AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

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## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY December 31, 2021

Jordan Krump President

Joline O'Hara Vice President

Michelle Roeder Council Member

Joel Bladow Council Member

Mary Bommersbach Council Member

Alan Wieser Council Member

Loren Hovel Mayor

Kristi Kelley Auditor



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City Council City of Hankinson, North Dakota

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hankinson, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Hankinson's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hankinson as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the respective changes in financial position-modified cash basis and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Hankinson and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

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#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hankinson's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Hankinson's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Hankinson's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the official directory but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2023 on our consideration of the City of Hankinson's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Hankinson's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Nadine Julson, LLC Wahpeton, North Dakota

Nodine Julian. LLC

June 30, 2023

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2021

	P	rimary Governmen	t		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Hankinson Housing Authority	Hankinson Library
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,564,064	\$ 905,970	\$ 2,470,034	\$ 42,300	\$ 37,705
Capital Assets					
Non-depreciable					
Construction in Progress	-	39,227	39,227	-	-
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	1,621,032	57,600	1,678,632	865,226	-
Equipment	171,345	68,453	239,798	-	-
Infrastructure	4,918,126	1,316,037	6,234,163		
Total Capital Assets	6,710,503	1,481,317	8,191,820	865,226	
Total Assets	8,274,567	2,387,287	10,661,854	907,526	37,705
LIABILITIES					
Due to Other Governments	9,968	-	9,968	-	-
Current Debt - due within one year					
Bonds Payable	84,715	82,188	166,903	32,725	-
Noncurrent Debt - due in more than one year					
Bonds Payable	1,218,823	1,798,002	3,016,825	850,187	
Total Liabilities	1,313,506	1,880,190	3,193,696	882,912	-
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets (Deficit)	5,406,965	(398,873)	5,008,092	(17,686)	-
Restricted	1,058,081	-	1,058,081	42,300	37,705
Unrestricted	496,015	905,970	1,401,985		
Total Net Position	\$ 6,961,061	\$ 507,097	\$ 7,468,158	\$ 24,614	\$ 37,705

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2020

	F	Primary Governmen	ıt		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Hankinson Housing Authority	Hankinson Library
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,264,987	\$ 934,831	\$ 2,199,818	\$ 46,994	\$ 31,912
Capital Assets					
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	1,665,961	59,200	1,725,161	885,689	-
Equipment	193,716	81,399	275,115	-	-
Infrastructure	5,106,483	1,341,125	6,447,608		
Total Capital Assets	6,966,160	1,481,724	8,447,884	885,689	-
Total Assets	8,231,147	2,416,555	10,647,702	932,683	31,912
LIABILITIES					
Current Debt - due within one year					
Bonds Payable	162,462	108,162	270,624	31,706	-
Noncurrent Debt - due in more than one year					
Bonds Payable	1,211,904	1,880,221	3,092,125	882,190	
Total Liabilities	1,374,366	1,988,383	3,362,749	913,896	-
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets (Deficit)	5,591,794	(506,659)	5,085,135	(28,207)	-
Restricted	974,937	-	974,937	46,994	31,912
Unrestricted	290,050	934,831	1,224,881		
Total Net Position	\$ 6,856,781	\$ 428,172	\$ 7,284,953	\$ 18,787	\$ 31,912

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Progran	Revenues		Net (Expense) Re	evenue and Change	ges in Net Position			
				F	rimary Governmen	t	Component Units			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Grants and Services Contributions		Go vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Hankins on Hous ing Authority	Hankins o n Library		
Go vernmental Activities										
General Government	\$ 497,788	\$ 26,695	\$ 69,476	\$ (401,617)	\$ -	\$ (401,617)	\$ -	\$ -		
Public Safety	35,003	-	44,221	9,218	-	9,218	-	-		
Public Works/Infrastructure	4 19 ,577	30,651	20,206	(368,720)	-	(368,720)	-	-		
Economic Development	9 1, 18 4	-	-	(91,184)	-	(91,184)	-	-		
Interest and Other Charges	25,142	_		(25,142)		(25,142)				
Total Governmental Activities	1,068,694	57,346	133,903	(877,445)		(877,445)				
Business-type Activities										
Water	490,803	604,957	_	_	114,154	114,154	-	-		
Sewer	10 1,53 4	61,523	_	_	(40,011)		-	-		
Garbage	84,027	87,949			3,922	3,922				
Total Business-type Activities	676,364	754,429			78,065	118,076	-	-		
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,745,058	\$ 811,775	\$ 133,903	(877,445)	78,065	(759,369)				
Component Units										
Hankinson Housing Authority	\$ 36,557	\$ 31,930	\$ 10,446	-	-	-	5,8 19	-		
Hankins on Library	13,160	832	7,896					(4,432)		
Total Component Units	\$ 49,717	\$ 32,762	\$ 18,342	-	-	-	5,8 19	(4,432)		
	General Revenue	s								
	Taxes									
	Taxes Lev	ried for General Pu	irposes	366,094	-	366,094	-	-		
	Taxes Lev	ried for Debt Serv	ice	206,870	-	206,870	-	-		
	Sales Tax	es		273,432	-	273,432	-	10,177		
	State Aid Di	stribution		80,471	-	80,471	-	-		
	Interest and	Investment Earning	şs	13,960	-	13,960	8	11		
	Miscellaneou	ıs		40,898	860	4 1,758		37		
	Total Ger	neral Revenues		981,725	860	982,585	8	10,225		
	Change in Net P	osition		104,280	78,925	183,205	5,827	5,793		
	Net Position, Be	ginning of Year		6,856,781	428,172	7,284,953	18,787	3 1,9 12		
	Net Position, En									

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Program	n Revenues		Net (Expense) Re	evenue and Change	nges in Net Position				
				F	Primary Governmer	nt	Compon	ent Units			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Go vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Hankinson Housing Authority	Hankinson Library			
Go vernmental Activities											
General Government	\$ 429,203	\$ 19,085	\$ 25	\$ (410,093)	\$ -	\$ (410,093)	\$ -	\$ -			
Public Safety	34,931	-	43,646	8,715	-	8,715	-	-			
Public Works/Infrastructure	444,187	14,392	20,014	(409,781)	-	(409,781)	-	-			
Economic Development	82,862	-	-	(82,862)	-	(82,862)	-	-			
Interest and Other Charges	39,124			(39,124)		(39,124)					
Total Governmental Activities	1,030,307	33,477	63,685	(933,145)		(933,145)					
Business-type Activities											
Water	458,872	572,658	-	-	113,786	113,786	-	-			
Sewer	51,364	61,891	-	-	10,527		-	-			
Garbage	81,004	86,467		<u> </u>	5,463	5,463					
Total Business-type Activities	59 1,2 4 0	72 1,0 16	. <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	129,776	119,249	-	-			
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,621,547	\$ 754,493	\$ 63,685	(933,145)	129,776	(813,896)					
Component Units											
Hankinson Housing Authority	\$ 69,763	\$ 30,340	\$ 5,836	-	-	-	(33,587)	-			
Hankins on Library	13,704	1,240	8,068		-			(4,396)			
Total Component Units	\$ 83,467	\$ 31,580	\$ 13,904	-	-	-	(33,587)	(4,396)			
	General Revenue	es									
	Taxes										
		vied for General P	•	338,385	-	338,385	-	-			
		vied for Debt Serv	rice	209,980	-	209,980	-	-			
	Sales Tax			235,260	-	235,260	-	8,753			
	State Aid Di			67,690	-	67,690	-	-			
		Investment Earning	gs	20,784	-	20,784	39	23			
		on Sale of Assets		10,000	-	10,000	-	=			
	Transfers			154,217	(154,217)	-	-	=			
	Miscellaneo	us		7,678	11,049	18,727	(4,360)	76			
	Total Ger	neral Revenues		1,043,994	(143,168)	900,826	(4,321)	8,852			
	Change in Net P	osition		110,849	(13,392)	97,457	(37,908)	4,456			
	Net Position, Bo	eginning of Year		6,745,932	441,564	7,187,496	56,695	27,456			
	Net Position, Er	nd of Year		\$ 6,856,781	\$ 428,172	\$ 7,284,953	\$ 18,787	\$ 31,912			

## BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2021

				Major	Fun	ds			_			
	General	City	/ Sales Tax	rastructure Reserve	City	y Sales Tax CC	ommunity Center perations	07 Ethanol nt Reserves	Gove	Other rnmental Funds	Gove	Total ernmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Funds	\$ 50,055 524,561	\$	119,434	\$ 280,325	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 660,100	\$	454,150 -	\$ 1	,564,064 524,561
Total Assets	574,616		119,434	280,325		-	-	660,100		454,150	2	2,088,625
LIABILITIES												
Due to Other Funds	-		-	-		-	-	-		524,561		524,561
Due to Other Governments	 9,968		-	-		-	-	-		-		9,968
Total Liabilities	9,968		-	-		-	-	-		524,561		534,529
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)												
Restricted	-		119,434	-		-	-	660,100		278,547	1	,058,081
Assigned	-		-	280,325		-	-	-		48,362		328,687
Unassigned (Deficit)	 564,648		-	-		-	-	-	(	397,320)		167,328
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	564,648		119,434	280,325		-	-	660,100		(70,411)	1	,554,096
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$ 574,616	\$	119,434	\$ 280,325	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 660,100	\$	454,150	\$ 2	2,088,625

## BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2020

					Major	Fund	ds					_	
	Ger		General City		Infrastructure Reserve		City Sales Tax CC		nmunity enter erations	2007 Ethanol Plant Reserves		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Due from Other Funds	\$	- 543,619	\$	86,356 -	\$ 168,733 21,148	\$	-	\$	-	\$	766,181 -	\$ 243,717	\$ 1,264,987 564,767
Total Assets		543,619		86,356	189,881		-		-		766,181	243,717	1,829,754
LIABILITIES  Due to Other Funds		-		-	-		-		-		-	564,767	564,767
Total Liabilities		-		-	-		-		-		-	564,767	564,767
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)				0.4.05.4							766101	122 400	054.025
Restricted Assigned		-		86,356	- 189,881		-		-		766,181 -	122,400 26,147	974,937 216,028
Unassigned (Deficit)		543,619		-	-		-		-		-	(469,597)	74,022
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		543,619		86,356	189,881		-		-		766,181	(321,050)	1,264,987
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	543,619	\$	86,356	\$ 189,881	\$	-	\$	-	\$	766,181	\$ 243,717	\$ 1,829,754

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEETS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

December 31, 2021 and 2020

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds December 31, 2021  Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:		\$ 1,554,096
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets	10,185,808 (3,475,305)	6,710,503
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at the end of the year are reported in the statement of net position.		
Bonds Payable		 (1,303,538)
Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2021		\$ 6,961,061
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds December 31, 2020		\$ 1,264,987
Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets	10,170,502 (3,204,342)	6,966,160
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at the end of the year are reported in the statement of net position.		
Bonds Payable		 (1,374,366)
Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2020		\$ 6,856,781

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended December 31, 2021

Community   Center   City Sales Tax   Community   Co	Total al Governmenta Funds
Taxes       \$ 345,709       \$ 135,697       \$ -       \$ 135,697       \$ -       \$ 24,44         Special Assessments       -       -       -       -       -       -       204,83         Licenses, Permits, and Fees       32,170       -       -       -       15,565       -       9,6         Intergovernmental       80,471       -       -       -       -       -       -       133,90         Fines and Forfeitures       580       -	
Special Assessments	1 \$ 641.564
Licenses, Permits, and Fees       32,170       -       -       -       15,565       -       9,6         Intergovernmental       80,471       -       -       -       -       -       -       133,90         Fines and Forfeitures       580       - <td></td>	
Intergovernmental   80,471   -   -   -   -   -   133,90     Fines and Forfeitures   580   -   -   -   -   -   -   -     Interest Income   8,647   -   -   -   -   -   -     Miscellaneous Income   39,718   -   -   -   600   -   -     Total Revenues   507,295   135,697   -   135,697   16,165   -   378,12     EXPENDITURES   Current   General Government   193,726   1,416   -   -   95,791   106,081   62,27     Public Safety   35,003   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	
Fines and Forfeitures 580	
Miscellaneous Income         39,718         -         -         -         600         -         -           Total Revenues         507,295         135,697         -         135,697         16,165         -         378,127           EXPENDITURES           Current         General Government         193,726         1,416         -         -         95,791         106,081         62,27           Public Safety         35,003         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	580
Total Revenues 507,295 135,697 - 135,697 16,165 - 378,12  EXPENDITURES  Current  General Government 193,726 1,416 95,791 106,081 62,22  Public Safety 35,003	3 13,960
EXPENDITURES  Current  General Government Public Safety  193,726 1,416 95,791 106,081 62,27	40,318
Current       General Government       193,726       1,416       -       -       95,791       106,081       62,2°         Public Safety       35,003       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -	0 1,172,974
General Government         193,726         1,416         -         -         95,791         106,081         62,2°           Public Safety         35,003         -	
Public Safety 35,003	1 459,285
	35,003
Economic Development - 90,203 98	
Debt Service	Í
Principal 164,18	8 164,188
Interest and Other Charges 25,14	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction 8,88	0 8,880
Total Expenditures 385,360 102,619 9,556 - 95,791 106,081 277,81	8 977,225
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 121,935 33,078 (9,556) 135,697 (79,626) (106,081) 100,30	2 195,749
OT HER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt 93,30	,
Operating Transfer In 73,346 - 100,000 - 135,697 - 109,3°	
Operating Transfer Out (174,252) (135,697) (56,071) - (52,39)	4) (418,414
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (100,906) - 100,000 (135,697) 79,626 - 150,33	7 93,360
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 21,029 33,078 90,444 (106,081) 250,65	9 289,109
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR 543,619 86,356 189,881 766,181 (321,05)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR \$ 564,648 \$ 119,434 \$ 280,325 \$ - \$ - \$ 660,100 \$ (70,4)	0) 1,264,987

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Majo	r Funds			_	
	General	City Sales Tax		City Sales Tax CC	Community Center Operations	2007 Ethanol Plant Reserves	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 330,341	\$ 116.712	C.	\$ 116,711	\$ -	s -	\$ 12,237	\$ 576.001
Special Assessments	\$ 330,341	\$ 110,712	\$ -	\$ 110,711	<b>5</b> -	<b>5</b> -	207,624	207,624
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	13.902	_	_	_	10,160	_	9,415	33,477
Intergovernmental	67,690	-	-	_	-	-	63,660	131,350
Fines and Forfeitures	750	-	-	-	-	-	-	750
Interest Income	20,784	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,784
Miscellaneous Income	4,738	-	-	-	25	-	2,190	6,953
Total Revenues	438,205	116,712	-	116,711	10,185	-	295,126	976,939
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government	246,037	227	-	-	82,647	15,526	39,837	384,274
Public Safety	34,931	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,931
Public Works/Infrastructure	165,711	15,000 81,862	10,119	-	-	-	24,154 1,000	214,984
Economic Development Debt Service	-	81,802	-	-	-	-	1,000	82,862
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_	158,674	158,674
Interest and Other Charges	_	_	_	_	_	_	39,124	39,124
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	6,675	-	-	-	217,895	54,175	278,745
Total Expenditures	446,679	103,764	10,119	-	82,647	233,421	316,964	1,193,594
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(8,474)	12,948	(10,119)	) 116,711	(72,462)	(233,421)	(21,838)	(216,655)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating Transfer In	100,322	-	100,000	-	116,711	154,217	82,600	553,850
Operating Transfer Out	(186,983)	-	-	(116,711)	(44,249)	-	(51,690)	(399,633)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(86,661)	-	100,000	(116,711)	72,462	154,217	30,910	154,217
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(95,135)	12,948	89,881	-	-	(79,204)	9,072	(62,438)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	638,754	73,408	100,000	-	-	845,385	(330,122)	1,327,425
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 543,619	\$ 86,356	\$ 189,881	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 766,181	\$ (321,050)	\$ 1,264,987

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds December 31, 2021	\$ 289,109
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets with a cost greater than \$5,000 is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current year.	(255,657)
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as current financial resources. The statement of activities treats such issuance of bonds payable as a liability.	(93,360)
Repayment of debt principal and other long-term liabilities are an expenditure in the governmental fund financial statements, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	164,188
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2021	\$ 104,280
Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds December 31, 2020  The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	\$ (62,438)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets with a cost greater than \$5,000 is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded	19,613
depreciation in the current year.	
depreciation in the current year.  Governmental funds report sales of assets as current financial resources.  The statement of activities recognizes gain or loss on the transaction.	(5,000)
Governmental funds report sales of assets as current financial resources.	(5,000) 158,674

## ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ NET\ POSITION-PROPRIETARY\ FUNDS-MODIFIED\ CASH\ BASIS\ December\ 31,2021}$

	Business-ty	pe Act	ivities - Prop	rietary	Funds	_	
	 Water		Sewer	(	Garbage		Total
ASSETS			,				
Current Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 774,715	\$	121,119	\$	10,136	\$	905,970
Total Current Assets	774,715		121,119		10,136		905,970
Capital Assets							
Non-Depreciable							
Construction in Progress	39,227		-		-		39,227
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation							
Buildings and Improvements	57,600		-		-		57,600
Equipment	68,453		-		-		68,453
Infrastructure	 1,316,037		-				1,316,037
Total Capital Assets	 1,481,317				-		1,481,317
Total Assets	2,256,032		121,119		10,136		2,387,287
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Bonds Payable	 82,188		-		-		82,188
Total Current Liabilities	82,188		-		-		82,188
Long-term Liabilities							
Bonds Payable	1,798,002		-		-		1,798,002
Total Long-term Liabilities	 1,798,002				-		1,798,002
Total Liabilities	1,880,190		-		-		1,880,190
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets (Deficit)	(398,873)		-		-		(398,873)
Unrestricted	774,715		121,119		10,136		905,970
Total Net Position	\$ 375,842	\$	121,119	\$	10,136	\$	507,097

## ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ NET\ POSITION-PROPRIETARY\ FUNDS-MODIFIED\ CASH\ BASIS\ December\ 31,2020}$

	Business-ty	pe Act	tivities - Prop	rietary	Funds	_	
	Water		Sewer	G	arbage		Total
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 767,487	\$	161,130	\$	6,214	\$	934,831
Total Current Assets	767,487		161,130		6,214		934,831
Capital Assets							
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation							
Buildings and Improvements	59,200		-		-		59,200
Equipment	81,399		-		-		81,399
Infrastructure	1,341,125		-		-		1,341,125
Total Capital Assets	1,481,724				-		1,481,724
Total Assets	2,249,211		161,130		6,214		2,416,555
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Bonds Payable	108,162		-		-		108,162
Total Current Liabilities	108,162		-		-		108,162
Long-term Liabilities							
Bonds Payable	1,880,221				-		1,880,221
Total Long-term Liabilities	1,880,221		-		-		1,880,221
Total Liabilities	1,988,383		-		-		1,988,383
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets (Deficit)	(506,659)		-		-		(506,659)
Unrestricted	767,487		161,130		6,214		934,831
Total Net Position	\$ 260,828	\$	161,130	\$	6,214	\$	428,172

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2021

		_						
		Water	Sewer	(	Garbage	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services Other Income	\$	604,957 860	\$ 61,523	\$	87,949 -	\$	754,429 860	
Total Operating Revenues		605,817	61,523		87,949		755,289	
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries		122,383	13,753		-		136,136	
Employee Benefits		30,710	4,158		-		34,868	
Professional Fees		-	7,530		-		7,530	
Contract Services		80,950	-		84,027		164,977	
Utilities		74,016	3,159		-		77,175	
Supplies		17,068	11,381		-		28,449	
Repairs and Maintenance		15,790	8,265		-		24,055	
Depreciation		75,569	-		-		75,569	
Miscellaneous		11,265	53,288		-		64,553	
Total Operating Expenses		427,751	101,534		84,027		613,312	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		178,066	(40,011)		3,922		141,977	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest and Fiscal Fees		(63,052)	-		-		(63,052)	
Transfers In		18,035	10,606		-		28,641	
Transfers Out		(18,035)	 (10,606)		-		(28,641)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(63,052)	 		-		(63,052)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		115,014	(40,011)		3,922		78,925	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		260,828	 161,130		6,214		428,172	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	375,842	\$ 121,119	\$	10,136	\$	507,097	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2020

		Water		Sewer	(	Garbage	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for Services	\$	572,658	\$	61,891	\$	86,467	\$	721,016	
Other Income		11,049		-		-		11,049	
Total Operating Revenues		583,707		61,891		86,467		732,065	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Salaries		91,177		13,182		-		104,359	
Employee Benefits		25,089		3,982		-		29,071	
Professional Fees		19,548		-		-		19,548	
Contract Services		75,768		-		81,004		156,772	
Utilities		71,110		3,653		-		74,763	
Supplies		9,463		5,380		-		14,843	
Repairs and Maintenance		14,318		8,454		-		22,772	
Depreciation		75,478		-		-		75,478	
Miscellaneous		10,076		16,713		-		26,789	
Total Operating Expenses		392,027		51,364		81,004		524,395	
OPERATING INCOME		191,680		10,527		5,463		207,670	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Interest and Fiscal Fees		(66,845)		-		-		(66,845)	
Transfers In		12,220		25,175		-		37,395	
Transfers Out		(166,437)		(25,175)		-		(191,612)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(221,062)		-		-		(221,062)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(29,382)		10,527		5,463		(13,392)	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		290,210		150,603		751		441,564	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	260,828	\$	161,130	\$	6,214	\$	428,172	

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Proprietary Funds							
		Water		Sewer	(	Garbage		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	\$	605,817 (229,799) (122,383)	\$	61,523 (87,781) (13,753)	\$	87,949 (84,027)	\$	755,289 (401,607) (136,136)
Net Cash Provided by (Used By) Operating Activities		253,635		(40,011)		3,922		217,546
CASH FLOWS FROM NON CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from Other Funds Transfers to Other Funds		18,035 (18,035)		10,606 (10,606)		<u>-</u>		28,641 (28,641)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		-		-		-		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest and Fiscal Fees Principal Paid on Capital Debt Acquisition of Capital Assets		(63,052) (108,193) (75,162)		- - -		- - -		(63,052) (108,193) (75,162)
Net Cash Provided by (Used By) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(246,407)		-		-		(246,407)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		7,228		(40,011)		3,922		(28,861)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		767,487		161,130		6,214		934,831
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	774,715	\$	121,119	\$	10,136	\$	905,970
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used By) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Depreciation Expense	\$	178,066 75,569	\$	(40,011)	\$	3,922	\$	141,977 75,569
Net Cash Provided by (Used By) Operating Activities	\$	253,635	\$	(40,011)	\$	3,922	\$	217,546

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Proprietary Funds							
		Water		Sewer		Garbage		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	\$	583,707 (225,372) (91,177)	\$	61,891 (38,182) (13,182)	\$	86,467 (81,004)	\$	732,065 (344,558) (104,359)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		267,158		10,527		5,463		283,148
CASH FLOWS FROM NON CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from Other Funds Transfers to Other Funds		12,220 (166,437)		25,175 (25,175)		- -		37,395 (191,612)
Net Cash Provided by (Used By) Noncapital Financing Activities		(154,217)		-		-		(154,217)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest and Fiscal Fees Principal Paid on Capital Debt		(66,845) (102,412)		-		- -		(66,845) (102,412)
Net Cash Provided by (Used By) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(169,257)		-		-		(169,257)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(56,316)		10,527		5,463		(40,326)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		823,803		150,603		751		975,157
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	767,487	\$	161,130	\$	6,214	\$	934,831
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities: Operating Income	\$	191,680	\$	10,527	\$	5,463	\$	207,670
Depreciation Expense		75,478		-		-		75,478
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	267,158	\$	10,527	\$	5,463	\$	283,148

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Hankinson (the City) was incorporated under the laws of the State of North Dakota and operates under a city commission form of government. The accounting policy of the City of Hankinson is to maintain the accounting records on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City of Hankinson. The City has considered all potential component units for which the City is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the City such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criterion includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City of Hankinson to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City of Hankinson.

Based on these criteria, certain organizations have been included in the report as follows:

- Hankinson Housing Authority The Hankinson Housing Authority's governing board is separate from the governing board of the City. The City's governing board approves the housing board appointments and has the authority to disapprove, amend, or approve the authority's budget.
- Hankinson Library The Hankinson Library's governing board is separate from the governing board of the
  City. The City's governing board approves the library appointments and has the authority to disapprove, amend,
  or approve the library's budget.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the City of Hankinson. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are prepared for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Governmental fund and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund balance, revenues, expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements. This is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund This is the city's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- City Sales Tax This fund is used for the collection of sales tax.
- Infrastructure Reserve This fund accounts for the collection of resources for capital expenditures.
- City Sales Tax CC This fund is used for the collection of sales tax that is used for community center
  operations.
- Community Center Operations This fund is used for operations of the community center.
- 2007 Ethanol Plant Reserves This fund accounts for maintains and upgrades to well fields.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Water Fund The City accounts for cash receipts and disbursements related to the furnishing of water services
  to residents of the City in this fund.
- Sewer Fund The City accounts for cash receipts and disbursements related to the furnishing of sewer services to residents of the City in this fund.
- Garbage Fund The City accounts for cash receipts and disbursements related to the furnishing of garbage services to residents of the City in this fund.

#### Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts. Cash equivalents on the statement of cash flows consists of highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, infrastructure and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Infrastructure	20 - 50
Machinery and Equipment	10 - 20

#### Compensated Absences

The City allows employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. Upon termination of employment or retirement, employees will be paid for unused vacation benefits that have accumulated through the last day of work. Any unused sick benefits will not be paid upon termination of employment or retirement.

#### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as costs in the current period.

#### Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in the classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

#### Nonspendable

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. They include items such as, but not limited to, inventories, prepaid items, or the permanent principal of endowment funds.

#### Restricted

Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### Committed

A committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. Formal action is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.

#### Assigned

Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but are under the direction of the council and the city auditor.

#### Unassigned

O Unassigned fund balance is the lowest classification for the General Fund. This is a fund balance that has not been reported in any other classification. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

It is the policy of the City to spend restricted resources first, followed by unrestricted resources. It is also the policy of the City to spend unrestricted resources of funds in the following order: committed, assigned and then unassigned.

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in the City's financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any long-term debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted Net Position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities related to those assets. Unrestricted Net Position is the net amount of assets and liabilities that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

#### Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at the depository banks designed by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal land bank bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the state of North Dakota whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$2,470,034 and \$2,199,818 and the bank balances were \$2,566,819 and \$2,411,464. Of the bank balances, \$500,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining bank balance was collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name. At December 31, 2020, the pledge was short by \$31,725.

#### Credit Risk

The City may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statues, as follows:

- Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by the Treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of congress.
- Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above.
- Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- Obligations of the state.

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the City held \$448,077 and \$491,588 certificates of deposit.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal deposit policy that limits maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair-value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City does not have a limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

#### NOTE 3 – PROPERTY TAXES

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

All real estate is assessed as of the current value in April of each year. Property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on the real estate and become due on January 1 of the year following the assessment date. A 5% reduction of the taxes is allowed if the taxes are paid in full by February 15. Penalty and interest are added on March 1 if the first half of the taxes is not paid. Additional penalty and interest are added on October 15<sup>th</sup> if not paid.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

#### **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	Balance			Balance
	January 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements	December 31, 2021
	2021	raditions	Retirements	2021
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 2,103,162	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,103,162
Equipment	533,060	15,306	-	548,366
Infrastructure	7,534,280		_	7,534,280
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	10,170,502	15,306	-	10,185,808
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and Improvements	437,201	44,929	-	482,130
Equipment	339,344	37,677	-	377,021
Infrastructure	2,427,797	188,357		2,616,154
Total Accumulated Depreciation	3,204,342	270,963		3,475,305
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net	6,966,160	(255,657)		6,710,503
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 6,966,160	\$ (255,657)	\$ -	\$ 6,710,503

### CITY OF HANKINSON, NORTH DAKOTA Notes to Financial Statements – Continued

	Balance January 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance December 31, 2021
Business-type Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ 39,227	\$ -	\$ 39,227
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	-	39,227	-	39,227
Capital Assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	118,440	-	-	118,440
Equipment	218,045	-	-	218,045
Infrastructure	2,405,000	35,935		2,440,935
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	2,741,485	35,935	-	2,777,420
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and Improvements	59,240	1,600	-	60,840
Equipment	136,646	12,946	-	149,592
Infrastructure	1,063,875	61,023		1,124,898
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,259,761	75,569		1,335,330
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net	1,481,724	(39,634)		1,442,090
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 1,481,724	\$ (407)	\$ -	\$ 1,481,317
	Balance			Balance
	January 1,			December 31,
	January 1, 2020	Additions	Retirements	
Governmental Activities	-	Additions	Retirements	December 31,
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, being depreciated	-	Additions	Retirements	December 31,
	-	Additions	Retirements	December 31, 2020
Capital Assets, being depreciated	2020			December 31, 2020 \$ 2,103,162
Capital Assets, being depreciated Buildings and Improvements	\$ 2,103,162	\$ -	\$ -	December 31, 2020 \$ 2,103,162 533,060
Capital Assets, being depreciated Buildings and Improvements Equipment	\$ 2,103,162 467,210	\$ - 75,850	\$ -	December 31, 2020 \$ 2,103,162 533,060 7,534,280
Capital Assets, being depreciated Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure	\$ 2,103,162 467,210 7,316,385	\$ - 75,850 217,895	\$ - (10,000) -	December 31, 2020 \$ 2,103,162 533,060 7,534,280
Capital Assets, being depreciated Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	\$ 2,103,162 467,210 7,316,385	\$ - 75,850 217,895	\$ - (10,000) -	December 31, 2020
Capital Assets, being depreciated Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, being depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for	\$ 2,103,162 467,210 7,316,385 9,886,757	\$ - 75,850 217,895 293,745	\$ - (10,000) -	\$ 2,103,162 \$ 2,103,162 533,060 7,534,280 10,170,502
Capital Assets, being depreciated Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, being depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings and Improvements	\$ 2,103,162 467,210 7,316,385 9,886,757	\$ - 75,850 217,895 293,745 44,929	\$ - (10,000) - (10,000)	\$ 2,103,162 \$ 2,103,162 533,060 7,534,280 10,170,502
Capital Assets, being depreciated Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, being depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings and Improvements Equipment	\$ 2,103,162 467,210 7,316,385 9,886,757 392,272 303,498	\$ - 75,850 217,895 293,745 44,929 40,846	\$ - (10,000) - (10,000)	\$ 2,103,162 \$ 2,103,162 533,060 7,534,280 10,170,502 437,201 339,344
Capital Assets, being depreciated Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, being depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure	\$ 2,103,162 467,210 7,316,385 9,886,757 392,272 303,498 2,239,440	\$ - 75,850 217,895 293,745 44,929 40,846 188,357	\$ - (10,000) - (10,000) - (5,000)	\$ 2,103,162 \$ 2,103,162 533,060 7,534,280 10,170,502 437,201 339,344 2,427,797

### CITY OF HANKINSON, NORTH DAKOTA Notes to Financial Statements – Continued

	Balance January 1, 2020		Additions Retirements				
Business-type Activities							
Capital Assets, being depreciated							
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 118,440	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 118,440			
Equipment	218,045	-	-	218,045			
Infrastructure	2,405,000		_	2,405,000			
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	2,741,485	-	-	2,741,485			
Less Accumulated Depreciation for							
Buildings and Improvements	57,640	1,600	-	59,240			
Equipment	122,893	13,753	-	136,646			
Infrastructure	1,003,750	60,125		1,063,875			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,184,283	75,478		1,259,761			
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net	1,557,202	(75,478)		1,481,724			
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 1,557,202	\$ (75,478)	\$ -	\$ 1,481,724			

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the City as follows:

	2021	2020		
Governmental Activities				
General Government	\$ 44,929	\$	44,929	
Public Works/Infrastructure	 226,034		229,203	
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 270,963	\$	274,132	
Business-type Activities				
Water	\$ 75,569	\$	75,478	
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$ 75,569	\$	75,478	

#### NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES

The following fund transfers were made during the year ended December 31, 2021:

	2021				
		Operating ransfer In	Operating Transfer Out		
General Fund	\$	73,346	\$ 174,252		
Infrastructure Reserve		100,000	-		
City Sales Tax CC		-	135,697		
Community Center Operations		135,697	56,071		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		109,371	52,394		
Proprietary Funds		28,641	 28,641		
Total	\$	447,055	\$ 447,055		
	2020				
		perating ransfer In	Operating ansfer Out		
General Fund	\$	100,322	\$ 186,983		
Infrastructure Reserve		100,000	-		
City Sales Tax CC		-	116,711		
Community Center Operations		116,711	44,249		
2007 Ethanol Plant Reserves		154,217	-		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		82,600	51,690		
Proprietary Funds		37,395	 191,612		
Total	\$	591,245	\$ 591,245		

Transfers are made for funding various projects and operational expenses. Amounts reported as due to and due from other funds will be repaid as funds become available.

#### NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities of the City:

	Long-term Liabilites at January 1, 2021	Ir	acreases	<u> </u>	Decreases	Long-term Liabilites at December 31, 2021	ne Within One Year
Governmental Activities							
Bonds Payable	\$ 1,374,366	\$	93,360	\$	(164,188)	\$ 1,303,538	\$ 84,715
Total - Governmental-type Activities	\$ 1,374,366	\$	93,360	\$	(164,188)	\$ 1,303,538	\$ 84,715
Business-type Activities							
Bonds Payable	\$ 1,988,383	\$	-	\$	(108,193)	\$ 1,880,190	\$ 82,188
Total - Business-type Activities	\$ 1,988,383	\$		\$	(108,193)	\$ 1,880,190	\$ 82,188
	Long-term Liabilites at January 1, 2020	Ir	acreases	I	Decreases	Long-term Liabilites at December 31, 2020	 ne Within One Year
Governmental Activities							 
Bonds Payable	\$ 1,533,040	\$		\$	(158,674)	\$ 1,374,366	\$ 162,462
Total - Governmental-type Activities	\$ 1,533,040	\$	-	\$	(158,674)	\$ 1,374,366	\$ 162,462
Business-type Activities							
Bonds Payable	\$ 2,090,795	\$	-	\$	(102,412)	\$ 1,988,383	\$ 108,162
Total - Business-type Activities	\$ 2,090,795	\$	-	\$	(102,412)	\$ 1,988,383	\$ 108,162

Long-term debt of the governmental activities at December 31, 2021 consists of the following issues:

		Final Year of	Authorized and		
	Interest Rates	Maturity	Issued	C	Outstanding
Governmental Activities					
2010 Improvement Bond	0.50%	2030	585,000	\$	270,000
2008 Improvement Bond	2.50%	2028	100,000		42,000
2008 Improvement Bond	2.50%	2028	95,000		39,000
2017 Infrastructure Bond	2.00%	2041	1,300,000		842,578
2022 Infrastructure Bond	1.50%	2032	97,933		66,498
2022 Infrastructure Bond	1.50%	2032	42,000		26,862
2003 Municipal Bond	2.50%	2023	133,790		16,600
Total				\$	1,303,538
Business					
2002 Water Revenue Bonds	3.00%	2042	600,000	\$	410,432
2012 Water Revenue Bonds	2.00-3.75%	2038	1,930,000		1,425,000
2006 Water Revenue Bonds	3.00%	2038	130,000		44,758
Total				\$	1,880,190

The future expected requirements for long-term debt, including interest, as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				
		Principal	Interest		Principal			Interest
2022	\$	84,715	\$	26,922	\$	82,188	\$	61,463
2023		99,563		25,604		82,768		58,998
2024		90,958		24,242		87,844		56,448
2025		92,700		23,073		88,437		53,805
2026		94,458		21,891		94,025		51,076
2027 - 2031		419,200		91,696		499,032		204,720
2032 - 2036		240,562		67,931		585,964		128,122
2037 - 2041		227,955		41,049		333,500		24,453
2042 - 2046						26,432		1,812
Total	\$	1,350,111	\$	322,408	\$	1,880,190	\$	640,897

Subsequent to year end, the City finalized the 2022 infrastructure bonds. The future expected requirements has been updated to reflect the total debt payments.

#### NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Hankinson is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the state of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The City of Hankinson pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, auto, and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for general liability coverage.

The City also participates in the State Bonding Fund. The State Bonding Fund currently provides political subdivision with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,127,882 for the City employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The City has worker's compensation with the North Dakota Workforce Safety and Insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 8 – LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City's general fund expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts for the year ended December 31, 2020. Expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts incurred in general government.

#### NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN

#### North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (Main System)

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

#### **Pension Benefits**

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Member of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 was be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 the 2.00% multiplier was replaced with a 1.75% multiplier. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

#### **Death and Disability Benefits**

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition for disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

#### **Refunds of Member Account Balance**

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

#### **Member and Employer Contributions**

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of salaries and wages. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 8.26% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

- 1 to 12 months of service Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25
- 13 to 24 months of service Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25
- 25 to 36 months of service Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25
- Longer than 36 months of service Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, if the City were to report on the full accrual basis, a liability of \$246,431 and \$605,515 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability would have been reported. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30 2021 and 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30 2021 and 2020, the City's proportion was .023643 and .019247 percent. The City's pension contributions for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$15,480 and \$15,117.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 3.5% to 17.75% including inflation Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the Sex-distinct Pub-2010 table for General Employees, with scaling based on actual experience. Respective corresponding tables were used for healthy retirees, disabled retirees, and active members. Mortality rates are projected from 2010 using the MP-2019 scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	30%	6.00%
International Equity	21%	6.70%
Private Equity	7%	9.50%
Domestic Fixed Income	23%	0.73%
International Fixed Income	0%	0.00%
Global Real Assets	19%	4.77%
Cash Equivalents	0%	0.00%

#### **Discount Rate**

For PERS, GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the PERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%; the municipal bond rate is 1.92%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.00%.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

#### NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

#### North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDAC Chapter 71-06 for more complete information.

NDPERS OPEB plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, and Judges retired under Chapter 27-17 of the North Dakota Century Code a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan based upon the member's years of credited service. Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. Effective August 1, 2019 the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long term care plan premium expense. The Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis.

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit OPEB plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

#### **OPEB Benefits**

The employer contribution for the PERS, the HPRS and the Defined Contribution Plan is set by statute at 1.14% of covered compensation. The employer contribution for employees of the state board of career and technical education is 2.99% of covered compensation for a period of eight years ending October 1, 2015. Employees participating in the retirement plan as part-time/temporary members are required to contribute 1.14% of their covered compensation to the Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund. Employees purchasing previous service credit are also required to make an employee contribution to the Fund. The benefit amount applied each year is shown as "prefunded credit applied" on the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position for the OPEB trust funds. Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There were no other benefit changes during the year.

Retiree health insurance credit benefits and death and disability benefits are set by statute. There are no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Employees who are receiving monthly retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, the Defined Contribution Plan, the Chapter 27-17 judges or an employee receiving disability benefits, or the spouse of a deceased annuitant receiving a surviving spouse benefit or if the member selected a joint and survivor option are eligible to receive a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan.

Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. Effective August 1, 2019, the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long term care plan premium expense. The benefits are equal to \$5.00 for each of the employee's, or deceased employee's years of credited service not to exceed the premium in effect for selected coverage. The retiree health insurance credit is also available for early retirement with reduced benefits.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, if the City were to report on the full accrual basis, a liability of \$13,658 and \$15,667 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would have been reported. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30 2021 and 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of covered payroll in the OPEB plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating OPEB employers. At June 30 2021 and 2020, the City's proportion was .024557 and .018625 percent. The City's OPEB contributions for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$2,732 and \$2,420.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases Not applicable

Investment rate of return 6.50%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments None

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back one year for males (no setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

The long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for the RHIC fund was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of RHIC investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return, for each major asset class included in the RHIC's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Domestic Equities	33%	5.85%
Small Cap Domestic Equities	6%	6.75%
Domestic Fixed Income	40%	0.50%
International Equities	21%	6.25%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member and statutory rates described in this report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current RHIC members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the RHIC fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on RHIC investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### NOTE 11 – FUND BALANCE

The following is a summary of fund balances as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	2021		2020		
Fund Balance					
Restricted for					
Sales Tax	\$	153,198	\$ 117,841		
Debt Service		731,389	830,397		
Capital Projects		93,340	-		
General Government		80,154	26,699		
Assigned for					
Public Works		280,325	189,881		
Other		48,362	26,147		
Unassigned		167,328	 74,022		
Total Fund Balance	\$	1,554,096	\$ 1,264,987		

#### **NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The City has evaluated subsequent events through June 30, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	346,644	\$ 345,709	\$	(935)	
Licenses, Permits, and Fees		9,675	32,170		22,495	
Intergovernmental		53,000	80,471		27,471	
Fines and Forfeitures		1,000	580		(420)	
Interest Income		20,000	8,647		(11,353)	
Miscellaneous Income		5,050	 39,718		34,668	
Total Revenues		435,369	507,295		71,926	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government		189,612	193,726		(4,114)	
Public Safety		35,000	35,003		(3)	
Public Works/Infrastructure		184,500	156,631		27,869	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		500	-		500	
Total Expenditures		409,612	 385,360		24,252	
Excess of Revenues over						
over Expenditures		25,757	121,935		96,178	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating Transfer In		50,200	73,346		23,146	
Operating Transfer Out		(74,457)	 (174,252)		(99,795)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(24,257)	(100,906)		(76,649)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,500	21,029		19,529	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			543,619			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 564,648			

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES	Φ.	210.116	•	220.241	Φ.	12 10 5	
Taxes	\$	318,146	\$	330,341	\$	12,195	
Licenses, Permits, and Fees		12,955		13,902		947	
Intergovernmental		75,000		67,690		(7,310)	
Fines and Forfeitures		850		750		(100)	
Interest Income		15,000		20,784		5,784	
Miscellaneous Income		6,000		4,738		(1,262)	
Total Revenues		427,951		438,205		10,254	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government		187,350		246,037		(58,687)	
Public Safety		37,000		34,931		2,069	
Public Works/Infrastructure		175,000		165,711		9,289	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		3,000		-		3,000	
Total Expenditures		402,350		446,679		(44,329)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over Expenditures		25,601		(8,474)		(34,075)	
OT HER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating Transfer In		-		100,322		100,322	
Operating Transfer Out		(75,551)		(186,983)		(111,432)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(75,551)		(86,661)		(11,110)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(49,950)		(95,135)		(45,185)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				638,754			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	543,619			



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City Council City of Hankinson Hankinson, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to finance audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of the City of Hankinson, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Hankinson's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Hankinson's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Hankinson's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current year findings as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Hankinson's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with these provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of current year findings as item 2021-003.

#### City's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Hankinson's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompany schedule of current year findings. The City of Hankinson's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Nadine Julson, LLC Wahpeton, North Dakota

Nadire Julian. LLC

June 30, 2023

#### SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS Years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### 2021-001 FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

#### Criteria

A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate system for the preparation of the financial statements, including recording government wide journal entries in order to reconcile from the fund financials to the government wide financials and ensuring all general ledger accounts are properly reflected on the modified cash basis.

#### Condition

The City does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited, including recording government wide journal entries. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements, which include proposing government wide journal entries, and drafting the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### **Effect or Potential Effect**

Inadequate controls over financial reporting of the City results in more than a remote likelihood that the City would not be able to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct without the assistance of the auditors.

#### Recommendation

We recommend the City be aware of this condition and be prepared and able to provide all necessary information and schedules to complete the financial statements and disclosures. As a compensating control, the City should establish an internal control policy to document annual review of the financial statements and to review a financial statement disclosure checklist.

#### Views of Responsible Officials

The City will continue to have the auditor prepare the financial statements. It is currently not cost-effective for management to perform the preparation.

2021-002 LACK OF SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

#### Criteria

The segregation of duties and responsibilities between different individuals for custody of assets, recordkeeping for those assets, and reconciliation of those asset accounts is an important control activity needed to adequately protect the entity's assets and ensure accurate financial reporting.

#### **Condition**

Proper internal control surrounding custody of assets, the recording of transactions, reconciling bank accounts and preparation of financial statements dictates that there should be sufficient accounting personnel, so duties of employees are properly segregated. More segregation of duties would provide better control over the assets of the City.

#### **Effect or Potential Effect**

Without sufficient segregation of duties, the risk significant increases that errors and fraud related to cash receipts, disbursements, and reconciliations, including misappropriation of assets, could occur and not be detected within a timely basis.

#### CITY OF HANKINSON, NORTH DAKOTA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Continued

#### Recommendation

The accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation of duties is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of financial management and financial statement accuracy for the City. Segregation of authorization, custody of assets, record keeping, and reconciliation functions would assist in mitigating the risk of fraud or misstatements to the financial statements.

#### Views of Responsible Officials

There is no disagreement with the audit finding and we understand that this will be a repeated recommendation due to the limited amount of resources of the City. The City will segregate functions where feasible.

2021-003 PLEDGE

#### Criteria

The City had a balance of \$1,424,355 on deposit at one financial institution as of December 31, 2020 that was covered by \$250,000 of FDIC coverage with the remaining balance of \$1,174,355 collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the City's name.

#### **Effect**

The City was under collateralized by \$31,725 and was not in compliance with North Dakota Century Code 21-04-09.

#### Recommendation

We recommend the City review all bank statements and pledged securities to ensure all deposits are adequately covered by FDIC and pledged securities.

#### Views of Responsible Officials

By January 5<sup>th</sup> of the next year, additional securities were pledged to meet the requirements of North Dakota Century Cody 21-04-09.

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### **Prior Financial Statement Findings**

2019-001

A material weakness was reported for financial statement preparation.

#### **Corrective Action Plan**

The accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if it is feasible for the City to prepare its own financial statements. This material weakness continues to exist under the current audit findings as finding number 2021-001.

2019-002

A material weakness was reported for inadequate segregation of duties.

#### **Corrective Action Plan**

The accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation of duties is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of financial management and financial statement accuracy for the City. Segregation of authorization, custody of assets, record keeping, and reconciliation functions would assist in mitigating the risk of fraud or misstatements to the financial statements. This material weakness continues to exist under the current audit findings as finding number 2021-002.