481,820 - - 481,820 Tools and equipment 41,153 - - 41,153 Office equipment 54,857 5,634 - 60,491 60th St W Road Project 17,675 - - 17,675 Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 </td <td>Capital assets, not being depreciated:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Total 85,416 - - 85,416 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 4,165,681 7,002 - 4,172,683 Transmission system 13,732,295 23,217 - 13,755,512 Vehicles 481,820 - - 481,820 Tools and equipment 41,153 - - 41,153 Office equipment 54,857 5,634 - 60,491 60th St W Road Project 17,675 - - 17,675 Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 -	Land	\$ 80,4	65 \$	-	\$ -	\$	80,465
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 4,165,681 7,002 - 4,172,683 Transmission system 13,732,295 23,217 - 13,755,512 Vehicles 481,820 - - 481,820 Tools and equipment 41,153 - - 41,153 Office equipment 54,857 5,634 - 60,491 60th St W Road Project 17,675 - - 17,675 Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets	Organizational fees	4,9	51		-		4,951
Buildings 4,165,681 7,002 - 4,172,683 Transmission system 13,732,295 23,217 - 13,755,512 Vehicles 481,820 - - 481,820 Tools and equipment 41,153 - - 41,153 Office equipment 54,857 5,634 - 60,491 60th St W Road Project 17,675 - - 17,675 Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 </td <td>Total</td> <td>85,4</td> <td>16</td> <td><u>-</u></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>85,416</td>	Total	85,4	16	<u>-</u>	-		85,416
Transmission system 13,732,295 23,217 - 13,755,512 Vehicles 481,820 - - 481,820 Tools and equipment 41,153 - - 41,153 Office equipment 54,857 5,634 - 60,491 60th St W Road Project 17,675 - - 17,675 Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) </td <td>Capital assets, being depreciated:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Vehicles 481,820 - - 481,820 Tools and equipment 41,153 - - 41,153 Office equipment 54,857 5,634 - 60,491 60th St W Road Project 17,675 - - 17,675 Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Buildings	4,165,6	81	7,002	-		4,172,683
Tools and equipment 41,153 - - 41,153 Office equipment 54,857 5,634 - 60,491 60th St W Road Project 17,675 - - 17,675 Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Transmission system	13,732,2	95	23,217	-		13,755,512
Office equipment 54,857 5,634 - 60,491 60th St W Road Project 17,675 - - 17,675 Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Vehicles	481,8	20	-	-		481,820
60th St W Road Project 17,675 - - 17,675 Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Tools and equipment	41,1	53	-	-		41,153
Total 18,493,481 35,853 - 18,529,334 Less accumulated depreciation: 80,363 - 826,813 Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets 5 404,581 - 12,608,087	Office equipment	54,8	57	5,634	-		60,491
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	60th St W Road Project	17,6	75	-	-		17,675
Buildings 746,450 80,363 - 826,813 Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Total	18,493,4	81	35,853	-		18,529,334
Transmission system 4,200,421 340,179 - 4,540,600 Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Less accumulated depreciation:						
Vehicles 452,727 13,518 - 466,245 Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Buildings	746,4	50	80,363	-		826,813
Tools and equipment 36,996 2,559 - 39,555 Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Transmission system	4,200,4	21	340,179	-		4,540,600
Office equipment 43,983 3,815 - 47,798 60th St W Road Project 236 - - 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Vehicles	452,7	27	13,518	-		466,245
60th St W Road Project 236 236 Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Tools and equipment	36,9	96	2,559	-		39,555
Total 5,480,813 440,434 - 5,921,247 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Office equipment	43,9	83	3,815	-		47,798
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	60th St W Road Project	2	36	-	-		236
being depreciated, net 13,012,668 (404,581) - 12,608,087	Total	5,480,8	13	440,434	-		5,921,247
	Total capital assets						
Capital assets, net \$ 13,098,084 \$ (404,581) \$ - \$ 12,693,503	being depreciated, net	13,012,6	68	(404,581)	-		12,608,087
	Capital assets, net	\$ 13,098,0	84 \$	(404,581)	\$ -	\$	12,693,503

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 totaled \$607,597 and \$605,573 respectively, which includes \$442,457 and \$440,434 from capital assets for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively and \$165,139 from cost shared infrastructure for each of the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. See Note 12 for details on cost shared infrastructure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the District for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	F	Revenue		
		Bonds	Note Payable	Total
Balance 1/1/22	\$	290,000	\$ 4,025,000	\$ 4,315,000
Reductions		(95,000)	(125,000)	(220,000)
Balance 12/31/22		195,000	3,900,000	4,095,000
Reductions		(95,000)	(130,000)	(225,000)
Balance 12/31/23	\$	100,000	\$ 3,770,000	\$ 3,870,000
Due within one year	\$	100,000	\$ 130,000	\$ 230,000

Revenue bonds

Revenue bonds consist of \$1,500,000 authorized for Water Revenue Bonds of 2005 (payable in yearly payments ranging from \$65,000 to \$100,000 through September 1, 2024). Bonds carry a fixed rate of 2.5%. The District has pledged income derived from the enterprise operations to pay the bonds. The bonds were issued to finance the expansion of the water system. The District has restricted cash to finance required debt reserves as required by the loan agreement. The reserve was funded over 5 years, and became fully funded in 2010. The total amount restricted totaled \$104,250 as of December 31, 2023.

Drinking Water note payable

North Dakota Public Finance Authority's Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Program financed the water system expansion through a note secured by revenues from the acquired or constructed assets. The note carries a fixed 1.50% interest rate and a 0.50% administration fee. The note requires semiannual interest and administration fee payments and annual principal payments commencing September 1, 2017. The note matures on September 1, 2046. The District has restricted cash to finance required debt reserves as required by the loan agreement. The reserve is to be funded \$41,615 annually over 5 years. The total amount restricted was \$208,075 as of December 31, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Loan covenants and collateral

Substantially all of the District's assets are pledged as collateral. The District complied with or received waivers on all covenants on their loans as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The future expected requirements to amortize long-term debt including interest are as follows:

Year ending	Notes Payable							
December 31,	Principal			Interest		Total		
2024	\$	130,000	\$	56,550	\$	186,550		
2025		135,000		54,600		189,600		
2026		135,000		52,575		187,575		
2027		140,000		50,550		190,550		
2028		140,000		48,450		188,450		
2029-2033		750,000		209,700		959,700		
2034-2038		825,000		151,200		976,200		
2039-2043		915,000		86,700	•	1,001,700		
2044-2046		600,000		18,150		618,150		
	\$	3,770,000	\$	728,475	\$ 4	1,498,475		
	•							
Year ending	d Payable							
December 31,	Principal			Interest		Total		
2024	\$	100,000	\$	2,500	\$	102,500		
	\$	100,000	\$	2,500	\$	102,500		

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN

The National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA) Retirement Security Plan (RS Plan) is a defined benefit pension plan qualified under Section 401 and tax-exempt under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. It is a multiemployer plan under the accounting standards. The Retirement Security Plan (RS Plan) sponsored and administered by the National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA) is a cost-sharing pension plan that has the characteristics described in paragraph 2 of GASB Statement No. 78. The RS Plan must file annual reports with the U.S. Department of Labor (Form 5500) that include a copy of the RS Plan annual financial statements. An electronic copy of Form 5500, and the plan's annual financial statements, can be obtained by going to www.efast.dol.gov and using the search tool (EIN 53-0116145; PN 333). Copies of the RS Plan's annual financial statements are also available to cooperative representatives by calling NRECA's Member Contact Center at 866-673-2299.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31. 2023 AND 2022

At December 31, 2023, Northwest Rural Water District had ten employees covered by the RS Plan. Benefits provided under the plan include a graduated retirement benefit based on the participant's salary and years of service. Plan participants become eligible to receive pension benefits upon reaching a normal retirement date, which is the first day of the month following a participant's attainment of age 62. The plan also provides a subsidized early retirement option upon completing not less than 30 years of benefit service. Participants may obtain complete plan benefit details by contacting Northwest Rural Water District at 701-774-8915.

The District may amend certain terms of the plan, including benefit levels provided for each year of service, normal retirement age, cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments to retiree annuity payments, eligibility for participation, and required employee contributions to the plan. Other plan terms, such as vesting periods, forms of payment, and factors used to reduce benefits for early retirement and conversion of benefits to optional forms of payment, are governed at the overall plan level and cannot be adjusted by individual employers (such provisions require approval by the NRECA board of directors). Each employer elects to participate in the plan. The District can choose to withdraw from the RS Plan, subject to plan provisions that require the District to fully fund its share of RS Plan liabilities before withdrawing.

The total annual contribution is determined actuarially to be sufficient in funding the benefits of the RS Plan as a level percentage of covered payroll over the average expected remaining working lifetime of its participants. The amount is determined annually. This total annual contribution is allocated based on each employer's RS Plan provisions and participant demographics (in particular, the average age of participants and each participant's pay level). The employer must contribute annually in accordance with the terms of the RS Plan. The employer may amend certain benefit provisions, changing the corresponding contribution level after the effective date of the amendment.

Northwest Rural Water District's contributions represented less than 5 percent of the total contributions made to the plan by all participating employers.

Northwest Rural Water District made contributions to the plan of \$320,823 in 2023, and \$319,104 in 2022. There were no outstanding payables for required pension contributions at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

For the RS Plan, a "zone status" determination is not required, and therefore not determined, under the Pension Protection Act (PPA) of 2006. In addition, the accumulated benefit obligations and plan assets are not determined or allocated separately by individual employer. In total, the RS Plan was over 80 percent funded on January 1, 2023 and January 1, 2022 based on the PPA funding target and PPA actuarial value of assets on those dates.

Because the provisions of the PPA do not apply to the RS Plan, funding improvement plans and surcharges are not applicable. Future contribution requirements are determined each year as part of the actuarial valuation of the plan and may change as a result of plan experience.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

NOTE 7 CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

Northwest Rural Water District, located in Williston, North Dakota, provides a water system and water supply to the rural areas surrounding Williston. The District grants credit to customers located within this service area. The amount of accounting loss could be equivalent to the accounts receivable balance at year end.

The District has a water purchase contract with the Western Area Water Supply Authority (WAWSA), whereby the District purchases water at rates established by the contract, subject to a monthly minimum requirement. The rates paid by the District under the contract are subject to review by WAWSA at such intervals as it deems appropriate. The contract remains in effect until all the debt of WAWSA is repaid.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In 1986, the state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The District pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, auto and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$2,000,000 per occurrence.

The District also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund. The District pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimated replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third-party insurance carrier for losses in excess of one million dollars per occurrence during a 12-month period.

The State Bonding Fund currently provides the District with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$2,000,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 FEDERAL GRANTS

The District receives grant funds from various state and federal agencies from time to time. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31. 2023 AND 2022

NOTE 10 JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

During 2011, the District became a member of the Western Area Water Supply Authority (WAWSA). WAWSA was formed to own, finance, construct and operate the Western Area Water Supply Project. The project is a comprehensive water supply project largely utilizing Missouri River water treated at the Williston Regional Water Treatment Plant and distributed to meet the municipal, rural and industrial water needs for all or parts of McKenzie, Williams, Divide, Burke and Mountrail counties. The project is financed by a series of loans issued by the State of North Dakota. The District holds two of eleven seats on the board of WAWSA.

During 2012, the District entered into an Infrastructure Operating Agreement with WAWSA. Under this agreement, the District will be responsible for all repairs and maintenance of infrastructure owned by WAWSA as identified in the agreement. The District may also make approved capital expenditures with respect to the WAWSA infrastructure in accordance with an approved budget. The District will have the authority and responsibility for the general management and operation of the identified infrastructure, establishing and implementing purchasing and administrative policies, ensuring compliance with applicable legal requirements, budgeting and accounting procedures, programs and other operational matters. Under the agreement, the District is entitled to reimbursement for costs identified in the agreement and in accordance with an approved budget. WAWSA will bear the risk of loss to the infrastructure. The agreement is in effect until the earlier of: i) repayment of all WAWSA debt or ii) 99 years after the effective date of the agreement.

NOTE 11 JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the District entered into a Joint Powers agreement with BDW Water System Association (BDW). The Joint Powers agreement assigns the District the authority to operate, maintain, and manage the BDW System and any additions to the BDW System. The District shall be responsible for any and all duties and tasks required in operating a rural water system, which include, but are not limited to, monitoring the system, identifying issues of water loss, maintaining and repairing facilities, transmission lines, service lines, pump hoses, hook-ups, responding to concerns of the users, setting rates for hook-ups and water use, invoicing customers, receiving and keeping revenues, procuring, maintaining, and paying for the applicable insurance coverages, and employing enough individuals to carry out the work in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and other statutes, rules and regulations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

NOTE 12 COST SHARED INFRASTRUCTURE

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the District entered into an agreement with Western Area Water Supply Authority (WAWSA) to facilitate the development of water distribution infrastructure within the District's borders. Under the agreement, the District agreed to re-pay a portion of the capital invested in the infrastructure. The District will be responsible for 29.425% of the capital invested for invested amounts allocated before 2018.

In order to facilitate the financing of the infrastructure in the agreement above, loans were taken out by participating members to the agreement from the North Dakota Public Finance Authority's Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Program. One of those loans is in Northwest Rural Water District's name. According to the agreement, the assets purchased with the \$5,000,000 loan in Northwest Rural Water District's name are owned by the District until the loan is paid off.

The District recorded a capital asset and offsetting note payable for the loan that was taken out in their name (see Note 5, drinking water note payable). WAWSA incurred costs of \$5,000,000 to construct these assets. The District has repaid \$5,000,000 of these amounts with loan proceeds. The District has also recorded a deferred inflow of resources which represents the portion (81.663%) of the capital assets for which the members will reimburse the District.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the District entered into an agreement for a \$16.5 million loan (series 2018) with Western Area Water Supply Authority (WAWSA) to facilitate the development of water distribution infrastructure within the District's borders. Under the agreement, the District agreed to re-pay a portion of the capital invested in the infrastructure. The District will be responsible for 24.461% of the capital invested. In exchange, the District has the right to use the infrastructure installed over the period of the loans. As of December 31, 2023, the loan has not been fully funded and is still being drawn on.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the District entered into an agreement for a \$16.5 million loan (series 2020) with Western Area Water Supply Authority (WAWSA) to facilitate the development of water distribution infrastructure within the District's borders. Under the agreement, the District agreed to re-pay a portion of the capital invested in the infrastructure. The District will be responsible for 24.753% of the capital invested. As of December 31, 2023 the loan has not been fully funded and is still being drawn on.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the District entered into an agreement for \$1.8 million in costs with Western Area Water Supply Authority (WAWSA) to facilitate the development of water distribution infrastructure within the District's borders. Under the agreement, the District agreed to re-pay a portion of the capital invested in the infrastructure. The District will be responsible for 26.355% of the capital invested. These costs are not a loan and as such are not interest bearing.

In exchange, for the above agreements the District has the right to use the infrastructure installed over the period of the loans. As a result, the District recognized an intangible right of use asset and an offsetting liability on cost shared infrastructure for the assets and loans that are not in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Details on the cost shared infrastructure asset are as follows for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Balance 1/1/2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2023
Cost shared infrastructure being depreciated	\$ 5,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,000,000
Less accumulated depreciation	1,036,673	165,139		1,201,812
Total cost shared infrastructure being depreciated, net	3,963,327	(165,139)	_	3,798,188
Cost shared infrastructure being amortized	10,770,179	457,162	-	11,227,341
Less accumulated amortization	2,094,819	405,881		2,500,700
Total cost shared infrastructure being amortized, net	8,675,360	51,281		8,726,641
Net cost shared infrastructure	\$12,638,687	\$ (113,858)	\$ -	\$12,524,829
	Balance 1/1/2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022
Cost shared infrastructure being depreciated	\$ 5,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,000,000
Less accumulated depreciation	871,534	165,139		1,036,673
Total cost shared infrastructure being depreciated, net	4,128,466	(165,139)		3,963,327
Cost shared infrastructure being amortized	10,000,419	769,760	-	10,770,179
Less accumulated amortization	1,688,938	405,881		2,094,819
Total cost shared infrastructure being amortized, net	8,311,481	363,879		8,675,360
Net cost shared infrastructure	\$12,439,947	\$ 198,740	\$ -	\$12,638,687

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Depreciation on cost shared infrastructure for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$165,139. Amortization on cost shared infrastructure for years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$405,881 and \$405,881, respectively. Amounts owed on cost shared infrastructure totaled \$8,069,676 and \$8,102,823 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and will be repaid over 30 years at an interest rate of 1.5%. The liability requires monthly payments and will mature during 2048. Expected future payments are as follows:

Year ending	
December 31,	
2024	\$ 431,634
2025	342,257
2026	347,925
2027	354,070
2028	359,806
2029-2033	1,898,355
2034-2038	1,408,493
2039-2043	1,313,194
2044-2048	1,328,867
2049-2053	285,075
	\$ 8,069,676

The deferred inflow of resources represents the portion of the owned infrastructure from the loan taken out in the District's name and will be amortized into income over the life of the loan, which is 30 years in accordance with GASB 60. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, \$136,105 was amortized.

NOTE 13 NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022,* provides guidance on the following accounting matters:

- The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance.
- The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.
- The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, enhances the accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences through aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Management has not yet determined what effect these statements will have on the entity's financial statements.

With the exception of the new standards discussed above, we have not identified any other new accounting pronouncements that have potential significance to the District's financial statements.

NOTE 14 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No significant events occurred subsequent to the District's year end. Subsequent events have been evaluated through March 19, 2024, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.



SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS AND NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

Northwest Rural Water District made required contributions to the RS pension plan in the following amounts for the year ended December 31,

2023	\$ 320,823
2022	319,104
2021	287,513
2020	244,423
2019	198,194
2018	175,075
2017	206,808
2016	224,474
2015	174,995
2014	147,871

For additional information related to this plan, see footnote 6 to the financial statements.

The following factors impacted the above contribution rates. Remaining increases in required pension contributions are attributable to increasing salaries and increased number of employees participating in the plan.

Proportional increase
compared with prior

Year	year	Primary reason for significant increase
2012	0%	No proportional increase.
		Actual 2011 investment return was significantly lower than the
2013	8%	assumed 8.5% expected annual return.
2014	0%	No proportional increase.
2015	0%	No proportional increase.
		Actual 2014 investment return was lower than the assumed
2016	3%	8.0% expected annual return.
		Adjust billing rate to improve current funded status and reach
2017	3%	projected funded status of 100%.
		Adjust billing rate to improve current funded status and reach
2018	2.5%	projected funded status of 100%.
		Adjust billing rate to improve current funded status and reach
2019	1%	projected funded status of 100%.
		Actual 2018 investment return was lower than the assumed
2020	2%	7.25% expected annual return
		Decreases in the assumed future annual asset return and
		lump sum interest rates increased the present value of
2021	3%	benefits.
		Decreases in the assumed future annual asset return and
		lump sum interest rates increased the present value of
2022	2%	benefits.
		Actual 2022 investment return was lower than the assumed
2023	3%	6.75% expected annual return.
		It was determined under the Dian Cettler Funding policy that a
		It was determined under the Plan Settlor Funding policy that a 1% increase in contributions was needed to reach a
		. 70
2024	1%	contribution level that over time would fund the plan to 100% of liabilities.
2024	1 70	UI IIANIIIIIES.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders Northwest Rural Water District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Northwest Rural Water District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Northwest Rural Water District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Northwest Rural Water District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Northwest Rural Water District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Northwest Rural Water District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2023-002 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2023-001 and 2023-003 to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Northwest Rural Water District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Entity's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Northwest Rural Water District's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Northwest Rural Water District's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

MINOT, NORTH DAKOTA

Porady Martz

March 19, 2024

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES **DECEMBER 31. 2023**

Findings Relating to Financial Statements:

2023-001 Preparation of Financial Statements – Significant Deficiency

Criteria: An appropriate system of internal control requires the District to prepare

> financial statements in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This requires the District personnel to maintain knowledge of current accounting principles and

required financial statement disclosures.

Condition: The District's personnel prepare periodic financial information for internal

> use that meets the needs of management and the board. However, the District currently does not prepare financial statements, including accompanying note disclosures, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District has elected to have the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial

statements and notes.

Cause: The District elected to not allocate resources for the preparation of the

financial statements.

Effect: There is an increased risk of material misstatement to the District's

financial statements.

Recommendation: We recommend the District consider the additional risk of having the

> auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures and consider preparing them in the future. compensating control the District should establish an internal control policy to document the annual review of the financial statements and

schedules and to review a financial statement disclosure checklist.

officials and corrective actions:

Views of responsible Due to the small size of the District, it is not cost effective for the District to

properly address this significant deficiency.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES - CONTINUED **DECEMBER 31. 2023**

2023-002 Material Adjusting Entries – Material Weakness

Criteria: The District is required to maintain internal controls at a level where

> underlying support for general ledger accounts can be developed and a determination can be made that the general ledger accounts are properly

reflected in accordance with GAAP.

Condition: During our audit, adjusting entries to the financial statements were

proposed in order to properly reflect the financial statements in

accordance with GAAP.

Context: Accounts related to accounts receivable, deferred revenue, expansion

deposits, property, depreciation, accounts payable and notes payable are

adjusted throughout the financial statement preparation process.

Cause: The District's internal controls have not been designed to address the

> specific training needs required of its personnel to identify the adjustments necessary to properly reflect the financial statements in

accordance with GAAP.

Effect: The District's financial statements were materially misstated prior to

adjustments detected as a result of audit procedures.

Recommendation: Accounting personnel will need to determine the proper balance in each

general ledger account prior to the audit.

officials and

corrective actions:

Views of responsible Due to the small size of the District, it is not cost effective for the District to

properly address this material weakness.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES - CONTINUED **DECEMBER 31. 2023**

2023-003 Segregation of Duties – Significant Deficiency

Criteria: A proper system of internal control has the proper segregation of duties

between authorization, custody, record keeping and reconciliation.

Condition: There is not a system in place for accounting duties to be properly

segregated between authorization, custody, record keepings and

reconciliation.

Cause: The District is subject to size and budget constraints limiting the number

of personnel within the accounting department.

Effect: The design of internal control over financial reporting could adversely

> affect the ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Recommendation: We recommend the District review their internal controls over the

> accounting functions to determine if additional procedures can be implemented that are cost effective. The board should constantly be aware of this condition. Compensating controls that mitigate the related risks could be (or are) provided through appropriate oversight of the performance of these functions and review of the financial reports by individuals with knowledge of current operations and accounting

principles.

officials and

corrective actions:

Views of responsible The Board will review the accounting functions and will strive to improve in

areas that are economically feasible.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES **DECEMBER 31. 2023**

2022-001 Preparation of Financial Statements – Significant Deficiency

Criteria: An appropriate system of internal control requires the District to prepare

> financial statements in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This requires the District personnel to maintain knowledge of current accounting principles and

required financial statement disclosures.

Condition: The District's personnel prepare periodic financial information for internal

> use that meets the needs of management and the board. However, the District currently does not prepare financial statements, including accompanying note disclosures, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District has elected to have the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial

statements and notes.

Cause: The District elected to not allocate resources for the preparation of the

financial statements.

Effect: There is an increased risk of material misstatement to the District's

financial statements.

Recommendation: We recommend the District consider the additional risk of having the

> auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures and consider preparing them in the future. compensating control the District should establish an internal control policy to document the annual review of the financial statements and

schedules and to review a financial statement disclosure checklist.

officials and corrective actions:

Views of responsible Due to the small size of the District, it is not cost effective for the District to

properly address this significant deficiency.

Indication of

repeat finding: This is a repeat finding. See finding 2023-001.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES - CONTINUED **DECEMBER 31. 2023**

2022-002 Material Adjusting Entries – Material Weakness

Criteria: The District is required to maintain internal controls at a level where

> underlying support for general ledger accounts can be developed and a determination can be made that the general ledger accounts are properly

reflected in accordance with GAAP.

Condition: During our audit, adjusting entries to the financial statements were

proposed in order to properly reflect the financial statements in

accordance with GAAP.

Context: Accounts related to accounts receivable, deferred revenue, expansion

deposits, property, depreciation, accounts payable and notes payable are

adjusted throughout the financial statement preparation process.

Cause: The District's internal controls have not been designed to address the

> specific training needs required of its personnel to identify the adjustments necessary to properly reflect the financial statements in

accordance with GAAP.

Effect: The District's financial statements were materially misstated prior to

adjustments detected as a result of audit procedures.

Recommendation: Accounting personnel will need to determine the proper balance in each

general ledger account prior to the audit.

officials and

corrective actions:

Views of responsible Due to the small size of the District, it is not cost effective for the District to

properly address this material weakness.

Indication of

repeat finding: This is a repeat finding. See finding 2023-002.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES - CONTINUED **DECEMBER 31. 2023**

2022-003 Segregation of Duties – Significant Deficiency

Criteria: A proper system of internal control has the proper segregation of duties

between authorization, custody, record keeping and reconciliation.

Condition: There is not a system in place for accounting duties to be properly

segregated between authorization, custody, record keepings and

reconciliation.

Cause: The District is subject to size and budget constraints limiting the number

of personnel within the accounting department.

Effect: The design of internal control over financial reporting could adversely

> affect the ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Recommendation: We recommend the District review their internal controls over the

> accounting functions to determine if additional procedures can be implemented that are cost effective. The board should constantly be aware of this condition. Compensating controls that mitigate the related risks could be (or are) provided through appropriate oversight of the performance of these functions and review of the financial reports by individuals with knowledge of current operations and accounting

principles.

officials and corrective actions:

Views of responsible The Board will review the accounting functions and will strive to improve in

areas that are economically feasible.

Indication of

repeat finding: This is a repeat finding. See finding 2023-003.