AUDIT REPORT

CITY OF MOHALL Mohall, North Dakota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

RATH & MEHRER, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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CITY OFFICIALS

Tom Witteman Mayor

Jim Bender Council Member

LaVonne Erickson Council Member

Dawn Larson Council Member

Robyn Larson Council Member

Mary Marmon Council Member

Dana McIntyre Council Member

Cheryl Overby Auditor

Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA Todd Goehring, CPA Specializing in Governmental Auditing

425 North Fifth Street Bismarck, ND 58501 Phone 701-258-4560 Fax 701-258-4983

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Mohall Mohall, North Dakota

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mohall as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mohall as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Mohall, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the city's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mohall's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the city's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements. The budgeting comparison information, the schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgeting comparison information, the schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 8, 2022 on our consideration of the city's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the city's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

Rath and Mehrer

April 8, 2022

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2021

	P	nt	Component Unit	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Mohall Housing Authority
ASSETS:				
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	2,285,924.50	567,115.65	2,853,040.15	73,033.87
Economic Development Loans	151,000.00		151,000.00	
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):				
Land	169,502.00	34,460.00	203,962.00	
Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and Vehicles	5,101,690.00 109,344.00	366,341.00 12,780.00	5,468,031.00 122,124.00	879,197.00
Total Capital Assets	5,380,536.00	413,581.00	5,794,117.00	879,197.00
Total Assets	7,817,460.50	980,696.65	8,798,157.15	952,230.87
LIABILITIES: Long-Term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year:				
Special Assessment Bonds Payable	110,000.00		110,000.00	
Revenue Bonds Payable	40,000.00		40,000.00	24,310.00
Due After One Year:			000 000 00	
Special Assessment Bonds Payable	325,000.00		325,000.00	
Revenue Bonds Payable	845,000.00		845,000.00	801,520.00
Compensated Absences Payable	14,025.36		14,025.36	(1
Total Liabilities	1,334,025.36		1,334,025.36	825,830.00
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,060,536.00	413,581.00	4,474,117.00	53,367.00
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	462,558.45		462,558.45	
Special Purposes	1,025,582.42		1,025,582.42	
Maintenance and Repairs		136,903.18	136,903.18	
Unrestricted	934,758.27	430,212.47	1,364,970.74	73,033.87
Total Net Position	6,483,435.14	980,696.65	7,464,131.79	126,400.87

Statement of Net Activities - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2021

				Net (Exp	ense) Revenue and	d Change in Net Po	sition
							Component
		Program Reven	ues	Pr	imary Government		Unit Mohall
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Governmental	Business-Type		Housing
	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority
unctions/Programs							
rimary Government							
Governmental Activities:	705 400 00	7 706 20		(200 622 70)		(298,622.79)	
General Government	306,409.09	7,786.30		(298,622.79)		(117,561.62)	
Public Safety	117,561.62		116 076 07	(117,561.62)		(117,361.62)	
Streets and Public Works	316,344.14		116,876.97	(199,467.17)		100 Marie 100 Ma	
Urban and Economic Development	107,800.00	700.00		(107,800.00)		(107,800.00)	
Culture and Recreation	75,535.11	12,700.00		(62,835.11)		(62,835.11)	
Other	267,727.31	29,653.76	299,173.17	61,099.62		61,099.62	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	26,556.06	20000	103,389.82	76,833.76	-	76,833.76	
Total Governmental Activities	1,217,933.33	50,140.06	519,439.96	(648,353.31)	_	(648,353.31)	
Business-Type Activities:							
Water	140,815.59	195,282.74			54,467.15	54,467.15	
Sewer	100,547.75	82,369.78			(18,177.97)	(18,177.97)	
Sanitation	119,681.25	91,744.76			(27,936.49)	(27,936.49)	
Water Tower Surcharge	4,260.00	15,759.79			11,499.79	11,499.79	
Total Business-Type Activities	365,304.59	385,157.07			19,852.48	19,852.48	
Total Primary Government	1,583,237.92	435,297.13	519,439.96	(648,353.31)	19,852.48	(628,500.83)	
Component Unit:							
Mohall Housing Authority	56,746.75	63,625.61					6,878.8
	2						
	General Revenues: Taxes:	12					
	Property taxes;		***********	2007 PROFESSOR - 2017 AND		211,119.74	
	trobered course,	evied for genera	al purposes	211,119.74		,	
	Property taxes; I			211,119.74 121,672.49		121,672.49	
	Property taxes; I			121,672.49		121,672.49	
	Property taxes; I Sales taxes	evied for specia		121,672.49 180,854.36		121,672.49 180,854.36	
	Property taxes; I Sales taxes Cigarette taxes	evied for specia	l purposes	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28		121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28	
	Property taxes; I Sales taxes Cigarette taxes Oil and gas prod	evied for specia uction taxes al revenue not	l purposes	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28		121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28	
	Property taxes; I Sales taxes Cigarette taxes Oil and gas prod Intergovernment	evied for special uction taxes tal revenue not ams	l purposes restricted	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43	9,291.77	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43	335.
	Property taxes; I Sales taxes Cigarette taxes Oil and gas prod Intergovernment to specific progra	evied for special uction taxes ial revenue not ams stments and oth	l purposes restricted	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43 65,386.63		121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43 65,386.63	25536
	Property taxes; I Sales taxes Cigarette taxes Oil and gas prod Intergovernment to specific progra Earnings on invest	evied for special uction taxes tal revenue not ams stments and other enues	l purposes restricted	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43 65,386.63 129,635.25	9,291.77	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43 65,386.63 138,927.02	335.1
	Property taxes; I Sales taxes Cigarette taxes Oil and gas prod Intergovernment to specific progra Earnings on invest Total General Reve	evied for special uction taxes tal revenue not taxes astments and otherwise ition	l purposes restricted	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43 65,386.63 129,635.25 819,829.18	9,291.77 29,144.25	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43 65,386.63 138,927.02 829,120.95	7,213.9
	Property taxes; I Sales taxes Cigarette taxes Oil and gas prod Intergovernment to specific progra Earnings on invest Total General Reve Change in Net Pos	evied for special uction taxes tal revenue not tames streents and otherwise ition	l purposes restricted ner revenue	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43 65,386.63 129,635.25 819,829.18 171,475.87	9,291.77 29,144.25 951,552.40	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43 65,386.63 138,927.02 829,120.95 200,620.12	7,213.9
	Property taxes; I Sales taxes Cigarette taxes Oil and gas prod Intergovernment to specific progra Earnings on invest Total General Reve Change in Net Pos Net Position - January	uction taxes ual revenue not ams stments and oth enues ition uary 1 tment (Note 11	l purposes restricted ner revenue	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43 65,386.63 129,635.25 819,829.18 171,475.87 6,108,708.27	9,291.77 29,144.25 951,552.40	121,672.49 180,854.36 1,697.28 109,463.43 65,386.63 138,927.02 829,120.95 200,620.12 7,060,260.67	335.1 335.1 7,213.9 119,186.9

Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	Major Funds					
		City		2010 Main Street	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Sales Tax	Airport	Improvement	Funds	Funds
ASSETS:						
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	948,783.63	93,930.60	400,234.51	230,703.19	612,272.57	2,285,924.50
Economic Development Loans		151,000.00				151,000.00
Total Assets	948,783.63	244,930.60	400,234.51	230,703.19	612,272.57	2,436,924.50
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable:						
Economic Development Loans		151,000.00				151,000.00
Restricted for:						
General Government					3,559.23	3,559.23
Public Safety					379.37	379.37
Street and Public Works					40,016.47	40,016.47
Urban and Economic Development		93,930.60				93,930.60
Emergency Purposes					10,523.73	10,523.73
Airport			400,234.51			400,234.51
Infrastructure					251,539.37	251,539.37
Debt Service				230,703.19	231,855.26	462,558.45
Other Purposes					74,399.14	74,399.14
Unassigned	948,783.63					948,783.63
Total Fund Balances	948,783.63	244,930.60	400,234.51	230,703.19	612,272.57	2,436,924.50

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

2,436,924.50

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.

Cost of Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation 7,245,283.00 (1,864,747.00)

Net Capital Assets

5,380,536.00

Long-term liabilities applicable to the city's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Long-term liabilities -both current and long-term- are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at December 31, 2021 are:

Special Assessments Bonds Payable Revenue Bonds Payable Compensated Absences Payable (435,000.00)

(885,000.00) (14,025.36)

Total Long-Term Liabilities

(1,334,025.36)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

6,483,435.14

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Major Funds					
		City		2010 Main Street	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Sales Tax	Airport	Improvement	Funds	Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	211,119.74	55,733.45	96,612.62		150,180.78	513,646.59
Special Assessments				103,389.82		103,389.82
Licenses, Permits and Fees	18,111.30				25.00	18,136.30
Intergovernmental	176,547.34		299,173.17		116,876.97	592,597.48
Charges for Services	2,350.00		29,653.76			32,003.76
Miscellaneous	95,386.27	612.17	16,073.54		17,563.27	129,635.25
Total Revenues	503,514.65	56,345.62	441,513.09	103,389.82	284,646.02	1,389,409.20
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government	307,149.04					307,149.04
Public Safety	117,561.62					117,561.62
Streets and Public Works					160,692.14	160,692.14
Urban and Economic Development		107,800.00				107,800.00
Culture and Recreation	28,315.93				47,219.18	75,535.11
Other		78.87	33,732.70		15,225.74	49,037.31
Capital Outlay	47,000.00		214,110.00			261,110.00
Debt Service:						
Principal				105,000.00	41,000.00	146,000.00
Interest and Service Charges				9,365.00	17,191.06	26,556.06
Total Expenditures	500,026.59	107,878.87	247,842.70	114,365.00	281,328.12	1,251,441.28
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue						
Over Expenditures	3,488.06	(51,533.25)	193,670.39	(10,975.18)	3,317.90	137,967.92
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In					119,021.07	119,021.07
Transfers Out	(119,021.07)					(119,021.07)
Revenue Bonds Issued	19,550.00					19,550.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(99,471.07)				119,021.07	19,550.00
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(95,983.01)	(51,533.25)	193,670.39	(10,975.18	122,338.97	157,517.92
Fund Balance - January 1	1,044,766.64	296,463.85	206,564.12	241,678.37	489,933.60	2,279,406.58
Fund Balance - December 31	948,783.63	244,930.60	400,234.51	230,703.19	612,272.57	2,436,924.50

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

157,517.92

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current year.

Current Year Capital Outlay Current Year Depreciation Expense 261,110.00

(374,342.00)

(113, 232.00)

The proceeds of debt issuances are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayment of debt exceeded debt proceeds.

Debt Proceeds Repayment of Debt

(19,550.00)

146,000.00

126,450.00

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net Decrease in Compensated Absences

739.95

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

171,475.87

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

	Majo	r Enterprise Fu	ınds		
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Other Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	191,128.81	153,611.98	85,471.68	136,903.18	567,115.65
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets (net of accumulated					
depreciation):					
Land		15,910.00		18,550.00	34,460.00
Buildings and Infrastructure	102,352.00	263,989.00			366,341.00
Machinery and Vehicles		20		12,780.00	12,780.00
Total Noncurrent Assets	102,352.00	279,899.00		31,330.00	413,581.00
Total Assets	293,480.81	433,510.98	85,471.68	168,233.18	980,696.65
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	102,352.00	279,899.00		31,330.00	413,581.00
Restricted for:					
Maintenance and Repairs				136,903.18	136,903.18
Unrestricted	191,128.81	153,611.98	85,471.68		430,212.47
Total Net Position	293,480.81	433,510.98	85,471.68	168,233.18	980,696.65

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Majo	r Enterprise Fur			
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Other Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Sales and Services:					
Water Charges	195,282.74				195,282.74
Sewer Charges		82,369.78			82,369.78
Garbage Charges			86,522.76		86,522.76
Utility Surcharge				15,759.79	15,759.79
Landfill Fees	7		5,222.00		5,222.00
Total Operating Revenues	195,282.74	82,369.78	91,744.76	15,759.79	385,157.07
Operating Expenses:					
Water	134,310.59				134,310.59
Sewer		81,363.75			81,363.75
Sanitation			119,681.25		119,681.25
Depreciation	6,505.00	19,184.00		4,260.00	29,949.00
Total Operating Expenses	140,815.59	100,547.75	119,681.25	4,260.00	365,304.59
Operating Income (Loss)	54,467.15	(18,177.97)	(27,936.49)	11,499.79	19,852.48
Non-Operating Revenues:					
Interest Income	202.55	225.29	147.92	192.44	768.20
Miscellaneous Revenues	4,455.42		4,068.15		8,523.57
Total Non-Operating Revenues	4,657.97	225.29	4,216.07	192.44	9,291.77
Changes in Net Position	59,125.12	(17,952.68)	(23,720.42)	11,692.23	29,144.25
Net Position - January 1	234,355.69	451,463.66	109,192.10	156,540.95	951,552.40
Net Position - December 31	293,480.81	433,510.98	85,471.68	168,233.18	980,696.65

Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year ended December 31, 2021

	Major Enterp	rise Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Other Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:			K-100 (4 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 2		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Receipts from customers	195,282.74	82,369.78	91,744.76	15,759.79	385,157.07
Payments to employees and suppliers	(134,310.59)	(81,363.75)	(119,681.25)		(335,355.59)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	60,972.15	1,006.03	(27,936.49)	15,759.79	49,801.48
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Miscellaneous receipts	4,455.42		4,068.15		8,523.57
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest income	202.55	225.29	147.92	192.44	768.20
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	65,630.12	1,231.32	(23,720.42)	15,952.23	59,093.25
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	125,498.69	152,380.66	109,192.10	120,950.95	508,022.40
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	191,128.81	153,611.98	85,471.68	136,903.18	567,115.65
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating income (Loss)	54,467.15	(18,177.97)	(27,936.49)	11,499.79	19,852.48
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to					
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	6,505.00	19,184.00		4,260.00	29,949.00
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	60,972.15	1,006.03	(27,936.49)	15,759.79	49,801.48

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2021

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Mohall operates under a city council form of government. The financial statements of the city have been prepared on a modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the city. The city has considered all potential component units for which the city is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the city are such that exclusion would cause the city's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Government Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the city to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the city.

Based on these criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed defining the government's reporting entity.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u>: The component unit's column in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the city's one component unit. This unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the city.

Mohall Housing Authority: The Mohall Housing Authority's governing board is appointed by the city's governing board. The housing authority has the authority to issue its own debt.

The financial statements of the discretely presented component are presented in the basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the City of Mohall and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the city. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the city's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the city's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investments earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the city's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

City Sales Tax. This fund accounts for the city's sales tax collections which are used for urban and economic development.

Airport. This fund accounts for a special tax levy to fund operations of the city's airport.

2010 Main Street Improvement. This fund is used to accumulate resources to repay the principal and interest of the Refunding Improvement Bonds, Series 2016.

The city reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's water distribution system.

Sewer. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's sewage collection system.

Sanitation. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's garbage collection system.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-like activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the city utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments consist of certificates of deposit stated at cost.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets include plant and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column and the business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Assets are also reported in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are defined by the city as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Infrastructure 15 to 75 years Machinery and Vehicles 5 to 15 Years

F. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave and vested sick leave are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Compensation for unused vacation leave up to a maximum of 240 hours and 10% of accumulated sick leave will be granted to city employees upon termination of employment with the city.

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Pension

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS); additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the city is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories or prepaid expenses) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e., endowment funds).

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the city or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments (i.e., funds restricted by state statute, unspent bond proceeds, grants earned but not spent, debt covenants or taxes raised for a specific purpose).

Committed — Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city council through the adoption of a resolution. The city council also may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The city reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the city's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the city's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Net Position — Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the city has not spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

J. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental and proprietary fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the special purpose framework (SPF) used by the city requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the city maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, share of investments companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district or any other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2021 the city's carrying amount of deposits was \$2,853,040 and the bank balance was \$2,887,189. Of the bank balance, \$266,278 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$2,620,911 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk

The city may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statutes, as follows:

- (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- (3) Certificates of deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- (4) Obligations of the State.

As of December 31, 2021, the city held certificates of deposit in the amount of \$567,860, which are all considered deposits.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The city does not have a limit on the amount the city may invest in any one issuer.

Note 3 PROPERTY TAXES

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

Note 4 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LOANS

Economic development loans consist of loans to area businesses. The following amounts are outstanding at December 31, 2021:

City Sales Tax Fund

Borrower	
Bower Arial, LLC	45,000.00
Naked Moose II	5,400.00
Heisler Auto	3,700.00
Heisler Auto 2021	38,500.00
Mohall Country Club	3,000.00
Flower House Garden Center	2,000.00
The Beauty Bar by Riley	2,900.00
701 Powersports	4,000.00
M & J Enterprises, Inc.	5,000.00
Burger Shack	13,000.00
Peg Shack 2.0	6,000.00
Paragon Café	7,500.00
Double J's Bar and Grill	15,000.00
Total	151,000.00

Note 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Governmental Activities:				its and the second
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	169,502			169,502
Construction in Progress	3,047,390	261,110	3,308,500	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total	3,216,892	261,110	3,308,500	169,502
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and Vehicles	3,111,772 655,509	3,308,500		6,420,272 655,509
Total	3,767,281	3,308,500		7,075,781
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Infrastructure	1,006,248	312,334		1,318,582
Machinery and Vehicles	484,157	62,008		546,165
Total	1,490,405	374,342		1,864,747
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,276,876	2,934,158		5,211,034
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	5,493,768	3,195,268	3,308,500	5,380,536
	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	34,460			34,460
Capital assets being depreciated:			-	
Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and Vehicles	1,710,747 81,390			1,710,747 81,390
Total	1,792,137			1,792,137
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Infrastructure	1,318,717	25,689		1,344,406
Machinery and Vehicles	64,350	4,260		68,610
Total	1,383,067	29,949		1,413,016
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	409,070	(29,949)		379,121
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	443,530	(29,949)		413,581

	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Discretely Presented Component Unit:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Infrastructure	1,040,000			1,040,000
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Infrastructure	146,936	13,867		160,803
Discretely Presented Component Unit	B=====================================	S		7.5
Capital Assets, Net	893,064	(13,867)		879,197

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the city as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Streets and Public Works	155,652
Other	218,690
Total	374,342
Business-type Activities:	
Water	6,505
Sewer	19,184
Water Sewer Surcharge	4,260
Total	29,949
Discretely Presented Component Unit:	
Mohall Housing Authority	13,867

Note 6 LONG-TERM DEBT

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities.</u> During the year ended December 31, 2021, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the long-term liabilities of the city:

Governmental Activities:

_	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31	One Year
Special Assessment Bonds	540,000		105,000	435,000	110,000
Revenue Bonds	906,450	19,550	41,000	885,000	40,000
Compensated Absences *	14,765	0.000000000	740	14,025	11.00/2002000
Total	1,461,215	19,550	146,740	1,334,025	150,000

^{*} The change in compensated absences is shown as a net change because changes in salary prohibit exact calculation of increases and decreases.

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31	Due Within One Year
Revenue Bonds	849,385		23,555	825,830	24,310

Outstanding debt at December 31, 2021 consists of the following:

Governmental Activities:

<u>Special Assessment Bond Debt.</u> The city has issued special assessment bonds to provide funds for the refinancing of the Refunding Improvement Bond of 2010. Special assessment bonds outstanding at December 31, 2021 are as follows:

\$935,000 Refunding Improvement Bonds, Series 2016 due in annual installments of \$105,000 to \$110,000 through May 1, 2025; interest is at 1.2% to 1.95%.

435,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding special assessment bond debt are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Principal	Interest
2022	110,000.00	6,757.50
2023	110,000.00	4,970.00
2024	105,000.00	3,090.00
2025	110,000.00	1,072.50
Total	435,000.00	15,890.00

<u>Revenue Bonds.</u> The city has issued bonds for the purpose of construction of a water tower. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2021 are as follows:

\$610,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2018 due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$25,000 through

September 1, 2040; interest is at 1.5%.

\$391,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 due in annual installments of \$16,000 to \$25,000 through

September 1, 2040; interest is at 1.5%.

Total Revenue Bonds Payable

885,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding revenue bond debt are as follows:

December 31	Principal	Interest
2022	40,000.00	13,275.00
2023	45,000.00	12,675.00
2024	45,000.00	12,000.00
2025	45,000.00	11,325.00
2026	50,000.00	10,650.00
2027-2031	250,000.00	42,000.00
2032-2036	275,000.00	22,500.00
2037-2040	135,000.00	4,275.00
Total	885,000.00	128,700.00

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

<u>Revenue Bonds.</u> The housing authority has issued bonds for the purpose of providing affordable housing in the city. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2021 are as follows:

\$540,000 Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 due in monthly installments of \$2,412.84 through 2043; payments	
include interest at 4%.	414,642.00
\$500,000 Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 due in monthly installments of \$1,737.00 through 2048; payments	
include interest at 2.25%.	411,188.00
Total Revenue Bonds	825,830.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Principal	Interest
2022	24,310.00	25,490.00
2023	25,089.00	24,711.00
2024	25,895.00	23,905.00
2025	26,729.00	23,070.00
2026	27,593.00	22,207.00
2027-2031	152,002.00	96,998.00
2032-2036	178,589.00	70,409.00
2037-2041	210,220.00	38,778.00
2042-2046	132,756.00	8,948.00
2047-2048	22,647.00	298.00
Total	825,830.00	334,814.00

Note 7 TRANSFERS

The following is a reconciliation between transfers in and transfers out as reported in the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021:

Fund

Highway Distribution 95,175.27 Library 23,845.80

General Fund 119,021.07

To subsidize expenditures.

Note 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Mohall is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The city pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, automobile and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$3,000,000 per occurrence for general liability and automobile; and \$900,499 for public assets.

The city also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The city pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third-party insurance carrier for losses in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence during a 12-month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the city with a blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,200,371 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The city has worker's compensation with the Department of Workforce Safety and Insurance; and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The city is required to implement GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting of Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The effect of this statement is not material to the city's financial statements.

Note 10 TAX ABATEMENTS

The city has not entered into any tax abatement agreements that would reduce the city's tax revenues for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Note 11 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A prior period adjustment was made to eliminate accruals for GASB No. 68 and restate the financial statements to the modified cash basis of accounting.

	Activities Activities
Net Position as previously reported	6,108,708.27
Adjustments to restate the January 1, 2021 balance:	
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Related to Pensions	(151,781.00)
Net Pension Liability	232,551.00
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Related to Pensions	122,481.00
Net Position, January 1, 2021 as restated	6,311,959.27

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	1		
	Original and Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes	216,447.00	211,119.74	(5,327.26)
Licenses, Permits and Fees	8,070.00	18,111.30	10,041.30
Intergovernmental	88,225.00	176,547.34	88,322.34
Charges for Services	1,000.00	2,350.00	1,350.00
Miscellaneous	18,500.00	95,386.27	76,886.27
Total Revenues	332,242.00	503,514.65	171,272.65
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government	220,090.00	307,149.04	(87,059.04)
Public Safety	62,102.00	117,561.62	(55,459.62)
Culture and Recreation	38,350.00	28,315.93	10,034.07
Capital Outlay	47,000.00	47,000.00	•
Total Expenditures	367,542.00	500,026.59	(132,484.59)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(35,300.00)	3,488.06	38,788.06
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers Out		(119,021.07)	(119,021.07)
Revenue Bonds Issued		19,550.00	19,550.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(99,471.07)	(99,471.07)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(35,300.00)	(95,983.01)	(60,683.01)
Fund Balance - January 1	1,044,766.64	1,044,766.64	
Fund Balance - December 31	1,009,466.64	948,783.63	(60,683.01)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis Airport Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	and Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes	7,910.00	96,612.62	88,702.62
Intergovernmental	ುಚಿತ್ರಗಾವಾದ ಮೆನಿ	299,173.17	299,173.17
Charges for Services	20,000.00	29,653.76	9,653.76
Miscellaneous	2,735.00	16,073.54	13,338.54
Total Revenues	30,645.00	441,513.09	410,868.09
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Other	46,700.00	33,732.70	12,967.30
Capital Outlay		214,110.00	(214,110.00)
Total Expenditures	46,700.00	247,842.70	(201,142.70)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(16,055.00)	193,670.39	209,725.39
Fund Balance - January 1	206,564.12	206,564.12	
Fund Balance - December 31	190,509.12	400,234.51	209,725.39

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules December 31, 2021

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Based upon available financial information and requests by the governing board, the city auditor prepares the preliminary budget. The city budget is prepared for the general, special revenue and debt service funds by function and activity on the cash basis of accounting. The preliminary budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

The governing board holds a public hearing where any taxpayer may testify in favor of, or against, any proposed expenditures or tax levies requested in the preliminary budget. After the budget hearing and on or before October 7, the board adopts the final budget. The final budget must be filed with the county auditor by October 10. No expenditure shall be made, or liability incurred, in excess of the total appropriation by fund except as authorized by North Dakota Century Code Section 40-40-18. However, the governing board may amend the budget during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. The budget amendments must be approved by the board and the approval must be noted in the official proceedings of the board.

Note 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE

The governing board did not amend the city's budget during the year ended December 31, 2021.

Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

Expenditures exceeded budget in the following funds for the year ended December 31, 2021:

General Fund

(132,484.59)

Special Revenue Fund

Airport

(204,142.70)

No remedial action is anticipated or required by the city regarding these excess expenditures.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.014563%	0.019841%	0.014772%	0.014248%	0.013820%	0.014892%	0.017443%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	458,155	232,551	248,332	229,012	134,689	101,263	110,714
City's covered employee payroll	164,973	171,198	151,162	145,440	139,268	137,583	146,936
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	277.72%	135.84%	164.28%	157.46%	96.71%	73.60%	75.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	48.91%	71.66%	62.80%	61.98%	70.46%	77.15%	77.70%

Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	11,746	12,189	10,763	10,355	9,916	9,796	9,747
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	(11,746)	(12,189)	(10,763)	(10,355)	(9,916)	(9,796)	(9,747)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	o	0	0
City's covered-employee payroll	164,973	171,198	151,162	145,440	139,268	137,583	146,936
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%	6.63%

Complete date for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Cash Transactions For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

12	Balance 01-01-2021	Receipts	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Disbursements	Balance 12-31-2021
Major Governmental Funds						
General Fund	1,044,766.64	523,064.65		119,021.07	500,026.59	948,783.63
City Sales Tax Fund	253,463.85	83,345.62			242,878.87	93,930.60
Airport	206,564.12	441,513.09			247,842.70	400,234.51
2010 Main Street Improvement	241,678.37	103,389.82			114,365.00	230,703.19
Total Major Governmental Funds	1,746,472.98	1,151,313.18	¥	119,021.07	1,105,113.16	1,673,651.93
Non-major Governmental Funds						
Highway Distribution	0.00	62,516.87	95,175.27		157,692.14	*
Fire Department	0.00	379.37				379.37
SB2103 Surge Money	44,954.64	61.83			5,000.00	40,016.47
City Share of Special Assmt.	73,410.33	109.35			3,570.82	69,948.86
Special Assessment Deficiency	47,336.45	70.66				47,407.11
Emergency	8,554.10	4,969.63			3,000.00	10,523.73
Cemetery	347.19	15,716.69			11,654.92	4,408.96
American Rescue Plan		56,782.61				56,782.61
Library		18,373.38	23,845.80		42,219.18	12
Planning Commission	3,534.23	25.00				3,559.23
Infrastructure	159,799.31	34,957.45				194,756.76
CDBG Funds	41.32	*				41.32
Capital Improvements	151,956.03	90,683.18			58,191.06	184,448.15
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	489,933.60	284,646.02	119,021.07		281,328.12	612,272.57
Total Governmental Funds	2,236,406.58	1,435,959.20	119,021.07	119,021.07	1,386,441.28	2,285,924.50
Major Enterprise Funds						
Water	125,498.69	199,940.71			134,310.59	191,128.81
Sewer	152,380.66	82,595.07			81,363.75	153,611.98
Sanitation	109,192.10	95,960.83			119,681.25	85,471.68
Total Major Enterprise Funds	387,071.45	378,496.61	-		335,355.59	430,212.47
Non-major Enterprise Funds						
Water Sewer Surcharge	120,950.95	15,952.23				136,903.18
Total Enterprise Funds	508,022.40	394,448.84	(#)	÷	335,355.59	567,115.65
Total Primary Government	2,744,428.98	1,830,408.04	119,021.07	119,021.07	1,721,796.87	2,853,040.15
Discretely Presented Component Unit						
Mohall Housing Authority	75,507.91	63,960.71			66,434.75	73,033.87
Total All Funds	2,819,936.89	1,894,368.75	119,021.07	119,021.07	1,788,231.62	2,926,074.02

Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Mohall Mohall, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mohall as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 8, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the city's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the city's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses of significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2021-001 and 2021-002, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the city's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the city's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The city's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The city's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control or on compliance. This is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the city's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Roth and Mehrer

Bismarck, North Dakota

April 8, 2022

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued:	
Governmental Activities	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
Business-Type Activities	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
Discretely Presented Component Unit	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
Major Governmental Funds	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
Major Business-Type Funds	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
Internal control over financial reporting:	
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	YesX No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	XYes None Reported
 Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? 	YesX No
SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:	
Significant Deficiencies	
1. 2021-001 – Segregation of Duties	
	al control over financial reporting and prevent material there should be a segregation of the functions of approval, ation.
	esponsible for most accounting functions. The employee is monies, issue checks, send checks to vendors, record receipts

Cause: The city does not have a large enough staff to properly segregate all duties.

and disbursements in journals, maintain the general ledger and prepare bank reconciliations.

Effect: A lack of segregation of duties leads to a limited degree of internal control.

Recommendation: We recommend that management and the governing board be aware of the lack of segregation of duties and implement controls whenever possible to mitigate this risk.

Views of Responsible Officials: The city is aware of the condition and segregates duties whenever possible.

2. 2021-002- Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria: A good system of internal controls requires the city to determine that the financial statements are prepared based on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This means that the city must maintain knowledge of current accounting principles and required financial statement disclosures.

Condition: The city's financial statements, including the accompanying note disclosures, are prepared by the city's external auditors.

Cause: The city feels that it is more cost effective to have their external auditors prepare the complete financial statements and disclosures, rather than invest in ongoing specialized training that would be necessary.

Effect: Without the assistance of the auditors, the financial statements could be misstated or omit material financial statement disclosures.

Recommendation: We recommend that management be aware of this condition and be prepared and able to provide all necessary information and schedules to complete the financial statements and disclosures; and review and approve them prior to external distribution.

Views of Responsible officials: The city will continue to have the external auditors prepare the financial statements, including note disclosures, but will review and approve them prior to external distribution.