FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NORTH DAKOTA STATE BOARD OF
OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY PRACTICE
For the Years Ended
June 30, 2019 and 2018

Bismarck, North Dakota June 30, 2019 and 2018

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Yvonne M. Kubis Certified Public Accountant

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice P O Box 4005 Bismarck, ND 58502

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosues in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overal presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.



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Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 8 and on pages 22 and 23 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who consider it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standard generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I did not express opinions or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express opinions or provide any assurance.

Yvonne M. Kubis, CPA

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Bismarck, North Dakota

December 31, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice, we offer the readers of the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

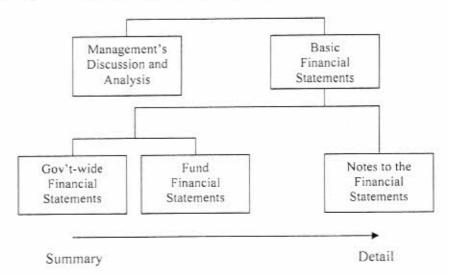
- The assets of the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal years of 2019 and 2018 by \$321,538 and \$280,784
- respectively.
- The governmental Board's total net assets increased by \$40,754 in 2019 and increased by \$12,997 in 2018, primarily due to variances in the governmental type activities net assets.
- As of the close of the fiscal year 2019, the North Dakota State Board of Occupational
 Therapy Practice's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of
 \$321,538 a increase of \$40,754 in comparison with the prior year. As of the close of
 the fiscal year 2018, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of
 \$280,784 an increase of \$12,997 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 99
 percent of the total fund balances of \$321,538 for 2019 and \$280,784 for 2018 were
 available for spending at the Board's discretion at the end of each fiscal year.
- At the end of the fiscal years 2019 and 2018 the unreserved fund balances for the General Fund were \$321,538 and \$2806,784 espectively, or 99 percent of total expenditures for the fiscal years.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's basic financial statements. The Board's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Board through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice.

Management Discussion and Analysis North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice

Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Board's financial status.

The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Board's government. These statements provide more detail than the government funds statements; 1) the governmental funds statements; and 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Board's individual funds. Budgetary information can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Board's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Board's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Board's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Board's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Board's financial condition.

The governmental activities include most of the Board's basic services such as public safety and general administration. Licence renewals and fees finance are most to these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the Board's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice, like all other government entities in North Dakota, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Board's budget ordinance. All of the funds of North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice are categorized under governmental funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Board's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice adopts a biennial budget for its General Fund, as required by the Board. The budget is a document that incorporates input from the Board, the management of the Board, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Board to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Board complied with the budget and whether or not the Board succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board: 2) the final budget as amended by the board: 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 16-21 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 are based on a new era in financial reporting for the North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy

Management Discussion and Analysis North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice

Practice and many other units of government across the United States. Prior to this, the North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice maintained their governmental fund as a separate and very distinct type of accounting without any type of consolidated statement that accurately reflected the operations and net assets of the governmental Board as a whole. These statements were basically the equivalent of the fund financial statements that appear in this report with two account groups, the long-term debt and the general fixed assets, added in.

The changes in the financial statement reporting model are mandated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB Statement 34 dictated the changes you see in the North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's financial reports as well as those of many other units of government. While other units of government were required to implement these changes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 or 2003, the North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice was required to implement Statement 34 as of June 30, 2004.

North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's Net Position

Figure 2

Current Assets	Activities 2019 \$ 391,453	Activities 2018 \$ 392,601
Capital Assets	\$ 391,453	\$ 392,601
Total Assets	\$ 391,433	\$ 392,001
Current Liabilities	69,915	111,817
Total Liabilities	69,915	111,817
Net Position:		
Restricted for Other Purposes	2,535	3,052
Unrestricted	319,003	
Total Net Position	\$ 321,538	\$ 280,784

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice exceeded liabilities by \$321,538 as of June 30, 2019 and by \$280,784 as of June 30, 2018. The Board's net position *increased* by \$40,754 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and *increased* by \$12,997 as of June 30, 2018. The Boards owns no capital assets.

The North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice has had a steady increase in net assets over recent years. Revenues increased in recent years. Late payment fees have increased. Interest income has decreased due to lower interest rates being paid. The decrease in expenses is attributable to Covid related expenses being modified. Legal fee expenditures tend to fluctuate from year to year.

North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's Changes in Net Position

1	Figure 3	
	Governmental Activities 2019	
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 7	\$ 225
General Revenues:		
Licences and Fees	68,785	58,459
Late Fees	4,800	100
Unrestricted Interest Income	2,644	830
Miscellaneous	20	20
Total Revenues	\$ 76,249	\$ 59,409
Expenses:		
General Government	\$ 35,495	\$ 46,412
Total Expenses	35,495	46,412
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	40,754	12,997
Net Position, July 1	280,784	267,787
Net Position, June 30	\$ 321,538	\$ 280,784

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Board's net position by \$40,754 in 2019 and increased the net position by \$12,997 in 2018.

Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

As noted earlier, the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Revenues increased steadily since 2006. The number of OTR renewals and the number of COTA renewals have increased slightly in recent years. Interest income has decreased due to lower interest rates being paid. The decrease in expenses is attributable to Covid related expenses being modified. Legal fee expenditures tend to fluctuate from year to year.

Governmental Funds The focus of the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's governmental funds is to provide information on near-tern inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Management Discussion and Analysis North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice. The unreserved fund balance of the General Fund and the related total fund balance for fiscal years 2019 and 2018 were \$321,292 with a total of \$321,538 and \$280,555 with a total of \$280,784 respectively. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balances and total fund balances to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balances represented about 99 percent of total General Fund expenditures for both years.

At June 30, 2019 the governmental funds of the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice reported fund balances of \$321, 538 and \$280,784 respectively. Year 2019 represented a 13 percent increase over prior year and year 2018 represented an 5 percent increase over the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Revenues for the two year period July 1, 2017 thru June 30, 2019 were more than the budgeted amounts due to an increase in new and renewal license fees. The decrease in expenses is attributable to Covid related expenses being modified. Legal fees tend to fluctuate from year to year, and were less than anticipated.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Board.

- *Reasonable number of licenses
- *A continuing demand for occupational therapists in North Dakota

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities: Revenues are expected to remain stable with a slight increase in new and renewed licenses. Expenses are expected to remain stable. The budget has not been approved.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Board's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to APT, Inc., 2900 E Broadway Ave., Bismarck, ND 58501, 701-224-1815.

Bismarck, North Dakota Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Assets:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 131,134	\$ 284,754
Certificates of Deposit	257,510	107,021
Interest Receivable	2,563	597
Prepaid Expenditures	246	229
Total Current Assets	\$ 391,453	\$ 392,601
Total Assets	\$ 391,453	\$ 392,601
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,535	\$ 3,052
Deferred Revenue	67,380	108,765
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 69,915	\$ 111,817
Total Liabilities	\$ 69,915	\$ 111,817
Net Position:		
Restricted for Other Purposes	\$ 2,535	\$ 3,052
Unrestricted	319,003	277,732
Total Net Position	\$ 321,538	\$ 280,784

Bismarck, North Dakota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Reven	Changes in Net Position Primary	
Functions/Programs Primary Government:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Government Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	35,502	<u>\$</u> 7	\$ 0	\$ (35,495)
Total Primary Government	\$ 35,502	\$ 7	\$ 0	\$ (35,495)
General Revenues:				
Licenses and Fees				\$ 68,785
Late Fees				4,800
Unrestricted Interest Income				2644
Miscellaneous				20
Total General Revenues				\$ 76,249
Changes in Net Position				\$ 40,754
Net Position - Beginning				280,784
Net Position - Ending				\$ 321,538

Bismarck, North Dakota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Program	Revenues	Changes in Net Position Primary	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Government Governmental Activities	
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 46,637	\$ 225	<u>\$</u> 0	\$ (46,412)	
Total Primary Government	\$ 46,637	\$ 225	\$ 0	\$ (46,412)	
General Revenues:					
Licenses and Fees				\$ 58,459	
Late Fees				100	
Interest Income				830	
Miscellaneous				20	
Total General Revenues				\$ 59,409	
Changes in Net Position				12,997	
Net Position - Beginning				267,787	
Net Position - Ending				\$ 280,784	

Bismarck, North Dakota

Balance Sheets - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019 <u>General</u>	2018 <u>General</u>		
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 131,134	\$ 284,754		
Certificates of Deposit	257,510	107,021		
Interest Receivable	2,563	597		
Prepaid Expenditures	246	229		
Total Assets	\$ 391,453	\$ 392,601		
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,535	\$ 3,052		
Deferred Revenues	67,380	108,765		
Total Liabilities	\$ 69,915	\$ 111,817		
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for:				
Prepaid Expenditures	\$ 246	\$ 229		
Unreserved and Undesignated:				
Reported in the General Fund	321,292	280,555		
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$ 321,538	\$ 280,784		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 391,453	\$ 392,601		

Bismarck, North Dakota

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheets to the Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 321,538	\$ 280,784
The Board has no long-term assets or liabilities including property and equipment. Therefore no reconciliation is required between the fund financial statements and the government wide financial statements.	<u></u>	
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 321,538	\$ 280,784

Bismarck, North Dakota

Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

For the Tears Ended 3		2019		2018
Revenues:				eneral
New Licenses	\$	13,298	\$	7,794
Renewed Licences		53,287		48,485
Late Fees		4,800		100
Application Fees		450		750
Interest Income		2,644		830
Limited Permits		1,750		1,430
OTR/COTA List/Labels		7		225
Miscellaneous		20	-	20
Total Revenues	\$	76,256	\$	59,634
Expenditures:				
Management	\$	25,200	\$	25,200
Postage		496		826
Photocopies		114		131
Printing		0		444
Telephone		499		515
Office Supplies		142		602
Web Page Expense		1,245		2,995
Mileage, Board Meetings, Travel		0		300
Conference Calls		0		144
Legal Fees		584		687
Audit		0		1,500
Risk Management		1,077		1,077
Conf/Education		1,488		775
Bank Fees/Pay Pal, CCC Fees		934		3,293
Miscellaneous		53		0
Pro Licensing Board Mgmt Sys tem		3,670		8,148
Database Management (Scanning)	-	0	-	0
Total Expenditures	\$	35,502	<u>S</u>	46,637
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Ç 	40,754	8	12,997
Net Change in Fund Balances		40,754		12,997
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning	\$	280,784	\$	267,787
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Ending	\$	321,538	\$_	280,784

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Bismarck, North Dakota

Reconciliation of the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Net Change in Governmental Fund Balances The Board has no long-term assets or liabilities including property and equipment. Therefore no reconciliation is required between the fund financial statements and	\$ 40,754	\$ 12,997
the government wide financial statements.	0	0
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 40,754	\$ 12,997

NORTH DAKOTA BOARD OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY PRACTICE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018"

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice (the Board) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Board's policies are described below.

A: Nature of Operations

The Board is a statewide administrative agency formed by Statute in 1985 consisting of five members appointed by the Governor of North Dakota. The function and purpose of the Board is to protect citizens of North Dakota from illegal practice of occupational therapy through the administration, coordination, evaluation, and examination of licensure in North Dakota, and to carry out the provisons of Chapter 43-44 of the North Dakota Century Code.

The Board shall set and collect fees for application, initial license, and renewal license, late renewals, and limited permits. These fees must be set in such amounts to reimburse the Board for the cost of services rendered.

B. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity of the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice is determined in accordance with the criteria defined in GASB Statement No. 14, the Financial Reporting Entity.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Board (the primary government). There were no component units.

C. Basis of Presentation and Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the Board). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Board.

NORTH DAKOTA BOARD OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY PRACTICE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont) NOTE 1:

C. Basis of Presentation and Basis of Accounting (continued) The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Indirect expenses - expenses of the general government related to the administration and support of the Board's programs, such as personnel and accounting - are allocated to programs based on their percentage of total primary government expenses.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The Board has the following major governmental funds:

General fund. This is the Board's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Revenue from licenses and fees is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont)

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Board has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments and related standards. These new standards provide for significant changes in terminology and presentation and for the inclusion of Management's Discussion and Analysis as required supplementary information.

The government reports deferred revenues on its balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue meets both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

D. Budget

The Board is not required by North Dakota Law to adopt an annual budget for the General Fund. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

E. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of the materials or services. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are reappropriated in the next year.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or secured with pledges of securities to 110% of the uninsured balance.

State statutes authorize the board to invest in:

- (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, organizations created by an Act of Congress.
- (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- (3) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurane Corporation of the state.
- (4) Obligations of the state.

The investments of the board for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 consisted of certificates of deposit stated at cost. For risk analysis purposes, the cerfiticates of deosit are classied as deposits.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont)

H. Net Position

Net position present the difference between assets and liabilities in the statement of net position. Net assets invested in capital assets are reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by Board legislation or external restrictions by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

I Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recorded for licenses and other fees. Program revenues include income from lists and labels. Membership renewal fees received before June 30, 2019 are for the renewal period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. New licenses issued during April through June 2017 would be good through June of 2019. Revenue is recognized when earned. Fees received in advance are recorded as deferred revenue.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The following is a summary of the cash and investments as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Balance	Balance	
	06/30/19	06/30/18	
Starion Bank - Checking	\$ 11,394	\$ 6,855	
Starion Bank - Savings	119,741	274,045	
Starion Bank - CDs	257,510	107,021	
	\$ 388,645	\$ 387,921	

The following table provides information about the credit risks associated with the Board's cash deposits. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or registered in the name of the Board, or securities held by the Board or its agent in the Board's name; Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Board's name; Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Board's name.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (cont)

June 30, 2019	Ca	ategory 1	Categ	ory 2	Categ	ory 3	Carrying Amount
Checking	\$	11,394	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 11,394
Savings		119,741		0		0	119,741
CDs		257,510		0		0	257,510
	\$	388,645	2	0	-	0	\$ 388,645

June 30, 2018	Catego	ry 1	Categ	ory 2	Categ	ory 3		Amount	
Checking	- CT	,855	\$	0	\$	0	\$	6,855	
Savings	274	,045		0		0		274,045	
CDs	107	,021	19	0		0	0	107,021	
	\$ 387	921	\$	0	\$	0	5	387,921	

NOTE 3: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is exposed to risks including, but not limited to, public liability. The Board has contracted with the State of North Dakota's Risk Management Fund and the North Dakota Workforce Safety Insurance Program to limit the Board's exposure to loss. No claims have been filed against the Board as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, nor have any payments been made on the Board's behalf by the Risk Management Fund by Workforce Safety.

NOTE 4: EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through December 31, 2020 the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Bismarck, North Dakota

Statement of Revenues Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Two Year Period July 1, 2017 thru June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
New Licences	\$ 17	,000	\$	17,000	\$	21,092	\$	4,092
Renewed Licenses	100	,000		00,000		101,772		1,772
Late Fee	4	,500		4,500		4,900		400
Appplication Fees	6	,000		6,000		1,200		(4,800)
Interest Income	2	.000		2,000		3,474		1,474
Limited Permits	1	,600		1,600		3,180		1,580
OTR/COTA List/Labels		700		700		232		(468)
Miscellaneous Income	10-52	300		300	100	40	-	(260)
Total Revenues	\$ 132	2,100	\$	132,100	\$	135,890	<u>\$</u>	3,790
Expenditures:								
General Government								
Association Management	\$ 53	,000	\$	53,000	\$	50,400	\$	2,600
Photocopies		600		600		245		355
Postage	2	2,000		2,000		1,322		678
Telephone/Faxes	9	,200		1,200		1,014		186
Web Page Expense		,200		9,200		4,240		4,960
Office Supplies		750		750		745		5
Advertising		0		0		0		0
Printing		750		750		444		306
Board Meetings		000,1		1,000		301		699
Conference Calls		600		600		143		457
Legal Fees	1	5,000		5,000		2,271		2,729
Risk Management		2,500		2,500		2,153		347
Scanning		1,300		1,300		0		1,300
Audit		1,500		1,500		1,500		0

NORTH DAKOTA BOARD OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY PRACTICE Bismarck, North Dakota

Statement of Revenues Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Two Year Period July 1, 2017 thru June 30, 2019

	Con Budgete	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Amount	Positive (Negative)
Prof Licen. Board Mmgt Sys.	0	0	11,818	(11,818)
Conference/Education	5,000	5,000	2,263	2,737
Miscellaneous /Bank Charges	1,000	1,000	3,920	(2,920)
Total Expenditures	\$ 85,400	\$ 85,400	\$ 82,779	\$ 2,621
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	46,700	46,700	53,111	6,411
Expenditures		o marca di Tariba manga	man Maria	- A
Fund Balance – Beginning	267,787	267,787	267,787	0
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 314,487	\$ 314,487	\$ 320,898	\$ 6,411

Yvonne M. Kubis Certified Public Accountant

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice P. O. Box 4005 Bismarck, ND 58502

I have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated December 31, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audits of the financial statements, I considered the North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Dakota Board of Occupational Practice's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audits I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



701-223-2929 Fax: 701-221-5882

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the North Dakota State Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Frome M. Kubis, CPA

December 31, 2019

Yvonne M. Kubis Certified Public Accountant

COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

December 31, 2019

Board of Trustees North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice P O Box 4005 Bismarck, ND 58502

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. Professional standards require that I provide you with information about my responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of my audit. I have communicated such information in my letter to you dated December 31, 2019. Professional standards also require that I communicate to you the following information related to my audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice are described in Note C to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2019 and 2018. I noted no transactions entered into by North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice during the years for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice was estimating deferred revenue.

Management's estimate of deferred revenue is based on a formula using the date of license renewal or original application. I evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the deferred revenue formula for estimating in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audits.



701-223-2929 Fax: 701-221-5882

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require me to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I am pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of my audit.

Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 31, 2019.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

I generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards with management prior to retention as North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice's auditor. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and my responses were not a condition to my retention.

Other Matters

I applied certain limited procedures to Management Discussion and Analysis, which is required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. My procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Board charged with governance, management of North Dakota Board of Occupational Therapy Practice and the North Dakota Auditor's Office and is not intended to be and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Yvonne M. Kubis, CPA

Loomen Si

December 31, 2019