AUDIT REPORT

CITY OF MOHALL Mohall, North Dakota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

RATH & MEHRER, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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CITY OFFICIALS

Tom Witteman Mayor

Jim Bender Council Member

LaVonne Erickson Council Member

Dawn Larson Council Member

Robyn Larson Council Member

Mary Marmon Council Member

Cheryl Overby Auditor



Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA Todd Goehring, CPA

Specializing in Governmental Auditing

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Mohall Mohall, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mohall, Mohall, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the city's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mohall, Mohall, North Dakota, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position; and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements. The budgeting comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgeting comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgeting comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 2, 2021 on our consideration of the city's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the city's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

orth and Melwer

Bismarck, North Dakota

April 2, 2021

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2020

P	rimary Governmer	nt	Component Unit
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Mohall Housing Authority
2,236,406.58	508,022.40	2,744,428.98	75,507.91
43,000.00		43,000.00	
169,502.00	34,460.00	203,962.00	
3,047,390.00		3,047,390.00	
2,105,524.00 171,352.00	392,030.00 17,040.00	2,497,554.00 188,392.00	893,064.00
5,493,768.00	443,530.00	5,937,298.00	893,064.00
7,773,174.58	951,552.40	8,724,726.98	968,571.91
151,781.00		151,781.00	(
105,000.00		105,000.00	
41,000.00		41,000.00	23,556.00
			6-
435,000.00		435,000.00	
865,450.00		865,450.00	825,829.00
14,765.31		14,765.31	
232,551.00		232,551.00	
1,693,766.31		1,693,766.31	849,385.00
122,481.00		122,481.00	
4,047,318.00	443,530.00	4,490,848.00	43,679.00
440.070.05		440.070.05	
		변도 회원하게 되고있다면 10mm = 1	
587,104.97	220 142 05	\$1	
1 022 214 45	Access to the second second		75 507 01
1,033,314.45	211,819.55	1,311,193.80	75,507.91
6,108,708.27	951,552.40	7,060,260.67	119,186.91
	Governmental Activities 2,236,406.58 43,000.00 169,502.00 3,047,390.00 2,105,524.00 171,352.00 5,493,768.00 7,773,174.58 151,781.00 105,000.00 41,000.00 435,000.00 447,65.31 232,551.00 1,693,766.31 122,481.00 4,047,318.00 440,970.85 587,104.97 1,033,314.45	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities 2,236,406.58 43,000.00 508,022.40 169,502.00 34,460.00 34,460.00 3,047,390.00 2,105,524.00 17,040.00 392,030.00 17,040.00 5,493,768.00 443,530.00 47,773,174.58 951,552.40 151,781.00 105,000.00 41,000.00 435,000.00 435,000.00 14,765.31 232,551.00 1,693,766.31 122,481.00 443,530.00 440,970.85 587,104.97 230,143.05 1,033,314.45 277,879.35	Activities Activities Total 2,236,406.58 508,022.40 2,744,428.98 43,000.00 43,000.00 169,502.00 34,460.00 203,962.00 3,047,390.00 3,047,390.00 2,497,554.00 171,352.00 17,040.00 188,392.00 5,493,768.00 443,530.00 5,937,298.00 7,773,174.58 951,552.40 8,724,726.98 151,781.00 151,781.00 105,000.00 41,000.00 435,000.00 865,450.00 14,765.31 14,765.31 232,551.00 232,551.00 1,693,766.31 1,693,766.31 122,481.00 122,481.00 4,047,318.00 443,530.00 4,490,848.00 440,970.85 587,104.97 587,104.97 230,143.05 230,143.05 230,143.05 1,033,314.45 277,879.35 1,311,193.80

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Net Activities - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2020

				Net (Exp	ense) Revenue a	nd Change in Net	Position
		Program Povo	nuos	De	imani Covernme	n#	Component
		Program Reve	nues	PI	imary Governme	nt	Unit Mohall
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Governmental	Business-Type		Housing
	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority
Functions/Programs							
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	357,696.25	6,545.75		(351,150.50)		(351,150.50)	
Public Safety	58,578.66			(58,578.66)		(58,578.66)	
Streets and Public Works	252,968.84	400.00	3,286,072.51	3,033,503.67		3,033,503.67	
Urban and Economic Development	24,871.72			(24,871.72)		(24,871.72)	
Culture and Recreation	63,135.69	6,475.00	3,123.78	(53,536.91)		(53,536.91)	
Other	367,513.07	32,338.61		(335,174.46)		(335,174.46)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	22,774.18	19-50/200-04-02-01	103,924.42	81,150.24		81,150.24	
Total Governmental Activities	1,147,538.41	45,759.36	3,393,120.71	2,291,341.66		2,291,341.66	
Business-Type Activities:							
Water	161,271.18	188,937.05			27,665.87	27,665.87	
Sewer	66,549.79	80,241.50			13,691.71	13,691.71	
Sanitation	117,414.74	90,515.36			(26,899.38)	(26,899.38)	
Water Tower Surcharge	4,260.00	15,866.71			11,606.71	11,606.71	
Total Business-Type Activities	349,495.71	375,560.62			26,064.91	26,064.91	
Total Primary Government	1,497,034.12	421,319.98	3,393,120.71	2,291,341.66	26,064.91	2,317,406.57	
Component Unit:							
Mohall Housing Authority	51,934.11	54,860.00					2,925.89
	General Revenue	es:					
	Taxes:						
	Property taxes;	levied for gen	eral purposes	207,341.68		207,341.68	
	Property taxes;	levied for spec	cial purposes	120,551.11		120,551.11	
	Sales taxes			171,655.40		171,655.40	
	Cigarette taxes			2,062.49		2,062.49	
	Oil and gas pro	duction taxes		63,650.55		63,650.55	
	Intergovernmen		ot restricted				
	to specific prog	grams		56,172.27		56,172.27	
	Earnings on inv	estments and	other revenue	105,949.77	22,057.20	128,006.97	385.82
	Total General Re	evenues		727,383.27	22,057.20	749,440.47	385.82
	Change in Net Po	osition		3,018,724.93	48,122.11	3,066,847.04	3,311.71
	Net Position - Ja	nuary 1		3,089,983.34	903,430.29	3,993,413.63	115,875.20
	Net Position - De	ecember 31		6,108,708.27	951,552.40	7,060,260.67	119,186.91
				12			120

CITY OF MOHALL Mohall, North Dakota Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	Major Funds					
				2010	Other	Total
		City		Main Street	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Sales Tax	Airport	Improvement	Funds	Funds
ASSETS:						
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	1,044,766.64	253,463.85	206,564.12	241,678.37	489,933.60	2,236,406.58
Economic Development Loans		43,000.00				43,000.00
Total Assets	1,044,766.64	296,463.85	206,564.12	241,678.37	489,933.60	2,279,406.58
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonexpendable:						
Economic Development Loans		43,000.00				43,000.00
Restricted for:						
General Government					3,534.23	3,534.23
Street and Public Works					44,954.64	44,954.64
Urban and Economic Development		253,463.85				253,463.85
Emergency Purposes					8,554.10	8,554.10
Infrastructure					159,799.31	159,799.31
Debt Service				241,678.37	199,292.48	440,970.85
Other Purposes					73,798.84	73,798.84
Unassigned	1,044,766.64		206,564.12			1,251,330.76
Total Fund Balances	1,044,766.64	296,463.85	206,564.12	241,678.37	489,933.60	2,279,406.58

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

2,279,406.58

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.

Cost of Capital Assets 6,984,173.00
Less Accumulated Depreciation (1,490,405.00)

Net Capital Assets 5,493,768.00

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources reported on the statement of net position are the result of changes in resources related to pensions and do not affect current financial resources.

Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 151,781.00

Total Deferred Inflows of Resources (122,481.00)

Net Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

29,300.00

Long-term liabilities applicable to the city's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Long-term liabilities -both current and long-term- are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at December 31, 2020 are:

Special Assessments Bonds Payable(540,000.00)Revenue Bonds Payable(906,450.00)Compensated Absences Payable(14,765.31)Net Pension Liability(232,551.00)

Total Long-Term Liabilities (1,693,766.31)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities 6,108,708.27

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Major				
				2010	Other	Total
		City		Main Street	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Sales Tax	Airport	Improvement	Funds	Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	207,341.68	50,019.49	95,590.14		146,608.29	499,559.60
Special Assessments				103,913.01		103,913.01
Licenses, Permits and Fees	13,020.75					13,020.75
Intergovernmental	121,885.31		3,224,613.44		62,707.85	3,409,206.60
Charges for Services	2,275.00		32,338.61			34,613.61
Miscellaneous	85,660.69		6,418.89		13,870.19	105,949.77
Total Revenues	430,183.43	50,019.49	3,358,961.08	103,913.01	223,186.33	4,166,263.34
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government	317,190.91					317,190.91
Public Safety	58,104.52				474.14	58,578.66
Streets and Public Works					111,216.84	111,216.84
Urban and Economic Development		24,871.72				24,871.72
Culture and Recreation	27,258.59				35,877.10	63,135.69
Other	300.00		328,308.47		15,315.60	343,924.07
Capital Outlay	369,700.00		2,780,740.00			3,150,440.00
Debt Service:						
Principal	37,643.89			100,000.00	25,000.00	162,643.89
Interest and Service Charges	1,940.86			10,775.00	10,058.32	22,774.18
Total Expenditures	812,138.77	24,871.72	3,109,048.47	110,775.00	197,942.00	4,254,775.96
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue						
Over Expenditures	(381,955.34)	25,147.77	249,912.61	(6,861.99)	25,244.33	(88,512.62)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In	47,789.50				59,356.96	107,146.46
Transfers Out	(59,356.96)				(47,789.50)	(107,146.46)
Revenue Bonds Issued	420,453.00		····			420,453.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	408,885.54				11,567.46	420,453.00
Net Changes in Fund Balances	26,930.20	25,147.77	249,912.61	(6,861.99)	36,811.79	331,940.38
Fund Balance - January 1	1,017,836.44	271,316.08	(43,348.49)	248,540.36	453,121.81	1,947,466.20
Fund Balance - December 31	1,044,766.64	296,463.85	206,564.12	241,678.37	489,933.60	2,279,406.58

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

331,940.38

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current year.

Current Year Capital Outlay
Current Year Depreciation Expense

3,150,440.00

(165,341.00) 2,985,099.00

The proceeds of debt issuances are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which debt proceeds exceeded repayment of debt.

Debt Proceeds Repayment of Debt

(420,453.00)

162,643.89

(257,809.11)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net Increase in Compensated Absences Net Increase to Pension Expense

(175.34)

(40,330.00)

(40,505.34)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

3,018,724.93

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds December 31, 2020

	Major Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Other Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Fund
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	125,498.69	152,380.66	230,143.05	508,022.40
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets (net of accumulated				
depreciation):				
Land		15,910.00	18,550.00	34,460.00
Buildings and Infrastructure	108,857.00	283,173.00		392,030.00
Vehicles and Machinery	***	761	17,040.00	17,040.00
Total Noncurrent Assets	108,857.00	299,083.00	35,590.00	443,530.00
Total Assets	234,355.69	451,463.66	265,733.05	951,552.40
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	108,857.00	299,083.00	35,590.00	443,530.00
Restricted for:				
Maintenance and Repairs			230,143.05	230,143.05
Unrestricted	125,498.69	152,380.66		277,879.35
Total Net Position	234,355.69	451,463.66	265,733.05	951,552.40

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Major Enterp	rise Funds		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Other	Total
			Enterprise	Enterprise
	Water	Sewer	Fund	Fund
Operating Revenues:	-			
Charges for Sales and Services:				
Water Charges	188,937.05			188,937.05
Sewer Charges		80,241.50		80,241.50
Garbage Charges			85,410.36	85,410.36
Utility Surcharge			15,866.71	15,866.71
Landfill Fees	-		5,105.00	5,105.00
Total Operating Revenues	188,937.05	80,241.50	106,382.07	375,560.62
Operating Expenses:				
Water	154,766.18			154,766.18
Sewer		47,047.79		47,047.79
Sanitation			117,414.74	117,414.74
Depreciation	6,505.00	19,502.00	4,260.00	30,267.00
Total Operating Expenses	161,271.18	66,549.79	121,674.74	349,495.71
Operating Income (Loss)	27,665.87	13,691.71	(15,292.67)	26,064.91
Non-Operating Revenues:				
Interest Income	135.37	220.56	370.28	726.21
Miscellaneous Revenues	1,272.44		20,058.55	21,330.99
Total Non-Operating Revenues	1,407.81	220.56	20,428.83	22,057.20
Changes in Net Position	29,073.68	13,912.27	5,136.16	48,122.11
Net Position - January 1	205,282.01	437,551.39	260,596.89	903,430.29
Net Position - December 31	234,355.69	451,463.66	265,733.05	951,552.40

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year ended December 31, 2020

	Major Enterp	rise Funds		
			Other	Total
	Matan	C	Enterprise	Enterprise
Cash flows from operating activities:	Water	Sewer	Fund	Funds
Receipts from customers	188,937.05	80,241.50	106,382.07	275 560 62
Payments to employees and suppliers	(154,766.18)	(47,047.79)	(117,414.74)	375,560.62 (319,228.71)
rayments to employees and suppliers	(134,700.18)	(47,047.73)	(117,414.74)	(319,226.71)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	34,170.87	33,193.71	(11,032.67)	56,331.91
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Miscellaneous receipts	1,272.44		20,058.55	21,330.99
Cash flows from investing activities:				,
Interest income	135.37	220.56	370.28	726.21
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	35,578.68	33,414.27	9,396.16	78,389.11
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	89,920.01	118,966.39	220,746.89	429,633.29
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	125,498.69	152,380.66	230,143.05	508,022.40
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (Loss)	27,665.87	13,691.71	(15,292.67)	26,064.91
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	6,505.00	19,502.00	4,260.00	30,267.00
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	34,170.87	33,193.71	(11,032.67)	56,331.91

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Mohall operates under a city council form of government. The financial statements of the city have been prepared on a modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the city. The city has considered all potential component units for which the city is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the city are such that exclusion would cause the city's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Government Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the city to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the city.

Based on these criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed defining the government's reporting entity.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u>: The component unit's column in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the city's one component unit. This unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the city.

<u>Mohall Housing Authority</u>: The Mohall Housing Authority's governing board is appointed by the city's governing board. The housing authority has the authority to issue its own debt.

The financial statements of the discretely presented component are presented in the basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the City of Mohall and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the city. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the city's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the city's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investments earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the city's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

City Sales Tax. This fund accounts for the city's sales tax collections which are used for urban and economic development.

Airport. This fund accounts for a special tax levy to fund operations of the city's airport.

2010 Main Street Improvement. This fund is used to accumulate resources to repay the principal and interest of the Refunding Improvement Bonds, Series 2016.

The city reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's water distribution system.

Sewer. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's sewage collection system.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-like activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the city utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments consist of certificates of deposit stated at cost.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets include plant and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column and the business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Assets are also reported in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are defined by the city as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Infrastructure
Machinery and Vehicles

25 to 75 years 5 to 15 Years

F. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave and vested sick leave are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Compensation for unused vacation leave up to a maximum of 240 hours and 10% of accumulated sick leave will be granted to city employees upon termination of employment with the city.

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Pension

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS); additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the city is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories or prepaid expenses) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e., endowment funds).

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the city or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments (i.e., funds restricted by state statute, unspent bond proceeds, grants earned but not spent, debt covenants or taxes raised for a specific purpose).

Committed – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city council through the adoption of a resolution. The city council also may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The city reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the city's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the city's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the city has not spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

J. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental and proprietary fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the special purpose framework (SPF) used by the city requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the city maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, share of investments companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district or any other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2020 the city's carrying amount of deposits was \$2,744,429 and the bank balance was \$2,813,441. Of the bank balance, \$266,272 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$2,547,169 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk

The city may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statutes, as follows:

- (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- (3) Certificates of deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- (4) Obligations of the State.

As of December 31, 2020, the city held certificates of deposit in the amount of \$563,601, which are all considered deposits.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The city does not have a limit on the amount the city may invest in any one issuer.

Note 3 PROPERTY TAXES

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

Note 4 <u>ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LOANS</u>

Economic development loans consist of loans to area businesses. The following amounts are outstanding at December 31, 2020:

City Sales Tax Fund

Borrower	
Spin City Laundry & Tanning	500.00
Naked Moose II	6,600.00
Heisler Auto	10,200.00
Mohall Country Club	4,000.00
Flower House Garden Center	4,000.00
The Beauty Bar by Riley	3,800.00
701 Powersports	4,700.00
Christina's Childcare	3,200.00
M & J Enterprises, Inc.	6,000.00
Total	43,000.00

Note 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Governmental Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Land Construction in Progress	169,502 1,212,000	3,082,090	1,246,700	169,502 3,047,390
Total	1,381,502	3,082,090		3,216,892

Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and Vehicles	1,796,722 695,009	1,315,050	39,500	3,111,772 655,509
Total	2,491,731	1,315,050		3,767,281
Less accumulated depreciation for:			şn	
Buildings and Infrastructure	904,294	101,954		1,006,248
Machinery and Vehicles	460,270	63,387	39,500	484,157
Total	1,364,564	165,341		1,490,405
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,127,167	1,149,709		2,276,876
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	2,508,669	4,231,799		5,493,768
	Balance			Balance
	January 1	Increases	Decreases	December 31
Business-type Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	34,460			34,460
Capital assets being depreciated:		·	<u>. </u>	
Buildings and Infrastructure	1,710,747			1,710,747
Machinery and Vehicles	81,390			81,390
Total	1,792,137			1,792,137
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Infrastructure	1,292,710	26,007		1,318,717
Machinery and Vehicles	60,090	4,260		64,350
Total	1,352,800	30,267		1,383,067
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	439,337	(30,267)		409,070
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	473,797	(30,267)		443,530
	Balance			Balance
VARIAN SI NE ME SE SE SEN. Discott Am.	January 1	Increases	Decreases	December 31
Discretely Presented Component Unit:				
Capital assets being depreciated:	1 040 000			1 040 000
Buildings and Infrastructure	1,040,000			1,040,000
Less accumulated depreciation for:				202 222
Buildings and Infrastructure	133,069	13,867		146,936
Discretely Presented Component Unit Capital Assets, Net	906,931	(13,867)		893,064
pricar / 1000 to/ 110 t	500,551	(13,007)		055,004

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the city as follows:

<u>Governmental Activities:</u>	
Streets and Public Works	98,140
Other	3,814
Total	101,954
Business-type Activities:	
Water	6,505
Sewer	19,502
Water Sewer Surcharge	4,260
Total	30,267
Discretely Presented Component Unit:	
Mohall Housing Authority	13,867

Note 6 LONG-TERM DEBT

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities.</u> During the year ended December 31, 2020, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the long-term liabilities of the city:

Governmental Activities:

_	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31	Due Within One Year
Capital Leases	37,644		37,644	-	
Special Assessment Bonds	640,000		100,000	540,000	105,000
Revenue Bonds	510,997	420,453	25,000	906,450	41,000
Compensated Absences *	14,590	175		14,765	
Total	1,203,231	420,628	162,644	1,461,215	146,000

^{*} The change in compensated absences is shown as a net change because changes in salary prohibit exact calculation of increases and decreases.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u>

Balance				Balance	Due Within
	January 1	Increases	Decreases	December 31	One Year
Revenue Bonds	872,213		22,828	849,385	23,556

Outstanding debt at December 31, 2020 consists of the following:

Governmental Activities:

<u>Special Assessment Bond Debt.</u> The city has issued special assessment bonds to provide funds for the refinancing of the Refunding Improvement Bond of 2010. Special assessment bonds outstanding at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

\$935,000 Refunding Improvement Bonds, Series 2016 due in annual installments of \$105,000 to \$110,000 through May 1, 2025; interest is at 1.2% to 1.95%.

540,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding special assessment bond debt are as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31	Principal	Interest
2021	105,000.00	8,345.00
2022	110,000.00	6,757.50
2023	110,000.00	4,970.00
2024	105,000.00	3,090.00
2025	110,000.00	1,072.50
Total	540,000.00	24,235.00

<u>Revenue Bonds.</u> The city has issued bonds for the purpose of construction of a water tower. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

\$610,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2018 due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$25,000 through September 1, 2040; interest is at 1.5%.

535,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding revenue bond debt are as follows:

Principal	Interest
25,000.00	8,025.00
25,000.00	7,650.00
30,000.00	7,275.00
30,000.00	6,825.00
30,000.00	6,375.00
150,000.00	25,125.00
170,000.00	13,425.00
75,000.00	1,725.00
535,000.00	76,425.00
	25,000.00 25,000.00 30,000.00 30,000.00 30,000.00 150,000.00 170,000.00

The city has received funding as part of the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund program, from the North Dakota Public Finance Authority. The city is in the process of constructing a new water tower and issued the Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2020, in the amount of \$391,000. As of December 31, 2020, the city had requested drawdowns of \$371,450 and has not repaid any principal. The project was not completed as of December 31, 2020 and a final debt service repayment schedule is not available since the city had not yet received the full amount of the drawdowns under this agreement. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2020 was \$371,450. The city has \$19,550 still available as of December 31, 2020.

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

<u>Revenue Bonds.</u> The housing authority has issued bonds for the purpose of providing affordable housing in the city. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

\$540,000 Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 due
in monthly installments of \$2,412.84 through 2043; payments
include interest at 4%.

\$500,000 Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 due
in monthly installments of \$1,737.00 through 2048; payments
include interest at 2.25%.

422,640.00
Total Revenue Bonds

849,385.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31	Principal	Interest
2021	23,556.00	26,244.00
2022	24,310.00	25,490.00
2023	25,089.00	24,711.00
2024	25,895.00	23,905.00
2025	26,729.00	23,070.00
2026-2030	147,213.00	101,787.00
2031-2035	172,897.00	76,101.00
2036-2040	203,445.00	45,553.00
2041-2045	157,515.00	13,144.00
2046-2048	42,736.00	1,053.00
Total	849,385.00	361,058.00

Note 7 TRANSFERS

The following is a reconciliation between transfers in and transfers out as reported in the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Fund

General	47,789.50	
2004 Street Improvement		47,789.50
To close fund.		
Highway Distribution	47,757.77	
Library	11,599.19	
General Fund		59,356.96

To subsidize expenditures/eliminate deficit balances.

Note 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Mohall is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The city pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, automobile and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$3,000,000 per occurrence for general liability and automobile; and \$941,429 for public assets.

The city also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The city pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third-party insurance carrier for losses in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence during a 12-month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the city with a blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,200,371 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The city has worker's compensation with the Department of Workforce Safety and Insurance; and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 9 PENSION PLAN

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (Main System)

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54 – 52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the NDPERS plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS benefits program is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by active membership of the NDPERS system; one member elected by the retired public employees; and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provision or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 will be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 the 2.00% multiplier was replaced with a 1.75% multiplier. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55 – 64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition of disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 8.26% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25

13 to 24 months of service -Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25

25 to 36 months of service -Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25

Longer than 36 months of service Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense; and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31 2020, the City of Mohall reported a liability of \$232,551 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The city's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the city's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2019 the city's proportion was .019841 percent, which was an increase of .0050695 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the city recognized pension expense of \$49,765. At December 31, 2020 the district reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	139	42,204
Changes in assumptions	86,898	74,610
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	4,052	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	49,051	5,667
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date (see below)	11,641	<u> </u>
Total	151,781	122,481

\$11,641 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from city contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	15,219
2021	13,408
2022	3,350
2023	(10,471)
2024	(3,847)
Thereafter	0

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation		2.50%
Salary increases	Service at	
	Beginning of Year	Increase Rate
	0	15.00%
	1	10.00%
	2	8.00%
	Age *	
	Under 30	10.00%
	30 - 39	7.50%
	40 - 49	6.75%
	50 - 59	6.50%
	60+	5.25%

 Age-based salary increase rates apply for employees with three or more years of service.

Investment rate of return Cost-of-living adjustments

7.50%, net of investment expenses None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with ages set back one year for males (not setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 funding actuarial valuation for NDPERS.

As a result of the 2015 actuarial experience study, the NDPERS Board adopted several changes to the actuarial assumptions effective July 1, 2019. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumption.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	30%	6.25%
International Equity	21%	6.95%
Private Equity	7%	10.15%
Domestic Fixed Income	23%	2.11%
International Equity Income	0%	0.00%
Global Real Assets	19%	5.41%
Cash Equivalents	0%	0.00%

Discount rate. For PERS, GASB No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the PERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.13%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.50%.

Sensitivity of the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated

if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
The city's proportionate share of the	3		
net pension liability	333,428	232,551	147,797

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

Note 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The city is required to implement GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting of Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The effect of this statement is not material to the city's financial statements.

Note 11 TAX ABATEMENTS

The city has not entered into any tax abatement agreements that would reduce the city's tax revenues for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Revenues: Taxes Licenses, Permits and Fees Intergovernmental	Original Budget 210,928.00 2,200.00	Final Budget 210,928.00	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Taxes Licenses, Permits and Fees	210,928.00 2,200.00		Actual	(Negative)
Taxes Licenses, Permits and Fees	2,200.00	210 928 00		(IACBOTIAC)
Licenses, Permits and Fees	2,200.00	210 928 00		
	1	7.5	207,341.68	(3,586.32)
Intergovernmental		2,200.00	13,020.75	10,820.75
	142,000.00	142,000.00	121,885.31	(20,114.69)
Charges for Services	7,500.00	7,500.00	2,275.00	(5,225.00)
Miscellaneous	22,400.00	22,400.00	85,660.69	63,260.69
Total Revenues	385,028.00	385,028.00	430,183.43	45,155.43
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government	241,900.00	241,900.00	317,190.91	(75,290.91)
Public Safety	61,702.00	61,702.00	58,104.52	3,597.48
Culture and Recreation	35,600.00	35,600.00	27,258.59	8,341.41
Other			300.00	(300.00)
Capital Outlay			369,700.00	(369,700.00)
Debt Service:				1.4
Principal	12,826.00	12,826.00	37,643.89	(24,817.89)
Interest and Service Charges			1,940.86	(1,940.86)
Total Expenditures	352,028.00	352,028.00	812,138.77	(460,110.77)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	33,000.00	33,000.00	(381,955.34)	(414,955.34)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In			47,789.50	47,789.50
Transfers Out	(150,000.00)	(150,000.00)	(59,356.96)	90,643.04
Revenue Bonds Issued			420,453.00	420,453.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(150,000.00)	(150,000.00)	408,885.54	558,885.54
Net Change in Fund Balances	(117,000.00)	(117,000.00)	26,930.20	143,930.20
Fund Balance - January 1	1,017,836.44	1,017,836.44	1,017,836.44	
Fund Balance - December 31	900,836.44	900,836.44	1,044,766.64	143,930.20

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis Airport Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

				Variance with
				Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	8,050.00	8,050.00	95,590.14	87,540.14
Intergovernmental			3,224,613.44	3,224,613.44
Charges for Services	28,660.00	28,660.00	32,338.61	3,678.61
Miscellaneous	5,575.00	5,575.00	6,418.89	843.89
Total Revenues	42,285.00	42,285.00	3,358,961.08	3,316,676.08
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Other	52,800.00	52,800.00	328,308.47	(275,508.47)
Capital Outlay	62,100.00	62,100.00	2,780,740.00	(2,718,640.00)
Total Expenditures	114,900.00	114,900.00	3,109,048.47	(2,994,148.47)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(72,615.00)	(72,615.00)	249,912.61	322,527.61
Fund Balance - January 1	108,151.51	108,151.51	108,151.51	
Fund Balance - December 31	35,536.51	35,536.51	358,064.12	322,527.61

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules December 31, 2020

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Based upon available financial information and requests by the governing board, the city auditor prepares the preliminary budget. The city budget is prepared for the general, special revenue and debt service funds by function and activity on the cash basis of accounting. The preliminary budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

The governing board holds a public hearing where any taxpayer may testify in favor of, or against, any proposed expenditures or tax levies requested in the preliminary budget. After the budget hearing and on or before October 7, the board adopts the final budget. The final budget must be filed with the county auditor by October 10. No expenditure shall be made, or liability incurred, in excess of the total appropriation by fund except as authorized by North Dakota Century Code Section 40-40-18. However, the governing board may amend the budget during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. The budget amendments must be approved by the board and the approval must be noted in the official proceedings of the board.

Note 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE

The governing board did not amend the city's budget during the year ended December 31, 2020.

Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

Expenditures exceeded budget in the following funds for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Ge	neral Fund	460,110.77
Sp	ecial Revenue Funds	
	Airport	2,994,148.47
	Highway Distribution	7,471.84
*	SD2103 Surge Money	1,900.00
*	City Share of Special Assessments	3,564.39
	Cemetary	751.21
De	bt Service Fund	
	2010 Main Street Improvement	495.00

^{*} A budget was not prepared for this fund.

No remedial action is anticipated or required by the city regarding these excess expenditures.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years *

,	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.019841%	0.014772%	0.014248%	0.013820%	0.014892%	0.017443%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	232,551	248,332	229,012	134,689	101,263	110,714
City's covered employee payroll	171,198	151,162	145,440	139,268	137,583	146,936
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	135.84%	164.28%	157.46%	96.71%	73.60%	75.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.60%	62.80%	61.98%	70.46%	77.15%	77.70%

Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years *

-	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	12,189	10,763	10,355	9,916	9,796	9,747
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	(12,189)	(10,763)	(10,355)	(9,916)	(9,796)	(9,747)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	0	0
City's covered-employee payroll	171,198	151,162	145,440	139,268	137,583	146,936
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%	6.63%

Complete date for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

For changes of assumptions, see Note 9 to the financial statements.

Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Cash Transactions For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Balance 1/1/2020	Receipts	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Disbursements	Balance 12/31/2020
Major Governmental Funds						
General Fund	1,017,836.44	850,636.43	47,789.50	59,356.96	812,138.77	1,044,766.64
City Sales Tax Fund	226,816.08	64,519.49			37,871.72	253,463.85
Airport	108,151.51	3,207,461.08			3,109,048.47	206,564.12
2010 Main Street Improvement	248,540.36	103,913.01			110,775.00	241,678.37
Total Major Governmental Funds	1,601,344.39	4,226,530.01	47,789.50	59,356.96	4,069,833.96	1,746,472.98
Non-major Governmental Funds						
Highway Distribution		61,459.07	47,757.77		109,216.84	~
Fire Department	94.11	380.03			474.14	ş
SB2103 Surge Money	46,780.36	74.28			1,900.00	44,954.64
City Share of Special Assmt.	76,839.60	135.12			3,564.39	73,410.33
Special Assessment Deficiency	47,260.01	76.44				47,336.45
Emergency	5,602.90	4,951.20			2,000.00	8,554.10
Cemetery	433.85	11,664.55			11,751.21	347.19
Library		22,377.91	11,599.19		33,977.10	8
Planning Commission	3,534.23					3,534.23
Infrastructure	123,764.18	36,035.13				159,799.31
CDBG Funds	41.32	(4)				41.32
Capital Improvements	100,981.75	86,032.60			35,058.32	151,956.03
Street Improvement 2004	47,789.50			47,789.50		
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	453,121.81	223,186.33	59,356.96	47,789.50	197,942.00	489,933.60
Total Governmental Funds	2,054,466.20	4,449,716.34	107,146.46	107,146.46	4,267,775.96	2,236,406.58
Major Enterprise Funds						
Water	89,920.01	190,344.86			154,766.18	125,498.69
Sewer	118,966.39	80,462.06			47,047.79	152,380.66
		SCHOOL TO SAN TAILS				
Total Major Enterprise Funds	208,886.40	270,806.92			201,813.97	277,879.35
Non-major Enterprise Funds						
Sanitation	115,845.09	110,761.75			117,414.74	109,192.10
Water Sewer Surcharge	104,901.80	16,049.15			11 (2 9) PARENCE - PARENCE PETROTA	120,950.95
Total Non-major Enterprise Funds	220,746.89	126,810.90	0.00	0.00	117,414.74	230,143.05
Total Enterprise Funds	429,633.29	397,617.82	0.00	0.00	319,228.71	508,022.40
Total Primary Government	2,484,099.49	4,847,334.16	107,146.46	107,146.46	4,587,004.67	2,744,428.98
Discretely Presented Component Unit						
Mohall Housing Authority	81,157.20	55,245.82			60,895.11	75,507.91
Total All Funds	2,565,256.69	4,902,579.98	107,146.46	107,146.46	4,647,899.78	2,819,936.89

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Direct Program:			
Airport Improvement Program	20.106		2,849,038.82
Environmental Protection Agency			
Passed Through the ND Public Finance Authority:			
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water			
State Revolving Fund	66.468	3800695-01	49,003.00
	66.468	3800695-02	371,450.00
Total Environmental Protection Agency			420,453.00
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			3,269,491.82

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting.

The de minimis indirect cost rate was not used.

Note 2 - Loans Outstanding

	Federal	
	Assistance	Outstanding
	Listing	Loan
<u>Program Title</u>	Number	Balances
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water		
State Revolving Fund	66.468	906,450.00

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Direct Program:			# 10
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	*	2,849,038.82
Environmental Protection Agency			
Passed Through the ND Public Finance Authority:			
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water			
State Revolving Fund	66.468	3800695-01	49,003.00
	66.468	3800695-02	371,450.00
Total Environmental Protection Agency			420,453.00
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			3,269,491.82

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies

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The de minimis indirect cost rate was not used.

Note 2 - Loans Outstanding

	Federal	
	Assistance	Outstanding
	Listing	Loan
Program Title	Number	Balances
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water		
State Revolving Fund	66.468	906,450.00

Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA Todd Goehring, CPA Specializing in Governmental Auditing

425 North Fifth Street Bismarck, ND 58501 Phone 701-258-4560 Fax 701-258-4983

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Mohall Mohall, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mohall, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 2, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the city's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the city's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2020-001 and 2020-002, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the city's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Findings

The city's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses*. The city's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control or on compliance. This is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the city's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Wh and Melver

Bismarck, North Dakota

April 2, 2021

Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA Todd Goehring, CPA

Specializing in Governmental Auditing

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Mohall Mohall, North Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Mohall's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the city's major federal programs for the years ended December 31, 2020. The city's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and responses.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to each of its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the city's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the city's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the city's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the city complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Mohall is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audits of compliance, we considered the city's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

April 2, 2021

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS:

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

Financial Statements Type of Auditor's Report Issued: **Governmental Activities** Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis **Business-Type Activities Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis Discretely Presented Component Unit Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis** Major Governmental Funds **Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis** Major Business-Type Funds **Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis** Aggregate Remaining Fund Information **Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis** Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? ____ Yes X No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? X Yes ____ None Reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? X No ____ Yes Federal Awards Internal control over major program(s): Material weakness(es) identified? __X__ No ____ Yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes X None Reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program(s): Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Yes X No reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major program(s): **CFDA Number** Name of Federal Program 20.106 Airport Improvement Project Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B Programs:

\$750,000

X No

Yes

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:

Significant Deficiencies

2020-001 – Segregation of Duties

Criteria: To ensure adequate internal control over financial reporting and prevent material misstatements due to errors or fraud, there should be a segregation of the functions of approval, custody of assets, posting and reconciliation.

Condition: The city has one person responsible for most accounting functions. The employee is responsible to collect monies, deposit monies, issue checks, send checks to vendors, record receipts and disbursements in journals, maintain the general ledger and prepare bank reconciliations.

Cause: The city does not have a large enough staff to properly segregate all duties.

Effect: A lack of segregation of duties leads to a limited degree of internal control.

Recommendation: We recommend that management and the governing board be aware of the lack of segregation of duties and implement controls whenever possible to mitigate this risk.

Views of Responsible Officials: The city is aware of the condition and segregates duties whenever possible.

Repeat Finding from Prior Year: Yes, prior year finding No. 2019-001

2. 2020-002- Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria: A good system of internal controls requires the city to determine that the financial statements are prepared based on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This means that the city must maintain knowledge of current accounting principles and required financial statement disclosures.

Condition: The city's financial statements, including the accompanying note disclosures, are prepared by the city's external auditors.

Cause: The city feels that it is more cost effective to have their external auditors prepare the complete financial statements and disclosures, rather than invest in ongoing specialized training that would be necessary.

Effect: Without the assistance of the auditors, the financial statements could be misstated or omit material financial statement disclosures.

Recommendation: We recommend that management be aware of this condition and be prepared and able to provide all necessary information and schedules to complete the financial statements and disclosures; and review and approve them prior to external distribution.

Views of Responsible officials: The city will continue to have the external auditors prepare the financial statements, including note disclosures, but will review and approve them prior to external distribution.

Repeat Finding from Prior Year: Yes, prior year finding No. 2019-002

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS:

No matters were reported

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

1. Finding No. 2019-001: Segregation of Duties

Status: This finding is repeated and updated in the Schedule of Findings and Responses as No. 2020-001.

Reasons for Recurrence and Corrective Action Plan: The city has determined that it is not cost effective to employ additional personnel just to adequately segregate duties. See Corrective Action Plan.

2. Finding No. 2019-002: Financial Statement Preparation

Status: This finding is repeated and updated in the Schedule of Findings and Responses as No. 2020-002.

Reasons for Recurrence and Corrective Action Plan: The city feels it is more cost effective to have their external auditors prepare the financial statements and note disclosures. See Corrective Action Plan.

City of Mohall

PO BOX 476, MOHALL ND 58761 PHONE: 701.756.6464

Tom Witteman, Mayor

Council Members: Dawn Larson, LaVonne Erickson, Robyn Larson, Mary Marmon and Jim Bender

City Auditor: Cheryl Overby Assistant Auditor: Jill Baska Public Works: Gary Buelow & Artyn Johnson

CITY OF MOHALL Mohall, North Dakota

Corrective Action Plan
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

1. Finding No. 2020-001: Segregation of Duties

Contact Person: Cheryl Overby, City Auditor

Corrective Action Plan: The city has determined that it is not cost effective to employ additional personnel just to adequately segregate duties.

Completion Date: The City of Mohall will implement when it becomes cost effective.

2. Finding No. 2020-002: Financial Statement Preparation

Contact Person: Cheryl Overby, City Auditor

Corrective Action Plan: The city feels that it is more cost effective to have their external auditors prepare the financial statements and note disclosures.

Completion Date: The City of Mohall will implement when it becomes cost effective.