TGU PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 TOWNER, NORTH DAKOTA

AUDITED BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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ROSTER OF SCHOOL OFFICIALS - UNAUDITED JUNE 30, 2021

Cameron McBeth President

Jon Sevland Board Member

Chris Jorde Board Member

Terry Bailey Board Member

Evie Johnson Board Member

Erik Sveet Superintendent

Lorie Werle Business Manager

BradyMartz

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education
TGU Public School District No. 60
Towner. North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund balance of TGU Public School District No. 60, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund balance of TGU Public School District No. 60 as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, the District has restated the previously reported Net Position and Fund Balances in accordance with this statement. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Correction of Error

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, a prior period adjustment was made to net position and fund balance to correct ending balances in the prior year. As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, the District has restated the previously reported Net Position and Fund Balance. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule, schedule of District's contributions to the TFFR and NDPERS pension plans, schedule of District's contributions to the NDPERS OPEB plan, schedule of District's proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedule of District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining non-major governmental fund statements listed in the table of contents as supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining non-major governmental fund statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining non-major governmental fund statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The roster of school officials on page 1 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 14, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA

January 14, 2022

Porady Martz

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The discussion and analysis of TGU Public School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and related notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2021 are as follows:

- Net position of the District decreased \$423,554 as a result of the current year's operations.
- Governmental net position totaled \$(2,193,005).
- Total revenues from all sources were \$10,217,297.
- Total expenses were \$10,640,851.
- The District's general fund had \$6,087,622 in total revenues and \$6,026,354 in expenditures. Overall, the general fund balance increased by \$61,268 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so the reader can understand TGU Public School District No. 60 as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the District do financially during the year ended June 30, 2021?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answers this question. These statements include all assets, deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in its net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in North Dakota, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Building Fund and Head Start Fund.

Governmental Funds

The School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2021.

As indicated in the financial highlights, the District's net position decreased by \$423,554. Long-term liabilities increased by \$3,505,248 for the year ended June 30, 2021 primarily due to changes in the net pension liability. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The District's net position of \$(2,193,005) is segregated into three separate categories. Net position invested in Capital Assets (net of related debt) is \$3,360,404. It should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending. Restricted net position is \$686,679. Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent. The unrestricted net position is \$(6,240,088). The unrestricted net position is available to meet the District's ongoing obligations.

Table 1

	2021	As Restated 2020
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 3,462,839	\$ 4,077,065
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	3,603,604	2,485,624
Total Assets	7,066,443	6,562,689
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Plan	4,114,218	1,645,561
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,114,218	1,645,561
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	800,555	821,147
Non-Current Liabilities	11,000,716	7,494,268
Total Liabilities	11,801,271	8,315,415
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Plan	1,572,395	1,839,594
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,572,395	1,839,594
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,360,404	2,163,024
Restricted	686,679	1,402,052
Unrestricted	(6,240,088)	(5,511,835)
Total Net Deficit Position	\$ (2,193,005)	\$ (1,946,759)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Table 2

	2021	As Restated 2020
Revenues		
Program Revenues	A 7 05 7 00	Φ 475.004
Charges for Services	\$ 765,789	\$ 475,694
Operating Grants and Contributions General Revenues	4,017,857	2,892,228
	1 000 000	2 027 220
Property Taxes State Aid - Formula Grants	1,923,883 3,495,733	2,027,328
Investment Earnings	3,495,733 14,035	3,410,747 18,378
Total Revenues	10,217,297	8,824,375
Expenses	10,217,297	0,024,073
Business Support Services	551,811	624,797
Instructional Support Services	116,775	122,802
Administration	217,773	199,738
Operations and Maintenance	645,321	580,523
Transportation	510,793	638,159
Regular Instruction	7,711,749	6,351,948
Special Education	297,833	242,021
Extra-Curricular Activities	216,942	34,956
Food Services	364,736	378,415
Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt	7,118	9,105
Total Expenses	10,640,851	9,182,464
Decrease in Net Position Deficit	(423,554)	(358,089)
Net Deficit Position - Beginning	(1,946,759)	(1,791,399)
Prior Period Adjustment - See Note 14	-	202,729
GASB 84 Adjustment - See Note 14	177,308	
Net Deficit Position - Beginning as Restated	(1,769,451)	(1,588,670)
Net Deficit Position - Ending	\$(2,193,005)	\$ (1,946,759)

Property taxes constituted 19%, state aid 34%, operating grants and contributions 39%, charges for services made up 7%, and interest income made up 1% of the total revenues of governmental activities of the District for fiscal year 2021.

Regular instruction comprised 72% of District expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and other unrestricted revenues.

Table 3

	Total Cost for Year Ended 6/30/2021		Net Cost for Year Ended 6/30/2021		Total Cost for Year Ended 6/30/2020		Net Cost for Year Ended 6/30/2020			
Business Support Services	\$	551,811	\$	(551,811)	\$	624,797	\$	(624,797)		
Instructional Support Services	116,775		116,775		116,775			122,802		(122,802)
Administration	217,773			(217,773)		199,738		(199,738)		
Operations and Maintenance	645,321		(645,321)		580,523			(580,523)		
Transportation		510,793		(305,023)		638,159		(358,670)		
Regular Instruction		7,711,749		(3,133,873)		6,351,948		(3,263,515)		
Special Education		297,833		(297,833)		242,021		(242,021)		
Extra-Curricular Activities		216,942		(216,942)		34,956		(34,956)		
Food Services		364,736		(364,736)		378,415		(378,415)		
Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt	7,118			(7,118)		9,105		(9,105)		
Total Expenses	\$	10,640,851	\$	(5,857,205)	\$	9,182,464	\$	(5,814,542)		

Business support services and administration include expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the District.

Instructional support services include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to pupils.

Operations and maintenance of plant activities involve maintaining the school grounds, buildings, and equipment in an effective working condition.

Transportation includes activities involved with the conveyance of students to and from school, as well as to and from school activities, as provided by state law.

Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and pupil.

Special education includes costs that support the education of students with other needs.

Extra-curricular activities include expenses related to student activities provided by the District, which are designed to provide opportunities for pupils to participate in school events, public events, or a combination of these for the purposes of motivation, enjoyment and skill improvement.

Food Services include expenses directly dealing with providing breakfast and lunch service to students and staff of the District.

Interest and fees on long-term debt involves the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt of the District.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Financial Analysis of the District's Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Unassigned fund balance generally may be used as a measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for by using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District's governmental funds had total revenues of \$10,278,645 and expenditures of \$10,990,271 for the year ended June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2021, the unassigned fund balance of the District's General Fund was \$1,979,818.

Budget Highlights

During the course of the 2021 fiscal year, the District received \$435,432 more revenues and incurred \$107,782 more expenditures than budgeted in the General Fund. This is primarily due to the additional Title I and ESSER Federal revenues received and the related expenditures associated with these revenues.

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2021, the District had \$3,603,604 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Table 4 shows balances as of June 30, 2021 (see Note 4 for details).

Table 4		
	2021	2020
Construction in Progress	\$ 62,544	\$ -
Buildings and Improvements	2,931,831	1,819,695
Equipment	58,213	33,400
Vehicles	551,016	632,529
Total	\$ 3,603,604	\$ 2,485,624

Long-Term Liabilities:

As of June 30, 2021, the District had \$11,080,116 in long-term liabilities. The District increased its long-term liabilities by \$3,505,248 from June 30, 2020 (See Note 5). See below for a description of the District's long-term liabilities:

	Balance 7/1/2020	AdditionsRetirements		Balance 6/30/2021
Limited Tax Bonds	\$ 325,000	\$ -	\$ 80,000	\$ 245,000
Discount on Bonds Payable	(2,400)	-	(600)	(1,800)
Compensated Absences	43,454	10,012	-	53,466
Net OPEB Liability	133,534	39,123	39,312	133,345
Net Pension Liability	7,075,280	5,248,161	1,673,336	10,650,105
Total	\$7,574,868	\$5,297,296	\$1,792,048	\$11,080,116

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

For the Future:

The TGU Public School District has benefited from an adequate property tax base. The School District has also benefited from continued funding from the State of North Dakota. These elements have enabled the District to meet many of its staffing and building maintenance needs.

The TGU Public School District has shown stable enrollment numbers. With consolidation and other cost efficiencies, the District has maintained a financially stable condition.

The impact of COVID on the 2020/2021 school year has placed an additional financial demand on the District. CARES dollars have been used to assist with the additional costs in preventive resources, a sustained evaluation of needs will result in determining allocations to keep our students and staff safe.

Contacting the District's Financial Management:

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. You may request a copy of this report by contacting Lorie Werle, Business Manager, TGU Public School District, 302 2nd St. SE, Towner, ND 58741, or email at lorie.werle@k12.nd.us.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,018,901
Grants Receivable	369,154
Taxes Receivable	74,784
Total Current Assets	3,462,839
Non-Current Assets: Capital Assets	
Buildings and Improvements	6,308,386
Equipment	144,975
Vehicles	1,635,230
Construction in Progress Less Accumulated Depreciation	62,544 (4,547,531)
Total Non-Current Assets	3,603,604
TOTAL ASSETS	7,066,443
	7,000,443
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - TFFR	929,048
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - NDPERS	,
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit OPEB Plan - NDPERS	51,369
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,114,218
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	13,508
Accrued Payroll and Taxes	615,834
Unearned Revenue	88,917
Bonds Payable Within a Year	79,400
Accrued Interest Total Current Liabilities	2,896 800,555
	000,333
Long-Term Liabilities:	162 900
Bonds Payable (Net of Current Portion) Compensated Absences	163,800 53,466
Net OPEB Liability	133,345
Net Pension Liability	10,650,105
Total Non-Current Liabilities	11,000,716
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,801,271
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - TFFR	664,166
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - NDPERS	
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit OPEB Plan - NDPERS	9,974
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,572,395
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,360,404
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	101,666
Building Student Activity	438,483 146,530
Unrestricted	(6,240,088)
TOTAL NET DEFICIT POSITION	
TOTAL NET DELIGIT FOOTHON	\$ (2,193,005)

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program Revenues					
			Operating		•	xpense) Revenue		
				Charges for Grants and		and Changes in Net		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		vices	Contri	<u>butions</u>		Position
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	•	554.044	•		•		•	(554.044)
Business Support Services	\$	551,811	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(551,811)
Instructional Support Services Administration		116,775		-		-		(116,775)
Operations and Maintenance		217,773 645,321		-		-		(217,773) (645,321)
•		510,793		-	2	- 05,770		,
Transportation Regular Instruction		7,711,749	70	- 65,789		12,087		(305,023) (3,133,873)
•			70	00,709	3,0	12,007		,
Special Education		297,833		-		-		(297,833)
Extra-Curricular Activities		216,942		-		-		(216,942)
Food Services		364,736		-		-		(364,736)
Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt		7,118				-	-	(7,118)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		10,640,851	\$ 76	55,789	\$ 4,0	17,857		(5,857,205)
	GENERAL REVENUES							
	F	Property Taxes,	Levied f	or Gener	al Purpo	ses		1,695,161
	F	Property Taxes,	Levied f	or Capita	ıl Project	S		145,317
	F	Property Taxes,	Levied f	or Debt S	Service			83,405
	P	Aids and Payme	nts from	the State	е			3,495,733
	Ĺ	Inrestricted Inve	estment	Earnings				14,035
	TOT	TAL GENERAL F	REVEN	JES				5,433,651
	Dec	rease in Net Po	sition					(423,554)
	Net	Deficit Position	- Begin	ning				(2,149,488)
	GA:	SB 84 Adjustme	nt - See	Note 14				177,308
	Prior Period Adjustment - See Note 14				202,729			
	Net	Deficit Position	- Begin	ning as F	Restated			(1,769,451)
	Net	Deficit Position	- Endin	g			\$	(2,193,005)

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

TGU PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund			Other Non-Major Headstart Governmental Fund Funds	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Grants Receivable Taxes Receivable Due From Other Funds	\$ 2,364,908 251,464 63,646 17,174	\$ 429,798 871 7,814	\$ 31,527 116,819 - 	\$ 192,668 - 3,324 -	\$ 3,018,901 369,154 74,784 17,174
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,697,192	\$ 438,483	\$ 148,346	\$ 195,992	\$ 3,480,013
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Accrued Payroll Unearned Revenue Taxes Payable	\$ 9,134 - 502,449 - 3,239	\$ - - - - -	\$ 4,374 17,174 110,146 88,917	\$ - - - - -	\$ 13,508 17,174 612,595 88,917 3,239
TOTAL LIABILITIES	514,822		220,611		735,433
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Uncollected Taxes	56,022	5,860		2,892	64,774
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	56,022	5,860		2,892	64,774
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	146,530 - 1,979,818 2,126,348	432,623	(72,265) (72,265)	101,670 91,430 - 193,100	680,823 91,430 1,907,553 2,679,806
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$2,697,192	\$ 438,483	\$ 148,346	\$ 195,992	\$ 3,480,013

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	2,679,806	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resorreported as assets in government funds: Cost of capital assets	\$ 8,151,135			
Less: accumulated depreciation Net	(4,547,531)		3,603,604	
Net deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources relating to the cost shall in the governmental activities are not financial resources and, there	-			
deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources in the governmental funds.		2,541,823		
Bond discounts that are amortized over the life of the debt issue.			1,800	
Property taxes receivable will be collected during the year, but are r to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are defe		64,774		
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period a as liabilities in the governmental funds.	and therefore are not recorded			
Bonds Payable			(245,000)	
Compensated Absences			(53,466)	
Net OPEB Liability			(133,345)	
Net Pension Liability		(10,650,105)	
Interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and th	erefore is not reported as a			
liability in the governmental funds.			(2,896)	

\$ (2,193,005)

Net Position - Governmental Activities

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Building Fund	Headstart Fund	Other Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Local Property Tax Levies	\$ 1,741,849	\$ 157,231	\$ -	\$ 86,151	\$ 1,985,231
Other Local and County Revenues	235,465	-	482,339	47,985	765,789
Revenue from State Sources	3,701,503	-		-	3,701,503
Revenue from Federal Sources	395,019	114,805	2,876,270	425,993	3,812,087
Interest	13,786	178_		71_	14,035
TOTAL REVENUES	6,087,622	272,214	3,358,609	560,200	10,278,645
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Business Support Services	298,936	-	252,875	-	551,811
Instructional Support Services	116,775	-	-	-	116,775
Administration	217,773	-	-	-	217,773
Operations and Maintenance	447,369	-	36,353	128,877	612,599
Transportation	361,386	-	25,636	-	387,022
Regular Instruction	3,801,324	-	2,989,354	-	6,790,678
Special Education	297,833	-	-	-	297,833
Extra-Curricular Activities	216,942	-	-	-	216,942
Food Services	77,199	-	19,674	266,982	363,855
Capital Outlay	190,817	1,095,134	61,081	-	1,347,032
Debt Service:				80.000	00.000
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges on Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	7,951	80,000 7,951
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6.006.054	1 005 124	2 204 072		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,026,354	1,095,134	3,384,973	483,810	10,990,271
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	61,268	(822,920)	(26,364)	76,390	(711,626)
Net Change in Fund Balances	61,268	(822,920)	(26,364)	76,390	(711,626)
Fund (Deficit) Balance - Beginning of Year	1,887,772	1,255,543	(248,630)	116,710	3,011,395
GASB 84 Adjustment - See Note 14	177,308	-	-	-	177,308
Prior Period Adjustment - See Note 14			202,729		202,729
Fund Balances - Beginning as Restated	2,065,080	1,255,543	(45,901)	116,710	3,391,432
Fund (Deficit) Balance - End of Year	\$ 2,126,348	\$ 432,623	\$ (72,265)	\$ 193,100	\$ 2,679,806

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(711,626)

(61,348)

(423,554)

Total net change in fund balances - Governmental Funds

Net change in unavailable property taxes

These revenues consist of:

Change in net position - Governmental Activities

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the useful lives as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlays

Capital Outlays

Depreciation Expense

(229,053)

Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense

1,117,979

Some revenues will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year end.
These revenues are considered "available" revenues in the government funds.

Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.

However, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

80,000

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These items consisted of the (increase)/decrease in:

Compensated Absences (10,012)

Discount on bonds payable are a long-term liability in the statement of net position. (600)

Changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to net pension liability. 2,735,856

Change in net OPEB liability. 189

Change in net pension liability. (3,574,825)

Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

of when it is due.

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The TGU Public School District operates the public schools in the City of Towner, North Dakota. There are two elementary schools and two junior/senior high schools.

Potential component units of the TGU Public School District are evaluated on various criteria, the main one being the degree of accountability the primary government has over the potential component unit. The most significant factor in the accountability assessment is the potential component unit's financial accountability to the primary government, measured through the degree to which the primary government can appoint a voting majority of the governing body, impose its will, ascertain a potential financial benefit, or face a financial burden with regard to the potential component unit.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the District's reporting entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements display information about the District as a whole.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. The statement identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or drawing from the general revenues of the District. Direct expenses are expenses that are specifically associated with a service, program or department. The direct expenses are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges to recipients for goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

The Government-wide financial statements do not include fiduciary funds or component units that are fiduciary in nature.

Fund Financial Statements:

In order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance, the District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The focus of the governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented as a separate column in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund Accounting

The District's funds consist of the following:

Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are utilized to account for most of the District's governmental functions. The reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which the obligation will be paid. Fund balance represents the difference between the governmental fund assets, deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities. The District's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund:

This fund is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources except those requiring to be accounted for in another fund.

Building Fund:

The Building fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities and renovating existing facilities. The special assessment fund is included in this category.

Head Start Fund

This fund is established to record financial transactions related to this early childhood federal program.

The District's non-major governmental fund is as follows:

Food Service Fund:

This food service fund is used to account for the accumulation of revenue and proceeds and for the payments of expenditures related to providing meals at the District.

Debt Service Funds:

The Debt Service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payments of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The sinking and interest fund #8 is included in this category.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30. 2021

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included in the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements:

The governmental funds are accounted for by using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources and uses of current financial resources.

The current financial resources measurement focus differs from the manner which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Due to the difference, the District's financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for government funds.

Basis of Accounting:

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The District's governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of its fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recorded as the related fund liability is incurred.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions:

Exchange transactions are transactions in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenue for exchange transactions is recorded when the exchange takes place. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue for exchange transactions is recorded when the resources are measurable and available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Non-exchange transactions include transactions in which the District receives value without directly providing value in return. Non-exchange transactions include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recorded in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it is recorded in the financial records of the District.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and investment income.

Unearned and Unavailable Revenues:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized in the financial statements before the revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenues.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected during the availability period have been reported as unearned revenue.

Expenses and Expenditures:

Governmental funds accounting measurement focus is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recorded in the fiscal year in which the related fund liability is incurred. Under the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recorded when incurred.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The District's Board follows the procedures established by North Dakota law for the budgetary process. The governing body of each School District, annually on or before the last day of July must levy taxes. The governing body of the School District may amend its tax levy and budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year. Taxes for School District purposes must be based upon an itemized budget statement which must show the complete expenditure by program of the District for the current fiscal year and the sources of the revenue from which it is to be financed. The School Board, in levying taxes, is limited by the amount necessary to be raised for the purpose of meeting the appropriations included in the school budget of the current fiscal year, and the sum necessary to be provided as an interim fund, together with a tax sufficient in amount to pay the interest on the bonded debt of the District and to provide a sinking fund to pay and discharge the principal thereon at maturity.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. The administration prepares the District's budget. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

- 2. The Board reviews the budget, may make revisions, and adopts the final budget at the September board meeting to ensure it is adopted before the tenth of October each year. The budget is then filed with the county auditor by October tenth of each year.
- 3. The budget may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared, except no amendment changing the taxes levied can be made after October 10 of each year. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts.
- 4. All appropriations lapse at the close of the District's fiscal year. The balance of the appropriation reverts back to each respective fund and is available for future appropriation.

The General fund expenditures were \$107,782 over budget at June 30, 2021.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The District considers highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments:

Investments are recorded at market value. North Dakota State Statute authorizes school districts to invest their surplus funds in: a) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the Treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentality's, or organizations created by an act of Congress, b) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above, c) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation of the state, d) Obligations of the state.

Fair Value Measurements:

The Organization accounts for all assets and liabilities that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis in accordance with GAAP. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about fair value measurements. When fair value measurements are required, various data is used in determining those values. This statement requires that assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value must be classified and disclosed in the following levels based on the nature of the data used.

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Capital Assets:

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported as assets in the fund financial statements. All capital assets are recorded at cost (or estimated historical cost). The assets are updated for additions and retirements during the District's fiscal year. The District has established a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values at the date received. The District does not have any infrastructure assets. Improvements that significantly extend the useful life of the asset are also capitalized.

The District's land is capitalized but is not depreciated. All the remaining capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The District has established the following useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements 50 Years Equipment 5 to 20 Years Vehicles 8 Years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations:

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District's government-wide financial statements. The District's governmental fund financials report only those obligations that will be paid from current financial resources.

Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employee Retirement System (NDPERS) and Teachers' Fund for Retirement (TFFR) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS and TFFR's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS and TFFR. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB):

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resource (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items reported on the statement of net position as *cost sharing defined benefit pension plan* and *cost sharing defined benefit OPEB plan*, which represents actuarial differences within the NDPERS and TFFR pension plans and NDPERS OPEB plan, as well as amounts paid to the plans after the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two types of items, one which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source, property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District also has two items reported on the statement of net position as *cost sharing defined benefit pension plans* and *cost sharing defined benefit OPEB plan*, which represents the actuarial differences within the NDPERS and TFFR pension plans and NDPERS OPEB plan and is reported on the statement of net position.

Fund Balance Classifications:

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District does not have any fund balance classified as nonspendable.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted – This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the school board-the District's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the school board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Assigned – This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The school board and superintendent have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District's preference is to first use restricted resources, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned, and unassigned—in order as needed.

Net Position:

Net position represents the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the District's financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any long-term debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted Net Position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted Net Position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Inter-fund Activity:

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Inter-fund activities within the District's governmental activities and its business-type activities, is eliminated in the statement of activities.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the School Board and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes:

Taxes receivable consist of current and delinquent uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property January 1. A five percent reduction is allowed if paid by February 15. Penalty and interest are added March 15 if the first half-of-the taxes have not been paid. Additional penalties are added October 15, if not paid. Taxes are collected by the county and usually remitted monthly to the School District.

Property tax revenue in the governmental funds is recognized in compliance with National Council of Government Accounting (NCGA) Interpretation 3, *Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes*. This interpretation states that property tax revenue is recorded when it becomes available. Available means when due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Such time thereafter shall not exceed 60 days. Property tax revenue is recorded as revenue in the year the tax is levied in the government-wide financial statements. Property taxes are limited by state laws. All School District tax levies are in compliance with state laws.

Significant Group Concentrations of Credit Risk:

As of June 30, 2021, the District's receivables consist of amounts due from other governmental units within the State of North Dakota.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In accordance with North Dakota laws, the District maintains deposits at a depository authorized by the School Board. The depository is a member of the Federal Reserve System.

North Dakota laws require that all public deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal at least 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes the legal investments described below, as well as certain first mortgage notes, and certain other state or local government obligations. North Dakota laws require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the District treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$3,018,901 and the bank balance was \$3,197,141. The entire bank balance was covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral held by the District's Agent in the District's name in amounts sufficient to meet North Dakota legal requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Credit Risk

The District may also invest idle funds as authorized by North Dakota laws, as follows:

- a. Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- b. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- c. Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the state.
- d. Obligations of the state.
- e. Commercial paper issued by a United States corporation rated in the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in two hundred seventy days or less.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

The investments are not subject to the credit risk classifications as noted in paragraph 9 of GASB Statement 40.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in general fixed assets account group during the year:

	Balance 7/1/2020	Additions	Disposals	Balance 6/30/2021
Governmental Activities:		7100000		
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ 62,544	\$ -	\$ 62,544
Total		62,544		62,544
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	5,105,876	1,202,510	-	6,308,386
Equipment	110,650	34,325	-	144,975
Vehicles	1,587,576	47,654		1,635,230
Total	6,804,102	1,284,489		8,088,591
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	3,286,181	90,374	-	3,376,555
Equipment	77,250	9,512	-	86,762
Vehicles	955,047	129,167		1,084,214
Total	4,318,478	229,053		4,547,531
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	2,485,624	1,055,436		3,541,060
Net Capital Assets for				
Governmental Activities	\$ 2,485,624	\$ 1,117,980	\$ -	\$ 3,603,604

In the governmental activities section of the statement of activities, depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

Regular Instruction	\$ 71,679
Operations and Maintenance	32,722
Food Service	881
Transportation	123,771
Total	\$ 229,053

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM DEBT

The School District issued bonds to provide funding for the construction of additions and improvements to existing facilities. Long-term debt is as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2020	Additions	Retirements	Balance 6/30/2021	Due in One Year
Limited Tax Bonds	\$ 325,000	\$ -	\$ 80,000	\$ 245,000	\$80,000
Discount on Bonds Payable	(2,400)	-	(600)	(1,800)	(600)
Compensated Absences	43,454	10,012	-	53,466	-
Net OPEB Liability	133,534	39,123	39,312	133,345	-
Net Pension Liability	7,075,280	5,248,161	1,673,336	10,650,105	
Total	\$7,574,868	\$5,297,296	\$1,792,048	\$11,080,116	\$ 79,400

The District issued \$900,000 Limited Tax Bonds with Wells Fargo Bank for an energy management project. The contract is dated June 1, 2011 and calls for 12 annual principal payments of \$70,000 to \$85,000 from August 1, 2012 through August 1, 2023 and interest payments semiannually at 1% to 3%.

Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt was \$7,951 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the long-term debt are as follows:

Limited Tax Bonds

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total	
2022	\$ 80,000	\$ 5,950	\$ 85,950	
2023	80,000	3,750	83,750	
2024	85,000	1,272	86,272	
Total	\$ 245,000	\$ 10,972	\$ 255,972	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 6 FUND BALANCES

A. CLASSIFICATIONS

At June 30, 2021, a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Headstart Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
Non-spendable	T dild	- I dild	T UTU	1 unu	1 unu	Total
Restricted for:						
Debt Service	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,670	\$ 101,670
Building	-	432,623	-	-	-	432,623
Student Activities	146,530	-	-	-	-	146,530
Assigned for:						
Food Service	-	-	-	91,430	-	91,430
Unassigned	1,979,818		(72,265)			1,907,553
	\$2,126,348	\$ 432,623	\$ (72,265)	\$ 91,430	\$ 101,670	\$2,679,806

Restricted fund balances reflect resources restricted for statutorily defined purposes not accounted for in a separate fund.

Restricted for Debt Service:

This account represents funds held by the District available to service long-term debt.

Restricted for Building:

This account represents funds held by the District available to provide future capital outlay.

Restricted for Student Activities:

This account represents funds held by the School District available for future student activities use.

NOTE 7 DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The following governmental fund had a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2021:

	Balance at
Fund	6/30/2021
Head Start Fund	\$ (72,265)

The total fund balance deficit of \$72,265 will be reduced by future grant revenue and transfers.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 8 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE

Substantially, all employees of the District are required by state law to belong to pension plans administered by Teacher's Fund for Retirement (TFFR) or the North Dakota Public Employees' Retirement System (NDPERS), both of which are administered on a statewide basis.

Disclosures relating to these plans follow:

North Dakota Teacher's Fund For Retirement

The following brief description of TFFR is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 15-39.1 for more complete information.

TFFR is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all North Dakota public teachers and certain other teachers who meet various membership requirements. TFFR provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the TFFR plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the TFFR benefits program is assigned to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board). The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and five members appointed by the Governor. The appointed members serve five-year terms which end on June 30 of alternate years. The appointed Board members must include two active teachers, one active school administrator, and two retired members. The TFFR Board submits any necessary or desirable changes in statutes relating to the administration of the fund, including benefit terms, to the Legislative Assembly for consideration. The Legislative Assembly has final authority for changes to benefit terms and contribution rates.

Pension Benefits

For purposes of determining pension benefits, members are classified within one of three categories. Tier 1 grandfathered and Tier 1 non-grandfathered members are those with service credit on file as of July 1, 2008. Tier 2 members are those newly employed and returning refunded members on or after July 1, 2008.

Tier 1 Grandfathered

A Tier 1 grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 85. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 6% per year for every year the member's retirement age is less than 65 years or the date as of which age plus service equal 85. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Tier 1 Non-grandfathered

A Tier 1 non-grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 2

A Tier 2 member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when five or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the five highest annual salaries earned divided by 60 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death benefits may be paid to a member's designated beneficiary. If a member's death occurs before retirement, the benefit options available are determined by the member's vesting status prior to death. If a member's death occurs after retirement, the death benefit received by the beneficiary (if any) is based on the retirement plan the member selected at retirement.

An active member is eligible to receive disability benefits when: (a) a total disability lasting 12 months or more does not allow the continuation of teaching, (b) the member has accumulated five years of credited service in North Dakota, and (c) the Board of Trustees of TFFR has determined eligibility based upon medical evidence. The amount of the disability benefit is computed by the retirement formula in NDCC Section 15-39.1-10 without consideration of age and uses the member's actual years of credited service. There is no actuarial reduction for reason of disability retirement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to TFFR are set by NDCC Section 15-39.1-09. Every eligible teacher in the State of North Dakota is required to be a member of TFFR and is assessed at a rate of 11.75% of salary as defined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-04. Every governmental body employing a teacher must also pay into TFFR a sum equal to 12.75% of the teacher's salary. Member and employer contributions will be reduced to 7.75% each when the fund reaches 100% funded ratio on an actuarial basis.

A vested member who terminates covered employment may elect a refund of contributions paid plus 6% interest or defer payment until eligible for pension benefits. A non-vested member who terminates covered employment must claim a refund of contributions paid before age 70½. Refunded members forfeit all service credits under TFFR. These service credits may be repurchased upon return to covered employment under certain circumstances, as defined by the NDCC.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$5,496,481 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Employer's share of covered payroll in the pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating TFFR employers. At June 30, 2020, the Employer's proportion was 0.359129 percent which was a decrease of 0.002813 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Employer recognized pension expense of \$450,194. At June 30, 2021, the Employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred O	utflows of Resources	Deferred Ir	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	1,133	\$	206,271
Changes in actuarial assumptions		247,390		-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		339,306		-
Changes in proportion		-		457,895
Contributions paid to TFFR subsequent to the				
measurement date		341,219		
Total	\$	929,048	\$	664,166

\$341,219 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:		Pension Expense Amount
2022	\$	(28,705)
2023		(30,219)
2024		5,742
2025		3,466
2026		(37,105)
Thereafter		10,484

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	3.80% to 14.80%, varying by service,
•	including inflation and productivity
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active and inactive members, mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Employee table, projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019. For healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on 104% of the PubT-2010 Retiree table for retirees and to 95% of the PubT-2010 Contingent Survivor table for beneficiaries, both projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019. For disability retirees, mortality rates were based on the PubNS-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Mortality table projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated March 19, 2020. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, funding actuarial valuation for TFFR.

As a result of the March 19, 2020 actuarial experience study, the TFFR Board adopted several assumption changes, including the following:

- Investment return assumption lowered from 7.75% to 7.25%;
- Inflation assumption lowered from 2.75% to 2.30%;
- Individual salary increases were lowered;
- Rates of turnover, retirement and disability were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience;
- The post-retirement healthy mortality table was updated to 104% of the PubT-2010 Retiree table for retirees and to 95% of the PubT-2010 Contingent Survivor table for beneficiaries, both projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019;
- The disabled mortality was updated to the PubNS-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Mortality table projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019; and
- The pre-retirement mortality table was updated to the PubT-2010 Employee table projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

The TFFR Board is responsible for establishing investment policy for the fund assets under NDCC 15-39.1-05.2. Benefit payments are projected to occur over a long period of time. This allows TFFR to adopt a long-term investment horizon and asset allocation policy for the management of fund assets. Asset allocation policy is critical because it defines the basic risk and return characteristics of the investment portfolio. Asset allocation targets are established using an asset-liability analysis designed to assist the Board in determining an acceptable volatility target for the fund and an optimal asset allocation policy mix. This asset-liability analysis considers both sides of the plan balance sheet, utilizing both quantitative and qualitative inputs, in order to estimate the potential impact of various asset class mixes on key measures of total plan risk, including the resulting estimated impact of funded status and contribution rates.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term Expected Real

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equities	58.00%	6.86%
Global Fixed Income	23.00%	1.25%
Global Real Assets	18.00%	5.02%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	0.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2020, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of July 1, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

			1% Increase in Discount
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Rate
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
District's proportionate share of the			
TFFR net pension liability:	\$ 7,321,018	\$ 5,496,481	\$ 3,980,198

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TFFR financial report.

North Dakota Public Employees' Retirement System

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system; one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016, the Rule of 85 was replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 the 2.00% multiplier was replaced with a 1.75% multiplier. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition of disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of salaries and wages. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 8.26% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service – Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25 13 to 24 months of service – Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25 25 to 36 months of service – Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25 Longer than 36 months of service – Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$5,153,624 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.163814 percent which was a decrease of 0.014539 from its proportion measured June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$887,359. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Out	flows of Resources	Deferred Inf	lows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	20,056	\$	261,139
Changes in actuarial assumptions		2,762,667		456,737
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		166,333		-
Changes in proportion Contributions paid to NDPERS subsequent to the		31,514		180,379
measurement date		153,231		
Total	\$	3,133,801	\$	898,255

\$153,231 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	 Pension Expense Amount
2022	\$ 629,261
2023	528,046
2024	431,086
2025	493,922

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 3.5% to 17.75% including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the Sex-distinct Pub-2010 table for General Employees, with scaling based on actual experience. Respective corresponding tables were used for healthy retirees, disabled retirees, and active members. Mortality rates are projected from 2010 using the MP-2019 scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term Expected Real Rate

Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	30.00%	6.30%
International Equity	21.00%	6.85%
Private Equity	7.00%	9.75%
Domestic Fixed Income	23.00%	1.25%
Global Real Assets	19.00%	5.01%

Discount Rate

For PERS, GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the PERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%; the municipal bond rate is 2.45%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 4.64%.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.64 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.64 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
	3.64%	4.64%	5.64%
District's proportionate share of the			
NDPERS net pension liability:	\$ 6,686,440	\$ 5,153,624	\$ 3,899,407

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN

Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDAC Chapter 71-06 for more complete information.

NDPERS OPEB plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, and Judges retired under Chapter 27-17 of the North Dakota Century Code a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan based upon the member's years of credited service. Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. Effective August 1, 2019 the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long term care plan premium expense. The Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit OPEB plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

OPEB Benefits

The employer contribution for the PERS, the HPRS and the Defined Contribution Plan is set by statute at 1.14% of covered compensation. The employer contribution for employees of the state board of career and technical education is 2.99% of covered compensation for a period of eight years ending October 1, 2015. Employees participating in the retirement plan as part-time/temporary members are required to contribute 1.14% of their covered compensation to the Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund. Employees purchasing previous service credit are also required to make an employee contribution to the Fund. The benefit amount applied each year is shown as "prefunded credit applied" on the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position for the OPEB trust funds. Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There were no other benefit changes during the year.

Retiree health insurance credit benefits and death and disability benefits are set by statute. There are no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Employees who are receiving monthly retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, the Defined Contribution Plan, the Chapter 27-17 judges or an employee receiving disability benefits, or the spouse of a deceased annuitant receiving a surviving spouse benefit or if the member selected a joint and survivor option are eligible to receive a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan.

Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. Effective August 1, 2019 the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long-term care plan premium expense. The benefits are equal to \$5.00 for each of the employee's, or deceased employee's years of credited service not to exceed the premium in effect for selected coverage. The retiree health insurance credit is also available for early retirement with reduced benefits.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$133,345 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the OPEB plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating OPEB employers. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.158518 percent which was a decrease of 0.007737 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$18,268. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	ed Outflows esources	ed Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 2,961	\$ 3,197
Changes of assumptions	17,879	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	4,586	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share	4 400	0.777
of contribution	1,409	6,777
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 24,534	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$ 51,369	\$ 9,974

\$24,534 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:				
2022	\$	3,373		
2023		4,558		
2024		4,341		
2025		3,004		
2026		1,350		
2027		235		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Not applicable
Investment rate of return	6.50%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the MortalityPub-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 103% for males and 101% for females. Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 117% for males and 112% for females. Pub-2010 Employee Mortality table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 92% for both males and females. Mortality rates are projected from 2010 using the MP-2019 scale.

The long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for the RHIC fund was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of RHIC investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return, for each major asset class included in the RHIC's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real
Asset Olass	raiget Allocation	Nate of Neturn
Large Cap Domestic Equities	33.00%	6.10%
Small Cap Domestic Equities	6.00%	7.00%
Domestic Fixed Income	40.00%	1.15%
International Equities	21.00%	6.45%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member and statutory/Board approved employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2018, and July 1, 2017, HPRS actuarial valuation reports. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current RHIC members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the RHIC fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on RHIC investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plans as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the RHIC net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in		1% Increase in				
	Dis	count Rate	Dis	count Rate	Discount Rate			
		5.50%		6.50%	7.50%			
District's proportionate share of								
the net OPEB liability	\$	174,885	\$	133,345	\$	98,217		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPEB financial report.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The District pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, auto, and inland marine insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses on one million dollars per occurrence.

The District also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The District pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third party insurance carrier for losses in excess of one million dollars per occurrence during a 12-month period. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The District participates in the North Dakota Worker's Compensation Bureau and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2021, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 12 NON-MONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The District receives food commodities from the federal government to subsidize its hot lunch program. The market value of commodities received for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$17,918.

NOTE 13 INTERFUND BALANCES

The District has the following interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2021:

	Interfund	Interfund		
	Receivable	Payable		
General Fund	\$ 17,174	\$ -		
Head Start Fund		17,174		
	\$ 17,174	\$ 17,174		

Interfund balances consist of expenditures paid on behalf of other funds as of June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. A prior period adjustment was made to net position and Head Start fund balance to correct a previous accounting error to properly align Federal expenditures with Federal revenues in the correct accounting period. As a result, beginning net position and beginning fund balances have been restated to reflect the related fund balance resources as of July 1, 2020 and general fund and Head Start fund balances have been restated as follows:

Net Position July 1, 2020, as Previously Reported	\$(2,149,488)
Restatement of Net Position for: Student Activity Fund Balance Correction of Error	177,308 202,729
Net Position July 1, 2020, as Restated	\$(1,769,451)
General Fund Balance July 1, 2020 as Previously Reported	\$ 1,887,772
Restatement for Fiduciary Accounting: Student Activity Fund Balance	177,308
Fund Balance General Fund July 1, 2020 as Restated	\$ 2,065,080
Head Start Fund Balance July 1, 2020 as Previously Reported	\$ (248,630)
Restatement for: Correction of Error	202,729
Fund Balance Head Start Fund July 1, 2020 as Restated	\$ (45,901)

NOTE 15 NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This Statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishes that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishes standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improves required note disclosures. This Statement also addresses arrangements—often characterized as leases—that are associated with conduit debt obligations. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, provides additional guidance to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues identified during the application of certain GASB statements. This statement provides accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activity of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements and derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, provides guidance to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR), most notable, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. This statement provides exceptions and clarifications regarding hedging derivative instruments for such transactions that result from the replacement of IBOR. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). The statement provides definitions of PPPs and APAs and provides uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. A PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. An APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information* Arrangements provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Under this Statement, a government generally should recognize a right-to use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for SBITAs and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32 provides additional guidance for determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit. This Statement requires that the financial burden criterion in paragraph 7 of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, be applicable to only defined benefit pension plans and defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 3 of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, or paragraph 3 of Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, respectively. This Statement (1) requires that a Section 457 plan be classified as either a pension plan or an other employee benefit plan depending on whether the plan meets the definition of a pension plan and (2) clarifies that Statement 84, as amended, should be applied to all arrangements organized under IRC Section 457 to determine whether those arrangements should be reported as fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement that (1) exempt primary governments that perform the duties that a governing board typically performs from treating the absence of a governing board the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board in determining whether they are financially accountable for defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, or other employee benefit plans and (2) limit the applicability of the financial burden criterion in paragraph 7 of Statement 84 to defined benefit pension plans and defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 3 of Statement 67 or paragraph 3 of Statement 74, respectively, are effective immediately. The requirements of this Statement that are related to the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management has not yet determined what effect these statements will have on the District's financial statements.

NOTE 16 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No significant events have occurred subsequent to the District's year end. Subsequent events have been evaluated through January 14, 2022, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted			
				Over (Under)
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local Property Tax Levies	\$ 1,688,735	\$ 1,688,735	\$ 1,741,849	\$ 53,114
Other Local and County Revenues	-	-	235,465	235,465
Revenue from State Sources	3,771,918	3,771,918	3,701,503	(70,415)
Revenue from Federal Sources	185,637	185,637	395,019	209,382
Interest	5,900	5,900	13,786	7,886
TOTAL REVENUES	5,652,190	5,652,190	6,087,622	435,432
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Business Support Services	343,562	343,562	298,936	(44,626)
Instructional Support Services	155,244	155,244	116,775	(38,469)
Administration	218,951	218,951	217,773	(1,178)
Operations and Maintenance	523,092	523,092	447,369	(75,723)
Transportation	398,387	398,387	361,386	(37,001)
Regular Instruction	3,842,617	3,842,617	3,801,324	(41,293)
Special Education	239,500	239,500	297,833	58,333
Extra-Curricular Activities	37,219	37,219	216,942	179,723
Food Services	90,000	90,000	77,199	(12,801)
Capital Outlay	70,000	70,000	190,817	120,817
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,918,572	5,918,572	6,026,354	107,782
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(266,382)	(266,382)	61,268	327,650
Net Change in Fund Balances	(266,382)	(266,382)	61,268	327,650
	,	,		,
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,887,772	1,887,772	1,887,772	
GASB 84 Adjustment - See Note 14			177,308	177,308
Fund Balance Beginning as Restated	2,065,080	2,065,080	2,065,080	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,621,390	\$ 1,621,390	\$ 2,126,348	\$ 504,958

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TFFR AND NDPERS PENSION PLANS LAST TEN YEARS (PRESENTED PROSPECTIVELY)

Teachers Fund for Retirement

			Con	tributions in						
Statutorily			Rela	ation to the	Contribution			Covered-	Contributions as a	
Fiscal Year	F	Required	Statutorily Required		Deficiency		Employee		Percentage of Covered-	
Ended June 30	June 30 Contribution		Co	ntributions	(Excess)		Payroll		Employee Payroll	
2021	\$	341,219	\$	341,219		-	\$	2,676,224	12.75%	
2020		334,182		334,182		-		2,621,044	12.75%	
2019		323,738		323,738		-		2,539,126	12.75%	
2018		332,396		332,396		-		2,590,683	12.83%	
2017		341,013		341,013		-		2,674,611	12.75%	
2016		344,743		344,743		-		2,703,863	12.75%	
2015		331,182		331,182		-		2,597,628	12.75%	

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

			Col	ntributions in						
Statutorily				lation to the	Contribution			Covered-	Contributions as a	
Fiscal Year	F	Required	Statutorily Required		Deficiency		Employee		Percentage of Covered-	
Ended June 30	ded June 30 Contribution		C	ontributions	(Excess)		Payroll		Employee Payroll	
2021	\$	153,231	\$	153,231		-	\$	2,151,200	7.12%	
2020		138,062		138,062		-		1,934,591	7.14%	
2019		139,526		139,526		-		1,959,633	7.12%	
2018		134,198		134,198		-		1,884,807	7.12%	
2017		135,370		135,370		-		1,901,263	7.12%	
2016		135,353		135,353		-		1,901,020	7.12%	
2015		110,896		110,896		-		1,557,522	7.12%	

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Information for prior years is not available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE NDPERS OPEB PLAN LAST TEN YEARS (PRESENTED PROSPECTIVELY)

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System - OPEB

				Cont	ributions in					
	Fiscal Year	St	atutorily	Rela	ation to the				Contributions as a	
Ended Required			Statuto	rily Required	Contribution	Distr	ict's Covered -	Percentage of Covered -		
	June 30	Contribution		Contributions		Deficiency (Excess)	Employee Payroll		Employee Payroll	
	2021	\$	24,534	\$	24,534	-	\$	2,151,200	1.14%	
	2020		22,126		22,126	-		1,934,591	1.14%	
	2019		22,340		22,340	-		1,959,633	1.14%	
	2018		21,487		21,487	-		1,884,807	1.14%	

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Information for prior years is not available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN YEARS (PRESENTED PROSPECTIVELY)

Teachers Fund for Retirement

						Proportionate	
						Share of the Net	
	District's					Pension Liability	
	Proportion of	Distric	t's Proportionate			(Asset) as a	Plan Fiduciary Net
For the Fiscal	the Net	Sha	are of the Net			Percentage of its	Position as a
Year Ended	Pension	Per	nsion Liability	Dist	rict's Covered-	Covered-	Percentage of the Total
June 30	Liability (Asset)	(Asset) (a)	Emp	loyee Payroll	employee Payroll	Pension Liability
2021	0.359129%	\$	5,496,481	\$	2,620,423	209.76%	63.40%
2019	0.361942%		4,984,854		2,539,124	196.32%	65.50%
2018	0.381130%		5,079,925		2,590,959	196.06%	65.50%
2017	0.396255%		5,442,670		2,674,610	203.49%	63.20%
2016	0.416155%		6,096,915		2,703,863	225.49%	59.20%
2015	0.422307%		5,523,164		2,597,628	212.62%	62.10%
2014	0.430381%		4,509,630		2,496,437	180.64%	66.60%

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

						i roportionate			
						Share of the Net			
	District's					Pension Liability			
	Proportion of	Dist	trict's Proportionate			(Asset) as a	Plan Fiduciary Net		
For the Fiscal	the Net	5	Share of the Net			Percentage of its	Position as a		
Year Ended	ar Ended Pension Pension Liability				rict's Covered-	Covered-	Percentage of the Total		
June 30	Liability (Asset)		(Asset) (a)	Employee Payroll		employee Payroll	Pension Liability		
2021	0.163814%	\$	5,153,624	\$	1,807,062	285.19%	48.91%		
2019	0.178350%		2,090,426		1,855,173	112.68%	71.66%		
2018	0.177290%		2,991,962		1,821,327	164.27%	62.80%		
2017	0.181426%		2,916,111		1,852,080	157.45%	61.98%		
2016	0.188637%		1,838,451		1,901,020	96.71%	70.46%		
2015	0.174830%		1,188,814		1,557,522	76.33%	77.15%		
2014	0.173707%		1,102,555		1,463,268	75.35%	77.70%		

Proportionate

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability which is June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Information for prior years is not available.

See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST TEN YEARS (PRESENTED PROSPECTIVELY)

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System - OPEB

		District's proportionate						
	District's		District's			share of the net OPEB	Plan fiduciary net	
For the Fiscal	proportion of	propor	tionate share			liability (asset) as a	position as a	
Year Ended	the net OPEB	of the	e net OPEB	Distr	ict's covered -	percentage of its covered-	percentage of the	
June 30	liability (asset)	liabi	lity (asset)	_ emp	loyee payroll	employee payroll	total OPEB liability	
2021	0.1585%	\$	133,345	\$	1,807,062	7.38%	63.38%	
2019	0.1663%		133,534		1,855,173	7.20%	63.13%	
2018	0.1665%		131,091		1,821,327	7.20%	61.89%	
2017	0.1712%		135,419		1,852,080	7.31%	59.78%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability which is June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Information for prior years is not available.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1- BUDGETARY COMPARISON

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The District's Board follows the procedures established by North Dakota law for the budgetary process. The governing body of each School District, annually on or before the last day of July must levy taxes. The governing body of the School District may amend its tax levy and budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year. Taxes for School District purposes must be based upon an itemized budget statement which must show the complete expenditure by program of the District for the current fiscal year and the sources of the revenue from which it is to be financed. The School Board, in levying taxes, is limited by the amount necessary to be raised for the purpose of meeting the appropriations included in the school budget of the current fiscal year, and the sum necessary to be provided as an interim fund, together with a tax sufficient in amount to pay the interest on the bonded debt of the District and to provide a sinking fund to pay and discharge the principal thereon at maturity. During the current year in the General Fund, budgeted expenditures were less than actual expenditures by \$107,782. The District does not legally adopt budgets for the Building and Head Start funds.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The administration prepares the District's budget. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 2. The Board reviews the budget, may make revisions, and adopts the final budget before October tenth of each year. The budget is then filed with the county auditor by October tenth of each year.
- 3. The budget may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared, except no amendment changing the taxes levied can be made after October 10 of each year. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts.
- 4. All appropriations lapse at the close of the District's fiscal year. The balance of the appropriation reverts back to each respective fund and is available for future appropriation.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

TFFR

Changes of Assumptions

Amounts reported in 2021 and later reflect the following actuarial assumption changes based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated March 19, 2020.

- Investment return assumption lowered from 7.75% to 7.25%;
- Inflation assumption lowered from 2.75% to 2.30%;
- Individual salary increases were lowered;
- Rates of turnover, retirement and disability were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience;
- The post-retirement healthy mortality table was updated to 104% of the PubT-2010 Retiree table for retirees and to 95% of the PubT-2010 Contingent Survivor table for beneficiaries, both projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019;
- The disabled mortality was updated to the PubNS-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Mortality table projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019; and
- The pre-retirement mortality table was updated to the PubT-2010 Employee table projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019.

Amounts reported in 2016-2020 reflect the following actuarial assumption changes based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015.

- Investment return assumption lowered from 8% to 7.75%.
- Inflation assumption lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- Total salary scale rates lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation.
- Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

NDPERS

The Board approved the following changes to the actuarial assumptions beginning with the July 1, 2020 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.5% to 7.0%
- The assumed rate of price inflation was lowered from 2.5% to 2.25%
- The assumed rate of total payroll growth was updated for the July 1, 2020 valuation
- Mortality table updates were made for the July 1, 2020 valuation

All other actuarial assumptions and the actuarial cost method are unchanged from the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OPEB

The Board approved the following changes to the actuarial assumptions beginning with the July 1, 2020 valuation:

• The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.25% to 6.50%

All other actuarial assumptions and the actuarial cost method are unchanged from the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

NOTE 3 – CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS

NDPERS

The interest rate earned on member contributions will decrease from 7.00 percent to 6.50 percent effective January 1, 2020 (based on the adopted decrease in the investment return assumption). New Main System members who are hired on or after January 1, 2020 will have a benefit multiplier of 1.75 percent (compared to the current benefit multiplier of 2.00 percent). The fixed employer contribution for new members of the Main System will increase from 7.12 percent to 8.26 percent. For members who terminate after December 31, 2019, final average salary is the higher of the final average salary calculated on December 31, 2019 or the average salary earned in the three highest periods of twelve consecutive months employed during the last 180 months of employment. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

OPEB

Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	 Food Service Fund	De	bt Service Fund	Non-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 91,430	\$	101,238	\$ 192,668
Taxes Receivable	 -		3,324	 3,324
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 91,430	\$	104,562	\$ 195,992
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Uncollected Taxes	\$ 	\$	2,892	\$ 2,892
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			2,892	2,892
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	-		101,670	101,670
Assigned	 91,430			 91,430
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 91,430		101,670	 193,100
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 91,430	\$	104,562	\$ 195,992

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Food Service Fund	Del	bt Service Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					
Local Property Tax Levies Other Local and County Revenues Revenue from Federal Sources Interest	\$ 47,985 425,993 15	\$	86,151 - - 56	\$	86,151 47,985 425,993 71
TOTAL REVENUES	 473,993		86,207		560,200
EXPENDITURES Current: Operations and Maintenance Food Services Debt Service:	128,877 266,982		-		128,877 266,982
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges on Long-Term Debt	<u>-</u>		80,000 7,951		80,000 7,951
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	395,859		87,951		483,810
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	78,134		(1,744)		76,390
Net Change in Fund Balances	78,134		(1,744)		76,390
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	13,296		103,414		116,710
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 91,430	\$	101,670	\$	193,100

BradyMartz

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education TGU Public School District No. 60 Towner, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise TGU Public School District No. 60's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 14, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered TGU Public School District No. 60's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as findings 2021-001, 2021-002 and 2021-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether TGU Public School District No. 60's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Responses to the Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose Of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA

January 14, 2022

Forady Martz

BradyMartz

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education
TGU Public School District No. 60
Towner, North Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited TGU Public School District No. 60's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on TGU Public School District No. 60's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The TGU Public School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for TGU Public School District No. 60's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of TGU Public School District No. 60's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, TGU Public School District No. 60 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-004. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of TGU Public School District No. 60 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered TGU Public School District No. 60's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of TGU Public School District No. 60's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-004, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

The District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA

January 14, 2022

Forady Martz

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Pass-Through Entity Identifying	
AL# Des	scription	Number	Expenditures
Department of Treasury			
Passed Through the North Dakota State Department of Public Instruction			
21.019 CO	VID - Coronavirus Relief Fund	F21019	\$ 219,664
Total Department of Treasury			219,664
Department of Health and Human Services			
	ad Start Cluster VID - Head Start Cluster		2,652,647 89,250
Total Department of Health and Human Services		2,741,897	
Department of Education			
Passed Through the North Dakota State Department of Public Instruction			
	apter 1/TITLE I-Compensatory VID - Education Stabilization Fund	F84010 F84425D	185,004 57,694
Total Passed through ND DPI		242,698	
Passed Through Devils Lake Public School District			
84.371 Cor	mprehensive Literacy Development		134,373
Passed Through North Central Education Cooperative			
84.287A 21s	st Century Community Learning Centers	F84287	45,426
Passed Through Velva Public School District			
84.048 Car	l Perkins		2,039
Total Department of Education		424,536	
Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through the North Dakota State Department of Public Instruction			
10.555 Foo 10.559 CO	d Nutrition Cluster: od Distribution-Non Cash VID - Summer Food Service Program for Children I Cluster	F10555 F10559	17,918 263,862 281,780
	ld and Adult Care Food Program	F10558	128,875
	te Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition it and Vegetable Grant	F10560 F10568	1,811 13,524
Total Department of Agriculture		425,990	
•	TAL		\$3,812,087

See Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 NONMONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The District receives commodities through the food distribution program and the assistance is valued at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed.

NOTE 4 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule includes the federal award activity of TGU Public School District No. 60 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of TGU Public School District No. 60, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE 5 PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES

All pass-through entities listed above use the same AL numbers as the federal grantors to identify these grants, and have not assigned any additional identifying numbers.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? X Yes No Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None Reported Non-compliance material to financial statements noted? ____ Yes X_ No Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are X Yes ___ None Reported not considered to be material weaknesses? Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? _X_ Yes ___ No Identification of major programs: AL Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 93.600 **Head Start Cluster** Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000 Yes X No Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2021-001 Finding

Criteria

An appropriate system of internal control requires the District to prepare financial statements in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Condition

The District's personnel prepare periodic financial information for internal use that meets the needs of management and the board. However, the District currently does not prepare financial statements, including accompanying note disclosures, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District has elected to have the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and notes.

Cause

The District elected to not allocate resources for the preparation of financial statements.

Effect

There is an increased risk of material misstatement to the District's financial statements.

Repeat Finding

This is a repeat finding of 2020-001

Recommendation

We recommend the District consider the additional risk of having the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures and consider preparing them in the future. As a compensating control the District should establish an internal control policy to document the annual review of the financial statements and schedules and to review a financial statement disclosure checklist.

Views of Responsible Officials

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2021-002 Finding

Criteria

A proper system of internal control has the proper segregation of duties between authorization, custody, record keeping and reconciliation.

Condition

There is not a system in place for accounting duties to be properly segregated between authorization, custody, record keeping and reconciliation.

Cause

The District is subject to size and budget constraints limiting the number of personnel within the accounting department.

Effect

The design of internal control over financial reporting could adversely affect the ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Repeat Finding

This is a repeat finding of 2020-002

Recommendation

We recommend the District review their internal controls over the accounting functions to determine if additional procedures can be implemented that are cost effective. The board should constantly be aware of this condition. Compensating controls that mitigate the related risks could be (or are) provided through appropriate oversight of the performance of these functions and review of the financial reports by individuals with knowledge of current operations and accounting principles.

Views of Responsible Officials

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2021-003 Finding

Criteria

The District is required to maintain internal controls at a level where underlying support for general ledger accounts can be developed and a determination can be made that the general ledger accounts are properly reflected in accordance with GAAP.

Condition

During our audit, adjusting entries to the financial statements were proposed in order to properly reflect the financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Cause

The District's internal controls have not been designed to address the specific training needs required of its personnel to identify the adjustments necessary to properly reflect the financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Effect

The District's financial statements were materially misstated prior to adjustments detected as a result of audit procedures.

Repeat Finding

This is not a repeat finding

Recommendation

Accounting personnel will need to determine the proper balance in each general ledger account prior to the audit.

Views of Responsible Officials

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2021-004: Reporting – Significant Deficiency

Federal Programs

AL # 93.600 - Head Start

Criteria

The District is required to file quarterly SF-425 financial reports within one (1) month of quarter end. The information presented on the SF-425 reports should be cumulative.

Condition

During our testing of reports filed, it was noted the quarterly reports were filed in excess of one (1) month after quarter end. These quarterly reports also did not present the information cumulatively, but instead only presented the information for the current quarter.

Cause

The individual responsible for filing the reports was unaware of the deadlines or the prescribed format.

Effect

The District's quarterly SF-425 reports were not filed timely and in the prescribed format.

Context

All four (4) quarter SF-425 reports filed during the year under audit were tested and found to be filed late and not in the prescribed format.

Questioned Costs

None.

Recommendation

Proper training should be provided to the individuals responsible for preparing and filing the SF-425 reports.

Repeat Finding

This is not a repeat finding

Views of Responsible Officials

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2020-001 Finding

Criteria

An appropriate system of internal control requires the organization to prepare financial statements in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Condition

The District's personnel prepare periodic financial information for internal use that meets the needs of management and the board. However, the District currently does not prepare financial statements, including accompanying note disclosures, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District has elected to have the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and notes.

Cause

The District elected to not allocate resources for the preparation of financial statements.

Effect

There is an increased risk of material misstatement to the District's financial statements.

Recommendation

We recommend the District consider the additional risk of having the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures and consider preparing them in the future. As a compensating control the organization should establish an internal control policy to document the annual review of the financial statements and schedules and to review a financial statement disclosure checklist.

Management's Response

Management agrees with comment and will implement when it becomes cost-effective.

Current Year Status

None. See current year finding 2021-001.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2020-002 Finding

Criteria

To provide reasonable assurance that segregation of duties take place while also taking into account the size of the District.

Condition

The organization has one employee who is responsible for all accounting functions involved. The employee handles all income monies, prepares the receipts documents, prepares the deposits, issues all checks and distributes them, receives the bank statements and does the reconciliations. The employee also records the receipts and disbursements to the journals and maintains the general ledger. Considering the size of the District, it is not feasible to obtain proper separation of duties and the degree of internal control is severely limited.

Effect

Lack of segregation of duties leads to a limited degree of internal control.

Recommendation

The District should separate the duties when it becomes feasible. As a compensating control, the District should ensure additional oversight by the superintendent and board regarding financial transaction activity.

Management's Response

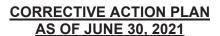
Management agrees with comment and will implement when it becomes cost-effective.

Current Year Status

None. See current year finding 2021-002.

TGU SCHOOL DISTRICT

TGU TOWNER SCHOOL 302 2ND ST SE TOWNER, ND 58788 (701)537-5414 PO BOX 270 TOWNER, ND 58788 (701)537-5413 (FAX) (701)537-5414 TGU GRANVILLE SCHOOL $210~6^{\text{TH}}$ ST SW GRANVILLE, ND 58741 (701)728-6641



<u>2021-001</u>

Official Responsible for Insuring CAP

Lorie Werle, business manager, will be responsible for preparing the financial statements for the TGU Public School Board quarterly or when the School Board request reports. The Student Activity Report will be presented to the School Board each month.

Correcting Plan

Lorie Werle, business manager, will ensure that accounting principles generally acceptable in the United States of America are followed and financial statements are disclosed to the TGU Public School Board quarterly. These reports will include a balance sheet, revenue and expense statement for all departments and funds.

Planned Completion Date for CAP

Immediately

2021-002

Official Responsible for Insuring CAP

Erik Sveet, superintendent, will be responsible to ensure that the appropriate measures are taken.

Correcting Plan

The District will segregate other duties when feasible.

The Planned Completion Date of CAP

Immediately

2021-003

Official Responsible for Insuring CAP

Lorie Werle, business manager, will be responsible to ensure that the appropriate measures are taken.

Correcting Plan

The District will provide Lorie Werle, business manager, necessary training.

The Planned Completion Date of CAP

Immediately

2021-004

Official Responsible for Insuring CAP
Dani Haman, Head Start fiscal officer, will be responsible to ensure that the appropriate measures are taken.

<u>Correcting Plan</u> The District will provide necessary training.

The Planned Completion Date of CAP Immediately