

State Auditor Joshua C. Gallion

Morton County Water Resource District

Mandan, North Dakota

Audit Report for the Year Ended December 31, 2022 *Gient Code: PS30010*





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District Officials December 31, 2022

Wade Bachmeier Chairman
Jamie Wetsch Vice Chairman
Caarra Savayaku

George Saxowsky Director
Bruce Engelhardt Director

Brenda Winckler Secretary/Treasurer

Karin Garvie General Manager, Water System
Carrie Schaner Administrative Manager, Water System

STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of District Commissioners Morton County Water Resource District Mandan, North Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and major fund of the Morton County Water Resource District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Morton County Water Resource District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the major fund of the Morton County Water Resource District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards (GAS) issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Morton County Water Resource District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the 2021 financial statements have been restated to correct misstatements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Morton County Water Resource District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditor's Report - Continued

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Morton County Water Resource District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Morton County Water Resource District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *budgetary comparison* schedule and notes to the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Independent Auditor's Report - Continued

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 17, 2023 on our consideration of the Morton County Water Resource District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of the effectiveness of the Morton County Water Resource District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Morton County Water Resource District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

/S/

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Bismarck, North Dakota May 17, 2023

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

	_	vernmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	772,639	\$	368,689	\$	1,141,328
Investments		125,218		1,235,841		1,361,059
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		120,186		120,186
Accounts Receivable		-		164,668		164,668
Intergovernmental Receivable		3,802		-		3,802
Due from County		130		_		130
Taxes Receivable		1,955		_		1,955
Special Assessments Receivable		13,265		_		13,265
Capital Assets						
Nondepreciable		1,051,788		253,034		1,304,822
Amortized, Net		-		441,899		441,899
Depreciable, Net		5,957,426		11,183,718		17,141,144
•						
Total Assets	\$	7,926,223	\$	13,768,035	\$	21,694,258
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	2,092	\$	84,649	\$	86,741
Payroll Liability		760		4,597		5,357
Interest Payable		285		45,810		46,095
Long-Term Liabilities						
Due Within One Year						
Long-Term Debt		11,152		111,357		122,509
Compensated Absences Payable		-		18,327		18,327
Due After One Year				,		•
Long-Term Debt		23,819		2,642,571		2,666,390
Compensated Absences Payable		-		42,763		42,763
,						
Total Liabilities	\$	38,108	\$	2,950,074	\$	2,988,182
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	6,973,958	\$	9,078,913	\$	16,052,871
Restricted for:		, ,	·	, ,	·	, ,
Debt Service		_		120,186		120,186
Dam Maintenance		185,543		-		185,543
Unrestricted		728,614		1,618,862		2,347,476
	_	=	_	40.04=.0=:		40 =00 0==
Total Net Position	\$	7,888,115	\$	10,817,961	\$	18,706,076

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

										,		ense) Revenu		
			Program Revenues				Changes in Net Position					<u> </u>		
			_	N		Operating		Capital				Business-		
F ti /D	_			Charges for		rants and		ants and		vernmental		Type		T-4-1
Functions/Programs		xpenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Cor	tributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Governmental Activities	•	000 400	•		•	00.047	•	0.070	•	(005.450)	•		•	(005.450)
Conservation of Natural Resources	\$	298,169 181	ф	-	\$	26,947	Ъ	6,070	\$	(265,152) (181)	Ф	-	\$	(265,152) (181)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		101						<u>-</u>		(101)		<u>-</u>		(101)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	298,350	\$	-	\$	26,947	\$	6,070	\$	(265,333)	\$	-		(265,333)
Business-Type Activities														
Water System	\$	2 589 426	\$	2,367,869	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(221,557)	\$	(221,557)
		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								(== :, = = :)		(== :, = = : /
Total Primary Government	\$	2,887,776	\$	2,367,869	\$	26,947	\$	6,070	\$	(265,333)	\$	(221,557)	\$	(486,890)
	Go	neral Reve	nıı	106										
	Tax		,,,,	103					\$	134,267	\$	_	\$	134,267
		rest Earnin	as						•	552	Ψ	4,613	*	5,165
		cellaneous	•	evenue						2,206		21,251		23,457
									-	,		, -		-, -
	Tota	al General I	Rev	enues					\$	137,025	\$	25,864	\$	162,889
														_
	Cha	ange in Net	Ро	sition					\$	(128,308)	\$	(195,693)	\$	(324,001)
											_		_	
	Net	Position -	Jar	nuary 1					\$	8,016,423	\$	11,017,352	\$	19,033,775
	Pric	or Period A	djus	stment						-		(3,698)		(3,698)
	Net	Position -	Jar	nuary 1, as i	esta	ated			\$	8,016,423	\$	11,013,654	\$	19,030,077
	Net	Position -	De	cember 31					\$	7,888,115	\$	10,817,961	\$	18,706,076

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	(General Fund
ASSETS Cash Investments Due from County Taxes Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Special Assessments Receivable	\$	772,639 125,218 130 1,955 3,802 13,265
Total Assets	\$	917,009
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities		
Accounts Payable Payroll Liability	\$	2,092 760
Total Liabilities	\$	2,852
Deferred Inflows of Resources Taxes Receivable Special Assessments Receivable	\$	1,955 13,265
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	15,220
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	18,072
Fund Balances Committed Dam Maintenance	\$	185,543
Unassigned		713,394
Total Fund Balances	\$	898,937
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	917,009

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 898,937
Total <i>net position</i> reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	7,009,214
Property taxes and special assessments receivable will be collected after year- end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows in the funds. Property Taxes Receivable \$ 1,955 Special Assessments Receivable 13,265	15,220
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Long-Term Debt \$ (34,971) Interest Payable (285)	(35,256)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 7.888.115

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 General Fund
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Revenue Interest Income Miscellaneous	\$ 143,227 26,947 552 8,276
Total Revenues	\$ 179,002
EXPENDITURES Current Projects Payroll Professional Fees Miscellaneous Capital Outlay Debt Service Principal	\$ 10,413 43,358 23,223 9,656 6,050 26,762
Interest Total Expenditures	\$ 400 119,862
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 59,140
Fund Balance - January 1	\$ 839,797
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 898,937

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

\$ 59,140

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

 Capital Outlay
 \$ 6,050

 Depreciation Expense
 (211,519)
 (205,469)

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

26,762

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net Change in Interest Payable

219

Some revenues reported on the statement of activities are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds since they do not represent available resources to pay current expenditures.

Net Change in Taxes Receivable\$ (189)Net Change in Special Assessments Receivable(8,771)(8,960)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (128,308)

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

	Вu	siness-Type Activities
	W	ater System
ASSETS		ator Cyctom
Current Assets		
Cash	\$	368,689
Investments		1,235,841
Restricted Investments		
Debt Reserve		120,186
Utility Billings Receivable	-	164,668
Total Current Assets	\$	1,889,384
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets		
Nondepreciable	\$	253,034
Amortized, Net		441,899
Depreciable, Net		11,183,718
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	11,878,651
Total Assets	\$	13,768,035
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	84,649
Payroll Liability		4,597
Interest Payable		45,810
Long-Term Debt		111,357
Compensated Absences		18,327
Total Current Liabilities	\$	264,740
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Long-Term Debt	\$	2,642,571
Compensated Absences	•	42,763
·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	2,685,334
Total Liabilities	\$	2,950,074
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	9,078,913
Restricted for Debt Service		120,186
Unrestricted		1,618,862
Total Net Position	\$	10,817,961

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities	
	W	ater System
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	2,367,869 21,251
Total Operating Revenues	\$	2,389,120
OPERATING EXPENSES General and Administrative Payroll Insurance Operations and Maintenance Projects Depreciation Amortization	\$	153,121 650,007 21,883 870,902 366,933 410,789 31,564
Total Operating Expenses	_\$_	2,505,199
Operating Loss	\$	(116,079)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest Income Interest Expense and Service Charges	\$	4,613 (84,227)
Total Non-Operating Expenses	\$	(79,614)
Change in Net Position	\$	(195,693)
Net Position - January 1	\$	11,017,352
Prior Period Adjustments	\$	(3,698)
Net Position - January 1, as restated	\$	11,013,654
Net Position - December 31	\$	10,817,961

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities	
	Wa	ater System
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	2,360,360 (1,422,170) (651,653) 21,251
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	307,788
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Capital Debt Interest and Fees Paid on Capital Debt	\$	(1,081,537) (297,647) (88,179)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(1,467,363)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases, Sales & Maturities of Investments Interest Income	\$	31,577 4,613
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	\$	36,190
Net Decrease in Cash	\$	(1,123,385)
Cash - January 1	\$	1,492,074
Cash - December 31	\$	368,689
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$	(116,079)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation Amortization Change in Assets and Liabilities:	\$	410,789 31,564
Accounts Receivable		(12,106)
Other Receivable		4,597
Accounts Payable		(9,331)
Payroll Liability Compensated Absences		(1,507) (139)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	307,788

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Morton County Water Resource District ("District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the District are such that exclusion would cause its financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criterion includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the District as a reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, interest, and non-restricted grants and contributions, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's fund. Separate statements are provided for the governmental fund. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on the major governmental fund.

General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water System – This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the Missouri West Water System.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide and Proprietary Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Notes to the Financial Statements – Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. The governmental fund is reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. All revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts.

The investments of the District consist of certificates of deposit stated at cost with maturities in excess of three months.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include plant and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$7,500 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSET	YEARS
Buildings	40
Infrastructure	40
Machinery	5 - 15
Equipment/Vehicles	3 - 5
Office Equipment	3 - 5

Compensated Absences

Full time employees earn vacation benefits from one to two hours per month, depending on tenure with the District. Up to 240 hours of vacation leave may be carried over at year end. Sick leave benefits are earned at the rate of one day per month regardless of the years of service.

Upon termination of employment, employees will be paid for vacation benefits that have accrued based on their current base of pay. Any employee who has ten or more consecutive years of employment will be eligible to receive payment for sick leave at a rate of 25% of the unused balance. A liability for the vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave is reported in government-wide statement of net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balances

Fund Balance Spending Policy. It is the policy of the District to spend restricted resources first, followed by unrestricted resources. It is also the policy of the Board to spend unrestricted resources of funds in the following order: committed, assigned and then unassigned.

Committed Fund Balances. Committed fund balances consist of amounts in the general fund that are not restricted by enable legislation or 3rd parties but have been committed by the District Board for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balances. Unassigned fund balances are reported in the general fund and for negative fund balances at year-end.

Net Position

Net investment in capital assets is reported for capital assets less accumulated depreciation, as well as net of any related debt to purchase or finance the capital assets. These assets are not available for future spending.

Restrictions of net position in the statement of net position are due to restricted tax levies and restricted federal & state grants/reimbursements.

NOTE 2 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

A beginning enterprise net position adjustments was necessary to decrease beginning net position for Morton County Water Resource District.

Adjustments to beginning net position/fund balance are as follows:

	Busines	s Type Activities
Beginning Net Position/Fund Balance, as previously reported	\$	11,017,352
Adjustments to restate the January 1, 2022 Net Position/Fund Balance:		
Long Term Debt		(3,698)
Net Position/Fund Balance January 1, as restated	\$	11,013,654

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk associated with the failure of a depository institution, such that in the event of a depository financial institution's failure, the District would not be able to recover the deposits or collateralized securities that in the possession of the outside parties. The District does not have a formal policy regarding deposits that limits the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institution situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal land bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any District, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the state of North Dakota. Whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At year ended December 31, 2022, the District's carrying amount of deposits totaled \$2,622,557 and the bank balances totaled \$2,631,909. Of the bank balances, \$1,521,805 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining bank balances were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

NOTE 4 RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's loan covenants require certain reservations of its net position. This amount is classified as restricted cash and investments on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

NOTE 5 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the state of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The District pays an annual premium to NDIRF for liability coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$2,000,000 for general liability and automobile and \$191,941 for public assets coverage.

The District also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The District pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third-party insurance carrier for losses in excess of two million dollars per occurrence during a 12-month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides political subdivision with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$258,623 for the Morton County Water Resource District employees and \$1,404,848 for the Missouri West Water System Employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The District has workers compensation with the North Dakota Workforce, Safety and Insurance and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

NOTE 6 RETIREMENT PLAN

North Dakota Public Employees' Retirement System

The District participates in the Deferred Compensation Section 457 plan administered by the North Dakota Public Employees' Retirement System (NDPERS). Plan members are not required to contribute; however, the District contributes 8-11%, depending on years of service, of the employee's annual salary. The District's contributions to NDPERS for the years ending December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$37,546, \$27,742, and \$30,221, respectively.

Nationwide Retirement

The District contributes to Nationwide Retirement. Plan members are not required to contribute; however, the District contributes 8-11%, depending on years of service, of the employee's annual salary. The District's contributions to Nationwide Retirement for the years ending December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$15,071, \$15,536, and \$14,326, respectively.

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance							Balance	
Governmental Activities	Jan 1	Ir	ncreases	Decreases		Transfers		Dec 31	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated or Amortized									
Land	\$ 1,051,788	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$	1,051,788	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated or Amortized	\$ 1,051,788	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,051,788	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated									
Buildings	\$ 267,172	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	267,172	
Vehicles & Equipment	154,354		6,050	-		-		160,404	
Infrastructure	8,085,517		-	-		-		8,085,517	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	\$ 8,507,043	\$	6,050	\$ -	\$	-	\$	8,513,093	
Less Accumulated Depreciation									
Buildings	\$ 100,134	\$	12,028	\$ -			\$	112,162	
Vehicles & Equipment	88,290		13,492	-				101,782	
Infrastructure	2,155,725		185,998	-				2,341,723	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 2,344,149	\$	211,518	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,555,667	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 6,162,894	\$	(205,468)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,957,426	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 7,214,682	\$	(205,468)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,009,214	

Depreciation expense was charged to the conservation of natural resources function.

Business-Type Activities

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance					Balance
Business-Type Activities	Jan 1	I	ncreases	Decreases	Transfers	Dec 31
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated or Amortized						
Land	\$ 253,034	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 253,034
Construction in Progress	10,000		1,081,537		(1,091,537)	-
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated or Amortized	\$ 263,034	\$	1,081,537	\$	\$ (1,091,537)	\$ 253,034
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Buildings	\$ 9,800	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,800
Vehicles & Equipment	553,818		-	-	-	553,818
Infrastructure	17,963,019		-	-	1,091,537	19,054,556
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	\$ 18,526,637	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,091,537	\$ 19,618,174
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Buildings	\$ 6,860	\$	36,711	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,571
Vehicles & Equipment	524,182		14,819	-	-	539,001
Infrastructure	7,492,625		359,260	-	-	7,851,885
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 8,023,667	\$	410,790	\$	\$ -	\$ 8,434,457
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 10,502,970	\$	(410,790)	\$	\$ -	\$ 11,183,717
Capital Assets, Being Amortized						
Intangible Assets	\$ 1,371,300	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,371,300
Less Amortization						•
Intangible Assets	\$ 897,836	\$	31,564	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 929,400
Capital Assets Being Amortized, Net	\$ 473,464	\$	(31,564)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 441,900
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 11,239,468	\$	639,183	\$	\$ -	\$ 11,878,651

Depreciation expense was charged to the conservation of natural resources function.

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities

The following changes occurred in long-term liabilities for the year ended 2021:

	E	Balance Jan 1	Inci	eases	De	creases	I	Balance Dec 31	e Within ne Year
Long-Term Debt Loans Payable	\$	61,732	\$	1	\$	26,761	\$	34,971	\$ 11,152

Business-Type Activities

The following changes occurred in long-term liabilities for the year ended 2021:

	Restated Balance					Balance	Du	e Within
	Jan 1	Inc	creases	De	ecreases	Dec 31	0	ne Year
Long-Term Debt								
Bonds Payable	\$ 2,260,575	\$	-	\$	96,647	\$ 2,163,928	\$	96,357
Loans Payable	791,000		-		201,000	590,000		15,000
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 3,051,575	\$	-	\$	297,647	\$ 2,753,928	\$	111,357
Compensated Absences *	\$ 60,787	\$	303	\$	-	\$ 61,090	\$	18,327
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,112,362	\$	303	\$	297,647	\$ 2,815,018	\$	129,684

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding long-term debt at December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Year Ending	Loans Payable					Bonds F	able	Loans Payable					
December 31	Princ	cipal		nterest	I	Principal	-	Interest	Р	rincipal		Interest	
2023	\$	11,152	\$	1,708	\$	96,357	\$	73,475	\$	15,000	\$	8,738	
2024		11,691		1,169		99,624		70,208		15,000		8,513	
2025		12,128		733		103,001		66,831		15,000		8,288	
2026		-		-		106,493		63,339		15,000		8,063	
2027		-		-		110,103		59,729		15,000		7,838	
2028-2032		-		-		1,648,350		141,380		100,000		34,875	
2033-2037		-		-		-		-		100,000		27,375	
2038-2042		-		-		-		-		115,000		19,538	
2043-2047		-		-		-		-		125,000		8,361	
2048-2052		-		-		-		-		75,000		-	
Total	\$	34,971	\$	3,610	\$	2,163,928	\$	474,962	\$	590,000	\$	131,589	

NOTE 9 PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. The tax levy may be paid in two installments: the first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments; the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent, and penalties are assessed.

NOTE 10 JOINT VENTURE

Under authorization of state statutes, the District joined the water resource districts of Burleigh County, Dunn County, Emmons County, Mercer County, Mountrail County, Oliver County and Sioux County to establish and operate a joint exercise of powers agreement for water management districts located along the Missouri River. One member of the directors for the joint venture is appointed by each government. The operating and capital expenses are funded by contributions from each government. Each participating district's share of the cost of operations is determined by the number of river miles in each district.

Unaudited summary financial information for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Cash and Investments	\$ 46,823
Total Revenues	\$ 147,836
Total Expenses	(121,293)
Net Change in Equity	\$ 26,543

Complete financial information can be obtained from Missouri River Joint Water Board, P.O. Box 488, Hazen, ND 58545.

NOTE 11 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to December 31, 2022, Missouri West Water System was approved for an SRF loan up to the amount of \$507,000. As of the audit report date, no draws were taken on the loan.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	 iance with
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Revenue Interest Income Miscellaneous	\$ 187,500 - 1,200 11,500	\$ 165,888 - 771 8,270	\$ 143,227 26,947 552 8,276	\$ (22,661) 26,947 (219) 6
Total Revenues	\$ 200,200	\$ 174,929	\$ 179,002	\$ 4,073
EXPENDITURES Current Projects Payroll Professional Fees Miscellaneous Capital Outlay Debt Service Principal Interest	\$ 112,100 32,300 41,000 12,500 -	\$ 37,460 37,125 16,100 10,125 -	\$ 10,413 43,358 23,223 9,656 6,050 26,762 400	\$ 27,047 (6,233) (7,123) 469 (6,050) (26,762) (400)
Total Expenditures	\$ 197,900	\$ 100,810	\$ 119,862	\$ (19,052)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 2,300	\$ 74,119	\$ 59,140	\$ 23,125
Fund Balance - January 1	\$ 839,797	\$ 839,797	\$ 839,797	\$
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 842,097	\$ 913,916	\$ 898,937	\$ 23,125

The accompanying required supplementary information notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

- The district board adopts an "appropriated budget" on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) for the general fund.
- The budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- The district, on or before the October meeting shall determine the amount of taxes that shall be levied for district purposes and shall levy all such taxes in specific amounts. NDCC 11-23-05
- Each budget is controlled by the operations coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.
- The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. NDCC 57-15-31.1
- All appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The District Board of Commissioners amended the budget for the year ended December 31, 2022 as follows:

	Original Budget		Ar	mendment	Amended Budget		
General Fund							
Revenues	\$	200,200	\$	(25,271)	\$	174,929	
Expenditures		197,900		(97,090)		100,810	

NOTE 3 EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

During fiscal year 2022, Morton County Water Resource District had the following total expenses in excess of budgeted amounts:

	Final Budget	Actual	Excess
General Fund			
Expenditures	100,810	119,862	19,052

STATE AUDITOR
Joshua C. Gallion

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of District Commissioners Morton County Water Resource District Mandan, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and the major fund of Morton County Water Resource District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Morton County Water Resource District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 17, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Morton County Water Resource District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an option on the effectiveness of Morton County Water Resource District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Morton County Water Resource District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying *schedule of audit findings*, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as item 2022-001 to be a material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying *schedule of audit findings* as item *2022-002* to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* - Continued

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Morton County Water Resource District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Morton County Water Resource District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Morton County Water Resource District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings. Morton County Water Resource District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/S/

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Bismarck, North Dakota

May 17, 2023

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Summary of Auditor's Results For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Financial Statements		
Type of Report Issued:		
Governmental Activities	Unmodified	
Business-Type Activities	Unmodified	
Major Fund	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting		
Material weaknesses identified?	XYes	None Noted
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material		
weaknesses?	XYes	None Noted

____ Yes X None Noted

Schedule of Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

2022-001 LACK OF SEGREGATION OF DUTIES - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Condition

Morton County Water Resource District has limited staff responsible for the primary accounting functions. A lack of segregation of duties exists as one employee is responsible to collect monies, deposit monies, issue checks, send checks to vendors, record receipts and disbursements in the check register, maintain the general ledger, and perform bank reconciliations.

Effect

The lack of segregation of duties increases the risk of material misstatement to Morton County Water Resource District's financial statements, whether due to error or fraud.

Cause

Management has chosen to allocate its economic resources to other functions of Morton County Water Resource District.

Criteria

According to the COSO framework, proper internal control surrounding custody of assets, the recording of transactions, reconciling bank accounts and preparation of financial statements dictates that there should be sufficient accounting personnel so duties of employees are properly segregated. The segregation of duties would provide better control over the assets of the Morton County Water Resource District.

Prior Recommendation

Yes

Recommendation

To mitigate the risk associated with this lack of segregation of duties, we recommend the following:

- Financial statements and credit memos should be reviewed by a responsible official.
- Where possible, segregate the functions of approval, posting, custody of assets, and reconciliation as they relate to any amounts which impact the financial statements.
- Include the board in reviewing bank reconciliations, credit memos, manual adjustments, etc.

Morton County Water Resource District's Response

We Agree. Morton County Water Resource District will segregate duties when it becomes feasible.

Schedule of Audit Findings - Continued

2022-002 FRAUD RISK ASSESSMENT – SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Condition

Morton County Water Resource District does not currently prepare a fraud risk assessment of the entire entity.

Effect

If Morton County Water Resource District does not prepare an adequate fraud risk assessment, there is an increased risk of fraudulent financial reporting, asset misappropriation, and corruption.

Cause

Morton County Water Resource District has limited number of staff and decided it was not necessary to implement at this date.

Criteria

Fraud risk governance is a key component of entity-wide governance and the internal control environment according to the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) framework principles. This entity-wide governance addresses the manner in which the board of directors and management meet their respective obligations to achieve the entities goals in reporting, reliance, and accountability.

Prior Recommendation

Yes.

Recommendation

We recommend Morton County Water Resource District prepare a fraud risk assessment in order to identify areas of concern within entity to appropriately mitigate the risk of fraudulent financial reporting, misappropriation of assets, and corruption.

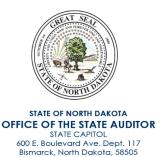
Morton County Water Resource District's Response

We Agree. Missouri West Water does not have the staff to rotate discussions on an ongoing basis at this time. In the event this changes a review panel with alternating staff will be created to address areas of concern.

STATE AUDITOR

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GOVERNANCE COMMUNICATION

May 17, 2023

Board of District Commissioners Morton County Water Resource District Mandan, North Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the major fund information of the Morton County Water Resource District, North Dakota, for the year ended December 31, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated March 30, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you with the following information related to our audit.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Morton County Water Resource District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2022. We noted no transactions entered into by the Morton County Water Resource District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements presented by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the governmental activities financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets is based on past history of each classification of capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives of capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and report them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all material misstatements. The schedule below lists all corrected misstatements provided by management or detected as a result of audit procedures.

	Audit Adjustments			
	Debit	Credit		
Governmental Activities				
To record intergovernmental receivable				
Intergovernmental Receivable	3,802	-		
Revenue	-	3,802		
To record accounts payable Repairs and Maintenance Expense Accounts Payable	2,092	- 2,092		
Business-Type Activities				
To record Prior Period Adjustment for Long Term Debt				
Net Position - Jan 1	3,698	-		
Long Term Debt	-	3,698		
To record error in restricted cash Restricted Cash Cash	10,874 -	- 10,874		

Management determined the uncorrected misstatements effect is immaterial to the financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules below list all uncorrected misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures.

	Audit Adjustments				
	Debit	Credit			
Business-Type Activities					
Passed Adjustments					
Passed audit found salaries payable					
Salaries expense	9,821	-			
Salaries Payable	-	9,821			
Passed audit found capital asset Capital Assets Expenses	11,999 -	- 11,999			
Passed audit found depreciation expense Depreciation Expense Accumulated Depreciation	3,000	- 3,000			

Governance Communication - Continued

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, or reporting matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated May 17, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the district's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the *budgetary comparison information* and notes to the required supplementary information which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Commissioners and management of Morton County Water Resource District, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used for any other purpose. We would be happy to meet with you and any member of your staff to discuss any of the items in this letter in more detail if you so desire.

Thank you and the employees of Morton County Water Resource District for the courteous and friendly assistance we received during the course of our audit. It is a pleasure for us to be able to serve Morton County Water Resource District.

/S/

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Bismarck, North Dakota May 17, 2023



NORTH DAKOTA STATE AUDITOR JOSHUA C. GALLION

NORTH DAKOTA STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

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