

PARK RIVER PARK DISTRICT PARK RIVER, NORTH DAKOTA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

PARK RIVER PARK DISTRICT Table of Contents

| 요즘 사이 하다는 사람들은 소리를 느로 모든 것이다. 그 그렇지 모든 그림부는 그림부는 다른 그를 보면 화면 사이를 하다고 있다. 중심하다 되었다. 그런 대답한 바 | |
|---|------|
| | Page |
| Officials | 1 |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 2-3 |
| BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | |
| Statement of Net Assets- cash basis | 4 |
| Statement of Activities- cash basis | 5 |
| Balance Sheet- Governmental Funds- cash basis | 6 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund | |
| Balances- Governmental Funds- cash basis | 7 |
| Notes to Combined Financial Statement | 8-16 |

PARK RIVER PARK DISTRICT LIST OF OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2018

PARK BOARD

Andrew Lindell
Matt Hell
Kathryn O'Leary
Nic Beneda
Rhonda Gaarder

EMPLOYEES:

Jesse Irvine Kristen Laxdal Director Secretary/Treasurer

Harold J. Rotunda

Certified Public Accountant

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Park River Park District Park River, North Dakota

I have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of Park River Park District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness opinion. of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Park River Park District as of December 31, 2018, and the changes in cash basis financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. My opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

West Fargo, North Dakota July 27, 2019

PARK RIVER PARK DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2018

| ACCETO | |
|---|---|
| ASSETS Cash and investments | 87,822.70 |
| 용면 통해 현대 중에 사용되었다. 그 이 100 전 등 이 명인 등 전기를 받는다고 있다. 1986년 1월 1일 대통령 (1985년 1985년 1985년 1986년 19 | 는 하시아 사이를 통해 당시를 보시다. - 1875년 : 1일 시간 1982년 (1987년 - 1987년 - 1 |
| . 이 하는 것 같은 요한 하다가 되어 하는 사람이 있는 것이 되었다. 그런 그렇게 모르면 보다 이 것이 없을 수 요한 이 하는 아들이 되었다. 이 그리고 모르는 살아가고 있다면 하는 것은 하나는 하는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다. | |
| | |
| 마다 마다 사람들은 아이들이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것 같아. 50 kg : | |
| Total Assets | 87,822.70 |
| <u> </u> | |
| LIABILITIES | |
| | |
| | |
| [발고 토살 환경시간] 그는 그는 이 그리는 내는 사람은 중점을 살았다. | |
| 속 가르는 왜 이렇게 보니는 하는 아니라는 데 시간에 살아 없다는데 다음이다. | |
| 목가 맛있었습니다. 하이는 본 목에 다른 방리를 모고 되었다. | |
| 경기 경기 등에 발견되었다. 이 보고, 이 사람들은 사이 되는 것 같은 것 같아. 그는 것 같아. 한 번호의 물건을 받았다. 이 보고 이 사람들은 것이 되는 것 같아. 그렇게 되었다. | |
| 통일 하고 있었다. 그 아내는 이 네트를 하는 것이 되는 아내를 받는다. | |
| 등에 생물하는 모든 이번 이름이 보면 하는 물론이 되는 것이다. | |
| Total liabilities | |
| 유물 살림 경에 먹는 어느 전기 얼굴이 되어 살아 되고 있을까 것 같다. | |
| NET POSITION | |
| 마이트를 모양하는 것이 되었다. 이 등에 가장하는 것이 되었다. 그는 사람이 되었다. 그렇게 되었다. 그렇게 되어 하는 것이 되었다. 그는 것이 되었다. 그렇게 되었다. 그렇게 되었다. | |
| 사람들이 얼마를 하는데 그는데 하는데 하는데 그렇게 되었다. | 에 하고 있다는 그런 그것 같은 하고 있습니다. 일반하는 이 사람들은 사람들은 하는 사람들은 것 같다. |
| 네트 : 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1 | |
| Unrestricted | 87,822.70 |

87,822.70

Total Net Position

PARK RIVER PARK DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES- CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

in Net Position Program Revenues Charges for Operating grants Governmental and Contributions Expenses Services Activities Governmental Activities: 66,381.00 Park operations 195,660.41 (129, 279.41)Capital outlays 371,517.39 (371,517.39)Debt Service 3,461.98 (3,461.98)**Total Governmental Activities** 570,639.78 66,381.00 (504, 258.78)General Revenues Property taxes 130,219.61 State aid Interest income 23.51 Contributions 102,980.66 Other revenue 1,692.96 Bond proceeds 300,000.00 **Total General Revenues** 534,916.74 Change in Net Position 30,657.96 Net Position- Beginning 57,164.74 Net Position- Ending 87,822.70

Net (expense)
Revenue & Change:

PARK RIVER PARK DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET- CASH BASIS- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

GENERAL

ASSETS

Cash and investments 87,822.70

Total Assets 87,822.70

LIABILITIES

Total liabilities

NET POSITION

Unassigned 87,822.70

Total Net Position 87,822.70

PARK RIVER PARK DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- CASH BASIS- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

| | GENERAL |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Property taxes | 130,219.61 |
| Intergovernmental | |
| Bond proceeds | 300,000.00 |
| Interest | 23.51 |
| Charges for services Contributions | 66,381.00 102,980.66 |
| Miscellaneous | 1,692.96 |
| | 1,022.20 |
| Total Revenues | 601,297.74 |
| Current: | |
| Park operations | 195,660.41 |
| Capital outlays | 371,517.39 |
| Debt Service | 3,461.98 |
| 그들의 중요한 교통이 한 경기에 가장 보고 하고 되었다. | |
| Total Expenditures | 570,639.78 |
| Excess revenues (expenditures) | 30,657.96 |
| | |
| Net Position- Beginning | 57,164.74 |
| Net Position- Ending | 87,822.70 |
| 가족회, 작용된 회장에게 살아진 있다는 것 같은 것 같아. | |

PARK RIVER PARK DISTRICT PARK RIVER, NORTH DAKOTA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Park River Park District (District) have been prepared on a cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The district has considered all potential component units for which the district is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the district such that exclusion would cause the district's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the district to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-wide statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the District. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity, Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenses/expenditures. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The District currently has no fiduciary funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues and expenditures when they result from cash transactions in the government-wide statements. This basis is a comprehensive of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the District utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgets

Based upon available financial information and requests by the board, the clerk prepares the district budget. The budget is prepared for the general, special revenue and debt service funds on the cash basis of accounting. The budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

District taxes must be levied by the governing board on or before the October 7. The taxes levied must be certified to the County auditor by October 10. The governing body of the District may amend its tax levy and budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year, but the certification must be filed with the County auditor by October 10. The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts.

F. Capital Assets

The District records capital assets as disbursements at the time of purchase.

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Fund Balance/ Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted - This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the District council—the District's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The council has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District's preference is to first use restricted resources, then unrestricted resources-committed, assigned, and unassigned-in order as needed.

The council has not set a General Fund minimum fund balance.

I. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

J. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the District requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

BUDGET AMENDMENTS

The board did not amend the General fund budget for 2018.

EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The district did not overspend the budget for any individual funds. No remedial action is required by the district.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institution situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposit not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United State government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, notes, warrants, and certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies, instrumentalities, or by any District, District, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States, or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2018, the District's carrying amount of deposits was \$87,823. Of the bank balances, \$87,823 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$0 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the District to invest in: (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress. (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above. (3) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation or the state. (4) Obligations of the state.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District does not have a limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4: PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes receivable represents the past five years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable. The county treasurer acts as and agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities - During the year ended December 31, 2018, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term debt:

Payable Payable Due Within 2014 Increases Decreases 2018 One Year Notes payable 71,338 300,000 3,462 367,876

NOTES PAYABLE

Note payable due in annual installments of \$12,400 plus interest due at 0%. Note used for Comfort station

62,000

Note payable due in quarterly installments of interest due at 2.85%. Principal is due in full in January 2021. District has the right to make principal payments as donations are received. Note is secured by pledges receivable and personal guarantee. Note used for Baseball Complex

300,000

Notes payable due in monthly installments of \$2,960, including interest at 4.50%, through December 2022; monthly installments of \$3,026, including interest through October 2027; Note used for mower.

5,876

Total

367**,**876

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986 state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The district pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability and automobile insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of one million dollars per occurrence.

The State Bonding Fund currently provides the District with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$350,000 for its employees. The State Bonding fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The district has workers compensation with the Workforce, Safety and Insurance and purchases commercial insurance for personal property, building, inland marine, and boiler and machinery.

PARK RIVER PARK DISTRICT

REPORTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

DECEMBER 31, 2018

| Table of Contents | | |
|---|------|--|
| | Pag | |
| Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and other matters based on an Audit of Financial Statements performed in Accordance with Government | | |
| Auditing Standards | .1-2 | |
| Schedule of Findings and Responses | 3-4 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Harold J. Rotunda

是自己被引用是

William Control

VELVE LAW

TATESAI

SHIS

BARRY.

MARKET COLOR

Character of

減で指え

dring.

\$(0.5.54°es)

(talentari)

30.700 Dileres.

Cartors (an)

\$75 (LSP), \$4.20

Charles and

Certified Public Accountant

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

3000,000

Governing Board Park River Park District Park River, North Dakota

TIS REPORTED M. WITCHER CO. P. MARKE

ANGERTS CELLS

XIII X (Alesticalis) v

GEFERINGS OF WELLVER.

TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

Sit Hilly Hill 69

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Park River Park District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 , and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated July 20, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Park River Park District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

ESSAF EMPER

CALTMANA

ANDTHURS

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. I did identify one deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that I consider to be a significant deficiency (2018-1).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Park River Park District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

District's Response to Findings

337500

Park River Park District's response to the finding identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. Park River Park District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

· 1994年

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harold Rotunda, CPA July 20, 2019

Ella (el Aguaria)

PARK RIVER PARK DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Section, I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of Report Issued?

Governmental Activities Unmodified Major Funds Unmodified Aggregate Remaining Fund Information Unmodified

Internal Control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified? Yes \underline{X} No Significant deficiencies identified not Considered to be material weaknesses X Yes No Noncompliance material to financial statements Noted? Yes X No

Section II- Financial Statement Findings 2018-001 Segregation of Duties

Criteria

To provide reasonable assurance that segregation of duties takes place while also taking into account the size of the District.

Condition

The Accountant of the District is responsible for all accounting functions involved. The employee handles all income of monies, prepares the receipts documents, prepares the deposits, issues all checks and distributes them, receives the bank statements and does the reconciliations. The employee also records the receipts and disbursements to the journals and maintains the general ledger. Considering the size of the District, it is not feasible to obtain proper segregation of duties and the degree of internal control is severely limited. 그 연극 보면 하는 그들이 하는 데 있다는 데 그리는 사람들은 그 나는 사람들에게 됐다고 하고 있을까?

Cause The Accountant is the only employee and due to the District's size, they are unable to hire additional staff.

Mandalah Bada sarip bebah bengalah 1996 pendabah di pendabah di pendabah di pendabah di pendabah di pendabah b

Effect

Lack of segregation of duties leads to a limited degree of internal control.

Recommendation

The District should separate the duties when it becomes feasible.

PARK RIVER PARK DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Management's Response

Some procedures to promote segregation of duties have been implemented. Funds are counted by other individuals prior to being given to the accountant to receipt and deposit at the various financial institutions. The Director reviews bills before payments are made. The Board reviews and approves all checks written. The District will segregate other duties when feasible.

2018-002 Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria

An appropriate system of internal controls requires that a District make a determination that financial statements and the underlying general ledger accounts are properly stated in compliance with the cash basis of accounting. This requires the District's personnel to maintain a working knowledge of current cash basis of accounting required financial statement disclosures.

Condition

The District's auditor prepared the financial statements for the year ended. In addition, adjusting entries were proposed to bring the financial statements into compliance with the cash basis of accounting (Cash). An appropriate system of internal controls requires that a District must make a determination that financial statements and the underlying general ledger accounts are properly stated in compliance with Cash. This requires the District's personnel to maintain a working knowledge of current accounting principles in accordance with Cash.

Cause

The District does not have the resources to prepare full cash basis financial statements.

Effect

The District currently does not maintain the working knowledge of current accounting principles for the cash basis and required financial statement disclosures to make a determination that financial statements are properly stated in compliance with the cash basis.

Recommendation

Compensating controls could be provided through client preparation of the financial statement preparation and/or review function.

Management's Response

Management agrees that it is currently not cost-effective.