

State Auditor Joshua C. Gallion

Southeast Cass Water Resource District

West Fargo, North Dakota

Audit Report for the Year Ended December 31, 2022 *Gient Code: PS9012*

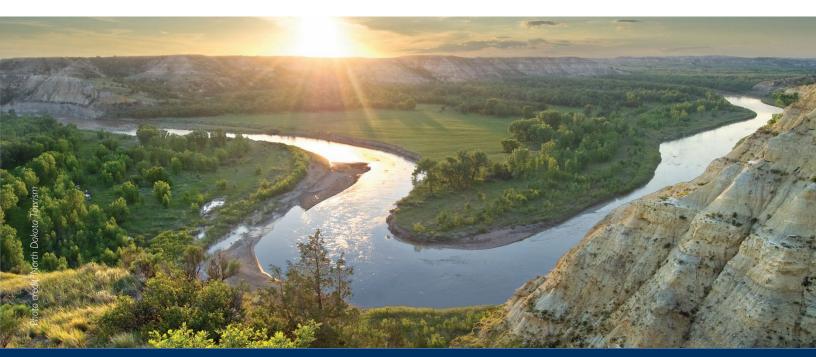




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District Officials December 31, 2022

DISTRICT OFFICIALS

Dan Jacobson Chairman
Keith Weston Vice Chairman
David Branson Manager

Carol Harbeke Lewis Secretary-Treasurer

Sean M. Fredricks Attorney

STATE AUDITOR Joshua C. Gallion



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of District Commissioners Sotuheast Cass Water Resource District West Fargo, North Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Southeast Cass Water Resource District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Southeast Cass Water Resource District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Southeast Cass Water Resource District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards (GAS) issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Southeast Cass Water Resource District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Prior Period Restatement

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the 2021 financial statements have been restated to correct misstatements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditor's Report - Continued

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Southeast Cass Water Resource District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Southeast Cass Water Resource District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Southeast Cass Water Resource District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *managements discussion and analysis*, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and employer contributions, schedule of employer's share of net OPEB liability and employer contributions, budgetary comparison schedules, and notes to the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Independent Auditor's Report - Continued

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Southeast Cass Water Resource District's basic financial statements. The schedule of fund activity - cash basis, combining balance sheet - maintenance fund, and combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - maintenance fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of fund activity - cash basis, combining balance sheet - maintenance fund, and combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - maintenance fund is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 6, 2023 on our consideration of the Southeast Cass Water Resource District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of the effectiveness of the Maple River Water Resource District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Southeast Cass Water Resource District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

/S/

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Bismarck, North Dakota July 6, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

The management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of Southeast Cass Water Resource District's (District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes.

The MD&A is an element of the Required Supplementary Information specified in the Government Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Certain comparative information between the current fiscal year and the prior year is presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- Net position increased by \$45,545,166 as a result of the current year's operations.
- Governmental net position as of the end of the fiscal year totaled \$211,401,562.
- Total revenues from all sources were \$114,436,830, on the government-wide statement of activities and \$114,502,660 on the modified accrual basis.
- Total expenses were \$12,2355,394 on the government-wide statement of activities and total expenditures were \$55,409,076 on the modified accrual basis.
- The District's general fund had \$48,721,468 in total revenues and \$49,137,511 in total expenditures. Overall, the general fund balance increased by \$35,620 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of a series of statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand the District as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. These statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's general fund, maintenance fund, capital project fund, and debt service fund.

The table below, summarizes the major features of the district's financial statements, including portions of the district's activities covered and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

M	ajor Features of the Government-Wide and Fund Financi	al Statements							
Fund Financial Statements									
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental							
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the district							
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance							
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual Accounting and Economic Resource Focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resource focus							
Type of Asset/Liability information	All assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short term and long term	Generally assets expected to be consumed and liabilities paid during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included							
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable							

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

REPORTING ON THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

These statements are summaries of all the funds used by the District to provide programs and activities and attempt to answer the question "How did the District do financially during the year ended December 31, 2022?"

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information on how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. This statement is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which means that all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or deteriorated. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where all of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, conservation of natural resources, capital outlay and debt service.

REPORTING ON THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

The District uses separate funds to account for and manage money dedicated for particular purposes (e.g. taxes collected from special mill levies and funds received from grants and contributions). The fund basis financial statements allow the District to demonstrate its stewardship over and accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. Using the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 34, the District's general fund, maintenance fund, capital project fund, and debt service fund are considered "major funds".

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table I reflects significant changes in current assets, long-term assets, capital assets, current liabilities, and long-term liabilities between the December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 fiscal years. Current assets increased and current liabilities increased. Capital assets increased in 2022 due to more construction on various projects as well as the purchasing of permanent easements. Long-term liabilities increased.

The District's net position of \$211,401,562 is segregated into three separate categories. Net investment in capital assets represents 73.46% of the District's total net position. It should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending. Restricted net position represents 14.70% of the District's net position. Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent. The remaining unrestricted net position represents 11.84% of the District's net position. The unrestricted net position is available to meet the District's ongoing obligations.

TABLE I NET POSITION

December 31, 2022 and 2021

		2022		2021
ASSETS				
Current and Other Assets	\$	58,270,159	\$	- , ,
Capital Assets, Net		335,206,702	_	292,402,342
Total Assets	\$	393,476,860	_ \$	346,503,199
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	230,711	_ 9	146,112
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	393,707,571	9	346,649,311
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities	\$	1,919,832	9	803.896
Long-Term Liabilities		180,239,889		179,732,511
Total Liabilities	\$	182,159,721	- 9	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	146,288	_\$	256,510
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	182,306,010		180,792,916
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	155,299,241	\$	5 112,810,046
Restricted		31,070,509		27,904,695
Unrestricted		25,031,811	_	25,141,655
Total Net Position	\$	211,401,562	\$	165,856,395
	_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

Table II shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

TABLE II CHANGE IN NET POSITION

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021

		2022		2021
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
Capital Grants & Contributions	\$	45,516,740	\$	35,057,892
Operating Grants & Contributions		61,739,706		36,629,715
General Revenues				
Property Taxes & Drain Taxes		6,063,015		7,209,882
Non-restricted Grants and Contribution		180,619		160,384
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-		-
Net Loss on Sale of Capital Assets		-		(2,032,801)
Interest Earnings		154,182		71,797
Miscellaneous Revenue		782,569		700,421
Total Revenues	\$	114,436,830	\$	77,797,291
EXPENSES				
Conservation of Natural Resources	\$	9,759,384	\$	10,818,178
Interest and Service Charges		2,596,010		1,479,775
Total Expenses	\$	12,355,394	_\$_	12,297,954
SPECIAL ITEM				
Amount to Fiscal Agent/P3 Fund Deposit	\$	(56,536,270)	\$	(196,758,764)
Change in Net Position		45,545,166		(131,259,427)
Net Position – January 1	\$	165,198,535	\$	296,457,963
Prior Period Adjustment Net Position – January 1, as restated	\$	657,860 165,856,395	\$	296,457,963
NEL FUSITION - January 1, as restated	φ	100,000,090	φ	290,401,900
Net Position – December 31	\$	211,401,562	\$	165,198,535

Revenues and expenses were comprised of the following:

Revenues	
Property Taxes	5.30%
Capital Grants & Contributions	39.77%
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0.00%
Operating and Non-Restricted Grants	
and Contributions	54.11%
Interest and Miscellaneous Revenue	0.82%

Expenses	
Conservation of Natural Resources	78.99%
Interest and Service Charges	21.01%

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table III shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and other unrestricted revenues.

TABLE III TOTAL AND NET COST OF SERVICES

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021

	Total Cost For Year Ended		Fo	Net Cost r Year Ended		Total Cost r Year Ended	Fo	Net Cost r Year Ended
	Dec. 31, 2022		Dec. 31, 2022		De	ec. 31, 2021	D	ec. 31, 2021
Conservation of Natural Resources	\$	9,759,384	\$	97,497,062	\$	10,818,178	\$	60,869,429
Interest and Service Charges		2,596,010		(2,596,010)		1,479,775		(1,479,775)
Total Expenses	\$	12,355,394	\$	94,901,052	\$	12,297,954	\$	59,389,653

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The purpose of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Unassigned fund balance generally can be used as a measure of the District's net resources available for spending as of the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District's governmental funds had total revenue of \$114,502,660 and expenditures of \$55,409,076 for the year ended December 31, 2022. The general fund had revenues of \$48,721,468 and expenditures of \$49,137,511, while transfers in totaled \$2,779,540 and transfers out were \$2,777,060 causing a net increase in the general fund of \$35,620. As of December 31, 2022, the unassigned fund balance of the District's general fund was \$7,558,850 and the total unassigned fund balance for the entire District's governmental funds was \$6,990,681. Restricted fund balances totaled \$30,690,977, non-spendable totaled \$4,846,561 and committed fund balances totaled \$13,445,884.

GENERAL FUND BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

During the course of fiscal year 2022, the District amended (increased) the general fund revenue and transfers in budget by \$54,271,100 due to intergovernmental cost share reimbursements received from the State Water Commission and the City of Fargo. The general fund expenditure and transfers out budget was amended (increased) by \$50,560,855 due to more spent on construction.

Actual revenue and transfers in for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$5,090,509 less than budgeted due to the adjustment of miscellaneous revenue. Actual expenditures and transfers out for the year ended December 31, 2022 were under budget by \$1,415,884 due to an adjustment of expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of December 31, 2022, District had \$335,206,701 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation. Table IV shows the balances as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

TABLE IV CAPITAL ASSETS

(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)
December 31, 2022 and 2021

2022			2021
\$ 236,338,683		\$	203,200,765
10,961,154			667,860
1,168,327			1,752,678
46,655,855			48,323,219
39,998,228			38,301,396
84,454	_		103,568
\$ 335,206,701	_	\$	292,349,485
\$	\$ 236,338,683 10,961,154 1,168,327 46,655,855 39,998,228 84,454	\$ 236,338,683 10,961,154 1,168,327 46,655,855 39,998,228 84,454	\$ 236,338,683 \$ 10,961,154

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

This total represents an increase of \$42,857,216 (15%) in net capital assets from January 1, 2022 primarily due to land purchases and easements for the Metro Flood Diversion Project. For a detailed breakdown of the additions and deletions to capital assets, readers are referred to Note 7 to the audited financial statements which follow this analysis.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Table V shows the balances of long-term liabilities at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

TABLE V LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Long-Term Debt		
Special Assessment Bonds	\$ 180,000,000	\$ 180,000,000
Bond Discount	(517,500)	(862,500)
Bond Premium	-	-
Loans Payable	385,000	445,000
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 179,867,500	\$ 179,582,500
Compensated Absences	19,595	22,570
Net Pension Liability	337,003	120,748
Net OPEB Liability	15,792	6,692
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 180,239,889	\$ 179,732,511

Of these amounts, \$(265,405) was due within one year. Long-term liabilities increased by \$507,379 over the prior year due to an increase in net pension liability.

For a detailed breakdown of the long-term debt readers are referred to Note 8 to the audited financial statements which follow this analysis.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the Districts' finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Anyone who has questions about information contained in this report or who is interested in receiving additional information is encouraged to contact Carol Harbeke Lewis, Secretary-Treasurer, Southeast Cass Water Resource District, 1201 Main Avenue West, West Fargo, ND 58078.

		Sovernmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	25,973,255
Cash with Fiscal Agent		18,825,395
Due from County		25,913
Taxes Receivable		52,717
Special Assessments Receivable		24
Intergovernmental Receivable		4,056,429
Miscellaneous Receivables		631,873
Deposits with Clerk of Court		3,387,300
Uncertified Special Assessments Receivable		470,692
RIMP Loans		4,846,561
Capital Assets, Net	-	335,206,702
Total Assets	\$	393,476,860
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Derived from Pensions and OPEB		230,711
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	393,707,571
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	1,727,348
Benefits Payable		5,315
Retainages Payable		39,960
Interest Payable		147,208
Long-Term Liabilities		
Due Within One Year		
Long-Term Debt		(345,000)
Loan Payable		60,000
Compensated Absences Payable		19,595
Due After One Year		
Long-Term Debt		179,827,500
Loans Payable		325,000
Net Pension Liability		337,003
Net OPEB Liability	_	15,792
Total Liabilities	\$	182,159,721
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Derived from Pensions and OPEB		146,288
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	182,306,010
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	155,299,241
Restricted		
Debt Service		19,414,211
Conservation of Natural Resources		11,656,299
Unrestricted		25,031,811
Total Net Position	\$	211,401,562

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				Progran	F	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
				Operating				
			(Grants and	Ca	pital Grants	G	overnmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	С	ontributions	and	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities								
Conservation of Natural Resources	\$	9,759,384	\$	61,739,706	\$	45,516,740	\$	97,497,062
Interest on Long-Term Debt		2,596,010		-		-		(2,596,010)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	12,355,394	\$	61,739,706	\$	45,516,740	\$	94,901,052
		neral Reven	ues					
		perty Taxes					\$	6,063,015
				s and Contribu	itions			180,619
		ceeds from C	•	ai Assets				- 154 199
		erest Earnings scellaneous R						154,182
	IVIIS	cellarieous R	evei	iue				782,569
	Tota	al General Re	venu	ues			\$	7,180,384
	Spe	ecial Item						
	Am	ount to Fisca	l Ag	ent/P3 Fund D	Deposi	t		(56,536,270)
	Cha	ange in Net Po	ositi	on				45,545,166
	Net Position - January 1						\$	165,198,535
	Prior Period Adjustment							657,860
	Net	: Assets - Jan	uary	/ 1, as restate	d			165,856,395
	Net	Position - De	cen	nber 31			\$	211,401,562

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	Capital General Maintenance Project Fund Fund Fund		Project		Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds				
ASSETS	•	40 400 050	•	40 500 005	•		•	005 000	•	05 070 055
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	13,199,652	\$	12,508,295	\$	-	\$	265,308	\$	25,973,255
Cash with Fiscal Agent		-		-		-		18,825,395		18,825,395
Intergovernmental Receivable		4,053,390		-		3,040				4,056,429
Miscellaneous Revenues		620,475		-		11,398		-		631,873
Deposits with Clerk of Court		3,387,300		-		-		-		3,387,300
RIMP Loans		4,846,561		-		-		-		4,846,561
Due from County		16,932		8,981		-		-		25,913
Due from Other Funds		253,414		18,440		-		-		271,854
Taxes Receivable		17,057		35,660		-		-		52,717
Special Assessments Receivable		-		-		-		24		24
Uncertified Special Assessments Receivable		-		-		-		470,692		470,692
Total Assets	\$	26,394,781	\$	12,571,375	\$	14,437	\$	19,561,419	\$	58,542,012
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	521,113	\$	1,188,528	\$	17,707	\$	_	\$	1,727,348
Benefits Payable		5,315		-		, <u>-</u>		_	·	5,315
Retainages Payable		_		39,960		_		_		39,960
Due to Other Funds		_		18,440		253,414		_		271,854
T. (-111-120)		500,400	•	·	•	·	•		•	0.044.477
Total Liabilities	\$	526,428	\$	1,246,928	\$	271,120	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,044,477
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Taxes Receivable	\$	17,057	\$	35,660	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,717
Special Assessments Receivable		-		-		-		24		24
Uncertified Special Assessments Receivable		-		-		-		470,692		470,692
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	17,057	\$	35,660	\$		\$	470,716	\$	523,433
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows										
of Resources	\$	543,485	\$	1,282,588	\$	271,120	\$	470,716	\$	2,567,910
Fund Balances										
Restricted	\$		\$	11,600,273	¢		\$	19,090,703	¢	30,690,976
Non-spendable	Ψ	4,846,561	Ψ	11,000,273	Ψ	_	Ψ	19,090,703	Ψ	4,846,561
Committed				-		-		-		
		13,445,884		(244.406)		(256 692)		-		13,445,884
Unassigned		7,558,850		(311,486)		(256,683)		-		6,990,681
Total Fund Balances	\$	25,851,296	\$	11,288,787	\$	(256,683)	\$	19,090,703	\$	55,974,102
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,										
and Fund Balances	\$	26,394,781	\$	12,571,375	\$	14,437	\$	19,561,419	\$	58,542,012

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 55,974,102
Total <i>net position</i> reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	335,206,701
Property taxes and special assessments receivable will be collected after year- end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred revenues in the funds. Taxes Receivable \$52,717	
Special Assessments Receivable 24	52,741
Long-term uncertified special assessments receivable are not reported in the funds because they are unavailable to pay the current period's expenditures.	470,692
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions and OPEB \$ 230,711 Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions and OPEB (146,288)	84,423
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt and retainage payable is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expense when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position.	
Long-Term Debt \$ (180,000,000) Unamortized Bond Discount 517,500 Loan Payable (385,000) Interest Payable (147,208) Compensated Absences (19,595) Net Pension Liability (337,003)	
Net OPEB Liability (15,792)	 (180,387,098)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 211,401,562

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 General Fund	N	Maintenance Fund		Capital Project Fund		Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				_		_		
Taxes	\$ 1,941,893	\$	4,115,878	\$	5,009	\$		\$ 6,062,779
Special Assessments	45 005 400		-		-		80,789	80,789
Intergovernmental Interest Income	45,985,160 52.074		290,211 82.678		25,595		61,121,374 19,430	107,422,340 154,182
Miscellaneous	742,340		28,831		11,398		19,430	•
Miscellarieous	742,340		20,031		11,390			782,569
Total Revenues	\$ 48,721,468	\$	4,517,598	\$	42,002	\$	61,221,593	\$ 114,502,660
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Conservation of Natural Resources	\$ 49,137,124	\$	1,786,912	\$	87,377	\$	-	\$ 51,011,413
Reclassify Negative Interest	-		106		-		-	106
Capital Outlay	387		1,982,139		1,120		-	1,983,646
Debt Service								
Principal	-		-		-		60,000	60,000
Interest	-		-		-		875,125	875,125
Service Fees	 -				-		1,478,785	1,478,785
Total Expenditures	\$ 49,137,511	\$	3,769,158	\$	88,497	\$	2,413,910	\$ 55,409,076
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	\$ (416,044)	\$	748,440	\$	(46,495)	\$	58,807,683	\$ 59,093,584
·	, , ,				, , ,			· · ·
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	\$ 2,779,540	\$	-	\$	5,780	\$	-	\$ 2,785,320
Sale of Capital Assets	449,184		-		-		-	449,184
Amount to Fiscal Agent	-		-		-		(135,547,559)	(135,547,559)
Receipt of P3 Reserve Fund Deposit	-		-		-		79,011,289	79,011,289
Transfers Out	(2,777,060)				-		(8,260)	(2,785,320)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 451,664	\$		\$	5,780	\$	(56,544,529)	\$ (56,087,085)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 35,620	\$	748,440	\$	(40,715)	\$	2,263,154	\$ 3,006,499
Fund Balance - January 1	\$ 25,815,675	\$	10,540,347	\$	(215,968)	\$	16,827,549	\$ 52,967,603
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 25,851,296	\$	11,288,787	\$	(256,683)	\$	19,090,703	\$ 55,974,102

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022			
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	3,006,499
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital Asset Additions	\$	46,011,429	
Current Year Depreciation Expense		(2,757,885)	
Sale of Capital Assets		(449,184)	42,804,359
The proceeds of debt issuances provide current financial resources of governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of	f net posit	ion.	
statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the			
statement of net position. Repayment of Debt			60,000.00
Collections on uncertified special assessments is a revenue in the governmental funds, but the collection reduces the long-term receivable in the statement of net position. This is the amount of receivable collection. Issuance of uncertified special assessments increases a long-term receivable via a capital grant/contribution. The issuance of long-term special assessments are not reported in the funds as the assets are not available soon enough after year-end			
to pay current period expenditures. Collection on Long-Term Receivable			(65,167)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Net Decrease in Compensated Abscences	\$	2,975	
Amortization of Bond Discounts		(345,000)	
Net Decrease in Retainage Payable		9,796	(220, 220)
Net Increase in Interest Payable		102,900	(229,328)
The net pension and OPEB Liability, and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government wide statements; however, activity related to these pension and OPEB items do not involve current financial resources, and are not reported in the funds.			
Increase in Net Pension Liability	\$	(216,254)	
Decrease in Net OPEB Liability		(9,100)	
Increase in Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions and OPEB		84,599	(00.504)
Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions and OPEB		110,221	(30,534)
Some revenues reported on the statement of activities are not reported as revenye in the governmental funds since they do not represent available			
resources to pay current expenditures. This consists of the decrease in taxes			
receivable and special assessments receivable.			(663)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	45,545,166
T			

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Southeast Cass Water Resource District (District), West Fargo, North Dakota, a component unit of Cass County, have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District, a component unit of Cass County, North Dakota. The District has considered all potential component units for which the District is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the District such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

Based on these criteria, there is one component unit to be included within the District as a reporting entity.

Component Units

In conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of component units have been included in the financial reporting entity either as blended component units or as discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from this unit is combined with data from the primary government.

Cass County Joint Water Resource District ("Joint District") – The Joint District was formed between Southeast Cass Water Resource District, Maple River Water Resource District, North Cass Water Resource District, and Rush River Water Resource District. Members from each district serve as the board of the Joint District. The sole purpose of the Joint District is to regulate and control water for the prevention of floods and flood damages by deepening, widening, straightening or diking the channels or floodplains of any stream or watercourse with the District. The funds of the Joint District are included with the general fund of Southeast Cass Water Resource District.

Southeast Cass Water Resource District is a component unit within Cass County, North Dakota reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, interest, and non-restricted grants and contributions are presented as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – this is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The obligated funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources set aside for the Maple River Dam Project, other WRD projects and certain Red River Joint WRD projects. This fund also is used to account for expenditures related to the Maple River Dam capital project.

Maintenance Fund - this fund is used to account for yearly drain maintenance and improvements. Special assessments are levied to tax payers in the applicable drain district and used for maintaining drains and improvement projects when necessary. The major source of revenue is a restricted tax levy.

Capital Project Fund – this fund is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for project costs related to construction projects.

Debt Service Fund – this fund is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected sixty days after year-end. All revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on governmental long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are reported as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of 3 months or less.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, equipment and infrastructure assets (drains, dams, channel improvements, etc.), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets in governmental funds is not capitalized.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method of the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type	Years
Equipment	10 Years
Infrastructure Assets	
Facilities	50 years
Major Projects	50 years

F. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is payable upon separation from employment. 240 hours of vacation may be carried over at year-end. No liability is reported for accumulated sick leave as it is not the District's policy to pay for it when the employee separates from service. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred into the government-wide financial statements.

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. Fund Balances

Fund Balance Spending Policy. It is the policy of the District to spend restricted resources first, followed by unrestricted resources. It is also the policy of the District to spend unrestricted resources of funds in the following order: committed, assigned and then unassigned.

Restricted Fund Balances. Restricted fund balances are shown by primary function on the balance sheet. Restricted fund balances are restricted by tax levies (enabling legislation) and by outside 3rd parties (state and federal governments for various grants and reimbursements).

Nonspendable Fund Balances. Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to remain intact.

Committed Fund Balances. Committed fund balances exists in the general function and is committed by the highest level of decision making authority (governing board).

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

Unassigned Fund Balances. Unassigned fund balances are reported in the general fund and for negative fund balances at year-end.

K. Net Position

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Net investment in capital assets is reported for capital assets less accumulated depreciation, as well as net of any related debt to purchase or finance the capital assets. These assets are not available for future spending.

Restrictions of net position in the statement of net position are due to restricted tax levies and restricted federal and state grants/reimbursements.

Unrestricted net position is primarily unrestricted amounts related to the general fund and negative fund balances.

L. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

NOTE 2: DISTRICT ESTABLISHMENT

The legislature of the State of North Dakota abolished, effective July 1, 1981, the Cass County Drain Board that had authority over the legal drains in the county. The administrative and financial responsibilities were transferred to individual water resource districts. Since there were special assessment districts established and legal drains constructed in and through more than one water resource district, it was determined that it would be too cumbersome and expensive to administer and account for the finances of the legal drains based on the portion or part of tracts of land contained in the individual districts. An agreement was entered into dated May 27, 1982 between the North Cass, Maple River, Rush River, and Southeast Cass Water Resource Districts to set out the administrative and financial responsibilities that each of the water resource districts shall exercise over certain overlapping legal drains as follows:

- Maple River shall have administrative and financial control over legal drains #14, 35 and 36.
- Rush River shall have administrative and financial control over legal drains #29 and 52.
- North Cass shall have administrative and financial control over legal drain #13 with the following exceptions:
 - (a) Any maintenance expenditure for a sum of \$5,000 or more shall not be undertaken except with the consultation and expressed consent of the Rush River Water Resource District.
 - (b) Any extension or additions to the drain shall not be undertaken except with the consultation and expressed consent of the Rush River Water Resource District.
 - (c) No change in the legal status of the drain shall be undertaken except with the consultation and expressed consent of the Rush River Water Resource District.

In the event of a termination, all funds deposited with the water resource district having administrative and financial control over legal drains shall be divided with respect to such legal drain among the water resource districts in whose district the special assessment district is located and shall be divided in such proportion as the physical area of the special assessment district located in each water resource district bears to the total area of such special assessment district.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk associated with the failure of a depository institution, such that in the event of a depository financial institution's failure, the District would not be able to recover the deposits or collateralized securities that in the possession of the outside parties. The District does not have a formal policy regarding deposits that limit the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institution situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal land bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the state of North Dakota. Whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by any other state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At year ended December 31, 2022, the District's carrying amount of deposits was \$44,798,649.67 and the bank balance was \$44,811,849.36. Of the bank balance, \$299,002.33 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, \$18,825,395 were held at the Bank of North Dakota, which is backed by the full faith of the State of North Dakota, while the remaining bank balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS WITH CLERK OF COURT

The Water Resource District is responsible for acquiring properties relating to the Metro Flood Diversion Project. At times, the Water Resource District may exercise its eminent domain powers to acquire properties. The financial statements account for these transactions in the 'Deposits with Clerk of Court' line item, which is an asset.

NOTE 5: RURAL IMPACT MITIGATION PROGRAM (RIMP)

The Water Resource District is responsible for acquiring properties relating to the Metro Flood Diversion Project. Relocation benefits required by the Uniform Relocation Act (the "URA") (and its state-level equivalents) are different for residential properties and business properties. Residential properties are eligible under the URA for the costs to acquire a substitute property, up to a certain amount. There is no similar URA benefit for commercial properties. The differences between treatment of residential and commercial properties under the URA created challenges in negotiating with the owners of active farmsteads and rural businesses. Since these active farmsteads and rural businesses were each unique, the Rural Impact Mitigation Program (RIMP) was developed. The RIMP is a 10-year forgivable loan for active farmsteads and rural businesses being displaced by the project. The RIMP is a voluntary program being implemented by the Cass County Joint Water Resource District but is funded by the Metro Flood Diversion Authority. The financial statements account for these transactions in the 'RIMP Loans' line item, which is an asset. The following table shows the expected asset value by year, after accounting for loan forgiveness.

RIMP								
Loan								
2022	\$	4,846,561						
2023		4,846,561						
2024		4,846,561						
2025		4,846,561						
2026		4,425,001						
2027		3,455,689						
2028		2,486,377						
2029		1,517,064						
2030		969,312						
2031		547,752						

NOTE 6: PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. The tax levy may be paid in two installments: the first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all of the special assessments; the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

NOTE 7: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance				Restated				Balance
	Jan 1	Adj	ustments	В	alance Jan 1	Increases	Decreases	Transfer	Dec 31
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated									
Land	\$ 203,210,765	\$	(10,000)	\$	203,200,765	\$ 33,587,102	\$ 449,184	\$ -	\$ 236,338,683
Easements	-		667,860		667,860	10,293,294	-	-	\$ 10,961,154
Construction in Progress	1,752,678		-		1,752,678	2,131,033	-	(2,715,384)	1,168,327
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 204,963,443	\$	657,860	\$	205,621,303	\$ 46,011,429	\$ 449,184	\$ (2,715,384)	\$ 248,468,164
Capital Assets Being Depreciated									
Facilities	\$ 83,368,182	\$	-	\$	83,368,182	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,368,182
Projects	48,971,049		-		48,971,049	-	-	2,715,384	51,686,433
Equipment	241,135		-		241,135	-	-	-	241,135
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	\$ 132,580,367			\$	132,580,367	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,715,384	\$ 135,295,750
Less Accumulated Depreciation									
Facilities	\$ 35,044,964	\$	-	\$	35,044,964	\$ 1,667,364	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,712,328
Projects	10,616,796		52,857		10,669,653	1,018,551	-	-	11,688,204
Equipment	137,568		-		137,568	19,114	-	-	156,681
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 45,799,328	\$	52,857	\$	45,852,184	\$ 2,705,029	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,557,213
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 86,781,039	\$	(52,857)	\$	86,728,182	\$ (2,705,029)	\$ -	\$ 2,715,384	\$ 86,738,537
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 291,744,482	\$	605,003	\$	292,349,485	\$ 43,306,400	\$ 449,184	\$ -	\$ 335,206,701

Depreciation expense was charged to the conservation of natural resources function.

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the following changes occurred in liabilities:

	Bal Jan 1			Balance	Due Within
	(Restated)	Increases	Decreases	Dec 31	One Year
Long-Term Debt					
Bonds Payable	\$ 180,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 180,000,000	\$ -
Bond Discount	(862,500)	-	(345,000)	(517,500)	(345,000)
Bond Premium	-	-		-	-
Loans Payable	445,000	-	60,000	385,000	60,000
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 179,582,500	\$ -	\$ (285,000)	\$ 179,867,500	\$ (285,000)
Compensated Absences	22,570	12,304	15,279	19,595	19,595
Net Pension Liability	120,748	216,254	-	337,003	-
Net OPEB Liability	6,692	9,100	-	15,792	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 179,732,511	\$ 237,658	\$ (269,721)	\$ 180,239,889	\$ (265,405)

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending	Special As Bonds P		Loa Paya	Bond	
Dec 31	Principal Interest		Principal	Interest	Discount
2023	\$ -	\$ 864,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 9,625	\$ (345,000)
2024	180,000,000	432,000	65,000	8,125	(172,500)
2025	-	-	65,000	6,500	-
2026	-	-	70,000	4,875	-
2027	-	-	25,000	3,125	-
2028 – 2032	-	-	100,000	6,250	-
TOTALS	\$ 180,000,000	\$ 1,296,000	\$ 385,000	\$ 38,500	\$ (517,500)

NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN

General Information about the NDPERS Pension Plan

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (Main System)

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system; one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provision or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 will be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 the 2.00% multiplier was replaced with a 1.75% multiplier. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition for disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of salaries and wages. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contributions rates are 7.12% of covered compensation. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 8.26% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service	Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25
13 to 24 months of service	Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25
25 to 36 months of service	Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25
Longer than 36 months of service	Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$337,003 for its proportionate share of net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Districts' share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .011701 percent, which was an increase of .000116 percent from its proportion measurement as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$39,466. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		red Outflows		red Inflows
	of l	Resources	of F	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	1,758	\$	6,437
Changes of Assumptions		201,532		124,939
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		12,334		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District				
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		1,956		13,928
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		4,955		-
Total	\$	222,535	\$	145,304

\$4,955 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2023	\$ 17,086
2024	22,040
2025	1,796
2026	31,355
2027	-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	3.50% to 17.75% including inflation
Investment rate of return	5.10%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the Sex-distinct Pub-2010 table for General Employees, with scaling based on actual experience. Respective corresponding tables were used for healthy retirees, disabled retirees, and active members. Mortality rates are projected from 2010 using the MP-2019 scale.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	30%	6.00%
International Equity	21%	6.70%
Private Equity	7%	9.50%
Domestic Fixed Income	23%	0.73%
International Fixed Income	0%	0.00%
Global Real Assets	19%	4.77%
Cash Equivalents	0%	0.00%

Discount Rate

For PERS, GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the PERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.69%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 5.10%.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.10 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (4.10%)	Current Discount Rate (5.10%)	1% Increase (6.10%)
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 444,820	\$ 337,003	\$ 248,488

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued NDPERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

NOTE 10: OPEB PLAN

General Information about the OPEB Plan

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDAC Chapter 71-06 for more complete information.

NDPERS OPEB plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, and Judges retired under Chapter 27-17 of the North Dakota Century Code a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan based upon the member's years of credited service. Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. Effective August 1, 2019 the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long-term care plan premium expense. The Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit OPEB plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

OPEB Benefits

The employer contribution for the PERS, the HPRS and the Defined Contribution Plan is set by statute at 1.14% of covered compensation. The employer contribution for employees of the state board of career and technical education is 2.99% of covered compensation for a period of eight years ending October 1, 2015. Employees participating in the retirement plan as part-time/temporary members are required to contribute 1.14% of their covered compensation to the Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund. Employees purchasing previous service credit are also required to make an employee contribution to the Fund. The benefit amount applied each year is shown as "prefunded credit applied" on the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position for the OPEB trust funds. Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There were no other benefit changes during the year.

Retiree health insurance credit benefits and death and disability benefits are set by statute. There are no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Employees who are receiving monthly retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, the Defined Contribution Plan, the Chapter 27-17 judges or an employee receiving disability benefits, or the spouse of a deceased annuitant receiving a surviving spouse benefit or if the member selected a joint and survivor option are eligible to receive a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan.

Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. Effective August 1, 2019 the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long term care plan premium expense. The benefits are equal to \$5.00 for each of the employee's, or deceased employee's years of credited service not to exceed the premium in effect for selected coverage. The retiree health insurance credit is also available for early retirement with reduced benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$15,792 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the OPEB plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating OPEB employers. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .01315680 percent, which was a decrease of .0001322 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,564. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 374	\$ 136
Changes of Assumptions	3,978	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment		
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	2,126	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District		
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	904	848
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	793	-
Total	\$ 8,176	\$ 984

\$793 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2023	\$ 1,593
2024	1,476
2025	1,393
2026	1,937
2027	-

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	Not applicable
Investment Rate of Return	5.75%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the Mortality Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 103% for males and 101% for females. Pub-2010 Disables Retiree Mortality table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 117% for males and 112% for females. Pub-2010 Employee Mortality table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 92% for both males and females. Mortality rates are projected from 2010 using the MP-2019 scale.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

The long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for the RHIC fund was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of RHIC investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return, for each major asset class included in the RHIC's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Large Cap Domestic Equities	33%	5.85%
Small Cap Domestic Equities	6%	6.75%
Domestic Fixed Income	35%	0.50%
International Equities	26%	6.25%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member and statutory rates described in this report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current RHIC members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the RHIC fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on RHIC investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plans as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the discount rate of 5.39%, as well as what the RHIC net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.39 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.39 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	-	Current Discount Rate (5.39%)	1% Increase	•
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	20,158	\$ 15,792	\$	12,127

NOTE 11: DEFICIT CASH FUND BALANCES

The District had the following deficit cash fund balances at December 31, 2022:

Funds	Amounts	
Capital Project Fund	\$	(253,414)

The District anticipates eliminating the deficits by reducing future disbursements in these funds, by issuing debt or transferring monies to relieve the deficits.

NOTE 12: JOINT VENTURES

Red River Joint Water Resource District

Under authorization of state statutes, the Southeast Cass Water Resource District joined North Cass Water Resource District, Rush River Water Resource District, Maple River Water Resource District, and the water resource districts of Richland County, Grand Forks County, Pembina County, Traill County, Steele County, Walsh County, Nelson County, Ransom County, and Sargent County to establish and operate a joint exercise of powers agreement for the water management districts located within the Red River Valley. Known as the Red River Joint Water Resource Board, the agreement was established for the mutual advantage of the governments. Each government appoints one member of the board of directors for the joint venture. The operating and capital expenses are funded by contributions from each government. Each government's share of assets, liabilities, and fund equity cannot be determined as no provision is made for this in the joint venture agreement and each government's contribution each year depends on where Red River Joint Water Resource Board projects are being undertaken.

The following is a summary of financial information on the joint venture as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, which is the most current audited information available:

Total Assets	\$	18,790,636
Total Liabilities		170,802
Net Position	\$	18,619,834
Revenues	\$	2,870,300
	_ +	_, ,
Expenses		1,307,454

Complete financial statements for the Red River Joint Water Resource District may be obtained from the Secretary-Treasurer's office at Red River Joint Water Resource District, 1201 Main Avenue West, West Fargo, ND 58078.

Metro Flood Diversion Authority

In June of 2011, the Cass County Joint Water Resource District, the City of Fargo, ND, City of Moorhead, MN, Clay County of MN, Cass County of ND, and the Buffalo Red River Watershed District entered into a joint powers agreement for the purpose of building and operating a flood diversion channel along the Red River of the North to reduce the flood risk of the stakeholder communities and counties. The Diversion Authority and its members worked with the United States Army Corps of Engineers on the FM Metro Flood Risk Management Feasibility Study to develop the flood diversion channel project plan.

This joint powers agreement will continue to be in full force and effect until it is terminated upon unanimous approval of the members to this Agreement. Additional information regarding the authority may be obtained by contacting: Flood Diversion Board of Authority, Box 2806, 211 Ninth Street South, Fargo, ND 58108.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

NOTE 13: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the state of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The District is covered under Cass County's insurance policies and pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, auto, and inland marine insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of three million dollars per occurrence.

The State Bonding Fund currently provides the District with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$2,000,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The District has workers compensation with the Workforce, Safety and Insurance and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 14: CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The District has the following open construction contracts with balances owing at December 31, 2022:

		Contract	Total		Liquidated	Remaining
Location	Project	Amount	Completed	Retainage	Damages	Balance
Drain #40	Improvement Project	\$ 805,168	\$ 799,206	\$ 39,960	\$ -	\$ 45,922

NOTE 15: TRANSFERS

The following is reconciliation between transfers in and transfers out as reported in the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Transfers In		Tra	ansfers Out
General Fund	\$	2,779,540	\$	2,777,060
Capital Project Fund		5,780		-
Debt Service Fund		-		8,260
Total Transfers	\$	2,785,320	\$	2,785,320

Transfers are used to move unrestricted general revenue to finance programs that the water resource district accounts for in other funds in accordance with budget authority and to subsidize other programs.

NOTE 16: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Net position as of January 1, 2022, has been restated as follows for the correction of land and easements.

Beginning Net Position, as previously reported	\$ 165,198,535
Adjustments to restate January 1, 2022 Net Position	
Easements and Land Adjustment	657,860
Net Position January 1, as restated	\$ 165,856,395

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Final Budget			Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Income	\$	2,016,260 658,340 65,000	\$	2,016,260 47,783,510 65,000	\$	1,941,893 45,985,160 52,074	\$	(74,367) (1,798,350) (12,926)
Miscellaneous		30,000		4,526,985		742,340		(3,784,645)
Total Revenues	\$	2,769,600	\$	54,391,755	\$	48,721,468	\$	(5,670,287)
EXPENDITURES Current	•	0.700.000	•	50 000 405	•	40 407 404	•	4 005 004
Conservation of Natural Resources Capital Outlay	\$ 	2,769,600	\$	53,202,125 215	\$	49,137,124 387	\$	4,065,001 (172)
Total Expenditures	\$	2,769,600	\$	53,202,340	\$	49,137,511	\$	4,064,829
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$		\$	1,189,415	\$	(416,044)	\$	(1,605,459)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Sale of Capital Assets Transfers Out	\$	- - -	\$	2,648,945 - (128,115)	\$	2,779,540 449,184 (2,777,060)	\$	130,595 449,184 (2,648,945)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	-	\$	2,520,830	\$	451,664	\$	(2,069,166)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$		\$	3,710,245	\$	35,620	\$	(3,674,625)
Fund Balance - January 1	\$	25,815,675	\$	25,815,675	\$	25,815,675	\$	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	25,815,675	\$	29,525,920	\$	25,851,296	\$	(3,674,625)

The accompanying required supplementary information notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Maintenance Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	 ariance with inal Budget
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Income Miscellaneous	\$ 4,121,455 - - -	\$ 4,121,455 - - -	\$ 4,115,878 290,211 82,678 28,831	\$ (5,577) 290,211 82,678 28,831
Total Revenues	\$ 4,121,455	\$ 4,121,455	\$ 4,517,598	\$ 396,143
EXPENDITURES Current Conservation of Natural Resources Reclassify Negative Interest Capital Outlay	\$ 5,543,000 - -	\$ 6,601,010 - -	\$ 1,786,912 106 1,982,139	\$ 4,814,098 (106) (1,982,139)
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,543,000	\$ 6,601,010	\$ 3,769,158	\$ 2,831,852
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (1,421,545)	\$ (2,479,555)	\$ 748,440	\$ 3,227,995
Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$ (1,421,545)	\$ (2,479,555)	\$ 748,440	\$ 3,227,995
Fund Balance - January 1	\$ 8,892,317	\$ 8,887,780	\$ 10,540,347	\$ 1,652,567
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 7,470,772	\$ 6,408,225	\$ 11,288,787	\$ 4,880,562

The accompanying required supplementary information notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of District's Share of Net Pension Liability and District Contributions For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Schedule of District's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

				District's	
				Proportionate	
				Share of the Net	
		District's		Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net
	District's	Proportionate		(Asset) as a	Position as a
	Proportion of the	Share of the Net		Percentage of its	Percentage of the
	Net Pension	Pension Liability	District's Covered-	Covered-Employee	Total Pension
	Liability (Asset)	(Asset)	Employee Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2022	0.011701%	\$ 337,003	\$ 135,832	248.10%	54.47%
2021	0.011585%	120,748	131,188	92.04%	78.26%
2020	0.016416%	363,800	127,562	285.19%	48.91%
2019	0.014256%	167,090	148,284	112.68%	71.66%
2018	0.014155%	238,874	145,412	164.27%	62.80%
2017	0.014279%	229,517	145,771	157.45%	61.98%
2016	0.011759%	114,601	118,501	96.71%	70.46%
2015	0.013532%	92,018	120,559	76.33%	77.15%
2014	0.014101%	89,500	118,779	75.35%	77.70%

Schedule of District Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		Contributions in			Contributions as a
		Relation to the	Contribution		Percentage of
	Statutory Required	Statutory Required	Deficiency	District's Covered-	Covered-Employee
	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Employee Payroll	Payroll
2022	\$ 10,231	\$ 9,671	\$ 559	\$ 139,174	6.95%
2021	9,674	10,111	(437)	132,489	7.63%
2020	9,032	8,455	578	127,562	6.63%
2019	10,796	10,558	239	148,284	7.12%
2018	10,710	10,250	460	145,412	7.05%
2017	10,570	11,144	(574)	145,771	7.64%
2016	8,579	9,190	(610)	118,501	7.75%
2015	9,157	8,992	165	120,559	7.46%
2014	8,457	8,457	-	118,779	7.12%

Schedule of District's Share of Net OPEB Liability and District Contributions For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Schedule of District's Share of Net OPEB Liability ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

				District's	
				Proportionate	
				Share of the Net	Plan Fiduciary Net
	District's	District's		OPEB (Asset) as a	Position as a
	Proportion of the	Proportionate		Percentage of its	Percentage of the
	Net OPEB Liability	Share of the Net	District's Covered-	Covered-Employee	Total OPEB
	(Asset)	OPEB (Asset)	Employee Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2022	0.013157%	\$ 15,792	\$ 135,832	11.63%	56.28%
2021	0.012033%	6,692	131,188	5.10%	76.63%
2020	0.011190%	9,413	127,562	7.38%	63.38%
2019	0.013289%	10,673	148,284	7.20%	63.13%
2018	0.013289%	10,466	145,412	7.20%	61.89%
2017	0.013474%	10,658	145,771	7.31%	59.78%

Schedule of District Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		Contributions in			Contributions as a
		Relation to the	Contribution		Percentage of
	Statutory Required	Statutory Required	Deficiency	District's Covered-	Covered-Employee
	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Employee Payroll	Payroll
2022	\$ 1,653	\$ 1,549	\$ 104	\$ 139,174	1.11%
2021	1,577	1,619	(41)	132,489	1.22%
2020	1,499	1,354	145	127,562	1.06%
2019	1,724	1,690	34	148,284	1.14%
2018	1,706	1,641	65	145,412	1.13%
2017	1,694	1,784	(90)	145,771	1.22%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 1: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budget

- The District adopts an "appropriated budget" on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally
 accepted in the United States (GAAP) for the general fund, each maintenance fund and debt service
 fund of the district.
- The budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- The District holds a public hearing where any taxpayer may appear and shall be heard in favor of or against any proposed disbursements or tax levies. When the hearing shall have been concluded, the district shall adopt such estimate as finally is determined upon. All taxes shall be levied in specific amounts and shall not exceed the amount specified in the published estimates. NDCC 11-23-04
- The District, on or before the October meeting shall determine the amount of taxes that shall be levied for county purposes and shall levy all such taxes in specific amounts. NDCC 11-23-05
- The District must file the budget with the county auditor by October 10th.
- Each budget is controlled by the District secretary-treasurer at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.
- The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. NDCC 57-15-31.1
- All appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE 2: LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

Budget Amendments

The District managers amended the District budget for 2022 as follows:

	REVE	NUE	S & TRANSFE	RS IN							
	Original	Amended									
Fund	Budget	Δ	Amendment		Budget						
General Fund	\$ 2,769,600	\$	54,271,100	\$	57,040,700						
Maintenance Fund	4,121,455		-		4,121,455						
Capital Project Fund	-		4,730		4,730						

	EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS OUT									
	Original		Amended							
Fund	Budget	Α	mendment		Budget					
General Fund	\$ 2,769,600	\$	50,560,855	\$	53,330,455					
Maintenance Fund	5,543,000		1,058,010		6,601,010					
Debt Service Fund	81,250		600		81,850					

NOTE 3: SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION AND OPEB LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTIONS

GASB Statements No. 68 and 75 require ten years of information to be presented in these tables. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 4: CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS - PENSION AND OPEB

Pension

The interest rate earned on member contributions will decrease from 6.50 percent to 6.00 percent effective January 1, 2023 (based on the adopted decrease in the investment return assumption). New Main System members who are hired on or after January 1, 2020 will have a benefit multiplier of 1.75 percent (compared to the current benefit multiplier of 2.00 percent). The fixed employer contribution for new members of the Main System will increase from 7.12 percent to 8.26 percent. For members who terminate after December 31, 2019, final average salary is the higher of the final average salary calculated on December 31, 2019 or the average salary earned in the three highest periods of twelve consecutive months employed during the last 180 months of employment. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

OPEB

Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

NOTE 5: CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - PENSION AND OPEB

The Board approved the following changes to the actuarial assumptions beginning with the July 1, 2022 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.0% to 6.50% for Pension.
- The investment return assumption was lowered from 6.50% to 5.75% for OPEB.

All other actuarial assumptions and the actuarial cost method are unchanged from the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 for pensions and July 1, 2021 for OPEB.

Schedule of Fund Activity – Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Balance 1-1-22		Receipts		Transfers In		Debt Proceeds		Transfers Out		Disbursements		Balance 12-31-22
General Fund														
General Fund	\$	27.94	\$	53,946,067.50	\$	130,594.60 \$	\$	-	\$	2,648,945.00	\$	51,425,878.45	\$	1,866.59
SE Cass WRD Obligated Funds		10,925,269.14		-		2,648,945.00		-		128,115.00		215.00		13,445,884.14
Total General Fund	\$	10,925,297.08	\$	53,946,067.50	\$	2,779,539.60 \$	\$		\$	2,777,060.00	\$	51,426,093.45	\$	13,447,750.73
Maintenance Fund														
SMFCD #1 Maintenance	\$	(177,455.75)	\$	997,534.19	\$	- \$	\$	-	\$	-	\$	343,011.08	\$	477,067.36
SMFCD #2 Maintenance		902,732.58		249,436.55		-		-		-		648,265.87		503,903.26
Maple River Dam Maintenance		460,147.25		362,950.59		-		-		-		491,010.69		332,087.15
Drain #21M		467,263.10		222,540.57		-		-		-		7,231.75		682,571.92
Drain #21C		209,625.15		41,797.40		-		-		-		50,818.26		200,604.29
SC-1 (Drain #3M, #9M and #10M)		1,203,400.22		1,100,750.13		-		-		-		153,646.74		2,150,503.61
SC-2 (Drain #27M and #53M)		4,421,740.73		842,187.46		-		-		-		96,383.09		5,167,545.10
Drain #35M		29,704.96		22,786.41		-		-		-		18,222.09		34,269.28
Drain #40M		1,875,787.63		496,097.64		-		-		-		866,373.67		1,505,511.60
Drain #45M		1,239,918.90		133,122.53		_		-		_		26,711.60		1,346,329.83
Drain #47M		2,216.98		20.945.76		_		_		_		13,007.42		10,155.32
Drain #50M		9,324.16		5,394.87		_		_		_		1,526.71		13,192.32
Drain #51M		(24,278.19)		10,009.28		_		_		_		2,680.20		(16,949.11)
Country Acres Improvement 2001-6		25,546.59		854.02		_		_		_		2,000.20		26,400.61
Normanna Township Improve. No. 60		50,816.76		7,501.58		_		_		_		9,140.03		49,178.31
Harwood Township Improve No. 65		21.432.15		2,265,96				_		_		897.90		22.800.21
Lake Bertha Flood Control Project No. 75		4,536.44		2,485.61		_		_				2,407.50		4,614.55
Raymond-Mapleton Township Imp No. 76		(1,142.36)		2,400.01				_				348.30		(1,490.66)
raymond-mapicton rownship imp No. 70		(1,142.30)										040.00		(1,430.00)
Total Maintenance Fund	\$	10,721,317.30	\$	4,518,660.55	\$	- \$	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,731,682.90	\$	12,508,294.95
Capital Projects Fund														
Commerce on I-29 Sewer Improvements	\$	(19,342)	Φ.	_	\$	- \$	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,064.50	\$	(32,406.28)
Round Hill Sewer Imp. District No. 2010-1	Ψ	(1,477.28)	Ψ	_	Ψ	- ¥	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	10,004.00	Ψ	(1,477.28)
Bakke Sewer System		(13,539.90)										_		(13,539.90)
Wild Rice River Estates Bank Stabliz Cons		(64,158.33)		_		5.780.00		_		_		=		(58,378.33)
Oxbow-Hickson-Bakke Ring Levee Constr.	•	142.49		34,884.05		3,700.00		-		-		37,923.55		(2,897.01)
Lake Bertha Flood Control Project No 75		(20,177.47)		4.478.99		-		-		-		37,923.33		(15,698.48)
Raymond-Mapleton Twp Imp District No 76		(80,203.13)		529.99		-		-		-		-		(79,673.14)
Sheldon Subdivision Ring Levee Project		(29,226.34)		529.99		-		-		-		20,117		(49,343.49)
Sheldon Subdivision King Levee Project		(29,220.34)		-		-		-		-		20,117		(49,545.49)
Total Capital Project Fund	\$	(227,981.74)	\$	39,893.03	\$	5,780.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$	71,105.20	\$	(253,413.91)
Debt Service Fund														
St. Benedict Prin & Int	\$	43,303.80	\$	-	\$	- \$	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,303.80
Bakke Subdivision Sewer Impr. #2005-2		71,591.67		41,616.80		-		-		-		46,150.00		67,058.47
Round Hill Sanitary Sewer P & I		146,665.40		32,336.91		_		-		_		27,200.00		151,802.31
Wild Rice River Estates Bank Stabilization		3,016.82		8,386.25		_		-		8,259.60		-		3,143.47
Amount to Fiscal Agent		16,562,968		140,150,545.73		(135,547,559)		_		_		2,340,560.00		18,825,394.90
Refinanced Debt				-,		-		-		-		-		-
														-
Total Debt Service Fund	\$	16,827,545.55	\$	140,232,885.69	\$ ((135,547,558.69) \$	\$	-	\$	8,259.60	\$	2,413,910.00	\$	19,090,702.95
Total Governmental Funds	\$	38,246,178.19	\$	198,737,506.77	\$ ((132,762,239.09) \$	\$	-	\$	2,785,319.60	\$	56,642,791.55	\$	44,793,334.72

Combining Balance Sheet – Maintenance Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	S	MFCD #1 Maint	S	MFCD #2 Maint	N	/IR Dam Maint		Drain #21M		Drain #21C	([SC-1 or 3,9 & 10)	(I	SC-2 Or 27 &53)
ASSETS	Φ.	477.007	Φ	E00 000	•	222 227	Φ.	COO 570	Φ	200 004	Φ	0.450.504	Φ	E 440 40E
Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable	\$	477,067 9,973	\$	503,903	\$	332,087 1,445	ф	682,572	\$	200,604	\$	2,150,504 12,635	\$	5,149,105
Due from County		3,344		1,852 588		1,445		2,946 1,462		239		2,629		2,309 400
Due from Other Funds		3,344		300		139		1,402		-		2,029		18,440
Due Iron Other Funds														10,440
Total Assets	\$	490,384	\$	506,343	\$	333,692	\$	686,980	\$	200,844	\$	2,165,767	\$	5,170,254
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF														
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities														
Accounts Payable	\$	57,511	\$	767,144	\$	137,809	\$	-	\$	55,230	\$	27,492	\$	17,639
Benefits Payable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Retainages Payable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities	\$	57,511	\$	767,144	\$	137,809	\$	-	\$	55,230	\$	27,492	\$	17,639
Deferred Inflows of Resources														
Taxes Receivable		9,973		1.852		1,445		2.946		239		12.635		2,309
				.,		.,		_,,,,,				12,000		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows														
of Resources	\$	67,484	\$	768,996	\$	139,255	\$	2,946	\$	55,469	\$	40,127	\$	19,948
Fund Balances														
Restricted	\$	422,901	\$	-	\$	194,437	\$	684,034	\$	145,375	\$	2,125,640	\$	5,150,306
Unassigned				(262,653)		-		-		-		-		
Total Fund Balances	\$	422,901	\$	(262,653)	\$	194,437	\$	684,034	\$	145,375	\$	2,125,640	\$	5,150,306
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of														
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	490,384	\$	506,343	\$	333,692	\$	686,980	\$	200,844	\$	2,165,767	\$	5,170,254

SOUTHEAST CASS WATER RESOURCE DISTRICT Combining Balance Sheet – Maintenance Fund – Continued

Drain #35M	Drain #40M	Drain #45M	Drain #47M	Drain #50M	Drain #51M	County Acres 2001-6	ormanna wp. #60	Holmen's Storm- water	Н	larwood Twp. Impr. #65		ake Bertha ood Control District #75	Ν	aymond- Mapleton Twp Imp #76	М	Total aintenance Fund
\$ 34,269 \$ - -	3 1,505,512 2,632 399	\$ 1,346,330 1,548 -	\$ 10,155 1 -	\$ 13,192 - - -	\$ - 1 - -	\$ 26,401 63 -	\$ 49,178 - -	\$ - - -	\$	22,800 - - -	\$	4,615 14 -	\$	- - -	\$	12,508,295 35,659.75 8,981 18,440
\$ 34,269 \$	1,508,543	\$ 1,347,878	\$ 10,156	\$ 13,192	\$ 1	\$ 26,464	\$ 49,178	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	22,800	\$	4,629	\$		\$	12,571,375
\$ 51,935 \$ - - -	8,564 - 39,960 -	\$ 1,171 - -	\$ 2,866 - -	\$ 11,633 - - -	\$ 12,727 - - 16,949	\$ - - - -	\$ 36,806 - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - - -	\$; - - - -	\$	- - - 1,491	\$	1,188,528 - 39,960 18,440
\$ 51,935	48,524	\$ 1,171	\$ 2,866	\$ 11,633	\$ 29,676	\$ _	\$ 36,806	\$ _	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,491	\$	1,246,928
	2,632	1,548	1		1	63	-			_		14		-		35,660
\$ 51,935	51,156	\$ 2,719	\$ 2,867	\$ 11,633	\$ 29,677	\$ 63	\$ 36,806	\$ -	\$		\$	14	\$	1,491	\$	1,282,588
\$ - \$ (17,666)	5 1,457,387 -	1,345,159	\$ 7,289	\$ 1,559 -	\$ (29,676)	\$ 26,401 -	\$ 12,372	\$ -	\$	22,800	\$	4,615	\$	- (1,491)	\$	11,600,273 (311,486)
\$ (17,666) \$	1,457,387	\$ 1,345,159	\$ 7,289	\$ 1,559	\$ (29,676)	\$ 26,401	\$ 12,372	\$ -	\$	22,800	\$	4,615	\$	(1,491)	\$	11,288,787
\$ 34,269 \$	1,508,543	\$ 1,347,878	\$ 10,156	\$ 13,192	\$ 1	\$ 26,464	\$ 49,178	\$ _	\$	22,800	9	4,629	\$	-	\$	12,571,375

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Maintenance Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	SI	MFCD #1 Maint	S	MFCD #2 Maint	١	MR Dam Maint		Drain #21M		Drain #21C	([SC-1 or 3,9 & 10)	(E	SC-2 Or 27 &53)
REVENUES														
Taxes	\$	994,247	\$	241,679	\$	337,105	\$	219,638	\$	39,614	\$	1,088,439	\$	539,109
Intergovernmental		(288)		(288)		-		-		-		-		268,988
Miscellaneous		2,378		3,424		23,029		-		-		-		-
Interest Income		2,985		3,996		2,700		4,281		1,361		13,481		32,596
Total Revenues	\$	999,322	\$	248,811	\$	362,833	\$	223,920	\$	40,976	\$	1,101,920	\$	840,693
EXPENDITURES														
Current														
Conservation of Natural Resources	\$	356,914	\$	356,424	\$	598,708	\$	7,232	\$	63,508	\$	105,568	\$	74,920
Reclassify Negative interest income		_		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		6,500		986,937		-		-		42,540		42,000		36,212
Debt Service:														
Principal		_		-		_		_		_		_		_
Interest		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Service Fees		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
3333 . 333														
Total Expenditures	\$	363,414	\$	1,343,361	\$	598,708	\$	7.232	\$	106,048	\$	147,568	\$	111,132
				.,,		,		-,		,		,		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues														
Over Expenditures	\$	635,909	\$ (1,094,550)	\$	(235,875)	\$	216,688	\$	(65,072)	\$	954,352	\$	729,561
o to: Exportantial or	<u> </u>	000,000	Ψ,	1,001,000	<u> </u>	(200,0.0)	Ψ	2.0,000	<u> </u>	(00,0.2)	<u> </u>	00.,002	<u> </u>	. 20,00.
Net Change in Fund Balances		635,909	(1,094,550)		(235,875)		216,688		(65,072)		954,352		729,561
Tier Ghange III i and Dalaness		000,000		.,00.,000		(200,0.0)		2.0,000		(00,0.2)		00.,002		. 20,00.
Fund Balance - January 1	\$	(213,008)	\$	831,897	\$	430,312	\$	467,346	\$	210,447	\$	1,171,288	\$	4,420,745
•		,,	•	,	•	,	•	- ,		-,		, , ,		
Fund Balance - December 31	¢.	400.004	Φ	(000 000)	ው	104 407	Φ	604.004	Φ	145 275	Φ	0.405.640	Φ	E 4E0 202
runu balance - December 31	\$	422,901	\$	(262,653)	Ф	194,437	\$	684,034	Ф	145,375	\$	2,125,640	\$	5,150,306

SOUTHEAST CASS WATER RESOURCE DISTRICT
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Maintenance Fund – Continued

Drain #35M	Drain #40M	Drain #45M	Drain #47M	Drain #50M	Drain #51M	County Acres 2001-6	lormanna Twp #60	Holmen's tormwater	ŀ	Harwood Twp Imp #65	ake Bertha ood Control District #75	-	Raymond- Mapleton Twp Imp #76	М	Total aintenance Fund
\$ 22,477	\$ 460,538 21,798	\$ 124,455	\$ 20,838	\$ 5,308	\$ 10,009	\$ 685 -	\$ 7,179 -	\$ -	\$	2,120	\$ 2,437	\$	-	\$	4,115,878 290,211
 310	- 11,466	- 8,629	- 106	- 87	-	- 169	323			146	- 41				28,831 82,678
\$ 22,786	\$ 493,802	\$ 133,085	\$ 20,945	\$ 5,395	\$ 10,009	\$ 854	\$ 7,502	\$ 	\$	2,266	\$ 2,478	\$		\$	4,517,598
\$ 70,158 - -	\$ 38,198 - 867,950	\$ 21,349 - -	\$ 15,874 - -	\$ 13,160 - -	\$ 15,301 106 -	\$ - - -	\$ 45,946 - -	\$ - - -	\$	898 - -	\$ 2,408 - -	\$	348 - -	\$	1,786,912 106 1,982,139
-	- - -	- - -	- - -	-	-	- - -	-	- - -		-	- - -		- - -	\$	- - -
\$ 70,158	\$ 906,148	\$ 21,349	\$ 15,874	\$ 13,160	\$ 15,407	\$ -	\$ 45,946	\$ -	\$	898	\$ 2,408	\$	348	\$	3,769,158
\$ (47,371)	\$ (412,346)	\$ 111,736	\$ 5,071	\$ (7,765)	\$ (5,398)	\$ 854	\$ (38,445)	\$ -	\$	1,368	\$ 71	\$	(348)	\$	748,440
 (47,371)	(412,346)	111,736	5,071	(7,765)	(5,398)	854	(38,445)	-		1,368	71		(348)		748,440
\$ 29,705	\$ 1,869,733	\$ 1,233,423	\$ 2,218	\$ 9,324	\$ (24,278)	\$ 25,547	\$ 50,817	\$ -	\$	21,432	\$ 4,544	\$	(1,142)	\$	10,540,347
\$ (17,666)	\$ 1,457,387	\$ 1,345,159	\$ 7,289	\$ 1,559	\$ (29,676)	\$ 26,401	\$ 12,372	\$ -	\$	22,800	\$ 4,615	\$	(1,491)	\$	11,288,787

STATE AUDITOR
Joshua C. Gallion



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of District Commissioners Southeast Cass Water Resource District West Fargo, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Southeast Cass Water Resource District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Southeast Cass Water Resource District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 6, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Southeast Cass Water Resource District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Southeast Cass Water Resource District's internal control.

Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Southeast Cass Water Resource District's internal control. A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as item 2022-001 and 2022-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* - Continued

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Southeast Cass Water Resource District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Southeast Cass Water Resource District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Southeast Cass Water Resource District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings. Southeast Cass Water Resource District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/S/

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Bismarck, North Dakota

July 6, 2023

Summary of Auditor's Results For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Financial Statements			
Type of Report Issued: Governmental Activities Major Funds	Unmodified Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting			
Material weaknesses identified?	XYes		None Noted
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X	None Noted
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	Χ	None Noted

Schedule of Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

2022-001 LACK OF SEGREGATION OF DUTIES - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Condition

Southeast Cass Water Resource District has limited staff responsible for the primary accounting functions. A lack of segregation of duties exists as one employee is responsible to collect monies, deposit monies, issue checks, send checks to vendors, record receipts and disbursements in the check register, maintain the general ledger, and perform bank reconciliations.

Effect

The lack of segregation of duties increases the risk of material misstatement to Southeast Cass Water Resource District's financial statements, whether due to error or fraud.

Cause

Management has chosen to allocate its economic resources to other functions of Southeast Cass Water Resource District.

Criteria

According to the COSO framework, proper internal control surrounding custody of assets, the recording of transactions, reconciling bank accounts and preparation of financial statements dictates that there should be sufficient accounting personnel so duties of employees are properly segregated. The segregation of duties would provide better control over the assets of the Southeast Cass Water Resource District.

Prior Recommendation

Yes.

Recommendation

To mitigate the risk associated with this lack of segregation of duties, we recommend the following:

- Financial statements and credit memos should be reviewed by a responsible official.
- Where possible, segregate the functions of approval, posting, custody of assets, and reconciliation as they relate to any amounts which impact the financial statements.
- Include the board in reviewing bank reconciliations, credit memos, manual adjustments, etc.

Southeast Cass Water Resource District's Response

We Agree. Southeast Cass Water Resource District will segregate duties when it becomes feasible.

Schedule of Audit Findings – Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

2022-002 AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Condition

During the audit of Southeast Cass Water Resource District, we proposed adjusting entries to the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The adjustments were approved by management and are reflected in the financial statements.

Effect

There is an increased risk of material misstatement to the Southeast Cass Water Resource District's financial statements even though the errors were corrected by management during the audit.

Cause

Southeast Cass Water Resource District may not have procedures in place to ensure the financial statements are complete and accurate.

Criteria

Southeast Cass Water Resource District is responsible for the preparation of its financial statements and related note disclosures to ensure it is reliable, accurate, free of material misstatement, and in accordance with GAAP.

Prior Recommendation

Yes.

Recommendation

We recommend Southeast Cass Water Resource District review its procedures for the preparation of the financial statements and update if necessary, to ensure the financial statements are complete and accurate in accordance with GAAP.

Southeast Cass Water Resource District's Response

We agree, procedures for preparing financial statements needs to be reviewed.

STATE AUDITOR

Joshua C. Gallion



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GOVERNANCE COMMUNICATION

July 6, 2023

Board of District Commissioners Southeast Cass Water Resource District West Fargo, North Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund information of the Southeast Cass Water Resource District, North Dakota, for the year ended December 31, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated March 28, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you with the following information related to our audit.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Southeast Cass Water Resource District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2022. We noted no transactions entered into by the Southeast Cass Water Resource District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements presented by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the governmental activities financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets is based on past history of each classification of capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives of capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Governance Communication – Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and report them to the appropriate level of management. The schedule below lists all adjustments detected as a result of audit procedures that were corrected by management.

· ·	Audit Adjus	stments
	Debit	Credit
General Fund		
To Adjust Deposits with Clerk of Court		
Fund Balance	606,750	-
Expenditures	-	606,750
To remove Prior Year One time Adjustment		
Revenue	4,909,064	-
Expenditures	-	4,909,064
Maintenance Funds		
To Accrue Retainage Payable		
Expenditures	39,960	-
Retainage Payable	-	39,960
Government Wide Adjustments		
To Record Prior Period Adjustment		
Capital Assets, Net	657,860	-
Net Position	-	657,860
To Record Capital Assets, Net		
Capital Assets, Net	9,141,601	-
Net Position	-	9,141,601
To Adjust Deposits with Clerk of Court		
Net Position	606,750	-
Expenditures	-	606,750
To remove Prior Year One time Adjustment		
Revenue	4,909,064	-
Expenditures	-	4,909,064
To remove Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		
Revenue	449,184	-
Expenditures	-	449,184

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, or reporting matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Governance Communication – Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated July 6, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the district's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of district's share of net pension liability and district contributions, schedule of district's share of net OPEB liability and district contributions, and notes to the required supplementary information which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on Schedule of Fund Activity – Cash Basis, Combining Balance Sheet – Maintenance Fund, and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Maintenance Fund, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI, Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Commissioners and management of Southeast Cass Water Resource District, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used for any other purpose. We would be happy to meet with you and any member of your staff to discuss any of the items in this letter in more detail if you so desire.

Thank you and the employees of Southeast Cass Water Resource District for the courteous and friendly assistance we received during the course of our audit. It is a pleasure for us to be able to serve Southeast Cass Water Resource District.

/S/

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Bismarck, North Dakota July 6, 2023



NORTH DAKOTA STATE AUDITOR JOSHUA C. GALLION

NORTH DAKOTA STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

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