GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY BEACH, NORTH DAKOTA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

JAMES J. WOSEPKA, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT BEACH, NORTH DAKOTA

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY BEACH, NORTH DAKOTA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the County Commissioners Golden Valley County Beach, North Dakota 58621

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also

includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (omitted) and budgetary comparison information on pages 22 - 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management omitted the management's discussion and analysis. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules for non-major special revenue funds, non-major debt service funds, and the schedule of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – social services are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost

Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedules for non-major special revenue funds, non-major debt service funds, and the schedule of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – social services and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules for non-major special revenue funds, non-major debt service funds, and the schedule of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – social services and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2019, on our consideration of Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dy Jamen Worke CVA

June 21, 2019 Beach, North Dakota

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GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2018

	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS	I	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,439,561
Taxes/assessments receivable		9,884
Due from other governments		-
Inventories		1,563,198
Capital assets not being depreciated		00.405
Land Capital assets being depreciated (net of accumulated		23,435
depreciation)	PMM CHARLES	2,614,375
Total Assets		10,650,453
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities		69,213
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		13,500
Due in more than one year		138,375
Total Liabilities	,	221,088
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		2,637,810
Road Projects		2,387,548
Unrestricted	**************************************	5,404,007
Total Net Position	\$	10,429,365

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	•				1	
		Charges for			Primary	Primary Government
		Services, Fines,	, Grants and	s and	Gove	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Forfeitures, etc.	. Contributions	utions	Ac	Activities
Primary government:						
General government \$	906,488	\$ 71,653	₩	ı	↔	(834,835)
Public safety	432,800	124,129	•	35,730		(272,941)
Public works	1,608,349	97,920	_			(1.510.429)
Public health	6,000			1		(0000)
Social and economic services	327,355	ı	ro ,	382,198		54.843
Culture and recreation	117,621	•	1			(117,621)
Conservation of Natural Resources	206,374	64,576	<i>(</i> 2	5,857		(135,941)
Miscellaneous	647,432	•		•		(647,432)
Unallocated costs	51,059		1	1		(51,059)
Total governmental activities	4,303,478	358,278		423,785		(3,521,415)
Total primary government	4,303,478	\$ 358,278	69	423,785		(3,521,415)
Ger Pr	General revenues: Property taxes	: :: :				586,079
LIC	Licenses and permits Unrestricted Federal/	Licenses and permits Unrestricted Federal/State shared revenues	revenues			159,116 3.434,998
5	restricted inve	Unrestricted investment earnings				46,527
Mi	Miscellaneous)				123,120
	Tot	Total general revenues	nes			4,349,840
!	Ö	Change in net position	ion			828,425
Tota	al net position -	Total net position - January 1, 2018				9,600,940
Tota	al net position -	Total net position - December 31, 2018	318		₩	10,429,365

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2018 BALANCE SHEET

Major Funds

Description		General		Road Reserve	County HT	Spe	Special County Road	Road & Bridge	Gow	Other Governmental Funds	ő	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents Tax/assessment receivable	w	2,183,503 4,644	(/)	1,661,845	\$ 63,686	69	760,664 \$	761,022 2,558	es.	1,008,841 2,682	w	6,439,561 9,884
Due from other tunds Due from other governments		a 1			• 1					• 1		t 1
Inventories	Í	١			1,507,590		55,608	-		1		1,563,198
Total Assets	မ	2,188,147	co.	1,661,845	\$ 1,571,276	v3	816,272 \$	763,580	w	1,011,523	ь	8,012,643
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	တ	55,341	€	1	· G	₩	<i>ι</i>	13,872	4 3.	'	မာ	69,213
Total Liabilities		55,341		'	•		,	13,872		,		69,213
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes		4,644	ŀ	1	'			2,558		2,682		9,884
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,644					•	2,558		2,682		9,884
FUND BALANCES Non-spendable		1		ı	1,507,590		55,608	,		ı		1,563,198
Restricted		ι		ı	63,686		760,664	•		ι		824,350
Committed		1		1	•		•	747,150		442,716		1,189,866
Assigned		1		1,661,845	'		•	1		566,125		2,227,970
Unassigned		2,128,162		В	F		,			-		2,128,162
Total fund balances		2,128,162		1,661,845	1,571,276		816,272	747,150		1,008,841		7,933,546
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	சு	2,188,147	¢\$	1,661,845	\$ 1,571,276	ю	816,272 \$	763,580	es	1,011,523		
	Am	Amounts reported for govern position is different because:	d for a	governmental	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	tatem	ant of net					
	pos	illon is omere	in De	cause:								

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Certain property tax collections are not available to pay current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

(151,875)

10,429,365

9.884

2,637,810

Total Net Position - Governmental Funds

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Major Funds

	!					1,440	F
Description	General	Road	County HT	Special County	Road &	Governmental	l otal Governmental
REVENUES	5	24 1052	ooding in	NOBO.	afinin	Spiins	runds
Taxes/assessments	\$ 277,416 \$	ı	,	£.	144 267	178 681	E 600 384
Licenses and permits	159.116	ı		•			
Interdovernmental revenues	1 103 343	1 965 735	242 803	,	6 602	י מיי	00, 100
Charges for services	19175	201,200,1	35 770	ED 1 41	מבחים	040,120	0,000,000
Miscellandaris	00t-10-	•	00,100	02,141	1	976'90	329778
Investment and royalty earnings	46,491			5,235	, ,	34,987	123,120 46,527
Total Revenues	1,863,690	1,965,735	278,672	64,380	150,959	822,752	5,146,188
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	902,194	•	•		1	772	902.966
Public safety	351,878	•	•	•	•	43,865	395.743
Public works	,	265,374	356,105	640,506	735,968	47,531	2,045,484
Public health	000'9	•	t		•	•	6.000
Social and economic services	•	•	1	,	•	327,355	327 355
Culture and recreation	29,937	•	1	•	•	87,732	117,669
Conservation of natural resources	•	t	1	•	1	192,167	192,167
Debt Service:						•	•
Principal	•	1	ı	ı	•	r	ı
interest Capital outlay			1 1	618,600		35,401	654,001
Miscellaneous	ř	1	-			. 1	. 4
Total Expenditures	1,290,009	265,374	356,105	1,259,106	735,968	734,823	4,641,385
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures	573,681	1,700,361	(77,433)	(1,194,726)	(585,009)	87,929	504,803
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	48,344	•	363,464	1,430,000	475,000	29,728	2,346,536
Transfers out	(17,728)	(2,241,464)	1	t	1	(87,344)	(2,346,536)
Total other financing sources (uses)	30,616	(2,241,464)	363,464	1,430,000	475,000	(57,616)	
Net change in fund balances	604,297	(541,103)	286,031	235,274	(110,009)	30,313	504,803
Fund balances - January 1, 2018	1,523,865	2,202,948	1,285,245	580,998	857,159	978,528	7,428,743
Fund balances - December 31, 2018	\$ 2,128,162 \$	1,661,845	\$ 1,571,276	\$ 816,272	\$ 747,150	\$ 1,008,841	\$ 7,933,546

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 11)	\$	504,803
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 8) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets Capital assets purchased Depreciation expense		628,119 (285,116)
In the Statement of Activities, the loss or gain on the sale or disposal of capital assets is recognized. The fund financial statements recognize only the proceeds from the sale of these assets: Gain (loss) on the disposal of capital assets		<u>-</u>
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	I	_
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources a not reported as revenues in the funds: Unavailable property taxes	re	(14,285)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		
Accrued compensated absences		(5,096)
Change in Net Position in Governmental Activities	\$	828,425

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2018

	Age	ncy Funds
Description	Agend	cy Composite
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	909,794
Total Assets	\$	909,794
LIABILITIES	•	004.400
Warrants payable Due to other governments	\$	234,403 675,391
Total Liabilities	\$	909,794

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of Golden Valley County conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

The County is governed by an elected three-member Board of County Commissioners and is considered a legally independent separate governmental organization able to sue or be sued, buy, sell, or lease property, approve or modify their budget, set its own taxes or rates, and issue bonded debt.

The primary government ("County") is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the unit's governing body and if it has the ability to impose its' will on the component unit or if there is an affirmative potential financial benefit or burden. The County has no component units.

School districts and other independent taxing units are reflected only in the combined balance sheet as agency funds since the County is responsible, by law, for the collection of taxes and/or the maintenance of cash funds for these entities.

Basic Financial Statements

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, the basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report on the County as a whole, excluding fiduciary activities. Governmental activities which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported in the financial statements. All activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which includes long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The government-wide financial statements focus more on the sustainability of the County as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the governmentwide financial statements.

The Government-wide Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of the County, excluding fiduciary funds. It is displayed in a format of assets less liabilities equal net position, with the assets and liabilities shown in order of their relative liquidity. Net position is required to be displayed in three components: 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets is capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – cont.

reduced by outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position is those with constraints placed on their use by either: 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All net position, not otherwise classified as restricted, is shown as unrestricted. Generally, the County would first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

The Government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which both direct and indirect expenses of the various functions and programs of the County are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or identifiable activity. Indirect expenses for administrative overhead are allocated among the functions and activities using a full cost allocation approach and are presented separately to enhance comparability of direct expenses between governments that allocate direct expenses and those that do not. Interest on general long-term debt is not allocated to the various functions. revenues include: 1) charges to customers or users who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a particular function or program, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. unrestricted investment income, and other revenues, not identifiable with particular functions or programs, are included as general revenues. The general revenues support the net costs of the functions and programs not covered by program revenues.

Also part of the basic financial statements are fund financial statements for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of the fund financial statements is on major funds as defined by GASB Statement No. 34. Although this reporting model sets forth minimum criteria for determination of major funds (a percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of fund category and of the governmental funds combined), it also gives governments the option of displaying other funds as major funds. Other non-major funds are combined in a single column on the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund reports the primary fund of the County. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not reported in other funds.

Road Reserve - Board sets aside for future road projects. Revenue is from BLM mineral payments and moneys transferred.

County HT – This fund is used to provide funds for road projects.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – cont.

Road & Bridge – This fund is used for major road projects.

Special County Road – This fund is used to fund a majority of the road department.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared on a current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. To conform to the modified accrual basis of accounting, certain modifications must be made to the accrual method. These modifications are outlined below:

- A. Revenue is recorded when it becomes both measurable and available (received within 60 days after year-end). Revenue considered susceptible to accrual includes: property taxes, sales and use taxes, transient occupancy taxes, licenses, fees, and permits, intergovernmental revenues (including motor vehicle license fees), charges for services, fines, forfeits, penalties, and interest.
- B. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.
- C. Disbursements for the purchase of capital assets providing future benefits are considered expenditures. Bond proceeds are reported as an other financing source.

With this measurement focus, operating statements present increases and decreases in net current assets and unreserved fund balance as a measure of available spendable resources.

This is the traditional basis of accounting for governmental funds and also is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. This presentation is deemed most appropriate to: 1) demonstrate legal and covenant compliance, 2) demonstrate the sources and uses of liquid resources, and 3) demonstrate how the County's actual revenues and expenditures conform to the annual budget. Since the governmental funds financial statements are presented on a different basis than the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements, reconciliation is provided immediately following each fund statement. These reconciliations briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, curbs, etc.) are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – cont.</u> Capital Assets – cont.

Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 with a useful life of one year or more.

Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government as well as the component units are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	25 - 50
Vehicles	10 - 15
Equipment other than vehicles	10 - 20

No provision is being made to capitalize interest on debt to finance construction of assets.

Taxes and Assessments

An allowance for uncollectible accounts was not maintained for real and personal property taxes receivable. The direct write-off method is used for these accounts.

Inventory

Inventory is recorded at cost basis. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time an item is consumed or used, rather than when purchased. The inventory is reflected as non-spendable in the Highway Tax and Special County Road Funds and is, therefore, unavailable for appropriation. The County's inventory consisted of gravel, culverts, bridges, and signs.

Compensated Absences

The County's policy on vacation days is that an employee earns vacation days during each 12 month period beginning with the anniversary date of employment. Employees are allowed to accrue and carry forward into the next year a maximum of 240 hours or 30 days of vacation. Upon termination of employment, employees will be paid for vacation benefits that have accrued through the last day of work up to a limit of 240 hours or 30 days.

Sick leave is also accrued with a maximum of 45 days, 15 of which may be paid upon termination.

As of December 31, 2018, accrued vacation and sick leave approximated \$151,876. The amount applicable to the General Fund was \$66,053 and to the Special Revenue Funds was \$85,823.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – cont.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Encumbrances are recorded when purchase orders are issued but are not considered expenditures until liabilities for payments are incurred. Encumbrances are reported as a reservation of fund balance on the balance sheet. Encumbrances do not lapse at the close of the fiscal year but are carried forward as reserved fund balance until liquidated.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. The County applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers among governmental funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County does not have any of this type of item.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of December 31, 2018, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – cont.</u> Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – cont.

Non-spendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements, or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by formal action of the County Commission. The County Commission is the highest level of decision making authority for the County. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the County Commission.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the County's adopted policy, only the County Commission may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the County Commission has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

			Sp	ecial							Other		Total
			Co	ounty		Road				Road &	Gov.		Gov.
		General	R	toad		Reserve		County HT		Bridge	Funds		Funds
FUND BALANCES	_												
Nonspendable													
Inventory	\$	-	\$ 5	5,608	\$	-	\$	1,507,590	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,563,198
Restricted for:													
Public Works		-	76	0,664		-		63,686		-	-		824,350
Commited to:													
Public Works		_		_		-		=		747,150	13,966		761,11 6
Conservation		-		-		-		-		-	142,019		142,019
General Governmen	it	-		-		-		-		-	909		909
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		-	127,269		127,269
Social & Economic		-		-		-		-		-	158,553		158,553
Assigned for:													
General Governmen	ıt	-		-		-		-		-	15,029		15,029
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		-	11,354		11,354
Public Works		-		-		1,661,845		-		-	20,496		1,682,341
Social & Economic		-		-		-		-		-	82,005		82,005
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		-	437,241		437,241
Unassigned:	_	2,128,162		_	_	-	_	_		-			2,128,162
Total Fund Balance:	\$ _	2,128,162	\$ 81	6,272	\$	1,661,845	\$	1,571,276	\$_	747,150 \$	1,008,841	_\$_	7,933,546

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County maintains a cash pool for all funds under the control of the County Treasurer.

Cash includes cash and cash equivalents of checking and savings deposits.

The composition of cash and cash equivalents on December 31, 2018 was as follows:

 Cash

 Cash in Banks
 Demand and Savings Deposits
 \$ 7,349,355

 Total
 \$ 7,349,355

<u>Deposits</u> - At year-end, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$7,349,355 and the bank balance was \$7,138,738. These deposits include demand and savings deposits. Of the bank balance, \$961,083 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, the balance \$6,177,655 was covered by pledged securities, in the name of the County.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned or the County will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party.

North Dakota statutes require that the County obtain pledged securities for the uninsured portion of the deposits equal to 110% of such deposits. The amount of collateral held for County deposits at December 31, 2018 exceeded the amount required by State statutes.

State statutes authorize political subdivisions to invest in: 1) Bonds, treasury bills, and notes or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by the Treasury of the United States or its agencies, instrumentalities or organizations created by an act of Congress; 2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above; 3) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the state; 4) Certificates of deposit, savings deposits, or other deposits fully insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and placed for the benefit of the public depositor by a public depository through an appropriate deposit placement service as determined by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions; 5) State and local securities; 6) Commercial paper issued by a United States corporation rated in the highest category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in two hundred seventy days or less.

3. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable consists of delinquent uncollected taxes at December 31.

Property tax revenue is recognized in compliance with the National Council on Government Accounting (NCGA) Interpretation 3, "Revenue Recognition-Property Taxes". This interpretation states that property tax revenue is recorded when it becomes available. Available means then due, or past due and receivable within the

3. Taxes Receivable – cont.

current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Such time thereafter shall not exceed 60 days. Since no material taxes are collected within the time period, taxes receivable are recorded as deferred revenue.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. A 5% reduction is allowed if paid by February 15th. Penalty and interest are added March 1^{st,} unless the first half of the taxes has been paid. Additional penalties are added October 15th if not paid.

4. Unavailable Revenues

Unavailable revenue consists of amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available.

5. Risk Management

The County participates in the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund, North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund, and the North Dakota Worker's Compensation Bureau to control their risk of loss. There have been no settled claims that exceeded the insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

6. Retirement Plan

The County has a pension plan available to all employees whose gross wages are at least \$5,000. The County matches up to 3% of the employee's contribution. The County's contribution to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$38,058 and December 31, 2018 was \$32,572.

7. Long Term Debt

The following is a summary of the total Compensated Absences for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018:

	Compensa	ited Absences	
12/31/2017	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	<u>12/31/2018</u>
\$ 146,780	\$ <u>\$ 5,096</u>	\$	\$151,876

8. Other Post-employment Benefits

The County is required to implement GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The effect of this statement is not material to the County's financial statements

9. Tax Abatements

The County has no tax abatements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

10. Capital Assets

Governmental Activities:		Beginning <u>Balance</u>		<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	23,435 - 23,435	\$	- \$ 	- \$ 	23,435
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Improvements other than buildings Total capital assets being depreciated	,	2,146,051 2,733,869 23,550 4,903,470		776,139 - 776,139	653,167 653,167	2,146,051 2,856,841 23,550 5,026,442
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Improvements other than buildings Total accumulated depreciation		(529,331) (2,091,873) (10,894) (2,632,098)		(51,122) (232,817) (1,177) (285,116)	505,147 - 505,147	(580,453) (1,819,543) (12,071) (2,412,067)
Net capital assets being depreciated		2,271,372				2,614,375
Governmental activities capital assets net	\$	2,294,807	:		\$	2,637,810
Depreciation expense: Public Works Public Safety Conservation Unallocated	\$	177,486 37,057 19,514 51,059 285,116				

11. <u>Transfers</u>

The following is a schedule of operating transfers for 2018:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General	\$ 48,344	\$ 17,728
Road Reserve	_	2,241,464
Special County Road	1,430,000	-
Social Services	-	43,567
BLM	-	30,000
County Poor	-	4,777
Road & Bridge	475,000	-
911	21,916	-
Wireless 911	-	9,000
County Agent	4,812	-
Unorganized	3,000	-
County HT	363,464	-

12. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of these financial statements. The County has been approved by the North Dakota Department of Transportation for a Federal Cost Participation Project of \$1,023,500. Federal funds would cover 80.93% of the cost. As of the date of this report, the project has not yet been bid.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

							VARIANCE
		ORIGINAL.	FINAL				FAVORABLE
REVENUES:		<u>BUDGET</u>	BUDGET		<u>ACTUAL</u>		(UNFAVORABLE)
Taxes	\$	275,200 \$	275,200	\$	277,416	\$	2,216
Licenses, permits, fees		2,900	2,900		159,116		156,216
Intergovernmental revenue		755,300	755,300		1,103,343		348,043
Charges for services		199,254	199,254		191,430		(7,824)
Miscellaneous revenue		67,800	67,800		85,894		18,094
Investment earnings		20,000	20,000	_	46,491		26,491
TOTAL REVENUES		1,320,454	1,320,454	_	1,863,690	-	543,236
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		873,614	887,954		902,194		(14,240)
Public safety		387,664	387,664		351,878		35,786
Public works		-	_		-		-
Health and welfare		6,000	6,000		6,000		-
Culture & recreation		29,012	29,012		29,937		(925)
Conservation	-	**	-		-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	1,296,290	1,310,630		1,290,009	-	20,621
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	-	24,164	9,824		573,681		563,857
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating Transfers - In		40,000	40,000		48,344		8,344
Operating Transfers - Out	-	(12,228)	(22,228)		(17,728)	-	4,500
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		27,772	17,772		30,616	•	12,844
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures							
and Other Uses	\$_	51,936 \$	27,596	;	604,297	\$	576,701
Fund balances - January 1, 2018					1,523,865		
Fund balances - December 31, 2018				\$	2,128,162	:	

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -

ROAD RESERVE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

REVENUES:	\$	ORIGINAL BUDGET	\$	FINAL BUDGET	\$	ACTUAL -	\$	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Licenses, permits, fees	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Intergovernmental revenue		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,965,735		965,735
Charges for services		-		.,000,000		.,500,.00		-
Investment earnings		_		_		-		_
Miscellaneous revenue		_		_		_		_
	•	1					•	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,965,735		965,735
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-				-		-
Public works		150,000		463,464		265,374		198,090
Public health		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Conservation		-		-		_		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		_		-
Debt Service: Principal						_		_
Interest		_		_		_		<u>-</u>
merest	-							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	150,000		463,464		265,374		198,090
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	-	850,000		536,536		1,700,361		1,163,825
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating Transfers - In		-		-		- (0.04)		(0.40.404)
Operating Transfers - Out	-	(1,875,000)		(1,925,000)		(2,241,464)		(316,464)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	-	(1,875,000)		(1,925,000)		(2,241,464)		(316,464)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures								
and Other Uses	\$ =	(1,025,000)	\$ =	(1,388,464)		(541,103)	\$ =	847,361
Fund balance - January 1, 2018					_	2,202,948		
Fund balance - December 31, 2018					\$.	1,661,845	:	

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY HT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

REVENUES:		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		<u>ACTUAL</u>		VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Taxes	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses, permits, fees	Ψ	_	7	-	•	-	•	_
Intergovernmental revenue		230,926		230,926		242,893		11,967
Charges for services		-		_		35,779		35,779
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous revenue	_	-				-		
TOTAL REVENUES	_	230,926		230,926	_	278,672	-	47,746
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public works		454,500		691,006		356,105		334,901
Public health		-		_		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		. —		-		-
Conservation		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest	-		-			-		<u></u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	454,500		691,006	_	356,105		334,901
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	-	(223,574)	-	(460,080)		(77,433)		382,647
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating Transfers - In		-		-		363,464		363,464
Operating Transfers - Out	_	-	_	-	_	-		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	-	*	_		-	363,464		363,464
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures								
and Other Uses	\$_	(223,574)	\$ =	(460,080)		286,031	\$	746,111
Fund balance - January 1, 2018						1,285,245		
Fund balance - December 31, 2018					\$ _	1,571,276		

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL COUNTY ROAD FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

REVENUES: Taxes Licenses, permits, fees Intergovernmental revenue	\$	ORIGINAL BUDGET -	\$	FINAL <u>BUDGET</u> - -	\$	ACTUAL - -	\$	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE) - -
Charges for services		48,000		48,000		62,141		- 14,141
Investment earnings				-				-
Miscellaneous revenue		-		_		2,239		2,239
TOTAL REVENUES		48,000	-	48,000	_	64,380	, ,	16,380
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		.		-		-		-
Public works		759,646		759,646		640,506		119,140
Public health Culture and recreation		-		-		=		-
Conservation		-		_		-		_
Capital outlay		620,000		620,000		618,600		1,400
Debt Service:		020,000		020,000		010,000		1,100
Principal		-		-		-		_
Interest	-	-	_	-		-		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	1,379,646	-	1,379,646	_	1,259,106		120,540
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	-	(1,331,646)	-	(1,331,646)	_	(1,194,726)		136,920
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers - In Operating Transfers - Out	_	1,430,000	-	1,430,000	_	1,430,000	-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	-	1,430,000	_	1,430,000		1,430,000	_	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$_	98,354	\$	98,354		235,274	\$	136,920
Fund balance - January 1, 2018 Fund balance - December 31, 2018	=		=		\$ <u></u>	580,998 816,272	=	

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD & BRIDGE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

REVENUES: Taxes	ORIGINAL BUDGET \$ 151,096	\$	FINAL <u>BUDGET</u> 151,096	\$	<u>ACTUAL</u> 144,267	\$ VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE) (6,829)
Licenses, permits, fees	-		-		-	-
Intergovernmental revenue	4,711		4,711		6,692	1,981
Charges for services	-		-		-	-
Investment earnings	-		_		-	-
Miscellaneous revenue			-		_	
TOTAL REVENUES	155,807		155,807	•	150,959	(4,848)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	<u></u>		=		-	-
Public safety	_		_		-	-
Public works	616,000		1,290,407		735,968	554,439
Public health	•					
Culture and recreation	_		_		-	-
Conservation	<u></u>		-		-	-
Miscellaneous	_		-		-	-
Debt Service:						
Principal	-		_		_	_
Interest	-		_		<u>.</u>	<u></u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	616,000		1,290,407		735,968	554,439
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	(460,193)		(1,134,600)		(585,009)	549,591
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers - In	479,000		479,000		475,000	(4,000)
Operating Transfers - Out			-			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	479,000		479,000		475,000	(4,000)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures						
and Other Uses	18,807	\$ ₌	(655,600)		(110,009)	\$ 545,591
Fund balance - January 1, 2018					857,159	
Fund balance - December 31, 2018				\$	747,150	

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2018

Budgets/Variances

The County adopted an annual budget for the General, Special Revenue, and Debt Services Funds on the cash basis of accounting.

Each officer must prepare a departmental budget. The County Auditor then prepares an annual budget. State law states that the board of county commissioners, on or before the October meeting, shall determine the amount of taxes that shall be levied for county purposes and shall levy all such taxes in specific amounts. A notice of meeting to act on the County budget must be published in, at least, one issue of the official county newspaper.

Budgets lapse at year-end.

The County amended the budgets as follows:

		Original		Final	
	_	Budget	 Change	Budget	
Road & Bridge	\$	616,000	\$ 674,407	\$ 1,290,407	
Road Reserve		2,025,000	363,464	2,388,464	
General		1,308,518	24,340	1,332,858	
Unorganized		34,425	17,107	51,532	
Library		72,032	16,537	88,569	
Capital Outlay Reserve		40,000	88,284	128,284	
County HT		454,500	236,506	691,006	
County Poor		•••	4,777	4,777	
Social Services		403.292	43.567	446.859	

Overspent Budget

The Road Reserve budget was overspent. The County did not budget for disbursements to sub-recipients.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

REVENUES: Taxes Licenses, permits, fees Intergovernmental revenue	\$	ORIGINAL BUDGET 177,291 - 552,443	\$	FINAL <u>BUDGET</u> 177,291 - 552,443	\$	ACTUAL 178,681 - 540,120	\$	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE) 1,390 - (12,323)
Charges for services		95,500		95,500		68,928		(26,572)
Investment earnings		-		-		36		36
Miscellaneous revenue	_	4,250		4,250	_	34,987	_	30,737
TOTAL REVENUES	_	829,484		829,484		822,752	•	(6,732)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		15,000		15,000		772		14,228
Public safety		58,649		58,649		43,865		14,784
Public works		2,425		2,425		47,531		(45,106)
Social and economic		422,615		422,615		327,355		95,260
Culture and recreation		72,082		88,619		87,732		887
Conservation		277,141		277,141		192,167		84,974
Capital outlay		41,000		129,284		35,401		93,883
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest	_					-		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	888,912		993,733		734,823		258,910
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures		(59,428)		(164,249)		87,929		252,178
, , ,	-		•		•		•	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating Transfers - In		39,934		39,934		29,728		(10,206)
Operating Transfers - Out		(77,000)	-	(142,451)		(87,344)		55,107
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	_	(37,066)	-	(102,517)		(57,616)		44,901
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures								
and Other Uses	\$ _	(96,494)	\$ =	(266,766)		30,313	\$ _	297,079
Fund balance - January 1, 2018 Fund balance - December 31, 2018					\$ [978,528 1,008,841		

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 SOCIAL SERVICES

REVENUES: Intergovernmental:		
Reimburse from others	\$	376,306
Miscellaneous		9,476
TOTAL REVENUES		385,782
EXPENDITURES: Administrative Costs		
Salaries		199,471
Social Security tax & benefits expense		53,038
Travel		6,872
Operating expenses		55,201
Other		
Total Administrative Costs		314,582
Capital Outlay		***
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		314,582
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	71,200
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfers - In Operating Transfers - Out		(43,567)
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES	-	(43,567)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over		
Expenditures and Other Uses	_	27,633
Beginning Balance - January 1		13,414
Ending Balance - December 31	\$_	41,047

SEE NOTE ON NEXT PAGE

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

SOCIAL SERVICES

The Social Services Form 119 that is submitted on a monthly basis is in agreement with 2018 financial reporting of the County on a cash basis.



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James J. Wosepka, PC - Certified Public Accountant

Licensed in North Dakota and Montana

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of County Commissioners Golden Valley County Beach, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James J. Wosepka, PC
By James J. Worp Kn

Beach, North Dakota June 21, 2019

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Passed	through	Total
Federal Assistance	<u>Description</u>	to Subre	cipients	Expenditures
DIRECT ASSISTANCE				
US Dept. of Agriculture)			
10.666	(Major Program) Schools and Road - Grants to			
	Counties	\$	265,374 \$	2,566,908
TOTAL DIRECT ASSISTA	NCE	<u> </u>		2,000,000
State Administered Assista	nce (No Passthrough Grant Numbers)			
North Dakota Division of E	• •			
Federal Emergency Ma	anagement Agency Civil Defense			
97.042	Emergency Management Performance Grants			11,487
North Dakota Department	of Transportation			
Federal Highway Admir	nistration			
20.205	Highway Planning and Construction			
	Project BRO-0017(019)			544,463
North Dakota Department of	of Human Services			
•	Health and Human Services			
93.999	Various			2,968
			_	
TOTAL STATE OF NORTH	I DAKOTA ADMINISTERED		<u></u>	558,918
	Total Expenditures of Federal Funds	\$ 2	265,374 \$	3,125,826
	•			

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. Purpose of the schedule

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (schedule) is a supplementary schedule to the financial statements and is presented for purposes of additional analysis. The schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Basis of presentation

Federal financial assistance

Pursuant to the Uniform Guidance, federal financial assistance is defined as assistance that nonfederal entities receive or administer in the form of grants, cooperative agreements, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations and other assistance, but does not include amounts received as reimbursements for services rendered to individuals. Accordingly, nonmonetary federal assistance may be included in federal financial assistance and therefore, may be reported on the schedule. Golden Valley County received no nonmonetary federal assistance during 2018. Federal financial assistance does not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals.

Catalog of federal domestic assistance

Uniform Guidance requires the schedule to show the total expenditures for each of the federal financial assistance programs as identified in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA). The CFDA is a government-wide compendium of individual federal programs. Federal financial assistance programs which have not been assigned a CFDA number are indicated with an "N/A".

B. Major programs

The Uniform Guidance established the levels of expenditures to be used in defining major federal financial assistance programs. The dollar threshold to distinguish type A and type B programs was \$750,000.

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2018

C. Reporting entity

The schedule includes all federal financial assistance programs administered by the County.

D. Basis of accounting

Federal financial assistance expenditures included in the schedule is reported using the same basis of accounting as disclosed in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

E. Matching costs

The schedule does not include matching expenditures.

F. Indirect Cost Rate

Golden Valley County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. Funds to sub-recipient

The County passed through \$265,374 to the Schools and other entities from the Schools and Roads – Grants to Counties – CFDA 10.666.

4. Carryover funds

Schools and Roads - Grants to Counties - CFDA 10.666

Carryover funds from December 31, 2017	\$	2,857,070
Funds received during 2018		1,965,735
Funds available	\$	4,822,805
Funds expended 2018	_	2,566,908
Carryover funds as of December 31, 2018	\$	2,255,897



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James J. Wosepka, PC - Certified Public Accountant

Licensed in North Dakota and Montana

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the County Commissioners Golden Valley County Beach, North Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2018. Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Golden Valley County, Beach, North Dakota's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Beach, North Dakota June 21, 2019 James J. Wosepka, PC

GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The Auditor's Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements for Golden Valley County.
- 2. No significant deficiencies were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Golden Valley County were disclosed during the audit.
- No significant deficiencies were disclosed during the audit of the major federal award programs.
- The Auditor's Report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Golden Valley County expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. Our audit showed no findings relative to the major federal award program required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a) for Golden Valley County.
- 7. The program tested as a major program included: The Schools and Roads-Grants to Counties from the US Department of Agriculture 10.666.
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Golden Valley County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

NONE

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

NONE

D. COUNTY'S RESPONSE

N/A