Jamestown, North Dakota

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with supplementary information) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Jamestown, North Dakota CONTENTS Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Schauer & Associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

School Board

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

Jamestown, North Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**, Jamestown, North Dakota as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO.**1, Jamestown, North Dakota, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1** and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT - continued

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO.** 1's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and employer contributions, schedule of employer's share of net OPEB liability and employer contributions and notes to the required supplementary information on pages 4 through 10 and 48 through 55, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT - continued

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2022, on our consideration of the JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

SCHAUER & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Schaus ; associate P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jamestown, North Dakota

December 7, 2022, except for Note 17, as to which the date is August 28, 2024.

Jamestown, North Dakota MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year Ended June 30, 2022

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO.** 1's (known as the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2021 - 2022 are as follows:

- Net position of JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 increased \$7,830,663 as a result of the current year's operations.
- Governmental net position as of the end of the fiscal year totaled \$4,012,634.
- Total government-wide revenues from all sources were \$39,476,095.
- Total government-wide expenditures were \$31,645,432.
- The District's general fund had \$35,797,376 in total revenues and \$30,279,679 in total expenditures. Overall, the general fund balance increased by \$5,002,778 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of a series of statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1** as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. These statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

REPORTING ON THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

These statements are summaries of all funds used by the **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1** to provide programs and activities and attempt to answer the question "How did the District do financially during the year ended June 30, 2022?"

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. This statement is presenting amounts using the accrual basis of accounting, which means that all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, earned but unused sick leave and vacation leave).

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or deteriorated. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of buildings and grounds, student transportation and co-curricular activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the District (known as the primary government), but also one legally separate entity for which the District is financially accountable. The component unit is the James Valley Career & Technology Center. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government. Separately issued financial statements are available from the administrative offices of JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1.

REPORTING ON THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The District uses separate funds to account for and manage money dedicated for particular purposes (e.g., taxes collected from special mill levies and funds received from grants and donations). The fund basis financial statements allow the District to demonstrate its stewardship over and accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The general, debt service and capital project funds are all considered major funds using the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 34.

The District's other funds, which are used to account for the school lunch and special reserve transactions, are summarized under the heading "Other Governmental Funds."

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table I provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Table I NET POSITION June 30,

,	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Current assets	\$ 16,903,589	\$ 11,240,933
Capital assets (net of depreciation)	25,858,119	24,641,098
Deferred outflows of resources	6,690,922	11,187,571
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	49,452,630	47,069,602
LIADILITIES		
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	3,625,565	2,852,787
Long-term debt	27,230,812	43,903,771
Total Liabilities	30,856,377	46,756,558

Deferred Inflows of Resources	2022 14,583,619	2021 4,131,073
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	21,644,605	20,164,364
Restricted	1,299,690	2,521,043
Unrestricted	(18,931,661)	(26,503,436)
Total Net Position	4,012,634	(3,818,029)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		
Resources, and Net Position	\$ 49,452,630	\$ 47,069,602

As indicated in the financial highlights above, the District's net position increased by \$7,830,663 as a result of operations for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District recorded a decrease of \$3,280,127 as a result of operations for the year ended June 30, 2021. Changes in net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position.

The District's net position of \$4,012,634 is segregated into three separate categories. Net investment in capital assets (net of related debt) represents the largest portion of the District's total net position. It should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending. The balance consists of restricted net position and unrestricted net position. Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent.

Table II shows the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Table II
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
Years Ended June 30

	202	2	202	21
REVENUES				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 563,656	1.42 %	\$ 386,849	1.11%
Operating grants and				
contributions	11,211,871	28.40	6,599,661	19.00
General revenues				
Property taxes	5,310,434	13.45	5,275,437	15.18
Other taxes	2,485,625	6.30	2,217,983	6.38
State aid - unrestricted	19,327,858	48.97	19,740,201	56.82
Other	576,651	1.46	523,595	1.51
Total Revenues	39,476,095	100.00	34,743,726	100.00
EXPENSES				
Regular instruction	11,953,321	37.77	18,401,194	48.40
Federal programs	4,347,526	13.74	1,729,128	4.55
Special education	4,837,542	15.29	4,967,805	13.06
Vocational education	438,821	1.39	504,438	1.33
Instructional support services	784,112	2.48	1,205,113	3.17
Administrative services	656,763	2.08	668,045	1.76

	2	2022	202	1
Operation and maintenance of	A			
plant	2,202,989	6.96	4,476,516	11.77
Student transportation	538,011	1.70	546,594	1.44
Extracurricular activities	1,807,859	5.71	1,553,044	4.08
Other support services	674,487	2.13	815,352	2.14
Community services	10,065	.03	10,519	.03
Tuition and assessments	1,834,039	5.80	1,752,654	4.61
Food service	1,489,112	4.70	1,313,455	3.45
Debt service	70,785	.22	79,996	.21
Total Expenses	31,645,432	100.00%	38,023,853	100.00%
Change in Net Position	7,830,663		(3,280,127)	
Beginning Balance	(3,818,029)		(939,785)	
Prior Period Adjustment			401,883	
Beginning Balance as restated	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		(537,902)	
Ending Net Balance	\$ 4,012,634		\$ (3,818,029)	

Property taxes constituted 13%, unrestricted state aid 49%, operating grants and contributions 28% and charges for services made up 1% of the total revenues of governmental activities of the District for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Regular instruction constituted 38%, special education 15% and vocational education 1% of total expenditures for governmental activities during fiscal year 2021-2022.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table III shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and other unrestricted revenues.

Table III
TOTAL AND NET COST OF SERVICES

	Total Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022		Y	Net Costs Year Ended une 30, 2022	Y	Total Costs Year Ended ne 30, 2021	Net Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021	
Regular instruction	\$ 11,953,321		\$	11,801,738	\$	18,401,194	\$18,252,206	
Federal programs		4,347,526		(2,522,179)		1,729,128	(1,130,695)	
Special education		4,837,542		3,109,712		4,967,805	3,294,293	
Vocational education		438,821		348,151		504,438	387,040	
Instructional support								
services		784,112		784,112		1,205,113	1,205,113	
Administrative services		656,763		656,763		668,045	668,045	
Operation and								
maintenance of plant		2,202,989		2,202,989		4,476,516	4,476,516	
Student transportation		538,011		243,969		546,594	394,825	

	Total Costs Year Ended	Net Costs Year Ended	Total Costs Year Ended	Net Costs Year Ended
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Extracurricular activities	1,807,859	952,127	1,553,044	912,695
Other support services	674,487	674,487	815,352	815,352
Community services	10,065	10,065	10,519	10,519
Tuition and assessment	1,834,039	1,834,039	1,752,654	1,752,654
Food service	1,489,112	(296,853)	1,313,455	(81,216)
Debt service	70,785	70,785	79,996	79,996
Total Expenses	\$ 31,645,432	\$ 19,869,905	\$ 38,023,853	\$31,037,343

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The purpose of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows and balances of available resources. Unreserved fund balance generally can be used as a measure of the District's resources available for spending as of the end of the fiscal year. Those funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District's governmental funds had total revenues of \$39,403,136 and expenditures of \$35,156,262 for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's governmental funds had total revenues of \$34,712,700 and expenditures of \$35,645,763 for the year ended June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the unassigned fund balance of the District's general funds was \$10,035,340. As of June 30, 2021, the unassigned fund balance of the District's general fund was \$5,032,562.

GENERAL FUND BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

The District changed its revenue budget during the year by \$2,356,493 and expenditure budget by \$784,196. The revenue change was an increase to federal sources by \$2,207,360, an increase in state sources by \$159,133 and a decrease in local sources by \$10,000. The expenditure change was an increase in federal program expenditures by \$3,349,562, an increase in special education expenditures by \$49,565, an increase in instructional support services by \$93,455, an increase in student transportation by \$67,998, a decrease in tuition and assessment expenditures by \$67,998, a decrease in regular instruction by \$2,712,193 and a few other minor changes. General fund total revenues for 2021-2022 were \$35,797,376 in comparison to total expenditures of \$30,279,679. General fund total revenues for 2020-2021 were \$31,862,617 in comparison to total expenditures of \$30,294,527. The ending fund balance increased during the 2021 - 2022 fiscal year by \$5,002,778 to a balance of \$10,035,340 on June 30, 2022. The ending fund balance increased during the 2020 - 2021 fiscal year by \$1,396,323 to a balance of \$5,032,562 on June 30, 2021. The ending balance is approximately 33% of total expenditures for 2021-2022. The ending balance is approximately 16% of total expenditures for 2020-2021. For 2022, revenues increased by \$3,934,759 which is an 12.0% increase from the previous year and expenditures decreased \$14,848 that is a .05% decrease from the previous year. For 2021, revenues increased by \$2,363,498 which is an 8.0% increase from the previous year and expenditures increased \$1,420,075 that is a 4.9% increase from the previous year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 had \$25,858,119 invested in capital assets as of June 30, 2022. Table IV shows the balances as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

This total represents an increase of \$1,217,021 in net capital assets from July 1, 2021. For a detailed breakdown of additions and deletions to capital assets, readers are referred to Note 6 in the audited financial statements that follow this analysis. The District levied 10 mills for the building fund in 2021-2022.

Table IV
CAPITAL ASSETS (net of accumulated depreciation)
June 30,

	2022	2021
Land and assets not being depreciated	\$ 3,656,219	\$ 1,896,288
Buildings and improvements	20,005,857	20,720,768
Equipment and vehicles	2,196,043	2,024,042
Total Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	\$ 25,858,119	\$ 24,641,098

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$27,453,998 of outstanding long-term debt. Of this amount, \$437,659 is for compensated absences and retirement annuities, \$22,802,825 is for the net pension obligation and net OPEB liability and \$4,213,514 is for bonds and lease/purchases.

Table V Long-Term Debt at June 30

	2022	2021
Limited tax school building bonds, series 2012 State aid refunding certificates of indebtedness,	\$ 388,027	\$ 435,660
series 2020	3,822,301	3,999,654
Lease/purchase, copiers	3,186	41,420
Compensated absences	158,136	182,993
Annuity payable	279,523	273,229
Net pension obligation - NDTFFR	19,416,308	28,910,805
Net pension obligation - NDPERS	3,239,095	10,063,902
Net OPEB liability	147,422	254,342
Total	\$ 27,453,998	\$ 44,162,005

For more detailed information on the District's debt, please refer to Note 8 of the basic financial statements.

FOR THE FUTURE

The Jamestown School District maintains a fairly stable enrollment. The District will be meeting with stakeholders which include, community members, teachers, administrators and board members to come up with a long-term plan for facilities to best meet the needs of the students of the District.

COMPONENT UNIT

Only summary information regarding a component unit appears in the District's financial statements. The component unit is the James Valley Career & Technology Center. The financial statement information is presented in a separate column in the District-wide Statement of Net Position and in the Statement of Activities. Additional information can be obtained from the separately issued financial statements available from the Business Manager of Jamestown Public School.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our parents, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's** finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives to provide the best possible education to all students enrolled in Jamestown Public Schools. Anyone who has questions about the information contained in this report or who is interested in receiving additional information is encouraged to contact the Business Manager of Jamestown Public Schools, 207 Second Avenue SE, Jamestown, ND 58401; phone 701-252-1950, fax 701-251-2011.

Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Component Units		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,706,686	\$ 648,907		
Certificates of deposit over three months and annuity Taxes receivable	2,303,312			
Due from county treasurer	247,480			
Due from other governmental agencies	178,064 3,436,747	225,723		
Inventories	31,300	223,123		
Capital assets	31,300			
Land and improvements not being depreciated	3,656,219	45,598		
		1,607,700		
Buildings and improvements	38,197,129			
Equipment and vehicles	9,903,532	466,766		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(25,898,761)	(1,764,328)		
Total Capital Assets	25,858,119	355,736		
Total Assets	42,761,708	1,230,366		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions - NDTFFR	2,611,399			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions - NDPERS	4,006,246			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	73,277			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,690,922			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 49,452,630	\$ 1,230,366		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 3,367,508	\$ 74,915		
Long-term liabilities	-,,	•,		
Due within one year				
Interest payable	34,871			
Bonds, capital leases	223,186			
Due in more than one year				
Bonds, capital leases	3,990,328			
Compensated absences and annuities	437,659	3,508		
Net pension obligation - NDTFFR	19,416,308			
Net pension obligation - NDPERS	3,239,095			
Net OPEB liability	147,422	***************************************		
Total Liabilities	30,856,377	78,423		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions - NDTFFR	8,097,169			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions - NDPERS	6,405,843			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	80,607			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	14,583,619			
Total Deferred limows of Resources	14,363,019			
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	21,644,605	355,736		
Restricted for:	21,01.,003	333,730		
Capital projects	900,614			
Operations	399,076			
Unrestricted	(18,931,661)	796,207		
Total Net Position	4,012,634	1,151,943		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 49,452,630	\$ 1,230,366		

Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2022

) Revenue n Net Assets t	•1	Component	Units	⇔				204,110	484 484 204,594	947,349	\$ 1,151,943
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government		Governmental	Activities	\$ (11,801,738) 2,522,179 (3,109,712) (348,151)	(784,112) (656,763) (2,202,989) (243,969) (952,127) (674,487) (10,065)	(1,834,039) 296,853 (70,785)	(19,869,905)		5,310,434 2,363,312 122,313 19,327,858 576,013 7,830,663	(3,818,029)	\$ 4,012,634
me 30, 2022 Program Revenue	Operating	Grants and	Contributions	\$ 6,869,705 1,727,830 90,670	855,732	1,667,934	11,211,871	734,557 \$ 734,557	sses oses ns		
rear Eineeu June Ju, 2022 Program Re	C	Charges for	Services	\$ 151,583	294,042	118,031	563,656	678,561 \$ 678,561	Fares: Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for specific purposes Other taxes State aid not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues Change in net position	ning of year	year
ž			Expenses	\$ 11,953,321 4,347,526 4,837,542 438,821	784,112 656,763 2,202,989 538,011 1,807,859 674,487 10,065	1,834,039 1,489,112 70,785	31,645,432	1,209,008		Net position - beginning of year	Net position - end of year
			Functions/Programs Primary government Instruction	Regular Federal Special education Vocational education	Instructional support services Administration services Administration and maintenance of plant Student transportation Extracurricular activities Other support services Community services	Tuition and assessments Food service Interest on long-term debt	Total Governmental Activities	Component Units James Valley Total Component Units			

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1
Jamestown, North Dakota
BALANCE SHEET
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

Total al Governmental Funds	141 \$ 9,480,091 100 2,173,312 2,47,480 178,064 3,436,747 00 31,300	41 \$ 15,546,994	1 \$ 920,272 ,000 2,118,746 ,001 3,039,018	238,451	00 31,300 1,215,121 64 987,764 10,035,340 40 12,269,525 41 \$ 15,546,994
Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,297,841 90,000 31,300	\$ 1,419,141	\$ 1,0		31,300 399,076 987,764 1,418,140 \$ 1,419,141
Capital Projects	\$ 1,641,732 40,000 30,408 22,471	\$ 1,734,611	\$ 889,287	29,279	816,045 816,045 \$ 1,734,611
Debt Service	↔	8	\$		←
General Fund	\$ 6,540,518 2,043,312 217,072 155,593 3,436,747	\$ 12,393,242	\$ 30,984 2,117,746 2,148,730	209,172	10,035,340 10,035,340 \$ 12,393,242
	ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit over three months Taxes receivable, net Due from county treasurer Receivable from other governments Inventories	Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUNDS BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Total Liabilities	Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue	Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances

Jamestown, North Dakota

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 12,269,525
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	25,858,119
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	238,451
Net OPEB liability and OPEB related deferred: outflows and inflows of resources are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These amounts consist of:	
Net OPEB liability	(147,422)
Deferred outflows of resources	73,277
Deferred inflows of resources	(80,607)
Net NDTFFR pension liability and pension related deferred: outflows and inflows of resources are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These amounts consist of:	
Net pension liability - NDTFFR	(19,416,308)
Deferred outflows of resources - NDTFFR	2,611,399
Deferred inflows of resources - NDTFFR	(8,097,169)
Net NDPERS pension liability and pension related deferred: outflows and inflows	
of resources are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the	
funds. These amounts consist of:	
Net pension liability - NDPERS	(3,239,095)
Deferred outflows of resources - NDPERS	4,006,246
Deferred inflows of resources - NDPERS	(6,405,843)
The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the	
Statement of Net Position.	1,028,105
Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are	
included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	 (4,686,044)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	 4,012,634

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1
Jamestown, North Dakota
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Funds	2 \$ 9,308,577 104,293 6 20,556,118 9 9,376,617 6 6,933 6,933 3 39,403,135	21 4 4 1 2 1	1,834,040 1,512,029 258,234 77,653 1,584,150 2 35,156,262	4,246,873	$ \begin{array}{c} 345,887 \\ \hline 0) & (595,887) \\ \hline 0 & (250,000) \end{array} $	3,996,873 9 8,272,652 6 12,260,575
Other Governmental Funds	\$ 978,552 6,836 1,656,309 356 356	838,753	1,512,029	291,271	(10,000)	1,136,869
Capital Projects	\$ 963,702	605,764	1,584,150	(1,226,208)	(60,968)	(1,287,176) 2,103,221
Debt Service	69		258,234 77,653 335,887	(335,887)	335,887	6
General Fund	\$ 7,366,323 104,293 20,549,282 7,720,308 6,573 50,597 35,797,376	12,290,150 4,549,927 4,958,493 455,211 1,536,069 654,963 1,919,856 606,009 991,708 473,188 10,065	1,834,040	5,517,697	10,000 (524,919) (514,919)	5,002,778 5,032,562
	REVENUES Local sources County sources State sources Federal sources Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues	EXPENDITURES Instruction Regular Rederal Special education Vocational education Support Services Instructional support services Administration services Operation and maintenance of plant Student transportation Extracurricular activities Other support services Community services	Tuition and assessment Food service Debt Service: Principal Interest and other charges Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from issue of bonds Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses	Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning

Jamestown, North Dakota RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 3,996,873
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	
This is the amount by which capital outlay \$2,550,977 exceeded depreciation \$1,333,956 in the current period.	1,217,021
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	67,956
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long term liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. The liability is accrued in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds.	258,234
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in	0.055
governmental funds.	24,857
Amortization of bond premium	576
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, such as deferred pension expense.	1,477,029
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self insured health insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	788,117
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 7,830,663

Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,226,595
Certificates of deposit over three months	130,000
Total assets	1,356,595
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accrued health benefits	328,490
Total liabilities	328,490
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	1,028,105
Total net position	\$ 1,028,105

Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Internal Servic Funds	e
REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$ 2,674,9	99
Miscellaneous	1,040,9	
Total operating revenues	3,715,9	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Insurance claims and expenses	3,177,8	75
Total Operating Expenses	3,177,8	
Operating Income	538,1	05
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest and investment revenue		13
Total non-operating revenue		13
Transfer in	250,0	00
Change in net position	788,1	18
Total net position - beginning	239,9	87
Total net position - ending	\$ 1,028,1	05

Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Int	ernal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Received from assessments made to other funds and other		
income	\$	3,715,980
Transfer from general fund		250,000
Payments made for health insurance claims and stop		
loss premiums		(3,314,510)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		651,470
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on investments		13
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		13
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		651,483
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning of the year		575,112
End of the year	\$	1,226,595
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income	\$	538,105
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		,
provdied by operating activities		
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Transfer in		250,000
Accrued health benefits		(136,635)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_\$	651,470

Jamestown, North Dakota NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 is organized under the laws of the State of North Dakota. It provides a system of free public schools for all children of legal age residing within the district. It is governed by an elected nine-member school board and operates grades K through 12.

B. Reporting Entity

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

The James Valley Career and Technology Center is a legally separate entity organized to provide vocational courses to participating school districts. It is governed by **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**'s elected board with the assistance of an appointed advisory board.

The component unit condensed financial information reflects this discretely presented unit. Complete financial statements for the individual component unit may be obtained at the administrative offices of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**.

Governmental accounting standards require reasonable separation between the primary government (including its blended component units) and its discretely presented component units, both in the financial statements and in the related notes and required supplementary information. Because the discretely presented component units, although legally separate, have been and are operated as if each is part of the primary government, there are limited instances where special note references or separation will be required. If no separate note reference or categorization is made, the user should assume that information presented is equally applicable to the District and to its component units.

Condensed Component Unit Financial Statements

	(James Valley Career & Technology	
		Center	
ASSETS			
Current assets	\$	874,630	
Capital assets		355,736	
Total Assets		1,230,366	

B. Reporting Entity - continued

LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	74,915
Long-term liabilities	3,508
Total Liabilities	 78,423
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	355,736
Unrestricted	796,207
Total Net Position	\$ 1,151,943
Expenses	
Instructional	\$ (548,714)
Support	(660,294)
Program revenues	
Charges for services	678,561
Operating grants and contributions	 734,557
Net Program Revenue (Expense)	204,110
General revenues	
Investment earnings	 484
Change in Net Position	204,594
Net Position - Beginning	 947,349
Net Position - Ending	\$ 1,151,943

C. Basis of Presentation

District - Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. The District does not report any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues included 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1
Jamestown, North Dakota

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Basis of Presentation - continued

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of that individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.
- 3. In addition, any other governmental fund that the District believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are utilized to account for most of the District's governmental functions. The District's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund

The General Fund is the operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds provides services to other funds in the District on a cost reimbursement basis. Because the District's internal service fund primarily services governmental functions, it is included within the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements.

C. Basis of Presentation - continued

Major Funds

The District reports the following major governmental funds:
General Fund
Debt Service Fund

Capital Projects Fund

Non-Major Funds

The District reports the following non-major funds:

Special Revenue Funds Special Reserve Fund School Lunch Fund Activity Fund

Proprietary Funds

The District reports the following proprietary funds:
Internal Service Funds
Health Insurance Fund

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. The Districts internal service fund also used the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental funds follow the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of its fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest not matured on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property tax revenue is recorded as revenue in the year the tax is levied in the government-wide financial statements. Property tax revenues in the governmental funds are recorded when it becomes available.

Property taxes are levied and certified no later than October 10 and property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are due and payable at that time. The first installment of taxes becomes delinquent March 1 and the second installment on October 15. The taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and remitted to the District on a monthly basis.

D. Basis of Accounting - continued

State general and categorical aids and other entitlements are recognized as revenue in the period the District is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Expenditure-driven programs currently reimbursable are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the District which are not available are recorded as receivables and deferred revenue. Amounts received prior to the entitlement period are also recorded as deferred revenue.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, expenditure-driven grant programs, public charges for services, and investment income.

Charges for services provided by other educational agencies and private parties are recognized as revenue when services are provided. Charges for special educational services are not reduced by anticipated state special education aid entitlements.

For governmental fund financial statements, deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenue also arises when resources are received before the district has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service fund is charges to other funds for health insurance premiums. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of claims and related administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Position and Statement of Activities governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. Under this concept, revenues and expenses are matched using the accrual basis of accounting.

The measurement focus of all governmental funds is the flow of current financial resources concept. Under this concept, sources and uses of financial resources, including capital outlays, debt proceeds, and debt retirements are reflected in operations. Resources not available to finance expenditures and commitments of the current period are recognized as deferred revenue or a reservation of fund equity.

Liabilities for claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension contributions that will not be currently liquidated using expendable available financial resources are included as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements but are excluded from the governmental fund financial statements. The related expenditures are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements when the liabilities are liquidated.

F. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

G. Deposits

The District maintains deposits at depository banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System. North Dakota laws require all public deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentality's, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies, or instrumentality's, or by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body, and bonds issued by any other state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board.

Although the James Valley Career & Technology Center is operated as a separate entity from JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, the agreements with the financial institutions stipulate that both entities will be treated as one entity for purposes of Federal Deposit Insurance. Therefore, although a separate audit report has been prepared for the James Valley Career & Technology Center, the funds on deposit for this entity is included with the District funds in the summary of protection in this report.

Interest rate risk. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. North Dakota state statute authorizes school districts to invest their surplus funds in:

- 1. Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- 2. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of a type listed above.
- 3. Certificates of deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the state.
- 4. Obligations of the state.

The District has no cash and cash equivalents other than demand and time deposits.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the District's deposits were fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the financial institutions in the District's name. (See Note 2)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

H. Cash Flow Information

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

I. Inventories

Governmental fund inventories are recorded at cost based on the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method using the consumption method of accounting and consist of food, commodities and other supplies.

J. Capital Assets

District-Wide Statements

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported as assets in the fund financial statements. All capital assets are recorded at cost (or estimated historical cost). The assets are updated for additions and retirements during the District's fiscal year. The District has established a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value at the date received. The District does not have any infrastructure assets. Improvements that significantly extend the useful life of the asset are also capitalized.

The District's land and construction in progress are capitalized but are not depreciated. All the remaining capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The District has established the following useful lives:

Building and improvements Equipment and vehicles

50 years 5 - 20 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

K. Long-Term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds, lease/purchase agreements and compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources. The payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

L. Compensated Absences

The District allows teachers/ administrators to accumulate unused sick leave up to 135 days. Upon termination, no days of accumulated sick leave are paid to employees. Classified staff that are considered full time, i.e., work 12 months, earn approximately 10 vacation days per year. In addition, certified administrative staff who work 12 months, earn 15 vacation days per year. They have up to the end of the next school year to use it. Teachers are entitled to three days of paid personal leave per year accumulative to five paid days. Unused personal leave days shall be compensated at the current substitute teacher pay daily rate. Administrative staff earn four days of personal leave accumulative to six days. Unused personal leave days shall be compensated at \$200 per day. The amount to be paid from current resources is not significant. Upon leaving employment, personal leave and vacation days are paid out at the current rate of pay.

M. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisitions, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- 2. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.
- 3. Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. These classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as, inventories and prepaid items.

Restricted - consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - consists of amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action of the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. These constraints are established by Resolution of the School Board.

M. Equity Classifications - continued

Assigned - consists of amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority.

Unassigned - is the residual classification for the General Fund and also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

The District uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement (NDTFFR) and additions to/deductions from NDTFFR's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDTFFR. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For the purposes of measuring the net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from the NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents/Certificates of Deposit over Three Months

The following summary presents the amount of the District's deposits which are fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or its agent in the District's name (category 1), those deposits which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent in the District's name (category 2), and those deposits which are not collateralized (category 3) at June 30, 2022.

Jamestown, North Dakota NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents/Certificates of Deposit over Three Months - continued

Cash and cash equivalents/certificates of deposit over three months by balance sheet			Bank	Book
accounts	Category 1	Category 2	Balance	Balance
Governmental activities				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,008,566	\$10,362,498	\$ 11,371,064	\$ 10,705,564
Certificates of deposit over three months		2,023,686	2,023,686	2,023,686
Component units				
Cash and cash equivalents	280,503	381,025	661,528	648,607
Total	\$1,289,069	\$12,767,209	\$ 14,056,278	\$ 13,377,857
		Bank		
Cash and cash equivalents by entity		Balance	Book Balan	ice_
Jamestown Public School District No. 1				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$11,372,589	\$ 10,705,5	64
Certificates of deposit over three me	onths	2,023,686	2,023,6	86
Less cash on hand		(1,225)		
Total Jamestown Public School		13,395,050	12,729,2	50
James Valley Career and Technology C	enter			
Cash and cash equivalents		661,528	648,6	07
Less cash on hand		(300)	•	
Total James Valley		661,228	648,6	07
Total Under Custody of the District		\$ 14,056,278	\$ 13,377,8	

3. Annuity

Investments consist of a deferred annuity and a whole life insurance plan purchased at a cost of \$114,582. The investment is payable to a former employee.

4. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments consists of the following as of June 30, 2022:

Primary Government	
General Fund	
Local funds	
James River	\$ 20,765
State funds	
ND Career & tech	10,388
ND DPI	3,613
Behavior Health grant	133,714
Federal funds	
Title I	651,431
Title II A	109,168
Title IV	102,406
Striving readers	3,388
IDEA B	340,063

4. Due from Other Governments - continued

IDEA B preschool		17,493
IDEA B ARP		80,965
CLSD grant		149,740
ESSR II		579,302
ESSER III		1,234,311
Total General Fund	\$	3,436,747
Total Jamestown Public School		3,436,747
Component Units		
James Valley Career & Technology Center		
Local funds		
Jamestown School	\$	6,621
State funds Vocational aid		210 102
	ф.	219,102
Total James Valley Career & Technology Center		225,723
Total Reporting Entity	\$_	3,662,470
5. Interfund Balances and Activity		
Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2022, consist of the following:		
General fund to Debt Service for bond service costs	\$	236,685
General fund to Debt Service for copier lease payments		38,234
General fund to Internal Service fund for health insurance		250,000
Capital Projects fund to Debt Service for bond service costs		60,968
General fund from Special Revenue for School Lunch for services		10,000
		595,887

6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Primary Government Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	Jui	Balance ne 30, 2021	 Additions	Deletions	_Ju	Balance ine 30, 2022
Land and improvements Construction in progress	\$	1,896,288	218,202 1,541,729	\$	\$	2,114,490 1,541,729
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		1,896,288	 1,759,931			3,656,219

6. Capital Assets - continue	ed
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o. Capital Assets - continued				
	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	38,197,129			38,197,129
Equipment and vehicles	9,555,091	791,046	442,605	9,903,532
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	47,752,220	791,046	442,605	48,100,661
Total Capital Assets	49,648,508	2,550,977	442,605	51,756,880
Less Accumulated Depreciation for	***************************************			
Buildings and improvements	17,476,361	714,911		18,191,272
Equipment and vehicles	7,531,049	619,045	442,605	7,707,489
Total Accumulated Depreciation	25,007,410	1,333,956	442,605	25,898,761
Total Fredamaiated Depresiation	23,007,410	1,555,750	442,003	23,070,701
Net Capital Assets	\$ 24,641,098	\$ 1,217,021	\$	\$ 25,858,119
•				
Discretely Presented Component Units				
Activity for James Valley Career and Techn	ology Center for the	vear ended June	30 2022 was as	follows:
receivity for sames variety career and recini	Balance	year ended June .	50, 2022, was as	Balance
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	
Canital Assata Not Paina Dangaistad	Julie 30, 2021	Additions	Defetions	June 30, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	Φ 45.500	c	φ	Φ 4 <i>5</i> .500
Land and improvements	\$ 45,598	\$	_\$	\$ 45,598
Control A to B to B				
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	1,607,700			1,607,700
Equipment and vehicles	376,656	98,785	8,675	466,766
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,984,356	98,785	8,675	2,074,466
m . I a . t. I .				
Total Capital Assets	2,029,954	98,785	8,675	2,120,064
The annual of the control				
Less accumulated depreciation	1 000 000	22.47.4		
Buildings and improvements	1,382,622	32,154		1,414,776
Equipment and vehicles	323,687	34,540	8,675	349,552
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,706,309	66,694	8,675	1,764,328
N. G. S. I.A.			_	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 323,645	\$ 32,091	\$	\$ 355,736
Primary Government				
Instruction				
Regular			\$	1,049,413
Support				
Administrative services				24,172
Operation and maintenance				59,072
Other				201,299
Total Primary Government				1,333,956
•			_	-,,
Component Units				
James Valley				66,694
Total Depreciation Expense				
Total Depreciation Expense	21		<u> </u>	1,400,030

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The District currently has deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits.

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The District currently has deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits. The District has unavailable revenue from a variety of resources in the governmental funds. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

8. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Balance June 30, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2022	Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds and Lease/Purchase					
Limited tax school building bonds,					
Series 2012	\$ 440,000	\$	\$ 50,000	\$ 390,000	\$ 50,000
Bond discount	(4,340)		(2,367)	(1,973)	
State aid refunding certificates of			, . ,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
indebtedness, Series 2020	3,920,000		170,000	3,750,000	170,000
Bond premium	79,654		7,353	72,301	
Lease/purchase, copiers	41,420		38,234	3,186	3,186
Total Bonds and Lease/Purchase	4,476,734		263,220	4,213,514	223,186
Other Liabilities					
Annuity payable	273,229	6,294		279,523	
Vested compensated absences	182,993	,	24,857	158,136	
Net pension obligation - NDPERS	10,063,902		6,824,807	3,239,095	
Net pension obligation - NDTFFR	28,910,805		9,494,497	19,416,308	
Net OPEB liability	254,342		106,920	147,422	
Total Other Liabilities	39,685,271	6,294	16,451,081	23,240,484	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$44,162,005	\$ 6,294	\$16,714,301	\$27,453,998	\$ 223,186

8. Long-Term Obligations - continued

	_	Balance 30, 2021	Increases	De	creases	 alance 30, 2022	Amounts Due Withi One Year
Discretely Presented Component Unit						 	
James Valley							
Other Liabilities							
Vested compensated absences	\$	3,806	\$	\$	298	\$ 3,508	\$

\$835,000 limited tax school building bonds, series 2012, dated April 18, 2012, due in annual installments of \$45,000 to \$60,000 starting August 1, 2013 to August 1, 2028 with interest at .65% to 3.0%.

\$3,920,000 state aid refunding certificates of indebtedness, series 2020, dated September 9, 2020, due in installments of \$170,000 to \$210,000 starting August 1, 2021 to August 1, 2040 with interest at 1.0% to 2.0%.

\$191,172 lease/purchase dated August 1, 2017, due in annual payments of \$38,234 starting August 1, 2017 through July 1, 2022.

The District has entered into a deferred compensation agreement with a former employee. The agreement calls for the payment of not less than \$144,000, to be paid in 120 equal monthly installments of \$1,200 beginning January 30, 2007. In order to satisfy this liability, the District has purchased a deferred annuity and whole life insurance plan at a cost of \$114,582.

Estimated payments of accumulated employee benefits and other commitments are not included in the following schedule.

Debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation debt are as follows:

Year		Principal	Interest		Total	
2023	\$	220,000	\$ 72,540	\$	292,540	
2024		225,000	67,932		292,932	
2025		230,000	63,218		293,218	
2026		235,000	58,210		293,210	
2027		235,000	52,960		287,960	
2028 - 2032		1,080,000	193,800		1,273,800	
2033 - 2037		1,030,000	122,718		1,152,718	
2038 - 2041	****	885,000	 35,320		920,320	
Totals	\$	4,140,000	\$ 666,698	\$	4,806,698	

The District leases equipment with a historical cost of \$191,172 and accumulated amortization of \$187,986 under capital lease arrangements. Future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

2023 \$ 3,186

9. North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement

The following brief description of NDTFFR is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the NDCC Chapter 15-39.1 for more complete information.

NDTFFR is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all North Dakota public teachers and certain other teachers who meet various membership requirements. NDTFFR provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the NDTFFR plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the NDTFFR benefits program is assigned to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board). The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and five members appointed by the Governor. The appointed members serve five-year terms which end on June 30 of alternate years. The appointed Board members must include two active teachers, one active school administrator, and two retired members. The NDTFFR Board submits any necessary or desirable changes in statutes relating to the administration of the fund, including benefit terms, to the Legislative Assembly for consideration. The Legislative Assembly has final authority for changes to benefit terms and contribution rates.

Pension Benefits

For purposes of determining pension benefits, members are classified within one of three categories. Tier 1 grandfathered and Tier 1 non-grandfathered members are those with service credit on file as of July 1, 2008. Tier 2 members are those newly employed and returning refunded members on or after July 1, 2008.

Tier 1 Grandfathered

A Tier 1 grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 85. NDTFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 6% per year for every year the member's retirement age is less than 65 years or the date as of which age plus service equal 85. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by NDTFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under NDTFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 1 Non-grandfathered

A Tier 1 non-grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. NDTFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially

9. North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement - continued

reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by NDTFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under NDTFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 2

A Tier 2 member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when five or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. NDTFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by NDTFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under NDTFFR are equal to the five highest annual salaries earned divided by 60 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death benefits may be paid to a member's designated beneficiary. If a member's death occurs before retirement, the benefit options available are determined by the member's vesting status prior to death. If a member's death occurs after retirement, the death benefit received by the beneficiary (if any) is based on the retirement plan the member selected at retirement.

An active member is eligible to receive disability benefits when: (a) a total disability lasting 12 months or more does not allow the continuation of teaching, (b) the member has accumulated five years of credited service in North Dakota, and (c) the Board of Trustees of NDTFFR has determined eligibility based on medical evidence. The amount of the disability benefit is computed by the retirement formula in NDCC Section 15-39.1-10 without consideration of age and uses the member's actual years of credited service. There is no actuarial reduction for reason of disability retirement.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDTFFR are set by NDCC Section 15-39.1-09. Every eligible teacher in the State of North Dakota is required to be a member of NDTFFR and is assessed at a rate of 11.75% of salary as defined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-04. Every governmental body employing a teacher must also pay into NDTFFR a sum equal to 12.75% of the teacher's salary. Member and employer contributions will be reduced to 7.75% each when the fund reaches 100% funded ratio on an actuarial basis.

9. North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement - continued

A vested member who terminates covered employment may elect a refund of contributions paid plus 6% interest or defer payment until eligible for pension benefits. A non-vested member who terminates covered employment must claim a refund of contributions paid before age 70½. Refunded members forfeit all service credits under NDTFFR. These service credits may be repurchased upon return to covered employment under certain circumstances, as defined by the NDCC.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$19,416,308 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating NDTFFR employers. At July 1, 2021, the District's proportion was 1.84275695% which was a decrease of .04621505% from its proportion measured as of July 1, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$99,360. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience		134,900	\$	818,837
Changes in assumptions		681,992		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments				5,689,258
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions				1,589,074
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,794,507		
Total	\$	2,611,399	\$	8,097,169

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,794,507 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (1,813,137)
2024	(1,554,952)
2025	(1,716,185)
2026	(2,014,920)
2027	(55,070)
Thereafter	(126,014)

9. North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement - continued

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases 3.80% to 14.80% varying by service, including inflation and productivity

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments None

For active and inactive members, mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Employee table, projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019. For healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on 104% of the PubT-2010 Retiree table for retirees and to 95% of the PubT-2010 Contingent Survivor table for beneficiaries with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019. For disability retirees, mortality rates were based on the PubNS-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Mortality table projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated March 19, 2020. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, funding actuarial valuation for NDTFFR.

The TFFR Board is responsible for establishing investment policy for the fund assets under the NDCC15-39.1-05.2. Benefit payments are projected to occur over a long period of time. This allows TFFR to adopt a long-term investment horizon and asset allocation policy for the management of fund assets. Asset allocation policy is critical because it defines the basic risk and return characteristics of the investment portfolio. Asset allocation targets are established using an asset-liability analysis designed to assist the Board in determining an acceptable volatility target for the fund and an optimal asset allocation policy mix. This asset-liability analysis considers both sides of the plan balance sheet, utilizing both quantitative and qualitative inputs, in order to estimate the potential impact of various asset class mixes on key measures of total plan risk, including the resulting estimated impact of funded status and contribution rates.

The long-term expected rate of return on TFFR investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the TFFR target asset allocation as of July 1, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equities	55%	6.9%
Global Fixed Income	26%	0.7%
Global Real Assets	18%	4.8%
Cash Equivalents	1%	-1.0%

9. North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement - continued

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2021, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, TFFR's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of July 1, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on TFFR investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percenage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% D	ecrease (6.25%)	rease (6.25%) Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	29,154,306	\$	19,416,308	\$	11,329,887

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDTFFR financial report. NDTFFR's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is located at www.nd.gov/rio/sib/publications/cafr/default.htm.

10. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system; one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc postretirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension

10. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System - continued

benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 was replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020, the 2.00% multiplier was replaced with a 1.75% multiplier. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition for disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of salaries and wages. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020, member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 8.26% of covered compensation.

Jamestown, North Dakota NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System - continued

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service - Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25

13 to 24 months of service - Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25

25 to 36 months of service - Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25

Longer than 36 months of service - Greater of four percent of monthly salary of \$25

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$3,239,095 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 01, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At July 01, 2021, the District's proportion was .310764 % which was a decrease of .009129% from its proportion measured as of July 1, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$498,620. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	rred Outflows f Resources	rred Inflows Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 55,922	\$ 330,594	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments		1,201,329	
Change of assumptions	3,585,049	4,674,155	
Changes in proportion and difference between employer			
contribution and proportionate share of contributions	99,348	199,765	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 265,927		
Total	\$ 4,006,246	\$ 6,405,843	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$265,927 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (395,747)
2024	(597,498)
2025	(479,493)
2026	(1,192,786)

Jamestown, North Dakota NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System - continued

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 3.5% to 17.75% including inflation Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the Sex-distinct Pub-2010 table for General Employees, with scaling based on actual experience. Respective corresponding tables were used for healthy retirees, disabled retirees, and active members. Mortality rates are projected from 2010 using MP-2019 scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	30%	6.00%
International Equity	21%	6.70%
Private Equity	7%	9.50%
Domestic Fixed Income	23%	0.73%
International Fixed Income	0%	0.00%
Global Real Assets	19%	4.77%
Cash Equivalents	0%	0.00%

Discount Rate. For NDPERS, GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the NDPERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

10. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System - continued

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%; the municipal bond rate is 1.92%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.0%.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current Discount						
	1% Decrease (6.00%)		Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)		
District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	5,151,249	\$	3,239,095	\$	1,646,926	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

11. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The following brief description of the NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDAC Chapter 71-06 for more complete information.

NDPERS OPEB plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, and the Judges retired under Chapter 27-17 of the North Dakota Century Code a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan based upon the member's years of credited service. Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. Effective August 1, 2019, the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long-term care plan premium expense. The Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit OPEB plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

OPEB Benefits

The employer contributions for the NDPERS, the HPRS and the Defined Contribution Plan is set by statute at 1.14% of covered compensation. The employer contribution for employees of the state board of career and technical education is 2.99% of covered compensation for a period of eight years ending October 1, 2015. Employees participating in the retirement plan as part-time/temporary members are required to contribute 1.14% of their covered compensation to the Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund. Employees purchasing previous service credit are also required to make an employee contribution to the Fund. The benefit amount applied each year is shown as "prefunded credit applied" on the Statement of Changes in Plan

11. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - continued

Net Position for the OPEB trust funds. Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There were no other benefit changes during the year.

Retiree health insurance credit benefits and death and disability benefits are set by statute. There are no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Employees who are receiving monthly retirement benefits from the NDPERS, the HPRS, the Defined Contribution Plan, the Chapter 27-17 judges or an employee receiving disability benefits, or the spouse of a deceased annuitant receiving a surviving spouse benefit or if the member selected a joint and survivor option are eligible to receive a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan.

Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. Effective August 1, 2019, the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long-term care plan premium expense. The benefits are equal to \$5.00 for each of the employee's, or deceased employee's years of credited service not to exceed the premium in effect for the selected coverage. The retiree health insurance credit is also available for early retirement with reduced benefits.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$147,422 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the OPEB plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating OPEB employers. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was .265065 % which is a decrease of .037292% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expenses of \$16,672. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	8,466	\$	4,041
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments				50,510
Change of assumptions		22,830		
Changes in proportion and difference between employer contribution and proportionate share of				
contributions		10,746		26,056
District contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		31,235		
Total	\$	73,277	\$	80,607

11. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - continued

\$31,235 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB's will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (6,525)
2024	(6,889)
2025	(9,271)
2026	(14,779)
2027	(1,101)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases Not applicable

Investment rate of return 6.50%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the Mortality Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 103% for males and 101% for females. Pub-1020 Disabled Retiree Mortality table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 117% for males and 112% for females. Pub-2010 Employee Mortality table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 92% for both males and females. Mortality rates are projected from 2010 using MP-2019 scale.

The long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for the RHIC fund was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of RHIC investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return, for each major asset class included in the RHIC's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Domestic Equities	33%	5.85%
Small Cap Domestic Equities	6%	6.75%
Domestic Fixed Income	40%	0.50%
International Equities	21%	6.25%

11. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - continued

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member and statutory rates described in this report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current RHIC members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the RHIC fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on RHIC investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plans as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the RHIC net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) that the current rate:

	_1% De	ecrease (5.50%)	Rate (6.50%)		1% Increase (7.50%)	
District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	218,646	\$	147,422	\$	87,156

12. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets: errors and omissions; injuries to employees; health care of its employees and natural disasters. The District is self-insured for employee health insurance. The District has established a separate fund to account for this activity: Health Insurance. Each participating fund makes payments to the health insurance fund. Such payments are displayed on the financial statements as revenues and expenditures/expenses to the extent that the charge to the other funds is based on the actual expenses of the funds plus an additional amount for catastrophic losses. Payments in excess of these amounts, if any, are reported as operating transfers.

The District has contracted with third party administrators (TPAs) to administer the employee health insurance programs and to review and process claims. In addition, the District has contracted with third party carriers for specific and aggregate stop loss coverage to limit the District's exposure to losses. The specific and aggregate stop loss coverage is as follows:

Health Insurance - The District is self-insured for \$75,000 per individual per year.

Additionally, commercial insurance covers claims in excess of an aggregate amount for the District (which is determined annually based upon the District's past claim experience) up to 120% of expected claims per plan year. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in the last three years. All funds of the District participate in the program and make payments to the Group Health Insurance Fund based on individual employee premiums.

The unpaid claims liability of \$328,490 for 2022 and \$465,125 for 2021 has been accrued since the District reports on the modified accrual basis. The District currently does not discount its unpaid claims liabilities.

12. Risk Management - continued

A Reconciliation of Unpaid Claims Liabilities is shown below:

	2022	2021
Reconciliation of Unpaid Claims Liabilities		
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at beginning		
of year	\$ 465,125	\$ 334,095
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expense		
Provision for insured events of the current year	2,916,348	3,811,085
Claim and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured		
events of the current year	(3,052,983)	(3,680,055)
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at end of year	\$ 328,490	\$ 465,125

The District's risk for liability coverage, real and personal property, is covered by premiums paid to commercial carriers. The District's risk for worker's compensation is covered by premiums paid to the North Dakota Workforce Safety & Insurance. The Bureau was created by the Legislature of the State of North Dakota. There has been no major reduction in insurance coverage and settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage for the past three years.

13. Contingencies

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with items and conditions specified in the grant agreements, and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. The District's management believes it has complied with all applicable grant provisions. In the opinion of management, any possible disallowed claim would not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District as of June 30, 2022.

14. Governmental Activities Net Position

Governmental activities net position reported on the Government Wide Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2022 include the following:

Governmental Activities

Net investment in capital assets	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 25,858,119
Less: related long-term debt outstanding	(4,213,514)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	 21,644,605
Restricted	
Capital projects	900,614
Operations	 399,076
Total Restricted	 1,299,690
Unrestricted	(18,931,661)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 4,012,634

15. Governmental Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2022, include the following:

	General	Capital Projects	School Lunch	Special Reserve	School Activities
Nonspendable Inventories	\$	\$	\$ 31,300	\$	\$
Restricted Capital projects Operations		816,045		399,076	
Assigned School lunch School activities			555,125		432,639
Unassigned	10,035,340 \$10,035,340	\$ 816,045	\$ 586,425	\$399,076	\$432,639

16. Construction Commitments

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 has signed construction contracts as of June 30, 2022 for an addition to the High School, Gussner elementary school improvements and Middle School renovations. The total amount of the maximum contracts is \$6,788,307 and approximately \$1,045,135 has been spent leaving approximately \$5,743,172 funds still committed.

17. Subsequent Event

The original Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards did not include the Child Nutrition Cluster as a major program. Additional procedures were performed and the reissued schedule includes the Child Nutrition Cluster as a major program.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Jamestown, North Dakota BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - Budget and Actual General Fund Year ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget
Sallinathad	Original	Final		
KEVEINUES Local sources County sources	\$ 7,425,313 104,205	\$ 7,415,313 104,205	\$ 7,366,323	\$ (48,990)
State sources Federal sources	20,916,316	21,075,449	20,549,282	(526,167)
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	6,573	1,573
Total Revenues	34,567,688	36,924,181	35,797,376	(1,126,805)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction Regular	15,265,713	12.553.520	12.290.150	263,370
Federal	1,759,896	5,109,458	4,549,927	559,531
Special education	5,338,895	5,388,460	4,958,493	429,967
Vocational education	464,535	464,535	455,211	9,324
Support servcies	,		4	
Instructional support services	1,464,353	1,557,808	1,536,069	21,739
Administrative services	712,831	710,657	654,963	55,694
Operation and maintenance of plant	2,012,460	2,012,460	1,919,856	92,604
Student transportation	587,300	655,298	600,909	49,289
Extracurricular activities	665,469	664,569	991,708	(327,139)
Other support services	479,885	486,766	473,188	13,578
Community services			10,065	(10,065)
Tuition and assessment	2,055,720	1,987,722	1,834,040	153,682
Total Expenditures	30,807,057	31,591,253	30,279,679	1,311,574
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	3,760,631	5,332,928	5,517,697	184,769
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		10,000	10,000	
Transfer out	(3,760,630)	(1,456,435)	(524,919)	931,516
Total other financing sources and uses	(3,760,630)	(1,446,435)	(514,919)	931,516
Net change in fund balances	1	3,886,493		1,116,285
r und balances - Deginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 5,032,563	\$ 8,919,055	\$ 10,035,340	\$ 1,116,285

Jamestown, North Dakota
NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Budget and Actual (with Variance)
General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note A - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. The Superintendent in consultation with the Business Manager prepares the District budget on the cash basis of accounting. In June, the Superintendent recommends that the School Board accept the budget. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. For budgetary purposes, property tax revenues and state and federal aid are recognized on the cash basis. The budget includes the general fund, the school lunch fund, the special reserve fund (special revenue), the capital projects fund, the debt service fund and the health insurance fund (proprietary).
- 2. The School Board reviews the budget, may make revisions and approves it on or before August 10. The draft budget must be filed with the county auditor by August 10th.
- 3. The budget may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared except no amendment changing the taxes levied can be made after October 10.
- 4. The balance of each appropriation becomes a part of the unappropriated balance at year-end.

Jamestown, North Dakota SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years* JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

	2022	2	2021	2020	2019		2017	2016	2015	
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.310764%	0	0.319893%	31.313100%	0.324236%	0.309901%	0.332878%	0.309690% 0.323482%	0.323482%	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,239,095	\$	10,063,902	\$ 3,670,122	\$ 5,471,836	\$ 4,981,126	\$ 3,244,221	\$ 2,105,839	\$ 2,053,209	
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 3,519,067	€	3,528,802	\$ 3,257,099	\$ 3,330,930	\$ 3,163,605	\$ 3,354,623	\$ 2,758,958	\$ 2,724,949	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	92.04%		285.19%	112.68%	164.27%	157.45%	96.71%	76.33%	75.35%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.26%		48.91%	71.66%	62.80%	86:19	70.46%	77.15%	77.70%	
*Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015										

^{*}Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	(1	2022		2021	7	020	. ,	5019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contributions	ss.	259,515	6 9	249,870	69	37,135	∽	245,337	249,870 \$ 237,135 \$ 245,337 \$ 229,400 \$ 242,869 \$ 209,565 \$ 194,016	\$ 242,869	\$ 209,565	\$ 194,016
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	· •	(260,083)	69	(273,958)	\$	236,420)	۶۹	(234,304)	(273,958) \$ (236,420) \$ (234,304) \$ (240,790) \$ (226,186) \$ (211,422) \$ (194,016)	\$ (226,186)	\$ (211,422)	\$ (194,016)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	€	(568)	69	(24,088)	6/3	715	€4	11,033	(24,088) \$ 715 \$ 11,033 \$ (11,390) \$ 16,683 \$ (1,857) \$	\$ 16,683	\$ (1,857)	∽
Employer's covered-employee payroll	& 3,	\$ 3,519,067	69	3,528,802	3,2	57,099	€ \$	330,930	3,528,802 \$ 3,257,099 \$ 3,330,930 \$ 3,163,605 \$ 3,354,623 \$ 2,758,958 \$ 2,724,949	\$ 3,354,623	\$ 2,758,958	\$ 2,724,949
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.39%		7.76%		7.26%		7.03%	7.61%	6.74%	7.66%	7.12%

^{*}Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

Jamestown, North Dakota NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2022

ND Public Employees Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms

The interest rate earned on member contributions decreased from 7.00 percent to 6.50 percent effective January 1, 2021 (based on the adopted decrease in the investment return assumption). New Main System members who are hired on or after January 1, 2020, will have a benefit multiplier of 1.75 percent (compared to the current benefit multiplier of 2.00 percent). The fixed employer contribution for new members of the Main System increased from 7.12 percent to 8.26 percent. For members who terminate after December 31, 2019, final average salary is the higher of the final average salary calculated on December 31, 2019, or the average salary earned in the three highest periods of twelve consecutive months employed during the last 180 months of employment. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

Changes of assumptions

All actuarial assumptions and the actuarial cost method are unchanged from the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

Jamestown, North Dakota

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY

ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability	2022 0.265065%	2021 0.302357%	2020 0.298192%	2019 0.304412%	2018 0.292428%
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 147,422	\$ 254,342	\$ 234,444	\$ 239,745	\$ 231,314
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 2,889,887	\$ 3,446,782	\$ 3,257,099	\$ 3,330,930	\$ 3,163,605
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	5.10%	7.38%	7.20%	7.20%	7.31%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	76.63%	63.38%	63.13%	61.89%	59.78%

^{*}Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2018.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

Jamestown, North Dakota

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2022	 2021		2020		2019		2018
Statutorily required contributions	\$	34,752	\$ 40,492	\$	37,880	\$	39,070	\$	36,775
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	\$	(35,403)	\$ (43,478)	\$	(37,854)	\$	(37,515)	\$	(38,553)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(651)	\$ (2,986)	\$	26	\$	1,555	\$	(1,778)
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2	2,889,887	\$ 3,446,782	\$:	3,257,099	\$ 3	3,330,930	\$ 3	3,163,605
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1.23%	1.26%		1.16%		1.13%		1.22%

^{*}Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2018.

Jamestown, North Dakota NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2022

ND Public Employees Retirement System - OPEB

Changes of benefit terms

Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

Changes of assumptions

All actuarial assumptions and the actuarial cost method are unchanged from the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

Jamestown, North Dakota SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY ND Teachers' Fund for Retirement Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018			2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	1.842757%	1.888973%	1.927095%	1.969044%		1.996599%	2.012947%	1	2.088696% 2.170102%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 19,416,308	\$ 28,910,805	\$ 26,540,970	\$ 26,244,575	64	\$ 27,423,798	\$ 29,490,845	\$ 27,317,119 \$ 22,738,822	\$ 22,738,822
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 14,202,120	\$ 13,783,091	\$ 13,519,117	\$ 13,385,750	6	13,476,470	\$ 13,078,614	\$ 12,847,669	\$ 12,587,748
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	136.71%	209.76%	196.32%	196.06%		203.49%	225.49%	212.62%	180.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.70%	63.40%	65.50%	65.50%		63.20%	59.20%	62.10%	%09'99
*Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.									

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS ND Teachers' Fund for Retirement Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 1,794,507	\$ 1,810,772 \$	\$ 1,757,345	\$ 1,757,345 \$ 1,723,668	•	1,718,250	\$ 1,667,524	\$ 1,718,250 \$ 1,667,524 \$ 1,637,999 \$ 1,353,170	\$ 1,353,170
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	\$ (1,794,507)	\$ (1,810,772)	\$ (1,810,772) \$ (1,757,345) \$ (1,723,668) \$ (1,718,250) \$ (1,667,524) \$ (1,637,999) \$ (1,353,170)	\$ (1,723,668)	69	(1,718,250)	\$ (1,667,524)	\$ (1,637,999)	\$ (1,353,170)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	69	↔	€9	€	69		₩.	€9	69
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,202,120	\$ 13,783,091	\$ 13,519,117	\$ 13,385,750		13,476,470	\$ 13,078,614	\$ 13,476,470 \$ 13,078,614 \$ 12,847,669 \$ 12,587,748	\$ 12,587,748
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.64%	13.14%	13.00%	12.88%		12.75%	12.75%	12.75%	10.75%

^{*}Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

Jamestown, North Dakota NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2022

ND Teachers Fund for Retirement

Changes of assumptions. Amounts reported in 2021 and later reflect the following actuarial assumption changes based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated March 19, 2020.

- Investment return assumption lowered from 7.75% to 7.25%;
- Inflation assumption lowered from 2.75% to 2.30%;
- Individual salary increases were lowered;
- Rates of turnover, retirement and disability were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience;
- The post-retirement healthy mortality table was updated to 104% of the PubT-2010 Retiree table for retirees and to 95% of the PubT-2010 Contingent Survivor table for beneficiaries, both projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019; and
- The disabled mortality was updated to the PubNS-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Mortality table projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019; and
- The pre-retirement mortality table was updated to the PubT-2010 Employee Table projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019.

Amounts reported in 2016-2020 reflect the following actuarial assumption changes based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015.

- Investment return assumption lowered from 8% to 7.75%.
- Inflation assumption lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- Total salary scale rates lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation.
- Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS June 30, 2022

Greg Allen President

Heidi Larson Vice-President

Roger Haut Board Member

Melissa Gleason Board Member

Diane Hanson Board Member

Jason Rohr Board Member

Robert Toso Board Member

Gayle Nelson Board Member

Aaron Roberts Board Member

Dr. Robert Lech Superintendent

Sally Ost Business Manager

Schauer & Associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

Jamestown, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**'s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we considered to be a significant deficiency. (2022-001)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS - continued 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Schauer & Associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jamestown, North Dakota December 7, 2022

Schauer & Associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

School Board

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

Jamestown, North Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1** complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**'s federal programs.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE - continued

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risk. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's
 compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other
 procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE - continued

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

SCHAUER & ASSOCIATES, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Schame ; amount, P.C.

Jamestown, North Dakota December 7, 2022

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - continued Year Ended June 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Grant Title	Federal CFDA#	Pass-through Grantor Numbers	Expenditures
Jamestown Public School District No. 1	CIDA#	Granioi Numbers	Expellultures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through ND Department of Public Instruction			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	F10553	\$ 212,269
National School Lunch - cash	10.555	F10555	1,268,933
National School Lunch - commodities ***	10.555	F10555	115,100
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	F10559	5,114
Total Child Nutrition Cluster **	. 0.00	11000	1,601,416
			1,001,410
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	F10560	5,478
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	F10582	48,801
State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer			. 0,001
Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	F10649	614
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture		2 200 17	1,656,309
			1,030,309
U.S. Department of Education Passed through ND Department of Public Instruction			
Title I - Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	F84010	699,905
Thic I - Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	r 0 4010	099,903
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	F84027A	833,110
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	F84173A	17,493
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			850,603
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	F84367	175,042
Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371	F84371C	447,980
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	F84424A	131,092
COVID - Education Stabilization Fund Under The		•	,
Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act**	84.425	F84425D, R & U	5,415,685
Total U. S. Department of Education		,	7,720,307
•			
Total Jamestown Public School District No. 1			\$ 9,376,616
James Valley Career and Technology Center			
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed through ND Department of Career & Technical Education			
Basic Grants to States	84.048	N/A	\$ 52.256
Total James Valley Career and Technology Center	04.040	IN/A	\$ 53,256
Total James Valley Caleel and Technology Center			\$ 53,256
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 9,429,872
** MAJOR PROGRAMS	The notes are	e an integral part of this	s statement.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - continued Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

A. Basis of Presentation/Accounting

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 and component units under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in financial position of the JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. School District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Subpart E of the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

C. Non-Cash Awards

The amount of commodities reported on the schedule is the value of the supplemental food program distributed by the School District during the year as priced by the North Dakota Department of Public Instruction.

D. Indirect Cost Rate

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements					
Type of Auditors' Report - Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified			Yes	X	_ No
considered to be material weakne		X	Yes		None reported
Noncompliance material to financial stat	ements noted?		Yes	X	_ No
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified	I that are not		Yes	X	_ No
considered to be material weakne		~	Yes	X	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on completederal programs - Unmodified	iance for major				
Any audit findings disclosed that are reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200			Yes	X	No
Identification of major programs <u>CFDA Number</u> 84.425			ization	Fund Un	der the Coronavirus
10.553, 10,555, 10.559	Child Nutrition (i Econo	mic Secu	inty Act
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type B programs:	een type A and			\$750,000)
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	Yes	·	_ No
Findings Related to the Financial Sta With Government Auditing Standards		ıre Requi	red to	be Repo	rted in Accordanc

В. e nment Auditing Standards

Finding 2022-001 Significant Deficiency – Financial Statement Preparation

Condition

Schauer & Associates, P.C. assists the School District's management in preparing financial statements that are presented, including note disclosure in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - continued Year Ended June 30, 2022

Criteria

An appropriate system of internal control requires that the School make a determination that financial statements and underlying general ledger accounts are properly stated in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Condition

The District's auditors prepared the financial statements, including all note disclosures as of June 30, 2022.

Cause

The District elected not to allocate resources for the preparation of the financial statements.

Effect

There is an increased risk of material misstatement of omission of material disclosures to the District's financial statements.

Recommendation

We recommend the District consider the additional risk of having the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures and consider preparing them in the future. As a compensating control, the District should establish an internal control policy to document the annual review of the financial statements and schedules and to review a financial statement disclosure checklist.

View of Responsible Officials

The Jamestown School Board has accepted the degree of risk associated with the District not preparing its own financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles due to the time and expense necessary to have staff prepare the statements prior to the annual audit.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit.

1. None

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, ND 58401 SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2022

Finding Number: 2021-001

Finding Title: Financial Statement Preparation

Summary of Condition: The Jamestown Public School District No. 1 does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of financial statements being audited.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: The School Board is aware of this condition. The Board will continue to request that Schauer & Associates, P.C. assist with the preparation of financial statements but will instruct District administration to provide all requested schedules.



Jamestown Public School District #1

DR. ROBERT LECH, SUPERINTENDENT 207 Second Avenue Southeast Jamestown, North Dakota 58401 (701) 252-1950 Fax (701) 251-2011

SALLY OST Business Manager Human Resources Director

JOE HEGLAND Curriculum and Professional Development

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN Year Ended June 30, 2022

Finding Number: 2022-001

Finding Title: Financial Statement Preparation

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action

Sally Ost, Business Manager

<u>Corrective Action Planned</u>: The School Board is aware of this condition. The Board will continue to request that Schauer & Associates, P.C. assist with preparation of the financial statements but will instruct the District Administration to provide all requested schedules.

Anticipated Completion Date: Not Applicable