

**THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
THOMPSON, NORTH DAKOTA**

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
ROSTER OF SCHOOL OFFICIALS - UNAUDITED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

John Wolfgram	President
Tim Myron	Vice President
Nick West	Board Member
Deb Kolling	Board Member
Brian Willis	Board Member
LuAnn Kysilka	Business Manager
John Maus	Superintendent

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education
Thompson Public School District No. 61
Thompson, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Thompson Public School District No. 61, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Thompson Public School District No. 61, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of District's contributions to TFFR/NDPERS retirement plans, schedule of District's Contributions to the NDPERS OPEB plan, schedule of District's proportionate share of net pension liability and schedule of District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining non-major fund statements, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining non-major fund statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining non-major fund statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The roster of school officials on page 1 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 20, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



**BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.
GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA**

August 20, 2020

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)
JUNE 30, 2020

The discussion and analysis of Thompson Public School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and related notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2019-2020 fiscal year are as follows:

- Net Position of the District increased \$821,808 as a result of the current year operations.
- Governmental net position totaled \$4,157,692.
- Total revenues from all sources were \$7,039,673.
- Total expenses were \$6,217,865.
- The District's General Fund had \$6,385,752 in total revenues and other financing sources and \$6,662,782 in expenditures and other financing uses. Overall the General Fund balance decreased by \$277,030 for the year ended June 30, 2020, compared to a decrease of \$241,957 in the previous year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Thompson Public School District No. 61 as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the District do financially during the year ended June 30, 2020?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answers this question. These statements include all assets, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED
JUNE 30, 2020

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in North Dakota, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Building Fund.

Governmental Funds

The School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2020.

As indicated in the financial highlights, the District's net position increased by \$821,808 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position.

The District's net position of \$4,157,692 is segregated into three separate categories. Net investment in capital assets (net of related debt) is not available for future spending. Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent. The unrestricted net position is available to meet the District's ongoing obligations.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED
JUNE 30, 2020

Table 1
Statement of Net Position

	2020	2019
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 3,289,069	\$ 2,473,624
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	6,756,447	6,634,708
Total Assets	10,045,516	9,108,332
 Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,099,607	 1,140,205
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	216,900	226,294
Long-Term Liabilities	6,331,413	6,399,705
Total Liabilities	6,548,313	6,625,999
 Deferred Outflows of Resources	 439,118	 286,654
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,536,447	5,259,708
Restricted for Debt Service	58,219	50,828
Restricted for Capital Projects	2,127,289	1,040,887
Unrestricted	(3,564,263)	(3,015,539)
Total Net Position	\$ 4,157,692	\$ 3,335,884

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED
JUNE 30, 2020

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	2020	2019
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 272,415	\$ 395,265
Operating Grants and Contributions	275,840	299,156
General Revenues		
Taxes	1,310,355	1,206,965
State Aid	5,120,729	4,672,781
Investment Earnings	54,940	69,142
Other Revenues	5,394	12,316
Total Revenues	7,039,673	6,655,625
Expenses		
Business Support Services	94,213	80,960
Instructional Support Services	264,313	245,602
Administration	657,380	670,570
Operations and Maintenance	1,120,992	1,420,028
Transportation	291,008	427,927
Regular Instruction	2,503,291	1,813,928
Special Education	670,109	588,269
Vocational Education	109,859	105,749
Extra-Curricular Activities	201,623	212,746
Food Services	279,419	299,530
Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt	25,658	28,500
Total Expenses	6,217,865	5,893,809
Changes in Net Position	821,808	761,816
Net Position - Beginning	3,335,884	2,574,068
Net Position - Ending	\$ 4,157,692	\$ 3,335,884

Property taxes constitute 18.61% and 18.13%, state aid 72.74% and 70.21%, operating grants and contributions 3.92% and 4.49%, and charges for services make up 3.87% and 5.94% of the total revenues of governmental activities of the District for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Regular instruction comprised 40.26% and 30.78% of District expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED
JUNE 30, 2020

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and other unrestricted revenues.

Table 3

	Total Cost for Year Ended 6/30/2020	Net Cost for Year Ended 6/30/2020	Total Cost for Year Ended 6/30/2019	Net Cost for Year Ended 6/30/2019
Business Support Services	\$ 94,213	\$ (94,213)	\$ 80,960	\$ (80,960)
Instructional Support Services	264,313	(264,313)	245,602	(245,602)
Administration	657,380	(657,380)	670,570	(670,570)
Operations and Maintenance	1,120,992	(1,120,992)	1,420,028	(1,420,028)
Transportation	291,008	(193,139)	427,927	(338,100)
Regular Instruction	2,503,291	(2,436,721)	1,813,928	(1,727,476)
Special Education	670,109	(578,811)	588,269	(415,776)
Vocational Education	109,859	(100,382)	105,749	(69,780)
Extra-Curricular Activities	201,623	(201,623)	212,746	(212,746)
Food Services	279,419	3,622	299,530	10,150
Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt	25,658	(25,658)	28,500	(28,500)
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 6,217,865</u>	<u>\$ (5,669,610)</u>	<u>\$ 5,893,809</u>	<u>\$ (5,199,388)</u>

Business support services and administration include expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the District.

Instructional support services include activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to pupils.

Operation and maintenance of plant activities involve maintaining the school grounds, buildings and equipment in an effective working condition.

Pupil transportation includes activities involved with the conveyance of students to and from school, as well as to and from school activities, as provided by state law.

Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and pupil.

Special education includes costs that support the education of students with other needs.

Vocational education includes expenditures that support the teaching of vocational type instruction.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED
JUNE 30, 2020

Extra-curricular activities include expenses related to student activities provided by the District, which are designed to provide opportunities for pupils to participate in school events, public events, or a combination of these for the purposes of motivation, enjoyment and skill improvement.

Food services include expenses directly dealing with providing breakfast and lunch service to students and staff of the District.

Interest on long-term debt involves the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt of the District.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Unassigned fund balance generally may be used as a measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for by using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District's governmental funds had total revenues of \$7,030,568 and \$6,654,296 and net expenditures of \$6,216,021 and \$6,485,070 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the total fund balance of the District's general fund was \$714,035 and \$991,065 and total fund balance for all the District's governmental funds was \$3,196,897 and \$2,382,350, respectively.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

During the course of the 2020 fiscal year, the District's general fund received \$34,898 less revenues and incurred \$557,868 less expenditures than budgeted. This is primarily the result of less federal source revenue received during the year as well as less administration, operations and maintenance, transportation and capital outlay expenditures incurred than anticipated during the budgeting process.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the District had \$6,756,447 and \$6,634,708, respectively, invested in net capital assets. Table 4 shows total capital asset balances as of June 30, 2020 and 2019. See Note 4 for details.

Table 4

	2020	2019
Land	\$ 65,266	\$ 51,866
CIP	84,950	140,000
Buildings	3,775,705	3,787,610
Equipment	2,830,526	2,655,232
Total	\$ 6,756,447	\$ 6,634,708

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED
JUNE 30, 2020

DEBT ADMINISTRATION:

As of June 30, 2020, the District had \$6,486,413 in outstanding debt. The net decrease in the District debt was \$68,292 from June 30, 2019. See below for description of the District's debt:

	<u>Balance 7/1/2019</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/2020</u>	<u>Due in One Year</u>
General Obligation School Building Refunding Bonds of 2012	\$ 475,000	\$ -	\$ 55,000	\$ 420,000	\$ 55,000
Limited Tax School Building Fund Bonds of 2017	900,000	-	100,000	800,000	100,000
Compensated Absences	17,922	2,125	-	20,047	-
Net OPEB Liability	21,795	7,562	6,518	22,839	-
Net Pension Liability	<u>5,139,988</u>	<u>1,553,815</u>	<u>1,470,276</u>	<u>5,223,527</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$6,554,705</u>	<u>\$1,563,502</u>	<u>\$1,631,794</u>	<u>\$6,486,413</u>	<u>\$155,000</u>

FOR THE FUTURE:

District enrollment continues to increase at a faster rate than anticipated over the last five years. Therefore, we hired an additional 2 FTE in HS and 1 FTE in K-12 for the 2020-2021 school year as well as 1 FTE in the non-certified department. The District's staffing and facility issues will continue to be addressed while utilizing and sharing as many staff as possible with local districts and sharing resources and equipment with other schools when possible. The District will continue to be aggressive securing grants to help with revenue and growth. The District has been assured by the State of North Dakota that the COVID-19 global pandemic will not affect fiscal year 2020-2021 but it will most likely have an impact in future legislative sessions and K-12 funding proposals.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT:

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. You may request a copy of this report by contacting Charla Peterson, Business Manager, Thompson Public School District, P.O. Box 269, Thompson, ND 58278.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 3,246,857
Taxes Receivable	42,212
Total Current Assets	3,289,069
Non-Current Assets:	
Capital Assets	12,846,483
Less Accumulated Depreciation	6,090,036
Total Non-Current Assets	6,756,447
TOTAL ASSETS	10,045,516
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - TFFR	901,747
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - NDPERS	188,914
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit OPEB Plan - NDPERS	8,946
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,099,607
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	3,936
Accrued Liabilities	47,372
Interest Payable	10,592
Current Portion of Bonds Payable	155,000
Total Current Liabilities	216,900
Non-Current Liabilities:	
Compensated Absences	20,047
Bonds Payable (Net of Current Portion)	1,065,000
Net OPEB Liability	22,839
Net Pension Liability	5,223,527
Total Non-Current Liabilities	6,331,413
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,548,313
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - TFFR	209,802
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - NDPERS	225,174
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit OPEB Plan - NDPERS	4,142
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	439,118
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,536,447
Restricted for Debt Service	58,219
Restricted for Capital Projects	2,127,289
Unrestricted	(3,564,263)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 4,157,692

See Notes to the Financial Statements

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Business Support Services	\$ 94,213	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (94,213)
Instructional Support Services	264,313	-	-	(264,313)
Administration	657,380	-	-	(657,380)
Operations and Maintenance	1,120,992	-	-	(1,120,992)
Transportation	291,008	-	97,869	(193,139)
Regular Instruction	2,503,291	18,083	48,487	(2,436,721)
Special Education	670,109	73,395	17,903	(578,811)
Vocational Education	109,859	-	9,477	(100,382)
Extra-Curricular Activities	201,623	-	-	(201,623)
Food Services	279,419	180,937	102,104	3,622
Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt	25,658	-	-	(25,658)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 6,217,865	\$ 272,415	\$ 275,840	(5,669,610)
GENERAL REVENUES				
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes				965,323
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service				69,450
Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects				275,582
Aids and Payments from the State				5,120,729
Unrestricted Investment Earnings				54,940
Other Revenues				5,394
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES				6,491,418
Change in Net Position				821,808
Net Position - Beginning				3,335,884
Net Position - Ending				\$ 4,157,692

See Notes to the Financial Statements

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 763,791	\$ 2,118,090	\$ 364,976	\$ 3,246,857
Property Taxes Receivable	<u>30,651</u>	<u>9,199</u>	<u>2,362</u>	<u>42,212</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 794,442</u>	<u>\$ 2,127,289</u>	<u>\$ 367,338</u>	<u>\$ 3,289,069</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 3,936	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,936
Accrued Liabilities	<u>46,800</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>572</u>	<u>47,372</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>50,736</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>572</u>	<u>51,308</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Taxes	<u>29,671</u>	<u>8,908</u>	<u>2,285</u>	<u>40,864</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>29,671</u>	<u>8,908</u>	<u>2,285</u>	<u>40,864</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	-	2,118,381	66,526	2,184,907
Committed	-	-	137,093	137,093
Assigned	-	-	160,862	160,862
Unassigned	<u>714,035</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>714,035</u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>714,035</u>	<u>2,118,381</u>	<u>364,481</u>	<u>3,196,897</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 794,442</u>	<u>\$ 2,127,289</u>	<u>\$ 367,338</u>	<u>\$ 3,289,069</u>

See Notes to the Financial Statements

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Total fund balance - governmental funds \$ 3,196,897

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

Cost	\$ 12,846,483	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>6,090,036</u>	
Net		6,756,447

Net deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources relating to the cost sharing of defined benefit plans in the governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as deferred outflows/(inflows) or resources in the governmental funds. 660,489

Property taxes receivable will be collected during the year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and, therefore are unearned in the funds. 40,864

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. These long-term liabilities consisted of the following:

Bonds Payable		(1,220,000)
Compensated Absences		(20,047)
Net OPEB Liability		(22,839)
Net Pension Liability		(5,223,527)

Interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore is not reported as a liability in the governmental fund. (10,592)

Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 4,157,692

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Local Property Taxes	\$ 956,218	\$ 275,582	\$ 69,450	\$ 1,301,250
Other Local Sources	96,872	-	180,937	277,809
Revenue from State Sources	5,218,598	-	5,382	5,223,980
Revenue from Federal Sources	75,867	-	96,722	172,589
Interest	38,197	16,498	245	54,940
TOTAL REVENUES	6,385,752	292,080	352,736	7,030,568
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Business Support Services	94,213	-	-	94,213
Instructional Support Services	264,313	-	-	264,313
Administration	657,380	-	-	657,380
Operations and Maintenance	910,817	500	-	911,317
Transportation	214,838	-	-	214,838
Regular Instruction	2,052,843	-	-	2,052,843
Special Education	670,109	-	-	670,109
Vocational Education	109,859	-	-	109,859
Extra-Curricular Activities	201,623	-	-	201,623
Food Services	-	-	279,419	279,419
Capital Outlay:				
Capital Outlay	578,262	-	-	578,262
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	100,000	-	55,000	155,000
Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt	8,525	7,650	10,670	26,845
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,862,782	8,150	345,089	6,216,021
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	522,970	283,930	7,647	814,547
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	-	800,000	-	800,000
Transfers Out	(800,000)	-	-	(800,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(800,000)	800,000	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(277,030)	1,083,930	7,647	814,547
Fund Balances - Beginning	991,065	1,034,451	356,834	2,382,350
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 714,035	\$ 2,118,381	\$ 364,481	\$ 3,196,897

See Notes to the Financial Statements

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES WITH THE DISTRICT-WIDE
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total net change in fund balances - Governmental Funds \$ 814,547

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital Outlay	\$ 578,262	
Depreciation Expense	<u>(415,765)</u>	162,497
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		(40,758)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. However, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		155,000
Change in OPEB liability		(1,044)
Change in net pension liability		(83,539)
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences		(2,125)
Some revenues will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year end. These revenues are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. These consist of:		
Net change in deferred property taxes		9,105
Changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to net pension liability		(193,062)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. Accrued interest decreased by \$1,187		<u>1,187</u>
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		<u>\$ 821,808</u>

See Notes to the Financial Statements

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - FIDUCIARY FUNDS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$159,448</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>\$159,448</u></u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to Student Groups	<u>\$159,448</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u><u>\$159,448</u></u>

See Notes to the Financial Statements

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Thompson Public School District operates the public schools in the City of Thompson, North Dakota. There is one elementary school and one junior/senior high school that is enclosed in one building.

Reporting Entity - Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District. Fiscal dependence can include the District's approval of the budget, issuance of debt, and/or levying of taxes for the organization.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the District's reporting entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation:

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements display information about the District as a whole.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. The statement identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or drawing from the general revenues of the District. Direct expenses are expenses that are specifically associated with a service, program or department. The direct expenses are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges to recipients for goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the District-wide statements.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

The Government-wide financial statements do not include fiduciary funds of component units that are fiduciary in nature.

Fund Financial Statements:

In order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance, the District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The focus of the governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented as a separate column in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary fund is reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The District's funds consist of the following:

Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are utilized to account for most of the District's governmental functions. The reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which the obligation will be paid. Fund balance represents the difference between the governmental fund assets, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and liabilities. The District's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund

This fund is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources except those requiring to be accounted for in another fund.

Building Fund

The Building fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities and renovating existing facilities.

The District's non-major governmental funds are as follows:

Food Service Fund

This Food Service fund is used to account for the accumulation of revenue and proceeds and for the payments of expenditures related to the providing of meals at the District.

Bond Sinking Fund

The Bond Sinking fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payments of bonds.

Special Reserve Fund

The Special Reserve fund is used to account for the proceeds of certain specific revenue sources that are committed for specified purposes.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Fiduciary Funds:

The reporting focus of fiduciary funds is on net position and changes in net position. The District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of operations. The District's agency fund consists of the following:

Student Activity Fund

The fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the District's student programs.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included in the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements:

The governmental funds are accounted for by using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources and uses of current financial resources.

The current financial resources measurement focus differs from the manner which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Due to the difference, the District's financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for government funds.

Basis of Accounting:

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The District's governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of its fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recorded as the related fund liability is incurred.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions:

Exchange transactions are transactions in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenue for exchange transactions is recorded when the exchange takes place. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue for exchange transactions is recorded when the resources are measurable and available.

Non-exchange transactions include transactions in which the District receives value without directly providing value in return. Non-exchange transactions include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recorded in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it is recorded in the financial records of the District.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and investment income.

Unearned Revenues:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized in the financial statements before the revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenues.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will also not be collected during the availability period have been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses and Expenditures:

Governmental funds accounting measurement focus is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recorded in the fiscal year in which the related fund liability is incurred. Under the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recorded when incurred.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The District's Board follows the procedures established by North Dakota law for the budgetary process. The governing body of each School District, annually on or before the last day of July must levy taxes. The governing body of the School District may amend its tax levy and budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year. Taxes for School District purposes must be based upon an itemized budget statement which must show the complete expenditure by program of the District for the current fiscal year and the sources of the revenue from which it is to be financed. The School Board, in levying taxes, is limited by the amount necessary to be raised for the purpose of meeting the appropriations included in the school budget of the current fiscal year, and the sum necessary to be provided as an interim fund, together with a tax sufficient in amount to pay the interest on the bonded debt of the District and to provide a sinking fund to pay and discharge the principal thereon at maturity.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. The administration prepares the District's budget. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
2. The Board reviews the budget, may make revisions, and adopts the final budget on or before August 15th of each year. The budget is then filed with the county auditor by August 25th of each year.
3. The budget may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared, except no amendment changing the taxes levied can be made after October 10th of each year. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts.
4. All appropriations lapse at the close of the District's fiscal year. The balance of the appropriation reverts back to each respective fund and is available for future appropriation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The District considers highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments:

Investments are recorded at market value. North Dakota State statute authorizes school districts to invest their surplus funds in: a) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentality's, or organizations created by an act of Congress, b) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above, c) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation of the state, d) Obligations of the state.

Fair Value Measurements:

The Organization accounts for all assets and liabilities that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis in accordance with GAAP. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about fair value measurements.

When fair value measurements are required, various data is used in determining those values. This statement requires that assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value must be classified and disclosed in the following levels based on the nature of the data used.

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Capital Assets:

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported as assets in the fund financial statements. All capital assets are recorded at cost (or estimated historical cost). The assets are updated for additions and retirements during the District's fiscal year. The District has established a capitalization threshold of \$750. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values at the date received. The District does not have any infrastructure assets. Improvements that significantly extend the useful life of the asset are also capitalized.

The District's land and construction in progress costs are capitalized but are not depreciated. All the remaining capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The District has established the following useful lives:

Buildings	50 Years
Equipment	5 to 20 Years

Short-Term and Long-Term Obligations:

All payables and long-term obligations are reported in the District's government wide financial statements. The District's governmental fund financials report only those obligations that will be paid from current financial resources.

Compensated Absences:

Vacation and sick pay applies to full-time non-certified staff and is recorded as an expenditure when paid.

Sick leave for full time employees will be accumulated at the rate of one day for each month of continuous service, not to exceed 12 days per year. Sick leave for full-time employees will be allowed to accumulate to a maximum of 90 days. Sick leave for part-time employees will not exceed 12 days for twelve month employees and 9 days for nine month employees. Sick leave for part-time employees will be allowed to accumulate to a maximum of 90 days for twelve month employees and 54 days for nine month employees. Teachers with 20 years of service or more to the District will be reimbursed \$20 for each unused accumulated sick leave day, not to exceed 90 days when they resign or retire.

Full-time employees are eligible for anywhere from five to twenty vacation days depending on years of service. Vacation may not be carried over to the next fiscal year. Upon termination of employment, all unused vacation earned will be paid.

Pensions:

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and Teachers' Fund for Retirement (TFFR) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS and TFFR's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS and TFFR.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB):

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance Classifications:

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted – This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the school board—the District's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the school board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The school board and superintendent have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District's preference is to first use restricted resources, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned, and unassigned—in order as needed.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

The school board has set a General Fund minimum fund balance target at 25% of expenditures and recurring transfers.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resource (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items reported on the statement of net position as *cost sharing defined benefit pension plan* and *cost sharing defined benefit OPEB plan*, which represents actuarial differences within the NDPERS and TFFR pension plans and NDPERS OPEB plan as well as amounts paid to the plans after the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source, property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District also has two items reported on the statement of net position as *cost sharing defined benefit plan* and *cost sharing defined benefit OPEB plan*, which represents the actuarial differences within the NDPERS and TFFR pension plans and NDPERS OPEB plan.

Net Position:

Net position represents the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the District's financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any long-term debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted Net Position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted Net Position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Inter-fund Activity:

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Inter-fund activities within the District's governmental activities and its business-type activities, is eliminated in the statement of activities.

Extraordinary and Special Items:

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the School Board and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes:

Taxes receivable consist of current and delinquent uncollected taxes at June 30, 2020.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property January 1. A five percent reduction is allowed if paid by February 15. Penalty and interest are added March 15 if the first half of the taxes have not been paid. Additional penalties are added October 15, if not paid. Taxes are collected by the county and usually remitted monthly to the School District.

Property tax revenue in the governmental funds is recognized in compliance with National Council of Government Accounting (NCGA) Interpretation 3, *Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes*. This interpretation states that property tax revenue is recorded when it becomes available. Available means when due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Such time thereafter shall not exceed 60 days. Property tax revenue is recorded as revenue in the year the tax is levied in the government - wide financial statements. Property taxes are limited by state laws. All School District tax levies are in compliance with state laws.

Significant Group Concentrations of Credit Risk:

As of June 30, 2020, the District's receivables consist of amounts due from other governmental units within the State of North Dakota.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits:

In accordance with North Dakota laws, the District maintains deposits at a depository authorized by the School Board. The depository is a member of the Federal Reserve System.

North Dakota laws require that all public deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal at least 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Authorized collateral includes the legal investments described below, as well as certain first mortgage notes, and certain other state or local government obligations. North Dakota laws require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the District treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$3,406,305 and the bank balance was \$3,463,170. The entire bank balance was covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name in amounts sufficient to meet North Dakota legal requirements.

Credit Risk:

The District may also invest idle funds as authorized by North Dakota laws, as follows:

- a. Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- b. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- c. Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the state.
- d. Obligations of the state.

Interest Rate Risk:

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments:

The investments are not subject to the credit risk classifications as noted in paragraph 9 of GASB Statement 40.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital asset account group during the year:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Disposals	Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 51,866	\$ 13,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 65,266
Construction in Progress	140,000	84,950	-	(140,000)	84,950
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>191,866</u>	<u>98,350</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(140,000)</u>	<u>150,216</u>
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Buildings	7,396,356	118,015	-	-	7,514,371
Equipment	4,725,709	361,897	45,710	140,000	5,181,896
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>12,122,065</u>	<u>479,912</u>	<u>45,710</u>	<u>140,000</u>	<u>12,696,267</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings	3,608,746	129,920	-	-	3,738,666
Equipment	2,070,477	285,845	4,952	-	2,351,370
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>5,679,223</u>	<u>415,765</u>	<u>4,952</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,090,036</u>
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>6,442,842</u>	<u>64,147</u>	<u>40,758</u>	<u>140,000</u>	<u>6,606,231</u>
Net Capital Assets for Governmental Activities	<u>\$6,634,708</u>	<u>\$ 162,497</u>	<u>\$ 40,758</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,756,447</u>

In the governmental activities statement of activities, depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Depreciation	Additions
Elementary and Secondary Regular Instruction	\$ 129,920	\$ 118,015
Operations and Maintenance	209,675	372,022
Transportation	76,170	88,225
Total	<u>\$ 415,765</u>	<u>\$ 578,262</u>

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM DEBT

The School District issued bonds in prior years to provide funding for the construction of additions and improvements to existing facilities. Long-term debt is as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2019	Additions	Retirements	Balance 6/30/2020	Due in One Year
General Obligation School Building Refunding Bonds of 2012	\$ 475,000	\$ -	\$ 55,000	\$ 420,000	\$ 55,000
Limited Tax School Building Fund Bonds of 2017	900,000	-	100,000	800,000	100,000
Compensated Absences	17,922	2,125	-	20,047	-
Net OPEB Liability	21,795	7,562	6,518	22,839	-
Net Pension Liability	<u>5,139,988</u>	<u>1,553,815</u>	<u>1,470,276</u>	<u>5,223,527</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$6,554,705</u>	<u>\$1,563,502</u>	<u>\$1,631,794</u>	<u>\$6,486,413</u>	<u>\$155,000</u>

The General Obligation School Building Refunding Bonds of 2012 carries an interest rate of 2-2.35%, matures in the year ending September 30, 2027 and is secured by property taxes. The Limited Tax School Building Fund Bonds of 2017 carries an interest rate of 1.75-2.4%, matures in the year ending September 30, 2028 and secured by funds received from the School Building Fund Levy.

Compensated absences, net OPEB liability and net pension liability are generally liquidated through the general fund.

Interest expense was \$26,845 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	2012 General Obligation School Building Refunding Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 55,000	\$ 9,474	\$ 64,474
2022	60,000	8,123	68,123
2023	60,000	6,713	66,713
2024	60,000	5,303	65,303
2025	60,000	3,893	63,893
2026-2030	<u>125,000</u>	<u>3,124</u>	<u>128,124</u>
Total	<u>\$ 420,000</u>	<u>\$ 36,630</u>	<u>\$ 456,630</u>

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
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Year Ending June 30	2017 Limited Tax School Building Fund Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 100,000	\$ 14,250	\$ 114,250
2022	100,000	12,500	112,500
2023	100,000	10,750	110,750
2024	100,000	9,000	109,000
2025	100,000	7,250	107,250
2026-2030	300,000	9,820	309,820
Total	<u>\$ 800,000</u>	<u>\$ 63,570</u>	<u>\$ 863,570</u>

NOTE 6 FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2020, a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Sinking Fund	Food Service	Special Reserve	Total
Restricted for:						
Debt Service	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,526	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,526
Capital Projects	-	2,118,381	-	-	-	2,118,381
Committed						
Special Reserve	-	-	-	-	137,093	137,093
Assigned to:						
Food Service	-	-	-	160,862	-	160,862
Unassigned						
General Fund	714,035	-	-	-	-	714,035
Total Restricted	<u>\$ 714,035</u>	<u>\$ 2,118,381</u>	<u>\$ 66,526</u>	<u>\$ 160,862</u>	<u>\$ 137,093</u>	<u>\$ 3,196,897</u>

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE

Substantially, all employees of the District are required by state law to belong to pension plans administered by the Teacher's Fund for Retirement (TFFR) or the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS), both of which are administered on a statewide basis.

Disclosures relating to these plans follow:

North Dakota Teacher's Fund For Retirement

The following brief description of TFFR is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 15-39.1 for more complete information.

TFFR is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all North Dakota public teachers and certain other teachers who meet various membership requirements.

TFFR provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the TFFR plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Responsibility for administration of the TFFR benefits program is assigned to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board). The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and five members appointed by the Governor. The appointed members serve five-year terms which end on June 30 of alternate years. The appointed Board members must include two active teachers, one active school administrator, and two retired members. The TFFR Board submits any necessary or desirable changes in statutes relating to the administration of the fund, including benefit terms, to the Legislative Assembly for consideration. The Legislative Assembly has final authority for changes to benefit terms and contribution rates.

Pension Benefits

For purposes of determining pension benefits, members are classified within one of three categories. Tier 1 grandfathered and Tier 1 non-grandfathered members are those with service credit on file as of July 1, 2008. Tier 2 members are those newly employed and returning refunded members on or after July 1, 2008.

Tier 1 Grandfathered

A Tier 1 grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 85. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 6% per year for every year the member's retirement age is less than 65 years or the date as of which age plus service equal 85. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 1 Non-grandfathered

A Tier 1 non-grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Tier 2

A Tier 2 member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when five or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the five highest annual salaries earned divided by 60 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death benefits may be paid to a member's designated beneficiary. If a member's death occurs before retirement, the benefit options available are determined by the member's vesting status prior to death. If a member's death occurs after retirement, the death benefit received by the beneficiary (if any) is based on the retirement plan the member selected at retirement.

An active member is eligible to receive disability benefits when: (a) a total disability lasting 12 months or more does not allow the continuation of teaching, (b) the member has accumulated five years of credited service in North Dakota, and (c) the Board of Trustees of TFFR has determined eligibility based upon medical evidence. The amount of the disability benefit is computed by the retirement formula in NDCC Section 15-39.1-10 without consideration of age and uses the member's actual years of credited service. There is no actuarial reduction for reason of disability retirement.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to TFFR are set by NDCC Section 15-39.1-09. Every eligible teacher in the State of North Dakota is required to be a member of TFFR and is assessed at a rate of 11.75% of salary as defined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-04. Every governmental body employing a teacher must also pay into TFFR a sum equal to 12.75% of the teacher's salary. Member and employer contributions will be reduced to 7.75% each when the fund reaches 100% funded ratio on an actuarial basis.

A vested member who terminates covered employment may elect a refund of contributions paid plus 6% interest or defer payment until eligible for pension benefits. A non-vested member who terminates covered employment must claim a refund of contributions paid before age 70½. Refunded members forfeit all service credits under TFFR. These service credits may be repurchased upon return to covered employment under certain circumstances, as defined by the NDCC.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$4,865,998 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Employer's share of covered payroll in the pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating TFFR employers. At July 1, 2019, the Employer's proportion was 0.353312%, which was an increase of 0.004997% from its proportion measured at July 1, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Employer recognized pension expense of \$585,436. At June 30, 2020, the Employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 6,948	\$ 175,616
Changes in actuarial assumptions	172,946	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	68,494	-
Changes in proportion	322,233	34,186
Contributions paid to TFFR subsequent to the measurement date	331,126	-
Total	<u>\$ 901,747</u>	<u>\$ 209,802</u>

\$331,126 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ending June 30:</u>	<u>Pension Expense Amount</u>
2021	\$ 172,756
2022	57,268
2023	59,719
2024	68,155
2025	5,526
Thereafter	(2,605)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	4.25% to 14.50%, varying by service, including inflation and productivity
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

For active and inactive members, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table set back one year, multiplied by 50% for ages under 75 and grading up to 100% by age 80, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table set forward four years.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, funding actuarial valuation for TFFR.

As a result of the April 30, 2015 actuarial experience study, the TFFR Board adopted several assumption changes, including the following:

- Investment return assumption lowered from 8% to 7.75%.
- Inflation assumption lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- Total salary scale rates lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation.
- Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equities	58.00%	6.90%
Global Fixed Income	23.00%	2.10%
Global Real Assets	18.00%	5.40%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	0.00%

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75% percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2019, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 6.75%	Discount Rate 7.75%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 8.75%
School's proportionate share of the TFFR net pension liability:	\$ 6,571,580	\$ 4,865,998	\$ 3,448,616

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TFFR financial report.

North Dakota Public Employees' Retirement System

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Member of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 was replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 the 2.00% multiplier was replaced with a 1.75% multiplier. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition of disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
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Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of salaries and wages. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 8.26% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

- 1 to 12 months of service – Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25
- 13 to 25 months of service – Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25
- 25 to 36 months of service – Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25
- Longer than 36 months of service – Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$357,529 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.030500%, which was an increase of 0.001024% from its proportion measured at June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$54,921. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 212	\$ 64,885
Difference between contribution and proportionate share contribution	133,599	114,706
Changes in actuarial assumptions	6,229	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	19,466	45,583
Contributions paid to NDPERS subsequent to the measurement date	29,408	-
Total	\$ 188,914	\$ 225,174

\$29,408 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Pension Expense Amount
2021	\$ 1,784
2022	(2,787)
2023	(20,431)
2024	(34,772)
2025	(9,462)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%	
Salary increases	Service at Beginning of Year:	Increase Rate:
	0	15.00%
	1	10.00%
	2	8.00%
	Age*	
	Under 30	10.00%
30 - 39	7.50%	
40 - 49	6.75%	
50 - 59	6.50%	
60+	5.25%	

*Age-based salary increase rates apply for employees with three or more years of service

Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back one year for males (no setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Domestic Equity	30.00%	6.25%
International Equity	21.00%	6.95%
Private Equity	7.00%	10.15%
Domestic Fixed Income	23.00%	2.11%
International Fixed Inc.	0.00%	0.00%
Global Real Assets	19.00%	5.41%

Discount Rate

For PERS, GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the PERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.13%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.50%.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 6.50%	Discount Rate 7.50%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 8.50%
School's proportionate share of the NDPERS net pension liability:	\$ 512,620	\$ 357,529	\$ 227,226

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

NOTE 8 DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDAC Chapter 71-06 for more complete information.

NDPERS OPEB plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, and Judges retired under Chapter 27-17 of the North Dakota Century Code a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan based upon the member's years of credited service. Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. . Effective August 1, 2019 the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long-term care plan premium expense. The Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit OPEB plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

OPEB Benefits

The employer contribution for the PERS, the HPRS and the Defined Contribution Plan is set by statute at 1.14% of covered compensation. The employer contribution for employees of the state board of career and technical education is 2.99% of covered compensation for a period of eight years ending October 1, 2015. Employees participating in the retirement plan as part-time/temporary members are required to contribute 1.14% of their covered compensation to the Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund. Employees purchasing previous service credit are also required to make an employee contribution to the Fund. The benefit amount applied each year is shown as "prefunded credit applied" on the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position for the OPEB trust funds. Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There were no other benefit changes during the year.

Retiree health insurance credit benefits and death and disability benefits are set by statute. There are no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Employees who are receiving monthly retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, the Defined Contribution Plan, the Chapter 27-17 judges or an employee receiving disability benefits, or the spouse of a deceased annuitant receiving a surviving spouse benefit or if the member selected a joint and survivor option are eligible to receive a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. Effective August 1, 2019 the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long-term care plan premium expense. The benefits are equal to \$5.00 for each of the employee's, or deceased employee's years of credited service not to exceed the premium in effect for selected coverage. The retiree health insurance credit is also available for early retirement with reduced benefits.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$22,839 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the OPEB plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating OPEB employers. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.028435 percent, which was an increase of 0.000761% from June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,602. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 564	\$ 713
Changes of assumptions	2,722	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	25	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contribution	926	3,429
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,709	-
Total	<u>\$ 8,946</u>	<u>\$ 4,142</u>

\$4,709 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:		
2021	\$	(85)
2022		(85)
2023		128
2024		89
2025		(150)
2026		134
Thereafter		64

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Not applicable
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back one year for males (no setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

The long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for the RHIC fund was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of RHIC investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return, for each major asset class included in the RHIC's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Large Cap Domestic Equities	33.00%	6.00%
Small Cap Domestic Equities	6.00%	7.30%
Domestic Fixed Income	40.00%	2.07%
International Equities	21.00%	6.95%

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member and statutory/Board approved employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2018, and July 1, 2017, HPRS actuarial valuation reports. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current RHIC members and their beneficiaries are included.

Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the RHIC fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on RHIC investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plans as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the RHIC net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 6.25%	Discount Rate 7.25%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 8.25%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 29,150	\$ 22,839	\$ 17,436

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPEB financial report.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDRIF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The District pays an annual premium to NDRIF for its general liability, auto, boiler and machinery, accident and inland marine insurance coverage. The coverage by NDRIF is limited to losses of two million dollars per occurrence.

The District participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and State Bonding Fund. The District pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third-party insurance carrier for losses in excess of one million dollars per occurrence during a 12-month period.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

The State Bonding Fund currently provides the District with blanket fidelity bond coverage with a limit of \$800,000. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge a premium for this coverage.

The District carries commercial insurance for employee's health and the District also participates in the workers' compensation program through the State of North Dakota. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 TRANSFERS

The District transferred internal District funds for construction projects. Transfers as of June 30, 2020 consist of the following:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
Building Fund	General Fund	\$800,000
		\$800,000

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS

Construction Commitments

The District currently has construction in progress as noted in Note 4 for a gymnasium addition project. Total contract commitments for the project are \$375,000. Construction payments as of June 30, 2020 totaled \$84,950.

NOTE 12 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2020, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 13 NON-MONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The District receives food commodities from the federal government to subsidize its hot lunch program. The market value of commodities received for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$26,538.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 14 NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, provides guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This Statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishes that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishes standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improves required note disclosures. This Statement also addresses arrangements—often characterized as leases—that are associated with conduit debt obligations. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, provides additional guidance to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues identified during the application of certain GASB statements. This statement provides accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activity of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements and derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, provides guidance to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR), most notable, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate.

This statement provides exceptions and clarifications regarding hedging derivative instruments for such transactions that result from the replacement of IBOR. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). The statement provides definitions of PPPs and APAs and provides uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. A PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. An APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Arrangements provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Under this Statement, a government generally should recognize a right-to use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for SBITAs and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32 provides additional guidance for determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit. This Statement requires that the financial burden criterion in paragraph 7 of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, be applicable to only defined benefit pension plans and defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 3 of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, or paragraph 3 of Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, respectively. This Statement (1) requires that a Section 457 plan be classified as either a pension plan or an other employee benefit plan depending on whether the plan meets the definition of a pension plan and (2) clarifies that Statement 84, as amended, should be applied to all arrangements organized under IRC Section 457 to determine whether those arrangements should be reported as fiduciary activities.

The requirements of this Statement that (1) exempt primary governments that perform the duties that a governing board typically performs from treating the absence of a governing board the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board in determining whether they are financially accountable for defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, or other employee benefit plans and (2) limit the applicability of the financial burden criterion in paragraph 7 of Statement 84 to defined benefit pension plans and defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 3 of Statement 67 or paragraph 3 of Statement 74, respectively, are effective immediately. The requirements of this Statement that are related to the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on the District's financial statements.

NOTE 15 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No significant events occurred subsequent to the District's year end. Subsequent events have been evaluated through August 20, 2020, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Over (Under) Final Budget
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
REVENUES				
Local Property Taxes	\$ 961,100	\$ 961,100	\$ 956,218	\$ (4,882)
Other Local Sources	102,000	102,000	96,872	(5,128)
Revenue from State Sources	5,214,952	5,214,952	5,218,598	3,646
Revenue from Federal Sources	102,598	102,598	75,867	(26,731)
Interest	40,000	40,000	38,197	(1,803)
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>6,420,650</u>	<u>6,420,650</u>	<u>6,385,752</u>	<u>(34,898)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Business Support Services	86,331	86,331	94,213	7,882
Instructional Support Services	286,351	286,351	264,313	(22,038)
Administration	914,493	914,493	657,380	(257,113)
Operations and Maintenance	1,177,384	1,177,384	910,817	(266,567)
Transportation	348,279	348,279	214,838	(133,441)
Regular Instruction	1,552,827	1,552,827	2,052,843	500,016
Special Education	688,448	688,448	670,109	(18,339)
Vocational Education	100,350	100,350	109,859	9,509
Capital Outlay	1,045,046	1,045,046	578,262	(466,784)
Principal Retirement	-	-	100,000	100,000
Interest and Fees On Long-Term Debt	-	-	8,525	8,525
Extra-Curricular Activities	221,141	221,141	201,623	(19,518)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>6,420,650</u>	<u>6,420,650</u>	<u>5,862,782</u>	<u>(557,868)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>522,970</u>	<u>522,970</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer Out	-	-	(800,000)	(800,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(800,000)</u>	<u>(800,000)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	(277,030)	(277,030)
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>991,065</u>	<u>991,065</u>	<u>991,065</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 991,065</u>	<u>\$ 991,065</u>	<u>\$ 714,035</u>	<u>\$ (277,030)</u>

See Note to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTE TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 BUDGETARY COMPARISON

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The District's Board follows the procedures established by North Dakota law for the budgetary process. The governing body of each School District, annually on or before the last day of July must levy taxes. The governing body of the School District may amend its tax levy and budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year. Taxes for School District purposes must be based upon an itemized budget statement which must show the complete expenditure by program of the District for the current fiscal year and the sources of the revenue from which it is to be financed. The School Board, in levying taxes, is limited by the amount necessary to be raised for the purpose of meeting the appropriations included in the school budget of the current fiscal year, and the sum necessary to be provided as an interim fund, together with a tax sufficient in amount to pay the interest on the bonded debt of the District and to provide a sinking fund to pay and discharge the principal thereon at maturity. During the current year, budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$557,868.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. The administration prepares the District's budget. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
2. The Board reviews the budget, may make revisions, and adopts the final budget on or before August 15th of each year. The budget is then filed with the county auditor by August 25th of each year.
3. The budget may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared, except no amendment changing the taxes levied can be made after October 10th of each year. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts.
4. All appropriations lapse at the close of the District's fiscal year. The balance of the appropriation reverts back to each respective fund and is available for future appropriation.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TFFR/NDPERS RETIREMENT PLANS
LAST TEN YEARS

Teachers Fund for Retirement

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Statutorily Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered- Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll
2020	\$ 331,126	\$ (331,126)	-	\$ 2,597,070	12.75%
2019	316,019	(316,019)	-	2,478,584	12.75%
2018	301,905	(301,905)	-	2,367,880	12.75%
2017	287,922	(287,922)	-	2,258,242	12.75%
2016	265,899	(265,899)	-	2,085,483	12.75%
2015	243,803	(243,803)	-	1,912,181	12.75%

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Statutorily Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered- Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll
2020	\$ 29,408	\$ (29,408)	-	\$ 413,037	7.12%
2019	26,218	(26,218)	-	368,230	7.12%
2018	25,622	(25,622)	-	359,866	7.12%
2017	26,561	(26,561)	-	366,651	7.24%
2016	26,403	(26,403)	-	365,776	7.22%
2015	24,156	(24,156)	-	332,743	7.26%

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Information for prior years is not available.

See Note to the Required Supplementary Information

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE NDPERS OPEB PLANS
LAST TEN YEARS

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System - OPEB

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Statutorily Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered - Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered - Employee Payroll
2020	\$ 4,709	\$ 4,709	\$ -	\$ 413,037	1.14%
2019	4,198	4,198	-	368,230	1.14%
2018	4,103	4,103	-	359,866	1.14%

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Information for prior years is not available.

See Note to the Required Supplementary Information

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY
LAST TEN YEARS (PRESENTED PROSPECTIVELY)

Teachers Fund for Retirement

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	District's Covered- Employee Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2020	0.353312%	\$ 4,865,998	\$ 2,478,584	196.32%	65.50%
2019	0.348315%	4,642,548	2,367,880	196.06%	65.50%
2018	0.336027%	4,615,423	2,268,089	203.49%	63.20%
2017	0.320979%	4,702,535	2,085,482	225.49%	59.20%
2016	0.310871%	4,065,742	1,912,181	212.62%	62.10%
2015	0.321196%	3,365,565	1,863,106	180.64%	66.60%

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	District's Covered- Employee Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2020	0.030500%	\$ 357,529	\$ 368,230	97.09%	71.66%
2019	0.029476%	497,440	359,866	138.23%	62.80%
2018	0.036619%	588,588	366,651	160.53%	61.98%
2017	0.034583%	337,045	365,776	92.15%	70.46%
2016	0.035253%	239,714	332,743	72.04%	77.15%
2015	0.038066%	241,613	323,403	74.71%	77.70%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability which is June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Information for prior years is not available.

See Note to the Required Supplementary Information

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY
LAST TEN YEARS (PRESENTED PROSPECTIVELY)

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System -OPEB

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	District's covered - employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2020	0.0284%	\$ 22,839	\$ 368,230	6.20%	63.13%
2019	0.0277%	21,795	359,866	6.06%	61.89%
2018	0.0346%	27,333	366,651	7.45%	59.78%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability which is June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Information for prior years is not available.

See Note to the Required Supplementary Information

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS

TFFR

Amounts reported in 2016 and later reflect the following actuarial assumption changes based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015.

- Investment return assumption lowered from 8% to 7.75%.
- Inflation assumption lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- Total salary scale rates lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation.
- Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

NDPERS

Changes of benefit terms.

The interest rate earned on member contributions will decrease from 7.25 percent to 7.00 percent effective January 1, 2020 (based on the adopted decrease in the investment return assumption). New Main System members who are hired on or after January 1, 2020 will have a benefit multiplier of 1.75 percent (compared to the current benefit multiplier of 2.00 percent). The fixed employer contribution for new members of the Main System will increase from 7.12 percent to 8.26 percent. For members who terminate after December 31, 2019, final average salary is the higher of the final average salary calculated on December 31, 2019 or the average salary earned in the three highest periods of twelve consecutive months employed during the last 180 months of employment. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

Changes of assumptions.

The Board approved the following changes to the actuarial assumptions beginning with the July 1, 2019 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.75% to 7.50%

All other actuarial assumptions and the actuarial cost method are unchanged from the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

OPEB

Changes of benefit terms.

Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CONTINUED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes of assumptions.

The Board approved the following changes to the actuarial assumptions beginning with the July 1, 2019 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%

All other actuarial assumptions and the actuarial cost method are unchanged from the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
BALANCE SHEET – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	Food Service	Bond Sinking	Special Reserve	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash	\$161,434	\$ 66,449	\$137,093	\$ 364,976
Property Taxes Receivable	-	2,362	-	2,362
TOTAL ASSETS	\$161,434	\$ 68,811	\$137,093	\$ 367,338
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Accrued Liabilities	\$ 572	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 572
TOTAL LIABILITIES	572	-	-	572
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Taxes	\$ -	\$ 2,285	\$ -	\$ 2,285
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	2,285	-	2,285
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	-	66,526	-	66,526
Committed	-	-	137,093	137,093
Assigned	160,862	-	-	160,862
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	160,862	66,526	137,093	364,481
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$161,434	\$ 68,811	\$137,093	\$ 367,338

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Food Service	Bond Sinking	Special Reserve	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Local Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 69,361	\$ 89	\$ 69,450
Other Local Sources	180,937	-	-	180,937
Revenue from State Sources	5,382	-	-	5,382
Revenue from Federal Sources	96,722	-	-	96,722
Interest	17	228	-	245
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>283,058</u>	<u>69,589</u>	<u>89</u>	<u>352,736</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Food Services	279,419	-	-	279,419
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	55,000	-	55,000
Interest and Fees On Long-Term Debt	-	10,670	-	10,670
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>279,419</u>	<u>65,670</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>345,089</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>3,639</u>	<u>3,919</u>	<u>89</u>	<u>7,647</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,639	3,919	89	7,647
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>157,223</u>	<u>62,607</u>	<u>137,004</u>	<u>356,834</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 160,862</u>	<u>\$ 66,526</u>	<u>\$ 137,093</u>	<u>\$ 364,481</u>

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education
Thompson Public School District No. 61
Thompson, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Thompson Public School District No. 61 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 20, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Thompson Public School District No. 61's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2020-001 and 2020-002 to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Thompson Public School District No. 61's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Response to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C.
GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA

August 20, 2020

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2020-001 Finding

Criteria

An appropriate system of internal controls maintains proper segregation of duties to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are handled appropriately.

Condition

The School District has one employee who is responsible for most accounting functions. The business manager collects monies, issue checks, sends checks to vendors, records receipts and disbursements in journals, maintains the general ledger, and prepares financial reports.

Cause

There is one employee for multiple functions such as executing and recording transactions.

Effect

Lack of segregation of duties leads to a limited degree of internal control.

Recommendation

The District should separate the duties when it becomes feasible. As a compensating control, the District should ensure additional oversight by the superintendent and board regarding financial transaction activity.

Management's Response

Some procedures to promote segregation of duties have been implemented. Funds are counted by other individuals prior to being given to the Business Manager to receipt and deposit at the various financial institutions.

The Superintendent, Building & Grounds Supervisor, Principal and Athletic Director review monthly bills before payments are made.

The Board of Education reviews and approves all checks written.

The District will segregate other duties when feasible.

THOMPSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 61
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES - CONTINUED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2020-002 Finding

Criteria

An appropriate system of internal control requires the District to prepare financial statements in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Condition

The District's personnel prepare periodic financial information for internal use that meets the needs of management and the board. However, the District currently does not prepare financial statements, including accompanying note disclosures, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District has elected to have the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and notes.

Cause

The District elected to not allocate resources for the preparation of the financial statements.

Effect

There is an increased risk of material misstatement to the District's financial statements.

Recommendation

We recommend the District consider the additional risk of having the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures and consider preparing them in the future. As a compensating control the District should establish an internal control policy to document the annual review of the financial statements and schedules and to review a financial statement disclosure checklist.

Management's Response

The District will continue to have the auditor prepare the financial statements. It is currently not cost-effective for management to perform the preparation.