

State Auditor Joshua C. Gallion

## Bottineau County

Bottineau, North Dakota

Audit Report for the Year Ended December 31, 2020 *Gient Code: PS5000* 





### **BOTTINEAU COUNTY**

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#### **BOTTINEAU COUNTY**

County Officials and Audit Personnel December 31, 2020

#### **COUNTY OFFICIALS**

Charlie Adams Chairman

LeRoy Rude Vice-Chairman
Daniel Marquardt Commissioner
Jeff Beyer Commissioner
Lance Kjelshus Commissioner

**Emily Deschamp** Auditor Ann Monson Treasurer Steve Watson Sheriff Recorder Bobbi Milbrath Tammy Knudson Clerk of Court Michael McIntee State's Attorney Tax Director Taylor Kippen Ritchie Gimbel Road Supervisor

Kelly Jensen Social Services Director

#### **AUDIT PERSONNEL**

Heath Erickson, CPA Audit Manager Peishan Merrick Audit In-Charge STATE AUDITOR

Joshua C. Gallion

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

STATE CAPITOL

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Bottineau County Bottineau, North Dakota

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bottineau County, Bottineau, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bottineau County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bottineau County, Bottineau, North Dakota, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the 2019 financial statements have been restated to correct a misstatement. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and employer contributions, schedule of employer's share of net OPEB liability and employer contributions, and notes to the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the *management's discussion and analysis* that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bottineau County's basic financial statements. The *schedule of expenditures of federal awards*, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 15, 2021 on our consideration of Bottineau County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bottineau County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

/S/

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Bismarck, North Dakota April 15, 2021

	Governmenta	al Activities
	Primary	Component Units
ASSETS	Government	Units
Cash and Investments	\$ 7,519,978	\$ 86,117
Intergovernmental Receivable	453,200	209,252
Accounts Receivable	68,732	-
Interest Receivable	3,964	_
Taxes Receivable	128,357	6,987
Road Receivables	353,567	-
Special Assessments Receivable	, -	1,255,371
Capital Assets		
Nondepreciable	1,736,460	2,882,628
Depreciable, Net	52,194,173	3,423,565
Total Assets	\$ 62,458,431	\$ 7,863,920
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension and OPEB	\$ 6,910,434	\$ -
T	4 00 000 005	<b>.</b>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 69,368,865	\$ 7,863,920
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 475,488	\$ 759,811
Salaries Payable	14,451	-
Grants Received in Advance	76,711	<u>-</u>
Retainage Payable	11,508	48,265
Interest Payable	40,457	13,280
Long-Term Liabilities		
Due Within One Year	540,400	4 500 747
Long Term Debt	513,400	1,500,747
Compensated Absences Payable	42,075	-
Due After One Year Long Term Debt	5,220,908	1,528,476
Compensated Absences Payable	378,673	1,520,470
Net Pension and OPEB Liability	11,042,156	_
Net rension and or LD Liability	11,042,130	
Total Liabilities	\$ 17,815,827	\$ 3,850,579
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension and OPEB	\$ 1,577,265	\$ -
Total Liabilities and Deferred Intflows of Resources	\$ 19,393,092	\$ 3,850,579
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 48,144,360	\$ -
Restricted for		
Debt Service	453,861	-
Highways	1,932,253	-
Culture and Recreation	308,783	-
Conservation of Natural Resources	249,529	4,013,341
Emergencies	516,612	-
Unrestricted	(1,629,625)	
Total Net Position	\$ 49,975,773	\$ 4,013,341

		F	Program Revenue	Net (Expense) Changes in I		
			Operating	Capital	Government	al Activities
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Primary	Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Government	Units
Primary Government						
General Government	\$ 2,623,949	\$ 167,397	\$ 107,808	\$ -	\$ (2,348,744)	\$ -
Public Safety	3,123,620	864,507	258,805	-	(2,000,308)	-
Highways	5,187,365	886,237	818,231	2,597,140	(885,757)	-
Health and Welfare	1,879,117	-	1,435,960	-	(443, 157)	-
Culture and Recreation	367,129	-	-	-	(367, 129)	-
Conserv. of Natural Resources	243,586	-	-	-	(243,586)	-
Emergency	14	-	-	-	(14)	-
Other	7,039	-	-	-	(7,039)	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	162,110		-	-	(162,110)	
Total Primary Government	\$ 13,593,929	\$ 1,918,141	\$ 2,620,804	\$ 2,597,140	\$ (6,457,844)	\$ -
·						
Component Units	\$ 1,142,850	\$ -	\$ 406,706	\$ 761,889	\$ -	\$ 25,745
	General Rever Property Taxes Non Restricted Gain on Sale of	Grants and Cor			\$ 3,939,552 2,183,336 110,979	\$ 211,573 -
	Earnings on Inve	•			57,560	5,360
	Miscellaneous F				139,833	3,300 86
	Wild Collandodd 1	tovorido			100,000	
	Total General R	evenues			\$ 6,431,260	\$ 217,019
	Change in Net F	Position			\$ (26,584)	\$ 242,764
	Net Position - Ja	anuary 1			\$ 49,631,667	\$ 3,787,480
	Prior Period Adj	iustment			\$ 370,690	\$ (16,903)
	Net Position - Ja	anuary 1, as Re	estated		\$ 50,002,357	\$ 3,770,577
	Net Position - D	ecember 31			\$ 49,975,773	\$ 4,013,341

		General		Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	•	4 704 000	•	<b>5</b> 000 000	•	070 007	•	7 540 070
Cash and Investments	\$	1,761,028	\$	5,386,283	\$	372,667	\$	7,519,978
Intergovernmental Receivable		121,741		250,265		81,194		453,200
Accounts Receivable		2,788		65,944		-		68,732
Interest Receivable		-		3,964		-		3,964
Taxes Receivable		79,363		48,994		-		128,357
Road Receivables		-		353,567		-		353,567
Total Assets	\$	1,964,920	\$	6,109,017	\$	453,861	\$	8,527,798
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESORUCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	120,345	\$	355,143	\$	-	\$	475,488
Salaries Payable	•	14,271		180	·	-	•	14,451
Grants Received in Advance		, -		76,711		-		76,711
	_			,				,
Total Liabilities	\$	134,616	\$	432,034	\$	-	\$	566,650
Deferred Inflows of Resources Taxes Receivable Road Receviables	\$	79,363 -	\$	48,994 353,567	\$	-	\$	128,357 353,567
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	79,363	\$	402,561	\$	-	\$	481,924
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	213,979	\$	834,595	\$		\$	1,048,574
Fund Balances Restricted								
Public Safety	\$	-	\$	91,425	\$	-	\$	91,425
Highways		-		3,093,321		-		3,093,321
Health and Welfare		-		674,374		-		674,374
Culture and Recreation		-		429,998		-		429,998
Conservation of Natural Resources		-		356,376		-		356,376
Emergency		-		512,944		-		512,944
General Government		-		115,984		-		115,984
Debt Service				-		453,861		453,861
Unassigned		1,750,941						1,750,941
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,750,941	\$	5,274,422	\$	453,861	\$	7,479,224
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,964,920	\$	6,109,017	\$	453,861	\$	8,527,798

#### **BOTTINEAU COUNTY**

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds		\$ 7,479,224
Total <i>net position</i> reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		53,930,633
Certain receivables will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred revenues in the funds.		
Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 128,357	
Road Receivables	 353,567	481,924
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions and OPEB	\$ 6,910,434	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions and OPEB	 (1,577,265)	5,333,169
Long-Term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position		
Long-Term Debt	\$ (5,734,308)	
Interest Payable	(40,457)	
Retainage Payable	(11,508)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(420,748)	
Net Pension and OPEB Liability	 (11,042,156)	 (17,249,177)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 49,975,773

Revenue					Special		Other		Total
Revenues           Taxes         \$ 2,478,962         \$ 1,457,669         \$ - \$ 3,936,631           Intergovernmental         1,512,888         3,152,886         138,367         4,804,141           Charges for Services         770,409         1,138,416         - 6         1,908,825           Licenses, Permits and Fees         5,510         - 6         57,560           Miscellaneous         124,676         15,156         - 7         57,560           Miscellaneous         124,676         15,156         - 8         139,832           Total Revenues         \$ 4,892,445         \$ 5,821,687         \$ 138,367         \$ 10,852,499           EXPENDITURES           Current         6         63,376         \$ 2,237,049           General Government         \$ 2,173,673         \$ 63,376         \$ 2,237,049           Public Safety         1,986,931         381,835         - \$ 2,368,766           Highways and Bridges         1,986,931         381,835         - \$ 2,368,766           Highways and Bridges         1,986,931         1,473,606         - \$ 4,551,624           Health and Welfare         1,573,11         145,3606         - \$ 200,6827           Current Gonser					Revenue	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
Taxes			General		Fund		Funds		Funds
Intergovernmental   1,512,888   3,152,886   138,367   4,804,141   Charges for Services   777,040   1,138,416   -   1,908,825   1,008,825	REVENUES								
Charges for Services	Taxes	\$	2,478,962	\$	1,457,669	\$	-	\$	3,936,631
Cicenses, Permits and Fees	Intergovernmental		1,512,888		3,152,886		138,367		4,804,141
Interest Income   124,676   15,156	Charges for Services		770,409		1,138,416		-		1,908,825
Total Revenues	Licenses, Permits and Fees		5,510		-		-		5,510
Total Revenues	Interest Income		-		57,560		-		57,560
EXPENDITURES Current General Government \$ 2,173,673 \$ 63,376 \$ - \$ 2,237,049 Public Safety 1,986,931 381,835 - 2,368,766 Highways and Bridges - 4,551,624 - 4,551,624 Health and Welfare - 1,473,606 - 1,473,606 Culture and Recreation 175,731 145,360 - 321,091 Conserv. of Natural Resources 7,672 199,155 - 206,827 Emergency - 14 - 14 Cother 7,039 - 7 - 7,039 Debt Service Principal 2,000 570,563 362,734 935,297 Interest & Service Charges - 84,959 68,276 153,235  Total Expenditures \$ 4,353,046 \$ 7,470,492 \$ 431,010 \$ 12,254,548  Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures \$ 539,399 \$ (1,648,805) \$ (292,643) \$ (1,402,049)  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Lease Financing \$ - \$ 910,408 \$ - \$ 910,408 Loan Proceeds \$ - 540,000 \$ - 540,000 Sale of Capital Assets - 280,000 \$ - 280,000 Transfers In \$ - 28,000 \$ 316,911 \$ 344,911  Transfers Out (316,911) \$ (28,000) \$ - (344,911)  Total Other Financing Sources and Uses \$ (316,911) \$ 1,730,408 \$ 316,911 \$ 1,730,408  Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 222,488 \$ 81,603 \$ 24,268 \$ 328,359	Miscellaneous		124,676		15,156		-		139,832
EXPENDITURES Current General Government \$ 2,173,673 \$ 63,376 \$ - \$ 2,237,049 Public Safety 1,986,931 381,835 - 2,368,766 Highways and Bridges - 4,551,624 - 4,551,624 Health and Welfare - 1,473,606 - 1,473,606 Culture and Recreation 175,731 145,360 - 321,091 Conserv. of Natural Resources 7,672 199,155 - 206,827 Emergency - 14 - 14 Cother 7,039 - 7 - 7,039 Debt Service Principal 2,000 570,563 362,734 935,297 Interest & Service Charges - 84,959 68,276 153,235  Total Expenditures \$ 4,353,046 \$ 7,470,492 \$ 431,010 \$ 12,254,548  Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures \$ 539,399 \$ (1,648,805) \$ (292,643) \$ (1,402,049)  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Lease Financing \$ - \$ 910,408 \$ - \$ 910,408 Loan Proceeds \$ - 540,000 \$ - 540,000 Sale of Capital Assets - 280,000 \$ - 280,000 Transfers In \$ - 28,000 \$ 316,911 \$ 344,911  Transfers Out (316,911) \$ (28,000) \$ - (344,911)  Total Other Financing Sources and Uses \$ (316,911) \$ 1,730,408 \$ 316,911 \$ 1,730,408  Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 222,488 \$ 81,603 \$ 24,268 \$ 328,359									
Current   S	Total Revenues	\$	4,892,445	\$	5,821,687	\$	138,367	\$	10,852,499
General Government Public Safety         \$ 2,173,673         \$ 63,376         \$ -         \$ 2,237,049           Public Safety         1,986,931         381,835         -         2,368,766           Highways and Bridges         -         4,551,624         -         4,551,624           Health and Welfare         -         1,473,606         -         1,473,606           Culture and Recreation         175,731         145,360         -         321,091           Conserv. of Natural Resources         7,672         199,155         -         206,827           Emergency         -         14         -         14           Other         7,039         -         -         7,039           Debt Service         Principal         2,000         570,563         362,734         935,297           Interest & Service Charges         -         84,959         68,276         153,235           Total Expenditures         \$ 4,353,046         7,470,492         \$ 431,010         \$ 12,254,548           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         9 10,408         \$ -         \$ 910,408           O'THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         1         \$ 910,408         \$ -         \$ 910,408           Lease Financing         -	EXPENDITURES								
Public Safety         1,986,931         381,835         -         2,368,766           Highways and Bridges         -         4,551,624         -         4,551,624           Health and Welfare         -         1,473,606         -         1,473,606           Culture and Recreation         175,731         145,360         -         321,091           Conserv. of Natural Resources         7,672         199,155         -         206,827           Emergency         -         14         -         14           Other         7,039         -         -         7,039           Debt Service         -         2,000         570,563         362,734         935,297           Interest & Service Charges         2,000         570,563         362,734         935,297           Interest & Service Charges         3,4353,046         7,470,492         431,010         \$12,254,548           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         7,470,492         431,010         \$12,254,548           Over Expenditures         \$539,399         (1,648,805)         (292,643)         (1,402,049)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Lease Financing         \$910,408         \$910,408         \$910,408         \$910,408	Current								
Highways and Bridges       -       4,551,624       -       4,551,624         Health and Welfare       -       1,473,606       -       1,473,606         Culture and Recreation       175,731       145,360       -       321,091         Conserv. of Natural Resources       7,672       199,155       -       206,827         Emergency       -       14       -       14         Other       7,039       -       -       7,039         Debt Service       -       2,000       570,563       362,734       935,297         Interest & Service Charges       -       84,959       68,276       153,235         Total Expenditures       \$4,353,046       7,470,492       431,010       \$12,254,548         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues       539,399       (1,648,805)       (292,643)       (1,402,049)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Lease Financing       -       \$910,408       -       \$910,408         Loan Proceeds       -       \$910,408       -       \$910,408         Loan Proceeds       -       280,000       -       540,000         Sale of Capital Assets       -       280,000       -       316,911       344,911	General Government	\$	2,173,673	\$	63,376	\$	-	\$	2,237,049
Health and Welfare	Public Safety		1,986,931		381,835		-		2,368,766
Culture and Recreation         175,731         145,360         -         321,091           Conserv. of Natural Resources         7,672         199,155         -         206,827           Emergency         -         14         -         -         14           Other         7,039         -         -         7,039           Debt Service         -         -         8,000         362,734         935,297           Interest & Service Charges         -         84,959         68,276         153,235           Total Expenditures         \$ 4,353,046         7,470,492         431,010         \$ 12,254,548           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         \$ 539,399         (1,648,805)         (292,643)         (1,402,049)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Lease Financing         \$ 910,408         -         910,408           Loan Proceeds         -         540,000         -         540,000           Sale of Capital Assets         -         280,000         -         280,000           Transfers In         -         28,000         316,911         344,911           Total Other Financing Sources and Uses         (316,911)         1,730,408         316,911         1,730,408	Highways and Bridges		-		4,551,624		-		4,551,624
Conserv. of Natural Resources         7,672         199,155         -         206,827           Emergency         -         144         -         144           Other         7,039         -         -         7,039           Debt Service         -         -         -         -         7,039           Principal Interest & Service Charges         2,000         570,563         362,734         935,297           Interest & Service Charges         -         84,959         68,276         153,235           Total Expenditures         \$ 4,353,046         7,470,492         431,010         \$ 12,254,548           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures         \$ 539,399         \$ (1,648,805)         \$ (292,643)         \$ (1,402,049)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Lease Financing         \$ 910,408         \$ 9         \$ 910,408           Loan Proceeds         \$ 540,000         \$ 910,408         \$ 910,408           Loan Proceeds         \$ 280,000         \$ 280,000         \$ 280,000           Transfers In         \$ 280,000         \$ 316,911         344,911           Transfers Out         (316,911)         \$ 1,730,408         \$ 316,911         \$ 1,730,408           Net Change	Health and Welfare		-		1,473,606		-		1,473,606
Emergency Other         7,039         14         -         14           Other         7,039         -         -         7,039           Debt Service         2,000         570,563         362,734         935,297           Interest & Service Charges         -         84,959         68,276         153,235           Total Expenditures         \$ 4,353,046         7,470,492         \$ 431,010         \$ 12,254,548           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures         \$ 539,399         \$ (1,648,805)         \$ (292,643)         \$ (1,402,049)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         \$ 910,408         \$ - \$ 910,408         \$ - \$ 910,408         \$ - \$ 910,408         \$ - \$ 910,408         \$ - \$ 910,408         \$ - \$ 910,408         \$ - \$ 910,408         \$ - \$ 910,408         \$ - \$ 910,408         \$ - \$ 910,408         \$	Culture and Recreation		175,731		145,360		-		321,091
Other Service Principal Interest & Service Charges         2,000         570,563         362,734         935,297           Total Expenditures         \$ 4,353,046         \$ 7,470,492         \$ 431,010         \$ 12,254,548           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures         \$ 539,399         \$ (1,648,805)         \$ (292,643)         \$ (1,402,049)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         \$ 910,408         \$ 90,000         \$ 540,000         \$ 540,000         \$ 540,000           Lease Financing         \$ 280,000         \$ 280,000         \$ 280,000         \$ 280,000         \$ 280,000         \$ 344,911         \$ 344,911         \$ 344,911         \$ 344,911         \$ 344,911         \$ 316,911         \$ 1,730,408         \$ 316,911         \$ 1,730,408         \$ 328,359         \$ 7,150,865         \$ 328,359         \$ 7,150,865         \$ 328,359         \$ 316,911         \$ 1,730,408         \$ 316,911         \$ 1,730,408         \$ 316,911         \$ 1,730,408         \$ 328,359         \$ 7,150,865         \$ 328,359         \$ 7,150,865         \$ 328,359         \$ 7,150,865         \$ 328,359         \$ 7,150,865         \$ 328,359         \$ 328,359         \$ 7,150,865         \$ 328,359         \$ 7,150,865         \$ 328,359         \$ 328,359         \$ 328,359         \$ 328,359         \$ 328,359         \$ 328,459         \$ 328,459	Conserv. of Natural Resources		7,672		199,155		-		206,827
Other         7,039         -         -         7,039           Debt Service         Principal         2,000         570,563         362,734         935,297           Interest & Service Charges         -         84,959         68,276         153,235           Total Expenditures         \$ 4,353,046         7,470,492         \$ 431,010         \$ 12,254,548           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures         \$ 539,399         \$ (1,648,805)         \$ (292,643)         \$ (1,402,049)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         \$ 910,408         \$ -         \$ 910,408           Lease Financing         \$ -         \$ 910,408         \$ -         \$ 910,408           Loan Proceeds         -         540,000         -         540,000           Sale of Capital Assets         -         280,000         -         280,000           Transfers In         -         280,000         -         (344,911)           Transfers Out         (316,911)         (28,000)         -         (344,911)           Total Other Financing Sources and Uses         (316,911)         1,730,408         316,911         \$ 1,730,408           Net Change in Fund Balances         \$ 222,488         81,603         \$ 24,268         \$ 328,359 <td>Emergency</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>14</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>14</td>	Emergency		_		14		-		14
Principal Interest & Service Charges         2,000         570,563         362,734         935,297           Total Expenditures         \$ 4,353,046         \$ 7,470,492         \$ 431,010         \$ 12,254,548           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures         \$ 539,399         \$ (1,648,805)         \$ (292,643)         \$ (1,402,049)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         \$ 910,408         \$ 910,408         \$ 910,408 <td></td> <td></td> <td>7,039</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>7,039</td>			7,039		_		-		7,039
Total Expenditures	Debt Service								
Total Expenditures	Principal		2,000		570,563		362,734		935,297
Total Expenditures         \$ 4,353,046         \$ 7,470,492         \$ 431,010         \$ 12,254,548           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures         \$ 539,399         \$ (1,648,805)         \$ (292,643)         \$ (1,402,049)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Lease Financing         \$ -         \$ 910,408         \$ -         \$ 910,408           Loan Proceeds         -         540,000         -         540,000           Sale of Capital Assets         -         280,000         -         280,000           Transfers In         -         28,000         316,911         344,911           Transfers Out         (316,911)         (28,000)         -         (344,911)           Total Other Financing Sources and Uses         \$ (316,911)         1,730,408         316,911         \$ 1,730,408           Net Change in Fund Balances         \$ 222,488         \$ 81,603         \$ 24,268         \$ 328,359           Fund Balance - January 1         \$ 1,528,453         \$ 5,192,819         \$ 429,593         \$ 7,150,865	·		-		84,959		68,276		153,235
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures  \$ 539,399 \$ (1,648,805) \$ (292,643) \$ (1,402,049)\$  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Lease Financing \$ - \$ 910,408 \$ - \$ 910,408 Loan Proceeds - 540,000 - 540,000 Sale of Capital Assets - 280,000 - 280,000 Transfers In - 28,000 316,911 344,911 Transfers Out  (316,911) (28,000) - (344,911)  Total Other Financing Sources and Uses  \$ (316,911) \$ 1,730,408 \$ 316,911 \$ 1,730,408  Net Change in Fund Balances  \$ 222,488 \$ 81,603 \$ 24,268 \$ 328,359  Fund Balance - January 1  \$ 1,528,453 \$ 5,192,819 \$ 429,593 \$ 7,150,865	· ·								
Over Expenditures         \$ 539,399         \$ (1,648,805)         \$ (292,643)         \$ (1,402,049)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Lease Financing         \$ - \$ 910,408         - \$ 910,408           Loan Proceeds         - 540,000         - 540,000           Sale of Capital Assets         - 280,000         - 280,000           Transfers In         - 28,000         316,911         344,911           Transfers Out         (316,911)         (28,000)         - (344,911)           Total Other Financing Sources and Uses         \$ (316,911)         \$ 1,730,408         \$ 316,911         \$ 1,730,408           Net Change in Fund Balances         \$ 222,488         \$ 81,603         \$ 24,268         \$ 328,359           Fund Balance - January 1         \$ 1,528,453         \$ 5,192,819         \$ 429,593         \$ 7,150,865	Total Expenditures	\$	4,353,046	\$	7,470,492	\$	431,010	\$	12,254,548
Over Expenditures         \$ 539,399         \$ (1,648,805)         \$ (292,643)         \$ (1,402,049)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Lease Financing         \$ - \$ 910,408         - \$ 910,408           Loan Proceeds         - 540,000         - 540,000           Sale of Capital Assets         - 280,000         - 280,000           Transfers In         - 28,000         316,911         344,911           Transfers Out         (316,911)         (28,000)         - (344,911)           Total Other Financing Sources and Uses         \$ (316,911)         \$ 1,730,408         \$ 316,911         \$ 1,730,408           Net Change in Fund Balances         \$ 222,488         \$ 81,603         \$ 24,268         \$ 328,359           Fund Balance - January 1         \$ 1,528,453         \$ 5,192,819         \$ 429,593         \$ 7,150,865	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Lease Financing       \$ - \$ 910,408 \$ - \$ 910,408         Loan Proceeds       - 540,000 - 540,000         Sale of Capital Assets       - 280,000 - 280,000         Transfers In       - 28,000 316,911 344,911         Transfers Out       (316,911) (28,000) - (344,911)         Total Other Financing Sources and Uses       \$ (316,911) \$ 1,730,408 \$ 316,911 \$ 1,730,408         Net Change in Fund Balances       \$ 222,488 \$ 81,603 \$ 24,268 \$ 328,359         Fund Balance - January 1       \$ 1,528,453 \$ 5,192,819 \$ 429,593 \$ 7,150,865	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	539,399	\$	(1,648,805)	\$	(292,643)	\$	(1,402,049)
Lease Financing       \$ - \$ 910,408 \$ - \$ 910,408         Loan Proceeds       - 540,000       - 540,000         Sale of Capital Assets       - 280,000       - 280,000         Transfers In       - 28,000       316,911       344,911         Transfers Out       (316,911)       (28,000)       - (344,911)         Total Other Financing Sources and Uses       \$ (316,911)       \$ 1,730,408       \$ 316,911       \$ 1,730,408         Net Change in Fund Balances       \$ 222,488       \$ 81,603       \$ 24,268       \$ 328,359         Fund Balance - January 1       \$ 1,528,453       \$ 5,192,819       \$ 429,593       \$ 7,150,865	-	<u> </u>	<b>,</b>		( , , ,		<b>,</b> - , ,	•	<u> </u>
Lease Financing       \$ - \$ 910,408 \$ - \$ 910,408         Loan Proceeds       - 540,000       - 540,000         Sale of Capital Assets       - 280,000       - 280,000         Transfers In       - 28,000       316,911       344,911         Transfers Out       (316,911)       (28,000)       - (344,911)         Total Other Financing Sources and Uses       \$ (316,911)       \$ 1,730,408       \$ 316,911       \$ 1,730,408         Net Change in Fund Balances       \$ 222,488       \$ 81,603       \$ 24,268       \$ 328,359         Fund Balance - January 1       \$ 1,528,453       \$ 5,192,819       \$ 429,593       \$ 7,150,865	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Loan Proceeds       -       540,000       -       540,000         Sale of Capital Assets       -       280,000       -       280,000         Transfers In       -       28,000       316,911       344,911         Transfers Out       (316,911)       (28,000)       -       (344,911)         Total Other Financing Sources and Uses       \$ (316,911)       \$ 1,730,408       \$ 316,911       \$ 1,730,408         Net Change in Fund Balances       \$ 222,488       \$ 81,603       \$ 24,268       \$ 328,359         Fund Balance - January 1       \$ 1,528,453       \$ 5,192,819       \$ 429,593       \$ 7,150,865		\$	_	\$	910.408	\$	_	\$	910.408
Sale of Capital Assets       -       280,000       -       280,000         Transfers In       -       28,000       316,911       344,911         Transfers Out       (316,911)       (28,000)       -       (344,911)         Total Other Financing Sources and Uses       \$ (316,911)       \$ 1,730,408       \$ 316,911       \$ 1,730,408         Net Change in Fund Balances       \$ 222,488       \$ 81,603       \$ 24,268       \$ 328,359         Fund Balance - January 1       \$ 1,528,453       \$ 5,192,819       \$ 429,593       \$ 7,150,865	<u> </u>	·	_	,		·	_	,	
Transfers In Transfers Out         -         28,000 (316,911)         316,911 (344,911)           Total Other Financing Sources and Uses         \$ (316,911)         \$ 1,730,408         \$ 316,911         \$ 1,730,408           Net Change in Fund Balances         \$ 222,488         \$ 81,603         \$ 24,268         \$ 328,359           Fund Balance - January 1         \$ 1,528,453         \$ 5,192,819         \$ 429,593         \$ 7,150,865			_				_		
Transfers Out         (316,911)         (28,000)         -         (344,911)           Total Other Financing Sources and Uses         \$ (316,911)         \$ 1,730,408         \$ 316,911         \$ 1,730,408           Net Change in Fund Balances         \$ 222,488         \$ 81,603         \$ 24,268         \$ 328,359           Fund Balance - January 1         \$ 1,528,453         \$ 5,192,819         \$ 429,593         \$ 7,150,865	•		_				316.911		
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses         \$ (316,911) \$ 1,730,408 \$ 316,911 \$ 1,730,408           Net Change in Fund Balances         \$ 222,488 \$ 81,603 \$ 24,268 \$ 328,359           Fund Balance - January 1         \$ 1,528,453 \$ 5,192,819 \$ 429,593 \$ 7,150,865			(316.911)				-		
Net Change in Fund Balances       \$ 222,488 \$ 81,603 \$ 24,268 \$ 328,359         Fund Balance - January 1       \$ 1,528,453 \$ 5,192,819 \$ 429,593 \$ 7,150,865	Transfer Cut		(0.10,011)		(20,000)				(011,011)
Fund Balance - January 1 \$ 1,528,453 \$ 5,192,819 \$ 429,593 \$ 7,150,865	Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	\$	(316,911)	\$	1,730,408	\$	316,911	\$	1,730,408
Fund Balance - January 1 \$ 1,528,453 \$ 5,192,819 \$ 429,593 \$ 7,150,865	Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	222 488	\$	81 603	\$	24 268	\$	328 359
	Cge I dita Balai1990	Ψ_	, 100	Ψ	01,000	*	,	*	323,000
Fund Balance - December 31 <u>\$ 1,750,941 \$ 5,274,422 \$ 453,861 \$ 7,479,224</u>	Fund Balance - January 1	\$	1,528,453	\$	5,192,819	\$	429,593	\$	7,150,865
	Fund Balance - December 31	\$	1,750,941	\$	5,274,422	\$	453,861	\$	7,479,224

#### **BOTTINEAU COUNTY**

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 328,359
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and		
reported as depreciation expense. Capital Outlay Capital contribution Depreciation Expense	\$ 2,316,652 2,597,140 (2,808,084)	2,105,708
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources.	(2,000,001)	2,100,100
Gain on Sales of Capital Assets Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets	\$ 110,979 (280,000)	(169,021)
The proceeds of debt issuances are reporting as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Debt Proceeds Debt Repayment	\$ (540,000) 935,297	
Capital Lease Financing	 (910,408)	(515,111)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Net Change in Compensated Absences	\$ (60,778)	
Net Change in Retainage Payable Net Change in Interest Payable	(11,508) (8,875)	(81,161)
Some revenues reported on the statement of activities are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds since they do not represent available resources to pay current expenditures.		
Net Change in Taxes Receivable Net Change in Road Receivables	\$ 2,921 3,806	6,727
The Net Pension and OPEB Liability and related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources are reported in the government wide statements; however, activity related to these pension items do not involve current financial resources, and are not reported in the funds.		
Net Change in Net Pension and OPEB Liability	\$ (7,235,580)	
Net Change in Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions and OPEB Net Change in Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions and OPEB	5,196,455 337,040	 (1,702,085)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (26,584)

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds			Custodial Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,008	\$	2,140,062		
Oddir and Oddir equivalents	<u>—</u>	0,000	<u> </u>	2,110,002		
LIABILITIES & DERRERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Liabilities						
Funds Held for Other Governments	\$	-	\$	27,107		
Funds Held for Payroll Withholding		-		45,300		
Funds Held for Tax Collections		-		270,906		
Funds Held for Private Purpose Trust		6,008		-		
Funds Held for Other Purposes				62,872		
Total Liabilities	\$	6,008	\$	406,185		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Taxes Received in Advance	_\$		\$	1,733,877		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	6,008	\$	2,140,062		

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS			
Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$	-	\$ 12,304,305
Turnkey Collections		59,444	-
Payroll Witholding Collections		-	94,489
Grant Collections for Other Governments		-	502,860
Miscellaneous Collections			64,364
Total Additions	\$	59,444	\$ 12,966,018
DEDUCTIONS			
Tax Disbursements to Other Governments	\$	-	\$ 12,304,305
Turnkey Disbursement		59,444	-
Payroll Witholding Disbursements		-	94,489
Grant Disbursements to Other Governments		-	502,860
Miscellaneous Disbursements			64,364
Total Deductions	\$	59,444	\$ 12,966,018
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	\$		\$ -
Net Position - Beginning	\$		\$ -
Net Position - Ending	\$		\$ -

	Bottineau County WRD		Boundary Creek WRD		Oak Creek WRD		Total	
ASSETS		•						
Cash and Investments	\$	4,612	\$	21,704	\$	59,802	\$ 86,118	
Intergovernmental Receivable		209,252		-		-	209,252	
Taxes Receivable		3,962		662		2,363	6,987	
Special Assessments Receivable		1,255,371		-		-	1,255,371	
Capital Assets								
Nondepreciable		2,882,628		-		-	2,882,628	
Depreciable, Net		3,423,565		-		-	3,423,565	
Total Assets	\$	7,779,390	\$	22,366	\$	62,165	\$ 7,863,921	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	759,811	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 759,811	
Interest Payable		13,280		-		-	13,280	
Retainage Payable		48,265		-		-	48,265	
Long-Term Liabilities								
Due Within One Year								
Long Term Debt		1,500,748		-		-	1,500,748	
Due After One Year								
Long Term Debt		1,528,476		_			1,528,476	
Total Liabilities	\$	3,850,580	\$		\$		\$ 3,850,580	
NET POSITION Restricted								
Conservation of Natural Resources	\$	3,928,810	\$	22,366	\$	62,165	\$ 4,013,341	
Total Net Position	\$	3,928,810	\$	22,366	\$	62,165	\$ 4,013,341	

**BOTTINEAU COUNTY**Combining Statement of Activities – All Discretely Presented Component Units December 31, 2020

				Program Revenues									,	Revenue and et Position	t	
					С	perating		Capital		Bottineau	В	oundary		Oak		
			Char	ges for	Gı	rants and	Gı	rants and		County		Creek		Creek		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Ser	vices	Coi	ntributions	Co	ntributions		WRD		WRD		WRD		Total
Component Units																
Bottineau County WRD	\$	1,027,672	\$	-	\$	406,706	\$	761,889	\$	140,923	\$	-	\$	-	\$	140,923
Boundary Creek WRD		16,231		-		-		-		-		(16,231)		-		(16,231)
Oak Creek WRD		98,946		-		-				-		-		(98,946)		(98,946)
Total Component Units	\$	1,142,849	\$	_	\$	406,706	\$	761,889	\$	140,923	\$	(16,231)	\$	(98,946)	\$	25,746
		, , , , , ,						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,-		( - ) - /		(==,==,		,
			Gene	ral Re	ven	ues										
			Prope	erty Tax	es				\$	132,939	\$	16,566	\$	62,067	\$	211,572
			Earni	ngs on	Inve	stments				4,798		32		530		5,360
			Total	Genera	l Re	venues			\$	137,737	\$	16,684	\$	62,597	\$	217,018
											_			(00.040)	_	
			Chan	ge in Ne	et Po	osition			_\$_	278,660	\$	453	\$	(36,349)	\$	242,764
			Net P	osition	- Ja	nuary 1			\$	3,667,053	\$	21,913	\$	98,514	\$	3,787,480
			Prior	Period /	Adju	stment			\$	(16,903)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(16,903)
			Net P	osition	- Ja	nuary 1, as	Res	tated	\$	3,650,150	\$	21,913	\$	98,514	\$	3,770,577
			Net P	osition	- De	cember 31			\$	3,928,810	\$	22,366	\$	62,165	\$	4,013,341

#### **BOTTINEAU COUNTY**

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Bottineau County ("County") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County. The County has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the County such that exclusion would cause its financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the County.

Based on these criteria, there are three component units to be included within the County as a reporting entity.

#### **Component Units**

In conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of component units have been included in the financial reporting entity either as blended component units or as discretely presented component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The component units' column in the basic financial statements includes the financial data of the County's three component units. These units are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Bottineau County Water Resource District ("Water Resource District") - The County's governing board appoints a voting majority of the members of the Water Resource District board. The County has the authority to approve or modify the Water Resource District's operational and capital budgets. The County also must approve the tax levy established by the Water Resource District.

Boundary Creek Water Resource District ("Boundary Creek") - The County's governing board appoints a voting majority of the members of the Boundary Creek board. The County has the authority to approve or modify the Boundary Creek operational and capital budgets. The County also must approve the tax levy established by Boundary Creek.

Oak Creek Water Resource District ("Oak Creek") - The County's governing board appoints a voting majority of the members of the Oak Creek board. The County has the authority to approve or modify the Oak Creek operational and capital budgets. The County also must approve the tax levy established by Oak Creek.

Component Unit Financial Statements: The financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units are presented in the County's basic financial statements. Complete financial statements of the component units can be obtained from the Bottineau County Auditor/Treasurer Bottineau County, PO Box 215, Bottineau, ND 58436-0215.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, interest, and non-restricted grants and contributions, are presented as general revenues.

*Fund Financial Statements*. The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category, *governmental* and *fiduciary*, are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for financial resources that exist for special purposes. The major sources of revenues are a restricted tax levy and state/federal grants/reimbursements.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Custodial Fund - These funds account for assets by the County in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others. The custodial funds are mostly used to account for property taxes collected on behalf of other governments.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund - This fund account for commissary assets held by the County in a trust on behalf of the County Jail inmates. The private-purpose trust fund is mostly used to account for commissary activity on behalf of the inmates.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. All revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Cash and Investments**

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts.

The investments of the County consist of certificates of deposit stated at cost with maturities in excess of three months.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets for the County and Water Resource District are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives (amounts in years):

Assets	County	Water Resource District
Buildings	30-50	-
Infrastructure	10-50	40
Furniture and Equipment	5-10	-
Vehicles and Machinery	5-10	8

#### **Compensated Absences**

Vacation leave is earned at the rate of one to two days per month depending on years of service. Up to 30 days of vacation leave may be carried over at each year-end. Upon termination of employment, vacation benefits that have accrued through the last day of work will be paid. Sick leave benefits are earned at the rate of one day per month regardless of the years of service. Upon termination of employment, unused sick leave will be paid to employees at a rate of 15% of unused days up to a maximum of 120 days. Severance pay will be provided to employees who have completed ten consecutive years of service with the County. The employee will receive ten days severance pay at their current salary level. A liability for the vested or accumulated vacation leave, sick leave, and severance pay is reported in the statement of net position.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Fund Balances**

Fund Balance Spending Policy. It is the policy of the County to spend restricted resources first, followed by unrestricted resources. It is also the policy of the Board to spend unrestricted resources of funds in the following order: committed, assigned and then unassigned.

Restricted Fund Balances. Restricted fund balances are shown by primary function on the balance sheet. Restricted fund balances are restricted by tax levies (enabling legislation) and by outside 3<sup>rd</sup> parties (state and federal governments for various grants & reimbursements).

*Unassigned Fund Balances.* Unassigned fund balances are reported in the general fund and for negative fund balances at year-end.

#### **Net Position**

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Net investment in capital assets is reported for capital assets less accumulated depreciation, as well as net of any related debt to purchase or finance the capital assets. These assets are not available for future spending.

Restrictions of net position in the statement of net position are due to restricted tax levies and restricted Federal & State grants/reimbursements.

Unrestricted net position is primarily unrestricted amounts related to the general fund and negative fund balances.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

#### NOTE 2 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

#### **Bottineau County**

Net position of the County as of January 1, 2020 has been restated for net capital asset adjustments as shown below. The results of the adjustment increased the beginning net position of the County.

Bottineau County	Amounts				
Beginning Net Position, as Previously Reported	\$	49,631,667			
Prior Period Adjustments					
Capital Assets, Net		370,690			
Net Position January 1, as Restated	\$	50,002,357			

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Net position of the Water Resource District as of January 1, 2020 has been restated for net capital asset adjustments as shown below. The results of the adjustment decreased the beginning net position of the Water Resource District.

Water Resource District	Amounts
Beginning Net Position, as Previously Reported	\$ 3,667,053
Prior Period Adjustments	
Capital Assets, Net	(16,903)
Net Position January 1, as Restated	\$ 3,650,150

#### NOTE 3 DEPOSITS

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk associated with the failure of a depository institution, such that in the event of a depository financial institution's failure, the County would not be able to recover the deposits or collateralized securities that in the possession of the outside parties. The County does not have a formal policy regarding deposits that limits the amount they may invest in any one issuer.

In accordance with North Dakota statutes, deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institution situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, federal land bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the state of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the state of North Dakota. Whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2020, the County's carrying amount of deposits totaled \$8,352,169, and the bank balances totaled \$8,930,203. Of the bank balances, \$1,250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining bank balances were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

At December 31, 2020, the Water Resource District's carrying amount of deposits totaled \$4,613, and the bank balances totaled \$41,234, all of which were covered by Federal Depository Insurance

At December 31, 2020, Boundary Creek's carrying amount of deposits totaled \$21,704, and the bank balances totaled \$24,185, all of which were covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

At December 31, 2020, Oak Creek's carrying amount of deposits totaled \$59,802, and the bank balances totaled \$70,994, all of which were covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

#### NOTE 4 PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. The tax levy may be paid in two installments: the first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments; the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

#### NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

#### **Primary Government**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the County for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Restated Balance							Balance
Primary Government	Jan 1		ncreases	De	ecreases	Transfers		Dec 31
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$ 155,004	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 155,004
Intangibles	174,434		-		_		-	174,434
Construction Progress	336,490		3,803,293		_		(2,732,761)	1,407,022
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	\$ 665,928	\$	3,803,293	\$	-	\$	(2,732,761)	\$ 1,736,460
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 654,205	\$	-			\$	-	\$ 654,205
Vehicles and Machinery	7,936,621		1,122,500		609,759		-	8,449,362
Buildings	9,265,946		-		-		-	9,265,946
Infrastructure	60,617,274		-		-		2,732,761	63,350,035
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	\$ 78,474,046	\$	1,122,500	\$	609,759	<b>\$</b>	2,732,761	\$ 81,719,548
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 541,573	\$	17,061	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 558,634
Vehicles and Machinery	4,760,598		938,250		428,736		-	5,270,112
Buildings	3,002,928		271,546		-		-	3,274,474
Infrastructure	18,840,927		1,581,228		-		-	20,422,155
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 27,146,026	\$	2,808,085	\$	428,736	\$	-	\$ 29,525,375
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 51,328,020	\$	(1,685,585)	\$	181,023	\$	2,732,761	\$ 52,194,173
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$ 51,993,948	\$	2,117,708	\$	181,023	\$	-	\$ 53,930,633

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities	Amounts				
General Government	\$ 38,449				
Public Safety	346,182				
Highways & Bridges	2,392,678				
Health & Welfare	13,079				
Culture & Recreation	15,435				
Conservation of Natural Resources	2,262				
Total Depreciation Expense-Governmental Activities	\$ 2,808,085				

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the Water Resource District the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Restated Balance								Balance
Water Resource District	Jan 1		ncreases	Decreases		Transfers		Dec 31	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated									
Construction Progress	\$ 1,792,009	\$	1,610,895	\$	-	\$	(520,276)	\$	2,882,628
Capital Assets Being Depreciated									
Vehicles and Machinery	\$ 16,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,000
Infrastructure	3,509,956		-		-		520,276		4,030,232
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	\$ 3,525,956	\$	-	\$	-	\$	520,276	\$	4,046,232
Less Accumulated Depreciation									
Vehicles and Machinery	\$ 16,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,000
Infrastructure	505,911		100,756		_		-		606,667
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 521,911	\$	100,756	\$		\$	-	\$	622,667
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 3,004,045	\$	(100,756)	\$		\$	520,276	\$	3,423,565
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,796,054	\$	1,510,139	\$		\$	-	\$	6,306,193

Depreciation expense was charged to the conservation of natural resource function.

#### NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

#### **Primary Government**

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term liabilities:

	Balance						Balance	Du	e Within
Primary Government	Jan 1	In	creases	De	creases	Dec 31		0	ne Year
Long-Term Debt									
Capital Lease Payable	\$ 2,013,271	\$	910,408	\$	570,563	\$	2,353,116	\$	469,227
Line of Credit Payable	3,202,926		-		362,734		2,840,192		-
Loan Payable	3,000		540,000		2,000		541,000		44,173
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 5,219,197	\$	1,450,408	\$	935,297	\$	5,734,308	\$	513,400
Compensated Absences *	359,970		60,778		-		420,748		42,075
Net Pension & OPEB Liability	3,806,576		7,235,580		-		11,042,156		-
Total Primary Government	\$ 9,385,743	\$	8,746,766	\$	935,297	\$	17,197,212	\$	555,475

<sup>\*</sup> The change in compensated absences is shown as a net change because changes in salary prohibit exact calculations of additions and reductions.

Debt Service requirement on long-term debt at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ending	Capital Lease Payable					Loan P	ayable		
Dec 31		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest		
2021	\$	469,228	\$	95,744	\$	44,173	\$	9,401	
2022		627,265		77,674		104,985		7,963	
2023		566,608		50,919		106,863		6,085	
2024		419,456		24,044		108,761		4,187	
2025		270,559		9,442		110,720		2,228	
2026-2030		-		-		65,498		387	
Totals	\$	2,353,116	\$	257,823	\$	541,000	\$	29,864	

The Line of Credit Payable does not have an amortization schedule as of December 31, 2020. The interest rate is variable with a floor rate of 1.75%, and not to increase by 1% per year. All unpaid interest and principal is due and payable in full on March 1, 2028.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term liabilities of the Water Resource District:

	Balance					Balance	Due Within
Water Resource District	Jan 1	In	creases	De	creases	Dec 31	One Year
Loans Payable	\$ 618,068	\$	878,936	\$	71,153	\$ 1,425,851	\$ 1,274,600
Bond Payable	2,012,246		-		408,873	1,603,373	226,148
Total Water Resource District	\$ 2,630,314	\$	878,936	\$	480,026	\$ 3,029,224	\$ 1,500,748

Debt Service requirement on long-term debt at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ending	Bonds F	Paya	able	Loan P	aya	ble
Dec 31	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2021	\$ 226,147	\$	76,369	\$ 1,274,600	\$	-
2022	229,148		67,079	151,251		-
2023	186,630		62,428	-		-
2024	178,118		45,152	-		-
2025	149,429		80,684	-		-
2026 - 2030	579,144		94,565	-		-
2031 - 2035	54,757		11,275	-		-
Totals	\$ 1,603,373	\$	437,552	\$ 1,425,851	\$	-

The loans payable consists of temporary improvement warrants which do not have an amortization schedule as of December 31, 2020. The interest rates are ranging from 3.1275% to 4.775%. All unpaid interest and principal are due and payable in full in June 30, 2021 and November 30, 2022.

#### NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN

#### General Information about the NDPERS Pension Plan

#### North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (Main System)

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

#### Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Member of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 was be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 the 2.00% multiplier was replaced with a 1.75% multiplier. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

#### Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition for disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

#### Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

#### Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of salaries and wages. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 8.26% of covered compensation

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service	Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25
13 to 24 months of service	Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25
25 to 36 months of service	Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25
Longer than 36 months of service	Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$10,786,103 for its proportionate share of net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The proportion of the net pension liability was based on their respective share of covered payroll in the main system pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating main system employers. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.342849 percent, which was an increase of 0.037416 percent from its proportion measurement as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,986,843. At December 31, 2020, the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources were reported:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 41,977	\$ 546,542
Changes of Assumptions	5,782,032	955,913
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment		
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	348,121	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer		
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	388,674	63,874
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	250,656	-
Total	\$ 6,811,460	\$ 1,566,329

\$250,656 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2021	\$ 1,471,034
2022	1,285,939
2023	1,056,135
2024	1,181,367

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	3.5% to 17.75% including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the Sex-distinct Pub-2010 table for General Employees, with scaling based on actual experience. Respective corresponding tables were used for healthy retirees, disabled retirees, and active members. Mortality rates are projected from 2010 using the MP-2019 scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equities	30%	6.30%
International Equities	21%	6.85%
Private Equity	7%	9.75%
Domestic Fixed Income	23%	1.25%
International Fixed Income	0%	0.00%
Global Real Assets	19%	5.01%
Cash Equivalents	0%	0.00%

#### Discount rate

For PERS, GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the PERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%; the municipal bond rate is 2.45%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 4.64%.

#### Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.64 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.64 percent) than the current rate:

	Dec	1% rease (3.64%)	F	Current Discount Rate (4.64%)	Inc	1% rease (5.64%)
Proportionate Share		(		, , , ,		(
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	13,994,159	\$	10,786,103	\$	8,161,132

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position.

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

#### NOTE 8 OPEB PLAN

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

#### North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDAC Chapter 71-06 for more complete information.

NDPERS OPEB plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, and Judges retired under Chapter 27-17 of the North Dakota Century Code a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan based upon the member's years of credited service. Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. Effective August 1, 2019 the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long term care plan premium expense. The Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit OPEB plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

#### **OPEB Benefits**

The employer contribution for the PERS, the HPRS and the Defined Contribution Plan is set by statute at 1.14% of covered compensation. The employer contribution for employees of the state board of career and technical education is 2.99% of covered compensation for a period of eight years ending October 1, 2015. Employees participating in the retirement plan as part-time/temporary members are required to contribute 1.14% of their covered compensation to the Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund. Employees purchasing previous service credit are also required to make an employee contribution to the Fund. The benefit amount applied each year is shown as "prefunded credit applied" on the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position for the OPEB trust funds. Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There were no other benefit changes during the year.

Retiree health insurance credit benefits and death and disability benefits are set by statute. There are no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Employees who are receiving monthly retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, the Defined Contribution Plan, the Chapter 27-17 judges or an employee receiving disability benefits, or the spouse of a deceased annuitant receiving a surviving spouse benefit or if the member selected a joint and survivor option are eligible to receive a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan.

Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. Effective August 1, 2019 the benefit may be used for any eligible health, prescription drug plan, dental, vision, or long term care plan premium expense. The benefits are equal to \$5.00 for each of the employee's, or deceased employee's years of credited service not to exceed the premium in effect for selected coverage. The retiree health insurance credit is also available for early retirement with reduced benefits

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$256,053 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on its share of covered payroll in the OPEB plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating OPEB employers. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.304391 percent, which was an increase of 0.019675 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$38,694. At December 31, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 5,686	\$ 6,139
Changes of Assumptions	34,332	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment		
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	8,805	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer		
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	10,018	-
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	40,133	4,796
Total	\$ 98,974	\$ 10,935

\$40,133 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2021	\$ 10,084
2022	12,360
2023	11,942
2024	9,376
2025	4,006
2026	138

#### **Actuarial assumptions**

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	Not applicable
Investment rate of return	6.50%, net of investment expenses
Cost–of-living adjustments	None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the MortalityPub-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 103% for males and 101% for females. Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 117% for males and 112% for females. Pub-2010 Employee Mortality table (for General Employees), sex-distinct, with rates multiplied by 92% for both males and females. Mortality rates are projected from 2010 using the MP-2019 scale.

The long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for the RHIC fund was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of RHIC investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return, for each major asset class included in the RHIC's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Domestic Equities	33%	6.10%
Small Cap Domestic Equities	6%	7.00%
Domestic Fixed Income	40%	1.15%
International Equities	21%	6.45%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member and statutory/Board approved employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2018, and July 1, 2017, HPRS actuarial valuation reports. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current RHIC members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the RHIC fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on RHIC investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plans as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the RHIC net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	•	Di	current iscount e (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)		
Proportionate Share							
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	335,819	\$	256,053	\$	188,600	

#### NOTE 9 TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to move unrestricted general revenue to finance programs that the County accounts for in other funds in accordance with budget authority and to subsidize other programs.

#### NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the state of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of five million dollars per occurrence for general liability and automobile and \$5,740,769 for mobile equipment and portable property (public assets).

The County also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The County pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third party insurance carrier for losses in excess of one million dollars per occurrence during a 12-month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the County with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$2,000,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The County has worker's compensation with the ND Workforce Safety and Insurance.

#### NOTE 11 CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

#### **Primary Government**

The County had two construction projects open at year-end:

	(	Contract		Total			Remaining		
Bottineau County		Amount	Co	mpleted	Re	tainage	Balance		
BRO-0005(054)	\$	102,296	\$	101,719	\$	2,034	\$	2,611	
HLC-0500(003)		70,758		42,019		840		29,579	
Total	\$	173,054	\$	143,738	\$	2,874	\$	32,190	

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The Water Resource District had four construction projects open at year-end:

	Contract			Total			Re	maining	
Water Resource District	Amount		Co	ompleted	Re	tainage	Balance		
Baumann Drain	\$ 1,060,4	22 3	\$	1,036,644	\$	12,974	\$	36,752	
Russel McHenry	463,2	30		-		-		463,230	
Haas Phase II	299,7	09		259,669		12,983		53,023	
Overgaard Lateral	471,3	90		446,148		22,307		47,549	
Total	\$ 2,294,7	51 5	\$	1,742,461	\$	48,264	\$	600,554	

#### NOTE 12 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to December 31, 2020, Bottineau County entered into a loan agreement in the amount of 241,199 for the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network project (SIRN). The interest rate is 2.003%. The first annual payment is due in March 2021 and all unpaid interest and principal are due and payable in full in February 2024.

	Original Budget			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for Services Licenses, Permits and Fees Miscellaneous	\$ 2,555,200 945,178 733,500 5,050 89,075	\$	2,555,200 945,178 733,500 5,050 89,075	\$	2,478,962 1,512,888 770,409 5,510 124,676	\$	(76,238) 567,710 36,909 460 35,601
Total Revenues	\$ 4,328,003	\$		\$	4,892,445	\$	564,442
EXPENDITURES Current							
General Government Public Safety Culture and Recreation Conser. of Natural Resources Other Debt Service	\$ 2,227,691 2,054,063 148,500 7,672 9,000	\$	2,227,691 2,054,063 148,500 7,672 9,000	\$	2,173,673 1,986,931 175,731 7,672 7,039	\$	54,018 67,132 (27,231) - 1,961
Principal	 2,000		2,000		2,000		
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,448,926	\$	4,448,926	\$	4,353,046	\$	95,880
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (120,923)	\$	(120,923)	\$	539,399	\$	660,322
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out	\$ -	\$		\$	(316,911)	\$	(316,911)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (120,923)	\$	(120,923)	\$	222,488	\$	343,411
Fund Balance - January 1	\$ 1,528,453	\$	1,528,453	\$	1,528,453	\$	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 1,407,530	\$	1,407,530	\$	1,750,941	\$	343,411

The accompanying required supplementary information notes are an integral part of this schedule.

		Original Final Budget Budget			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
Taxes	\$	1,497,200	\$	1,497,200	\$	1,457,669	\$	(39,531)
Intergovernmental	·	2,150,803	·	2,150,803	·	3,152,886	•	1,002,083
Charges for Services		905,650		905,650		1,138,416		232,766
Interest Income		41,800		41,800		57,560		15,760
Miscellaneous		72,180		72,180		15,156		(57,024)
Total Revenues	\$	4,667,633	\$	4,667,633	\$	5,821,687	\$	1,154,054
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government	\$	51,000	\$	71,602	\$	63,376	\$	8,226
Public Safety		270,009		270,009		381,835		(111,826)
Highways and Bridges		4,268,600		4,511,610		3,641,216		870,394
Health and Welfare		1,659,618		1,659,618		1,473,606		186,012
Culture and Recreation		225,776		226,942		145,360		81,582
Conserv. of Natural Resources		268,908		270,143		199,155		70,988
Emergency		100,000		100,000		14		99,986
Debt Service								
Principal		-		-		570,563		(570,563)
Interest		-		-		84,959		(84,959)
Total Expenditures	\$	6,843,911	\$	7,109,924	\$	6,560,084	\$	549,840
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	(2,176,278)	\$	(2,442,291)	\$	(738,397)	\$	1,703,894
·		, , , ,		, , , ,		, , ,		<u> </u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	\$	28,000	\$	28,000	\$	28,000	\$	-
Loan Proceeds		-		-		540,000		540,000
Transfers Out		-		-		(28,000)		(28,000)
Sale of Capital Assets		280,000		280,000		280,000		
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	\$	308,000	\$	308,000	\$	820,000	\$	512,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,868,278)	\$	(2,134,291)	\$	81,603	\$	2,215,894
Fund Balance - January 1	\$	5,192,819	\$	5,192,819	\$	5,192,819	\$	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	3,324,541	\$	3,058,528	\$	5,274,422	\$	2,215,894

The accompanying required supplementary information notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Public Employee's Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

				Proportionate	
				Share of the Net	
				Pension Liability	
				(Asset) as a	Plan Fiduciary
		Proportionate		Percentage of its	Net Position as
	Proportion of	Share of the Net	Covered-	Covered-	a Percentage of
	the Net Pension	Pension Liability	Employee	Employee	the Total
	Liability (Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability
2020	0.342849%	\$ 10,786,103	\$ 3,782,037	285.19%	48.91%
2019	0.305433%	3,579,896	3,177,026	112.68%	71.66%
2018	0.313508%	5,290,789	3,220,721	164.27%	62.80%
2017	0.311679%	5,009,704	3,181,754	157.45%	61.98%
2016	0.306945%	2,991,478	3,093,286	96.71%	70.46%
2015	0.313907%	2,134,514	2,796,533	76.33%	77.15%
2014	0.324856%	2,061,930	2,736,516	75.35%	77.70%

### Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

		Contributions in			Contributions as
		Relation to the			a Percentage of
	Statutory	Statutory	Contribution	Covered-	Covered-
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Employee	Employee
	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2020	\$ 267,801	\$ 248,192	\$ 19,609	\$ 3,782,037	6.56%
2019	231,305	234,249	(2,944)	3,177,026	7.37%
2018	237,220	233,745	3,475	3,220,721	7.26%
2017	230,716	231,143	(427)	3,181,754	7.26%
2016	223,949	224,529	(580)	3,093,286	7.26%
2015	212,419	211,280	1,139	2,796,533	7.56%
2014	194,840	194,840	-	2,736,516	7.12%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

#### Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

				Proportionate	
				Share of the Net	
				OPEB (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary
				as a Percentage	Net Position as
	Proportion of the	Proportionate	Covered-	of its Covered-	a Percentage of
	Net OPEB	Share of the Net	Employee	Employee	the Total OPEB
	Liability (Asset)	OPEB (Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2020	0.304391%	\$ 256,053	\$ 3,469,970	7.38%	63.38%
2019	0.284716%	226,680	3,177,026	7.13%	63.13%
2018	0.294340%	231,813	3,220,721	7.20%	62.80%
2017	0.294106%	232,641	3,181,754	7.31%	59.78%

## Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

		Contributions in			Contributions as
		Relation to the			a Percentage of
	Statutory	Statutory	Contribution	Covered-	Covered-
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Employee	Employee
	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2020	\$ 40,765	\$ 38,920	\$ 1,845	\$ 3,469,970	1.12%
2019	36,949	37,506	(557)	3,177,026	1.18%
2018	37,777	37,425	352	3,220,721	1.16%
2017	36,986	37,008	(22)	3,181,754	1.16%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

#### **BOTTINEAU COUNTY**

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### NOTE 1 STEWARDSHIP. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

- The County Commission adopts an appropriated budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP).
- The County Auditor prepares an annual budget for the general fund and each special revenue fund of the County. N.D.C.C. 11-23-02. The budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- The County Commission holds a public hearing where any taxpayer may appear and shall be heard in favor of
  or against any proposed disbursements or tax levies. When the hearing shall have been concluded, the board
  shall adopt such estimate as finally is determined upon. All taxes shall be levied in specific amounts and shall
  not exceed the amount specified in the published estimates. N.D.C.C. 11-23-04
- The board of County Commissioners, on or before the October meeting shall determine the amount of taxes that shall be levied for County purposes and shall levy all such taxes in specific amounts. N.D.C.C. 11-23-05
- Each budget is controlled by the County Auditor at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.
- The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. N.D.C.C. 57-15-31.1
- All appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### NOTE 2 SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION AND OPEB LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTIONS

GASB Statements No. 68 and 75 require ten years of information to be presented in these tables. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available will be presented.

#### NOTE 3: CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS - PENSION AND OPEB

#### **Pension**

The interest rate earned on member contributions will decrease from 7.00 percent to 6.50 percent effective January 1, 2020 (based on the adopted decrease in the investment return assumption). New Main System members who are hired on or after January 1, 2020 will have a benefit multiplier of 1.75 percent (compared to the current benefit multiplier of 2.00 percent). The fixed employer contribution for new members of the Main System will increase from 7.12 percent to 8.26 percent. For members who terminate after December 31, 2019, final average salary is the higher of the final average salary calculated on December 31, 2019 or the average salary earned in the three highest periods of twelve consecutive months employed during the last 180 months of employment. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

#### **OPEB**

Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

#### NOTE 4: CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - PENSION AND OPEB

#### **Pension**

The Board approved the following changes to the actuarial assumptions beginning with the July 1, 2019 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.5% to 7.0%
- The assumed rate of price inflation was lowered from 2.5 to 2.25 percent for the July 1, 2020 valuation
- The assumed rate of total payroll growth was updated for the July 1, 2020 valuation
- Mortality table updates were made for the July 1, 2020 valuation

All other actuarial assumptions and the actuarial cost method are unchanged from the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

#### **OPEB**

The Board approved the following changes to the actuarial assumptions beginning with the July 1, 2020 valuation:

The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.25% to 6.50%

All other actuarial assumptions and the actuarial cost method are unchanged from the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

#### NOTE 5 BUDGET TO ACTUAL RECONCILIATION

Leases issued that are paid by the special revenue fund are not included in the budgetary comparison schedule expenditures, but are included in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance. The reconciliation is provided below:

	Combined		Bu	dget to
	Statement	Adjustment	Actual	Statement
Special Revenue Fund				
Expenditures	\$ 7,470,492	\$ (910,408)	\$	6,560,084
Lease Financing	910,408	(910,408)		-

#### NOTE 6 LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

#### **Budget Amendments**

The board of County commissioners amended the budget for 2020 as follows:

		EXPENDITURES					
	Original	Original Amended					
	Budget	Amendment	Budget				
Special Revenue Fund	6,843,911	266,013	7,109,924				

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Federal CFDA Number	Program Title	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Exj	penditures
	US DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
	Passed through the ND Department of Health			
16.588	Violence Against Women Formula Grants	HLH4128	\$	5,099
	Total U.S. Department of Justice		\$	5,099
	US DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
	Passed through the State Department Emergency Management:			
97.042	Emergency Management Performance Grants	EMPG2018	\$	11,224
97.067	Homeland Security Grant Programs	HLS2016-2018		159,047
97.036	Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	DR4323		12
	Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		\$	170,283
	US DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			
	Passed through the State Treasurer Department:			
21.019	Coronavirus Relief Fund	N/A	\$	767,008
	Total U.S. Department of Treasury		\$	767,008
	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	942,390
	See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION / ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the County. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. County records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Subpart E of the *Uniform Guidance*, wherein certain types of expenditures are allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### NOTE 3 PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER

For Federal programs marked "N/A", the County was unable to obtain a pass-through grant number.

#### NOTE 4 INDIRECT COST RATE

The County has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance

STATE AUDITOR

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### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Bottineau County Bottineau, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bottineau County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bottineau County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 15, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bottineau County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bottineau County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bottineau County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying *schedule of audit findings and questioned costs* as items 2020-001, 2020-002 and 2020-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* - Continued

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bottineau County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our teste disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards, and which are described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as item 2020-002.

#### **Bottineau County's Response to Findings**

Bottineau County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying *schedule of audit findings and Questioned Costs*. Bottineau County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/S/

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Bismarck, North Dakota April 15, 2021

STATE AUDITOR Joshua C. Gallion

www.nd.gov/auditor

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#### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

#### Independent Auditor's Report

**Board of County Commissioners Bottineau County** Bottineau, North Dakota

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bottineau County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on Bottineau County's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020. Bottineau County's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Bottineau County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Bottineau County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Bottineau County's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Bottineau County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Programs; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Continued

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Bottineau County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Bottineau County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bottineau County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/S/

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Bismarck, North Dakota April 15, 2021

Summary of Auditor's Results For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of Report Issued? Governmental Activities Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units Major Funds Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting					
Material weaknesses identified?	X Yes None Noted				
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes X None Noted				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	X Yes None Noted				
Federal Awards					
Internal Control Over Major Programs					
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes X None noted				
Reportable conditions identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes X None noted				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with CFR §200.516 (Uniform Guidance) requirements?	Yes X None noted				
Identification of Major Programs					
CFDA 20.019 Coronavirus	Relief Fund				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs:	\$ 750,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes X No				

Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### 2020-001 FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

#### Condition

Bottineau County currently does not prepare the financial statements, including various off book adjusting entries and accompanying note disclosures, as required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Thus, management has elected to have the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures.

#### **Effect**

There is an increased risk of material misstatement to the Bottineau County's financial statements.

#### Cause

Management chooses not to allocate Bottineau County resources for preparation of the financial statements.

#### Criteria

Bottineau County is responsible for the preparation of its annual financial statements and related note disclosures to ensure they are reliable, accurate, free of material misstatement, and in accordance with GAAP.

#### **Repeat Finding**

Yes.

#### Recommendation

We recommend Bottineau County consider the additional risk of having the auditor assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures and consider preparing them in the future.

#### **Bottineau County's Response**

See Corrective Action Plan

### 2020-002 IMPROPER BIDDING OF ROAD EQUIPMENT - MATERIAL WEAKNESS - MATERIAL NONCOMPLIANCE

#### Condition

Bottineau County did not advertise for bids for the two lease-purchase agreements of motor graders at a cost of \$674,000. Instead, the County utilized an out of state cooperative purchase agreement that was not applicable to the County.

#### **Effect**

Bottineau County is not in compliance with N.D.C.C. §24-05-04(2)(3) and N.D.C.C. §54-44-.4-13(7).

#### Cause

Bottineau County may not have accurately interpreted the out of state cooperative purchase agreement used to acquire the motor graders.

#### Criteria

N.D.C.C. §24-05-04(2) states "Except as provided in N.D.C.C. § 54-44.4-13, a purchase of county road machinery and any rental contract or agreement for the use of road machinery and other articles, except necessary repairs for road machinery, which exceeds the sum of one hundred thousand dollars must be advertised by publishing an advertisement for bids at least once each week for two consecutive weeks in the official newspaper of the county and in any other newspapers as the board deems advisable."

N.D.C.C. §24-05-04(3) states "Notwithstanding the provisions of this section relating to the duration of rental contracts, the board of county commissioners may enter lease-purchase agreements for the road machinery and articles covered by this section if those agreements provide for the complete performance and full payment of the purchase price of the machinery or articles within seven years from the date of the execution of the lease-purchase agreement according to section 44-08-01.1.

Additionally, N.D.C.C. § 54-44.4-13(7) states "Before entering into a cooperative purchasing agreement under this section, the office of management and budget must determine that the contracts were awarded through full and open competition or source selection methods specified in section 54-44.4-05 and shall send notice to approved vendors of the office's intent to make a cooperative purchase in accordance with this chapter.

#### **Repeat Finding**

Yes.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that Bottineau County review upcoming lease-purchase agreements of county road machinery to ensure compliance with N.D.C.C. §24-05-04(2)(3). We further recommend that Bottineau County consult with the Office of Management and Budget to ensure compliance with N.D.C.C. §54-44-.4-13(7).

#### **Bottineau County's Response**

See Corrective Action Plan

#### 2020-003 LACK OF SEGREGATION OF DUTIES - COMPONENT UNITS - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

#### Condition

The Bottineau County Water Resource District, Boundary Creek Water Resource District, and Oak Creek Water Resource District have limited personnel responsible for most accounting functions. A lack of segregation of duties exists as limited personnel are responsible to collect and deposit monies, issue checks, send checks to vendors, record receipts disbursement in journals, maintain the general ledger, create credit memos, and perform bank reconciliations.

#### Criteria

According to the COSO framework, proper internal control surrounding custody of assets, the recording of transactions, reconciling bank accounts and preparation of financial statements dictates that there should be sufficient accounting personnel so duties of employees are properly segregated. The segregation of duties would provide better control over the assets of the districts.

#### Cause

Management has chosen to allocate economic resources to other functions of the Bottineau County Water Resource District, Boundary Creek Water Resource District, and Oak Creek Water Resource District.

#### **Effect**

The lack of segregation of duties increases the risk of fraud and the risk of misstatement of the Bottineau County Water Resource District, Boundary Creek Water Resource District, and Oak Creek Water Resource District's financial condition.

#### Repeat Finding

Yes.

#### Recommendation

To mitigate the risk associated with this lack of segregation of duties, we recommend the following:

- Financial statements and credit memos should be reviewed by a responsible official.
- Where possible, segregate the functions of approval, posting, custody of assets, and reconciliation as they relate to any amounts which impact the financial statements.

#### **Bottineau County's Response**

We agree that a lack of segregation of duties exists and if the board does hire more administration that duties will be further segregated to the extent possible. We understand that this will be a repeated recommendation due to the limited number of staff employed by the Bottineau County Water Resource District, Boundary Creek Water Resource District, and Oak Creek Water Resource District.

#### **COUNTY OFFICERS**

County Auditor Emily Deschamp County Treasurer/MVD Ann Monson Bobbi Milbrath County Recorder County Sheriff Steve Watson State's Attorney Michael McIntee Clerk of Courts Tammy Knudson Tax Director/Zoning Adm. Taylor Kippen Social Services Kelly Jensen Tanner Hellenbrand 9-1-1 Coordinator Kristy Titus Disaster Emergency Veteran's Service Officer H er Thomps Road Supervisor Official Newspaper Ritchie Gimbel Courant

#### BOTTINEAU COUNTY NORTH DAKOTA



314 West Fifth Street Bottineau, North Dakota 58318 Fax (701) 228-5181

**COUNTY COMMISSIONERS** 1<sup>ST</sup> District LeRoy Rude

2<sup>nd</sup> District

Bottineau, ND 58318

h District

Daniel Marquardt Bottineau, ND 58318

> Lance Kjelshus Souris, ND 58783

Bottineau, ND 58318

Charles Adams Lansford, ND 58750

Date: April 8, 2021

To: Joshua C. Gallion, ND State Auditor

FROM: Emily Deschamp, County Auditor

RE: Bottineau County – 2020 Corrective Action Plan

**Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Acton Plan: Emily Deschamp, County Auditor** 

#### 2020-001 FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

#### **Condition:**

Bottineau County currently does not prepare the financial statements, including various off book adjusting entries and accompanying note disclosures, as required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Thus, management has elected to have the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures.

#### **Corrective Action Plan:**

We Agree. I am aware of the risk of having the State Auditor's Office prepare the financial statements for the county. Preparing the financial statements is something I am willing to learn to complete in the future.

#### **Anticipated Completion Date:**

Fiscal Year 2021

#### 2020-002 IMPROPER BIDDING OF ROAD EQUIPMENT - MATERIAL WEAKNESS - MATERIAL NONCOMPLIANCE

#### **Condition:**

Bottineau County did not advertise for bids for the two lease-purchase agreements of motor graders at a cost of \$674.000. Instead, the County utilized an out of state cooperative purchase agreement that was not applicable to the County.

#### **Corrective Action Plan:**

We Agree. Information was given to Bottineau County that wasn't accurate and I feel we were misled to believe that what we were doing was within the parameters for bidding equipment and followed the ND Century Code. Moving forward Bottineau County will work with OMB and will double check the Century Code to make sure the information that is provided to the County is accurate and follows the NDCC.

#### **Anticipated Completion Date:**

Fiscal Year 2021

## COUNTY OFFICERS County Auditor County Teasurer/MVD County Recorder County Sheriff State's Attorney Clerk of Courts Tax Director/Zoning Adm. Taylor Kippen Social Services Pol-1 Coordinator Disaster Emergency Veteran's Service Officer Road Supervisor Cotagning Richite Cimbel Cofficial Newspaper

## NORTH DAKOTA COU 1<sup>th</sup> District 2<sup>th</sup> District 4<sup>th</sup> District 5<sup>th</sup> District 5<sup>th</sup> District

314 West Fifth Street Bottineau, North Dakota 58318 Fax (701) 228-5181

**BOTTINEAU COUNTY** 

# COUNTY COMMISSIONERS IN District LeRoy Rude Bottineau, ND 58318 2 District Bottineau, ND 58318 3 District Daniel Marquardt Bottineau, ND 58318 4 District Lance Kjelshus Souris, ND 58783 5 District Charles Adams Lansford, ND 58750

#### 2019-001 FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

#### **Condition:**

Bottineau County currently does not prepare the financial statements, including various off book adjusting entries and accompanying note disclosures, as required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Thus, management has elected to have the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend Bottineau County consider the additional risk of having the auditor assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures and consider preparing them in the future.

#### **Current Status of Recommendation:**

Not Implemented. See Current finding at 2020-001.

2019-002 IMPROPER BIDDING OF ROAD EQUIPMENT – MATERIAL WEAKNESS – MATERIAL NONCOMPLIANCE

#### Condition:

Bottineau County did not advertise for bids for the two lease-purchase agreements of motor graders at a cost of \$925,900. Instead, the County utilized an out of state cooperative purchase agreement that was not applicable to the County.

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend that Bottineau County review upcoming lease-purchase agreements of county road machinery to ensure compliance with N.D.C.C. §24-05-04(2)(3). We further recommend that Bottineau County consult with the Office of Management and Budget to ensure compliance with N.D.C.C. §54-44-.4-13(7).

#### **Current Status of Recommendation:**

Implemented in Fiscal Year 2020. However, additional two motor graders were purchased prior to the 2019 audit. See current finding at 2020-002.

Emily Deschamp

County Auditor, Bottineau County

STATE AUDITOR Joshua C. Gallion STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA
OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR
STATE CAPITOL
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#### **GOVERNANCE COMMUNICATION**

Board of County Commissioners Bottineau County Bottineau, North Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bottineau County, North Dakota, for the year ended December 31, 2020 which collectively comprise Bottineau County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 15, 2021. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

### Our Responsibility Under Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in The United States of America, Government Auditing Standards and by the Uniform Guidance

As stated in our engagement letter dated March 9, 2021, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. Because of the concept of reasonable assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material errors, or fraud may exist and not be detected by us.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Bottineau County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bottineau County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit.

#### Significant Accounting Policies/Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Bottineau County are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. Application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended December 31, 2020. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements presented by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements is useful lives of capital assets.

#### **Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements**

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and report them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. The schedule below lists all misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures or provided by management that were corrected by management.

	Client Provided Adjustments		Audit Adjustments		Total Adjustment	
	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Accounts Receivable	68,732	-	-	-	68,732	-
Interest Receivable	3,964	-	-	-	3,964	-
Intergovernmental Receivable	372,006	-	81,194	-	453,200	-
Revenue	-	444,702	-	81,194	-	525,896
Expenditures	342,606	-	147,333	-	489,939	-
Accounts Payable	-	328,155	-	147,333	-	475,488
Salaries Payable	-	14,451	-	-	-	14,451
Revenue	-	-	76,711	-	76,711	-
Grants Received in Advance	-	-	-	76,711	-	76,711
Expenditure	-	-	910,408	-	910,408	-
Capital Lease Proceeds	-	-	-	910,408	-	910,408
Prior Period Adjustment to Restate the						
Beginning Balance of New Position						
Capital Assets, Net	-	-	370,690	-	370,690	-
Beginning Net Position	-	-	-	370,690	-	370,690
WATER RESOURCE DISTRICT						
Intergovernmental Receivable	-	-	209,252	-	209,252	-
Revenue	-	-	-	209,252	-	209,252
Expenditure	-	-	401,223	-	401,223	-
Accounts Payable	-	-	-	401,223	-	401,223
Prior Period Adjustment to Restate the						
Beginning Balance of New Position						
Beginning Net Position	-	-	16,903	-	16,903	-
Capital Assets, Net	-	-	-	16,903	-	16,903

#### **Disagreements with Management**

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, or reporting matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

#### **Management Representations**

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated April 15, 2021.

#### **Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants**

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the County's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### **Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit**

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

#### **Other Audit Findings or Issues**

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of County Commissioners and management of Bottineau County, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used for any other purpose. We would be happy to meet with you and any member of your staff to discuss any of the items in this letter in more detail if you so desire.

Thank you and the employees of Bottineau County for the courteous and friendly assistance we received during the course of our audit. It is a pleasure for us to be able to serve Bottineau County.

/S/

Joshua C. Gallion State Auditor

Bismarck, North Dakota April 15, 2021



NORTH DAKOTA STATE AUDITOR JOSHUA C. GALLION

#### NORTH DAKOTA STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

600 E. Boulevard Ave. Dept. 117 | Bismarck, North Dakota 58505