

### NORTH DAKOTA STATE BOARD OF REGISTRATION FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS

**AUDIT REPORT** 

JUNE 30, 2020

# NORTH DAKOTA STATE BOARD OF REGISTRATION FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS June 30, 2020

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#### North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors June 30, 2020

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Kevin Nelson Chairperson

Roger Kluck Vice Chairperson

Nicholas Gludt Board Member

Robert Fode Board Member

Matthew Weeks Board Member

Candie L. Robinson Executive Director



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Bismarck, North Dakota

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors, Bismarck, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 16, and the notes to the required supplementary information on page 17 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial report for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 18, 2022, on our consideration of the North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Haga Kommer, Ltd.

Haga Kommer, Ltd Mandan, North Dakota March 18, 2022

#### North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

,	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,184,506	
Investments		1,108,000	
Interest Receivable		5,347	
Prepaid Expenditures		12,830	
Capital Assets:			
Office Furniture and Equipment		311,821	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(179,371)	
Net Capital Assets		132,450	
TOTAL ASSETS		4,443,133	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable		45,556	
Payroll Taxes Payable		3,762	
Retirement Payable		9,075	
Total Current Liabilities		58,393	
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Beyond One Year:			
Compensated Absences		21,504	
Total Liabilities		79,897	
		<del></del>	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unearned Dues Revenue		450,600	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		132,450	
Restricted for:			
Legal Service		1,000,000	
Other Purposes		12,830	
Unrestricted		2,767,356	
T (1N (D ''	Ф	2 012 626	
Total Net Position	\$	3,912,636	

#### North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

		the year chief rune	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue & Changes in Net Position Primary Government
		Fees, Fines, and Charges for	Operating Grants		Governmental
	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Functions/Programs Primary Government Governmental Activities Licensing and Regulation Total Governmental Activities	\$ 689,835 \$ 689,835	\$ 1,022,461 \$ 1,022,461	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ 332,626 332,626
		General Revenues:			<b>7.1.2</b> 00
		Interest and Ma Total General Reve	iscellaneous Income		51,298
		Total General Reve	nues		51,298
		Change in Net Posit	tion		383,924
		Net Position - Begin	nning of Year		3,983,040
		Prior Period Adjust			(454,328)
		Net Position - Begin	•	ted	3,528,712
		Net Position - End	of Year		\$ 3,912,636

#### North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund June 30, 2020

	Ge	eneral Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,184,506
Investments	Ψ	1,108,000
Interest Receivable		5,347
Prepaid Expenditures		12,830
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,310,683
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	45,556
Payroll Taxes Payable	Ψ	3,762
Retirement Payable		9,075
Total Liabilities		58,393
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		450 600
Deferred Dues Revenue		450,600
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid Expenditures		12,830
Committed for:		1 000 000
Legal Service Unassigned		1,000,000
Total Fund Balances		2,788,860
		3,801,690
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND		
BALANCES	\$	4,310,683
DALANCES	<u>+</u>	1,0 2 3,0 3 2
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	3,801,690
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$311,821, and the accumulated depreciation is \$179,371.		132,450
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Compensated Absences Payable		(21,504)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	3,912,636

#### North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund

#### For the year ended June 30, 2020

•	General Fund
REVENUES	
Renewal Fees	\$ 793,820
CPC Fees	126,621
Endorsement Fees	102,020
Interest and Miscellaneous Income	51,298
TOTAL REVENUES	1,073,759
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Salaries and Wages	275,167
Employee Benefits	64,858
Rent	39,775
Telephone	5,369
Travel and Meetings	20,110
Office Expense	94,613
Printing	4,001
NCEES and CLEAR Dues	6,500
Legal and Investigations	20,625
Accounting Fees	7,025
Capital Outlay	158,247
Education Programs	74,353
Online Renewal Expense	7,275
Website Development	3,898
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	781,816
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	291,943
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019	3,964,075
Prior Period Adjustment (See Note 9)	(454,328)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019 Restated	3,509,747
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2020	\$ 3,801,690

# North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

\$ Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 291,943 The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded purchases. Capital assets purchased in the current period 140,157 (35,557)Depreciation expense of capital assets reported 104,600 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Net change in compensated absences (12,619)

383,924

Change in net position of governmental activities

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### *Nature of Entity*

The North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors is charged with responsibility of examining, registering, policing, and enforcing the code of ethics as it applies to those practicing the professions within North Dakota. The Board is composed of five members, four of whom are Professional Engineers, and one member is a Professional Land Surveyor. Board members are nominated by the North Dakota Society of Professional Engineers for the engineering positions and the surveyor position is nominated by the North Dakota Society of Professional Land Surveyors. The Governor selects one of the nominees for appointment to the Board. Board members serve for a term of five years with the term expirations being staggered so only one position on the Board is up for reappointment in any given year.

#### Reporting Entity

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reporting entity include (l) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 have been considered and there are no agencies or entities which should be presented with the North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors as a reporting entity.

#### Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the Board). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The Board has only one governmental fund:

*General Fund* - The general fund is the principal operating fund of the Board. It is used to account for all financial resources of the Board.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Basis of Accounting

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual; generally, when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The revenues that are determined to be susceptible to accrual are fees, fines, and interest. Deferred revenues arise when resources are received by the government before it has legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred revenue is reclassified to the appropriate revenue accounts.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due and collectible.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposit and money market accounts, and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

State statutes authorize the Board to invest in (a) bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress; (b) securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above; (c) certificates of deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the state; or (d) obligations of the Board.

#### Investments

Investments consist of certificates of deposit carried at cost with a term of more than three months. The certificates of deposit had interest rates of 0.60 - 1.59 percent and terms of one year in 2020.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are reported at cost less accumulated depreciation. Capital assets are defined by the Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more and over one year of useful life are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets, generally five years for equipment and ten years for furniture.

#### Compensated Absences

Annual and sick leave are part of permanent employees' compensation. In general, accrued annual leave cannot exceed 240 hours at year-end while sick leave is not limited. Employees earn annual leave at a variable rate based on years of employment, within a range from a minimum of one working day, to a maximum of two working days per month, established by the rules and regulations adopted by the employing unit. Employees are paid for all unused annual leave upon termination or retirement. Employees earn sick leave at a rate of one working day per month. Employees with at least 10 years of service, upon termination, will be entitled to a one-time lump sum buyout equal to 10% of the employees' unused accrued sick leave.

The government-wide financial statements present the cost of compensated absences as a liability. The governmental fund financial statements recognize compensated absences when the liability is incurred and payable from available expendable resources.

#### Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recorded for licenses, permits, and other miscellaneous fees. Licenses and permits are issued every two years. Deferred revenue represents revenue collected in advance for the licenses and permits. Revenue is recognized when it is earned, on a monthly basis.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Net Position

Net position presents the difference between assets and liabilities in the statement of net position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by Board legislation or external restrictions by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. When the Board incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted net position, it uses restricted net position first.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted – This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removed the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the Board's "intent" to be used for special purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board members have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

*Unassigned* – This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

The non-spendable fund balance is comprised of \$12,830 of prepaid expenditures. The Board committed \$1,000,000 through Board approval to be used for legal services.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the Board's preference is to first use restricted resources, then unrestricted resources – committed, assigned, and unassigned – in order as needed.

#### **NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS**

In accordance with North Dakota statutes, the Board maintains deposits at depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

#### **NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)**

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, bonds, notes warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the state of North Dakota, its boards, agencies, or instrumentalities, or by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the state of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing entity, and bonds issued by any other state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board.

As of June 30, 2020, the Board's carrying balance was \$4,292,506. The bank balance of these deposits at June 30, 2020 was \$4,315,610. Of the bank balances, the full amount of \$4,315,610 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and CDARS. The Board monitors the balances to ensure deposits are covered by FDIC. The Board participates in the CDARS program, which allows it to place its funds into certificates of deposit issued by other banks in the CDARS network in order to obtain complete FDIC protection. There was no formal review by the Board during the year.

The Board has not adopted a deposit policy limiting the Board's deposits with any one depositor.

#### **NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets consist of the following as of June 30, 2020:

	Office Furniture		
	and Equipment		
Balance, July 1, 2019	\$	171,664	
Purchases		140,157	
Dispositions			
Balance, June 30, 2020		311,821	
Accumulated Depreciation, July 1, 2019		143,814	
Additions		35,557	
Dispositions			
Accumuated Depreciation, June 30, 2020		179,371	
Net Book Value, June 30, 2020	\$	132,450	

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$35,557.

#### **NOTE 4 – OPERATING LEASE**

Office space is being leased from BTSOS dba Riverside Office Building at 723 Memorial Highway, Bismarck, ND. The lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$37,975. According to the lease renewal agreements, the payments were \$2,075 per month during the period of July through September 2019, \$2,225 per month during the period of October through November 2019, and \$3900 per month during the period of December 2019 through June 2020. The payments for the southeast office were \$3900 per month through June 30, 2021. The lease payments for the southeast office for the period of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2023 are \$4,017 per month.

The Board started leasing from BTSOS dba Riverside Office Building at the Northeast Office on August 1, 2020. The monthly rent payment is \$878 through June 30, 2023. Future lease payments on the lease are as follows:

	Lease				
Year	Payments				
2021	\$	56,453			
2022		58,734			
2023		58,734			
	\$	173,921			

#### **NOTE 5 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

Beginning in 2000, the Board approved contributions to the employees' personal Roth-IRA. Under this plan, the employees receive the Roth-IRA contribution as a gross wage, with the net pay then being deposited into a Roth-IRA account in the employee's name. The net amount of the quarterly contribution to the employee's Roth-IRA plan shall be equal to six percent net of the employee's annualized salary on a quarterly basis. For purposes of this section, "net" shall mean the gross amount less the employee and employer share of Social Security and Medicare taxes. The amount of the Roth-IRA contributions for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, were \$13,433, \$7,005, and \$8,579, respectively.

#### **NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Board is covered by the Risk Management Fund of North Dakota. The Risk Management Fund will pay money damages for 1) an injury caused by the negligence or wrongful act or omission of a State employee acting within the employee's scope of employment which the employee would be personally liable to pay a claimant under state law and 2) an injury caused from some condition or use of tangible property under circumstances in which the State, if it were a private person, would be liable to the claimant. Coverage includes claims for damages resulting from an occurrence, accident, wrongful act, error or omission or claim made because of bodily injury, personal injury, property damage, professional liability, or public officials' professional liability or any combination thereof. The Board makes an annual payment for this insurance coverage. The coverage the Risk Management Fund may pay is limited to a total of \$250,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The Risk Management Fund will not be held liable or indemnify a State employee held liable for punitive or exemplary damages.

#### NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Board participates in the North Dakota Worker's Compensation Bureau, an Enterprise Fund of the State of North Dakota. The Bureau is a state insurance fund and a "no fault" insurance system covering the State's employers and employees financed by premiums assessed to employers. The premiums are available for the payment of claims to employees injured in the course of employment.

The Board pays an annual premium to a third-party insurance carrier for employee dishonesty coverage in the amount of \$150,000.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	Balance 07/01/19		Ir	Net ncrease	Balance 6/30/20	within e year
Compensated Absences *	\$ 8	<u>,885</u>	\$	12,619	\$ 21,504	\$ _
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$ 8	,885	\$	12,619	\$ 21,504	\$ _

<sup>\*</sup> The change in compensated absences is shown as a net change because changes in salary prohibit exact calculations of additions and reductions at a reasonable cost.

#### **NOTE 8 – LEGAL ACTIONS**

The North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors had no legal actions during the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### NOTE 9 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT – CORRECTION OF AN ERROR

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Board corrected its revenue recognition of license income to correctly reflect that fees are paid for a calendar year. In the past, two-year renewal fees were recognized by half in each fiscal year. Fees are actually charged for the calendar year and collected primarily in November and December of even-numbered years. These fees are now correctly reported as earned over the two-year renewal period on a monthly basis. A prior period adjustment is required to reflect the correct unearned dues revenue at July 1, 2019.

	Ne	et Position	Fund Balance		
Beginning of Year, as previously reported	\$	3,983,040	\$	3,964,075	
Restatement of accounting for Deferred Revenue		(454,328)		(454,328)	
Beginning of Year, as restated	\$	3,528,712	\$	3,509,747	

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

				Actual	Fina	nce with Budget orable
	Buc	lget	(Budg	(Budgetary Basis)		vorable)
REVENUES						
Renewal Fees	\$	744,630	\$	793,820	\$	49,190
CPC Fees		111,835		126,621		14,786
Endorsement Fees		45,800		102,020		56,220
Interest and Miscellaneous Income		5,000		51,298		46,298
TOTAL REVENUES		907,265		1,073,759		166,494
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Salaries and Wages		257,830		275,167		(17,337)
Employee Benefits		98,039		64,858		33,181
Rent		91,325		39,775		51,550
Telephone		6,000		5,369		631
Travel and Meetings		54,350		20,110		34,240
Office Expense		124,173		94,613		29,560
Printing		7,000		4,001		2,999
NCEES and CLEAR Dues		7,020		6,500		520
Legal and Investigations		118,000		20,625		97,375
Accounting Fees		27,200		7,025		20,175
Online Renewal Fees		4,500		7,275		(2,775)
Capital Outlay		83,000		158,247		(75,247)
Education Programs		141,000		74,353		66,647
Website Development		78,450		3,898		74,552
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,	097,887		781,816		316,071
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	190,622)		291,943		482,565
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019	3,	964,075		3,964,075		-
Prior Period Adjustment (See Note 9)	(	(454,328)		(454,328)		-
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019 Restated	3.	509,747		3,509,747		_
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2020		319,125	\$	3,801,690	\$	482,565

#### North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 1 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

The Board adopts an annual budget consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for the general fund. The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- Each budget is controlled by the Executive Director at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.
- The current budget may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.
- · All appropriations lapse at year-end.



## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Bismarck, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors, Bismarck, North Dakota as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 18, 2022.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors' internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies 2020-001 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency 2020-002 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2020-003.

### North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors' Responses to Findings

North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors' responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors' responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Haga Kommer, Ltd.

Haga Kommer, Ltd Mandan, North Dakota March 18, 2022

#### North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 2020-001 Segregation of Duties

<u>Criteria</u> – A good system of internal control contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no individual has control of a transaction from inception to completion.

Condition – The Organization has lack of segregation of duties in certain areas due to a limited staff.

<u>Cause</u> – There are limited individuals to perform tasks due to the small size of the entity.

<u>Effect</u> – Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the Board's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements in a timely matter by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

<u>Recommendation</u> – Authorization, custody, recordkeeping, and reconciliation responsibilities should be segregated. Board members may be able to assist by providing oversight and approval of a staff member involved in more than one of the responsibilities.

<u>Management's Response</u> – This shortcoming has been recently addressed, but it remains a focus area for improvement. The Executive Director (ED) has dispersed portions of financial controls to various staff members, which includes the processing of routine invoices from vendors, credit card statement and receipt review, check signing, bank statement reconciliations, and review of deposits.

#### **2020-002** Preparation of Financial Statements

<u>Criteria</u> – Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition – The financial statements and related notes are prepared by the Board's auditors.

<u>Cause</u> – Limited time and resources of the Organization to prepare the financial statements in the format required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Effect – An increased risk of material misstatement in the Organization's financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Board should review the financial statements for accuracy and accept responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of the GAAP financial statements even if the auditor assisted in drafting the financial statements and notes.

<u>Management's Response</u> – The Board has become more involved in reviewing of financial documents and will continue to be involved. We will seek Board member training from our Accountants.

#### North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 2020-003 Reporting of Retirement Contributions

<u>Criteria</u> – The Internal Revenue Service has requirements for employer retirement plans and related reporting.

<u>Condition</u> – The Board does not have an employer-provided retirement plan. The Board provided additional taxable pay to employees to deposit in an individual retirement account. The payroll summary for the year reported an employer contribution to a retirement plan and the employee W-2s are reporting participation in an employer retirement plan.

<u>Cause</u> – The Board does not have an employer-provided retirement plan. It provides additional pay in place of a qualified plan.

<u>Effect</u> – The payroll provider reported incorrect employer retirement contributions on reports, and this caused the retirement box on the W-2 to report that the employee participated in a qualified retirement plan.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The W-2s for 2019 should be corrected and the amounts promised to employees for retirement should be paid as taxable payroll. The transition to an employer-provided SEP IRA is appropriate.

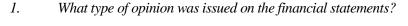
<u>Management's Response</u> – Payments for retirement were made to employees and taxed appropriately for calendar year 2019. A SEP IRA was established with Ameriprise in January 2020. Checks are now written to Ameriprise, for deposit into the employee SEP accounts. Each employee has been visited by our Ameriprise representative and discussed account management and tax consequences.



# North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors Auditor's Specific Comments Requested by the North Dakota Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee June 30, 2020

The Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee requires that certain items be addressed by independent certified public accountants performing audits of state agencies. The items and our responses are as follows:

#### **Audit Report Communications:**



Unqualified opinion.

2. Was there compliance with statutes, laws, rules, and regulations under which the agency was created and is functioning?

Noncompliance with payroll laws regarding payments to employees for their retirement accounts.

3. Was internal control adequate and functioning effectively?

Yes.

4. Were there any indications of lack of efficiency in financial operations and management of the agency?

No.

5. Has action been taken on findings and recommendations included in prior audit reports?

Yes, an employer retirement system was established.

6. Was a management letter issued? If so, provide a summary below, including any recommendations and management responses.

No.

#### **Audit Committee Communications:**

1. Identify any significant changes in accounting policies, any management conflicts of interest, any contingent liabilities, or any significant unusual transactions.

There were no significant changes in accounting policies.

No management conflicts of interest were noted.

No contingent liabilities were identified.

There were no significant or unusual transactions.

2. Identify any significant accounting estimates, the process used by management to formulate the accounting estimates, and the basis for the auditor's conclusions regarding the reasonableness of those estimates.

The North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors' financial statements do not include any significant accounting estimates.

3. *Identify any significant audit adjustments.* 

Adjusted compensated absences.

Recorded depreciation expense.

Recorded purchase of assets, including leasehold improvements.

Reclassified a wage expense to employee benefit expense.

Adjusted payroll taxes payable.

4. Identify any disagreements with management, whether or not resolved to the auditor's satisfaction relating to a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements.

None.

5. Identify any serious difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

None.

6. *Identify any major issues discussed with management prior to retention.* 

None.

7. *Identify any management consultations with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters.* 

None.

8. Identify any high-risk information technology systems critical to operations based on the auditor's overall assessment of the importance of the system to the agency and its mission, or whether any exceptions identified in the six audit report questions to be addressed by the auditors are directly related to the operations of an information technology system.

None.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Audit and Fiscal Review Committee, North Dakota State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors, management, and other state officials and legislative committees and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Haga Kommer, Ltd.

Haga Kommer, Ltd Mandan, North Dakota March 18, 2022