JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with supplementary information) Year Ended June 30, 2018

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Schauer & Associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Ronald R. Fuchs, CPA Duane R. Dunn, CPA Robert A. Piatz, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

School Board JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**, Jamestown, North Dakota as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT – continued

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**, Jamestown, North Dakota, as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 10 and 49 through 50, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**'s basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT – continued

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2018, on our consideration of the **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's** internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's** internal control over financial reporting and compliances.

Achaner > Corrector, PC

SCHAUER & ASSOCIATES, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Jamestown, North Dakota December 2, 2018

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**'s (known as the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2017 –2018 are as follows:

- Net position of Jamestown Public schools decreased \$1,912,560 as a result of the current year's operations.
- Governmental net position as of the end of the fiscal year totaled \$3,419,567.
- Total government-wide revenues from all sources were \$30,923,423.
- Total government-wide expenditures were \$32,835,983.
- The District's general fund had \$28,800,973 in total revenues and \$28,311,270 in total expenditures. Overall, the general fund balance increased by \$210,346 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of a series of statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1** as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. These statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

REPORTING ON THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

These statements are summaries of all funds used by the **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1** to provide programs and activities and attempt to answer the question "How did the District do financially during the year ended June 30, 2018?"

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. This statement is presenting amounts using the accrual basis of accounting, which means that all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, earned but unused sick leave and vacation leave).

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or deteriorated. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of buildings and grounds, student transportation and co-curricular activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the District (*known as the primary government*), but also one legally separate entity for which the District is financially accountable. The *component unit is* the James Valley Career & Technology Center. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government. Separately issued financial statements are available from the administrative offices of JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1.

REPORTING ON THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The District uses separate funds to account for and manage money dedicated for particular purposes (e.g. taxes collected from special mill levies and funds received from grants and donations). The fund basis financial statements allow the District to demonstrate its stewardship over and accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The general, debt service and capital project funds are all considered major funds using the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 34.

The District's other funds, which are used to account for the school lunch and special reserve transactions, are summarized under the heading "Other Governmental Funds."

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table I provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Table I NET POSITION June 30,		
Jule 30,	2018	2017
ASSETS		
Current assets	\$ 9,704,683	\$ 9,825,690
Capital assets (net of depreciation)	25,708,252	26,524,858
Deferred outflows of resources	6,681,887	7,975,342
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	42,094,822	44,325,890
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	2,382,347	2,380,218
Long-term debt	34,311,506	34,552,335
Total Liabilities	36,693,853	36,932,553

Deferred Inflows of Resources	2018 1,981,402	2017 1,829,021
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	24,053,307	24,756,194
Restricted	1,836,039	1,744,108
Unrestricted	(22,469,779)	(20,935,986)
Total Net Position	3,419,567	5,564,316
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Positon	\$ 42,094,822	\$ 44,325,890

As indicated in the financial highlights above, the District's net position decreased by \$1,912,560 as a result of operations for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District recorded a decrease of \$1,693,405 as a result of operations for the year ended June 30, 2017. Changes in net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position.

The District's net position of \$3,419,567 is segregated into three separate categories. Net investment in capital assets (net of related debt) represents the largest portion of the District's total net position. It should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending. The balance consists of restricted net position and unrestricted net position. Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent.

Table II shows the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Table II CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended June 30

	201	.8	201	7
REVENUES				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 1,181,625	3.82%	\$ 1,244,153	4.06%
Operating grants	3,526,900	11.41	3,316,947	10.82
General revenues				
Property taxes	6,590,307	21.31	5,839,412	19.04
Other taxes	133,247	.43	128,768	.42
State aid – unrestricted	19,173,200	62.00	19,739,022	64.36
Other	318,144	1.03	397,629	1.30
Total Revenues	30,923,423	100.00	30,665,931	100.00
EXPENSES				
Regular instruction	16,754,994	51.03	16,397,263	50.67
Federal programs	806,364	2.46	833,578	2.58
Special education	4,933,042	15.02	4,909,988	15.17
Vocational education	470,773	1.43	471,686	1.46
Instructional support services	1,121,099	3.42	1,077,459	3.33
Administrative services	635,960	1.94	640,594	1.98

	20	18	201	7
Operation and maintenance of				
plant	2,336,644	7.12	2,445,062	7.56
Student transportation	553,160	1.68	502,535	1.55
Extracurricular activities	970,087	2.95	930,599	2.88
Other support services	585,933	1.78	565,819	1.75
Community services	30,546	.10	36,670	.11
Tuition and assessments	2,160,805	6.58	2,093,464	6.47
Food service	1,426,532	4.34	1,400,211	4.33
Debt service	50,044	.15	54,408	.16
Total Expenses	32,835,983	100.00	32,359,336	100.00
Change in Net Position	(1,912,560)		(1,693,405)	
BEGINNING NET POSITION	5,564,316		7,257,721	
Prior period correction	(232,189)			
ENDING NET POSITION	\$ 3,419,567		\$ 5,564,316	

Property taxes constituted 21%, unrestricted state aid 62%, operating grants and contributions 11% and charges for services made up 4% of the total revenues of governmental activities of the District for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Regular instruction constituted 51%, special education 15% and vocational education 1% of total expenditures for governmental activities during fiscal year 2017-2018.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table III shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and other unrestricted revenues.

	Total Costs Year Ended June 30, 2018		Net Costs Year Ended June 30, 2018		Y	Cotal Costs Year Ended ne 30, 2017	Net Costs Year Ended June 30, 2017	
Regular instruction	\$	16,754,994	\$	16,587,346	\$	16,397,263	\$16,204,457	
Federal programs		806,364		10,663		833,578	(14,229)	
Special education		4,933,042		3,066,860		4,909,988	3,147,443	
Vocational education	470,773		301,991			471,686	415,747	
Instructional support								
services		1,121,099		1,121,099		1,077,459	1,077,459	
Administrative services		635,960		635,960		640,594	640,594	
Operation and								
maintenance of plant		2,336,644		2,336,644		2,445,062	2,445,062	
Student transportation		553,160		279,700		502,535	175,665	
Extracurricular activities		970,087		970,087		930,599	930,599	

Table III TOTAL AND NET COST OF SERVICES

	Total Costs Year Ended June 30, 2018	Net Costs Year Ended June 30, 2018	Total Costs Year Ended June 30, 2017	Net Costs Year Ended June 30, 2017
Other support services	585,933	585,933	565,819	565,819
Community services	30,546	30,546	36,670	36,670
Tuition and assessment	2,160,805	2,160,805	2,093,464	2,093,464
Food service	1,426,532	(10,220)	1,400,211	25,078
Debt service	50,044	50,044	54,408	54,408
Total Expenses	\$ 32,835,983	\$ 28,127,458	\$ 32,359,336	\$27,798,236

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The purpose of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows and balances of available resources. Unreserved fund balance generally can be used as a measure of the District's resources available for spending as of the end of the fiscal year. Those funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District's governmental funds had total revenues of \$30,980,779 and expenditures of \$30,662,685 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's governmental funds had total revenues of \$30,694,636 and expenditures of \$31,255,322 for the year ended June 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2018 the unassigned fund balance of the District's general funds was \$3,442,433. As of June 30, 2017 the unassigned fund balance of the District's general fund was \$3,232,087.

GENERAL FUND BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

The District changed its revenue budget during the year by \$6,146 and expenditure budget by \$71,085. The revenue change was a decrease to local sources by \$1,944 and an increase in federal program revenue by \$8,090. The expenditure change was increase in federal program expenditures by \$37,037 and various other increases and decreases that net \$34,048. General fund total revenues for 2017-2018 were \$28,800,973 in comparison to total expenditures of 28,311,270. General fund total revenues for 2016-2017 were \$28,621,179 in comparison to total expenditures of \$28,910,978. The ending fund balance increased during the 2017 – 2018 fiscal year by \$210,345 to a balance of \$3,442,432 on June 30, 2018. The ending fund balance decreased during the 2016 – 2017 fiscal year by \$285,351 to a balance of \$3,232,087 on June 30, 2017. The ending balance is approximately 12% of total expenditures for 2017-2018. The ending balance is approximately 11% of total expenditures for 2016-2017. For 2018, revenues increased by \$179,794 which is a .6% increase from the previous year and expenditures decreased \$599,708 that is a 2% decrease from the previous year and expenditures decreased from the previous year. For 2017, revenues increased by \$1,056,676 which is a 4% increase from the previous year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 had \$25,708,252 invested in capital assets as of June 30, 2018. Table IV shows the balances as of June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Table IV CAPITAL ASSETS (net of accumulated depreciation) June 30,

	2018	2017
Land and assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,468,936	\$ 1,461,144
Buildings and improvements	22,087,762	22,686,887
Equipment and vehicles	2,151,554	2,376,827
Total Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	\$ 25,708,252	\$ 26,524,858

This total represents a decrease of \$816,606 in net capital assets from July 1, 2017. For a detailed breakdown of additions and deletions to capital assets, readers are referred to note 6 to the audited financial statements that follow this analysis. The District levied 10 mills for the building fund in 2017-2018.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2018, the District had \$34,624,740 of outstanding long-term debt. Of this amount, \$333,558 is for compensated absences and retirement annuities, \$32,636,238 is for the net pension obligation and net OPEB liability and \$1,654,944 is for bonds and lease/purchases.

Table V Long-Term Debt at June 30

	2018	2017
Limited tax school building bonds, series 2011	\$ 920,262	\$ 1,139,027
Limited tax school building bonds, series 2012	578,558	626,190
Lease/purchase, copiers	156,124	3,447
Compensated absences	78,547	73,987
Annuity payable	255,011	248,065
Net pension obligation - TFFR	27,423,798	29,490,845
Net pension obligation - PERS	4,981,126	3,244,221
Net OPEB liability	231,314	
Total	\$ 34,624,740	\$ 34,825,782

For more detailed information on the District's debt, please refer to note 8 of the basic financial statements.

FOR THE FUTURE

While the District maintained a relatively consistent enrollment in the previous biennium, a static per pupil amount, coupled with increased state aid deductions, resulted in a net loss in state funding. With state funding representing approximately 69%, local levies have had to increase to make up the difference. With local levies at the current caps in the general fund and the miscellaneous levy, the District will become more reliant on the increases provided in the next legislative session. Additionally, with an unsuccessful referendum on September 25, 2018, the District will also need to find solutions to aging systems in the current facility structure.

COMPONENT UNIT

Only summary information regarding a component unit appears in the District's financial statements. The component unit is the James Valley Career & Technology Center. The financial statement information is presented in a separate column in the District-wide Statement of Net Position and in the Statement of Activities. Additional information can be obtained from the separately issued financial statements available from the Business Manager of Jamestown Public Schools.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our parents, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1'S** finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives to provide the best possible education to all students enrolled in Jamestown Public Schools. Anyone who has questions about the information contained in this report or who is interested in receiving additional information is encouraged to contact the Business Manager of Jamestown Public Schools, 207 Second Avenue SE, Jamestown, ND 58401; phone 701-252-1950, fax 701-251-2011.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Component Units
ASSETS	¢ 0.110.200	¢ 102.210
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 8,110,288 255,011	\$ 183,310
Taxes receivable	363,505	
Due from other governmental agencies	957,520	102,470
Inventories	18,359	102,170
Capital assets	- ,	
Land and improvements not being depreciated	1,468,936	45,598
Buildings and improvements	37,460,899	1,607,700
Equipment and vehicles	7,912,525	328,623
Less: accumulated depreciation	(21,134,108)	(1,542,572)
Total Capital Assets	25,708,252	439,349
Total Assets	35,412,935	725,129
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions - TFFR	4,145,339	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions - PERS	2,475,049	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	61,499	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,681,887	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 42,094,822	\$ 725,129
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 2,059,394	\$ 66,131
Long-term liabilities	, , , , , , ,	
Due within one year		
Interest payable	9,719	
Bonds, capital leases	313,234	
Due in more than one year		
Bonds, capital leases	1,341,710	
Compensated absences and annuities	333,558	4,595
Net pension obligation - TFFR	27,423,798	
Net pension obligation - PERS	4,981,126	
Net OPEB liability Total Liabilities	231,314 36,693,853	70,726
Total Liabilities	30,093,833	70,720
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions - TFFR	1,641,042	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions - PERS	325,972	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	14,388	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,981,402	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	24,053,308	439,349
Restricted for:		
Capital projects	1,299,503	
Debt service	138,908	
Operations	397,628	
Unrestricted	(22,469,780)	215,054
Total Net Position	3,419,567	654,403
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 42,094,822	\$ 725,129

	Revenue Net Assets		Component Units	∽				(132,522) (132,522)	52 6,793 6,845 (125,677)	780,080 780,080	\$ 654,403	
1	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government	Net (Expense) and Changes in Primary Government		Governmental Activities	<pre>\$ (16,587,346) (10,663) (3,066,860) (301,991)</pre>	$\begin{array}{c} (1,121,099) \\ (635,960) \\ (2336,644) \\ (279,700) \\ (570,087) \\ (585,933) \\ (585,933) \end{array}$	(34,346) (2,160,805) 10,220 (50,044)	(28,127,458)		$\begin{array}{c} 4,621,285\\ 1,969,022\\ 133,247\\ 19,173,200\\ 5,264\\ 312,880\\ 26,214,898\\ (1,912,560)\end{array}$	5,564,316 (232,189) 5,332,127	\$ 3,419,567
DISTRICT NO. ta TIES 18	Δοτοπιιο	Operating Operating	Grants and Contributions	\$ 795,701 1,866,182 168,782		696,235	3,526,900	567,598 \$ 567,598	ses Is	SB 75		
N PUBLIC SCHOOL DIS Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2018	Drogram Revenue	I TUBI AIII	Charges for Services	\$ 167,648	273,460	740,517	1,181,625	628,022 \$ 628,022	eneral revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for specific purposes Other taxes State aid not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues Change in net position	at position: Beginning of year Restatement due to implementation of GASB 75 Beginning of year, as restated		
JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30. 2018	5		Expenses	<pre>\$ 16,754,994 806,364 4,933,042 470,773</pre>	1,121,099 635,960 2,336,644 553,160 970,087 585,933	20,240 2,160,805 1,426,532 50,044	32,835,983	1,328,142 \$ 1,328,142	General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, levied for gener Property taxes, levied for speci Other taxes State aid not restricted to specific Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues Change in net position	Net position: Beginning of year Restatement due to implemen Beginning of year, as restated	Net position - ending	
J			Functions/Programs	Frimary government Instruction Regular Federal Special education Vocational education	Support services Instructional support services Administration services Operation and maintenance of plant Student transportation Extracurricular activities Other support services	Community services Tuition and assessments Food service Interest on long-term debt	Total Governmental Activities	Component Units James Valley Total Component Units				

- 12 -

1	Other Total Governmental Funds Funds	\$ 508,680 \$ 5,922,484 255,011 363,504 6,016 957,520 18,359 18,359	\$ 533,055 \$ 7,516,878	$ \begin{array}{c} \$ & 17,314 \\ & 930 \\ \hline & 930 \\ \hline & 1,910,704 \\ \hline & 1,928,018 \\ \hline \end{array} $	198,134	18,359 18,359 397,628 1,813,796 116,138 116,138 3,442,433 532,125 5,390,726 \$ 7,516,878	
DISTRICT NO.	Capital Projects	<pre>\$ 1,264,785 40,733</pre>	\$ 1,305,518	\$ 6,015 6,015	22,236	1,277,267 1,277,267 \$ 1,305,518	
JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. Jamestown, North Dakota BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds June 30, 2018	Debt Service	\$ 138,901 7	\$ 138,908	↔	7	138,901 138,901 \$ 138,908	
MESTOWN PU	General Fund	\$ 4,010,118 255,011 322,764 951,504	\$ 5,539,397	\$ 11,299 1,909,774 1,921,073	175,891	3,442,433 3,442,433 \$ 5,539,397	
Υſ	ASSETS AND DEFERRED	OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable, net Receivable from other governments Inventories	Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUNDS BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable	Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue	Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$	5,390,726
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		25,708,252
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		198,134
Net OPEB liability and OPEB related deferred: outflows and inflows of resources are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These amounts consist of :	:	
Net OPEB liability		(231,314)
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources		61,499 (14,388)
Net TFFR pension liability and pension related deferred: outflows and inflows of		
resources are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the		
funds. These amounts consist of :		(27 422 709)
Net pension liability - TFFR Deferred outflows of resources - TFFR		(27,423,798) 4,145,339
Deferred inflows of resources - TFFR		(1,641,042)
Net PERS pension liability and pension related deferred: outflows and inflows of resources are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These amounts consist of :		
Net pension liability - PERS		(4,981,126)
Deferred outflows of resources - PERS		2,475,049
Deferred inflows of resources - PERS		(325,972)
The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are not included in the		
fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the		2.056.429
Statement of Net Position.		2,056,428
Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Nat Pacition		(1.008.221)
included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		(1,998,221)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$	3,419,567

	Total Governmental Funds	\$ 7,948,852 104,413 20,743,761 2,171,072 12,210 471 30,980,779	14,290,993 795,701 4,876,840 463,171	$\begin{array}{c} 1,275,395\\ 604,172\\ 553,160\\ 1,032,522\\ 429,257\\ 30,546\\ 2,160,805\\ 1,417,031\end{array}$	308,495 47,330 55,915 30,662,685 318,094	363,125 (363,125) (363,125) 318,094 5,072,632 \$ 5,390,726
LANCES	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 755,488 8,693 672,572 233 1,436,986		1,417,031	1,417,031	(10,000) (10,000) 9,955 522,170 \$ 532,125
TRICT NO. 1 NGES IN FUND BAI	Capital Projects	\$ 740,651 446 741,097		522,644	55,915 578,559 162,538	(63,768) (63,768) 98,770 1,178,497 \$ 1,277,267
PUBLIC SCHOOL DIS Jamestown, North Dakota EXPENDITURES AND CHA Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018	Debt Service	\$ 1,457 266 1,723			308,495 47,330 355,825 (354,102)	353,125 353,125 (977) 139,878 \$ 138,901
JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018	General Fund	\$ 6,451,256 104,413 20,735,068 1,498,500 11,265 471 28,800,973	14,290,993 795,701 4,876,840 463,171	1,275,395 604,172 1,798,708 553,160 1,032,522 429,257 30,546 2,160,805	28,311,270 489,703	$\begin{array}{c} 10,000\\ (289,357)\\ (279,357)\\ (279,357)\\ 210,346\\ 3,232,087\\ 8,3,442,433\\ \end{array}$
JA STATEMENT		KE VENUES Local sources County sources State sources Federal sources Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues	EXPENDITURES Instruction Regular Federal Special education Vocational education Support Services	Instructional support services Administration services Operation and maintenance of plant Student transportation Extracurricular activities Other support services Community services Tuition and assessment Food service	Peiot Service: Principal Interest and other charges Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

Jamestown, North Dakota RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 318,094
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	
This is the amount by which depreciation \$1,356,637 exceeded capital outlay \$540,031 in the current period.	(816,606)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	(34,031)
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. The liability is accrued in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds.	117,322
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(10,616)
Amortization of bond premium	(3,603)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, such as deferred pension expense	(1,114,819)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self insured health insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(368,301)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (1,912,560)

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

Internal Service Funds		
\$	2,187,804	
	2,187,804	
	5,850	
	125,526	
	131,376	
	2,056,428	
\$	2,056,428	

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Internal Service Funds		
REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 2,500,000		
Miscellaneous	778,959		
Total operating revenues	3,278,959		
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Insurance claims and expenses	3,648,368		
Total Operating Expenses	3,648,368		
Operating Loss	(369,409)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES			
Interest and investment revenue	1,108		
Total non-operating revenue	1,108		
Change in net position	(368,301)		
Total net position - beginning	2,424,729		
Total net position - ending	\$ 2,056,428		

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Inte	ernal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Received from assessments made to other funds and other income	\$	3,278,959
Payments made for health insurance claims and stop		, ,
loss premiums		(3,648,550)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		(369,591)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on investments		1,108
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(368,483)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning of the year		2,556,287
End of the year	\$	2,187,804
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$	(369,409)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Changes in assets and liabilites		
Accounts payable		5,850
Accrued health benefits		(6,032)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(369,591)

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

Jamestown, North Dakota STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

	Age	Agency Fund		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$	354,146 354,146		
LIABILITIES Due to student organizations Total Liabilities	\$	354,146 354,146		

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1** is organized under the laws of the State of North Dakota. It provides a system of free public schools for all children of legal age residing within the district. It is governed by an elected nine-member school board and operates grades K through 12.

B. Reporting Entity

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

The James Valley Career and Technology Center is a legally separate entity organized to provide vocational courses to participating school districts. It is governed by **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**'s elected board with the assistance of an appointed advisory board.

The component unit condensed financial information reflects this discretely presented unit. Complete financial statements for the individual component unit may be obtained at the administrative offices of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**.

Governmental accounting standards require reasonable separation between the primary government (including its blended component units) and its discretely presented component units, both in the financial statements and in the related notes and required supplementary information. Because the discretely presented component units, although legally separate, have been and are operated as if each is part of the primary government, there are limited instances where special note references or separation will be required. If no separate note reference or categorization is made, the user should assume that information presented is equally applicable to the District and to its component units.

Condensed Component Unit Financial Statements

	Jar	James Valley		
	Career &			
	Technology			
		Center		
ASSETS				
Current assets	\$	285,780		
Capital assets		439,349		
Total Assets		725,129		

B. Reporting Entity – continued

LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		66,131
Long-term liabilities		4,595
Total Liabilities		70,726
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		439,349
Unrestricted		215,054
Total Net Position	\$	654,403
E.		
Expenses	.	
Instructional	\$	(620,369)
Support		(707,773)
Program revenues		
Charges for services		628,022
Operating grants and contributions		567,598
Net Program Revenue (Expense)		(132,522)
General revenues		
Investment earnings		52
Miscellaneous		6,793
Change in Net Position		(125,677)
Net Position – Beginning		780,080
Net Position - Ending	\$	654,403

C. Basis of Presentation

District – Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non exchange revenues. The District does not report any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues included 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

C. Basis of Presentation – continued

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of that individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.
- 3. In addition, any other governmental fund that the District believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are utilized to account for most of the District's governmental functions. The District's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund

The General Fund is the operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.).

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds provides services to other funds in the District on a cost reimbursement basis. Because the District's internal service fund primarily services governmental functions, it is included within the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements.

C. Basis of Presentation – continued

Fiduciary Funds (not included in district-wide statements)

Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and /or other governmental units.

Major Funds

The District reports the following major governmental funds: General Fund Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund

Non-Major Funds

The District reports the following non-major funds: Special Revenue Funds Special Reserve Fund School Lunch Fund

Proprietary Funds

The District reports the following proprietary funds: Internal Service Funds Health Insurance Fund

Fiduciary Funds

The District reports the following fiduciary funds: Agency Funds Student Activity Fund

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. The Districts internal service fund also used the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental funds and agency funds follow the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e. both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of its fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest not matured on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension

D. Basis of Accounting – continued

expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property tax revenue is recorded as revenue in the year the tax is levied in the government-wide financial statements. Property tax revenues in the governmental funds are recorded when it becomes available.

Property taxes are levied and certified no later than October 10 and property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are due and payable at that time. The first installment of taxes becomes delinquent March 1 and the second installment on October 15. The taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and remitted to the District on a monthly basis.

State general and categorical aids and other entitlements are recognized as revenue in the period the District is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Expenditure-driven programs currently reimbursable are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the District which are not available are recorded as receivables and deferred revenue. Amounts received prior to the entitlement period are also recorded as deferred revenue.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, expenditure-driven grant programs, public charges for services, and investment income.

Charges for services provided by other educational agencies and private parties are recognized as revenue when services are provided. Charges for special educational services are not reduced by anticipated state special education aid entitlements.

For governmental fund financial statements, deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenue also arises when resources are received before the district has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service fund is charges to other funds for health insurance premiums. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of claims and related administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Position and Statement of Activities governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. Under this concept, revenues and expenses are matched using the accrual basis of accounting.

The measurement focus of all governmental funds is the flow of current financial resources concept. Under this concept, sources and uses of financial resources, including capital outlays, debt proceeds, and debt

E. Measurement Focus - continued

retirements are reflected in operations. Resources not available to finance expenditures and commitments of the current period are recognized as deferred revenue or a reservation of fund equity.

Liabilities for claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension contributions that will not be currently liquidated using expendable available financial resources are included as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements but are excluded from the governmental fund financial statements. The related expenditures are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements when the liabilities are liquidated.

F. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

G. Deposits

The District maintains deposits at depository banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System. North Dakota laws require all public deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentality's, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies, or instrumentality's, or by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota, whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body, and bonds issued by any other state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board.

Although the James Valley Career & Technology Center is operated as a separate entity from **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**, the agreements with the financial institutions stipulate that both entities will be treated as one entity for purposes of Federal Deposit Insurance. Therefore, although a separate audit report has been prepared for the James Valley Career & Technology Center, the funds on deposit for this entity is included with the District funds in the summary of protection in this report.

Interest rate risk. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. North Dakota state statute authorizes school districts to invest their surplus funds in:

- 1. Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- 2. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of a type listed above.

G. Deposits - continued

- 3. Certificates of deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the state.
- 4. Obligations of the state.

The District has no cash and cash equivalents other than demand and time deposits.

Custodial credit risk – *deposits.* Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2018, the District's deposits were fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the financial institutions in the District's name. (See note 2)

H. Cash Flow Information

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

I. Inventories

Governmental fund inventories are recorded at cost based on the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method using the consumption method of accounting and consist of food, commodities and other supplies.

J. Capital Assets

District-Wide Statements

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported as assets in the fund financial statements. All capital assets are recorded at cost (or estimated historical cost). The assets are updated for additions and retirements during the District's fiscal year. The District has established a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value at the date received. The District does not have any infrastructure assets. Improvements that significantly extend the useful life of the asset are also capitalized.

The District's land and construction in progress are capitalized but are not depreciated. All the remaining capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The District has established the following useful lives:

Building and improvements	50 years
Equipment and vehicles	5 - 20 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

K. Long-Term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds, lease/purchase agreements and compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources. The payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

L. Compensated Absences

The District allows employees to accumulated unused sick leave up to 130 days. Classified staff that are considered full time, i.e. work 12 months, earn approximately 10 vacation days per year. In addition, certified administrative staff who work 12 months, earn 15 vacation days per year. They have up to the end of the next school year to use it. Upon termination, no days of accumulated sick leave are paid to the employees. The amount to be paid from current resources is not significant.

M. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisitions, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- 2. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.
- 3. Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. These classifications are as follows:

M. Equity Classifications - continued

Nonspendable – consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as, inventories and prepaid items.

Restricted – consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed – consists of amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action of the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. These constraints are established by Resolution of the School Board.

Assigned – consists of amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do no meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority.

Unassigned – is the residual classification for the General Fund and also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

The District uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Fund for Retirement (TFFR) and additions to/deductions from TFFR's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TFFR. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For the purposes of measuring the net Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from the NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The following summary presents the amount of the District's deposits which are fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or its agent in the District's name (category 1), those deposits which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent in the District's name (category 2), and those deposits which are not collateralized (category 3) at June 30, 2017.

0, 2017.					
Cash and cash equivalents by				Bank	Book
balance sheet accounts	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Balance	Balance
Governmental activities					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 260,140	\$8,233,651	\$	\$ 8,493,791	\$ 8,110,288
Agency funds					
Cash and cash equivalents	250,000	65,644		315,644	354,146
Component units					
Cash and cash equivalents	115,928	83,730		199,658	183,310
Component units agency funds					
Cash and cash equivalents	152,243			152,243	152,243
Total	\$ 778,311	\$8,383,025	\$	\$ 9,161,336	\$ 8,799,987
		· / /			
			Bank		
Cash and cash equivalents by e	entity		Balance	Book Balance	
Jamestown Public School Dist	rict No. 1				
Cash and cash equivalents			\$ 8,810,490	\$ 8,464,434	
Less cash on hand			(1,055)		
Total Jamestown Publ	ic School	-	8,809,435	8,464,434	
		-			
James Valley Career and Tech	nology Center				
Cash and cash equivalents			352,201	335,553	
Less cash on hand			(300)		
Total James Valley		-	351,901	335,553	-
Total Under Custody of the Di	strict	-	\$ 9,161,336	\$ 8,799,987	
-		_			

3. Investments

Investments consist of a deferred annuity and a whole life insurance plan purchased at a cost of \$114,582. The investment is payable to a former employee.

4. Due From Other Governments

Due from other governments consists of the following as of June 30, 2018:

Primary Government	
General Fund	
State funds	
Career & Technology education	\$ 27,834
Vocational rehab grant	25,470
Federal funds	
Title I	344,064
Title II A	119,051

4. Due From Other Governments - continued

Title IV	10,155
IDEA	424,930
Total General Fund	951,504
Other Governmental Funds	
School lunch	
Federal funds - Summer food service	6,016
Total Jamestown Public School	957,520
Component Units	
James Valley Career & Technology Center	
State funds	
Vocational aid	64,671
Federal funds	
Carl Perkins	37,799
Total James Valley Career & Technology Center	102,470
	·
Total Reporting Entity	\$ 1,059,990

5. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2018, consist of the following:

General fund to Debt Service for bond service costs	\$ 314,630
General fund to Debt Service for copier lease payments	38,495
Special Revenue fund to General fund for general office costs and	
maintenance for School Lunch	10,000

6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

<i>Primary Government</i> Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018
Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,427,006 34,138	\$ 41,930 62,203	\$ 96,341	\$ 1,468,936
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,461,144	104,133	96,341	1,468,936
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	37,364,558	96,341		37,460,899
Equipment and vehicles	7,688,805	435,898	212,178	7,912,525
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	45,053,363	532,239	212,178	45,373,424
Total Capital Assets	46,514,507	636,372	308,519	46,842,360

6. Capital Assets – continued

	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	14,677,671	695,466		15,373,137
Equipment and vehicles	5,311,978	661,171	212,178	5,760,971
Total Accumulated Depreciation	19,989,649	1,356,637	212,178	21,134,108
Net Capital Assets	\$ 26,524,858	\$ (720,265)	\$ 96,341	\$ 25,708,252

Discretely Presented Component Units

Activity for James Valley Career and Technology Center for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2017		Additions		Deletions	Ju	Balance June 30, 2018	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$	45,598	\$		\$	\$	45,598	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		1,607,700					1,607,700	
Equipment and vehicles		321,530		7,093			328,623	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		1,929,230		7,093			1,936,323	
Total Capital Assets		1,974,828		7,093			1,981,921	
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and improvements		1,254,006		32,154			1,286,160	
Equipment and vehicles		235,979		20,433			256,412	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,489,985		52,587			1,542,572	
Net Capital Assets	\$	484,843	\$	(45,494)	\$	\$	439,349	
Depreciation expense by function Instruction Regular						\$	1,129,263	
Support Administrative services							22,885	
Operation and maintenance							47,813	
Other							156,676	
Total Primary Government							1,356,637	
Total Tilliary Government							1,330,037	
Component Units								
James Valley							52,587	
Total Depreciation Expense						\$	1,409,224	

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The District currently has deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other post employment benefits.

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The District currently has deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other post employment benefits. The District has unavailable revenue from a variety of resources in the governmental funds. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

8. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Primary Government

	Balance	Ţ	5	Balance	Amounts Due Within
	June 30, 2017	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2018	One Year
Bonds and Lease/Purchase					
Limited tax school building bonds,					
Series 2011	\$ 1,145,000	\$	\$ 220,000	\$ 925,000	\$ 225,000
Bond discount	(5,973)		(1,235)	(4,738)	
Limited tax school building bonds,					
Series 2012	640,000		50,000	590,000	50,000
Bond discount	(13,810)		(2,368)	(11,442)	
Lease/purchase, copiers	3,447		3,447		
Lease/purchase, copiers		191,172	35,048	156,124	38,234
Total Bonds and Lease/Purchase	1,768,664	191,172	304,892	1,654,944	313,234
Other Liabilities					
Annuity payable	248,065	6,946		255,011	
Vested compensated absences	73,987	4,560		78,547	
Net pension obligation - PERS	29,490,845		2,067,047	27,423,798	
Net pension obligation – TFFR	3,244,221	1,736,905		4,981,126	
Net OPEB liability	, ,	231,314		231,314	
Total Other Liabilities	33,057,118	1,979,725	2,067,047	32,969,796	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 34,825,782	\$ 2,170,897	\$ 2,371,939	\$ 34,624,740	\$ 313,234
Discretely Presented Component Unit James Valley					
Other Liabilities	• • • • • • •	*	ф. <u>, -</u>	• • • • •	<i>•</i>
Vested compensated absences	\$ 4,641	\$	<u>\$ 46</u>	\$ 4,595	\$

Amounto
8. Long-Term Obligations – continued

\$2,350,000 limited tax school building bonds, series 2011, dated June 8, 2011, due in annual installments of \$155,000 to \$240,000 starting May 1, 2012 to May 1, 2022 with interest at 2.0% to 3.0%.

\$835,000 limited tax school building bonds, series 2012, dated April 18, 2012, due in annual installments of \$45,000 to \$60,000 starting August 1, 2013 to August 1, 2028 with interest at .650% to 3.0%.

\$206,809 lease/purchase dated August 1, 2012, due in monthly payments of \$3,446.82 starting August 1, 2012 through July 1, 2017.

\$191,172 lease/purchase dated August 1, 2017, due in annual payments of \$38,234 starting August 1, 2017 through July 1, 2022.

The District has entered into a deferred compensation agreement with a former employee. The agreement calls for the payment of not less than \$144,000, to be paid in 120 equal monthly installments of \$1,200 beginning January 30, 2007. In order to satisfy this liability, the District has purchased a deferred annuity and whole life insurance plan at a cost of \$114,582.

Estimated payments of accumulated employee benefits and other commitments are not included in the following schedule.

Debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation debt are as follows:

Year		Principal		Principal Interest		Total	
2019	\$	275,000	\$	39,215	\$ 314,215		
2020		285,000		32,690	317,690		
2021		290,000		25,453	315,453		
2022		275,000		17,717	292,717		
2023		50,000		10,005	60,005		
2024-2028		280,000		29,530	309,530		
2029		60,000		900	60,900		
Totals	\$	1,515,000	\$	155,510	\$ 1,670,510		

The School leases equipment with a historical cost of \$191,172 and accumulated amortization of \$35,048 under capital lease arrangements. Future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

2019	\$ 38,234
2020	38,234
2021	38,234
2022	38,234
2023	3,186

9. North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement

The following brief description of TFFR is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the NDCC Chapter 15-39.1 for more complete information.

9. North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement - continued

TFFR is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all North Dakota public teachers and certain other teachers who meet various membership requirements. TFFR provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the TFFR plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the TFFR benefits program is assigned to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board). The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and five members appointed by the Governor. The appointed members serve five-year terms which end on June 30 of alternate years. The appointed Board members must include two active teachers, one active school administrator, and two retired members. The TFFR Board submits any necessary or desirable changes in statutes relating to the administration of the fund, including benefit terms, to the Legislative Assembly for consideration. The Legislative Assembly has final authority for changes to benefit terms and contribution rates.

Pension Benefits

For purposes of determining pension benefits, members are classified within one of three categories. Tier 1 grandfathered and Tier 1 non-grandfathered members are those with service credit on file as of July 1, 2008. Tier 2 members are those newly employed and returning refunded members on or after July 1, 2008.

Tier 1 Grandfathered

A Tier 1 grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 85. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 6% per year for every year the member's retirement age is less than 65 years or the date as of which age plus service equal 85. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 1 Non-grandfathered

A Tier 1 non-grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the

9. North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement - continued

number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 2

A Tier 2 member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when five or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the five highest annual salaries earned divided by 60 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death benefits may be paid to a member's designated beneficiary. If a member's death occurs before retirement, the benefit options available are determined by the member's vesting status prior to death. If a member's death occurs after retirement, the death benefit received by the beneficiary (if any) is based on the retirement plan the member selected at retirement.

An active member is eligible to receive disability benefits when: (a) a total disability lasting 12 months or more does not allow the continuation of teaching, (b) the member has accumulated five years of credited service in North Dakota, and (c) the Board of Trustees of TFFR has determined eligibility based on medical evidence. The amount of the disability benefit is computed by the retirement formula in NDCC Section 15-39.1-10 without consideration of age and uses the member's actual years of credited service. There is no actuarial reduction for reason of disability retirement.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to TFFR are set by NDCC Section 15-39.1-09. Every eligible teacher in the State of North Dakota is required to be a member of TFFR and is assessed at a rate of 11.75% of salary as defined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-04. Every governmental body employing a teacher must also pay into TFFR a sum equal to 12.75% of the teacher's salary. Member and employer contributions will be reduced to 7.75% each when the fund reaches 100% funded ratio on an actuarial basis.

A vested member who terminates covered employment may elect a refund of contributions paid plus 6% interest or defer payment until eligible for pension benefits. A non-vested member who terminates covered employment must claim a refund of contributions paid before age 70 ½. Refunded members forfeit all

9. North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement - continued

service credits under TFFR. These service credits may be repurchased upon return to covered employment under certain circumstances, as defined by the NDCC.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$27,423,798 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating TFFR employers. At July 1, 2017, the District's proportion was 1.99659878% which was a decrease of .01634773% from its proportion measured as of July 1, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,336,402. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	105,190	\$	299,369
Changes in assumptions		1,954,666		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		378,800		
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions				1,341,673
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,706,683		
Total	\$	4,145,339	\$	1,641,042

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,706,683 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 169,876
2020	764,040
2021	392,032
2022	(260,601)
2023	(208,560)
Thereafter	(59,173)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

9. North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement - continued

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	4.25% to 14.50% varying by service, including inflation and productivity
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active and inactive members, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table set back one year, multiplied by 50% for ages under 75 and grading up to 100% by age 80, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table set forward four years.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2017, funding actuarial valuation for TFFR.

As a result of the April 30, 2015 actuarial experience study, the TFFR Board adopted several assumption changes, including the following:

- Investment return assumption lowered from 8% to 7.75%
- Inflation assumption lowered from 3% to 2.75%
- Total salary scale rates lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation
- Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equities	58%	6.7%
Global Fixed Income	23%	.8%
Global Real Assets	18%	5.2%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.0%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2017 Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members,

9. North Dakota Teachers' Fund for Retirement - continued

are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percenage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	1% Decrease (6.75%)		Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)	
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	36,460,426	\$	27,423,798	\$	19,901,078

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TFFR financial report. TFFR's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is located at <u>www.nd.gov/rio/sib/publications/cafr/default.htm</u>.

10. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system; one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc postretirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 will be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

10. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System - continued

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, termcertain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition for disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of salaries and wages. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service - Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25 13 to 24 months of service - Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25 25 to 36 months of service - Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25 Longer than 36 months of service - Greater of four percent of monthly salary of \$25

10. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$4,981,126 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 01, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At July 01, 2017, the District's proportion was .309901 percent which was a decrease of .022977 from its proportion measured as of July 1, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$733,432. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outfl of Resource		rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	29,608	\$ 24,269
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments		66,992	
Change of assumptions		2,042,598	112,347
Changes in proportion and difference between employer contribution and proportionate share of			
contributions		101,276	189,356
District contributions subsequent to the measurement			
date		234,575	
Total	\$	2,475,049	\$ 325,972

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$234,575 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 413,689
2020	505,610
2021	436,282
2022	368,626
2023	190,295

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

10. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System - continued

Inflation	3.50%				
Salary increases	Service at Beginning of Year:	Increase Rate:			
	0	15.00%			
	1	10.00%			
	2	8.00%			
	Age*				
	Under 36	8.00%			
	36 - 40	7.50%			
	41 - 49	6.00%			
	50+	5.00%			
	*age-based salary increase rates apply for employees with three or more years of service				
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of investment expense	es			
Cost-of-living adjustments	None				

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back one year for males (no setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31%	6.05%
International Equity	21%	6.70%
Private Equity	5%	10.20%
Domestic Fixed Income	17%	1.43%
International Fixed Income	5%	45%
Global Real Assets	20%	5.16%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.00%

Discount Rate. For PERS, GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the PERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

10. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System - continued

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

The pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments through the year 2061. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2061, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.75%; the municipal bond rate is 3.56%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 6.44%.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.44 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percenage-point lower (5.44 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (7.44 percent) than the current rate:

	Current Discount						
	1% D	ecrease (5.44%)	R	ate (6.44%)	1% I	ncrease (7.44%)	
District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	6,762,031	\$	4,981,126	\$	3,499,487	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

11. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The following brief description of the NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDAC Chapter 71-06 for more complete information.

NDPERS OPEB plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, and the Judges retired under Chapter 27-17 of the North Dakota Century Code a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan based upon the member's years of credited service. Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. The Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit OPEB plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

11. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

OPEB Benefits

The employer contributions for the PERS, the HPRS and the Defined Contribution Plan is set by statute at 1.14% of covered compensation. The employer contribution for employees of the state board of career and technical education is 2.99% of covered compensation for a period of eight years ending October 1, 2015. Employees participating in the retirement plan as part-time/temporary members are required to contribute 1.14% of their covered compensation to the Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund. Employees purchasing previous service credit are also required to make an employee contribution to the Fund. The benefit amount applied each year is shown as "prefunded credit applied" on the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position for the OPEB trust funds.

Retiree health insurance credit benefits and death and disability benefits are set by statute. There are no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Employees who are receiving monthly retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, the Defined Contribution Plan, the Chapter 27-17 judges or an employee receiving disability benefits, or the spouse of a deceased annuitant receiving a surviving spouse benefit or if the member selected a joint and survivor option are eligible to receive a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan.

Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. The benefits are equal to \$5.00 for each of the employee's, or deceased employee's years of credited service not to exceed the premium in effect for the selected coverage. The retiree health insurance credit is also available for early retirement with reduced benefits.

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$231,314 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the OPEB plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating OPEB employers. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was .292428%.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expenses of \$28,123. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 red Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 5,642
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on OPEB plan investments		8,746
Change of assumptions	22,404	
Changes in proportion and difference between		
employer contribution and proportionate share of		
contributions	1,537	

11. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement

date	37,558	
Total	\$ 61,499	\$ 14,388

\$37,558 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 679
2020	679
2021	679
2022	679
2023	2865
2,024	2,865
2,025 and thereafter	1,107

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Not applicable
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back one year for males (no setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

The long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for the RHIC fund was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of RHIC investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return, for each major asset class included in the RHIC's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Large Cap Domestic Equities	37%	5.8%
Small Cap Domestic Equities	9%	7.05%
International Equities	14%	6.20%
Core-Plus Fixed Income	40%	1.56%

11. North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member and statutory/Board approved employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2017, and July 1, 2016, HPRS actuarial valuation reports. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current RHIC members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the RHIC fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on RHIC investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plans as of June 30, 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the RHIC net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) that the current rate:

			Curr	ent Discount			
	1% E	Decrease (6.5%)	R	ate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)		
District's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability	\$	289,577	\$	231,314	\$	181,372	

12. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets: errors and omissions; injuries to employees; health care of its employees and natural disasters. The District is self-insured for employee health insurance. The District has established a separate fund to account for this activity: Health Insurance. Each participating fund makes payments to the health insurance fund. Such payments are displayed on the financial statements as revenues and expenditures/expenses to the extent that the charge to the other funds is based on the actual expenses of the funds plus an additional amount for catastrophic losses. Payments in excess of these amounts, if any, are reported as operating transfers.

The District has contracted with third party administrators (TPAs) to administer the employee health insurance programs and to review and process claims. In addition, the District has contracted with third party carriers for specific and aggregate stop loss coverage to limit the District's exposure to losses. The specific and aggregate stop loss coverage is as follows:

Health Insurance - The District is self-insured for \$60,000 per individual per year.

Additionally, commercial insurance covers claims in excess of an aggregate amount for the District (which is determined annually based upon the District's past claim experience) up to 120% of expected claims per plan year. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in the last three years. All funds of the District participate in the program and make payments to the Group Health Insurance Fund based on individual employee premiums.

The unpaid claims liability of \$125,526 for 2018 and \$131,558 for 2017 has been accrued since the District reports on the modified accrual basis. The District currently does not discount its unpaid claims liabilities.

A Reconciliation of Unpaid Claims Liabilities is shown below:

12. Risk Management - continued

	2018	2017
Reconciliation of Unpaid Claims Liabilities		
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at beginning		
of year	\$ 131,558	\$ 91,653
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expense		
Provision for insured events of the current year	3,342,454	3,115,101
Claim and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured		
events of the current year	(3,348,486)	(3,075,196)
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at end of year	\$ 125,526	\$ 131,558

The District's risk for liability coverage, real and personal property, is covered by premiums paid to commercial carriers. The District's risk for worker's compensation is covered by premiums paid to the North Dakota Workforce Safety & Insurance. The Bureau was created by the Legislature of the State of North Dakota. There has been no major reduction in insurance coverage and settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage for the past three years.

13. Contingencies

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with items and conditions specified in the grant agreements, and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. The District's management believes it has complied with all applicable grant provisions. In the opinion of management, any possible disallowed claim would not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District as of June 30, 2018.

14. Governmental Activities Net Position

Governmental activities net position reported on the Government Wide Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2018 include the following:

Governmental Activities

Net investment in capital assets	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 25,708,252
Less: related long-term debt outstanding	(1,654,944)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	 24,053,308
Restricted	
Capital projects	1,299,503
Debt service	138,908
Operations	397,628
Total Restricted	 1,836,039
Unrestricted	 (22,469,780)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 3,419,567

15. Governmental Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2018, include the following:

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	School Lunch	Special Reserve		
Nonspendable Inventories	\$	\$	\$	\$ 18,359	\$		
Restricted Debt service Capital projects Operations		138,901	1,277,267		397,628		
Assigned School lunch				116,138			
Unassigned	3,442,433 \$3,442,433	\$ 138,901	\$ 1,277,267	\$ 134,497	\$ 397,628		

16. Restatement

The June 30, 2017 ending net position was restated by \$232,189. **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1** posted prior period adjustments in 2017 in order to comply with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75 related to OPEB benefits. The adjustment recognizes the initial balance of the net OPEB liability associated with the **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**'s participation in the NDPERS OPEB plan.

Net position, June 30, 2017, as previously reported	\$5,564,316
Restatement due to implementation of GASB 75, effect on net position	(232,189)
Net position, June 30, 2017, as restated	\$5,332,127

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota BUDGET AND ACTUAL (With Variances) General Fund Year ended June 30, 2018

> 2	Basis (Negative)	د ۱۶۲ کو ۲۲۲ ۵۶۷	÷	(35		11,265 6,265	$\frac{4/1}{28,800,973} \qquad \frac{4/1}{116,859}$				1	4,876,840 56,635	463,171 8,375				1,798,708 311,889		-		30,546 604)	28,311,270 223,430	489,703 340,289			210,345 301,795	3,232,087 3,442,432 \$ 301,795
Actual Amounts,	Budgetary Basis	Ф Т У Ф		20,73	1,45	1	28,80			14,29	52	4,87	46		1,27	90	1,75	55	1,03	42	(1)	2,16	28,31	48	[(28	21	3,23 \$ 3,44
	Amounts Final	¢ ¢ 173 304		20,770,763	1,630,842	5,000	28,684,114			14,489,071	917,180	4,933,475	471,546		1,398,558	691,473	2,110,597	572,900	970,984	414,191	31,150	1,533,575	28,534,700	149,414	10,000	(250,863) (240,863)	(91,449)	3,232,087 \$ 3,140,638
-	Budgeted Amounts Original	с 175 Л В		20,770,763	1,622,752	5,000	28,677,968			14,351,518	880,143	4,975,214	469,423		1,348,174	636,507	2,037,357	521,850	1,028,096	426,633	31,150	1,899,720	28,605,785	72,183		(250,863) (250,863)	(178,680)	3,232,087 \$3,053,407
		REVENUES	LOCAL SOULCES County sources	State sources	Federal sources	Investment earnings	Miscellaneous Total Revenues	EXPENDITURES	Instruction	Regular	Federal	Special education	Vocational education	Support servcies	Instructional support services	Administrative services	Operation and maintenance of plant	Student transportation	Extracurricular activities	Other support services	Community services	Tuition and assessment	Total Expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	Transfer out Total other financing sources and uses	Net change in fund balances	Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending

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JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note A – Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. The Superintendent in consultation with the Business Manager and the Finance Committee prepares the District budget on the cash basis of accounting. In June, the Finance Committee recommends that the School Board accept the budget. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. For budgetary purposes, property tax revenues and state and federal aid are recognized on the cash basis. The budget includes the general fund, the school lunch fund and the special reserve fund (special revenue).
- 2. The School Board reviews the budget, may make revisions and approves it on or before August 15. The budget must be filed with the county auditor by August 25.
- 3. The budget may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared except no amendment changing the taxes levied can be made after October 10.
- 4. The balance of each appropriation becomes a part of the unappropriated balance at year-end.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	 2018 0.309901%	2017 0.332878%	2016 0.309690%	2015 0.323482%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,981,126	\$ 3,244,221	\$ 2,105,839	\$ 2,053,209
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 3,163,605	\$ 3,354,623	\$ 2,758,958	\$ 2,724,949
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	157.45%	96.71%	76.33%	75.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.98%	70.46%	77.15%	77.70%

*Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018	2017	2016		2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 229,400	\$ 242,869	\$ 209,565	\$	194,016
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	\$ (240,790)	\$ (226,186)	\$ (211,422)	\$	(194,016)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (11,390)	\$ 16,683	\$ (1,857)	\$	
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,163,605	\$ 3,354,623	\$ 2,758,958	\$	2,724,949
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.61%	6.74%	7.66%		7.12%

*Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ND Public Employees Retirement System

1. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

Amounts reported in 2016 reflect actuarial assumption changes effective July 1, 2015 based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumptions.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability	2018 0.292428%
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 231,314
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 3,163,605
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	7.31%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	59.78%

*Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2017.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2018
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 36,775
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	\$ (38,553)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (1,778)
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,163,605
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.22%

*Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2017.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ND Public Employees Retirement System

1. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

Amounts reported in 2018 reflect actuarial assumption changes effective July 1, 2017 based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumptions.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY ND Teachers' Fund for Retirement Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	1.996599%	2.012947%	2.088696%	2.170102%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 27,423,798	\$ 29,490,845	\$ 27,317,119	\$ 22,738,822
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 13,476,470	\$ 13,078,614	\$ 12,847,669	\$ 12,587,748
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	203.49%	225.49%	212.62%	180.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	63.20%	59.20%	62.10%	66.60%

*Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

ND Teachers' Fund for Retirement

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018	2017	1905	2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 1,718,250	\$ 1,667,524	\$ 1,637,999	\$ 1,353,170
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	\$ (1,718,250)	\$ (1,667,524)	\$ (1,637,999)	\$ (1,353,170)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,476,470	\$ 13,078,614	\$ 12,847,669	\$ 12,587,748
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.75%	12.75%	12.75%	10.75%

*Complete data for this schedule is not available prior to 2015.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ND Teachers' Fund for Retirement

1. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS. Amounts reported in 2016 reflect the following actuarial assumption

changes effective July 1, 2015 based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015.

Investment return assumption lowered from 8% to 7.75%.

Inflation assumption lowered from 3% to 2.75%.

Total salary scale rates lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation

Added explicit administrative expense assumption , equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.

Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Update mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS June 30, 2018

Roger Haut	President
Heidi Larson	Vice-President
Greg Allen	Board Member
Jennifer Schmidt	Board Member
Brenda Roemmich	Board Member
Diane Hanson	Board Member
Steve Veldkamp	Board Member
Robert Toso	Board Member
Sedric Trevithick	Board Member
Robert Lech	Superintendent
Sally Ost	Business Manager

Schauer & Associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Ronald R. Fuchs, CPA Duane R. Dunn, CPA Robert A. Piatz, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

School Board JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**'s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1'S** internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1'S** internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**'s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we considered to be a significant deficiency. (2015-001)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS* – continued 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's Response to Finding

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**'s response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Schauer > Correcter, PC.

SCHAUER & ASSOCIATES, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Jamestown, North Dakota December 2, 2018

Schauer & Associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Ronald R. Fuchs, CPA Duane R. Dunn, CPA Robert A. Piatz, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

School Board JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO.** 1's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO.** 1's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO.** 1's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's** major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's** compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's** compliance.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE – continued - 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1** is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's** internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1's** internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Schauer > Corrector, PC

SCHAUER & ASSOCIATES, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Jamestown, North Dakota December 2, 2018

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JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - continued Year Ended June 30, 2018

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Grant Title	Federal CFDA #	Pass-through Grantor Numbers	Ех	penditures
Jamestown Public School District No. 1				-
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through State Department of Public Instruction				
School Breakfast Program	10.553		\$	85,524
National School Lunch	10.555			417,505
National School Lunch – commodities *	10.555			105,246
Special Milk Program for Children	10.556			185
Summer School Food Program	10.559			15,128
Child Nutrition Cluster				623,588
SAE Food Nutrition	10.560			3,087
	10.582			45,897
Fresh Fruits & Vegetables Program	10.382			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Department of Agriculture			·	672,572
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through State Department of Public Instruction	84.010			562 220
Title I – Grants to Local Education Agencies**	84.010			562,228
IDEA B Grants for Children with Disabilities	84.027			687,497
IDEA B Preschool Grants	84.173			15,302
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				702,799
Title II, Part A Teacher Principal Quality Training	84.367			207,279
Title IV	84.424			26,194
Total Department of Education	04.424			1,498,500
Total Department of Education				1,498,500
Total Jamestown Public School District No. 1			\$	2,171,072
James Valley Career and Technology Center				
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through State Department of Career & Technical				
Education				
Career & Technical Education – Basic Grants to				
States	84.048		\$	37,799
Total James Valley Career and Technology Center			\$	37,799
			Ŧ	
Total Federal Awards			\$	2,208,871
* NONCASH ITEM				
* NONCASH ITEM ** MAIOR PROGRAM				

** MAJOR PROGRAM

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1** and component units under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in financial position, or cash flows of the **JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1**.

B. Basis of Accounting

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allotted under the Uniform Guidance.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2018

A. Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements				
Type of Auditors' Report - Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	X	Yes		None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	X	No
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		Yes	X	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs – unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)		Yes	X	No
Identification of major programs 84.010 Title I – Gra	ants to LE	A's		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and Type B programs:			\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X	Yes		No

B. Findings Related to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Finding 2015-001 Significant Deficiency - Financial Statement Preparation

Condition

Schauer & Associates, P.C. assists the School District's management in preparing financial statements that are presented, including note disclosure in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 Jamestown, North Dakota SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – continued 2 Year Ended June 30, 2018

Criteria

As a matter of internal control, management should be responsible and capable of preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Cause

The School District's Board feels that it is more cost effective to ask an independent accountant to prepare the complete financial statements and disclosures, rather than to invest in ongoing specialized training that would be necessary.

Effect

Without the assistance of the auditors, the financial statements could be misstated or omit material financial statement disclosures.

Recommendation

We recommend that management be aware of this condition and be prepared and able to provide all necessary information and schedules to complete the financial statements and disclosures. We further recommend that a responsible official review a current appropriate disclosure checklist or other guidance to ensure the financial statements contain all necessary disclosures.

View of Responsible Officials - concur

C. Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Programs Audit.

1. None

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 207 Second Avenue Southeast Jamestown, ND 58401

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN Year Ended June 30, 2018

Finding Number: 2015-001 Finding Title: Financial Statement Preparation

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action

Sally Ost, Business Manager

<u>Corrective Action Planned:</u> The School Board is aware of this condition. The Board will continue to request that Schauer & Associates, P.C. assist with the preparation of the financial statements but will instruct the School administration to provide all required schedules.

JAMESTOWN PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 207 Second Avenue Southeast Jamestown, ND 58401

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2018

Finding Number: 2015-001 Finding Title: Financial Statement Preparation

Summary of Condition: The Jamestown Public School District No. 1 does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of financial statements being audited.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: The School Board is aware of this condition. The Board will continue to request that Schauer & Associates, P.C. assist with preparation of financial statements but will instruct School administration to provide all requested schedules.