## **AUDIT REPORT**

CITY OF HEBRON Hebron, North Dakota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

RATH & MEHRER, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Page (S)
Officials	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2 - 3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis	4
Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis	5
Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds	6
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds	8
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis	9
Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Funds	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Funds	11
Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Funds	12
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Modified Cash Basis – Custodial Fund	13
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Modified Cash Basis – Custodial Fund	14
Notes to the Financial Statements	15 - 25
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Modified Cash Basis General Fund Highway Distribution Fund Emergency Reserve Fund	26 27 28
Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules	29
Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Cash Transactions	. 30
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	31 - 32
Schedule of Findings and Responses	33 - 34

#### CITY OFFICIALS

Grant Walth Mayor

Harvey Tibor Council President

Chester Brandt Council Vice President

Michael Coots Council Member

Steven Dittus Council Member

Patrick Mischel Council Member

Ramon Torres Council Member

Erin McCutchan Auditor

Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA Todd Goehring, CPA Specializing in Governmental Auditing

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Hebron Hebron, North Dakota

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hebron, Hebron, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the city's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hebron, Hebron, North Dakota, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position; and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements. The budgeting comparison information and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgeting comparison information and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgeting comparison information and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 12, 2021 on our consideration of the city's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the city's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Roth and Melver

Bismarck, North Dakota

February 12, 2021

## Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2020

	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
ASSETS:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	331,214.20	447,375.34	778,589.54		
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):					
Buildings and Infrastructure	4,041,201.00	29,492.00	4,070,693.00		
Vehicles and Machinery	192,550.00	92,859.00	285,409.00		
Total Capital Assets	4,233,751.00	122,351.00	4,356,102.00		
Total Assets	4,564,965.20	569,726.34	5,134,691.54		
LIABILITIES:					
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year:					
Bank Loan Payable	21,085.07		21,085.07		
Special Assessment Bonds Payable	275,000.00		275,000.00		
Revenue Bonds Payable		8,000.00	8,000.00		
Due After One Year:					
Bank Loan Payable	96,169.38		96,169.38		
Special Assessment Bonds Payable	1,805,000.00		1,805,000.00		
Total Liabilities	2,197,254.45	8,000.00	2,205,254.45		
NET POSITION:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,036,496.55	114,351.00	2,150,847.55		
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	246,677.33		246,677.33		
Special Purposes	146,588.34	209,548.71	356,137.05		
Unrestricted	(62,051.47)	237,826.63	175,775.16		
Total Net Position	2,367,710.75	561,726.34	2,929,437.09		

#### Statement of Net Activities - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2020

#### Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position

	P	Program Revenues			Primary Government		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Functions/Programs							
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	284,709.93	10,008.47		(274,701.46)		(274,701.46)	
Public Safety	40,451.05		26,942.83	(13,508.22)		(13,508.22)	
Streets and Public Works	246,146.43		52,871.71	(193,274.72)		(193,274.72)	
Culture and Recreation	35,068.35		1,191.03	(33,877.32)		(33,877.32)	
Other	5,797.46			(5,797.46)		(5,797.46)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	53,380.88		317,705.71	264,324.83	_	264,324.83	
Total Governmental Activities	665,554.10	10,008.47	398,711.28	(256,834.35)	_	(256,834.35)	
Business-Type Activities:							
Water	192,201.06	214,358.24			22,157.18	22,157.18	
Sewer	54,400.77	57,151.29			2,750.52	2,750.52	
Garbage	107,669.47	97,512.25			(10,157.22)	(10,157.22)	
Total Business-Type Activities	354,271.30	369,021.78			14,750.48	14,750.48	
Total Primary Government	1,019,825.40	379,030.25	398,711.28	(256,834.35)	14,750.48	(242,083.87)	
	General Revenues:						
	Taxes:						
	Property taxes; le	vied for gener	al purposes	179,203.50		179,203.50	
	Property taxes; le	vied for specia	al purposes	31,391.57		31,391.57	
	Cigarette taxes			1,967.66		1,967.66	
	Intergovernmenta	I revenue not	restricted				
	to specific progra			51,584.31		51,584.31	
	Earnings on inves		her revenue	25,761.68	3,498.35	29,260.03	
	Transfers			83,600.67	(83,600.67)	######################################	
	Total General Rev	enues		373,509.39	(80,102.32)	293,407.07	
	Change in Net Po	sition		116,675.04	(65,351.84)	51,323.20	
	Net Position - Jan	uary 1		2,251,035.71	627,078.18	2,878,113.89	
	Net Position - Dec	ember 31		2,367,710.75	561,726.34	2,929,437.09	

### Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

		Major I	Funds			
	General	Highway Distribution	Emergency Reserve	Special Assessment Bonds	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents		49,949.60	48,578.71	184,625.86	48,060.03	331,214.20
Interfund Receivables				62,051.47		62,051.47
Total Assets		49,949.60	48,578.71	246,677.33	48,060.03	393,265.67
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
<u>Liabilities</u> :						
Interfund Payables	9,063.91				52,987.56	62,051.47
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
Street and Public Works		49,949.60				49,949.60
<b>Emergency Purposes</b>			48,578.71			48,578.71
City Share of Specials					47,060.03	47,060.03
Debt Service				246,677.33		246,677.33
Other Purposes					1,000.00	1,000.00
Unassigned	(9,063.91)	1			(52,987.56)	(62,051.47)
Total Fund Balances	(9,063.91)	49,949.60	48,578.71	246,677.33	(4,927.53)	331,214.20
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		49,949.60	48,578.71	246,677.33	48,060.03	393,265.67

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

331,214.20

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.

Cost of Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation

6,411,321.00 (2,177,570.00)

**Net Capital Assets** 

4,233,751.00

Long-term liabilities applicable to the city's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Long-term liabilities -both current and long-term- are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at December 31, 2020 are:

Bank Loan Payable Special Assessments Bonds Payable (117,254.45) (2,080,000.00)

Total Long-Term Liabilities

(2,197,254.45)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

2,367,710.75

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Major F				
				Special	Other	Total
		Highway	Emergency	Assessment	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Distribution	Reserve	Bonds	Funds	Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	179,203.50		4,215.86		27,175.71	210,595.07
Special Assessments				317,705.71		317,705.71
Licenses, Permits and Fees	10,008.47					10,008.47
Intergovernmental	78,121.93	52,871.71	464.25		3,099.65	134,557.54
Miscellaneous	11,908.76	936.90	546.25		12,369.77	25,761.68
Total Revenues	279,242.66	53,808.61	5,226.36	317,705.71	42,645.13	698,628.47
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government	230,236.57				37,461.29	267,697.86
Public Safety	40,451.05					40,451.05
Streets and Public Works	17,647.35	37,724.15				55,371.50
Culture and Recreation	3,125.62				31,942.73	35,068.35
Other					5,797.46	5,797.46
Debt Service:						
Principal		20,745.55		260,000.00		280,745.55
Interest and Service Charges	-	6,580.88		46,800.00		53,380.88
Total Expenditures	291,460.59	65,050.58		306,800.00	75,201.48	738,512.65
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue						
Over Expenditures	(12,217.93)	(11,241.97)	5,226.36	10,905.71	(32,556.35)	(39,884.18)
Other Financing Sources:						
Transfers In	33,734.53				49,866.14	83,600.67
Net Changes in Fund Balances	21,516.60	(11,241.97)	5,226.36	10,905.71	17,309.79	43,716.49
Fund Balance - January 1	(30,580.51)	61,191.57	43,352.35	235,771.62	(22,237.32)	287,497.71
Fund Balance - December 31	(9,063.91)	49,949.60	48,578.71	246,677.33	(4,927.53)	331,214.20

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

43,716.49

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current year.

Current Year Capital Outlay Current Year Depreciation Expense

(207,787.00) (207,787.00)

The proceeds of debt issuances are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayment of debt exceed debt proceeds.

Debt Proceeds Repayment of Debt

280,745.55

280,745.55

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

116,675.04

## Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds December 31, 2020

	Major Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Sewer	Garbage	Other Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Fund
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	205,795.22	188,408.91	52,059.02	1,112.19	447,375.34
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets (net of accumulated					
depreciation):					
Buildings and Infrastructure		29,492.00			29,492.00
Vehicles and Machinery		(1970) SESSES SON	92,859.00		92,859.00
Total Noncurrent Assets		29,492.00	92,859.00		122,351.00
Total Assets	205,795.22	217,900.91	144,918.02	1,112.19	569,726.34
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Revenue Bonds Payable		8,000.00			8,000.00
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		21,492.00	92,859.00		114,351.00
Restricted for:					
Water Maintenance	74,157.84				74,157.84
Sewer Maintenance		124,959.66			124,959.66
Sewer Reserve		10,431.21	1/5		10,431.21
Unrestricted	131,637.38	53,018.04	52,059.02	1,112.19	237,826.63
Total Net Position	205,795.22	209,900.91	144,918.02	1,112.19	561,726.34

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Major Enterprise Funds					
	Water	Sewer	Garbage	Other Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Fund	
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for Sales and Services:						
Water Charges	191,479.85				191,479.85	
Sewer Charges		43,260.61			43,260.61	
Garbage Charges			87,674.58		87,674.58	
Utility Surcharge	14,104.40	13,890.68			27,995.08	
Landfill Fees			9,837.67		9,837.67	
Other Charges	7,661.80		10074-07/90-001	1,112.19	8,773.99	
Total Operating Revenues	213,246.05	57,151.29	97,512.25	1,112.19	369,021.78	
Operating Expenses:						
Operation and Maintenance	30,911.94	26,013.69	52,578.66		109,504.29	
Salaries	21,897.93	17,233.24	36,638.01		75,769.18	
Water Purchase	124,332.72	* Made Commission and the	Company Resolved to the Section Comment		124,332.72	
Utilities	4,283.45	5,777.84			10,061.29	
Repairs	10,775.02				10,775.02	
Fuel	20,		6,844.80		6,844.80	
Depreciation		4,916.00	11,608.00		16,524.00	
Total Operating Expenses	192,201.06	53,940.77	107,669.47	, <del>-</del>	353,811.30	
Operating Income (Loss)	21,044.99	3,210.52	(10,157.22)	1,112.19	15,210.48	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
Interest Income	346.66	520.83	580.86		1,448.35	
Miscellaneous Revenues			2,050.00		2,050.00	
Interest and Service Charge		(460.00)			(460.00)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	346.66	60.83	2,630.86		3,038.35	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	21,391.65	3,271.35	(7,526.36)	1,112.19	18,248.83	
Transfer Out	(39,401.67)	(36,384.43)		(7,814.57)	(83,600.67)	
Changes in Net Position	(18,010.02)	(33,113.08)	(7,526.36)	(6,702.38)	(65,351.84)	
Net Position - January 1	223,805.24	243,013.99	152,444.38	7,814.57	627,078.18	
Net Position - December 31	205,795.22	209,900.91	144,918.02	1,112.19	561,726.34	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year ended December 31, 2020

Major	Enterprise Fund		0.00000000000	
Water	Sewer	Garbage	Other Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
213,246.05 (170,303.13) (21,897.93)	57,151.29 (31,791.53) (17,233.24)	97,512.25 (59,423.46) (36,638.01)	1,112.19	369,021.78 (261,518.12) (75,769.18)
21,044.99	8,126.52	1,450.78	1,112.19	31,734.48
(39,401.67)	(36,384.43)	2,050.00	(7,814.57)	2,050.00 (83,600.67)
(39,401.67)	(36,384.43)	2,050.00	(7,814.57)	(81,550.67)
	(8,000.00) (460.00)			(8,000.00) (460.00)
	(8,460.00)	72	2	(8,460.00)
346.66	520.83	580.86		1,448.35
(18,010.02)	(36,197.08)	4,081.64	(6,702.38)	(56,827.84)
223,805.24	224,605.99	47,977.38	7,814.57	504,203.18
205,795.22	188,408.91	52,059.02	1,112.19	447,375.34
21,044.99	3,210.52	(10,157.22)	1,112.19	15,210.48
<u> </u>	4,916.00	11,608.00		16,524.00
21,044.99	8,126.52	1,450.78	1,112.19	31,734.48
	Water  213,246.05 (170,303.13) (21,897.93)  21,044.99  (39,401.67)  (39,401.67)  346.66 (18,010.02)  223,805.24  205,795.22	Water Sewer  213,246.05 57,151.29 (170,303.13) (31,791.53) (21,897.93) (17,233.24)  21,044.99 8,126.52  (39,401.67) (36,384.43)  (39,401.67) (36,384.43)  (8,000.00) (460.00)  - (8,460.00)  346.66 520.83  (18,010.02) (36,197.08)  223,805.24 224,605.99  205,795.22 188,408.91  21,044.99 3,210.52	213,246.05	Water         Sewer         Garbage         Other Enterprise Fund           213,246.05         57,151.29         97,512.25         1,112.19           (170,303.13)         (31,791.53)         (59,423.46)         (21,897.93)         (17,233.24)         (36,638.01)           21,044.99         8,126.52         1,450.78         1,112.19           (39,401.67)         (36,384.43)         2,050.00         (7,814.57)           (39,401.67)         (36,384.43)         2,050.00         (7,814.57)           (8,000.00)         (460.00)         (7,814.57)           (8,000.00)         (460.00)         -         -           23,805.24         224,605.99         47,977.38         7,814.57           205,795.22         188,408.91         52,059.02         1,112.19           21,044.99         3,210.52         (10,157.22)         1,112.19

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Modified Cash Basis - Custodial Fund December 31, 2020

	Custodial Fund
Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	18,440.72
<u>Liabilities</u> :	
Due to Other Governments	18,440.72

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Modified Cash Basis - Custodial Fund December 31, 2020

	Custodial Fund
Additions:	*
Interest Earned	27.10
Net Change in Assets and Liabilities	27.10
Assets and Liabilities - January 1	18,413.62
Assets and Liabilities - December 31	18,440.72

#### Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Hebron operates under a city council form of government. The financial statements of the city have been prepared on a modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the city. The city has considered all potential component units for which the city is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the city are such that exclusion would cause the city's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Government Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the city to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the city.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the City of Hebron as a reporting entity.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the City of Hebron. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the city. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the city's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the city's funds including its fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each

displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investments earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the city's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Highway Distribution. This fund accounts for the state highway tax distribution used for street repairs and maintenance.

Emergency Reserve. This fund accounts for a special levy and monies set-aside by the city for the purpose of paying expenditures allowable under NDCC 57-15-48.

Special Assessment Bonds. This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest related to the Definitive Improvement Warrants, Series 2016A and 2016B.

The city reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's water distribution system.

Sewer Fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's sewage collection system.

Garbage Fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's garbage collection system.

The city reports the following type of fiduciary fund:

Custodial Fund. This fund accounts for assets held by the city in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others. The city's custodial fund is used to account for deposits of the Hebron Business and Industry fund.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

#### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-like activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the city utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### E. Capital Assets

Capital assets include plant and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column and the business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Assets are also reported in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are defined by the city as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and Vehicles 20 to 75 years 10 to 20 Years

#### F. Compensated Absences

No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is not reported in the government-wide statement of net position as it is considered immaterial.

#### G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### H. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the city is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories or prepaid expenses) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e., endowment funds).

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the city or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments (i.e., funds restricted by state statute, unspent bond proceeds, grants earned but not spent, debt covenants or taxes raised for a specific purpose).

**Committed** — Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city council through the adoption of a resolution. The city council also may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The city reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative fund balances may be reported in all funds. Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the city's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the city's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the city has not spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

#### I. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental and proprietary fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

#### J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the special purpose framework (SPF) used by the city requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the city maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, share of investments companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county,

city, township, school district, park district or any other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or other securities approved by the banking board. At December 31, 2020 the city's carrying amount of deposits was \$797,030 and the bank balance was \$798,086. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$548,086 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

#### Credit Risk

The city may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statutes as follows:

- (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- (3) Certificates of deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- (4) Obligations of the State.

At December 31, 2020 the city held certificates of deposit in the amount of \$201,846, which are all considered investments.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The city does not have a limit on the amount the city may invest in any one issuer.

#### Note 3 PROPERTY TAXES

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

#### Note 4 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Interfund receivables/payables are created by negative cash balances in various funds. The amounts shown as interfund payables represent the amounts of negative cash in the funds. Interfund receivables/payables for the year ended December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund
Special Assessment Bonds	62,051.47	
General Fund		9,063.91
Library		14,319.74
Community Hall		32,558.69
Community Center		3,486.67
Hebron Clinic		2,622.46

#### Note 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Governmental Activities:	S			
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and Vehicles	6,059,787 351,534			6,059,787 351,534
Total	6,411,321			6,411,321
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and Vehicles	1,840,522 129,261	178,064 29,723		2,018,586 158,984
Total	1,969,783	207,787	-	2,177,570
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	4,441,538	(207,787)		4,233,751
	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and Vehicles	262,762 247,336			262,762 247,336
Total	510,098			510,098
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and Vehicles	228,354 142,869	4,916 11,608		233,270 154,477
Total	371,223	16,524		387,747
Governmental Activities	( <del>-,</del>	10	2	
Capital Assets, Net	138,875	(16,524)		122,351

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the city as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	11,501
Street and Public Works	196,286
Total Depreciation Expense	207,787
Business-type Activities:	
Sewer	4,916
Garbage	11,608
Total Depreciation Expense	16,524

#### Note 6 LONG-TERM DEBT

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities.</u> During the year ended December 31, 2020, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the long-term liabilities of the city:

Outstanding debt at December 31, 2020 consists of the following:

#### Governmental Activities:

-	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31	Due Within One Year
Loans Payable	138,000		20,746	117,254	21,085
Special Assessment Bonds	2,340,000		260,000	2,080,000	275,000
Total	2,478,000	-	280,746	2,197,254	296,085
Business-type Activities (P	roprietary Fun	ds):			
	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	January 1	Increases	Decreases	December 31	One Year
Revenue Bonds	16,000		8,000	8,000	8,000

#### **Governmental Activities:**

<u>General Obligation Debt.</u> General obligation debt is a direct obligation and pledges the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation debt outstanding at December 31, 2020, is as follows:

Bank Loan Payable. The city received funding for the acquisition of a new John Deere loader. Bank loan payable at December 31, 2020 is as follows:

\$165,120 Bank Loan payable with Dakota Community Bank, due in annual installments of \$27,326.43 through March 1, 2025; interest at 5.25%.

117,254.45

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bank loan are as follows:

erest
5,241.36
5,119.02
3,936.93
2,699.31
1,381.08
9,377.70

<u>Special Assessment Bond Debt.</u> The city has issued special assessment bonds to provide funds for a street, water and sewer infrastructure project. Special assessment bonds outstanding at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

\$2,829,223 Definitive Improvement Warrant, Series 2016A, due in annual installments of \$185,000 to \$230,000 through September 1, 2027; interest is at 1.5%.

\$905,000 Definitive Improvement Warrant, Series 2016B, due in annual installments of \$90,000 to \$95,000 through September 1, 2027; interest is at 1.5%.

650,000.00

Total Special Assessment Bonds Payable

2,080,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding special assessment bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31	Principal	Interest
2021	275,000.00	31,200.00
2022	280,000.00	27,075.00
2023	285,000.00	22,875.00
2024	300,000.00	18,600.00
2025	305,000.00	14,100.00
2026-2027	635,000.00	14,400.00
Total	2,080,000.00	128,250.00

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

<u>Revenue Bonds.</u> The city has issued bonds whereby the city pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

\$122,890 Sewer Improvement Revenue Bonds of 2001; due in a final installment of \$8,000 on September 1, 2021; interest is at 2.5%.

8,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31	Principal	Interest
2021	8,000.00	200.00

#### Note 7 TRANSFERS

The following is a reconciliation between transfers in and transfers out as reported in the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund	33,734.53	
Community Hall	30,538.68	
Hebron Clinic	1,561.91	
Library	13,997.65	
Community Center	3,767.90	
Water		21,007.05
Sewer		16,523.26
<b>Utility Penalty</b>		7,814.57
Water Surcharge		18,394.62
Sewer Surcharge		19,861.17

To subsidize expenditures.

#### Note 8 DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following funds had a deficit balance as of December 31, 2020:

General Fund	(9,063.91)
Special Revenue Funds	
Library	(14,319.74)
Community Hall	(32,558.69)
Community Center	(3,486.67)
Hebron Clinic	(2,622.46)

The city plans to eliminate these deficits with future revenue collections and/or transfers from other funds.

#### Note 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Hebron is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk

management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The city pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, automobile and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for general liability and automobile; and \$395,420 for public assets.

The city also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The city pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third-party insurance carrier for losses in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence during a 12-month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the city with a blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$589,969 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The city has worker's compensation with the Department of Workforce Safety and Insurance; and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 10 TAX ABATEMENTS

The city has not entered into any tax abatement agreements that would reduce the city's tax revenues for the year ended December 31, 2020.

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	264,731.25	264,731.25	179,203.50	(85,527.75)
Licenses, Permits and Fees	9,350.00	9,350.00	10,008.47	658.47
Intergovernmental	52,400.00	52,400.00	78,121.93	25,721.93
Fines and Forfeits	200.00	200.00		(200.00)
Miscellaneous	11,400.00	11,400.00	11,908.76	508.76
Total Revenues	338,081.25	338,081.25	279,242.66	(58,838.59)
Expenditures: Current:				
General Government	249,600.00	249,600.00	230,236.57	19,363.43
Public Safety	47,575.00	47,575.00	40,451.05	7,123.95
Streets and Public Works	21,300.00	21,300.00	17,647.35	3,652.65
Culture and Recreation	7,000.00	7,000.00	3,125.62	3,874.38
Total Expenditures	325,475.00	325,475.00	291,460.59	34,014.41
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue				
Over Expenditures	12,606.25	12,606.25	(12,217.93)	(24,824.18)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers In	2		33,734.53	33,734.53
Net Change in Fund Balances	12,606.25	12,606.25	21,516.60	8,910.35
Fund Balance - January 1	(30,580.51)	(30,580.51)	(30,580.51)	
Fund Balance - December 31	(17,974.26)	(17,974.26)	(9,063.91)	8,910.35

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis Highway Distribution Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Proposition of the Control of the Co	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	• Control Section with a first term of	
Intergovernmental	55,000.00	55,000.00	52,871.71	(2,128.29)
Charges for Services	200.00	200.00		(200.00)
Miscellaneous	250.00	250.00	936.90	686.90
Total Revenues	55,450.00	55,450.00	53,808.61	(1,641.39)
Expenditures:				
Current: Streets and Public Works	77,873.57	77,873.57	37,724.15	40,149.42
Debt Service:	11,813.31	11,813.31	37,724.13	40,143.42
Principal	20,745.55	20,745.55	20,745.55	0-0
Interest	6,580.88	6,580.88	6,580.88	
Total Expenditures	105,200.00	105,200.00	65,050.58	40,149.42
Net Change in Fund Balances	(49,750.00)	(49,750.00)	(11,241.97)	38,508.03
Fund Balance - January 1	61,191.57	61,191.57	61,191.57	
Fund Balance - December 31	11,441.57	11,441.57	49,949.60	38,508.03

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis Emergency Reserve Fund For the Year Ended December 31 ,2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		0-700-001a-00-001000	1 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	WWW.Dervicomen.
Taxes	9,891.00	9,891.00	4,215.86	(5,675.14)
Intergovernmental	400.00	400.00	464.25	64.25
Miscellaneous	180.00	180.00	546.25	366.25
Total Revenues	10,471.00	10,471.00	5,226.36	(5,244.64)
Expenditures:				
Current:	\$200 CO	(11) (2/2/2/12)		2000000
Public Safety	5,000.00	5,000.00		5,000.00
Streets and Public Works	5,000.00	5,000.00		5,000.00
Total Expenditures	10,000.00	10,000.00	-	10,000.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	471.00	471.00	5,226.36	4,755.36
Fund Balance - January 1	43,352.35	43,352.35	43,352.35	
Fund Balance - December 31	43,823.35	43,823.35	48,578.71	4,755.36

#### CITY OF HEBRON HEBRON, North Dakota

#### Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules December 31, 2020

#### Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Based upon available financial information and requests by the governing board, the city auditor prepares the preliminary budget. The city budget is prepared for the general, special revenue and debt service funds by function and activity on the cash basis of accounting. The preliminary budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

The governing board holds a public hearing where any taxpayer may testify in favor of, or against, any proposed expenditures or tax levies requested in the preliminary budget. After the budget hearing and on or before October 7, the board adopts the final budget. The final budget must be filed with the county auditor by October 10. No expenditure shall be made, or liability incurred, in excess of the total appropriation by fund except as authorized by North Dakota Century Code Section 40-40-18. However, the governing board may amend the budget during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. The budget amendments must be approved by the board and the approval must be noted in the official proceedings of the board.

#### Note 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE

The governing board did not amend the city's budget during the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Cash Transactions For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	1/1/2020	Receipts	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Disbursements	Balance 12/31/2020
Major Governmental Funds		50/250001225	2100			
General Fund	(30,580.51)	279,242.66	33,734.53		291,460.59	(9,063.91)
Highway Distribution	61,191.57	53,808.61			65,050.58	49,949.60
Emergency Reserve	43,352.35	5,226.36				48,578.71
Special Assessment Bonds	235,771.62	317,705.71			306,800.00	246,677.33
Total Major Governmental Funds	309,735.03	655,983.34	33,734.53		663,311.17	336,141.73
Non-major Governmental Funds						
Library	(13,997.65)	10,176.32	13,997.65		24,496.06	(14,319.74)
Community Hall	(30,538.68)	4,902.60	30,538.68		37,461.29	(32,558.69)
Community Center	(3,767.90)	3,960.00	3,767.90		7,446.67	(3,486.67)
City Share of Specials	26,628.82	20,431.21				47,060.03
Hebron Clinic	(1,561.91)	3,175.00	1,561.91		5,797.46	(2,622.46)
CDBG Funds	1,000.00	11 10 2 20 7 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 2			Campanana	1,000.00
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	(22,237.32)	42,645.13	49,866.14		75,201.48	(4,927.53)
Total Governmental Funds	287,497.71	698,628.47	83,600.67		738,512.65	331,214.20
Major Enterprise Funds						
Water Fund:	A 222 33	700 000 00			470 676 04	434 537 30
Operating	131,832.16	199,488.31		21,007.05	178,676.04	131,637.38
Water Surcharge	91,973.08	14,104.40		18,394.62	13,525.02	74,157.84
Sewer Fund:						
Operating	82,616.29	43,260.61		16,523.26		53,018.04
Sewer Surcharge	131,697.37	14,272.63		19,861.17	1,149.17	124,959.66
Sewer Reserve	10,292.33	138.88				10,431.21
Garbage	47,977.38	100,143.11			96,061.47	52,059.02
Total Major Enterprise Funds	496,388.61	371,407.94		75,786.10	345,747.30	446,263.15
Nonmajor Enterprise Fund						
Utility Penalty	7,814.57	1,112.19		7,814.57		1,112.19
Total Enterprise Funds	504,203.18	372,520.13		83,600.67	345,747.30	447,375.34
Total Primary Government	791,700.89	1,071,148.60	83,600.67	83,600.67	1,084,259.95	778,589.54
Fiduciary Fund						
Custodial Fund						
Hebron Business and Industry	18,413.62	27.10				18,440.72
		1,071,175.70	83,600.67	83,600.67	1,084,259.95	797,030.26

Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA Todd Goehring, CPA Specializing in Governmental Auditing

425 North Fifth Street Bismarck, ND 56501 Phone 701-258-4560 Fax 701-258-4983

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Hebron Hebron, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hebron, Hebron, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 12, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the city's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the city's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses of significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2020-001 and 2020-002, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the city's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### City's Response to Findings

The city's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The city's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control or on compliance. This is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the city's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Roth and Mehror

Bismarck, North Dakota

February 12, 2021

#### Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

#### Financial Statements

Type o	of Auditor's Report Issued:	
	Governmental Activities	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
	Business-Type Activities	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
	Major Governmental Funds	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
	Major Business-Type Funds	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
	Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
Intern	al control over financial reporting:	
•	Material weakness(es) identified?	YesXNo
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	XYesNone Reported
•	Noncompliance material to financial	
	statements noted?	YesX No

#### Significant Deficiencies

#### 2020-001 – Segregation of Duties

Criteria: To ensure adequate internal control over financial reporting and prevent material misstatements due to errors or fraud, there should be a segregation of the functions of approval, custody of assets, posting and reconciliation.

Condition: The city has one person responsible for most accounting functions. The employee is responsible to collect monies, deposit monies, issue checks, send checks to vendors, record receipts and disbursements in journals, maintain the general ledger and prepare bank reconciliations.

Cause: The city does not have a large enough staff to properly segregate all duties.

Effect: A lack of segregation of duties leads to a limited degree of internal control.

Recommendation: We recommend that management and the governing board be aware of the lack of segregation of duties and implement controls whenever possible to mitigate this risk.

Views of Responsible Officials: The city is aware of the condition and segregates duties whenever possible.

#### 2. 2020-002- Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria: A good system of internal controls requires the city to determine that the financial statements are prepared based on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This means that the city must maintain knowledge of current accounting principles and required financial statement disclosures.

Condition: The city's financial statements, including the accompanying note disclosures, are prepared by the city's external auditors.

Cause: The city feels that it is more cost effective to have their external auditors prepare the complete financial statements and disclosures, rather than invest in ongoing specialized training that would be necessary.

Effect: Without the assistance of the auditors, the financial statements could be misstated or omit material financial statement disclosures.

Recommendation: We recommend that management be aware of this condition and be prepared and able to provide all necessary information and schedules to complete the financial statements and disclosures; and review and approve them prior to external distribution.

Views of Responsible officials: The city will continue to have the external auditors prepare the financial statements, including note disclosures, but will review and approve them prior to external distribution.