

AUDIT REPORT

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

RATH & MEHRER, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

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CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

CITY OFFICIALS

Kevin Willey	Mayor
Lynn Arndt	Council Member
Lori Gentzkow	Council Member
Clinton Hoggarth	Council Member
Jordan Matzke	Council Member
Kent Peterson	Council Member
Vince Watkins	Council Member
Jennifer Person	Auditor

Rath & Mehrer

Certified Public Accountants

Specializing in Governmental Auditing

Phone: (701) 258-4560

Jayson Rath, CPA
Ken Mehrer, CPA

425 North Fifth Street
Bismarck, ND 58501

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board
City of LaMoure
LaMoure, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaMoure, LaMoure, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the city's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaMoure, LaMoure, North Dakota, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position; and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis, budgeting comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The management's discussion and analysis, budgeting comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the management's discussion and analysis, budgeting comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and the schedule of fund activity arising from cash transactions are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 5, 2019 on our consideration of the city's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the city's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rath and Mehrer

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

July 5, 2019

CITY OF LAMOURE

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the City of LaMoure's financial performance provides an overall review of the city's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the city's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes.

The MD&A is a new element of the Required Supplementary Information specified in the Government Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 "*Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments*". Certain comparative information between the current fiscal year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2018 are as follows:

- * Total net position of the city increased \$199,336 as a result of the current year's operations. Net position of the governmental activities increased \$37,424 and net position of the business-type activities increased \$161,912.
- * Governmental net position totaled \$1,443,629 and business-type net position totaled \$5,593,892.
- * Total revenues from all sources were \$580,959 for governmental activities and \$720,367 for business-type activities.
- * Total expenses were \$536,064 for governmental activities and \$565,926 for business-type activities.
- * The city's general fund had \$238,501 in total revenues and \$233,839 in total expenditures. There was a total of \$18,470 paid from other financing uses. Overall, the general fund balance decreased by \$13,809 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of a series of statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand the city as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole city, presenting both an aggregate view of the city's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. These statements present information as follows:

- * Governmental activities - this includes most of the city's basic services which are primarily supported by property taxes, user fees and intergovernmental revenues.
- * Business-type activities - this includes those services which are intended to recover all or a significant part of their costs through user fees.

Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. These statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

REPORTING ON THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

These statements are summaries of all the funds used by the city to provide programs and activities and attempt to answer the question "How did the city do financially during the year ended December 31, 2018?"

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the city's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the city is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the city's net position changed during the fiscal year. This statement is presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes revenues and expenses when they result from cash transactions with provisions for depreciation of capital assets, and issuance of and payments made on long-term debt issues.

These two statements report the city's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the city as a whole, the financial position of the city has improved or deteriorated. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the city reports governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the city's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, general government, public safety, streets and public works and debt service. Business-type activities are where the city's enterprise services are reported including, but not limited to, water, sewer, garbage and water main replacement.

REPORTING ON THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

The city uses separate funds to account for and manage money dedicated for particular purposes (e.g. taxes collected from special mill levies and funds received from grants and donations). The fund basis financial statements allow the city to demonstrate its stewardship over and accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the city's major funds. Using the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 34, the city's general fund, highway fund, fire/ambulance building fund and airport authority fund are considered "major governmental funds". The city's water utility fund, sewer fund and garbage fund are considered "major enterprise funds".

The city's other funds, which are used to account for a multitude of financial transactions, are summarized under the heading "Other Governmental Funds" or "Other Enterprise Funds".

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Table I provides a summary of the city's net position as of December 31, 2018. A comparative analysis of city-wide data is presented for both current and prior year.

As indicated in the financial highlights above, the city's net position increased by \$199,336 for the year ended December 31, 2018. Changes in net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the city's financial position.

The city's net position of \$7,037,521 is segregated into three separate categories. Net investment in capital assets totals \$6,166,833. It should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending. The restricted component of net position is \$518,118 of the city's net position and represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent. The remaining unrestricted component of net position is \$352,570 which includes (\$156,574) relating to the reporting of it's share of the unfunded liability for the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System as required by GASB Statement No. 68. The net amount of \$509,144 is available to meet the city's ongoing obligations.

Table I
 Net Position
 As of December 31, 2018

	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Business- Type</u>
<u>Assets</u>		
Current Assets	446,345	580,917
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,750,056	6,778,324
Total Assets	<u>2,196,401</u>	<u>7,359,241</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>149,376</u>	
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current Liabilities	175,260	71,017
Long-Term Liabilities	420,937	1,694,332
Net Pension Liability	287,615	
Total Liabilities	<u>883,813</u>	<u>1,765,349</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>18,335</u>	
<u>Net Position</u>		
Net Investment in Capital		
Assets	1,153,858	5,012,975
Restricted	355,679	162,438
Unrestricted	(65,909)	418,478
Total Net Position	<u>1,443,629</u> =====	<u>5,593,892</u> =====

Net Position
 As of December 31, 2017

	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Business- Type</u>
<u>Assets</u>		
Current Assets	491,562	484,074
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,815,197	6,785,422
Total Assets	<u>2,306,759</u>	<u>7,269,496</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>68,330</u>	
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current Liabilities	205,062	70,053
Long-Term Liabilities	570,760	1,767,463
Net Pension Liability	169,141	
Total Liabilities	<u>944,963</u>	<u>1,837,516</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>23,921</u>	
<u>Net Position</u>		
Net Investment in Capital		
Assets	1,039,375	4,947,906
Restricted	368,714	149,125
Unrestricted	(1,884)	334,949
Total Net Position	<u>1,406,205</u> =====	<u>5,431,980</u> =====

Table II shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. A comparative analysis of city-wide data is presented for both current and prior year.

Table II

Changes in Net Position
As of December 31, 2018

	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Business- Type</u>
Revenues		
<u>Program Revenues:</u>		
Charges for Services	54,341	541,286
Operating Grants and Contributions	172,928	166,609
<u>General Revenues:</u>		
Property Taxes	183,607	
Other Taxes	101,193	
Intergovernmental - Unrestricted	55,885	
Interest Earnings and Other Revenue	13,004	12,471
Total Revenues	<u>580,959</u>	<u>720,367</u>
Expenses		
General Government	167,570	
Public Safety	79,372	
Streets and Public Works	216,950	
Other	56,531	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	15,641	
Water		189,280
Sewer		258,687
Garbage		106,345
Water Main Replacement		11,613
Total Expenses	<u>536,064</u>	<u>565,926</u>
Net Change in Position Before Transfers	<u>44,895</u>	<u>154,441</u>
Transfers	<u>(7,470)</u>	<u>7,470</u>
Net Change in Position	<u>37,424</u>	<u>161,911</u>
	=====	=====

Property taxes constituted 14%, other taxes 8%, unrestricted intergovernmental 4%, grants and contributions 26%, and charges for services made up 46% of the total revenues of all activities of the city for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

General government constituted 15%, public safety 7%, streets and public works 20% and enterprise made up 51% of the total expenses for all activities during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

Changes in Net Position
As of December 31, 2017

	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Business- Type</u>
Revenues		
<u>Program Revenues:</u>		
Charges for Services	43,614	538,307
Operating Grants and Contributions	236,984	3,293,989
<u>General Revenues:</u>		
Property Taxes	226,128	
Other Taxes	111,309	
Intergovernmental - Unrestricted	51,057	
Interest Earnings and Other Revenue	10,008	4,753
Total Revenues	679,099	3,837,048
Expenses		
General Government	147,628	
Public Safety	115,981	
Streets and Public Works	195,256	
Other	132,898	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	21,343	
Water		223,174
Sewer		141,877
Garbage		109,966
Sewer Replacement		12,600
Water Main Replacement		11,757
Total Expenses	613,106	499,375
Net Change in Position Before Transfers	65,993	3,337,674
Transfers	5,742	(5,742)
Net Change in Position	71,736	3,331,931

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table III shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and other unrestricted revenues.

Table III
Total and Net Cost of Services
As of December 31, 2018

	<u>Total Cost Year Ended Dec. 31, 2018</u>	<u>Net Cost Year Ended Dec. 31, 2018</u>
General Government	167,570	156,056
Public Safety	79,372	76,355
Streets and Public Works	216,950	77,444
Other	56,531	55,331
Interest on Long-Term Debt	15,641	(56,390)
Total Expenses	536,064	308,795

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The purpose of the city's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows and balances of available resources. Unassigned fund balance generally can be used as a measure of the city's net resources available for spending as of the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for using the modified cash basis of accounting. The city's governmental funds had total revenue of \$580,959 and expenditures of \$618,706 for the year ended December 31, 2018. As of December 31, 2018, the unassigned fund balance of the city's general fund was \$91,492 and total unassigned fund balances for all the city's governmental funds was \$90,665.

GENERAL FUND BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

During the course of fiscal year 2018, the city did not amend the general fund budget. Actual revenue for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$10,149 less than budgeted. Actual expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2018 were under budget by \$27,561. This variance was mainly due to the city overestimating appropriations for public safety purposes.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of December 31, 2018, the city had \$8,528,380 invested in capital assets. The following table shows the balances, for governmental and business-type activities, as of December 31, 2018. A comparative analysis of city-wide data is presented for both current and prior year.

Table IV

Capital Assets
(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)
As of December 31, 2018

	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Business- Type</u>
Buildings and Infrastructure	1,600,007	6,778,324
Machinery and Vehicles	150,049	
Total (net of depreciation)	<u>1,750,056</u> =====	<u>6,778,324</u> =====

This total represents a decrease of \$72,239 in capital assets from January 1, 2018. The decrease in construction in progress was due to the completion of a water and sewer project. For a detailed breakdown of the additions and deletions to capital assets, readers are referred to Note 5 to the audited financial statements which follow this analysis.

Capital Assets
(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)
As of December 31, 2017

	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Business- Type</u>
Construction in Progress		4,854,769
Buildings and Infrastructure	1,644,151	1,930,653
Machinery and Vehicles	171,046	
Total (net of depreciation)	<u>1,815,197</u> =====	<u>6,785,422</u> =====

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of December 31, 2018, the city had \$2,361,547 in outstanding debt of which \$246,277 was due within one year. During fiscal year 2018, the city did not issue any new long-term debt obligations.

For a detailed breakdown of the long-term debt, readers are referred to Note 6 to the audited financial statements which follow this analysis.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the city's finances and to show the city's accountability for the money it receives. Anyone who has questions about information contained in this report or who is interested in receiving additional information is encouraged to contact Jennifer Person, City Auditor, LaMoure, ND.

CITY OF LA MOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis
December 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	446,344.57	580,916.69	1,027,261.26
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Buildings and Infrastructure	1,600,007.00	6,778,324.00	8,378,331.00
Machinery and Vehicles	150,049.00		150,049.00
Total Capital Assets	1,750,056.00	6,778,324.00	8,528,380.00
Total Assets	2,196,400.57	7,359,240.69	9,555,641.26
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Changes in Resources Related to Pensions	149,376.00		149,376.00
LIABILITIES:			
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year:			
Loans Payable	155,260.47		155,260.47
Special Assessment Bonds Payable	20,000.00		20,000.00
Revenue Bonds Payable		71,017.00	71,017.00
Due After One Year:			
Loans Payable	195,937.04		195,937.04
Special Assessment Bonds Payable	225,000.00		225,000.00
Revenue Bonds Payable		1,694,332.00	1,694,332.00
Net Pension Liability	287,615.00		287,615.00
Total Liabilities	883,812.51	1,765,349.00	2,649,161.51
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Changes in Resources Related to Pensions	18,335.00		18,335.00
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,153,858.49	5,012,975.00	6,166,833.49
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	80,154.73	162,438.43	242,593.16
Special Purposes	275,524.36		275,524.36
Unrestricted	(65,908.52)	418,478.26	352,569.74
Total Net Position	1,443,629.06	5,593,891.69	7,037,520.75

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
			Primary Government			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs						
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	167,569.91	11,514.40		(156,055.51)		(156,055.51)
Public Safety	79,372.37	3,017.09		(76,355.28)		(76,355.28)
Streets and Public Works	216,950.23	38,609.81	100,896.87	(77,443.55)		(77,443.55)
Other	56,530.76	1,200.00		(55,330.76)		(55,330.76)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	15,641.16		72,031.40	56,390.24		56,390.24
Total Governmental Activities	536,064.43	54,341.30	172,928.27	(308,794.86)		(308,794.86)
Business-Type Activities:						
Water	189,280.14	204,425.09			15,144.95	15,144.95
Sewer	258,687.48	209,336.87	166,609.02		117,258.41	117,258.41
Garbage	106,344.98	101,073.15			(5,271.83)	(5,271.83)
Sewer Replacement		5,181.48			5,181.48	5,181.48
Water Main Replacement	11,613.24	21,269.81			9,656.57	9,656.57
Total Business-Type Activities	565,925.84	541,286.40	166,609.02		141,969.58	141,969.58
Total Primary Government	1,101,990.27	595,627.70	339,537.29	(308,794.86)	141,969.58	(166,825.28)
General Revenues and Transfers:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes; levied for general purposes				151,480.11		151,480.11
Property taxes; levied for special purposes				32,127.13		32,127.13
Sales taxes				96,259.57		96,259.57
Cigarette taxes				2,471.66		2,471.66
Telecommunication taxes				2,461.49		2,461.49
Intergovernmental revenue not restricted to specific programs				55,885.28		55,885.28
Earnings on investments and other revenue				13,004.36	12,471.40	25,475.76
Transfers				(7,470.44)	7,470.44	
Total General Revenues and Transfers				346,219.16	19,941.84	366,161.00
Change in Net Position				37,424.30	161,911.42	199,335.72
Net Position - January 1				1,406,204.76	5,431,980.27	6,838,185.03
Net Position - December 31				1,443,629.06	5,593,891.69	7,037,520.75

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2018

Major Funds

	General	Highway	Fire/ Ambulance Building	Airport Authority	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	90,665.48	160,461.52	9,878.77	33,171.67	152,167.13	446,344.57
Interfund Receivables	826.25					826.25
Total Assets	91,491.73	160,461.52	9,878.77	33,171.67	152,167.13	447,170.82
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:						
Liabilities:						
Interfund Payables					826.25	826.25
Fund Balances						
Restricted for:						
Public Safety			9,878.77			9,878.77
Streets and Public Works		160,461.52				160,461.52
Emergency					6,732.46	6,732.46
Airport				33,171.67		33,171.67
Urban and Economic Development					21,099.52	21,099.52
Debt Service					80,154.73	80,154.73
Other Special Purposes					16,528.15	16,528.15
Assigned to:						
Vehicle and Equipment Replacement					27,652.27	27,652.27
Unassigned	91,491.73				(826.25)	90,665.48
Total Fund Balances	91,491.73	160,461.52	9,878.77	33,171.67	151,340.88	446,344.57
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	91,491.73	160,461.52	9,878.77	33,171.67	152,167.13	447,170.82

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds		446,344.57
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Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.

Cost of Capital Assets	2,612,658.00	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(862,602.00)	
Net Capital Assets		1,750,056.00

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources reported on the statement of net position are the result of changes in resources related to pensions and do not affect current financial resources.

Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	149,376.00	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	(18,335.00)	
Net Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources		131,041.00

Long-term liabilities applicable to the city's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Long-term liabilities -both current and long-term- are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at December 31, 2018 are:

Loans Payable	(351,197.51)	
Special Assessment Bonds Payable	(245,000.00)	
Net Pension Liability	(287,615.00)	
Total Long-Term Liabilities		(883,812.51)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		1,443,629.06
		=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Modified Cash Basis
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Major Funds

	General	Highway	Fire/ Ambulance Building	Airport Authority	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	151,480.11		83,703.97	27,638.94	17,043.79	279,866.81
Special Assessments					72,031.40	72,031.40
Licenses, Permits and Fees	5,065.00					5,065.00
Intergovernmental	60,818.43	100,896.87				161,715.30
Charges for Services	9,186.49	31,175.81		1,200.00	7,434.00	48,996.30
Fines and Forfeitures	280.00					280.00
Miscellaneous	11,670.54	525.00		383.82	425.00	13,004.36
Total Revenues	238,500.57	132,597.68	83,703.97	29,222.76	96,934.19	580,959.17
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government	131,594.91					131,594.91
Public Safety	42,429.69		18,686.68			61,116.37
Streets and Public Works	22,344.74	135,475.88			13,157.61	170,978.23
Other	37,469.66			12,831.10	950.00	51,250.76
Capital Outlay					8,500.00	8,500.00
Debt Service:						
Principal			65,649.65	50,337.73	63,637.54	179,624.92
Interest and Service Charges			3,052.34	1,948.52	10,640.30	15,641.16
Total Expenditures	233,839.00	135,475.88	87,388.67	65,117.35	96,885.45	618,706.35
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	4,661.57	(2,878.20)	(3,684.70)	(35,894.59)	48.74	(37,747.18)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In					14,000.00	14,000.00
Transfers Out	(18,470.44)	(3,000.00)				(21,470.44)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(18,470.44)	(3,000.00)			14,000.00	(7,470.44)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(13,808.87)	(5,878.20)	(3,684.70)	(35,894.59)	14,048.74	(45,217.62)
Fund Balance - January 1	105,300.60	166,339.72	13,563.47	69,066.26	137,292.14	491,562.19
Fund Balance - December 31	91,491.73	160,461.52	9,878.77	33,171.67	151,340.88	446,344.57

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (45,217.62)

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current year.

Current Year Capital Outlay	8,500.00	
Current Year Depreciation Expense	(73,641.00)	(65,141.00)

The proceeds of debt issuances are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayment of debt exceeded debt proceeds.

Debt Proceeds	0.00	
Repayment of Debt	179,624.92	179,624.92

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net Increase to Pension Expenses		(31,842.00)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		37,424.30

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis
Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2018

	Major Enterprise Funds				
	Water Utility	Sewer	Garbage	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,927.62	352,208.63		218,780.44	580,916.69
Interfund Receivables		4,435.83			4,435.83
Total Current Assets	9,927.62	356,644.46		218,780.44	585,352.52
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depr):					
Buildings and Infrastructure	30,400.00	6,600,464.00		147,460.00	6,778,324.00
Total Assets	40,327.62	6,957,108.46		366,240.44	7,363,676.52
=====					
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Interfund Payable			4,435.83		4,435.83
Revenue Bonds Payable		63,517.00		7,500.00	71,017.00
Total Current Liabilities		63,517.00	4,435.83	7,500.00	75,452.83
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Revenue Bonds Payable		1,671,132.00		23,200.00	1,694,332.00
Total Liabilities		1,734,649.00	4,435.83	30,700.00	1,769,784.83
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	30,400.00	4,865,815.00		116,760.00	5,012,975.00
Restricted for Debt Service				162,438.43	162,438.43
Unrestricted	9,927.62	356,644.46	(4,435.83)	56,342.01	418,478.26
Total Net Position	40,327.62	5,222,459.46	(4,435.83)	335,540.44	5,593,891.69
=====					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Major Enterprise Funds			Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
	Water Utility	Sewer	Garbage		
<u>Operating Revenues:</u>					
Charges for Services:					
Water Charges	204,425.09				204,425.09
Sewer Charges		209,261.87			209,261.87
Garbage Charges			101,073.15		101,073.15
Other Revenues		75.00		26,451.29	26,526.29
Total Operating Revenues	204,425.09	209,336.87	101,073.15	26,451.29	541,286.40
<u>Operating Expenses:</u>					
Water	188,480.14				188,480.14
Sewer		74,853.97			74,853.97
Garbage			106,344.98		106,344.98
Depreciation	800.00	138,666.00		10,863.00	150,329.00
Total Operating Expenses	189,280.14	213,519.97	106,344.98	10,863.00	520,008.09
Operating Income (Loss)	15,144.95	(4,183.10)	(5,271.83)	15,588.29	21,278.31
<u>Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):</u>					
Interest Income				93.87	93.87
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Grant		166,609.02			166,609.02
Miscellaneous Revenues	1,305.28	10,236.25	836.00		12,377.53
Interest and Service Charges		(45,167.51)		(750.24)	(45,917.75)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	1,305.28	131,677.76	836.00	(656.37)	133,162.67
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	16,450.23	127,494.66	(4,435.83)	14,931.92	154,440.98
Transfers In			13,470.44	5,000.00	18,470.44
Transfers Out	(3,000.00)	(8,000.00)			(11,000.00)
Change in Net Position	13,450.23	119,494.66	9,034.61	19,931.92	161,911.42
Net Position - January 1	26,877.39	5,102,964.80	(13,470.44)	315,608.52	5,431,980.27
Net Position - December 31	40,327.62	5,222,459.46	(4,435.83)	335,540.44	5,593,891.69

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Major Enterprise Funds			Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
	Water Utility	Sewer	Garbage		
<u>Cash flows from operating activities:</u>					
Receipts from customers	204,425.09	209,336.87	101,073.15	26,451.29	541,286.40
Payments to suppliers and employees	(188,480.14)	(74,853.97)	(106,344.98)		(369,679.09)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	15,944.95	134,482.90	(5,271.83)	26,451.29	171,607.31
<u>Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:</u>					
Miscellaneous revenue	1,305.28	10,236.25	836.00		12,377.53
Transfers in			13,470.44	5,000.00	18,470.44
Transfers out	(3,000.00)	(8,000.00)			(11,000.00)
Interfund loan transaction	(4,322.61)	13,357.22	(9,034.61)		(0.00)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(6,017.33)	15,593.47	5,271.83	5,000.00	19,847.97
<u>Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:</u>					
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers grant Water and sewer project		166,609.02			166,609.02
Principal payments on revenue bonds		(143,231.00)			(143,231.00)
Interest and service charges		(64,867.00)		(7,300.00)	(72,167.00)
		(45,167.51)		(750.24)	(45,917.75)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(86,656.49)		(8,050.24)	(94,706.73)
<u>Cash flows from investing activities:</u>					
Interest income				93.87	93.87
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	9,927.62	63,419.88		23,494.92	96,842.42
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	-0-	288,788.75	-0-	195,285.52	484,074.27
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	9,927.62	352,208.63	-0-	218,780.44	580,916.69
=====					
<u>Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities</u>					
Operating income (loss)	15,144.95	(4,183.10)	(5,271.83)	15,588.29	21,278.31
<u>Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:</u>					
Depreciation expense	800.00	138,666.00		10,863.00	150,329.00
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	15,944.95	134,482.90	(5,271.83)	26,451.29	171,607.31
=====					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Modified Cash Basis - Agency Funds
December 31, 2018

	Agency Funds
<u>Assets:</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	11,849.84
	=====
<u>Liabilities:</u>	
Due to Other Governments	11,849.84
	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of LaMoure operates under a city council form of government. The financial statements of the city have been prepared on a modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the city. The city has considered all potential component units for which the city is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the city are such that exclusion would cause the city's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Government Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the city to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the city.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the City of LaMoure as a reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the City of LaMoure. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type* activities of the city. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the city's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the city's funds including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental, proprietary* and *fiduciary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investments earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the city's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Highway. This fund accounts for the accumulation of the highway distribution tax to be used for street repairs and maintenance.

Fire/Ambulance Building. This fund accounts for the accumulation of city sales taxes to be used for operating expenses and debt service payments on the fire/ambulance building.

Airport Authority. This fund accounts for the accumulation of a special tax levy to be used for airport operating purposes and debt service payments on a airport improvement loan.

The city reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's water distribution system.

Sewer. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's sewer collection system. The city also accounted for a sewer line replacement project as part of this fund that was financed with a grant from the US Army Corps of Engineers and a Clean Water State Revolving Fund loan.

Garbage. This fund accounts for the activities of the city's garbage collection system.

The city reports the following fund type:

Agency Funds. These funds account for assets held by the city in a custodial capacity as an agent on behalf of others. The city's agency funds are used to account for various deposits of other governments.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental, business-like and fiduciary fund activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the city utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets include plant and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column and the business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Assets are also reported in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are defined by the city as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Infrastructure	25 to 75 years
Machinery and Vehicles	7 to 20 years

F. Compensated Absences

No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is not reported in the government-wide statement of net position as it is considered immaterial.

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Pension

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS); additions to/deductions from NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the city is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories or prepaid expenses) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e., endowment funds).

Restricted - Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the city or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments (i.e., funds restricted by state statute, unspent bond proceeds, grants earned but not spent, debt covenants or taxes raised for a specific purpose).

Committed - Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city council through the adoption of a resolution. The city council also may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned - Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The city reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions - When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the city's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the city's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- * Committed
- * Assigned
- * Unassigned

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the city has not spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted as described in the fund balance section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

J. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental and proprietary fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the special purpose framework (SPF) used by the city requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the city maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investments companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district or any other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2018 the city's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,039,111 and the bank balance was \$1,057,712. Of the bank balance, \$352,522 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and \$30,302 was covered by National Credit Union Insurance. The remaining balance of \$674,888 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk

The city may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statutes, as follows:

- (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- (3) Certificates of deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- (4) Obligations of the State.

At December 31, 2018 the city held certificates of deposit in the amount of \$551,900, which are all considered deposits.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The city does not have a limit on the amount the city may invest in any one issuer.

Note 3 PROPERTY TAXES

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

Note 4 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Interfund receivables/payables are created by negative cash balances in various funds. The amounts shown as interfund payables represent the amount of negative cash in these funds. Interfund receivables/payables for the year ended December 31, 2018 are as follows:

	<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>
General	826.25	
Paving & Curb Projects		826.25
Sewer	4,435.83	
Garbage		4,435.83

Note 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	<u>Balance January 1</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance December 31</u>
Governmental Activities:				
<i>Capital assets being depreciated:</i>				
Buildings and Infrastructure	2,158,745			2,158,745
Machinery and Vehicles	445,413	8,500		453,913
Total	<u>2,604,158</u>	<u>8,500</u>		<u>2,612,658</u>
<i>Less accumulated depreciation for:</i>				
Buildings and Infrastructure	514,594	44,144		558,738
Machinery and Vehicles	274,367	29,497		303,864
Total	<u>788,961</u>	<u>73,641</u>		<u>862,602</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>1,815,197</u>	<u>(65,141)</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>1,750,056</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====
	<u>Balance January 1</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance December 31</u>
Business-type Activities:				
<i>Capital assets not being depreciated:</i>				
Construction in Progress	4,854,769	143,231	4,998,000	
<i>Capital assets being depreciated:</i>				
Buildings and Infrastructure	2,533,160	4,998,000		7,531,160
Machinery and Vehicles	18,000			18,000
Total	<u>2,551,160</u>	<u>4,998,000</u>		<u>7,549,160</u>
<i>Less accumulated depreciation for:</i>				
Buildings and Infrastructure	602,507	150,329		752,836
Machinery and Vehicles	18,000			18,000
Total	<u>620,507</u>	<u>150,329</u>		<u>770,836</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>1,930,653</u>	<u>4,847,671</u>		<u>6,778,324</u>
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>6,785,422</u>	<u>4,990,902</u>	<u>4,998,000</u>	<u>6,778,324</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the city as follows for the years ended December 31, 2018:

<u>Governmental Activities:</u>	
General Government	4,133
Public Safety	18,256
Streets and Public Works	45,972
Other	5,280
Total	<u>73,641</u> =====
<u>Business-type Activities:</u>	
Water	800
Sewer	138,666
Water Main Replacement	10,863
Total	<u>150,329</u> =====

Note 6 LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the long-term liabilities:

Governmental Activities

	<u>Balance</u> <u>January 1</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>December 31</u>	<u>Due Within</u> <u>One Year</u>
Loans Payable	470,822		119,624	351,198	155,260
Gen. Obligation Bonds	40,000		40,000		
Special Assess. Bonds	265,000		20,000	245,000	20,000
Total	<u>775,822</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>179,624</u>	<u>596,198</u>	<u>175,260</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

Business-type Activities

	<u>Balance</u> <u>January 1</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>December 31</u>	<u>Due Within</u> <u>One Year</u>
Revenue Bonds	1,837,516	-0-	72,167	1,765,349	71,017
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

Outstanding debt at December 31, 2018 consists of the following:

Governmental Activities:

General Obligation Debt. General obligation debt is a direct obligation and pledges the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation debt outstanding at December 31, 2018, is as follows:

Loans Payable. The city has taken out loans to provide funds for the construction of fire/ambulance building, airport improvements and the purchase of a pickup. Loans payable at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

\$200,000.00 loan payable with The First State Bank of LaMoure dated February 5, 2013. There are no specific terms for repayment of this loan. Interest is at 4.69%.	70,000.00
\$340,000.00 loan payable with Dakota Valley Electric Cooperative. This loan is due in monthly installments of \$2,833.33 through December 28, 2022; interest is at 0%.	136,000.24
\$300,000.00 loan payable with Dakota Valley Electric Cooperative. This loan is due in monthly installments of \$2,500.00 through December 28, 2022; interest is at 0%.	120,000.00
\$67,772.54 loan payable with The First State Bank of LaMoure dated October 30, 2017. There are no specific terms for repayment of this loan. Interest is at 3.57%.	17,434.81
\$11,400.00 loan payable with The First State Bank of LaMoure dated March 20, 2017, due in annual payments of \$4,080.84 through March 20, 2020. Interest is at 3.6%.	7,762.46
Total	<u>351,197.51</u> =====

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding loans payable are as follows:

<u>Year Ending</u> <u>December 31</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2019	155,260.47	4,102.66
2020	67,936.72	144.08
2021	63,999.96	
2022	64,000.36	
Total	<u>351,197.51</u> =====	<u>4,246.74</u> =====

Special Assessment Bonds. The city has issued special assessment bonds to provide funds for a water, sewer and street project. Special assessment bonds payable at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

\$340,000.00 Refunding Improvement Bonds of 2013, due in annual installments of \$20,000.00 to \$30,000.00 through May 1, 2028; interest is at 2.5% to 4%.	245,000.00 =====
--	---------------------

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding special assessment bonds are as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2019	20,000.00	7,900.00
2020	20,000.00	7,400.00
2021	20,000.00	6,900.00
2022	25,000.00	6,337.50
2023	25,000.00	5,712.50
2024-2028	135,000.00	14,100.00
Total	<u>245,000.00</u>	<u>48,350.00</u>
	=====	=====

Business-type Activities (Proprietary Funds):

Revenue Bonds. The city has issued bonds whereby the city pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2018, are as follows:

\$220,000.00 Water Main Revenue Bonds of 1982, due in annual installments of \$7,500.00 to \$7,900.00 through October 4, 2022; interest is at 2%.	30,700.00
\$1,107,000.00 USDA Sanitary Sewer Replacement Bonds of 2012, due in annual installments of \$54,675.00 through December 4, 2041 and a final payment of \$54,358.00 on December 4, 2042; payments include interest at 2.75%.	950,087.00
Total	<u>980,787.00</u>
	=====

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding revenue bond debt are as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2019	36,017	26,772
2020	36,901	25,838
2021	37,807	24,880
2022	38,835	23,898
2023	31,785	22,890
2024-2028	172,527	100,848
2029-2033	197,591	75,784
2034-2038	226,298	47,077
2039-2042	203,026	14,213
Total	<u>980,787</u>	<u>362,200</u>
	=====	=====

The city also received funding as part of the Clean Water State Revolving Fund Program, from the North Dakota Public Finance Authority. The city is in the process of a sewer line replacement project and issued the Wastewater Treatment Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, in the amount of \$1,425,000. As of December 31, 2018, the city had requested drawdowns of \$1,213,659, made payments of \$65,000 and received loan forgiveness of \$364,097. The project was not completed as of December 31, 2018 and a final debt service repayment schedule is not yet available since the city has not received the full amount of the drawdowns under this agreement. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2018 was \$784,562. The city has \$211,341 of drawdowns still available as of December 31, 2018.

Note 7 TRANSFERS

The following is a reconciliation between transfers in and transfers out as reported in the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Transfer In</u>	<u>Transfer Out</u>
Vehicle & Equip. Replacement	14,000.00	
General		5,000.00
Highway		3,000.00
Water Utility		3,000.00
Sewer Operating		3,000.00
Sewer Replacement	5,000.00	
Sewer Operating		5,000.00
To set-aside funds for vehicle and equipment replacement.		
Garbage	13,470.44	
General		13,470.44
To eliminate deficit balance from December 31, 2017.		

Note 8 DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following funds had deficit balances at December 31, 2018:

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u>	
Paving & Curb Projects	(826.25)
<u>Enterprise Fund</u>	
Garbage	(4,435.83)

The city plans on eliminating these deficit balances with future revenue collections and/or transfers from other funds.

Note 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of LaMoure is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The city pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, automobile and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for general liability and automobile; and \$800,000 for public assets.

The city also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The city pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third party insurance carrier for losses in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence during a 12 month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the city with a blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,300,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The city has worker's compensation with the Department of Workforce Safety and Insurance; and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 10 PENSION PLAN

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (Main System)

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the NDPERS plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS benefits program is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by active membership of the NDPERS system; one member elected by the retired public employees; and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provision or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 will be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition of disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

- 1 to 12 months of service -
Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25
- 13 to 25 months of service -
Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25
- 25 to 36 months of service -
Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25
- Longer than 36 months of service -
Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense; and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2018, the City of LaMoure reported a liability of \$287,615 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The city's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the city's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2017 the city's proportion was .017894 percent, which was an increase of .000539 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2018 the city recognized pension expense of \$43,666. At December 31, 2018 the district reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources -----	Deferred Inflows of Resources -----
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,710	1,401
Changes in assumptions	117,942	6,487
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	3,868	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	14,305	10,447
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date (see below)	11,551	
Total	<u>149,376</u> =====	<u>18,335</u> =====

\$11,551 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from city contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30: -----	
2019	25,204
2020	30,511
2021	26,557
2022	24,947
2023	12,271
Thereafter	0

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.50%	
Salary increases	Service at Beginning of Year	Increase Rate
	-----	-----
	0	15.00%
	1	10.00%
	2	8.00%
	Age *	

	Under 36	8.00%
	36 - 40	7.50%
	41 - 49	6.00%
	50+	5.00%

* Age-based salary increase rates apply for employees with three or more years of service.

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of investment expenses.
 Cost-of-living adjustments None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Morality Table with ages set back one year for males (not set back for females) multiplied by 125%.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2017, funding actuarial valuation for NDPERS.

As a result of the 2015 actuarial experience study, the NDPERS Board adopted several changes to the actuarial assumptions effective July 1, 2015. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumption.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31%	6.05%
International Equity	21%	6.70%
Private Equity	5%	10.20%
Domestic Fixed Income	17%	1.43%
International Equity Income	5%	-0.45%
Global Real Assets	20%	5.16%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.00%

Discount rate. For PERS, GASB No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contribution, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the PERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

The pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payment payments through the year 2061. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2061. and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.75%; the municipal bond rate is 3.56%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 6.44%.

Sensitivity of the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.44 percent, as well as what the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.44 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.44 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.44%)	Current Rate (6.44%)	1% Increase (7.44%)
The city's proportionate share of the net pension liability	390,447	287,615	202,064

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<u>Revenues:</u>				
Taxes	171,000.00	171,000.00	151,480.11	(19,519.89)
Licenses, Permits and Fees	5,650.00	5,650.00	5,065.00	(585.00)
Intergovernmental	56,000.00	56,000.00	60,818.43	4,818.43
Charges for Services			9,186.49	9,186.49
Fines and Forfeitures	3,000.00	3,000.00	280.00	(2,720.00)
Miscellaneous	13,000.00	13,000.00	11,670.54	(1,329.46)
Total Revenues	248,650.00	248,650.00	238,500.57	(10,149.43)
<u>Expenditures:</u>				
Current:				
General Government	150,000.00	150,000.00	131,594.91	18,405.09
Public Safety	80,000.00	80,000.00	42,429.69	37,570.31
Streets and Public Works	21,400.00	21,400.00	22,344.74	(944.74)
Other	10,000.00	10,000.00	37,469.66	(27,469.66)
Total Expenditures	261,400.00	261,400.00	233,839.00	27,561.00
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(12,750.00)	(12,750.00)	4,661.57	17,411.57
<u>Other Financing (Uses):</u>				
Transfers Out	(5,000.00)	(5,000.00)	(18,470.44)	(13,470.44)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(17,750.00)	(17,750.00)	(13,808.87)	3,941.13
Fund Balance - January 1	105,300.60	105,300.60	105,300.60	
Fund Balance - December 31	87,550.60	87,550.60	91,491.73	3,941.13

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis
Highway Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<u>Revenues:</u>				
Intergovernmental	88,100.00	88,100.00	100,896.87	12,796.87
Charges for Services	30,000.00	30,000.00	31,175.81	1,175.81
Miscellaneous	500.00	500.00	525.00	25.00
Total Revenues	118,600.00	118,600.00	132,597.68	13,997.68
<u>Expenditures:</u>				
Current:				
Streets and Public Works	126,800.00	126,800.00	135,475.88	(8,675.88)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(8,200.00)	(8,200.00)	(2,878.20)	5,321.80
<u>Other Financing (Uses):</u>				
Transfers Out	(3,000.00)	(3,000.00)	(3,000.00)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(11,200.00)	(11,200.00)	(5,878.20)	5,321.80
Fund Balance - January 1	166,339.72	166,339.72	166,339.72	
Fund Balance - December 31	155,139.72	155,139.72	160,461.52	5,321.80

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis
Fire/Ambulance Building Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<u>Revenues:</u>				
Taxes	92,203.66	92,203.66	83,703.97	(8,499.69)
<u>Expenditures:</u>				
Current:				
Public Safety	47,933.80	47,933.80	18,686.68	29,247.12
Debt Service:				
Principal	65,649.65	65,649.65	65,649.65	
Interest and Service Charges	3,052.34	3,052.34	3,052.34	
Total Expenditures	116,635.79	116,635.79	87,388.67	29,247.12
Net Change in Fund Balances	(24,432.13)	(24,432.13)	(3,684.70)	20,747.43
Fund Balance - January 1	13,563.47	13,563.47	13,563.47	
Fund Balance - December 31	(10,868.66)	(10,868.66)	9,878.77	20,747.43

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis
Airport Authority Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<u>Revenues:</u>				
Taxes	16,000.00	16,000.00	27,638.94	11,638.94
Charges for Services	2,000.00	2,000.00	1,200.00	(800.00)
Miscellaneous	2,500.00	2,500.00	383.82	(2,116.18)
Total Revenues	20,500.00	20,500.00	29,222.76	8,722.76
<u>Expenditures:</u>				
Current:				
Other	69,013.75	69,013.75	12,831.10	56,182.65
Debt Service:				
Principal	50,337.73	50,337.73	50,337.73	
Interest and Service Charges	1,948.52	1,948.52	1,948.52	
Total Expenditures	121,300.00	121,300.00	65,117.35	56,182.65
Net Change in Fund Balances	(100,800.00)	(100,800.00)	(35,894.59)	64,905.41
Fund Balance - January 1	69,066.26	69,066.26	69,066.26	
Fund Balance - December 31	(31,733.74)	(31,733.74)	33,171.67	64,905.41

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules
December 31, 2018

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT BUDGET POLICIES

Based upon available financial information and requests by the governing board, the city auditor prepares the preliminary budget. The city budget is prepared for the general, special revenue and debt service funds by function and activity on the cash basis of accounting. The preliminary budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

The governing board holds a public hearing where any taxpayer may testify in favor of, or against, any proposed expenditures or tax levies requested in the preliminary budget. After the budget hearing and on or before October 7, the board adopts the final budget. The final budget must be filed with the county auditor by October 10. No expenditure shall be made, or liability incurred, in excess of the total appropriation by fund except as authorized by North Dakota Century Code Section 40-40-18. However, the governing board may amend the budget during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. The budget amendments must be approved by the board and the approval must be noted in the official proceedings of the board.

Note 2 LEGAL COMPLIANCE

The governing board did not amend the budget during the year ended December 31, 2018.

Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget

Expenditures exceeded budget in the following funds for the year ending December 31, 2018:

Special Revenue Funds

Highway	8,675.88
Emergency & Natural Disaster	10,157.61

No remedial action is anticipated or required by the city regarding these excess expenditures.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
ND Public Employees Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018 -----	2017 -----	2016 -----	2015 -----
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.017894%	0.017355%	0.015036%	0.018042%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	287,615	169,141	102,242	114,516
City's covered-employee payroll	182,668	174,892	160,067	156,347
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	157.45%	96.71%	63.87%	73.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.98%	70.46%	77.15%	77.70%

Schedule of Employer Contributions
ND Public Employees Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018 -----	2017 -----	2016 -----	2015 -----
Statutorily required contribution	13,006	12,452	11,397	10,396
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(13,006)	(12,452)	(11,397)	(10,396)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0
City's covered-employee payroll	182,668	174,892	160,067	156,347
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.12%	7.12%	7.12%	6.65%

* Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

- For changes of assumptions, see Note 10 to the financial statements.

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Schedule of Fund Activity
Arising from Cash Transactions
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Balance 1-1-18	Receipts	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Disbursements	Balance 12-31-18
<u>Major Governmental Funds</u>						
General	105,300.60	238,500.57		18,470.44	233,839.00	91,491.73
Highway	166,339.72	132,597.68		3,000.00	135,475.88	160,461.52
Fire/Ambulance Building	13,563.47	83,703.97			87,388.67	9,878.77
Airport Authority	69,066.26	29,222.76			65,117.35	33,171.67
Total Major Governmental Funds	354,270.05	484,024.98		21,470.44	521,820.90	295,003.69
<u>Non-Major Governmental Funds</u>						
City Share of Specials	12,744.87	1,950.70				14,695.57
Emergency and Natural Disaster	18,791.99	1,098.08			13,157.61	6,732.46
Building Repair	1,343.17					1,343.17
Forestry		1,439.41			950.00	489.41
Sales Tax	8,543.92	12,555.60				21,099.52
Vehicle & Equip. Replacement	25,808.11	425.00	14,000.00		12,580.84	27,652.27
Paving & Curb Projects	(8,260.25)	7,434.00				(826.25)
Highway Lighting Project	61,837.41	41,450.84			40,660.00	62,628.25
Water, Sewer and Street Proj.	16,482.92	30,580.56			29,537.00	17,526.48
Total Non-Major Governmental Fund	137,292.14	96,934.19	14,000.00		96,885.45	151,340.88
Total Governmental Funds	491,562.19	580,959.17	14,000.00	21,470.44	618,706.35	446,344.57
<u>Major Enterprise Funds</u>						
Water Utility	(4,322.61)	205,730.37		3,000.00	188,480.14	9,927.62
Sewer:						
Operating	306,576.16	219,573.12		8,000.00	184,376.31	333,772.97
Water and Sewer Project #2	5.64	166,609.02			143,743.17	22,871.49
Garbage	(13,470.44)	101,909.15	13,470.44		106,344.98	(4,435.83)
Total Major Enterprise Funds	288,788.75	693,821.66	13,470.44	11,000.00	622,944.60	362,136.25
<u>Non-Major Enterprise Funds</u>						
Watermain Replacement	149,124.99	21,363.68			8,050.24	162,438.43
Sewer Replacement	46,160.53	5,181.48	5,000.00			56,342.01
Total Non-Major Enterprise Funds	195,285.52	26,545.16	5,000.00		8,050.24	218,780.44
Total Enterprise Funds	484,074.27	720,366.82	18,470.44	11,000.00	630,994.84	580,916.69
<u>Fiduciary Fund</u>						
<u>Agency Funds</u>						
Park District		11,854.44			8,426.75	3,427.69
Library		7,466.79			7,200.28	266.51
Swimming Pool	23.00	9,419.22			7,000.75	2,441.47
Job Development Authority	4,754.45	62,777.95			61,818.23	5,714.17
Total Agency Funds	4,777.45	91,518.40			84,446.01	11,849.84
Total All Funds	980,413.91	1,392,844.39	32,470.44	32,470.44	1,334,147.20	1,039,111.10

Rath & Mehler

Certified Public Accountants

Specializing in Governmental Auditing

Phone: (701) 258-4560

Jayson Rath, CPA
Ken Mehler, CPA

425 North Fifth Street
Bismarck, ND 58501

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board
City of LaMoure
LaMoure, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaMoure, LaMoure, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the city's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 5, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the city's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the city's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items II-1 and II-2, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the city's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Findings

The city's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses*. The city's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the city's internal control or on compliance. This is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the city's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rath and Mehrer

Rath and Mehrer, P.C.

Bismarck, North Dakota

July 5, 2019

CITY OF LAMOURE
LaMoure, North Dakota

Schedule of Findings and Responses
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS:

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued:

Governmental Activities	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
Business-Type Activities	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
Major Governmental Funds	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
Major Business-Type Funds	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified-Modified Cash Basis

Internal control over financial reporting:

* Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No

* Significant deficiency(ies) identified? X Yes None Reported

Noncompliance Material to financial
statements noted? Yes X No

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:

Significant Deficiencies

1. Segregation of Duties

Condition: The city has one person responsible for most accounting functions.

Criteria: There should be sufficient accounting personnel so duties of employees are segregated. The segregation of duties would provide better control over assets of the city.

Effect: There is no segregation of duties as one employee is responsible to collect monies, deposit monies, issue checks, send checks to vendors, record receipts and disbursements in journals, maintain the general ledger and prepare financial statements. This increases the risk of misstatement of the city's financial condition.

Recommendation: Due to the size of the city, it is not feasible to obtain proper separation of duties and no recommendation will be made.

Client Response: No response is considered necessary.

2. Financial Statement Preparation

Condition: The city's financial statements as of December 31, 2018 are prepared by the city's external auditors.

Criteria: A good system of internal controls requires the city to determine that the financial statements are prepared based on the modified cash basis of accounting. This means that the city must maintain knowledge of current accounting principles and required financial statement disclosures.

Effect: A control system is not in place to determine that the financial statements are properly stated and in compliance with the modified cash basis of accounting.

Recommendation: We recommend the city obtain the necessary knowledge of current accounting principles to prepare financial statements or outsource the preparation of its financial statements.

Client Response: It is not cost effective for the city to prepare its own financial statements.