## **AUDIT REPORT**

CITY OF RAY Ray, North Dakota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

RATH & MEHRER, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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#### CITY OFFICIALS

Troy Kupper Commission President

Richard Liesener Commission Vice President

Zachary Haase Commissioner

Shilo Kilber Commissioner

William Suhr Commissioner

Ronda Rustad Auditor

### Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA Todd Goehring, CPA Specializing in Governmental Auditing

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Ray Ray, North Dakota

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ray, Ray, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the city's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ray, Ray, North Dakota, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position; and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements. The budgeting comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgeting comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgeting comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2021 on our consideration of the city's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the city's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

Kath and Mehret

November 26, 2021

#### Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,250,399.68	1,604,979.63	5,855,379.31
Due from R & T Water Supply	- TO	265,000.00	265,000.00
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			W.
Land	175,753.00	168,000.00	343,753.00
Buildings and Infrastructure	1,398,911.00	9,981,994.00	11,380,905.00
Machinery and Vehicles	536,607.00	46,400.00	583,007.00
Total Capital Assets	2,111,271.00	10,196,394.00	12,307,665.00
Total Assets	6,361,670.68	12,066,373.63	18,428,044.31
LIABILITIES:			
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year:			
Revenue Bonds Payable		150,000.00	150,000.00
Due After One Year:			
Revenue Bonds Payable		1,505,000.00	1,505,000.00
Total Liabilities		1,655,000.00	1,655,000.00
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,111,271.00	8,806,394.00	10,917,665.00
Restricted for:			
Special Purposes	961,885.11		961,885.11
Unrestricted	3,288,514.57	1,604,979.63	4,893,494.20

#### Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Program Revenues		Primary Government			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Punctions/Programs						
rimary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						(1720) 170 L2000
General Government	366,789.26	35,685.99		(331,103.27)		(331,103.27)
Public Safety	123,611.61	1,393.00		(61,065.98)		(61,065.98)
Streets and Public Works	2,040,083.24		41,901.00	(1,998,182.24)		(1,998,182.24)
Health and Welfare	17,088.00			(17,088.00)		(17,088.00)
Other	6,376.09			(6,376.09)		(6,376.09)
Total Governmental Activities	2,553,948.20	37,078.99	103,053.63	(2,413,815.58)		(2,413,815.58)
Business-Type Activities:			r = compatitioners		i /	
Water	457,706.07	326,241.77	8,850.00		(122,614.30)	(122,614.30)
Sewer	584,828.42	149,912.27			(434,916.15)	(434,916.15)
Garbage	109,853.17	122,623.87			12,770.70	12,770.70
Total Business-Type Activities	1,152,387.66	598,777.91	8,850.00		(544,759.75)	(544,759.75)
Total Primary Government	3,706,335.86	635,856,90	111,903.63	(2,413,815.58)	/E// 750 75\	(2,958,575.33)
	General Revenues Taxes:					
	Property taxes	; levied for ge	neral purposes	297,586.84		297,586.84
	Sales taxes			590,138.82		590,138.82
	Cigarette taxo	es		1,559.38		1,559.38
	Coal severance	taxes		50.86		50.86
		roduction taxes	restricted	1,770,990.13		1,770,990.13
	to specific pr		restricted	64,716.62		64,716.62
	HOUSE ASSETS IN CONTROL	vestments and ot	her revenue	320,851.53		320,851.53
	Transfers	vestments and ot	ner revenue	(1,178,194.55)	1,178,194.55	300,031133
	Total General Re	evenues and Tran	nsfers	1,867,699.63	1,178,194.55	3,045,894.18
	Change in Net Po	osition		(546,115.95)	633,434.80	87,318.85
	Net Position	January 1		6,691,163.63	9,777,938.83	16,469,102.46
	Prior Period Ad	justment (Note 1	10)	216,623.00		216,623.00
	Net Position	January 1, as re	estated	6,907,786.63	9,777,938.83	16,685,725.46
	Net Position - I	December 31		6,361,670.68	10,411,373.63	16,773,044.31
				************		

#### Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

#### Major Funds

	General	Sales Tax	Street Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:	Section and the section of the secti	VDOCHDEUU-BOOMV	C-14000-WARMING HIP	N. 1904 - State Street	WILL THE WALL TO SERVE AND THE WALL
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,130,629.88	835,703.28	157,884.69	126,181.83	4,250,399.68
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
Public Safety		101,723.74		102,027.52	203,751.26
Streets and Public Works		733,979.54		14,799.79	748,779.33
Emergency Purposes				7,700.80	7,700.80
Other Purposes				1,653.72	1,653.72
Assigned to:					
Equipment	65,833.47				65,833.47
Infrastructure	1,530,674.18				1,530,674.18
Streets and Public Works	399,663.65		157,884.69		557,548.34
Unassigned	1,134,458.58		920		1,134,458.58
Total Fund Balances	3,130,629.88	835,703.28	157,884.69	126,181.83	4,250,399.68

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

4,250,399.68

Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.

Cost of Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation 2,538,694.00 (427,423.00)

Net Capital Assets

2,111,271.00

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

6,361,670.68

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### Major Funds

	-			Other Total		
	General	Sales Tax	Street Projects	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds	
Revenues:		TO THE STATE OF TH				
Taxes	297,586.84	442,604.11		147,534.71	887,725.66	
Licenses, Permits and Fees	11,237.78	247344739			11,237.78	
Intergovernmental	1,838,901.67	61,152.63		41,901.00	1,941,955.30	
Charges for Services	7,358.19	17,090.02		. 707 00	24,448.21	
Fines and Forfeits	2/4 270 00	/4 FFR /D		1,393.00	1,393.00	
Miscellaneous	261,239.88	41,558.42		16,468.55	319,266.85	
Total Revenues	2,416,324.36	562,405.18		207,297.26	3,186,026.80	
Expenditures:	-				is	
Current:	7// 100 0/				7// 400 0/	
General Government	366,122.26			104 011 41	366,122.26	
Public Safety Streets and Public Works	E/4 /ED 4E	E2 277 00	1 205 17/ 72	106,011.61	1,965,130.24	
Health and Welfare	546,459.65	17,088.00	1,285,174.72	01,201.09	17,088.00	
Other	2,077.18	17,000.00		4,298.91	6,376.09	
Capital Outlay	610,150.00			81,900.00	692,050.00	
capital outlay	810,150.00			81,900.00	692,030.00	
Total Expenditures	1,524,809.09	69,321.98	1,285,174.72	273,472.41	3,152,778.20	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	8					
Over Expenditures	891,515.27	493,083.20	(1,285,174.72)	(66,175.15)	33,248.60	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	-					
Transfers In	1,578,615.76	46,693.90	1,257,360.75	46,000.00	2,928,670.41	
Transfers Out	(3,778,184.44)	(328,679.62)	(0.90)		(4,106,864.96)	
Total Other Financing Sources		W W W # 500 DE L # 500 DE		toward West Courton	SUSPENIES AND A SUSPENIES AND	
(Uses)	(2,199,568.68)	(281,985.72)	1,257,359.85	46,000.00	(1,178,194.55)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,308,053.41)	211,097.48	(27,814.87)	(20,175.15)	(1,144,945.95)	
Fund Balance - January 1	4,438,683.29	624,605.80	185,699.56	146,356.98	5,395,345.63	
Fund Balance - December 31	3,130,629.88	835,703.28	157,884.69	126,181.83	4,250,399.68	

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

(1,144,945.95)

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current year.

Current Year Capital Outlay Current Year Depreciation Expense 692,050.00

(93,220.00)

598,830.00

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

(546,115.95)

#### Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds December 31, 2020

#### Major Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sewer	Other Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS	2				
Current Assets:		20212100	5912 S 201 S 201	N 188 208 189	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	749,128.17	808,436.80	47,414.66	1,604,979.63	
Due from R & T Water Supply	265,000.00			265,000.00	
Total Current Assets	1,014,128.17	808,436.80	47,414.66	1,869,979.63	
Noncurrent Assets:	\$ <del></del>				
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depr):					
Land		168,000.00		168,000.00	
Buildings and Infrastructure	6,225,758.00	3,756,236.00		9,981,994.00	
Machinery and Vehicles	46,400.00			46,400.00	
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,272,158.00	3,924,236.00		10,196,394.00	
Total Assets	7,286,286.17	4,732,672.80	47,414.66	12,066,373.63	
LIABILITIES	-				
Current Liabilities:					
Revenue Bonds Payable	60,000.00	90,000.00		150,000.00	
Noncurrent Liabilities:	N.				
Revenue Bonds Payable	600,000.00	905,000.00		1,505,000.00	
Total Liabilities	660,000.00	995,000.00		1,655,000.00	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,877,158.00	2,929,236.00		8,806,394.00	
Unrestricted	749,128.17	808,436.80	47,414.66	1,604,979.63	
Total Net Position	6,626,286.17	3,737,672.80	47,414.66	10,411,373.63	

CITY OF RAY Ray, North Dakota

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### Major Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sewer	Other Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues:				
Water Collections	326,241.77			326,241.77
Sewer Collections		149,912.27		149,912.27
Garbage Collections			122,623.87	122,623.87
Total Operating Revenues	326,241.77	149,912.27	122,623.87	598,777.91
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and Benefits	43,948.46	43,948.42	3,152.78	91,049.66
Water Purchases	199,651.26			199,651.26
Utilities	5,601.12	6,060.41		11,661.53
Maintenance and Repairs	16,544.38			16,544.38
Garbage Contract	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		105,916.00	105,916.00
Miscellaneous	8,757.85	4,342.05	784.39	13,884.29
Depreciation	145,128.00	83,472.00		228,600.00
Total Operating Expenses	419,631.07	137,822.88	109,853.17	667,307.12
Operating Income (Loss)	(93,389.30)	12,089.39	12,770.70	(68,529.21)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
R & T Water Supply Bond Interest Reimb.	8,850.00			8,850.00
Bond Interest Payments	(38,075.00)	(29,125.00)		(67,200.00)
Sanitary Sewer Improvements		(417,880.54)		(417,880.54)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(29,225.00)	(447,005.54)		(476,230.54)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(122,614.30)	(434,916.15)	12,770.70	(544,759.75)
Transfers In	669,612.50	722,888.97		1,392,501.47
Transfers Out	(105,585.45)	(108,721.47)		(214,306.92)
Change in Net Position	441,412.75	179,251.35	12,770.70	633,434.80
Net Position - January 1	6,184,873.42	3,558,421.45	34,643.96	9,777,938.83
Net Position - December 31	6,626,286.17	3,737,672.80	47,414.66	10,411,373.63

#### Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### Major Enterprise Funds

	Major Enterp	rise runus		
	Water	Sewer	Other Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	*			
Receipts from customers	326,241.77	149,912.27	122,623.87	598,777.91
Payments to suppliers	(230,554.61)	(10,402.46)	(106,700.39)	(347,657.46)
Payments to employees	(43,948.46)	(43,948.42)	(3,152.78)	(91,049.66)
Net cash provided (used) by				
operating activities	51,738.70	95,561.39	12,770.70	160,070.79
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Transfers in	669,612.50	722,888.97		1,392,501.47
Transfers out	(105,585.45)	(108,721.47)		(214,306.92)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital				
financing activities	564,027.05	614,167.50		1,178,194.55
Cash flows from capital and related	9			
financing activities:				
R & T water supply bond payment reimbursement	38,850.00			38,850.00
Sanitary sewer improvements		(417,880.54)		(417,880.54)
Principal payments	(685,000.00)	(170,000.00)		(855,000.00)
Interest payments	(38,075.00)	(29,125.00)		(67,200.00)
Net cash provided (used) by capital				
and related financing activities	(684,225.00)	(617,005.54)		(1,301,230.54)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(68,459.25)	92,723.35	12,770.70	37,034.80
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	817,587.42	715,713.45	34,643.96	1,567,944.83
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	749,128.17	808,436.80	47,414.66	1,604,979.63
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net <u>Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities</u>				
Operating (loss)	(93,389.30)	12,089.39	12,770.70	(68,529.21)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	145,128.00	83,472.00		228,600.00
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	51,738.70	95,561.39	12,770.70	160,070.79

#### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Modified Cash Basis - Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2020

	Custodial Funds
Assets:	SE CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR
Cash and Cash Equivalents	214.93
	V
<u>Liabilities</u> :	
Due to Other Governments	214.93
Net Position	0.00

#### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Modified Cash Basis - Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2020

	Custodial Funds
Additions:	-
Property tax collections for other governments	95,369.22
Deductions:	
Payments of property tax to other governments	95,369.22
Change in Net Position	0.00
Net Position - January 1	0.00
Net Position - December 31	0.00

#### Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Ray operates under a city commission form of government. The financial statements of the city have been prepared on a modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the city. The city has considered all potential component units for which the city is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the city are such that exclusion would cause the city's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Government Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the city to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the city.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the City of Ray as a reporting entity.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the City of Ray. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the city. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the city's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the city's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investments earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the city's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Sales Tax Fund. This fund accounts for sales tax collections used for streets and public works and law enforcement.

Street Projects Fund. This fund accounts for oil and gas production taxes to be used for various street projects.

The city reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's water distribution system.

Sewer Fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's sewage collection system.

The city reports the following type of fiduciary fund:

Custodial Funds. These funds account for assets held by the city in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others. The city's custodial funds are used to account for various deposits of other governments.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

#### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental, business-like and fiduciary fund activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the city utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### E. Capital Assets

Capital assets include plant and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column and the business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Assets are also reported in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are defined by the city as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Infrastructure 50 to 75 years Machinery and Vehicles 5 to 20 years

#### F. Compensated Absences

No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is not reported in the governmentwide statement of net position as it is considered immaterial.

#### G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### H. Pension

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS); additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### I. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the city is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories or prepaid expenses) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e., endowment funds).

Restricted - Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the city or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments (i.e., funds restricted by state statute, unspent bond proceeds, grants earned but not spent, debt covenants or taxes raised for a specific purpose).

Committed - Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city council through the adoption of a resolution. The city council also may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned - Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The city reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions - When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the city's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the city's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- \* Committed
- \* Assigned
- \* Unassigned

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the city has not spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

#### J. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental and proprietary fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

#### K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the special purpose framework (SPF) used by the city requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the city maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investments companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district or any other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2020 the city's carrying amount of deposits was \$5,855,594 and the bank balance was \$5,858,108. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$5,608,108 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

#### Credit Risk

The city may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statutes, as follows:

- (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- (3) Certificates of deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- (4) Obligations of the State.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The city does not have a limit on the amount the city may invest in any one issuer.

#### Note 3 PROPERTY TAXES

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

#### Note 4 DUE FROM R & T WATER SUPPLY

This is the amount due from R & T Water Supply to retire the debt associated with the agreement as discussed at Note 6.

#### Note 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land Construction in	123,603	52,150		175,753
Progress	154,200	558,000	712,200	
Total	277,803	610,150	712,200	175,753
Capital assets being depreciated:	-			
Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and	865,086	712,200		1,577,286
Vehicles	727,440	81,900	23,685	785,655
Total	1,592,526	794,100	23,685	2,362,941
Less accumulated depreciation for:		-		-
Buildings and Infrastructure	145,017	33,358		178,375
Machinery and Vehicles	212,871	59,862	23,685	249,048
Total	357,888	93,220	23,685	427,423
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,234,638	700,880		1,935,518
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	1,512,441	1,311,030	712,200	2,111,271

	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Business-type Activities	s:			
Capital assets not				
being depreciated:				
Land	168,000			168,000
Capital assets			-	
being depreciated:				
Buildings and				
Infrastructure Machinery and	11,139,994			11,139,994
Vehicles	116,000			116,000
Total	11,255,994			11,255,994
Less accumulated			-	
depreciation for:				
Buildings and				
Infrastructure Machinery and	935,200	222,800		1,158,000
Vehicles	63,800	5,800		69,600
Total	999,000	228,600	N-	1,227,600
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	10,256,994	(228,600)		10,028,394
Business-type Activitie		82 W		VI POSTSO ANNA
Capital Assets, Net	10,424,994	(228,600)		10,196,394

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the city as follows for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	667
Public Safety	17,600
Streets and Public Works	74,953
Total	93,220
Business-type Activities:	
Water	145,128
Sewer	83,472
Total	228,600

#### Note 6 LONG-TERM DEBT

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the long-term liabilities of the city:

### Business-Type Activities (Proprietary Funds):

	Balance _January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31	One Year
Revenue Bonds Payable	2,510,000	-0-	855,000	1,655,000	150,000
					========

Outstanding debt at December 31, 2020 consists of the following:

#### Business-type Activities (Proprietary Funds):

Revenue Bonds. The city has issued bonds whereby the city pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

\$1,385,760 Water Storage Reservoir Revenue	
Bonds of 2008 due in annual installments	
of \$30,000 to \$35,000 through September 1,	
2028; interest is at 2.5%. *	265,000.00
\$2,533,536 Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 due in annual installments of \$90,000 to	
\$110,000 through September 1, 2030; interest is at 2%.	995,000.00
\$1,670,000 Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 due in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$15,000 through September 1, 2032; interest	
is at 2%.	395,000.00
Total Revenue Bonds Payable	1,655,000.00
	===========

<sup>\*</sup> The city has entered into an agreement with the R & T Water Supply Association, whereby the city has agreed to sponsor the Water Storage Reservoir Revenue Bonds of 2008 on behalf of R & T Water Supply Association

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Principal	Interest
2021	150,000.00	34,425.00
2022	150,000.00	31,275.00
2023	155,000.00	28,125.00
2024	165,000.00	24,875.00
2025	170,000.00	21,400.00
2026-2030	810,000.00	53,550.00
2031-2032	55,000.00	1,400.00
Total	1,655,000.00	195,050.00

#### Note 7 TRANSFERS

The following is a reconciliation between transfers in and transfers out as reported in the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Fund	<u>Transfer In</u>	Transfer Out
Encumbrance-Project Res. General Operating	300,000.00	300,000.00
To set-aside funds for city ha	all remodeling	
Highway General Operating	46,000.00	46,000.00
To subsidize expenditures and	eliminate def	icit fund balance.
General Operating City Sales Tax - Law Enforcement	719.62	719.62
To subsidize expenditures.		
Sales Tax-Infrastructure General Operating	46,693.90	46,693.90
To subsidize expenditures.		
General - Fouter Trust Sales Tax-Infrastructure	10,000.00	10,000.00
To reimburse prior years expen	nditures.	
O & G Production Tax-Infra. O & G Production Tax-Equip. Encumbrance-Projects Reserve	9,120.24 1,940.00	11,060.24
To return unused moneys from	completed proj	ects.
O & G Production Tax-Infra. 2019 Street Scrub Seal	0.90	0.90
To close fund.		
CWSRF Set Aside Fund Sewer	15,816.47	15,816.47
To set aside funds for projec	t reserves.	
Encumbrance-Project Res. 2020 Street Imp. 2020 Sanitary Sewer CIIP O & G Production Tax-Infra. O & G Production Tax Equip. Sales Tax-Infrastructure DWSRF Set Aside Fund Water Sewer	1,256,835.00 1,257,360.75 522,510.00	2,514,555.30 5,700.00 317,960.00 20,585.45 85,000.00 92,905.00
To set-aside funds for debt s		50 40 40 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50

To set-aside funds for debt service and infrastructure projects.

Water 669,612.50 Sewer 184,562.50

Encumbrance-Projects Res. 854,175.00

To make debt service payments.

#### Note 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Ray is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The city pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, automobile and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for general liability, \$1,000,000 for automobile and \$1,244,800 for public assets.

The city also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The city pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third party insurance carrier for losses in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence during a 12 month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the city with a blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,190,400 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The city has worker's compensation with the Department of Workforce Safety and Insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 9 TAX ABATEMENTS

The city has not entered into any tax abatement agreements that would reduce the city's tax revenues for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### Note 10 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A period adjustment was made to eliminate accruals for GASB No. 68 and restate the financial statements to the modified cash basis of accounting.

	Governmental Activities
Net Position as previously reported	6,691,163.63
Adjustments to restate the January 1, 2020 balance:	
Deferred Outflows of Resources-Related to Pensions	(127,834.00)
Net Pension Liability	272,903.00
Deferred Inflows of Resources-Related to Pensions	71,554.00
Net Position, July 1, 2020 as restated	6,907,786.63
	=========

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis General Fund - General Operating For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	-			
Taxes	275,000.00	275,000.00	297,586.84	22,586.84
Licenses, Permits and Fees	8,100.00	8,100.00	11,237.78	3,137.78
Intergovernmental	449,400.00	449,400.00	383,087.11	(66,312.89)
Charges for Services	7.5		7,358.19	7,358.19
Miscellaneous	19,950.00	19,950.00	228,412.30	208,462.30
Total Revenues	752,450.00	752,450.00	927,682.22	175,232.22
Expenditures:			-0.00	
Current:				
General Government	525,500.00	525,500.00	366,122.26	159,377.74
Streets and Public Works	38,000.00	38,000.00	32,595.34	5,404.66
Other			721.60	(721.60)
Total Expenditures	563,500.00	563,500.00	399,439.20	164,060.80
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	188,950.00	188,950.00	528,243.02	339,293.02
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In			719.62	719.62
Transfers Out			(392,693.90)	(392,693.90)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(391,974.28)	(391,974.28)
Net Change in Fund Balances	188,950.00	188,950.00	136,268.74	(52,681.26)
Fund Balance - January 1	912,316.64	912,316.64	912,316.64	
Fund Balance - December 31	1,101,266.64	1,101,266.64	1,048,585.38	(52,681,26)

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis Sales Tax Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	-	500000000000000000000000000000000000000	944(401)(400)(60)	2000000 000
Taxes	220,000.00	220,000.00	442,604.11	222,604.11
Intergovernmental	100,000.00	100,000.00	61,152.63	(38,847.37)
Charges for Services			17,090.02	17,090.02
Miscellaneous	6,200.00	6,200.00	41,558.42	35,358.42
Total Revenues	326,200.00	326,200.00	562,405.18	236,205.18
Expenditures: Current:			_	
Streets and Public Works	10,000.00	10,000.00	52,233.98	(42,233.98)
Health and Welfare	17,000.00	17,000.00	17,088.00	(88.00)
Total Expenditures	27,000.00	27,000.00	69,321.98	(42,321.98)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		STE 04-1271 M2004 MAD	72F0701287777089	A STANDARD CONTRACT
Over Expenditures	299,200.00	299,200.00	493,083.20	193,883.20
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In			46,693.90	46,693.90
Transfers Out			(328,679.62)	(328,679.62)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(281,985.72)	(281,985.72)
Net Change in Fund Balances	299,200.00	299,200.00	211,097.48	(88,102.52)
Fund Balance - January 1	624,605.80	624,605.80	624,605.80	
Fund Balance - December 31	923,805.80	923,805.80	835,703.28	(88,102.52

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule December 31, 2020

#### Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT BUDGET POLICIES

Based upon available financial information and requests by the governing board, the city auditor prepares the preliminary budget. The city budget is prepared for the general and special revenue funds by function and activity on the cash basis of accounting. The preliminary budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

The governing board holds a public hearing where any taxpayer may testify in favor of, or against, any proposed expenditures or tax levies requested in the preliminary budget. After the budget hearing and on or before October 7, the board adopts the final budget. The final budget must be filed with the county auditor by October 10. No expenditure shall be made, or liability incurred, in excess of the total appropriation by fund except as authorized by North Dakota Century Code Section 40-40-18. However, the governing board may amend the budget during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. The budget amendments must be approved by the board and the approval must be noted in the official proceedings of the board.

#### Note 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE

The governing board did not amend the budget during the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

Expenditures exceeded budget in the following fund for the year ending December 31, 2020:

Special Revenue Funds
Sales Tax

42,321.98

No remedial action is anticipated or required by the city regarding these excess expenditures.

The city did not adopt a formal budget for the Street Projects Fund or the Fouter Trust and Oil and Gas Production Tax portions of the General Fund.

CITY OF RAY Ray, North Dakota

### Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.016631%	0.016171%	0.020117%	0.019750%	0.028017%	0.022198%
State of the state						
City's proportionate share	70 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0		TOTAL SECTION AND SECTION	270-2023-1072-2		
of the net pension liability	194,927	272,903	323,346	192,483	190,511	140,895
City's covered-employee						
payroll	177,946	196,014	205,366	233,300	272,101	146,726
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability						
as a percentage of its						
covered-employee payroll	109.54%	139.23%	157.45%	82.50%	70.01%	96.03%
Plan fiduciary net position						
as a percentage of the total						
pension liability	71.66%	62.80%	61.98%	70.46%	77.15%	77.70%

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	12,670	13,956	14,622	16,611	19,373	9,724
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(12,670)	(13,956)	(14,622)	(16,611)	(19,373)	(9,724)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	0	0
City's covered-employee payroll	177,946	196,014	205,366	233,300	272,101	146,726
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%	6.63%

<sup>\*</sup> Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

#### Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Cash Transactions For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Balance 1-1-20	Receipts	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Disbursements	Balance 12-31-20
				200 /20 00	4 0/0 F0F 70
912,316.64			392,693.90		1,048,585.38
43,421.28	33,807.50	10,000.00		1,355.58	85,873.20
	atheren alone decouple their				
3.041.407.84	1,421,390.16	9,121.14	2,514,555.30	426,689.66	1,530,674.18
			5,700.00	38,390.83	65,833.47
366,997.71		1,556,835.00	865,235.24	658,933.82	399,663.65
4,438,683.29	2,416,324.36	1,578,615.76	3,778,184.44	1,524,809.09	3,130,629.88
583,315.07	501,252.55	46,693.90	327,960.00	69,321.98	733,979.54
	61,152.63		719.62		101,723.74
	58/90				
12 626 50				12,626.50	
			0.90	10.060.58	
			(7.55		79,134.37
103,011.30		1 257 360.75			78,750.32
				SCHOOL SC	/ 12/ 217 85
5,248,988.65	2,978,729.54	2,882,670.41	4,106,864.96	2,879,305.79	4,124,217.85
Ampletismost	7-10-00 (00100 (0000)				
3,025.66	41,901.00	46,000.00			9,664.77
10,869.76					7,700.80
58.649.04	149,301.93			105,923.45	102,027.52
				81,988.16	5,135.02
2,783.67	W.552			1,129.95	1,653.72
146,356.98	207,297.26	46,000.00		273,472.41	126,181.83
5,395,345.63	3,186,026.80	2,928,670.41	4,106,864.96	3,152,778.20	4,250,399.68
-					
426,101.97	365,091.77	669,612.50	85,000.00	997,578.07	378,228.17
	55		20,585.45		45,900.00
325,000.00			1/22/10/20/20/20		325,000.00
281 220 02	140 012 27	184 562 50	108.721.47	253 475 88	253,507.34
	147,716.61		100,1011		119,300.00
		13,010.41			331,000.00
331,000.00		522,510.00		417,880.54	104,629.46
1,533,300.87	515,004.04	1,392,501.47	214,306.92	1,668,934.49	1,557,564.97
	NEW MERCHANIS			110637A(Hr.)50001007(Hr.)	United and a service of the service
34,643.96	122,623.87			109,853.17	47,414.66
1,567,944.83	637,627.91	1,392,501.47	214,306.92	1,778,787.66	1,604,979.63
	97 470 55			22 022 57	117.02
					97.91
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	95,369.22			93,134.29	214.93
6,963,290.46		4,321,171.88	4,321,171.88	5,026,720.15	5,855,594.24
	912,316.64 43,421.28 3,041,407.84 74,539.82 366,997.71 4,438,683.29 583,315.07 41,290.73 12,626.50 10,061.48 163,011.58 5,248,988.65 3,025.66 10,869.76 58,649.04 71,028.85 2,783.67 146,356.98 5,395,345.63 426,101.97 66,485.45 325,000.00 281,229.92 103,483.53 331,000.00	912,316.64 927,682.22 33,807.50  3,041,407.84 74,539.82 366,997.71  4,438,683.29 2,416,324.36  583,315.07 501,252.55 61,152.63  12,626.50 10,061.48 163,011.58  5,248,988.65 2,978,729.54  3,025.66 41,901.00 10,869.76 58,649.04 149,301.93 71,028.85 2,783.67  146,356.98 207,297.26  5,395,345.63 3,186,026.80  426,101.97 66,485.45 325,000.00  281,229.92 103,483.53 331,000.00  1,533,300.87 515,004.04  34,643.96 122,623.87  1,567,944.83 637,627.91	912,316.64 927,682.22 719.62 43,421.28 33,807.50 10,000.00  3,041,407.84 74,539.82 33,444.48 1,940.00 3,66,997.71 1,940.00 4,438,683.29 2,416,324.36 1,578,615.76  583,315.07 501,252.55 46,693.90 41,290.73 61,152.63  12,626.50 10,061.48 163,011.58  1,257,360.75  5,248,988.65 2,978,729.54 2,882,670.41  3,025.66 41,901.00 46,000.00 10,869.76 58,649.04 149,301.93 71,028.85 16,094.33 2,783.67  146,356.98 207,297.26 46,000.00 5,395,345.63 3,186,026.80 2,928,670.41  426,101.97 66,485.45 325,000.00  281,229.92 149,912.27 184,562.50 15,816.47 321,000.00  1,533,300.87 515,004.04 1,392,501.47  34,643.96 122,623.87  1,567,944.83 637,627.91 1,392,501.47	1-1-20 Receipts In Out  912,316.64 927,682.22 719.62 392,693.90  3,041,407.84 1,421,390.16 9,121.14 2,514,555.30  74,539.82 35,444.48 1,940.00 5,700.00  3,041,407.84 1,421,390.16 1,940.00 5,700.00  1,556,835.00 865,235.24  4,438,683.29 2,416,324.36 1,578,615.76 3,778,184.44  583,315.07 501,252.55 46,693.90 327,960.00  719.62  12,626.50 10,061.48 0.90  12,626.50 10,061.48 163,011.58 1,257,360.75  5,248,988.65 2,978,729.54 2,882,670.41 4,106,864.96  3,025.66 41,901.00 46,000.00  10,869.76 58,649.04 149,301.93 71,028.85 16,094.33 2,783.67  146,356.98 207,297.26 46,000.00  5,395,345.63 3,186,026.80 2,928,670.41 4,106,864.96  426,101.97 365,091.77 669,612.50 85,000.00 20,585.45  426,101.97 365,091.77 669,612.50 85,000.00 20,585.45  321,229.92 149,912.27 184,562.50 108,721.47 522,510.00  1,533,300.87 515,004.04 1,392,501.47 214,306.92  23,039.55 72,329.67  95,369.22	912,316.64 927,682.22 719.62 392,693.90 399,439.20 1,355.58 3,041,407.84 1,421,390.16 9,121.14 2,514,555.30 426,689.66 74,539.82 33,444.48 1,940.00 5,700.00 38,390.83 366,997.71 33,444.48 1,940.00 865,235.24 658,933.82 4,438,683.29 2,416,324.36 1,578,615.76 3,778,184.44 1,524,809.09 583,315.07 501,252.55 46,693.90 327,960.00 69,321.98 12,626.50 10,061.48 0.90 11,257,360.75 11,257,360.75 11,178,610.43 5,248,988.65 2,978,729.54 2,882,670.41 4,106,864.96 2,879,305.79 3,168.96 10,869.76 58,649.04 149,301.93 11,257,360.75 11,178,610.43 2,783.67 16,094.33 81,988.16 1,122.95 146,356.98 207,297.26 46,000.00 273,472.41 5,395,345.63 3,186,026.80 2,928,670.41 4,106,864.96 3,152,778.20 426,101.97 66,485.45 325,000.00 273,472.41 5,395,345.63 3,186,026.80 2,928,670.41 4,106,864.96 3,152,778.20 426,101.97 66,485.45 325,000.00 273,472.41 5,395,345.63 3,186,026.80 2,928,670.41 4,106,864.96 3,152,778.20 426,101.97 66,485.45 325,000.00 273,472.41 5,395,345.63 3,186,026.80 2,928,670.41 4,106,864.96 3,152,778.20 426,101.97 66,485.45 325,000.00 273,472.41 5,395,345.63 3,186,026.80 2,928,670.41 4,106,864.96 3,152,778.20 426,101.97 66,485.45 325,000.00 273,472.41 5,886.56 10,94.33 15,886.96 10,948.35 15,886.47 335,000.00 273,472.41 5,395,345.63 3,186,026.80 2,928,670.41 4,106,864.96 3,152,778.20 426,101.97 66,485.45 325,000.00 273,472.41 5,886.47 325,000.00 417,880.54 15,816.47 335,000.00 417,880.54 15,816.

### Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Ray Ray, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ray, Ray, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2021.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the city's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the city's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2020-001 and 2020-002, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the city's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### City's Response to Findings

The city's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The city's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control or on compliance. This is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the city's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

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November 26, 2021

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS:

#### Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued:		
Governmental Activities	Unmodified-Modified	Cash Basis
Business-Type Activities	Unmodified-Modified	Cash Basis
Major Governmental Funds	Unmodified-Modified	Cash Basis
Major Business-Type Funds	Unmodified-Modified	Cash Basis
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified-Modified	Cash Basis
Internal control over financial reporting:		
* Material weakness(es) identified?	YesX_No	
* Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	X_YesNone	Reported
Noncompliance Material to financial statements noted?	YesX_No	

Significant Deficiencies

1. 2020-001 Segregation of Duties

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:

Criteria: To ensure adequate internal control over financial reporting and prevent material misstatements due to errors or fraud, there should be a segregation of the functions of approval, custody of assets, posting and reconciliation.

Condition: The city has one person responsible for most accounting functions. The employee is responsible to collect monies, deposit monies, issue checks, send checks to vendors, record receipts and disbursements in journals, maintain the general ledger and prepare bank reconciliations.

Cause: The city does not have a large enough staff to properly segregate all duties.

Effect: A lack of segregation of duties leads to a limited degree of internal control.

Recommendation: We recommend that management and the governing board be aware of the lack of segregation of duties and implement controls whenever possible to mitigate this risk.

Views of Responsible Officials: The city is aware of the condition and segregates duties whenever possible.

#### 2. 2020-002 Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria: A good system of internal controls requires the city to determine that the financial statements are prepared based on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This means that the city must maintain knowledge of current accounting principles and required financial statement disclosures.

Condition: The city's financial statements, including the accompanying note disclosures, are prepared by the city's external auditors.

Cause: The city feels it is more cost effective to have their external auditors prepare the complete financial statements and disclosures, rather than invest in ongoing specialized training that would be necessary.

Effect: Without the assistance of the auditors, the financial statements could be misstated or omit material financial statement disclosures.

Recommendation: We recommend that management be aware of this condition and be prepared and able to provide all necessary information and schedules to complete the financial statements and disclosures; and review and approve them prior to distribution.

Views of Responsible Officials: The city will continue to have the external auditors prepare the financial statements, including note disclosures, but will review and approve them prior to external distribution.