

Financial Statements
December 31, 2017 and 2016
Upper Missouri District Health Unit



List of Officials (unaudited)	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Financial Statements	
Statements of Net Position	11
Statement of Activities	12
Balance Sheets – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheets to the Statements of Net Position	15
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	Balances
to the Statements of Activities	
Notes to Financial Statements	18
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	34
Schedules of Employer Pension Liability and Contributions	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	36
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Oth Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standa</i> .	
Schedule of Findings	39

Upper Missouri District Health Unit List of Officials (unaudited) December 31, 2017 and 2016

Art Schilke President

Tim Selle Vice-President

Shannon Shepherd Treasurer

Joseph Adducci, MD District Health Officer

Dan Uran
Kathy Skarda
Board Member
Martin Hanson
Board Member

Javayne Oyloe Executive Director
Joe Meyer Finance Director



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Health Members Upper Missouri District Health Unit Williston, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit, (District) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related noted to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the health unit's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of Upper Missouri District Health Unit as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer's contributions on pages 4 through 10 and 34 through 36 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Upper Missouri District Health Unit, Williston, North Dakota's basic financial statements. The list of officials is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2018 on our consideration of the health unit's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the health unit's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bismarck, North Dakota October 9, 2018

Esde Saelly LLP

As management of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit, we offer readers of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Upper Missouri District Health Unit for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which can be found on pages 11-33 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows on December 31, 2017 by \$251,551 and on December 31, 2016 by \$380,716 (net position). Of this amount, \$161,373 and \$50,782, respectively, (restricted for health and welfare) may be used to meet the health unit's ongoing obligations to creditors.
- The health unit's total net position decreased by \$129,165 in 2017 and decreased by \$82,678 in 2016.
- Upper Missouri District Health Unit's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$795,985 at December 31, 2017 and \$742,811 at December 31, 2016. This was an increase of \$53,174 for 2017 and decrease of \$37,774 for 2016.
- Upper Missouri District Health Unit's total liabilities increased by \$566,013 in 2017 and decreased by \$347,039 in 2016.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Upper Missouri District Health Unit's basic financial statements. Upper Missouri District Health Unit's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Upper Missouri District Health Unit's net position changed during 2017 and 2016. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused annual leave).

The government-wide financial statements include functions of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit include health and welfare.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Upper Missouri District Health Unit, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit can be found in one category: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Upper Missouri District Health Unit adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on page 18-33 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$251,551 on December 31, 2017 and by \$380,716 on December 31, 2016.

By far the largest portion of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit's net position is reflected by its cash and investment of 48% on December 31, 2017 and of 53% on December 31, 2016.

The balance of unrestricted net position was (\$161,373) on December 31, 2017 and (\$50,782) on December 31, 2016.

The government's net position decreased by \$129,165 during 2017 and decreased by \$82,678 during 2016.

Table I Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
	2017	2016	2015				
Assets			-				
Current and other assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$ 1,627,999 412,924	\$ 1,567,313 431,498	\$ 2,353,536 419,568				
Total assets	\$ 2,040,923	\$ 1,998,811	\$ 2,773,104				
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 821,775	\$ 414,096	\$ 100,484				
Liabilities							
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$ 818,105 1,652,780	\$ 815,178 1,089,694	\$ 1,559,037 692,874				
Total liabilities	\$ 2,470,885	\$ 1,904,872	\$ 2,251,911				
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 140,262	\$ 127,319	\$ 158,283				
Net position (deficit)							
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 412,924 (161,373)	\$ 431,498 (50,782)	\$ 419,568 43,826				
Total net position	\$ 251,551	\$ 380,716	\$ 463,394				

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased net position by \$129,165 in 2017 and decreased by \$82,678 in 2016.

Table II Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
	2017	2016	2015				
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 701,890	\$ 594,379	\$ 417,604				
Operating grants and contributions	1,397,079	1,362,813	1,031,972				
General Revenues							
Property taxes	585,438	545,955	507,942				
General purpose donations	43,395	39,847	40,401				
Statewide media campaign	311,257	841,369	575,263				
Interest earnings	2,532	2,775	3,389				
Miscellaneous revenues	7,683	4,043	3,309				
Total revenues	3,049,274	3,391,181	2,579,880				
Expenses							
Health and welfare	3,178,439	3,473,859	2,643,966				
Total expenses	3,178,439	3,473,859	2,643,966				
Change in Net Position	(129,165)	(82,678)	(64,086)				
Net Position - January 1	380,716	463,394	527,480				
Net Position - December 31	\$ 251,551	\$ 380,716	\$ 463,394				



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of function services and the charges for services and grants and contributions offsetting those services. Table III shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and other unrestricted revenues for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Table III
Total and Net Cost of Services

		Governmen	tal Activities		
	Net (Expense)/		Net (Expense)/		Net (Expense)/
Total Cost For	Revenue For	Total Cost For	Revenue For	Total Cost For	Revenue For
Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended
12-31-17	12-31-17	12-31-16	12-31-16	12-31-15	12-31-15
\$ 3,178,439	\$ (1,079,470)	\$ 3,473,859	\$ (1,516,667)	\$ 2,643,966	\$ (1,194,390)
	Year Ended 12-31-17	Total Cost For Year Ended 12-31-17 Revenue For Year Ended 12-31-17	Net (Expense)/ Total Cost For Revenue For Total Cost For Year Ended Year Ended Year Ended 12-31-17 12-31-17 12-31-16	Total Cost For Year Ended Year Ended Year Ended Year Ended 12-31-17 12-31-16 Revenue For Year Ended Year Ended 12-31-16	Net (Expense)/ Total Cost For Revenue For Total Cost For Year Ended Year Ended Year Ended Year Ended 12-31-17 12-31-16 12-31-16 12-31-15

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Upper Missouri District Health Unit uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit's governmental funds is to provide information in near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Upper Missouri District Health Unit's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Upper Missouri District Health Unit's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$795,985 on December 31, 2017 and \$742,811 on December 31, 2016, an increase of \$53,174 in 2017 and a decrease of \$37,774 in 2016.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Health Unit amended its budgets for 2017 and 2016. In 2017 revenues were increased by \$43,738 from \$3,037,484 to \$3,081,222 and expenditures were decreased by \$319,920 from \$3,311,433 to \$2,991,513. For 2016 revenues were increased by \$714,201 from \$2,180,003 to \$2,894,204 and expenditures were increased by \$1,075,982 from \$2,357,565 to \$3,433,547. These amendments reflect new programs being added and existing programs expiring.



Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Upper Missouri District Health Unit's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities was \$412,924 on December 31, 2017 and \$431,498 on December 31, 2016 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building, and equipment.

Table IV Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities						
•	2017		2016		2015		
Land Building Equipment	\$	51,380 344,694 16,850	\$	51,380 366,325 13,793	\$	51,380 351,224 16,964	
Total capital assets	\$	412,924	\$	431,498	\$	419,568	

Additional information on the Upper Missouri District Health Unit's capital assets can be found in Note 8 on pages 25-26 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

Upper Missouri District Health Unit had no outstanding debt as of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Economic Factors

Upper Missouri District Health Unit is comprised of four counties, Divide, McKenzie, Mountrail and Williams, located in northwest North Dakota. The diversified economy includes agriculture, oil and gas industries, and Williston State College. The agricultural industries remain strong. The Oil and Gas industry is growing rapidly in all 4 counties with mining development, increasing employment and housing development.

The taxable valuation of Divide Co. increased from \$39,464,234 in 2015 to \$41,051,398 in 2016 and decreased to \$40,309,219 in 2017.

The taxable valuation of McKenzie Co. increased from \$145,712,078 in 2015 to \$178,629,896 in 2016 and to \$246,824,904 in 2017.

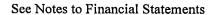
The taxable valuation of Mountrail Co. increased from \$118,527,055 in 2015 to \$124,800,094 in 2016 and to \$131,193,525 in 2017.

The taxable valuation of Williams Co. increased from \$344,985,912 in 2015 to \$367,491,593 in 2016 and decreased to \$360,441,470 in 2017.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Upper Missouri District Health Unit Board of Health, 110 W Broadway, Suite 101, Williston, ND 58801.

	Primary Government				
	Governmen	tal Activities			
	2017	2016			
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,361,720	\$ 1,274,489			
Accounts receivable (net of allowance of					
\$7,064 for 2017 and \$8,948 for 2016)	44,579	55,852			
Taxes receivable	13,909	9,324			
Intergovernmental receivable	78,048	116,095			
Due from county treasurer	1,770	2,102			
Inventory	127,480	109,107			
Other assets	493	344			
Total current assets	1,627,999	1,567,313			
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)					
Land	51,380	51,380			
Buildings	344,694	366,325			
Furniture and equipment	16,850	13,793			
Total capital assets	412,924	431,498			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		131,170			
Total assets	2,040,923	1,998,811			
Deferred outflows of resources					
Derived from pensions	821,775	414,096			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,862,698	\$ 2,412,907			
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 56,982	\$ 84,381			
Salaries and benefits payable	136,081	142,294			
Unearned revenue	625,042	588,503			
Due after one year	020,012	200,203			
Net pension liability	1,583,266	1,029,146			
Compensated absences payable	69,514	60,548			
Total liabilities	2,470,885	1,904,872			
Deferred inflows of resources					
Derived from pensions	140,262	127,319			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	2,611,147	2,032,191			
Net position (deficit)					
Net investment in capital assets	412,924	431,498			
Restricted for health and welfare	(161,373)	(50,782)			
Total net position	251,551	380,716			
Total net position and liabilities	\$ 2,862,698	\$ 2,412,907			



Functions/Programs	Expenses	Progran Charges for Services	n Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government Governmental Activities
		•		
Governmental activities Health and welfare	\$ 3,178,439	\$ 701,890	\$ 1,397,079	\$ (1,079,470)
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,178,439	\$ 701,890	\$ 1,397,079	(1,079,470)
General revenues				
Property taxes; levied for ger	neral purposes			585,438
Earnings on investments				2,532
General purpose donations				43,395
Statewide media campaign				311,257
Miscellaneous revenue				7,683
Total general revenues				950,305
Change in net position				(129,165)
Net position - January 1				380,716
Net position - December 31				\$ 251,551

Functions/Programs		Expenses	Program narges for Services	C	enues Operating Grants and contributions		et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government overnmental Activities
						-	
Governmental activities							
Health and welfare		3,473,859	 594,379		1,362,813		(1,516,667)
Total governmental activities		3,473,859	\$ 594,379	\$	1,362,813	<u> </u>	(1,516,667)
General revenues							
Property taxes; levied for ger	neral p	urposes					545,955
Earnings on investments	•	•					2,775
General purpose donations							39,847
Statewide media campaign							841,369
Miscellaneous revenue							4,043
Total general revenues							1,433,989
Change in net position							(82,678)
Net position - January 1							463,394
Net position - December 31						\$	380,716

	General Fund				
	2017	2016			
Assets					
Cash	\$ 1,361,720	\$ 1,274,489			
Accounts receivable (net of allowance of					
\$7,064 for 2017 and \$8,948 for 2016)	44,579	55,852			
Taxes receivable	1,767	2,102			
Intergovernmental receivable	78,048	116,095			
Inventory	127,480	109,107			
Other assets	493	344			
Total assets	\$ 1,614,087	\$ 1,557,989			
Liabilities and fund balance					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 56,979	\$ 84,381			
Salaries and benefits payable	136,081	142,294			
Unearned revenue	625,042	588,503			
Total liabilities	818,102	815,178			
Fund balance					
Nonspendable					
Inventory	127,480	109,107			
Restricted					
Family planning	16,263	27,197			
Unassigned	652,242_	606,507			
Total fund balance	795,985	742,811			
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,614,087	\$ 1,557,989			

Upper Missouri District Health Unit Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheets to the Statements of Net Position December 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017		2016
Total fund balance for governmental funds	\$	795,985	\$ 742,811
Total net assets reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds Land Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets		51,380 642,919 (281,375) 412,924	 51,380 636,691 (256,573) 431,498
Property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred revenues in the funds		13,909	9,324
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Health Unit's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at December 31, 2017 and 2016 are:			
Compensated absences Net pension liability Total long-term liabilities		(69,514) (1,583,266) (1,652,780)	(60,548) (1,029,146) (1,089,694)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are related to the net pension liability and are not due in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds			
Deferred outflows of resources - derived from pensions Deferred inflows of resources - derived from pensions Net deferred outflows and inflows of resources	والمناسبة	821,775 (140,262) 681,513	 414,096 (127,319) 286,777
Total net position of governmental activities	\$	251,551	\$ 380,716

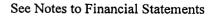
Upper Missouri District Health Unit Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

	Gener	al Fund
	2017	2016
Revenues		
Property taxes	\$ 580,851	\$ 550,546
Intergovernmental revenues	1,397,079	1,362,813
Donations	43,395	39,847
Charges for services	701,890	594,379
Interest income	2,532	2,775
Statewide media campaign	311,257	841,369
Miscellaneous revenue	7,683	4,043
Total revenues	3,044,687	3,395,772
Expenditures		
Current		
Health and welfare		
Salaries and benefits	1,729,716	1,748,506
Travel	44,671	36,108
Contracted services	137,731	79,169
Operating expenses	582,390	329,343
Statewide media campaign	426,318	1,119,253
Utilities	15,391	13,458
Repairs and maintenance	20,643	37,011
Equipment	6,185	-
Other	22,240	36,262
Capital outlay	6,228	34,436
Total expenditures	2,991,513	3,433,546
Net Change in Fund Balance	53,174	(37,774)
Fund Balance - January 1	742,811	780,585
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 795,985	\$ 742,811



Upper Missouri District Health Unit Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statements of Activities Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017		2016	
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	53,174	\$	(37,774)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in 2017 and 2016:				
Current year capital outlay Current year depreciation expense	-	6,228 (24,804)	·	34,436 (22,506)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not		(18,576)		11,930
reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Net increase in compensated absences Net decrease in pension expense relating to the net pension liability, deferred inflows of resources, and deferred		(8,966)		(5,014)
outflows of resources		(159,384)		(47,229)
		(168,350)		(52,243)
Some revenues reported on the statement of activities are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds since they do not represent available resources to pay current expenditures.			•	
(Increase)/decrease in taxes receivable		4,587		(4,591)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(129,165)	\$	(82,678)



Note 1 - Principal Business Activity and Significant Accounting Policies

Principal Activity

The financial statements of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit (health unit) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principals.

Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit. The health unit has considered all potential component units for which the health unit is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the health unit are such that exclusion would cause the health unit's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Upper Missouri District Health Unit to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on Upper Missouri District Health Unit.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the Upper Missouri District Health Unit as a reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, changes for services, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the health unit's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the health unit classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally
 imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and
 does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the Finance Director.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The health unit uses restricted /committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the health unit would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – The fund financial statements provide information about the health unit's fund. A separate statement for the fund category – governmental is presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds.

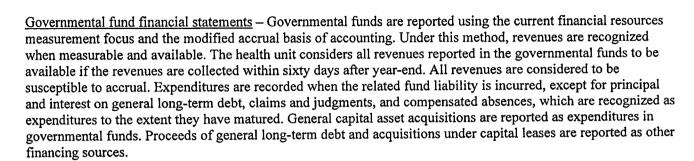
The health unit reports the following major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> – This is the health unit's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the health unit gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.





Under the terms of grant agreements, the health unit funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the health unit's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the health unit's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposit accounts. Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in another financial institution situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge or securities equal to 110% of the uninsured balance.

State statutes authorize the health board to invest in:

- 1. Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an Act of Congress.
- 2. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- 3. Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation or the state.
- 4. Obligations of the state.

The health unit had no such investments during the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Inventories

Inventory is held for resale and is valued at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis.

Inventories for resale were valued at \$127,480 and \$109,107, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.





Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, building, furniture and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the health unit as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land
Buildings
Furniture and equipment

Not depreciated 30 years 7-10 years

Compensated Absences

Full-time employees are entitled to annual vacation and medical leave benefits. Vacation benefits are earned from eight to sixteen hours per month depending on tenure with the health unit. Employees are allowed to carry over 240 hours into a new calendar year. Upon termination of employment, employees will be paid for vacation benefits that have accrued. Medical leave benefits are earned at a rate of eight hours per month. Upon retirement an employee may be eligible for a payment of one-tenth of the accumulated medical leave balance providing the individual was employed with the health unit for 10 consecutive years.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employee Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from NDPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Upper Missouri District Health Unit has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the contributions made to pension plans after the measurement date and prior to the fiscal year-end, and changes in the net pension liability not included in pension expense reported in the statement of net position.



D

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Upper Missouri District Health Unit has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, which is changes in the net pension liability not included in pension expense reported in the statement of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

The health unit has evaluated subsequent events through October 9, 2018, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Legal Compliance - Budgets

Budget Amendments

The Board of Health approved the following amendments to the budget for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016:

For the year ended December 31, 2017:

		Revenues					
Fund	Original Budget	Amendment	Amended Budget				
General	\$ 3,037,484	\$ 43,738	\$ 3,081,222				
		Expenditures					
	Original		Amended				
Fund	Budget	Amendment	Budget				
General	\$ 3,311,433	\$ (319,920)	\$ 2,991,513				





For the year ended December 31, 2016:

	Revenues							
<u>Fund</u>	Original Budget	Amendment	Amended Budget					
General	\$ 2,180,003	\$ 714,201	\$ 2,894,204					
		Expenditures						
Fund	Original Budget	Amendment	Amended Budget					
General	\$ 2,357,565	\$ 1,075,982	\$ 3,433,547					

Note 3 - Deposits

At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the deposits of the health unit were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the health unit's agent in the health unit's name. For the purpose of risk analysis, certificates of deposit are classified as deposits. The carrying amount of deposits was \$1,361,720 and \$1,274,489 and the bank balance was \$1,360,259 and \$1,274,146 for the years ended 2017 and 2016, respectively. Additional information regarding deposits and investments is included in Note 1.

Statutes require the market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. During the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, health unit deposits were adequately protected by insurance or collateral at year-end.

Interest Rate Risk

The health unit does not have a formal investment policy that limits investments as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. All investments are certificates of deposit that mature within 1 year.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The health unit does not have a limit on the amount the health unit may invest in any one issuer.

Note 4 - Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of amounts billed to individuals or other entities for services provided.



Note 5 - Taxes Receivable

The taxes receivable represents the past four years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable.

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed. However, most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

Note 6 - Due from County Treasurer

The amount due from county treasurer consists of the cash on hand for taxes collected but not remitted to the health unit as of December 31. County treasurers include the counties of Divide, McKenzie, Mountrail and Williams.

Note 7 - Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables consist of reimbursements to the health unit for expenses in the operation of various programs. These amounts consist of a mix of state and federal dollars.

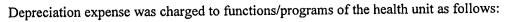
Note 8 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016:

Primary Government

For the year ended December 31, 2017:

Governmental Activities	Balance 12/31/16		Increases		Decreases		Balance 12/31/17		
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$	51,380	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	51,380	
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings Furniture and equipment		614,499 22,192		6,228		-		614,499 28,420	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		636,691		6,228				642,919	
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings Furniture and equipment Total accumulated depreciation		248,174 8,399 256,573		21,631 3,171 24,802		-		269,805 11,570 281,375	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Governmental activities-capital		380,118		(18,574)				361,544	
assets, net	\$	431,498	\$	(18,574)	\$		\$	412,924	
For the year ended December 31, 2016: Governmental Activities	-	3alance 2/31/15	I:	ncreases	Deci	reases	_	3alance 2/31/16	
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$_	51,380	\$		\$		_\$_	51,380	
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings Furniture and equipment	_	580,063 22,192		34,436		-		614,499 22,192	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		602,255		34,436				636,691	
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings Furniture and equipment Total accumulated depreciation		228,839 5,228 234,067		19,335 3,171 22,506		<u>-</u>		248,174 8,399 256,573	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Governmental activities-capital		368,188		11,930			<u></u>	380,118	
	\$	419,568	\$	11,930	\$		\$	431,498	



	 2017	2016		
Governmental activities Health and welfare	\$ 24,802	\$	22,506	

Note 9 - Salaries and Benefits Payable

Salaries and benefits payable consist of December's payroll that is paid in January of the following year.

Note 10 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable consists of amount on open account for goods and services received prior to December 31, 2017 and 2016 and chargeable to the appropriations for the year then ended, but paid for subsequent to that date.

Note 11 - Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

			2017		- W/WL-
	Balance January 1	Additions	Reduction	Balance December 31	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$ 60,548 1,029,146	\$ 16,529 554,120	\$ (7,563)	\$ 69,514 1,583,266	\$ <u>-</u>
Total	\$ 1,089,694	\$ 570,649	\$ (7,563)	\$ 1,652,780	<u>\$</u>
			2016		
	Balance January 1	Additions	Reduction	Balance December 31	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$ 55,534 637,340	\$ 13,023 391,806	\$ (8,009) 	\$ 60,548 1,029,146	\$ -
Total	\$ 692,874	\$ 404,829	\$ (8,009)	\$ 1,089,694	\$ -

Note 12 - Risk Management

Upper Missouri District Health Unit is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the mid-1980s, the health unit was not able to obtain general liability insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. In 1986, the state and other political subdivisions joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The health unit pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of one million dollars per occurrence for general liability. The health unit does not have coverage for inland marine.

The State Bonding Fund provides the Upper Missouri District Health Unit with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$630,000 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage. Upper Missouri District Health Unit continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including workers' compensation, employee health and accident insurance and employee professional liability insurance.

Settlement claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 13 - Pension Plan

North Dakota Public Employees' Retirement System

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of seven members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system; and one member elected by the retired public employees. Effective July 1, 2015, the board was expanded to include two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Members of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016, the Rule of 85 will be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members, who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition for disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of salaries and wages. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 7.12% of covered compensation.

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25 and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service – Greater of one percent of monthly salary or \$25 13 to 24 months of service – Greater of two percent of monthly salary or \$25 25 to 36 months of service – Greater of three percent of monthly salary or \$25 Longer than 36 months of service – Greater of four percent of monthly salary or \$25

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Employer reported a liability of \$1,583,266 and \$1,029,146, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2017 and 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Employer's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At July 1, 2017, the Employer's proportion was 0.098503 percent, which was a decrease of 0.007094 percent from its proportion measured as of July 1, 2016. At July 1, 2016, the Employer's proportion was 0.1055971 percent, which was an increase of 0.011868 percent from its proportion measured as of July 1, 2015.

For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Employer recognized pension expense of \$159,384 and \$47,229, respectively, for its proportionate share of NDPERS pension expense. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		20	17	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	eferred nflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	9,411	\$	7,714
Changes of assumptions		649,246		35,710
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		21,294		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		60,655		96,838
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		81,169		-
Total		821,775	\$	140,262
		20	016	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	eferred nflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	15,460	\$	9,529
Changes of assumptions		94,874		51,128
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		143,581		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		76,382		66,662
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		83,799		
Total	\$	414,096	\$	127,319

\$81,169 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ended December 31:

2018		\$ 126,867
2019		156,084
2020		134,276
2021		122,923
2022	•	60,194
Thereafter		-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016 and July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation	3.50%
Salary increases	4.00%
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active members, inactive members, and healthy retires, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back one year for males (no setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2015.

As a result of the 2015 actuarial experience study, the NDPERS Board adopted several changes to the actuarial assumptions effective July 1, 2015. This includes changes to the mortality tables, disability incidence rates, retirement rates, administrative expenses, salary scale, and percent married assumption.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31%	6.05%
International Equity	21%	6.70%
• •	5%	10.20%
Private Equity	17%	1.43%
Domestic Fixed Income	5%	-0.45%
Int'l Fixed Income - Developed Investment Grade Fixed Income	* * * *	5.16%
Global Real Assets	20%	*
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2015 Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (7%)	Current Discount Rate (8%)	1% Increase (9%)	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,149,333	\$ 1,583,266	\$ 1,112,323	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

Note 14 - Joint Powers Agreement

As of August 28, 2003, the Upper Missouri District Health Unit entered into a Joint Powers Agreement with Williams County to provide a new facility to house the health unit and the Williams County Social Service Office.

Under the agreement, the health unit and the county will share the cost of the land, building, renovation costs, and all future expenses. The allocation of the costs is based on the initial allocation of space utilized by each entity. The Upper Missouri District Health Unit is responsible for 35% of the space and the Williams County Social Service Office is responsible for the remaining 65%. Ownership of the facility is also allocated according to this rate.



Required Supplementary Information
December 31, 2017 and 2016
Upper Missouri District Health Unit

Upper Missouri District Health Unit Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017					2016										
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	W	'ariance 'ith Final Budget		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Wi	ariance th Final sudget
Revenues			_	***	_	enn ne 1			s	539,169	\$	550,545	s	550,546	\$	1
Property taxes	\$	532,708	\$	580,850	\$	580,851	\$	135,025	Þ	964,616	3	1.037.270		,362,813	Φ	325,543
Intergovernmental		926,011		1,262,054		1,397,079				42,400		39,847	•	39,847		-
Donations		41,822		43,394		43,395		1		408,521		594,379		594,379		-
Charges for services		679,851		701,891		701,890		(1)		2,820		2,775		2,775		-
Interest income		3,342		2,532		2,532		-		2,620		2,113		2,,,,		
Statewide Media Deferred Adjustment		425,000						(171.6(1)		218,643		665,345		841,369		176,024
Statewide Media Campaign		425,000		482,818		311,257		(171,561)		3,834		4,043		4,043		,
Miscellaneous		3,750	_	7,683		7,683		(2(525)		2,180,003		2,894,204		3,395,772		501,568
Total revenues		3,037,484		3,081,222		3,044,687		(36,535)	_	2,180,003	_	2,034,204		,373,112		301,300
Expenditures Current																
Health and welfare																
Salaries and benefits		1.850,288		1,729,713		1,729,716		3		1,782,837		1,748,505	1	1,748,506		1
Travel		49,468		44,670		44,671		1		49,739		36,109		36,108		(1)
Contracted services		136,857		137,731		137,731		-		28,663		79,170		79,169		(1)
Operating expenses		447,963		582,393		582,390		(3)		181,245		329,338		329,343		5
Statewide Media Campaign		769,802		426,318		426,318				195,642		1,119,253	1	1,119,253		-
Utilities		14,000		15,391		15,391		-		14,000		13,458		13,458		•
Repairs and maintenance		20,000		20,645		20,643		(2)		71,847		71,449		37,011		(34,438)
		20,000		12,412		6,185		(6,227)		-		-		-		-
Equipment Other		23,055		22,240		22,240		-		33,592		36,265		36,262		(3)
Capital outlay		20,000		,		6,228		6,228		<u> </u>				34,436		34,436
Interest					_		_	-			_					
Total expenditures	_	3,311,433	_	2,991,513	_	2,991,513			_	2,357,565	_	3,433,547		3,433,546		(1)
Net Changein Fund Balance		(273,949)	_	89,709	_	53,174		(36,535)	_	(177,562)	_	(539,343)	_	(37,774)		501,569
Fund Balance - January 1	_	742,811		742,811	_	742,811	_		_	780,585	_	780,585		780,585		
Fund Balance - December 31	s	468,862		832,520	_\$	795,985	<u>s</u>	(36,535)	\$	603,023	_\$	241,242	\$	742,811	<u>\$</u>	501,569

Schedule of Employer Share of Net Pension Liability ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

Pension Plan	Fiscal Year Ending	Employer's Proportion (Percentage) of the Net Pension Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability (a)	Employer's Covered- Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered- Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
NDPERS	6/30/2014	0.108054%	\$ 685,841	\$ 910,227	113.06%	78.18%
NDPERS	6/30/2015	0.093729%	637,340	\$ 826,013	77.16%	77.70%
NDPERS	6/30/2016	0.105597%	1,029,146	1,064,173	96.71%	71.10%
NDPERS	6/30/2017	0.098503%	1,583,266	1,005,563	157.45%	62.65%

Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

Pension Plan	Fiscal Year Ending 12/31/2014 12/31/2015 12/31/2016 12/31/2017	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)		Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)		Employer's Covered- Payroll (d)		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Payroll (a/d)
NDPERS NDPERS NDPERS NDPERS		\$	68,858 72,050 77,044 72,915	\$ \$ \$ \$	(68,858) (72,050) (77,044) (72,915)	\$		\$	910,227 826,013 1,064,173 1,005,563	7.56% 8.72% 7.24% 7.25%

Note 1 - Budgets

The health unit adopts a budget on the modified accrual basis for the general fund. The health unit is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted receipts and disbursements for each of these funds.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The health unit prepares a budget on or before October 1st. The budget includes proposed expenditures and a means of financing them.
- The final budget must be filed with the county auditor by October 10th.
- No disbursements shall be made or liability incurred in excess of the total appropriation by fund.
 However, the governing board may amend the budget during the year for any receipts and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared. The budget amendments must be approved by the board and the approval must be noted in the proceedings of the board.
- All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.
- The health unit amended the budget to reflect new programs being added and existing programs expiring.

Note 2 - Schedule of Employer Pension Liability and Contributions

GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in these tables. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, Upper Missouri District Health Unit will present information for those years for which information is available.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Health Members Upper Missouri District Health Unit Williston, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Upper Missouri District Health Unit, North Dakota, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the health unit's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the health unit's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the health unit's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the health unit's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, we identified certain deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider deficiencies 2017-A and 2017-B, and 2016-A and 2016-B described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Upper Missouri District Health Unit's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Response to Findings

Upper Missouri District Health Unit's responses to the findings identified in our audits is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. Upper Missouri District Health Unit's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bismarck, North Dakota

Esde Saelly LLP

October 9, 2018

Material Weakness

2017-A and 2016-A Preparation of Financial Statements

<u>Condition</u>: The health unit does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statement being audited. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements and to prepare the GASB 68 adjustments and footnote disclosures. This circumstance is not unusual in an organization of your size. It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

<u>Criteria:</u> Proper controls over financial reporting include the ability to prepare financial statement and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct.

Cause: The health unit does not have staff trained in GASB reporting standards.

<u>Effect:</u> Inadequate control over financial reporting of UMDHU results in the more than remote likelihood that they would not be able to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct without the assistance of the auditors.

Recommendations: While we recognize that this condition is not unusual for an organization of your size, it is important that you be aware of this condition for financial reporting purposes. Management and the Board should continually be aware of the financial reporting of UMDHU and changes in reporting requirements.

<u>Response</u>: Since it is not cost-effective for an organization of our size to have staff to prepare audit-ready financial statements, we have chosen to hire Eide Bailly, a public accounting firm, to prepare the audit financial statements as part of their annual audit of Upper Missouri District Health Unit.

2017-B and 2016-B Recording of Transactions

Condition: We identified misstatements in the health unit's financial statements causing us to propose material audit adjustments.

Criteria: A good system of internal accounting control contemplates proper reconcilements of all general ledger accounts and adjustments of those accounts to the reconciled balances.

Cause: The health unit has not trained staff in the recording of certain transactions.

Effect: Inadequate internal controls over recording of transactions affects the health unit's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that could be material in relation to the financial statements.

Recommendations: We recommend that all general ledger accounts be reconciled in a timely manner and adjustments made for any differences noted.

Response: The health unit has received training in the recording of these transactions.