# **AUDIT REPORT**

SOUTH HEART PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 9 South Heart, North Dakota

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

RATH & MEHRER, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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### SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS

Randy Kudrna President

Jesse Olson Vice President

Jon Jacobson Board Member

Gordon Krance Board Member

Lynette Silbernagel Board Member

Calvin Dean Administrator

Kristine Mehrer Business Manager

## Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA 425 North Fifth Street Bismarck, ND 58501 Phone 701-258-4560 Fax 701-258-4983

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board South Heart Public School District No. 9 South Heart, North Dakota

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Heart Public School District No. 9, South Heart, North Dakota, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the school district's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the school district's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Heart Public School District No. 9, South Heart, North Dakota, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 10, budgeting comparison information on pages 45 through 47, and the schedule of employer's share of net pension liability on pages 48 through 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the school district's basic financial statements. The schedules of fund activity arising from client transactions are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of fund activity arising from client transactions are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of fund activity arising from client transactions are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2019 on our consideration of the school district's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the school district's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

December 27, 2019

### SOUTH HEART PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 9

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019 and 2018

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the South Heart Public School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the school district's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the school district's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes.

The MD&A is a new element of the Required Supplementary Information specified in the Government Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments". Certain comparative information between the current fiscal year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

- \* Net position of the school district increased \$33,832 as a result of the current year's operations.
- \* Governmental net position as of the end of the fiscal year totaled \$2,711,604.
- \* Total revenues from all sources were \$5,527,229.
- \* Total expenses were \$5,493,397.
- \* The school district's general fund had \$4,535,051 in total revenues and \$4,589,653 in total expenditures. Overall, the general fund balance decreased by \$54,602 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Key financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

- \* Net position of the school district increased \$220,455 as a result of the current year's operations.
- \* Governmental net position as of the end of the fiscal year totaled \$2,677,773.
- \* Total revenues from all sources were \$5,276,339.
- \* Total expenses were \$5,055,884.
- \* The school district's general fund had \$4,267,113 in total revenues and \$4,296,848 in total expenditures. Overall, the general fund balance decreased by \$29,735 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of a series of statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand the school district as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole school district, presenting both an aggregate view of the school district's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. These statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the school district's general fund, sinking and interest fund and building fund with all other governmental funds presented in total in one column.

### REPORTING ON THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

### Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

These statements are summaries of all the funds used by the school district to provide programs and activities and attempt to answer the question "How did the school district do financially during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018?"

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the district's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the school district is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the school district's net position changed during the fiscal year. This statement is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which means that all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused sick leave and/or vacation leave).

These two statements report the school district's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the school district as a whole, the financial position of the school district has improved or deteriorated. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the school district reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the school district's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of buildings and grounds, student transportation and co-curricular activities.

### REPORTING ON THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

### Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

The school district uses separate funds to account for and manage money dedicated for particular purposes (e.g. taxes collected from special mill levies and funds received from grants and donations). The fund basis financial statements allow the school district to demonstrate its stewardship over and accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the school district's major funds. Using the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 34, the school district's general fund, sinking and interest fund and building fund are considered "major funds".

The school district's other funds, which are used to account for a multitude of financial transactions, are summarized under the heading "Other Governmental Funds".

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table I provides a summary of the school district's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018. A comparative analysis of district-wide data is presented for both current years and prior year.

As indicated in the financial highlights above, the school district's net position increased by \$33,832 and by \$220,455 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Changes in net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the school district's financial position.

The school district's net position of \$2,711,604, as of June 30, 2019 is segregated into three separate categories. Net investment in capital assets totals \$4,040,104. It should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending. The restricted component of net position is \$683,866 of the school district's net position and represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent. The remaining unrestricted component of net position is (\$2,012,366) which includes (\$2,943,093) relating to the reporting of it's share of the unfunded liability for the North Dakota Teachers Fund for Retirement and the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System as required by GASB Statement No. 68. The net amount of \$930,727 is available to meet the school district's ongoing obligations.

The school district's net position of \$2,677,773, as of June 30, 2018 is segregated into three separate categories. Net investment in capital assets totals \$3,856,330. It should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending. The restricted component of net position is \$606,969 of the school district's net position and represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent. The remaining unrestricted component of net position is (\$1,785,526) which includes (\$2,711,650) relating to the reporting of it's share of the unfunded liability for the North Dakota Teachers Fund for Retirement as required by GASB Statement No. 68. The net amount of \$926,124 is available to meet the school district's ongoing obligations.

Table I

Net Position
As of June 30, 2019 and 2018
(With comparative totals for June 30, 2017)

	2019	2018	2017
Assets			
Current Assets	1,700,855	1,658,294	2,749,265
Capital Assets (net of			
accumulated depreciation)	14,933,342	15,115,214	8,298,029
Total Assets	16,634,197	16,773,508	11,047,294
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,168,970	1,135,211	1,190,682
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	595,922	714,198	179,498
Long-Term Liabilities	10,383,578	10,669,888	5,927,518
Net Pension Liability	3,978,779	3,798,095	3,646,945
Total Liabilities	14,958,279	15,182,181	9,753,961
Deferred Inflows of Resources	133,284	48,766	26,698
Net Position	·		
Net Investment in			
Capital Assets	4,040,104	3,856,330	2,235,512
Restricted	683,866	606,969	1,731,971
Unrestricted	(2,012,366)	(1,785,526)	(1,510,165)
Total Net Position	2,711,604	2,677,773	2,457,317
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Table II shows the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. A comparative analysis of district-wide data is presented for both current years and prior year.

# Table II Changes in Net Position As of June 30, 2019 and 2018 (With comparative totals for June 30, 2017)

	2019	2018	2017
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	265,863	287,273	226,838
Operating Grants and			
Contributions	439,010	525,587	354,551
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	1,592,747	1,412,411	1,811,971
Other Taxes	696,491	674,893	636,442
State Aid - Unrestricted	2,479,745	2,299,503	2,394,532
Federal Aid - Unrestricted	44		1,565
Interest Earnings and			178
Other Revenue	53,329	76,672	12,291
Total Revenues	5,527,229	5,276,339	5,438,191
Expenses		-	
Regular Instruction	2,509,201	2,347,529	2,078,213
Federal Programs	82,914	80,016	83,180
Special Education	489,686	421,790	455,324
Vocational Education	201,768	196,956	195,143
District Wide Services	29,693		314,020
Administration	432,874	424,826	400,327
Operations and Maintenance	415,903	409,802	1,106,514
Student Transportation	307,800	290,538	243.038
Student Activities	204,372	203,001	199,411
Early Childhood Education	13,666	17,635	14,762
Tuition and Assessments	81,510	71,002	61,577
Food Services	263,785	259,466	237,520
Other	489	12,353	31,824
Interest on Long-Term Debt	193,569	229,225	76,280
Discount on Bonds Issued	200,000	8,951	
Unallocated Depreciation	266,167	82,796	56,726
Total Expenses	5,493,397	5,055,884	5,553,859
Net Change in Position	33,832	220,455	(115,669)
area	2005555555		

Property taxes constituted 29%, unrestricted state aid 45%, operating grants and contributions 8% and charges for services made up 5% of the total revenues of governmental activities of the school district for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Regular instruction constituted 46%, federal programs 2%, special education 9% and vocational education 4% of total expenses for governmental activities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Property taxes constituted 27%, unrestricted state aid 44%, operating grants and contributions 10% and charges for services made up 5% of the total revenues of governmental activities of the school district for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Regular instruction constituted 46%, federal programs 2%, special education 8% and vocational education 4% of total expenses for governmental activities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table III shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and other unrestricted revenues.

Table III

### Total and Net Cost of Services As of June 30, 2019

	Total Cost Year Ended June 30, 2019	Net Cost Year Ended June 30, 2019
Regular Instruction	2,509,201	2,470,575
Federal Programs	82,914 489,686	426,352
Special Education Vocational Education	201,768	116,218
District Wide Services	29,693	29,693
Administration	432,874	432,874
Operations and Maintenance	415,903	415,903
Student Transportation	307,800	118,004
Student Activities	204,372	204,372
Early Childhood Education	13,666	13,666
Tuition and Assessments	81,510	81,510
Food Services	263,785	19,131
Other	489	489
Interest on Long-Term Debt	193,569	193,569
Unallocated Depreciation	266,167	266,167
Total Expenses	5,493,397	4,788,524
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### Total and Net Cost of Services As of June 30, 2018

	Total Cost Year Ended June 30, 2018	Net Cost Year Ended June 30, 2018
Regular Instruction Federal Programs	2,347,529 80,016	2,205,230
Special Education	421,790	342,047
Vocational Education	196,956	165,178
Administration	424,826	424,826
Operations and Maintenance	409,802	325,197
Student Transportation	290,538	110,049
Student Activities	203,001	203,001
Early Childhood Education	17,635	17,635
Tuition and Assessments	71,002	71,002
Food Services	259,466	45,535
Other	12,353	12,353
Interest on Long-Term Debt	229,225	229,225
Discount on Bonds Issued	8,951	8,951
Unallocated Depreciation	82,796	82,796
Total Expenses	5,055,884	4,243,024
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### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The purpose of the school district's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows and balances of available resources. Unassigned fund balance generally can be used as a measure of the school district's net resources available for spending as of the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The school district's governmental funds had total revenue of \$5,438,642 and expenditures of \$5,602,863 for the year ended June 30, 2019. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the school district's governmental funds had total revenue of \$5,270,689 and expenditures of \$12,190,024. As of June 30, 2019, the unassigned fund balance of the school district's general fund was \$875,264. As of June 30, 2018, the unassigned fund balance of the school district's general fund was \$929,866 and total unassigned balances for all the school district's governmental funds was \$926,680.

### GENERAL FUND BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

During the course of fiscal years 2019 and 2018, the school district did not amend the general fund budgets.

Actual revenue for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$23,623 more than budgeted. Actual expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019 were over budget by \$78,019.

Actual revenue for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$32,670 more than budgeted. Actual expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2018 were over budget by \$64,409.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the school district had \$14,933,342 and \$15,115,214, respectively, invested in capital assets. Table IV shows the balances as of June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017.

Table IV
Capital Assets
(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)
As of December 31, 2019 and 2018
(With comparative totals for December 31, 2017)

	2019	2018	2017
Land Construction in Progress	100,000	100,000	100,000 5,804,314
Buildings Vehicles	14,734,152 99,190	2,164,319 122,895	2,247,115 146,600
Total (net of depreciation)	14,933,342	15,115,214	8,298,029

The June 30, 2019 total represents a decrease of \$181,872 in capital assets from July 1, 2018. The June 30, 2018 total represents an increase of \$6,817,185 in capital assets from July 1, 2017. The variance in construction in progress and buildings, for the years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018, were due to school construction. For a breakdown of the additions and deletions to capital assets, readers are referred to Note 7 to the audited financial statements which follow this analysis.

### DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of June 30, 2019, the school district had \$10,893,238 in outstanding debt, of which \$509,660 was due within one year. As of June 30, 2018, the school district had \$11,258,884 in outstanding debt, of which \$588,996 was due within one year.

During fiscal years 2019 and 2018, the school district issued two new long-term debt obligations:

General Obligation School Construction Loan Payable, in the amount of \$5,200,264. The school district issued the State School Construction Loan, Series 2016 to provide funds for school construction. These bonds will have a final payment on August 1, 2036.

Revenue Bonds Payable, in the amount of \$745,000. The school district issued the Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2018 to provide funds for school construction. These bonds will have a final payment on August 1, 2028.

### CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our parents, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the school district's finances and to show the school district's accountability for the money it receives to provide the best possible education to all students enrolled in the South Heart Public School. Anyone who has questions about information contained in this report or who is interested in receiving additional information is encouraged to contact Kristine Mehrer, Business Manager, South Heart Public School, South Heart, ND 58655.

### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS:	<u> </u>
Cash and Investments	1,549,044.96
Taxes Receivable	114,261.89
Due from County Treasurer	4,368.02
Intergovernmental Receivables	33,180.48
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	2000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
Land	100,000.00
Buildings	14,734,152.00
Vehicles	99,190.00
Venicles	,,,,,,,,,,
Total Capital Assets	14,933,342.00
Total Assets	16,634,197.35
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Changes in Resources Related to Pensions	1,168,970.00
LIABILITIES:	
Due to Employees	13,646.67
Interest Payable	72,615.26
Long Term Liabilities:	0.000
Due Within One Year:	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	140,000.00
G.O. School Construction Loan Payable	309,660.06
Revenue Bonds Payable	60,000.00
Due After One Year:	100 May 200 Ma
General Obligation Bonds Payable	3,076,080.09
G.O. School Construction Loan Payable	6,622,497.87
Revenue Bonds Payable	685,000.00
Net Pension Liablity	3,978,779.00
Total Liabilities	14,958,278.95
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Changes in Resources Related to Pensions	133,284.00
NET POSITION:	/ 0/0 107 00
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,040,103.98
Restricted for:	111 7/3 8/
Special Purposes	111,762.84
Food Service	8,952.97
Debt Service	563,150.51
Unrestricted	(2,012,365.90)
Total Net Position	2,711,604.40
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### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS:	-
Cash and Investments	1,597,172.90
Taxes Receivable	25,674.98
Due from County Treasurer	1,833.12
Intergovernmental Receivables	33,613.44
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	33,013144
Land	100,000.00
Construction in Progress	12,728,000.00
Buildings	2,164,319.00
Vehicles	122,895.00
venicles	122,093.00
Total Capital Assets	15,115,214.00
Total Assets	16,773,508.44
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Changes in Resources Related to Pensions	1,135,211.00
LIABILITIES:	
Due to Employees	7,126.18
Interest Payable	118,075.90
Long Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year:	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	176,082.23
G.O. School Construction Loan Payable	301,238.52
Revenue Bonds Payable	111,675.21
Due After One Year:	11/0/11/0/04/04/04/04
General Obligation Bonds Payable	3,216,080.09
G.O. School Construction Loan Payable	6,932,157.93
Revenue Bonds Payable	521,649.58
Net Pension Liablity	3,798,095.00
Total Liabilities	15,182,180.64
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	COMP. 155004 CAST
Changes in Resources Related to Pensions	48,766.00
NET POSITION:	7.054.770.44
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,856,330.44
Restricted for:	444 747 75
Special Purposes	111,747.35
Food Service	8,723.63
Debt Service	486,497.53
Unrestricted	(1,785,526.15)
Total Net Position	2,677,772.80
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### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:		220002020	1	Cristin agents of College
Regular Instruction	2,509,200.87	38,625.78		(2,470,575.09)
Federal Programs	82,913.91		82,913.91	
Special Education	489,686.38	63,334.66		(426,351.72)
Vocational Education	201,767.52		85,549.48	(116,218.04)
District Wide Services	29,693.46			(29,693.46)
Administration	432,873.77			(432,873.77)
Operations and Maintenance	415,903.04			(415,903.04)
Student Transportation	307,799.97		189,795.93	(118,004.04)
Student Activities	204,372.10			(204,372.10)
Early Childhood Education	13,666.22			(13,666.22)
Tuition and Assessments	81,509.81			(81,509.81)
Food Services	263,785.09	163,902.50	80,751.14	(19,131.45)
Other	489.05			(489.05)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	193,568.87			(193,568.87)
Unallocated Depreciation	266,167.00			(266,167.00)
Total Governmental Activities	5,493,397.06	265,862.94	할 때로 되고 있는데 시간에 원래를 하게 하는데 했다.	(4,788,523.66)
	General Revenues	į:		
	0.000.000.00	: levied for ge	eneral purposes	895,079.05
		; levied for de		697,667.71
	Telecommunicat	7) - Carlo		13,911.72
		oduction taxes		682,579.15
			specific program	2,479,744.87
			to specific program	
		vestments and o		53,329.25
	Total General R	evenues		4,822,355.26
	Change in Net P	osition		33,831.60
	Net Position -	July 1		2,677,772.80
	Net Position -	June 30		2,711,604.40

### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:	55			
Regular Instruction	2,347,528.71	68,970.25		(2,205,230.46)
Federal Programs	80,016.00		80,016.00	
Special Education	421,789.63	79,742.95		(342,046.68)
Vocational Education	196,956.12		31,777.97	(165,178.15)
Administration	424,825.97			(424,825.97)
Operations and Maintenance	409,801.86		84,605.00	(325, 196.86)
Student Transportation	290,538.21		180,488.84	(110,049.37)
Student Activities	203,000.52			(203,000.52)
Early Childhood Education	17,635.00			(17,635.00)
Tuition and Assessments	71,001.68			(71,001.68)
Food Services	259,465.69	138,559.91	75,370.84	(45,534.94)
Other	12,352.75	Verticality services in		(12,352.75)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	229,224.92			(229, 224.92)
Discount on Bonds Issued	8,950.93			(8,950.93)
Unallocated Depreciation	82,796.00			(82,796.00)
Total Governmental Activities	5,055,883.99	287,273.11	525,586.65	(4,243,024.23)
	General Revenue:	<u>.</u> :		
		s; levied for ge	anaral purposas	728,325.40
		s; levied for de		684,085.84
	Telecommunica		CDL Selvice	13,911.72
		roduction taxes		660,981.04
			specific program	2,299,503.38
		vestments and o		76,672.28
	Total General R	evenues		4,463,479.66
	Change in Net P	osition		220,455.43
	Net Position -	July 1		2,457,317.37
	Net Position -	June 30		2,677,772.80

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

### Major Funds

		Sinking		Other	Total
		and		Governmental	Governmental
	General	Interest	Building	Funds	Funds
ASSETS:		574 007 00		120,715.81	1,549,044.96
Cash and Investments	852,231.23	576,097.92		120,713.01	114,261.89
Taxes Receivable	63,346.64	50,915.25 868.60			4,368.02
Due from County Treasurer Intergovernmental Receivables	3,499.42 33,180.48	808.60			33,180.48
	<u> </u>			400 745 04	. 700 055 75
otal Assets	952,257.77	627,881.77	-0-	120,715.81	1,700,855.35
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES:					
iabilities:					
Due to Employees	13,646.67				13,646.67
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Unavailable Revenue	63,346.64	50,915.25			114,261.89
otal Liabilities and		420-200-2-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	76,993.31	50,915.25			127,908.56
und Balances:					
Restricted for:				111,762.84	111,762.84
Special Purposes Food Service				8,952.97	8,952.97
Debt Service		576,966.52			576,966.52
Unassigned	875,264.46				875,264.46
otal Fund Balances	875,264.46	576,966.52		120,715.81	1,572,946.79
otal Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	-			400 745 51	4 700 055 75
of Resources and Fund Balances	952,257.77	627,881.77	-0-	120,715.81	1,700,855.35

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

### Major Funds

	Sinking			Other Total		
	10.285(860)(2002)	and	1 02 102 programm	Governmental	Governmenta	
	General	Interest	Building	Funds	Funds	
ASSETS:						
Cash and Investments	899,170.75	577,531.17		120,470.98	1,597,172.90	
Taxes Receivable	13,705.16	11,969.82			25,674.98	
Due from County Treasurer	1,022.18	810.94			1,833.12	
Intergovernmental Receivables	33,613.44				33,613.44	
Interfund Receivable	3,186.16				3,186.16	
Total Assets	950,697.69	590,311.93	-0-	120,470.98	1,661,480.60	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES:						
<u>Liabilities</u> :						
Due to Employees	7,126.18				7,126.18	
Interfund Payable			3,186.16		3,186.16	
Total Liabilities	7,126.18		3,186.16		10,312.34	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	ST 12					
Unavailable Revenue	13,705.16	11,969.82			25,674.98	
Total Liabilities and					75 007 70	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	20,831.34	11,969.82	3,186.16		35,987.32	
Fund Balances:	,					
Restricted for:				111,747.35	111,747.35	
Special Purposes				8,723.63	8,723.63	
Food Service		578,342.11		0,123.03	578,342.11	
Debt Service	000 944 75	370,342.11	(3,186.16)		926,680.19	
Unassigned	929,866.35		190407 100000000		27.00	
Total Fund Balances	929,866.35	578,342.11	(3,186.16)	120,470.98	1,625,493.28	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		500 744 67	-0-	120 (70 08	1,661,480.60	
of Resources and Fund Balances	950,697.69	590,311.93		120,470.98	1,001,400.00	

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

70 (1978 - 45 - 1989) 70 PO CONTROL OF BANKSONS TORS (\$100 PM)		4 570 0// 70
Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds		1,572,946.79
Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of		
net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets	17,235,012.00	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(2,301,670.00)	
Net Capital Assets	<del>6 </del>	14,933,342.00
Property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon		
enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are		
reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		114,261.89
The deferred outflows and inflows of resources reported on the		
statement of net position are the result of changes in resources		
related to pensions and do not affect current financial resources.		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,168,970.00	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	(133,284.00)	
Net Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	-	1,035,686.00
Long-term liabilities applicable to the school district's governmental		
activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly		
are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities -both current		
and long-term- are reported in the statement of net position. Balances		
at June 30, 2019 are:		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(3,216,080.09)	
G.O. School Construction Loan Payable	(6,932,157.93)	
Revenue Bonds Payable	(745,000.00)	
Interest Payable	(72,615.26)	
Net Pension Liability	(3,978,779.00)	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	-	(14,944,632.28)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		2,711,604.40
Total Net Position of dovernmental Activities		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds		1,625,493.28
of		
Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets	17,127,012.00	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(2,011,798.00)	
Net Capital Assets		15,115,214.00
Property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon		
enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are		25 (7) 00
reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		25,674.98
The deferred outflows and inflows of resources reported on the		
statement of net position are the result of changes in resources		
related to pensions and do not affect current financial resources.		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,135,211.00	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	(48,766.00)	
Net Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	-	1,086,445.00
Long-term liabilities applicable to the school district's governmental		
activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly		
are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities -both current		
and long-term- are reported in the statement of net position. Balances		
at June 30, 2018 are:		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(3,392,162.32)	
G.O. School Construction Loan Payable	(7,233,396.45)	
Revenue Bonds Payable	(633,324.79)	
Interest Payable	(118,075.90)	
Net Pension Liability	(3,798,095.00)	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	V	(15,175,054.46)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		2,677,772.80

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

### Major Funds

		Sinking and		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Interest	Building	Funds	Funds
Revenues:	() <del></del>			10501 1000=010000	W NW-7579-505-5
Local Sources	1,014,424.33	658,722.28		164,117.15	1,837,263.76
County Sources	682,579.15				682,579.15
State Sources	2,749,489.34			866.89	2,750,356.23
Federal Sources	88,558.36			79,884.25	168,442.61
Total Revenues	4,535,051.18	658,722.28		244,868.29	5,438,641.75
Expenditures:					
Current:					450000000000000000000000000000000000000
Regular Instruction	2,277,757.87				2,277,757.87
Federal Programs	82,913.91				82,913.91
Special Education	489,686.38				489,686.38
Vocational Education	201,767.52				201,767.52
District Wide Services	29,693.46				29,693.46
Administration	432,873.77				432,873.77
Operations and Maintenance	411,703.04				411,703.04
Student Transportation	307,799.97				307,799.97
Student Activities	184,867.10				184,867.10
Early Childhood Education	13,666.22				13,666.22
Tuition and Assessments	81,509.81				81,509.81
Food Services	19,161.63			244,623.46	263,785.09
Other			489.05		489.05
Capital Outlay			108,000.00		108,000.00
Debt Service:					
Principal	36,082.23	441,238.52			477,320.75
Interest and Service Charges	20,170.16	218,859.35			239,029.51
Total Expenditures	4,589,653.07	660,097.87	108,489.05	244,623.46	5,602,863.45
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	-				
Over Expenditures	(54,601.89)	(1,375.59)	(108,489.05)	244.83	(164,221.70)
Other Financing Sources:	-		111 675 21		111,675.21
Revenue Bonds Issued			111,675.21		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(54,601.89)	(1,375.59)	3,186.16	244.83	(52,546.49
Fund Balance - July 1	929,866.35	578,342.11	(3,186.16)	120,470.98	1,625,493.28
Fund Balance - June 30	875,264.46	576,966.52	-0-	120,715.81	1,572,946.79

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

### Major Funds

Sinking		Other Total		
				Governmental
General	Interest	Building	Funds	Funds
941,017.88	678,786.69		138,883.10	1,758,687.67
660,981.04				660,981.04
2,579,413.41		84,605.00		2,664,313.31
85,700.78			75,075.94	160,776.72
		25,930.00		25,930.00
4,267,113.11	678,786.69	110,535.00	214,253.94	5,270,688.74
				2,118,839.71
				80,016.00
				421,789.63
				196,956.12
				424,825.97
405,601.86				405,601.86
290,538.21				290,538.21
183,495.52				183,495.52
17,635.00				17,635.00
71,001.68				71,001.68
45,454.12			214,011.57	259,465.69
		12,352.75		12,352.75
		6,923,686.00		6,923,686.00
35,619.18	601,603.55			637,222.73
5,074.70	141,522.32			146,597.02
4,296,847.70	743,125.87	6,936,038.75	214,011.57	12,190,023.89
	9310000000000000		8272-722-	
(29,734.59)	(64,339.18)	(6,825,503.75)	242.37	(6,919,335.15)
		F 200 244 00		5,200,264.00
				633,324.79 (8,950.93)
		(8,950.93)		= = = 3
	E	5,824,637.86		5,824,637.86
(29,734.59)	(64,339.18)	(1,000,865.89)	242.37	(1,094,697.29)
959,600.94	642,681.29	997,679.73	120,228.61	2,720,190.57
	941,017.88 660,981.04 2,579,413.41 85,700.78 4,267,113.11 2,118,839.71 80,016.00 421,789.63 196,956.12 424,825.97 405,601.86 290,538.21 183,495.52 17,635.00 71,001.68 45,454.12 35,619.18 5,074.70 4,296,847.70 (29,734.59)	941,017.88 678,786.69 660,981.04 2,579,413.41 85,700.78  4,267,113.11 678,786.69  2,118,839.71 80,016.00 421,789.63 196,956.12 424,825.97 405,601.86 290,538.21 183,495.52 17,635.00 71,001.68 45,454.12  35,619.18 601,603.55 5,074.70 141,522.32  4,296,847.70 743,125.87  (29,734.59) (64,339.18)	general Interest Building  941,017.88 678,786.69 660,981.04 2,579,413.41 84,605.00 25,930.00  4,267,113.11 678,786.69 110,535.00  2,118,839.71 80,016.00 421,789.63 196,956.12 424,825.97 405,601.86 290,538.21 183,495.52 17,635.00 71,001.68 45,454.12  12,352.75 6,923,686.00  35,619.18 601,603.55 5,074.70 141,522.32  4,296,847.70 743,125.87 6,936,038.75  (29,734.59) (64,339.18) (6,825,503.75)  5,200,264.00 633,324.79 (8,950.93) 5,824,637.86	General Interest Building Governmental Funds  941,017.88 678,786.69 138,883.10 660,981.04 2,579,413.41 84,605.00 294.90 75,075.94  25,930.00  4,267,113.11 678,786.69 110,535.00 214,253.94  2,118,839.71 80,016.00 421,789.63 196,956.12 424,825.97 405,601.86 290,538.21 183,495.52 17,635.00 71,001.68 45,454.12 12,352.75 6,923,686.00  35,619.18 601,603.55 5,074.70 141,522.32  4,296,847.70 743,125.87 6,936,038.75 214,011.57  (29,734.59) (64,339.18) (6,825,503.75) 242.37

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(52,546.49)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current year.		
Current Year Capital Outlay	108,000.00	
Current Year Depreciation Expense	(289,872.00)	(181,872.00)
The proceeds of debt issuances are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayment of debt exceeded debt proceeds.		
Debt Proceeds	(111,675.21)	
Repayment of Debt	477,320.75	365,645.54
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Net Decrease in Interest Payable	45,460.64	
Net Increase to Pension Expense	(231,443.00)	(185,982.36
Some revenues reported on the statement of activities are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds since they do not represent available resources to pay current expenditures.		
Net Increase in Taxes Receivable		88,586.91
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		33,831.60
70		*********

# Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(1,094,697.29)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Of activities is different because.		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current year.		
Current Year Capital Outlay	6,923,686.00	
Current Year Depreciation Expense	(106,501.00)	6,817,185.00
The proceeds of debt issuances are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which debt proceeds exceeded repayment of debt.		
Debt Proceeds	(5,833,588.79)	
Repayment of Debt	637,222.73	(5,196,366.06)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Net Increase in Interest Payable	(82,627.90)	
Net Increase to Pension Expense	(228,689.00)	(311,316.90)
Some revenues reported on the statement of activities are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds since they do not represent available resources to pay current expenditures.		
Net Increase in Taxes Receivable		5,650.68
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		220,455.43
undinge in net realition of determinants net it is		

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2019

	Agency Fund
Assets: Cash and Investments	232,034.01
<u>Liabilities</u> :  Due to Student Activities Groups	232,034.01

### Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2018

	Agency Fund
Assets: Cash and Investments	201,659.91
<u>Liabilities:</u> Due to Student Activities Groups	201,659.91

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

### Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the South Heart Public School District No. 9 have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the school district. The school district has considered all potential component units for which the school district is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the school district are such that exclusion would cause the school district's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Government Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the school district to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the school district.

Based on these criteria, there is one component unit to be included within the South Heart Public School District No. 9 as a reporting entity.

### COMPONENT UNIT

In conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the component unit have been included in the financial reporting as a blended component unit.

<u>Blended Component Unit</u>. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

South Heart Public School District Building Authority. This authority was created in January 2018 under state law. Its board is made up of the school board, the administrator and the business manager of the South Heart Public School District. Its purpose is to lease land and construct improvements by issuing revenue bonds. The land and/or improvements are for the district's use only. Bond payments are made by lease payments from the district. Upon payment of the bonds in full, title to improvements will vest with the district.

### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, South Heart Public School District No. 9. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the school district's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the school district's funds including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the school district's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Sinking and Interest Fund. This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Building Fund. This fund accounts for financial resources dedicated to the construction of new school buildings, additions to old school buildings, the making of major repairs to existing buildings, or to make annual debt service payments on outstanding debt issues related to the building fund.

The school district reports the following fund type:

Agency Fund. This fund accounts for assets held by the school district in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others. The school district's agency fund is used to account for various deposits of the student activity funds.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. These financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the school district gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The school district considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. All revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the school district funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursements grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted components of net position available to finance the program. It is the school district's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

### D. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts.

Investments consist of certificates of deposit stated at cost.

### E. Capital Assets

Capital assets include plant and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the school district as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 30 to 70 years Vehicles 5 to 10 years

### F. Compensated Absences

No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is not reported in the governmentwide statement of net position as it is considered immaterial.

### G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

### H. Pensions

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Teachers Fund for Retirement (TFFR) and the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS); additions to/deductions from TFFR's and NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TFFR and NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### I. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the school district is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories or prepaid expenses) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e., endowment funds).

Restricted - Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the school or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments (i.e., funds restricted by state statute, unspent bond proceeds, grants earned but not spent, debt covenants or taxes raised for a specific purpose).

Committed - Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school board through the adoption of a resolution. The school board also may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned - Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the school district's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The school district reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions - When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the school district's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the school's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- \* Committed
- \* Assigned
- \* Unassigned

Net Position - Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the school district has not spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

### J. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

### K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the school district maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investments companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district or any other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or other securities approved by the banking board.

At June 30, 2019 the school district's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,781,079 and the bank balance was \$1,951,182. Of the bank balance, \$663,420 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$1,287,762 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

At June 30, 2018 the school district's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,798,833 and the bank balance was \$1,986,258. Of the bank balance, \$658,881 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$1,327,377 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

### Credit Risk

The school district may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statutes, as follows:

- (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- (3) Certificates of deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- (4) Obligations of the State.

At June 30, 2019 the school district held certificates of deposit in the amount of \$460,458, which are all considered deposits.

At June 30, 2018 the school district held certificates of deposit in the amount of \$455,918, which are all considered deposits.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The school district does not have a limit on the amount the school district may invest in any one issuer.

### Note 3 TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable represents the past three years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable.

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

### Note 4 DUE FROM COUNTY TREASURER

The amount due from county treasurer consists of the cash on hand for taxes collected but not remitted to the school district at June 30.

### Note 5 INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables consist of reimbursements due for expenses in the operation of various school programs. This amount consists of a mix of state and federal dollars.

### Note 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE

Interfund receivable/payable is created by a negative cash balance in the building fund. The amount shown as interfund payable represents the amount of negative cash in the fund. Interfund receivable/payable for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Receivable	Payable
	Fund	Fund
General	3,186.16	
Building		3,186.16

### Note 7 <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the years ended:

### June 30, 2019

	04110 307 8023			
	Balance July 1	_Increases_	_Decreases_	Balance June 30
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	100,000			100,000
Construction in Progress	12,728,000	108,000	12,836,000	
Total	12,828,000	108,000	12,836,000	100,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings Vehicles	3,993,862 305,150	12,836,000		16,829,862 305,150
Total	4,299,012	12,836,000		17,135,012
Less accumulated depreciation for:	<u> </u>		2 <del>-1</del> 2	
Buildings Vehicles	1,829,543 182,255	266,167 23,705		2,095,710 205,960
Total	2,011,798	289,872		2,301,670
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,287,214	12,546,128		14,833,342
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	15,115,214	12,654,128	12,836,000	14,933,342
		June 30,	2018	
	Balance July 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land Construction in	100,000			100,000
Progress	5,804,314	6,923,686		12,728,000
Total	5,904,314	6,923,686		12,828,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings Vehicles	3,993,862 305,150			3,993,862 305,150
Total	4,299,012		-	4,299,012
Less accumulated depreciation for:	<del></del>			
Buildings Vehicles	1,746,747 158,550	82,796 23,705		1,829,543 182,255
Total	1,905,297	106,501	-	2,011,798
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,393,715	(106,501)		2,287,214
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	8,298,029	6,817,185	-0-	15,115,214

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the school district as follows for June 30:

	2019	2018
Operations and Maintenance	4,200	4,200
Student Activities	19,505	19,505
Unallocated Depreciation	266,167	82,796
Total Depreciation Expense	289,872	106,501

### Note 8 DUE TO EMPLOYEES

This amount consists of employee payments into their flexible benefits spending accounts which have not yet been used.

### Note 9 INTEREST PAYABLE

Interest payable consists of interest on long-term liabilities accrued to June 30, 2019 and 2018.

### Note 10 UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Unavailable revenue on the fund financial statements consists of amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available.

### Note 11 LONG-TERM DEBT

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>. During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the long-term liabilities - Governmental Activities:

2	n	7	0
60	<u>u</u>	+	2

	Balance July 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance _June 30	Due Within One Year
G.O. Bonds Payable	3,392,162		176,082	3,216,080	140,000
State School	T 222 205		301,238	6,932,158	309,660
Construction Loan	7,233,396		301,238		
Revenue Bonds	633,325	111,675		745,000	60,000
Total	11,258,883	111,675	477,320	10,893,238	509,660
	=========				

2018

	Balance July 1	Increases De	ecreases _		Oue Within One Year
G.O. Bonds State School	3,562,782	-0-	170,620	3,392,162	176,082
Construction Loan	2,499,736	5,200,264	466,604	7,233,396	301,239
Revenue Bonds		633,325		633,325	111,675
Total	6,062,518	5,833,589	637,224	11,258,883	588,996
				========	

Outstanding debt at June 30, 2019 consists of the following:

<u>General Obligation Debt</u>. General obligation debt is a direct obligation and pledges the full faith and credit of the government.

Bonds and Loan Payable. The school district has issued general obligation bonds and loan to provide funds for the construction and renovation of major capital facilities.

\$475,233.50 Limited Tax Bonds of 2012, due in annual installments of \$40,693.89 through	
August 1, 2024; interest is at 1.85% to 2.	
\$3,300,000.00 General Obligation School	
Building Bonds, Series 2016, due in annual	
installments of \$140,000 to \$200,000	
through August 1, 2036; interest is at 2%	
to 2.6%.	3,025,000.00
\$7,700,000.00 State School Construction	
Loan, Series 2016, due in annual payments	
installments of \$309,660 to \$424,156	
through August 1, 2036; interest is at 2%.	6,932,157.93
Total Bonds and Loan Payable	10,148,238.02
	=======================================

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding general obligation bond debt are as follows:

June 30	Principal	Interest
2020	449,660	175,052
2021	499,151	194,070
2022	547,776	183,663
2023	557,122	172,677
2024	566,650	161,371
2025-2029	2,769,921	637,641
2030-2034	2,913,048	352,922
2035-2037	1,844,910	60,849
Total	10,148,238	1,938,245
		========

#### Component Unit Debt

Revenue Bonds. The South Heart Public School District Building Authority issued bonds whereby the authority pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

\$745,000 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2018, due in annual installments of \$60,000 to \$85,000 through August 1, 2028; interest is at 2.3% to 2.85%.

745,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	Principal	Interest
2020	60,000	18,233
2021	70,000	16,738
2022	70,000	15,128
2023	70,000	13,518
2024	75,000	11,850
2025-2029	400,000	28,864
Total	745,000	104,329
		=========

#### Note 12 DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2018, the building fund had a deficit balance of \$3,186.16.

The school district plans to eliminate this deficit fund balance with future revenue collections and/or transfers from other funds.

## Note 13 RISK MANAGEMENT

The South Heart Public School District No. 9 is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The school district pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability and automobile insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$5,000,000 per occurrence for general liability and automobile; and \$58,711 for public assets.

The school district also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The school district pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third party insurance carrier for losses in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence during a 12 month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the school district with a blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$2,000,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The school district has worker's compensation with the Department of Workforce Safety and Insurance; and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 14 PENSION PLANS

# 1. North Dakota Teachers Fund for Retirement

The following brief description of TFFR is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 15-39.1 for more complete information.

TFFR is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all North Dakota public teachers and certain other teachers who meet various membership requirements. TFFR provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the TFFR plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the TFFR benefits program is assigned to a Board comprised of seven members. The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and five members appointed by the Governor.

#### Pension Benefits

For purposes of determining pension benefits, members are classified within one of three categories. Tier 1 grandfathered and Tier 1 non-grandfathered members are those with service credit on file as of July 1, 2008. Tier 2 members are those newly employed and returning refunded members on or after July 1, 2008.

A Tier 1 grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 85. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 6% per year for every year the member's retirement age is less than 65 years or the date as of which age plus service equal 85. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

A Tier 1 non-grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

A Tier 2 member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when five or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR for all three categories are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Tier 1 Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Tier 2 Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the five highest annual salaries earned divided by 60 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

### Death and Disability Benefits

Death benefits may be paid to a member's designated beneficiary. If a member's death occurs before retirement, the benefit options available are determined by the member's vesting status prior to death. If a member's death occurs after retirement, the death benefit received by the beneficiary (if any) is based on the retirement plan the member selected at retirement.

An active member is eligible to receive disability benefits when: (a) a total disability lasting 12 months or more does not allow the continuation of teaching, (b) the member has accumulated five years of credited service in North Dakota, and (c) the Board of TFFR has determined eligibility based upon medical evidence. The amount of the disability benefit is computed by the retirement formula in NDCC Section 15-39.1-10 without consideration of age and uses the member's actual years of credited service. There is no actuarial reduction for reason of disability retirement.

#### Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to TFFR are set by NDCC Section 15-39.1-09. Every eligible teacher in the State of North Dakota is required to be a member of TFFR and is assessed at a rate of 11.75% of salary as defined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-04. Every governmental body employing a teacher must also pay into TFFR a sum equal to 12.75% of the teacher's salary. Member and employer contributions will be reduced to 7.75% each when the fund reaches 100% funded ratio on an actuarial basis.

A vested member who terminates covered employment may elect a refund of contributions paid plus 6% interest or defer payment until eligible for pension benefits. A non-vested member who terminates covered employment must claim a refund of contributions paid before age 70.5. Refunded members forfeit all service credits under TFFR. These service credits may be repurchased upon return to covered employment under certain circumstances, as defined by the NDCC.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense; and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the South Heart Public School District reported a liability of \$3,476,007 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The district's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the district's share of covered payroll in the pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating TFFR employers. At June 30, 2018 the district's proportion was .260793 percent, which was an increase of .016479 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the district recognized pension expense of \$388,253. At June 30, 2019 the district reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
		,
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	9,434	94,538
Changes in assumptions	191,487	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		.2.5.2
on pension plan investments		12,018
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions	380,886	
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date (see below)	249,881	
Total	831,688	106,556

\$249,881 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	194,766
2020	146,175
2021	60,931
2022	25,911
2023	28,063
Thereafter	19,406

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	4.25% to 14.50%, varying by service,
	including inflation and productivity.
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of investment expenses.
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active and inactive members, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table set back on year, multiplied by 50% for ages under 75 and grading up to 100% by age 80, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table set forward four years.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2018, funding actuarial valuation for TFFR.

As a result of the April 30, 2015 actuarial experience study, the TFFR board adopted several assumption changes, including the following:

- \* Investment return assumption lowered from 8% to 7.75%.
- \* Inflation assumption lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- \* Total salary scale rates lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation.
- \* Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- \* Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- \* Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 tables with generational improvement.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equities	58%	6.70%
Global Fixed Income	23%	1.50%
Global Real Assets	18%	5.10%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.00%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2017, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2018. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
The district's proportionate share of the net pension liability	4,693,615	3,476,007	2,463,335

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TFFR financial report.

# 2. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (Main System)

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the NDPERS plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS benefits program is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by active membership of the NDPERS system; one member elected by the retired public employees; and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

#### Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provision or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 will be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

#### Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition of disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

#### Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

#### Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

- 1 to 12 months of service -Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25
- 13 to 24 months of service -Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25
- 25 to 36 months of service -Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25
- Longer than 36 months of service -Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense; and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the South Heart Public School District reported a liability of \$502,772 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The district's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the district's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2018 the district's proportion was .029792 percent, which was an increase of .002269 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the district recognized pension expense of \$121,679. At June 30, 2019 the district reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,331	17,105
Changes in assumptions	181,490	7,176
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,446
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	e 125,853	1
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date (see below)	28,608	
Total	337,282	26,728
	========	=========

\$28,608 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	90,482
2020	83,786
2021	73,031
2022	31,738
2023	2,909
Thereafter	0

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation

3.50%

Salary increases

Service at	
Beginning of Year	Increase Rate
0	15.00%
1	10.00%
2	8.00%
Age *	
Under 30	10.00%
30 - 39	7.50%
40 - 49	6.75%
50 - 59	6.50%
60+	5.25%

<sup>\*</sup> Age-based salary increase rates apply for employees with three or more years of service.

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of investment expenses.
Cost-of-living adjustments None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Morality Table with ages set back one year for males (not set back for females) multiplied by 125%.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2018, funding actuarial valuation for NDPERS.

As a result of the 2015 actuarial experience study, the NDPERS Board adopted several changes to the actuarial assumptions effective July 1, 2018. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumption.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	30%	6.05%
International Equity	21%	6.71%
Private Equity	7%	10.20%
Domestic Fixed Income	23%	1.45%
International Equity Income	0%	0.00%
Global Real Assets	19%	5.11%
Cash Equivalents	0%	0.00%

Discount rate. For PERS, GASB No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the PERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.75%; the municipal bond rate is 3.62%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 6.32%.

Sensitivity of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.32 percent, as well as what the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.32 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.32 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.32%)	Current Rate (6.32%)	(7.32%)
The district's proportionate share of the net pension liability	683,174	502,772	352,233

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				A1 20 11 10 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Local Sources	1,075,911.72	1,075,911.72	1,014,424.33	(61,487.39)
County Sources	658,000.00	658,000.00	682,579.15	24,579.15
State Sources	2,697,023.00	2,697,023.00	2,749,489.34	52,466.34
Federal Sources	80,493.65	80,493.65	88,558.36	8,064.71
Total Revenues	4,511,428.37	4,511,428.37	4,535,051.18	23,622.81
Expenditures:	5			
Current:			National Committee Committ	0.000
Regular Instruction	2,315,344.48	2,315,344.48	2,277,757.87	37,586.61
Federal Programs	74,530.65	74,530.65	82,913.91	(8,383.26)
Special Education	483,310.70	483,310.70	489,686.38	(6,375.68)
Vocational Education	205,296.87	205,296.87	201,767.52	3,529.35
District Wide Services	12,000.00	12,000.00	29,693.46	(17,693.46)
Administration	420,077.06	420,077.06	432,873.77	(12,796.71)
Operations and Maintenance	343,158.84	343,158.84	411,703.04	(68,544.20)
Student Transportation	296,000.00	296,000.00	307,799.97	(11,799.97)
Student Activities	190,705.85	190,705.85	184,867.10	5,838.75
Early Childhood Education			13,666.22	(13,666.22)
Tuition and Assessments	64,830.00	64,830.00	81,509.81	(16,679.81)
Food Services	49,380.00	49,380.00	19,161.63	30,218.37
Debt Service:				
Principal	37,000.00	37,000.00	36,082.23	917.77
Interest and Service Charges	20,000.00	20,000.00	20,170.16	(170.16)
Total Expenditures	4,511,634.45	4,511,634.45	4,589,653.07	(78,018.62)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(206.08)	(206.08)	(54,601.89)	(54,395.81)
Fund Balance - July 1	929,866.35	929,866.35	929,866.35	
Fund Balance - June 30	929,660.27	929,660.27	875,264.46	(54,395.81

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			1.45000	
Local Sources	889,500.00	889,500.00	941,017.88	51,517.88
County Sources	629,280.30	629,280.30	660,981.04	31,700.74
State Sources	2,625,468.73	2,625,468.73	2,579,413.41	(46,055.32)
Federal Sources	90,193.65	90,193.65	85,700.78	(4,492.87)
Total Revenues	4,234,442.68	4,234,442.68	4,267,113.11	32,670.43
Expenditures:				
Current:	2,098,570.44	2,098,570.44	2,118,839.71	(20,269.27)
Regular Instruction	81,198.65	81,198.65	80,016.00	1,182.65
Federal Programs	444,992.17	444,992.17	421,789.63	23,202.54
Special Education Vocational Education	203,187.42	203,187.42	196,956.12	6,231.30
Administration	396,717.42	396,717.42	424,825.97	(28, 108.55)
Operations and Maintenance	340,743.64	340,743.64	405,601.86	(64,858.22)
Student Transportation	296,000.00	296,000.00	290,538.21	5,461.79
Student Activities	185,882.37	185,882.37	183,495.52	2,386.85
Early Childhood Education	103,002.31		17,635.00	(17,635.00)
Tuition and Assessments	66,652.00	66,652.00	71,001.68	(4,349.68)
Food Services	77,494.35	77,494.35	45,454.12	32,040.23
Debt Service:	11,434133			200 W / 100 V / 100 O
Principal	36,000.00	36,000.00	35,619.18	380.82
Interest and Service Charges	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,074.70	(74.70)
Total Expenditures	4,232,438.46	4,232,438.46	4,296,847.70	(64,409.24)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,004.22	2,004.22	(29,734.59)	(31,738.81)
Fund Balance - July 1	959,600.94	959,600.94	959,600.94	
Fund Balance - June 30	961,605.16	961,605.16	929,866.35	(31,738.81)

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2019 and 2018

# Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT BUDGET POLICIES

Based upon available financial information and requests by the governing board, the business manager prepares the school district budget. The budget is prepared for the general fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

School district taxes must be levied by the governing board on or before August 10. The taxes levied must be certified to the county auditor by August 10. The governing board may amend its tax levy and budget, but the certification must be filed with the county auditor by October 10. The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.

#### Note 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE

The governing board did not amend the general fund budgets during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

# Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

Expenditures exceeded budget in the general fund by \$78,018.62 and \$64,409.24 for the years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. No remedial action is anticipated or required by the school district regarding these excess expenditures.

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Teacher's Fund for Retirement Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.260793%	0.244314%	0.237053%	0.227151%	0.212525%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	3,476,007	3,355,709	3,472,970	2,970,806	2,226,885
District's covered-employee payroll	1,772,898	1,649,046	1,540,195	1,397,247	1,232,757
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	196.06%	203.49%	225.49%	212.62%	180.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.5%	63.2%	59.2%	62.1%	66.6%

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Teacher's Fund for Retirement Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	226,045	210,253	196,375	178,149	132,520
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(226,045)	(210,253)	(196,375)	(178,149)	(132,520)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	0
District's covered-employee payroll	1,772,898	1,649,046	1,540,195	1,397,247	1,232,757
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.75%	12.75%	12.75%	12.75%	10.75%

<sup>\*</sup> Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

<sup>-</sup> For changes of assumptions, see Note 13 to the financial statements.

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.029792%	0.027523%	0.017851%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	502,772	442,386	173,975
District's covered-employee payroll	307,594	269,314	84,196
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	163.45%	164.26%	206.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.80%	61.98%	70.46%

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2019	2018	2017
Statutorily required contribution	21,901	19,175	5,995
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(21,901)	(19,175)	(5,995)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0
District's covered-employee payroll	307,594	269,314	84,196
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%

<sup>\*</sup> Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2017.

<sup>-</sup> For changes of assumptions, see Note 13 to the financial statements.

## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Special Reserve	Food Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and Investments	111,762.84	8,952.97	120,715.81
UND BALANCES			
Restricted for: Special Purposes	111,762.84		111,762.84
Food Service		8,952.97	8,952.97
otal Fund Balances	111,762.84	8,952.97	120,715.81

## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Special Reserve	Food Service	Total Normajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS:	7-		
Cash and Investments	111,747.35	8,723.63	120,470.98
UND BALANCES			
Restricted for: Special Purposes	111,747.35		111,747.35
Food Service	,	8,723.63	8,723.63
al Fund Balances	111,747.35	8,723.63	120,470.98

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Special Reserve	Food Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
15.49	164,101.66	164,117.15
	866.89	866.89
	79,884.25	79,884.25
15.49	244,852.80	244,868.29
8		
	244,623.46	244,623.46
15.49	229.34	244.83
111,747.35	8,723.63	120,470.98
111,762.84	8,952.97	120,715.81
	15.49 15.49 15.49	15.49 164,101.66 866.89 79,884.25 15.49 244,852.80 244,623.46 15.49 229.34

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Special Reserve	Food Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
207.32	138,675.78	138,883.10
	294.90	294.90
	75,075.94	75,075.94
207.32	214,046.62	214,253.94
3		
	214,011.57	214,011.57
207.32	35.05	242.37
111,540.03	8,688.58	120,228.61
111,747.35	8,723.63	120,470.98
	207.32 207.32 207.32	207.32 138,675.78 294.90 75,075.94 207.32 214,046.62 214,011.57 207.32 35.05

# Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Client Transactions For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Balance 7-1-18	Revenues	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Expenditures	Balance 6-30-19
General Fund	895,230.73	4,533,006.90		1 7-2	4,589,653.07	838,584.56
Special Revenue Funds						
Special Reserve	111,747.35	15.49				111,762.84
Food Service	8,723.63	226,251.30			226,021.96	8,952.97
Total Special Revenue Funds	120,470.98	226,266.79			226,021.96	120,715.81
Debt Service Fund Sinking and Interest	577,531.17	658,664.62			660,097.87	576,097.92
Capital Projects Fund Building	(3,186.16)	111,675.21			108,489.05	
Fiduciary Fund  Agency Fund  Student Activity Funds	201,659.91	213,103.05			182,728.95	232,034.01
Total All Funds	1,791,706.63	5,742,716.57			5,766,990.90	1,767,432.30

The above schedule is reported on a client basis, which includes client adjustments to the general fund for due to employees for flexible benefits.

Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Client Transactions For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	8alance 7-1-17	Revenues	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Expenditures	Balance 6-30-18
General Fund	851,722.74	4,340,355.69			4,296,847.70	895,230.73
Special Revenue Fund	(Second Second S	750 200 750 201				
Special Reserve	111,518.45 8,688.58	228.90 197,063.11			197,028.06	111,747.35 8,723.63
Food Service	8,000.30	197,003.11			177,020.00	0,123.03
Total Special Revenue Funds	120,207.03	197,292.01			197,028.06	120,470.98
Debt Service Fund	/47 /74 04	707 225 27			743,125.87	577,531.17
Sinking and Interest	617,431.81	703,225.23			143,123.07	311,331.11
<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> Building	997,679.73	5,935,172.86			6,936,038.75	(3,186.16)
Fiduciary Fund Agency Fund Student Activity Funds	149,083.85	243,947.54			191,371.48	201,659.91
Total All Funds	2,736,125.16	11,419,993.33			12,364,411.86	1,791,706.63

The above schedule is reported on a client basis, which includes client adjustments to the general fund for due to employees for flexible benefits.

# Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board South Heart Public School District No. 9 South Heart, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Heart Public School District No. 9, South Heart, North Dakota, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the school district's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2019.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the school district's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audits we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2019-001 and 2019-002, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the school district's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audits, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### School District's Response to Findings

The school district's response to the findings identified in our audits are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The school district's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control or on compliance. This is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the school district's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

Roth and melver

December 27, 2019

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

#### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS:

#### Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued:	
Governmental Activities	Unmodified
Major Governmental Funds	Unmodified
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
* Material weakness(es) identified?	YesX_No
* Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	X_YesNone Reported
Noncompliance Material to financial statements noted?	Yes X No

#### SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:

#### Significant Deficiencies

1. 2019-001 Segregation of Duties

Criteria: To ensure adequate internal control over financial reporting and prevent material misstatements due to errors or fraud, there should be a segregation of the functions of approval, custody of assets, posting and reconciliation.

Condition: The school district has one person responsible for most accounting functions. The employee is responsible to collect monies, deposit monies, issue checks, send checks to vendors, record receipts and disbursements in journals, maintain the general ledger and prepare bank reconciliations.

Cause: The school district does not have a large enough staff to properly segregate all duties.

Effect: A lack of segregation of duties leads to a limited degree of internal control.

Recommendation: We recommend that management and the governing board be aware of the lack of segregation of duties and implement controls whenever possible to mitigate this risk.

Views of Responsible Officials: The school district is aware of the condition and segregates duties whenever possible.

#### 2. 2019-002 Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria: A good system of internal controls requires the school district to determine that the financial statements are prepared based on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This means that the school district must maintain knowledge of current accounting principles and required financial statement disclosures.

Condition: The school district's financial statements, including the accompanying note disclosures, are prepared by the school district's external auditors.

Cause: The school district feels it is more cost effective to have their external auditors prepare the complete financial statements and disclosures, rather than invest in ongoing specialized training that would be necessary.

Effect: Without the assistance of the auditors, the financial statements could be misstated or omit material financial statement disclosures.

Recommendation: We recommend that management be aware of this condition and be prepared and able to provide all necessary information and schedules to complete the financial statements and disclosures; and review and approve them prior to distribution.

Views of Responsible Officials: The school district will continue to have the external auditors prepare the financial statements, including note disclosures, but will review and approve them prior to external distribution.