AUDIT REPORT

CITY OF GARRISON Garrison, North Dakota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

RATH & MEHRER, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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CITY OFFICIALS

Stuart Merry Mayor

Marcus Matthews President

Paul Schlichting Vice President

John Matthews Council Member

Glen Nygard Council Member

Maria Olson Council Member

David Reinarts Council Member

Diane Affeldt Auditor

Rath & Mehrer, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA Specializing in Governmental Auditing

425 North Fifth Street Bismarck, ND 58501 Phone 701-258-4560 Fax 701-258-4983

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Garrison Garrison, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Garrison, Garrison, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the city's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Garrison, Garrison, North Dakota, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position; and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements. The budgeting comparison information and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgeting comparison information and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgeting comparison information and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2020 on our consideration of the city's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the city's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rath and Mehrer Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

February 28, 2020

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2019

	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
ASSETS:					
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	1,722,042.84	2,165,241.42	3,887,284.26		
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		1000			
Buildings and Infrastructure	3,831,529.00	3,739,145.00	7,570,674.00		
Vehicles and Machinery	174,261.00	81,777.00	256,038.00		
Total Capital Assets	4,005,790.00	3,820,922.00	7,826,712.00		
Total Assets	5,727,832.84	5,986,163.42	11,713,996.26		
Liabilities: Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year: Special Assessment Bonds Payable Revenue Bonds Payable Due After One Year: Special Assessment Bonds Payable Revenue Bonds Payable Compensated Absences Payable	45,000.00 455,000.00 15,637.24	80,000.00 1,435,000.00	45,000.00 80,000.00 455,000.00 1,435,000.00 15,637.24		
Total Liabilities	515,637.24	1,515,000.00	2,030,637.24		
NET POSITION:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,505,790.00	2,305,922.00	5,811,712.00		
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	52,611.71		52,611.71		
Special Purposes	1,008,246.87		1,008,246.87		
Water Treatment Plant		664,749.92	664,749.92		
Water Meters		16,559.90	16,559.90		
Unrestricted	645,547.02	1,483,931.60	2,129,478.62		
Total Net Position	5,212,195.60	4,471,163.42	9,683,359.02		

Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2019

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position

		Program Revenues			Primary Government			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
Functions/Programs								
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	382,599.46	28,547.18	1,579.00	(352,473.28)		(352,473.28)		
Public Safety	251,827.29	2,472.00		(249,355.29)		(249,355.29)		
Streets and Public Works	760,123.43	114,275.01	133,845.09	(512,003.33)		(512,003.33)		
Urban and Economic Development	77,228.00			(77,228.00)		(77,228.00)		
Culture and Recreation	126,922.76	923.46	9,978.79	(116,020.51)		(116,020.51)		
Other	412,559.90	41,530.46	37,807.87	(333,221.57)		(333,221.57)		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	14,930.75		76,307.00	61,376.25	45	61,376.25		
Total Governmental Activities	2,026,191.59	187,748.11	259,517.75	(1,578,925.73)		(1,578,925.73)		
Business-Type Activities:								
Water	446,701.22	525,016.47			78,315.25	78,315.25		
Sewer	34,795.39	131,136.90			96,341.51	96,341.51		
Garbage	92,784.00	90,634.14			(2,149.86)	(2,149.86)		
Trailer Park	69,995.04	71,283.28			1,288.24	1,288.24		
Landfill	9,976.38	30,859.55			20,883.17	20,883.17		
Water Meters	799.52	1,535.30			735.78	735.78		
Total Business-Type Activities	655,051.55	850,465.64			195,414.09	195,414.09		
Total Primary Government	2,681,243.14	1,038,213.75	259,517.75	(1,578,925.73)	195,414.09	(1,383,511.64)		
	General Revenues:							
	Taxes:							
	Property taxes; le	vied for general	purposes	205,879.51		205,879.51		
	Property taxes; le	The second second		49,331.33		49,331.33		
	City sales taxes	- Mar - 12		368,259.06		368,259.06		
	City lodging taxes	5		3,688.72		3,688.72		
	Oil and gas produ			38,361.63		38,361.63		
	Coal severance ta			148,268.27		148,268.27		
	Coal conversion t	axes		45,101.90		45,101.90		
	Cigarette taxes			3,825.61		3,825.61		
	Intergovernmenta	al revenue not re	estricted					
	to specific progra	ems		126,768.92		126,768.92		
	Earnings on invest		er revenue	39,270.40	13,932.06	53,202.46		
	Transfers			(76,750.00)	76,750.00			
	Total General Rev	venues and Trans	sfers	952,005.35	90,682.06	1,042,687.41		
	Change in Net Po			(626,920.38)	286,096.15	(340,824.23		
				The management was	4,185,067.27	10,024,183.25		
	Net Position - Jan	uary 1		5,839,115.98	4,165,007.27	10,024,103.23		

CITY OF GARRISON

Garrison, North Dakota

Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis

Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

	Major Funds				
	General	Street	City Sales Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:					
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	596,046.62	10,509.68	723,116.66	392,369.88	1,722,042.84
Interfund Receivables	16,242.29				16,242.29
Total Assets	612,288.91	10,509.68	723,116.66	392,369.88	1,738,285.13
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Interfund Payables				16,242.29	16,242.29
Fund Balances:					
Restricted for:					
Street and Public Works		10,509.68	242,011.39	20,000.00	272,521.07
Community Development			227,623.44		227,623.44
Urban and Economic Dev.			253,481.83	426.24	253,908.07
Culture and Recreation				1,736.99	1,736.99
Emergency				8,128.87	8,128.87
Airport				176,598.15	176,598.15
Cemetery				67,730.28	67,730.28
Debt Service				52,611.71	52,611.71
Assigned to:					
Equipment				65,137.64	65,137.64
Unassigned	612,288.91			(16,242.29)	596,046.62
Total Fund Balances	612,288.91	10,509.68	723,116.66	376,127.59	1,722,042.84
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	612,288.91	10,509.68	723,116.66	392,369.88	1,738,285.13

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

Net Capital Assets

1,722,042.84

4,005,790.00

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.

Cost of Capital Assets
Less Accumulated Depreciation

10,257,334.00

(6,251,544.00)

Long-term liabilities applicable to the city's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Long-term liabilities -both current and long-term- are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at December 31, 2019 are:

Special Assessments Bonds Payable Compensated Absences Payable

(500,000.00) (15,637.24)

Total Long-Term Liabilities

(515,637.24)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

5,212,195.60

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Major Funds				
			Other	Total	
			City Sales	Governmental	
	General	Street	Tax	Funds	Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	205,879.51		368,259.06	53,020.05	627,158.62
Special Assessments				76,307.00	76,307.00
Licenses, Permits and Fees	19,575.68				19,575.68
Intergovernmental	352,473.14	133,845.09		59,218.85	545,537.08
Charges for Services	8,971.50	114,275.01		42,185.09	165,431.60
Fines and Forfeits	2,472.00			268.83	2,740.83
Miscellaneous	18,308.23	212.04	2,429.73	18,320.40	39,270.40
Total Revenues	607,680.06	248,332.14	370,688.79	249,320.22	1,476,021.21
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government	371,434.34				371,434.34
Public Safety	180,417.29		3,889.00	63,553.00	247,859.29
Streets and Public Works	26,419.55	333,069.88	198,210.00		557,699.43
Urban and Economic Development			72,728.00	4,500.00	77,228.00
Culture and Recreation	29,156.83		22,986.00	59,834.93	111,977.76
Other		7,869.99		117,373.91	125,243.90
Capital Outlay				18,500.00	18,500.00
Debt Service:					
Principal				45,000.00	45,000.00
Interest and Service Charges				14,930.75	14,930.75
Total Expenditures	607,428.01	340,939.87	297,813.00	323,692.59	1,569,873.47
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue					
Over Expenditures	252.05	(92,607.73)	72,875.79	(74,372.37)	(93,852.26)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In		13,000.00		49,000.00	62,000.00
Transfers Out	(4,000.00)	(20,000.00)	(114,750.00))	(138,750.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,000.00)	(7,000.00)	(114,750.00	49,000.00	(76,750.00)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(3,747.95)	(99,607.73)	(41,874.21	(25,372.37)	(170,602.26)
Fund Balance - January 1	616,036.86	110,117.41	764,990.87	401,499.96	1,892,645.10
Fund Balance - December 31	612,288.91	10,509.68	723,116.66	376,127.59	1,722,042.84

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

(170,602.26)

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current year.

Current Year Capital Outlay Current Year Depreciation Expense 18,500.00

(516,786.00) (498

(498, 286.00)

The proceeds of debt issuances are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayment of debt exceeded debt proceeds.

Debt Proceeds Repayment of Debt

45,000.00

45,000.00

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net Increase in Compensated Absences

(3,032.12)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

(626,920.38)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds December 31, 2019

	Major Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Sewer	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,858,011.94	172,732.38	134,497.10	2,165,241.42	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets (net of accumulated					
depreciation):					
Buildings and Infrastructure	3,651,152.00	37,740.00	50,253.00	3,739,145.00	
Vehicles and Machinery	13,442.00	68,335.00	617-62ACT (0-20-62-400)	81,777.00	
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,664,594.00	106,075.00	50,253.00	3,820,922.00	
Total Assets	5,522,605.94	278,807.38	184,750.10	5,986,163.42	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Revenue Bonds Payable	80,000.00			80,000.00	
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Revenue Bonds Payable	1,435,000.00			1,435,000.00	
Total Liabilities	1,515,000.00	•	Œ	1,515,000.00	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,149,594.00	106,075.00	50,253.00	2,305,922.00	
Restricted for:					
Water Treatment Plant	664,749.92			664,749.92	
Water Meters	16,559.90			16,559.90	
Unrestricted	1,176,702.12	172,732.38	134,497.10	1,483,931.60	
Total Net Position	4,007,605.94	278,807.38	184,750.10	4,471,163.42	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Major Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for Sales and Services:				
Water User Fees	399,875.81			399,875.81
Rural Water Rates	114,023.07			114,023.07
Sewer Charges		131,136.90		131,136.90
Garbage Collections			90,634.14	90,634.14
Dumpground Charges			29,154.35	29,154.35
Landfill Surcharges			1,705.20	1,705.20
Meter Deposits	1,535.30		25	1,535.30
Trailer Park Rents			71,283.28	71,283.28
Miscellaneous Service	11,117.59		71,205.20	11,117.59
Wiscendifeous Service	11,117.55			22,227.33
Total Operating Revenues	526,551.77	131,136.90	192,776.97	850,465.64
Operating Expenses:				
Water	307,259.22			307,259.22
Sewer		23,941.39		23,941.39
Garbage			92,784.00	92,784.00
Trailer Park			21,100.19	21,100.19
Landfill			9,976.38	9,976.38
Meter Refunds	799.52		3,370.30	799.52
	755.52		47,500.85	47,500.85
Repairs and Maintenance Depreciation	99,692.00	10,854.00	1,394.00	111,940.00
Depreciation	33,032.00	10,031.00	2,00 1100	111,5 10.00
Total Operating Expenses	407,750.74	34,795.39	172,755.42	615,301.55
Operating Income (Loss)	118,801.03	96,341.51	20,021.55	235,164.09
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest Income	9,393.47	193.89		9,587.36
Miscellaneous Revenues	652.20	92.50	3,600.00	4,344.70
Interest and Service Charges	(39,750.00)	32.30	3,000.00	(39,750.00)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(29,704.33)	286.39	3,600.00	(25,817.94)
13 175 1 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1	The same of the same	FERRING CONTROL SETTING	6-10-000-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00	AND ALL PARTIES AND
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	89,096.70	96,627.90	23,621.55	209,346.15
Transfer In	114,750.00			114,750.00
Transfer Out	1-2-4-W-24-0-6-6-6		(38,000.00)	(38,000.00)
Changes in Net Position	203,846.70	96,627.90	(14,378.45)	286,096.15
Net Position - January 1	3,803,759.24	182,179.48	199,128.55	4,185,067.27
Net Position - December 31	4,007,605.94	278,807.38	184,750.10	4,471,163.42
	STATE OF THE PARTY			

Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For the Year ended December 31, 2019

	Major Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees	526,551.77 (308,058.74)	131,136.90 (23,941.39)	192,776.97 (171,361.42)	850,465.64 (503,361.55)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	218,493.03	107,195.51	21,415.55	347,104.09
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Miscellaneous receipts Transfers in Transfers out	652.20 114,750.00	92.50	3,600.00 (38,000.00)	4,344.70 114,750.00 (38,000.00)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	115,402.20	92.50	(34,400.00)	81,094.70
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments Interest and service charges	(75,000.00) (39,750.00)			(75,000.00) (39,750.00)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(114,750.00)		*	(114,750.00)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income	9,393.47	193.89		9,587.36
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	228,538.70	107,481.90	(12,984.45)	323,036.15
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	1,629,473.24	65,250.48	147,481.55	1,842,205.27
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	1,858,011.94	172,732.38	134,497.10	2,165,241.42
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating income (Loss)	118,801.03	96,341.51	20,021.55	235,164.09
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	99,692.00	10,854.00	1,394.00	111,940.00
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	218,493.03	107,195.51	21,415.55	347,104.09

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Garrison operates under a city council form of government. The financial statements of the city have been prepared on a modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the city. The city has considered all potential component units for which the city is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the city are such that exclusion would cause the city's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Government Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the city to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the city.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the City of Garrison as a reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the City of Garrison. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the city. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the city's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the city's funds including its fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investments earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the city's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Street. This fund accounts for the state highway distribution tax and utility charges used for street repairs and maintenance.

City Sales Tax. This fund accounts for the city's sales tax collections, which are used for community and economic development projects and for community development and infrastructure.

The city reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's water distribution system.

Sewer. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's sewer collection system.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-like activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the city utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments consist of certificates of deposit stated at cost.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets include plant and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column and the business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Assets are also reported in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are defined by the city as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and Vehicles 20 to 75 years 10 to 20 Years

F. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Compensation for unused vacation leave up to a maximum of 96 hours will be granted to city employees upon termination of employment with the city.

No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the city is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories or prepaid expenses) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e., endowment funds).

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the city or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments (i.e., funds restricted by state statute, unspent bond proceeds, grants earned but not spent, debt covenants or taxes raised for a specific purpose).

Committed — Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city council through the adoption of a resolution. The city council also may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The city reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the city's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the city's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the city has not spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

I. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental and proprietary fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the special purpose framework (SPF) used by the city requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the city maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds,

bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, share of investments companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district or any other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2019 the city's carrying amount of deposits was \$3,887,284 and the bank balance was \$3,897,639. Of the bank balance, \$276,284 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$3,621,355 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk

The city may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statutes as follows:

- (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- (3) Certificates of deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- (4) Obligations of the State.

At December 31, 2019 the city held certificates of deposit in the amount of \$221,243, which are all considered deposits.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The city does not have a limit on the amount the city may invest in any one issuer.

Note 3 PROPERTY TAXES

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

Note 4 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The interfund receivable/payable is created by a negative cash balance in the library fund. The amount shown as an interfund payable represents the amount of negative cash in this fund. The interfund receivable/payable for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Receivable	Payable
	Fund	Fund
General Fund	16,242.29	
Library		16,242.29

Note 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	Balance			Balance
	January 1	Increases	Decreases	December 31
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Infrastructure	9,652,760			9,652,760
Machinery and Vehicles	586,074	18,500		604,574
Total	10,238,834	18,500		10,257,334
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Infrastructure	5,329,463	491,768		5,821,231
Machinery and Vehicles	405,295	25,018		430,313
Total	5,734,758	516,786		6,251,544
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	4,504,076	(498,286)		4,005,790

	Balance			Balance
	January 1	Increases	Decreases	December 31
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Infrastructure Machinery and Vehicles	4,842,720 205,343			4,842,720 205,343
Total	5,048,063	(8)		5,048,063
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Infrastructure	1,002,569	101,006		1,103,575
Machinery and Vehicles	112,632	10,934		123,566
Total	1,115,201	111,940	·	1,227,141
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	3,932,862	(111,940)	-	3,820,922

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the city as follows for the year ended December 31, 2019:

8,133
3,968
202,424
14,945
287,316
516,786
99,692
10,854
1,394
111,940

Note 6 LONG-TERM DEBT

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities.</u> During the year ended December 31, 2019, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the long-term liabilities of the city:

Governmental Activities:

-	Balance January 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31	Due Within One Year
Special Assessment					
Bonds Payable	545,000		45,000	500,000	45,000
Compensated Absences * _	12,605	3,032		15,637	
Total _	557,605	3,032	45,000	515,637	45,000

 The change in compensated absences is shown as a net change because changes in salary prohibit exact calculations of increases and decreases.

Business-Type Activities (Proprietary Funds):

	Balance		Balance	Due Within	
_	January 1	Increases	Decreases	December 31	One Year
Revenue Bonds Payable	1,590,000		75,000	1,515,000	80,000

Outstanding debt at December 31, 2019 consists of the following:

Governmental Activities:

<u>Special Assessment Debt.</u> The city has issued special assessment bonds to provide funds for a water, sewer and street project. Special assessment bonds outstanding at December 31, 2019, are as follows:

\$650,000 Refunding Improvement Bonds, Series 2015, due in annual installments of \$45,000 to \$55,000 through May 1, 2029; interest is at 1.65% to 3%.

500,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding special assessment bonds are as follows:

December 31	Principal	Interest
2020	45,000	13,071
2021	45,000	13,138
2022	45,000	11,013
2023	50,000	9,825
2024	50,000	8,575
2025 - 2029	265,000	26,900
Total	500,000	82,521

Business-Type Activities:

Revenue Bonds. The city has issued bonds whereby the city pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2019 are as follows:

\$1,821,023 Water and Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, due in annualinstallments of \$80,000 to \$110,000 through September 1, 2035; interest is at 2%.

1,515,000.00

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding revenue bond debt are as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31	Principal	Interest
2020	80,000	30,300
2021	80,000	28,700
2022	80,000	27,100
2023	85,000	25,500
2024	85,000	23,800
2025-2029	470,000	92,200
2030-2034	530,000	42,800
2035	105,000	2,100
Total	1,515,000	272,500

Note 7 TRANSFERS

The following is a reconciliation between transfers in and transfers out as reported in the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019:

<u>Fund</u>	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Street	13,000	
Library	9,000	
Fire Department Equipment		
Capital	20,000	
General Fund		4,000
Garbage		5,000
Landfill		8,000
Trailer Park		25,000
To subsidize expenditures.		
Sidewalk	20,000	
Street		20,000

To set-aside funds for future sidewalk projects.

Water

114,750

City Sales Tax

114,750

To pay debt service for Water and Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 from one cent share of city sales taxes designated for community development and infrastructure.

Note 8 DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The following fund had a deficit balance as of December 31, 2019:

Special Revenue Fund

Library

(16, 242.29)

The city plans to eliminate this deficit with future revenue collections and/or transfers from other funds.

Note 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Garrison is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The city pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, automobile and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for general liability and automobile; and \$995,452 for public assets.

The city also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The city pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third-party insurance carrier for losses in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence during a 12-month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the city with a blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,604,053 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The city has worker's compensation with the Department of Workforce Safety and Insurance; and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 10 PENSION PLAN

The city provides benefits for all of its full-time employees, through a defined contribution plan with American Funds Service. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The city contributes 8% of the employee's gross salary for the year. During the year ending December 31, 2019, the city contributed \$21,124.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	AUG 80/700/00-1-100/1			
Taxes	212,576.00	205,879.51	205,879.51	24
Licenses, Permits and Fees	17,600.00	19,575.68	19,575.68	-
Intergovernmental	347,000.00	352,473.14	352,473.14	1.5
Charges for Services	8,300.00	8,971.50	8,971.50	(a)
Fines and Forfeits	4,000.00	2,472.00	2,472.00	
Miscellaneous	1,740.00	18,308.23	18,308.23	
Total Revenues	591,216.00	607,680.06	607,680.06	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government	343,480.00	343,480.00	371,434.34	(27,954.34)
Public Safety	177,236.12	177,236.12	180,417.29	(3,181.17)
Streets and Public Works	229,500.00	229,500.00	26,419.55	203,080.45
Culture and Recreation	30,000.00	30,000.00	29,156.83	843.17
Total Expenditures	780,216.12	780,216.12	607,428.01	172,788.11
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue				
Over Expenditures	(189,000.12)	(172,536.06)	252.05	172,788.11
Other Financing (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(4,000.00)	(4,000.00)	(4,000.00)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(193,000.12)	(176,536.06)	(3,747.95)	172,788.11
Fund Balance - January 1	616,036.86	616,036.86	616,036.86	
Fund Balance - December 31	423,036.74	439,500.80	612,288.91	172,788.11

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis Street Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	146,000.00	133,845.09	133,845.09	2
Charges for Services	94,000.00	114,275.01	114,275.01	8
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	212.04	212.04	
Total Revenues	240,000.00	248,332.14	248,332.14	-
Expenditures:				
Current:	tactors and or to carrie and to carried the			
Streets and Public Works	272,400.00	333,069.88	333,069.88	9
Other	·	7,869.99	7,869.99	
Total Expenditures	272,400.00	340,939.87	340,939.87	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(32,400.00)	(92,607.73)	(92,607.73)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	15,000.00	13,000.00	13,000.00	
Transfers Out	(20,000.00)	(20,000.00)	(20,000.00)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,000.00)	(7,000.00)	(7,000.00)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(37,400.00)	(99,607.73)	(99,607.73)	
und Balance - January 1	110,117.41	110,117.41	110,117.41	
Fund Balance - December 31	72,717.41	10,509.68	10,509.68	-

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis City Sales Tax Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	300,000.00	368,259.06	368,259.06	*
Miscellaneous	2,104.00	2,429.73	2,429.73	-
Total Revenues	302,104.00	370,688.79	370,688.79	-
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public Safety	5,000.00	5,000.00	3,889.00	1,111.00
Streets and Public Works	250,000.00	250,000.00	198,210.00	51,790.00
Urban and Economic Development	170,000.00	170,000.00	72,728.00	97,272.00
Culture and Recreation	25,000.00	25,000.00	22,986.00	2,014.00
Total Expenditures	450,000.00	450,000.00	297,813.00	152,187.00
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(147,896.00)	(79,311.21)	72,875.79	152,187.00
Other Financing (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(131,250.00)	(131,250.00)	(114,750.00)	16,500.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	(279,146.00)	(210,561.21)	(41,874.21)	168,687.00
Fund Balance - January 1	764,990.87	764,990.87	764,990.87	
Fund Balance - December 31	485,844.87	554,429.66	723,116.66	168,687.00

CITY OF GARRISON GARRISON, North Dakota.

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules December 31, 2019

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Based upon available financial information and requests by the governing board, the city auditor prepares the preliminary budget. The city budget is prepared for the general, special revenue and debt service funds by function and activity on the cash basis of accounting. The preliminary budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

The governing board holds a public hearing where any taxpayer may testify in favor of, or against, any proposed expenditures or tax levies requested in the preliminary budget. After the budget hearing and on or before October 7, the board adopts the final budget. The final budget must be filed with the county auditor by October 10. No expenditure shall be made, or liability incurred, in excess of the total appropriation by fund except as authorized by North Dakota Century Code Section 40-40-18. However, the governing board may amend the budget during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. The budget amendments must be approved by the board and the approval must be noted in the official proceedings of the board.

Note 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE

The governing board approved the following amendments to the city's budget for the year ending December 31, 2019:

	Original Budget	Amendment	Amended Budget
		Estimated Revenue	
General fund	591,216	16,464	607,680
Special Revenue Funds			
Street	240,000	8,332	248,332
City Sales Tax	302,104	68,585	370,689
City Lodging Tax	5,002	(1,313)	3,689
Library	28,800	(4,178)	24,622
Cemetery	11,975	54	12,029
Airport	62,105	42,581	104,686
Recreation	10,500	(371)	10,129
Debt Service Fund			
Water, Sewer & Street			
Improvement Dist. 2013	60,000	16,307	76,307

		Appropriations	
Special Revenue Funds			
Street	272,400	68,540	340,940
Library	35,800	2,035	37,835
Airport	62,105	52,665	114,770
Recreatioin	10,500	11,500	22,000
Equipment Capital Impr.	30,000	253	30,253
Fire Dept. Equipment			
Capital		51,800	51,800
		Transfers In	
Special Revenue Fund			
Street	15,000	(2,000)	13,000
		Transfers Out	
Special Revenue Fund			
Fire Dept. Equipment			
Capital	5,000	15,000	20,000

Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Cash Transactions For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Balance 1/1/2019	Receipts	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Disbursements	Balance 12/31/2019
Major Governmental Funds	-7-7		711			
General Fund	616,036.86	607,680.06		4,000.00	607,428.01	612,288.91
Street	110,117.41	248,332.14	13,000.00	20,000.00	340,939.87	10,509.68
City Sales Tax	764,990.87	370,688.79	7.7.04	114,750.00	297,813.00	723,116.66
Total Major Governmental Funds	1,491,145.14	1,226,700.99	13,000.00	138,750.00	1,246,180.88	1,345,915.25
Non-major Governmental Funds						
City Lodging Tax	1,237.52	3,688.72			4,500.00	426.24
Emergency	8,128.87					8,128.87
Library	(10,057.28)	22,649.92	9,000.00		37,834.93	(16,242.29)
Cemetery	43,250.25	11,963.35			2,604.24	52,609.36
Cemetery Perpetual Maintenance	3,779.99	16.39				3,796.38
Cemetery Special	11,275.64	48.90				11,324.54
Airport	186,981.79	104,386.03			114,769.67	176,598.15
Recreation	13,607.86	10,129.13			22,000.00	1.736.99
Equipment Capital Improvements	47,044.24	20,000.00			30,253.00	36,791.24
Fire Department Equipment Capital	60,015.62	130.78	20,000.00		51,800.00	28,346.40
Sidewalk	,		20,000.00		52,555.55	20,000.00
Water, Sewer & Street Improv. Dist. 2013	36,235.46	76,307.00			59,930.75	52,611.71
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	401,499.96	249,320.22	49,000.00		323,692.59	376,127.59
Total Governmental Funds	1,892,645.10	1,476,021.21	62,000.00	138,750.00	1,569,873.47	1,722,042.84
Major Enterprise Funds						
Water:						
Opposition						
Operating	885,150.81	467,486.67	114,750.00		422,009.22	1,045,378.26
Water Meter Deposits	885,150.81 15,754.41	467,486.67 1,605.01	114,750.00		422,009.22 799.52	
Water Meter Deposits			114,750.00			16,559.90
Water Meter Deposits Water Main Replacement Water Capital improvements	15,754.41	1,605.01	114,750.00			16,559.90 7,553.34
Water Meter Deposits Water Main Replacement Water Capital improvements Sewer:	15,754.41 7,518.25 721,049.77	1,605.01 35.09 67,470.67	114,750.00		799.52	16,559.90 7,553.34 788,520.44
Water Meter Deposits Water Main Replacement Water Capital improvements	15,754.41 7,518.25	1,605.01 35.09	114,750.00			1,045,378.26 16,559.90 7,553.34 788,520.44 126,631.57 46,100.81
Water Meter Deposits Water Main Replacement Water Capital improvements Sewer: Operating	15,754.41 7,518.25 721,049.77 45,172.59	1,605.01 35.09 67,470.67 105,400.37	114,750.00	0.50	799.52	16,559.90 7,553.34 788,520.44 126,631.57
Water Meter Deposits Water Main Replacement Water Capital improvements Sewer: Operating Sewer Lagoon Total Major Enterprise Funds	15,754.41 7,518.25 721,049.77 45,172.59 20,077.89	1,605.01 35.09 67,470.67 105,400.37 26,022.92		(*)	799.52 23,941.39	16,559.90 7,553.34 788,520.44 126,631.57 46,100.81
Water Meter Deposits Water Main Replacement Water Capital improvements Sewer: Operating Sewer Lagoon Total Major Enterprise Funds	15,754.41 7,518.25 721,049.77 45,172.59 20,077.89 1,694,723.72	1,605.01 35.09 67,470.67 105,400.37 26,022.92 668,020.73		5,000.00	799.52 23,941.39 446,750.13	16,559.90 7,553.34 788,520.44 126,631.57 46,100.81 2,030,744.32
Water Meter Deposits Water Main Replacement Water Capital improvements Sewer: Operating Sewer Lagoon Total Major Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Fund Garbage	15,754.41 7,518.25 721,049.77 45,172.59 20,077.89 1,694,723.72 8,991.64	1,605.01 35.09 67,470.67 105,400.37 26,022.92 668,020.73		5,000.00	799.52 23,941.39 446,750.13	16,559.90 7,553.34 788,520.44 126,631.57 46,100.81 2,030,744.32
Water Meter Deposits Water Main Replacement Water Capital improvements Sewer: Operating Sewer Lagoon Total Major Enterprise Funds	15,754.41 7,518.25 721,049.77 45,172.59 20,077.89 1,694,723.72	1,605.01 35.09 67,470.67 105,400.37 26,022.92 668,020.73		5,000.00 8,000.00 25,000.00	799.52 23,941.39 446,750.13	16,559.90 7,553.34 788,520.44 126,631.57 46,100.81 2,030,744.32
Water Meter Deposits Water Main Replacement Water Capital improvements Sewer: Operating Sewer Lagoon Total Major Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Fund Garbage Landfill	15,754.41 7,518.25 721,049.77 45,172.59 20,077.89 1,694,723.72 8,991.64 10,285.39	1,605.01 35.09 67,470.67 105,400.37 26,022.92 668,020.73		8,000.00	799.52 23,941.39 446,750.13 92,784.00 9,976.38	16,559.90 7,553.34 788,520.44 126,631.57 46,100.81 2,030,744.32 1,841.78 26,768.56
Water Meter Deposits Water Main Replacement Water Capital improvements Sewer: Operating Sewer Lagoon Total Major Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Fund Garbage Landfill Trailer Park	15,754.41 7,518.25 721,049.77 45,172.59 20,077.89 1,694,723.72 8,991.64 10,285.39 128,204.52	1,605.01 35.09 67,470.67 105,400.37 26,022.92 668,020.73 90,634.14 34,459.55 71,283.28		8,000.00 25,000.00	799.52 23,941.39 446,750.13 92,784.00 9,976.38 68,601.04	16,559.90 7,553.34 788,520.44 126,631.57 46,100.81 2,030,744.32 1,841.78 26,768.56 105,886.76

Certified Public Accountants

Jayson Rath, CPA Ken Mehrer, CPA Bryce Fischer, CPA Specializing in Governmental Auditing

425 North Fifth Street Bismarck, ND 58501 Phone 701-258-4560 Fax 701-258-4983

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board City of Garrison Garrison, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Garrison, Garrison, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the city's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the city's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses of significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2019-001 and 2019-002, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the city's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Findings

The city's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The city's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control or on compliance. This is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the city's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Koth and Melwer

Bismarck, North Dakota

February 28, 2020

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type o	f Auditor's Report Issued:		
	Governmental Activities	Unmodified-Modified C	ash Basis
	Business-Type Activities	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis	
	Major Governmental Funds	Unmodified-Modified C	ash Basis
	Major Business-Type Funds	Unmodified-Modified C	ash Basis
	Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified-Modified C	Cash Basis
Intern	al control over financial reporting:		
•	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No
•	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	XYes	None Reported
•	Noncompliance material to financial		
	statements noted?	Yes	X No

Significant Deficiencies

1. 2019-001 - Segregation of Duties

Criteria: To ensure adequate internal control over financial reporting and prevent material misstatements due to errors or fraud, there should be a segregation of the functions of approval, custody of assets, posting and reconciliation.

Condition: The city has one person responsible for most accounting functions. The employee is responsible to collect monies, deposit monies, issue checks, send checks to vendors, record receipts and disbursements in journals, maintain the general ledger and prepare bank reconciliations.

Cause: The city does not have a large enough staff to properly segregate all duties.

Effect: A lack of segregation of duties leads to a limited degree of internal control.

Recommendation: We recommend that management and the governing board be aware of the lack of segregation of duties and implement controls whenever possible to mitigate this risk.

Views of Responsible Officials: The city is aware of the condition and segregates duties whenever possible.

2. 2019-002- Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria: A good system of internal controls requires the city to determine that the financial statements are prepared based on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This means that the city must maintain knowledge of current accounting principles and required financial statement disclosures.

Condition: The city's financial statements, including the accompanying note disclosures, are prepared by the city's external auditors.

Cause: The city feels that it is more cost effective to have their external auditors prepare the complete financial statements and disclosures, rather than invest in ongoing specialized training that would be necessary.

Effect: Without the assistance of the auditors, the financial statements could be misstated or omit material financial statement disclosures.

Recommendation: We recommend that management be aware of this condition and be prepared and able to provide all necessary information and schedules to complete the financial statements and disclosures; and review and approve them prior to external distribution.

Views of Responsible officials: The city will continue to have the external auditors prepare the financial statements, including note disclosures, but will review and approve them prior to external distribution.