CITY OF NAPOLEON NAPOLEON, NORTH DAKOTA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

City of Napoleon

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CITY OF NAPOLEON LIST OF OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2019

CITY COUNCIL

Office

Todd Moos
Dawn Foster
Shawn Moch
Rodney Kleppe
Laura Henry
Debbie Sperle
Jon Starkey
Clark Haas

Mayor

EMPLOYEES:

Colleen Fettig Troy Nogosek

City Auditor Chief of Police

Harold J. Rotunda

Certified Public Accountant
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Napoleon Napoleon, North Dakota

I have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of City of Napoleon as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of City of Napoleon as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in the modified cash basis financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the years then ended, in conformance with the modified cash basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. My opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued reports dated December 30, 2022, on my considerations of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Fargo, North Dakota December 30, 2022

PO Box 816 West Fargo, ND 58078 Phone (701) 281-0483 Cell 212-3908

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2019

DECEMBER 31, 2019	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	1,102,414.76	603,133.57	1,705,548.33
Non-current assets:			
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	6,347,958.24	92,107.22	6,440,065.46
	W 222 DO2000	0.000 0.000 0.000	20072-00020
Total Assets	7,450,373.00	695,240.79	8,145,613.79
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts Payable			*
Non-current liabilities:			-
Due within one year:			
Bonds payable	138,165.14		138,165.14
Notes payable			1200 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Due after one year:			
Bonds payable	3,636,768.81		3,636,768.81
Notes payable			:=::
Total liabilities	3,774,933.95	-	3,774,933.95
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,573,024.29	92,107.22	2,665,131.51
Restricted for:			-
Capital projects	509,663.27		509,663.27
Debt service	319,511.51		319,511.51
Unrestricted	273,239.98	603,133.57	876,373.55
Total net position	3,675,439.05	695,240.79	4,370,679.84

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES- MODI YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019	IFIED CASH BA		n Revenues	Revenue & Changes in net position
		Charges for	Operating grants	Governmental
	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	Activities
Governmental activities:				2222 222 222
General government	135,553.82			(135,553.82)
Public safety	124,816.37		Service and	(124,816.37)
Highways and streets	409,718.69		73,701.91	(336,016.78)
Economic development	162,278.80			(162,278.80)
•	116 040 27			(116.040.27)
Interest expense	116,840.37			(116,840.37)
				(=)
Total Governmental Activities	949,208.05	200	73,701.91	(875,506.14)
Business-type activities				
Water	76,843.99	244,509.44		167,665.45
Sewer	45,661.42	72,224.37		26,562.95
Garbage	159,470.33	113,622.40		(45,847.93)
Lagoon	-	12,022.25		12,022.25
100 3 200 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100		,		-
				21
Total Business-type activities	281,975.74	442,378.46	2	160,402.72
Total	1,231,183.79	442,378.46	73,701.91	(715,103.42)
		Governmental	Business-type	Total
Net expense		(875,506.14)	160,402.72	(715,103.42)
		No. 19 and Assessment of the Control		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
General Revenues				
Taxes:		212/01/02/212 (2001)		
Property taxes Sales taxes		184,092.54		184,092.54
		160,798.20		160,798.20
Special assessments State aid		136,990.90		136,990.90
Interest income		162,731.10		162,731.10
Charges for service		3,441.96	-	3,441.96
Other revenue		15,600.37	0.405.74	15,600.37
other revenue		33,226.13	8,405.74	41,631.87
Total General Revenues		696,881.20	8,405.74	705,286.94
Transfers in (out)		30,000.00	(30,000.00)	*
Change in Net Position		(148,624.94)	138,808.46	(9,816.48)
Net Position- January 1		3,824,063.99	556,432.33	4,380,496.32

3,675,439.05

695,240.79

4,370,679.84

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net Position- December 31

CITY OF NAPOLEON BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL OVERNMENTA FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and investments	(23,482.80)	296,722.78	509,663.27	319,511.51	1,102,414.76
Total Assets	(23,482.80)	296,722.78	509,663.27	319,511.51	1,102,414.76
LIABILITIES					
Total liabilities	-	-	-		-
FUND BALANCE Restricted for Capital Projects Restricted for Debt Service Assigned for General Government Unassigned	(23,482.80)	296,722.78	509,663.27	319,511.51	509,663.27 319,511.51 296,722.78 (23,482.80)
Total fund balance	(23,482.80)	296,722.78	509,663.27	319,511.51	1,102,414.76
Toal laibilities and fund balance	(23,482.80)	296,722.78	509,663.27	319,511.51	1,102,414.76

CITY OF NAPOLEON RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2019

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

1,102,414.76

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in governmental funds

Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets

8,262,544.48 1,914,586.24

6,347,958.24

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities- both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at year end are:

Bonds payable

(3,774,933.95)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

3,675,439.05

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

					TOTAL
		SPECIAL	CAPITAL	DEBT	OVERNMENTA
	GENERAL	REVENUE	PROJECTS	SERVICE	FUNDS
					0.000.00.00
Property taxes	152,085.86	32,006.68			184,092.54
Sales taxes		80,399.16		80,399.04	160,798.20
Special Assessments				136,990.90	136,990.90
Intergovernmental	67,481.10	168,951.91			236,433.01
Interest	3,441.96				3,441.96
Charges for services	-	15,600.37			15,600.37
Other	29,946.13	3,280.00			33,226.13
					00,000.10
Total Revenues	252,955.05	300,238.12	-	217,389.94	770,583.11
Current:					
General government	141,000.86	19,198.20			160,199.06
Public safety	118,868.76	5,947.61			124,816.37
Highways and streets		261,999.02			261,999.02
Economic development		162,278.80			162,278.80
Other capital outlays		75			102,270.00
Debt Service					(7)
Principal				135,721.78	125 721 70
Interest expense					135,721.78
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				116,840.46	116,840.46
Total Expenditures	259,869.62	449,423.63		252,562.24	061 955 40
*	,00,.02	117,123.03	1.5	232,302.24	961,855.49
Excess revenues (expenditures)	(6,914.57)	(149,185.51)		(25 172 20)	(101 272 20)
The state of the s	(0,711.57)	(149,103.51)	-	(35,172.30)	(191,272.38)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in				70 000 00	7 0 000 00
Transfers out		(40,000.00)		70,000.00	70,000.00
Bond proceeds		(40,000.00)			(40,000.00)
F. C. C. C.					ē
Total other financing sources and uses	1721	(40,000.00)		70.000.00	@1@11@1@1@1.01
i out out i manering sources and ases	,-	(40,000.00)	17.	70,000.00	30,000.00
Net change in fund balances	(6,914.57)	(190 195 51)		24.025.50	
reconninge in rand balances	(0,914.37)	(189,185.51)	140	34,827.70	(161,272.38)
Fund balance- beginning	(16,568.23)	185 000 20	500 ((2.27	201 (22	12102000011000000 01111
- and calable beginning	(10,300.23)	485,908.29	509,663.27	284,683.81	1,263,687.14
Fund balance- ending	(23,482.80)	206 722 70	500 ((2.27	210 211	
outling	(43,402.00)	296,722.78	509,663.27	319,511.51	1,102,414.76

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF NAPOLEON

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES- MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances- Total Governmental Funds

(161,272.38)

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year.

Current year capital outlay

210,655.24

Current year depreciation expense

333,729.67

(123,074.43)

Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Bonds payable

135,721.87

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

(148,624.94)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- MODIFIED CASH PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019	BASIS Water & Sewer	Garbage	Total
ASSETS Current assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments	606,618.83	(3,485.26)	603,133.57
Non-current assets: Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	92,107.22		92,107.22
Total Assets	698,726.05	(3,485.26)	695,240.79
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts Payable			
Total liabilities	***	-	~
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	92,107.22		92,107.22

606,618.83

698,726.05

(3,485.26)

(3,485.26)

603,133.57

695,240.79

Unrestricted

Total net position

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION- MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

PROPRIETART FUNDS			
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019	Water &		
	Sewer	Garbage	Total
OPERATING REVENUE		100 m	
Charges for services	328,756.06	113,622.40	442,378.46
		•	3.577
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits	54,930.02	61,758.41	116,688.43
Professional fees	7/25	-	-
Insurance	4,268.42	2,439.12	6,707.54
Contract services	~ 3 = .	32,574.81	32,574.81
Electricity	12,487.69	2,802.69	15,290.38
Supplies	23,569.26	3,463.05	27,032.31
Repairs and maintenance	18,388.14	11,293.31	29,681.45
Office expense		200	23,001.13
Lease expense	_	2	5
Depreciation	6,630.06	726	6,630.06
Miscellaneous	2,231.82	3,013.94	
miscontineous	2,231.02	3,013.94	5,245.76
Total operating expenses	122,505.41	117,345.33	239,850.74
Operating income (loss)	206,250.65	(3,722.93)	202,527.72
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)			
Capital outlay	(42,125.00)		(42,125.00)
Other	8,405.74		8,405.74
Total non-operating rev (exp)	(33,719.26)		(33,719.26)
Income (loss) before transfers	172,531.39	(3,722.93)	168,808.46
Transfers in	Ws		
Transfers out	(30,000.00)		
	(50,000.00)		(30,000.00)
Change in net position	142,531.39	(3,722.93)	138,808.46
		∞ord account till to the	150,000.40
Net Position- January 1	556,194.66	237.67	556,432.33
Net Position- December 31	698,726.05	(3,485.26)	695,240.79
		(0,100,20)	093,240.79

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPIETARY FUNDS

PROPIETARY FUNDS			
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019	Water &		
	Sewer	Garbage	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers	328,756.06	113,622.40	442,378.46
Payments to suppliers	(60,945.33)	(55,586.92)	(116,532.25)
Payments to employees	(54,930.02)	27 CO	
Other receipts		(61,758.41)	(116,688.43)
Other receipts	8,405.74	-	8,405.74
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	221,286.45	(3,722.93)	217,563.52
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACT	ΓIVITIES		
Transfers to other funds	-		967
Transfers from other funds	(30,000.00)	3 =	(30,000.00)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing acti	(30,000.00)), 	(30,000.00)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINAL	NCING ACTIVITIE	ES	
Purchase of capital assets	(42,125.00)		(42,125.00)
Principal paid on capital debt	2 F (2		
Interest paid on capital debt	0. 00		_
Debt proceeds	12		277
•			- 1
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related finance	(42,125.00)		(42,125.00)
	(,)		(42,123.00)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest and dividends	-		
			-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities			
, () and any annealing activities		÷	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	149,161.45	(2.722.02)	***
(and cash equivalents	149,101.43	(3,722.93)	145,438.52
Balance- beginning of year	457,457.38	227 (7	
- maner erginning or year	437,437.30	237.67	457,695.05
Balance- end of year	606,618.83	(2.495.26)	NAME OF STREET
Summer end of year	000,018.83	(3,485.26)	603,133.57
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provide			
by operating activities:	ea		
Operating income (loss)	20/ 250 /5	Na 2227027	
	206,250.65	(3,722.93)	202,527.72
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash pro-	vided		
(used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense	2.22		
Depreciation expense	6,630.06	252	6,630.06
Miccellaneous receipts (0 10 -		
Miscellaneous receipts (expense)	8,405.74	120	8,405.74
NO. 1 17 17 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			
Net cash provided by operating activities	221,286.45	(3,722.93)	217,563.52

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31 2018

DECEMBER 31, 2018	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS Current assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments	1,263,687.14	457,695.05	1,721,382.19
Non-current assets: Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	6,471,032.87	98,737.28	6,569,770.15
Total Assets	7,734,720.01	556,432.33	8,291,152.34
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts Payable			-
Non-current liabilities: Due within one year: Bonds payable Notes payable	135,721.87		- 135,721.87 -
Due after one year: Bonds payable Notes payable	3,774,933.95	, -	3,774,933.95
Total liabilities	3,910,655.82	-	3,910,655.82
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	2,560,377.05	98,737.28	2,659,114.33
Restricted for: Capital projects Debt service Unrestricted	509,663.27 284,683.81 469,340.06	457,695.05	509,663.27 284,683.81 927,035.11
Total net position	3,824,064.19	556,432.33	4,380,496.52

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -13-

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES- M YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 20			Ro m Revenues Operating grants	evenue & Changes in net position Governmental
	Expenses		and Contributions	Activities
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Highways and streets Economic development	146,444.84 122,583.23 415,440.10 15,500.00		73,768.25	(146,444.84) (122,583.23) (341,671.85) (15,500.00)
Interest expense	121,922.53			(121,922.53)
Total Governmental Activities	821,890.70	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	73,768.25	(748,122.45)
Business-type activities				
Water Sewer Garbage Lagoon	104,297.24 35,859.41 105,494.75	182,822.10 70,634.72 103,960.76 13,035.95		78,524.86 34,775.31 (1,533.99) 13,035.95
				- - - -
Total Business-type activities	245,651.40	370,453.53	-	124,802.13
Total	1,067,542.10	370,453.53	73,768.25	(623,320.32)
Net expense		Governmental (748,122.45)	Business-type 124,802.13	Total (623,320.32)
General Revenues Taxes:				
Property taxes Sales taxes Special assessments State aid Interest income Charges for service Other revenue		169,039.63 151,620.93 114,314.86 60,724.21 107.09 15,054.92 25,243.64	- 8,090.26	169,039.63 151,620.93 114,314.86 60,724.21 107.09 15,054.92 33,333.90
Total General Revenues		536,105.28	8,090.26	544,195.54
Transfers in (out)		30,000.00	(30,000.00)	=
Change in Net Position		(182,017.17)	102,892.39	(79,124.78)
Net Position- January 1		4,006,081.36	453,539.94	4,459,621.30
Net Position- December 31		3,824,064.19	556,432.33	4,380,496.52

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF NAPOLEON BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2018

DECEMBER 31, 2018 ASSETS	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash and investments	(16,568.23)	485,908.29	509,663.27	284,683.81	1,263,687.14
Total Assets	(16,568.23)	485,908.29	509,663.27	284,683.81	1,263,687.14
LIABILITIES					
Total liabilities	Œ	iā.	: * :	141	2 7.
FUND BALANCE Restricted for Capital Projects Restricted for Debt Service Assigned for General Government Unassigned	(16,568.23)	485,908.29	509,663.27	284,683.81	509,663.27 284,683.81 485,908.29 (16,568.23)
Total fund balance	(16,568.23)	485,908.29	509,663.27	284,683.81	1,263,687.14
Toal laibilities and fund balance	(16,568.23)	485,908.29	509,663.27	284,683.81	1,263,687.14

CITY OF NAPOLEON RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

1,263,687.14

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in governmental funds

Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets

8,051,889.44 1,580,856.57

6,471,032.87

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities- both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at year end are:

Bonds payable

(3,910,655.82)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

3,824,064.19

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Property taxes Sales taxes Special Assessments	142,099.46	26,940.17 75,810.49		75,810.44 114,314.86	169,039.63 151,620.93 114,314.86
Intergovernmental Interest	60,724.21 107.09	73,768.25			134,492.46 107.09
Charges for services Other	23,300.97	15,054.92 1,942.67			15,054.92 25,243.64
Total Revenues	226,231.73	193,516.50	=	190,125.30	609,873.53
Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets Economic development Other capital outlays Debt Service	136,952.72 116,209.14	9,492.12 6,374.09 89,528.45 15,500.00			146,444.84 122,583.23 89,528.45 15,500.00
Principal Interest expense				131,514.71 121,922.53	131,514.71 121,922.53
Total Expenditures	253,161.86	120,894.66	100	253,437.24	627,493.76
Excess revenues (expenditures)	(26,930.13)	72,621.84	=	(63,311.94)	(17,620.23)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Bond proceeds	1,791.75	(41,791.75)		70,000.00	71,791.75 (41,791.75)
Total other financing sources and u	1,791.75	(41,791.75)	-	70,000.00	30,000.00
Net change in fund balances	(25,138.38)	30,830.09	.=	6,688.06	12,379.77
Fund balance- beginning	8,570.15	455,078.20	509,663.27	277,995.75	1,251,307.37
Fund balance- ending	(16,568.23)	485,908.29	509,663.27	284,683.81	1,263,687.14

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF NAPOLEON RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES- MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances- Total Governmental Funds

12,379.77

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year.

Current year capital outlay Current year depreciation expense

325,911.65

(325,911.65)

Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Bonds payable

131,514.71

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

(182,017.17)

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- MODIFIED PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018	CASH BASIS Water & Sewer	Garbage	Total
ASSETS Current assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments	457,457.38	237.67	457,695.05
Non-current assets: Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	98,737.28		98,737.28
Total Assets	556,194.66	237.67	556,432.33
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts Payable Non-current liabilities: Due within one year: Bonds payable Notes payable Due after one year: Bonds payable Notes payable Notes payable Notes payable			
Total liabilities	-	::5	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects Debt service	98,737.28		98,737.28
Unrestricted	457,457.38	237.67	457,695.05

556,194.66

237.67

556,432.33

Total net position

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION- MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS			
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018	Water &		
	Sewer	Garbage	Total
OPERATING REVENUE			Transportation - Appropriate Processing
Charges for services	266,492.77	103,960.76	370,453.53
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits	58,119.74	61,637.45	119,757.19
Professional fees	50,115.74	01,037.13	-
Insurance	3,222.24	1,841.28	5,063.52
Contract services	339.50	29,003.36	29,342.86
Electricity	10,717.68	2,416.35	13,134.03
277	31,492.31	6,517.26	38,009.57
Supplies Paraira and maintanance	14,831.39	2,901.17	17,732.56
Repairs and maintenance	14,031.39	2,901.17	17,732.30
Office expense	:=6	-	5- -
Lease expense	10.200.06	5	10.280.06
Depreciation	19,280.06	1 177 00	19,280.06
Miscellaneous	2,153.73	1,177.88	3,331.61
Total operating expenses	140,156.65	105,494.75	245,651.40
Operating income (loss)	126,336.12	(1,533.99)	124,802.13
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)			
Other	8,090.26	25	8,090.26
	5,755,507,5		0,070.20
Total non-operating rev (exp)	8,090.26	o = -	8,090.26
Income (loss) before transfers	134,426.38	(1.522.00)	122 802 20
medite (1033) before transfers	134,420.36	(1,533.99)	132,892.39
Transfers in			_
Transfers out	(30,000.00)		(30,000.00)
	(50,500.00)		(30,000.00)
Change in net position	104,426.38	(1,533.99)	102,892.39
1000 10	to the resource of the first of	is about the second section of the second block of the second bloc	1.5×5 == 2×5×1.00 (10 m)
Not Position January 1	451.7/0.20	1 771 66	Orea reason was
Net Position- January 1	451,768.28	1,771.66	453,539.94
Net Position- December 31	556,194.66	237.67	556,432.33
	000,121.00	237.07	220,432.33

CITY OF NAPOLEON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS- MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPIETARY FUNDS

PROPIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018	Water & Sewer	Garbage	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Other receipts	266,492.77 (62,756.85) (58,119.74) 8,090.26	103,960.76 (43,857.30) (61,637.45)	370,453.53 (106,614.15) (119,757.19) 8,090.26
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	153,706.44	(1,533.99)	152,172.45
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	ACTIVITIES		
Transfers to other funds Transfers from other funds	(30,000.00)	19	(30,000.00)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(30,000.00)	11 - 2	(30,000.00)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED F. Purchase of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Debt proceeds Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	INANCING ACT	IVITIES	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends	i.	-	÷:
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	n -	-	40
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	123,706.44	(1,533.99)	122,172.45
Balance- beginning of year	333,750.94	1,771.66	335,522.60
Balance- end of year	457,457.38	237.67	457,695.05
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash pr by operating activities:	rovided		
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash (used) by operating activities:	126,336.12 h provided	(1,533.99)	124,802.13
Depreciation expense	19,280.06	-	19,280.06
Miscellaneous receipts (expense)	8,090.26	-1	8,090.26
Net cash provided by operating activities	153,706.44	(1,533.99)	152,172.45

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF NAPOLEON NAPOLEON, NORTH DAKOTA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Napoleon (City) have been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City. The City has considered all potential component units for which the City is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the City such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Based on these criteria, there are no component units.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING Government-wide statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity, Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenses/expenditures. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The City currently has no fiduciary funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds: General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Fund- This fund accounts for financial resources that exist for special purposes. The major sources of revenues is property taxes, sales taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Capital Projects Funds. Capital project funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

Debt Service funds. Debt funds are used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal and interest on the City's debt. The City annually levies special assessments restricted for the retirement of debt.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds: Water and sewer- accounts for operating activities of the City's water and sewer utility services.

Sanitation- accounts for operating activities of the City's sanitation services

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues and expenditures when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgets

Based upon available financial information and requests by the city council, the auditor prepares the City budget. The budget is prepared for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds on the modified cash basis of accounting. The budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

City taxes must be levied by the governing board on or before October 7. The taxes levied must be certified to the County auditor by October 10. The governing body of the City may amend its tax levy and budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year, but the certification must be filed with the County auditor by October 10. The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.

E. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts and certificates of deposits with maturity of less than 90 days. Investments consist of certificates of deposits, with a maturity date in excess of 90 days, stated at cost.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Net estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of assets acquired prior to January 1, 2004. Prior to January 1, 2004, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS

YEARS

Permanent Buildings 50
Vehicles and equipment 10

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted - This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the city council-the City's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The council has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the City's preference is to first use restricted resources, then unrestricted resources-committed, assigned, and unassigned-in order as needed.

The council has set a General Fund minimum fund balance target at 10% of expenditures and recurring transfers.

I. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

J. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the City requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

BUDGET AMENDMENTS
The Council did not amend the City budget for 2019.

EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS
The City did not overspend any budgets

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institution situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposit not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United State government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, notes, warrants, and certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies, instrumentalities, or by any City, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States, or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2019, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,705,548. Of the bank balances, \$350,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$1,355,548 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

At December 31, 2018, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,726,636. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$1,476,636 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the City to invest in:(1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress.(2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above.(3) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation or the state.(4) Obligations of the state.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City does not have a limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4: PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes receivable represents the past five years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable.

The County treasurer acts as and agent to collect property taxes levied in the County for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

The following is a summ	ary of chang	es for the	year ended I	December 31, 20
	Balance	_		Balance
Governmental activities		Increases	Decreases	December 31
Infrastructure		106 010		7 660 010
	7,483,808			7,669,818
Bldgs and Improvements	319,132			319,132
Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets	248,949			273,594
Total Cap Assets	8,051,889	210,655		8,262,544
Less accumulated deprec				
Infrastructure	1,232,956			1,550,909
Buildings & Improve	119,724			127,843
Vehicles & Equip	228,177			235,835
Total Accumulated Dep				1,914,586
Total Cap Assets, Net	6,471,033			6,347,958
Business-type activitie	S			
Bldgs and Improvements	509.149			509,14
Vehicles & Equipment vv	vv 143,245			143,245
Total Cap Assets				652,394
Less accumulated deprec				032,334
Buildings & Improve	423,808	4,956		100 760
Vehicles & Equip	129,849			428,763
Total Accumulated Dep	553,657			131,523
Total Cap Assets, Net	98,737	0,030		560,287 92,107
The following is a summa	ary of change	es for the y	ear ended D	ecember 31, 201
The following is a summa	ary of change Balance January 1		ear ended D	December 31, 201 Balance December 31
Governmental activities	Balance January 1			Balance
Governmental activities Infrastructure	Balance January 1 7,483,808			Balance
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements	January 1 7,483,808 319,132			Balance December 31
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949			Balance December 31 7,483,808
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements	January 1 7,483,808 319,132			Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889			Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889			Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 ation for:	Increases		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 ation for: 933,603 111,605 209,737	Increases		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip Total Accumulated Dep	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 ation for: 933,603 111,605	299,352 8,119		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724 228,177
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 ation for: 933,603 111,605 209,737	299,352 8,119 18,440		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip Total Accumulated Dep	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 ation for: 933,603 111,605 209,737 1,254,945 6,796,945	299,352 8,119 18,440		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724 228,177 1,580,857
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip Total Accumulated Dep Total Cap Assets, Net	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 ation for: 933,603 111,605 209,737 1,254,945 6,796,945	299,352 8,119 18,440		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724 228,177 1,580,857 6,471,033
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip Total Accumulated Dep Total Cap Assets, Net Business-type activities	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 ation for: 933,603 111,605 209,737 1,254,945 6,796,945	299,352 8,119 18,440		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724 228,177 1,580,857 6,471,033
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip Total Accumulated Dep Total Cap Assets, Net Business-type activities Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 .ation for: 933,603 111,605 209,737 1,254,945 6,796,945	299,352 8,119 18,440		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724 228,177 1,580,857 6,471,033
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip Total Accumulated Dep Total Cap Assets, Net Business-type activities Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 .ation for: 933,603 111,605 209,737 1,254,945 6,796,945	299,352 8,119 18,440		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724 228,177 1,580,857 6,471,033
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip Total Accumulated Dep Total Cap Assets, Net Business-type activities Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 ation for: 933,603 111,605 209,737 1,254,945 6,796,945 509,149 143,245 652,394 ation for:	299,352 8,119 18,440 325,912		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724 228,177 1,580,857 6,471,033 509,149 143,245 652,394
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip Total Accumulated Dep Total Cap Assets, Net Business-type activities Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Buildings & Improve	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 ation for: 933,603 111,605 209,737 1,254,945 6,796,945 509,149 143,245 652,394 ation for: 418,852	299,352 8,119 18,440 325,912		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724 228,177 1,580,857 6,471,033 509,149 143,245 652,394
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip Total Accumulated Dep Total Cap Assets, Net Business-type activities Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equipment	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 ation for: 933,603 111,605 209,737 1,254,945 6,796,945 509,149 143,245 652,394 ation for: 418,852 115,525	299,352 8,119 18,440 325,912		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724 228,177 1,580,857 6,471,033 509,149 143,245 652,394 423,808 129,849
Governmental activities Infrastructure Bldgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Less accumulated depreci Infrastructure Buildings & Improve Vehicles & Equip Total Accumulated Dep Total Cap Assets, Net Business-type activities Budgs and Improvements Vehicles & Equipment Total Cap Assets Jenson Cap	Balance January 1 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 ation for: 933,603 111,605 209,737 1,254,945 6,796,945 509,149 143,245 652,394 ation for: 418,852	299,352 8,119 18,440 325,912		Balance December 31 7,483,808 319,132 248,949 8,051,889 1,232,956 119,724 228,177 1,580,857 6,471,033 509,149 143,245 652,394

Depreciation Expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

	2019	2018
Governmental Activities:		
Public safety	5,049	5,049
Highways & streets	317,953	299,352
General government	10,728	21,511
Total	333,730	325,912
Business-type activities		
Water and sewer	6,630	19,280

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes	in	Long-Term	Debt	during	the	year	ended	December	31, 2	019:
		Payal	ole					Payable	Due	Within
		2018		Increa	ases	Decr	eases	2019	One	Year
Bonds pa	ayab	le 3,910,6	656			135,	722	3,774,934	1 138	,165

Changes in Lo	ng-Term Debt	during t	the	year	ended	December	31, 2	018:
	Payable					Payable		Within
	2017	Increas	ses	Decre	eases	2018	One	Year
Bonds payable	4,042,171			131,	515	3,910,656	135	,722

Debt payable at December 31, 2019, is comprised of the following individual issues:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Balance Outstanding
	Partition of a first of the second		
Improvement bond 2014	06/01/2045	3.000%	907,933
Improvement bond 2014	06/01/2045	3.000%	911,151
Improvement bond 2008	06/01/2039	3.000%	1,080,850
Improvement bond 2008	06/01/2033	4.375%	875,000
Total			3,774,934

The annual long-term debt service requirements are as follows:
Year Ending Long-Term Debt

Year Ending	Long-Term	Debt		
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020			138,165	113,460
2021			145,818	109,932
2022			148,480	106,307
2023			151,221	102,192
2024			153,980	98,058
2025-2029			850,435	418,776
2030-2034			919,455	270,556
2035-2039			721,485	143,326
2040-2044			448,050	53,496
2045			97,845	2,464
TOTAL			3,774,934	1,418,566

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

The City participates in the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) administered by the State of North Dakota. Following is a brief description of the plan:

PERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Dakota. PERS provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. If an active employee dies with less than three years of credited service, a death benefit equal to the value of the employee's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the employee's beneficiary. If the employee has earned more than three years of credited service, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, lifetime monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the employees accrued normal retirement benefit, 60 monthly payments equal to the employee's accrued normal retirement benefit calculated as if the employee were age 65 the day before death occurred or monthly payments in an amount equal to the employee's accrued 100% joint and survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to death. If the surviving spouse dies before the employee's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be paid to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible employees, who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits that are equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the employee must meet the criteria established by the Retirement Board for being considered totally disabled.

Employees are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85, or at the normal retirement age (65). The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64, with three or more years of service.

Benefit and contribution provisions are administered in accordance with chapter 54-52 of the North Dakota Century Code. This state statute requires that 7% of the participants annual covered salary be contributed to the plan by either the employee or by the employer under a "salary reduction" agreement. The City is required to contribute 7.12% of each participant's salary as the employer's share. The City is required to contribute 1.14% of each participating covered wage to a prefunded retiree health insurance program. The required contributions are determined using an entry age normal actuarial funding method and are included in state statute. The North Dakota Retirement Board was created by the State Legislature and is the governing authority of PERS. The City's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$13,624, \$14,011, and \$11,313, respectively, equal to the required contributions for the year.

PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. That report may be obtained on the NDPERS website.

NOTE 8.DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The following fund balances had deficits at December 31, 2019:

General 23,483 Will be eliminated with taxes.
Garbage 3,485 Will be eliminated with charges.

The following fund balances had deficits at December 31, 2018:

General 16,568 Will be eliminated with taxes.

NOTE 9: TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to 1) move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs 2) move sales tax revenues to fund programs and projects and 3) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service funds as debt service principal and interest payments become due.

General Fund	Transfer in	Transfer out
Special Revenue Fund Debt Service Fund	70,000	40,000
Total Governmental Funds	70,000	40,000
Water & Sewer Fund		30,000
Total	70,000	70,000

2018 General Fund	Transfer in 1,792	Transfer out
Special Revenue Fund Capital Project Fund		41,792
Debt Service Fund	70,000	
Total Governmental Funds	71,792	41,792
Water & Sewer Fund Sanitation Fund		30,000
Total Enterprise Funds		30,000
Total	71,792	71,792

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters

In 1986 state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The City pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability and automobile insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of one million dollars per occurrence.

The State Bonding Fund currently provides the City with blanket fidelity bond coverage for its employees. The State Bonding fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The City has workers compensation with the Workforce, Safety and Insurance and purchases commercial insurance for personal property, building, inland marine, and boiler and machinery.

CITY OF NAPOLEON

REPORTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

City of Napoleon Table of Contents

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Harold J. Rotunda

Certified Public Accountant

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Governing Board City of Napoleon Napoleon, North Dakota

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of City of Napoleon as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated December 30, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered City of Napoleon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. I did identify two deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that I consider to be a significant deficiency (2019-001 and 2019-002).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Napoleon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

City's Response to Findings

City of Napoleon's response to the finding identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. City of Napoleon's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harold Rotunda, CPA December 30, 2022 CITY OF NAPOLEON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of Report Issued?

Governmental Activities Unmodified
Business-type Activities Unmodified
Major Funds Unmodified

Internal Control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified not

Considered to be material weaknesses

Noncompliance material to financial statements

Noted?

Yes X No

Section II- Financial Statement Findings

2019-001 Segregation of Duties Criteria

To provide reasonable assurance that segregation of duties takes place while also taking into account the size of the City.

Condition

The City Auditor is responsible for all accounting functions involved. The employee handles all income of monies, prepares the receipts documents, prepares the deposits, issues all checks and distributes them, receives the bank statements and does the reconciliations. The employee also records the receipts and disbursements to the journals and maintains the general ledger. Considering the size of the City, it is not feasible to obtain proper segregation of duties and the degree of internal control is severely limited.

Cause

The City Auditor is the employee responsible for all functions and due to the City's size, they are unable to hire additional staff.

Effect

Lack of segregation of duties leads to a limited degree of internal control.

Recommendation

The City should separate the duties when it becomes feasible.

CITY OF NAPOLEON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

Management's Response

Some procedures to promote segregation of duties have been implemented. Funds are counted by other individuals prior to being given to the Auditor to receipt and deposit at the various financial institutions. The Council reviews and approves bills before payments are made. The Mayor reviews and signs all checks written. The City will formally segregate other duties when feasible.

2019-002 Financial Statement Preparation Criteria

An appropriate system of internal controls requires that a City make a determination that financial statements and the underlying general ledger accounts are properly stated in compliance with the modified cash basis of accounting. This requires the City's personnel to maintain a working knowledge of current modified cash basis of accounting required financial statement disclosures.

Condition

The City's auditor prepared the financial statements for the year ended. In addition, adjusting entries were proposed to bring the financial statements into compliance with the modified cash basis of accounting. An appropriate system of internal controls requires that a City must make a determination that financial statements and the underlying general ledger accounts are properly stated in compliance with the modified cash basis. This requires the City's personnel to maintain a working knowledge of current accounting principles in accordance with the modified cash basis.

Cause

The City does not have the resources to prepare full modified cash basis financial statements.

Effect

The City currently does not maintain the working knowledge of current accounting principles for the modified cash basis and required financial statement disclosures to make a determination that financial statements are properly stated in compliance with the modified cash basis.

Recommendation

Compensating controls could be provided through client preparation of the financial statement preparation and/or review function.

Management's Response

Management agrees that it is currently not cost-effective.