CITY OF LEEDS LEEDS, NORTH DAKOTA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

CITY OF LEEDS Table of Contents

	Page
City Officials Independent Auditor's Report	1 2-3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities Balance Sheet- Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Governmental Funds	4 5 6
Statement of Net Assets- Proprietary Funds	8
Statement of activities- Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows	9
Notes to Combined Financial Statement	13-20
SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Schedule of Activity	21

CITY OF LEEDS LIST OF OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2017

CITY COUNCIL

<u>Office</u>

Lloyd Himle Kyle Nelsen Rob Nelsen Patrick Streyle Kris Larson

Mayor

EMPLOYEES:

Kari Follman Nicky Ritterman City Auditor City Auditor

Harold J. Rotunda

Certified Public Accountant

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City Council City of Leeds Leeds, North Dakota

I have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of City of Leeds as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Leeds as of December 31, 2017, and the changes in modified cash basis financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note

Basis of Accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. My opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Leeds's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Activity is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basis financial statements.

The Schedule of Activity is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basis financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the Schedule of Activity is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basis financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued reports dated December 20, 2019, on my considerations of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Fargo, North Dakota

December 20, 2019

CITY OF LEEDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2017

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and investments	331,822.70	416,303.54	748,126.24
	,	,	1 10,120,21
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	-	-	-
Total Assets	331,822.70	416,303.54	748,126.24
LIABILITIES			
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year: Bonds payable Notes payable Due after one year: Bonds payable Notes payable			- - - - -
Total liabilities	-	-	-
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects Debt service	-	-	- - -
Unrestricted	331,822.70	416,303.54	748,126.24
Total net position	331,822.70	416,303.54	748,126.24

CITY OF LEEDS				
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES- CASH	H BASIS			Revenue & Changes
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017		_	n Revenues	in Net Position
	T.	Charges for	Operating grants	Governmental
Covernmental activities	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	Activities
Governmental activities:	114 110 01			(114 110 01)
General government Public safety	114,110.01			(114,110.01)
•	25,457.27			(25,457.27)
Highways and streets	62,565.49		-	(62,565.49)
Economic development	-			-
Capital outlays	-			(((700.00)
Interest expense	66,729.80			(66,729.80)
Depreciation- Unallocated	-			-
Total Governmental Activities	268,862.57	-	-	(268,862.57)
Business-type activities				
Water	95,397.30	128,072.40		32,675.10
Sewer	25,243.67	35,600.56		10,356.89
Garbage	76,144.96	77,063.50		918.54
FIF	_	13,468.41		13,468.41
Water Tower	-	35,308.47		35,308.47
Sewer improvement	280,301.77	6,468.47		(273,833.30)
Debt expense	51,852.42			(51,852.42)
Depreciation- Unallocated	-			-
Total Business-type activities	528,940.12	295,981.81	-	(232,958.31)
Total	797,802.69	295,981.81	-	(501,820.88)
Not ovnouse		Governmental	• •	Total
Net expense		(268,862.57)	(232,958.31)	(501,820.88)
General Revenues				
Property taxes		104,889.80		104,889.80
Sales taxes		67,368.75		67,368.75
Special assessments		60,938.15		60,938.15
Licenses and permits		6,865.00		6,865.00
Intergovernmental		107,894.34	291,253.90	399,148.24
Interest income		967.78	->:,-=====	967.78
Debt proceeds		5,483.00	7,060.00	12,543.00
Other revenue		23,003.19	13,741.28	36,744.47
Total general revenues		377,410.01	312,055.18	689,465.19
Transfers in (out)		(245.00)	245.00	-
Change in Net Position		108,302.44	79,341.87	187,644.31
Net Position- January 1		223,520.26	336,961.67	560,481.93

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net Position- December 31

331,822.70

748,126.24

416,303.54

CITY OF LEEDS BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS- CASH BASIS

DECEMBER 31, 2017	GENERAL	HIGHWAY	SALES TAX	OTHER TOTAL GOVERNMENTALGOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and investments	28,816.15	1,721.80	160,084.67	141,200.08 331,822.70
Total Assets	28,816.15	1,721.80	160,084.67	141,200.08 331,822.70
LIABILITIES				
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE Restricted for Capital Projects Restricted for Debt Service		-	_	
Restricted for other purposes Unassigned	28,816.15	1,721.80	160,084.67	141,200.08 303,006.55 - 28,816.15
Total fund balance	28,816.15	1,721.80	160,084.67	141,200.08 331,822.70
Total liabilities and fund balance	28,816.15	1,721.80	160,084.67	141,200.08 331,822.70

CITY OF LEEDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS- CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

				OTHER TOTAL	
	GENERAL	HIGHWAY	SALES TAX	GOVERNMENTALGOVERNMENTA	AL
				FUNDS FUNDS	
Property taxes	86,854.27			18,035.53 104,889.80)
Sales taxes	-		67,368.75	- 67,368.75	
Special Assessments	-	_	-	60,938.15 60,938.15	ı
Intergovernmental	38,754.77	54,998.15	-	14,141.42 107,894.34	
Interest	967.78		-	- 967.78	
Charges for services	3,525.00	-		9,746.29 13,271.29	1
Other	11,546.62	1,695.00		3,355.28 16,596.90	1
Total Revenues	141,648.44	56,693.15	67,368.75	106,216.67 371,927.01	
Current:					
General government	98,377.71		2,809.03	12,923.27 114,110.01	
Public safety	7,200.00		2,009.03	18,257.27 25,457.27	
Highways and streets	.,	57,565.49		5,000.00 62,565.49	
Economic development		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Capital outlays		_		-	
Debt Service					
Principal	19,327.80			27,152.00 46,479.80)
Interest expense				20,250.00 20,250.00	
Total Expenditures	124,905.51	57,565.49	2,809.03	83,582.54 268,862.57	
Excess revenues (expenditures)	16,742.93	(872.34)	64,559.72	22,634.13 103,064.44	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	-	30.67	<u></u>	- 30.67	,
Transfers out	(275.67)	-		- (275.67)
Bond proceeds		5,483.00		- 5,483.00	I
Total other financing sources and uses	(275.67)	5,513.67	-	- 5,238.00	ŧ
Net change in fund balances	16,467.26	4,641.33	64,559.72	22,634.13 108,302.44	ŀ
Fund balance- beginning	12,348.89	(2,919.53)	95,524.95	118,565.95 223,520.26	; •
Fund balance- ending	28,816.15	1,721.80	160,084.67	141,200.08 331,822.70	į

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LEEDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

DECEMBER 31, 2017 ASSETS	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Sewer Improvement	Other	Total
Cash and investments	126,022.53	51,452.99	46,897.10	40,898.38	151,032.54	416,303.54
Capital assets (net of accumulated depre	eciation) 126,022.53	51,452.99	46,897.10	40,898.38	151,032.54	416,303.54
LIABILITIES						
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year: Bonds payable Notes payable Due after one year: Bonds payable Notes payable Total liabilities	_	_	_		- -	- - - - -
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects Debt service Unrestricted	126,022.53	- 51,452.99	- 46,897.10	40,898.38	50,158.92 100,873.62	40,898.38 50,158.92 325,246.24
Total net position	126,022.53	51,452.99	46,897.10	40,898.38	151,032.54	416,303.54

CITY OF LEEDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION- CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

				Sewer		
OPERATING REVENUE	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Improvement	Other	Total
Charges for services	128,072.40	35,600.56	77,063.50	6,468.47	48,776.88	295,981.81
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries	44,346.32	11,032.14	7,566.64			62,945.10
Payroll taxes	5,010.89	1,869.13	648.66			7,528.68
Professional fees	1,736.61	90.00				1,826.61
Insurance	1,364.73	205.14	-			1,569.87
Contract services			63,702.01			63,702.01
Electricity	11,893.96	2,279.01				14,172.97
Supplies	13,266.25	1,118.90	310.36			14,695.51
Repairs and maintenance	14,030.24	6,648.61	607.45			21,286.30
Office expense	1,636.19	1,290.97	1,179.61		-	4,106.77
Purchased service	1,221.12	601.01	1,573.45			3,395.58
Miscellaneous	890.99	108.76	556.78			1,556.53
Total operating expenses	95,397.30	25,243.67	76,144.96	-	~	196,785.93
Operating income (loss)	32,675.10	10,356.89	918.54	6,468.47	48,776.88	99,195.88
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EX	PENSE)					
Bond proceeds				7,060.00	-	7,060.00
Interest income	-					-
Grant income				291,253.90		291,253.90
Interest expense	(29,477.42)			-	(22,375.00)	(51,852.42)
Capital outlay	(15,217.32)			(265,084.45)	-	(280,301.77)
Other	10,862.78	-	2,878.50	-	-	13,741.28
Total non-operating rev (exp)	(33,831.96)	-	2,878.50	33,229.45	(22,375.00)	(20,099.01)
Income (loss) before transfers	(1,156.86)	10,356.89	3,797.04	39,697.92	26,401.88	79,096.87
Transfers in	255.00					255.00
Transfers out		(10.00)				(10.00)
Change in net position	(901.86)	10,346.89	3,797.04	39,697.92	26,401.88	79,341.87
Net Position- January 1	126,924.39	41,106.10	43,100.06	1,200.46	124,630.66	336,961.67
Net Position- December 31	126,022.53	51,452.99	46,897.10	40,898.38	151,032.54	416,303.54

CITY OF LEEDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS- CASH BASIS PROPIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017				Sewer		
,	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Improvement	Other	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING A	CTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers	128,072.40	35,600.56	77,063.50	6,468.47	48,776.88	295,981.81
Payments to suppliers	(51,050.98)	(14,211.53)	(68,578.32)	-	· -	(133,840.83)
Payments to employees	(44,346.32)	(11,032.14)	(7,566.64)	-	-	(62,945.10)
Other receipts	10,862.78	-	2,878.50	291,253.90	-	304,995.18
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activ	43,537.88	10,356.89	3,797.04	297,722.37	48,776.88	404,191.06
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL	FINANCING A	CTIVITIES				
Transfers to other funds	255.00	-	-	_		255.00
Transfers from other funds	-	(10.00)	-	-	-	(10.00)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital fina	255.00	(10.00)	-	-	-	245.00
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	RELATED FIN	JANCING ACT	IVITIES			
Purchase of capital assets	(15,217.32)	-	-	(265,084.45)	-	(280,301.77)
Principal paid on capital debt	-			(200,001.10)		(200,301.77)
Interest paid on capital debt	(29,477.42)	-	-	-	(22,375.00)	(51,852.42)
Debt proceeds	-	-	-	7,060.00		7,060.00
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and rela	(44,694.74)	_	-	(258,024.45)	(22,375.00)	(325,094.19)
	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			(== =,==)	(,- : : : :)	(0.00,000,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING AC	CTIVITIES					
Interest and dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activ	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equiva	(901.86)	10,346.89	3,797.04	39,697.92	26,401.88	79,341.87
Balance- beginning of year	126,924.39	41,106.10	43,100.06	1,200.46	124,630.66	336,961.67
Balance- end of year	126,022.53	51,452.99	46,897.10	40,898.38	151,032.54	416,303.54
Reconciliation of operating income (loss by operating activities:	s) to net cash pro	ovided				
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense	32,675.10 come to net cash	10,356.89 provided	918.54	6,468.47	48,776.88	99,195.88 - - -
Miscellaneous receipts (expense)	10,862.78	-	2,878.50	291,253.90	-	304,995.18
Net cash provided by operating activity	43,537.88	10,356.89	3,797.04	297,722.37	48,776.88	404,191.06

CITY OF LEEDS LEEDS, NORTH DAKOTA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Leeds (City) have been prepared on a cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City. The City has considered all potential component units for which the City is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the City such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

Based on the above criteria the city has no component units.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-wide statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity, Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenses/expenditures. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The City currently has no fiduciary funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Highway- The fund is used to account for highway activity for the County. Primary revenue sources are taxes and state aid.

Sales tax fund. The sales tax fund is used to record the collection of sales taxes and economic development expenses.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds: Water- accounts for operating activities of the City's water utility services.

Sewer- accounts for operating activities of the City's sewer utility services.

Sewer improvement- accounts for the construction and debt service of the sewer improvement project.

Sanitation- accounts for operating activities of the City's sanitation services

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues and expenditures when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgets

Based upon available financial information and requests by the city council, the auditor prepares the City budget. The budget is prepared for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds on the cash basis of accounting. The budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

City taxes must be levied by the governing board on or before October 7th. The taxes levied must be certified to the County auditor by October 10. The governing body of the City may amend its tax levy and budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year, but the certification must be filed with the County auditor by October 10. The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.

E. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts and certificates of deposits with maturity of less than 90 days. Investments consist of certificates of deposits, with a maturity date in excess of 90 days, stated at cost.

F. Capital Assets The City does not maintain fixed asset records.

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

I. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

J. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the City requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

BUDGET AMENDMENTS

The Council did not amend the City budget for 2017.

EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS
The City did not overspend any budgets

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at the depository banks designated by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institution situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposit not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United State government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal Land Bank bonds, notes, warrants, and certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies, instrumentalities, or by any City, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States, or such other securities approved by the banking board.

At December 31, 2017, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$560,482. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$310,482 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the City to invest in: (1) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress. (2) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above. (3) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation or the state. (4) Obligations of the state.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City does not have a limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4: PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes receivable represents the past five years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable.

The County treasurer acts as and agent to collect property taxes levied in the County for all taxing authorities. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities - During the year ended December 31, 2017, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term debt:

Payable 2016	Increases	Decreases	Payable 2017	Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
USDA 1,080,000		27,152	1,052,848	3 27,152
SRF Payable 473,874		39,876	433,998	3 40,000
Notes payable 60,331	5,483	14,566	60,331	13,000
TOTAL 1,614,205	5,483	69,477	611,818	3

BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable consist of the following:

<u></u>	-	,	
	Maturity	Interest	Balance
	Date	Rate	Outstanding
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Improvement bond 2011	05/01/2048	3 2.50%	1,052,848

SRF NOTES PAYABLE

The City obtained financing from the State of North Dakota's State Revolving Loan Fund (SRF) to finance improvements to the City's utility systems. Details relative to the outstanding notes payable are shown below:

	Maturity	Interest	Balance
	Date	Rate	Outstanding
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			3
Water Treatment-2017	09/01/2022	2.5%	71,998
Water Treatment-2017	09/01/2028	2.5%	22,000
Water Treatment-2017	09/01/2022	2.5%	60,000
Water Treatment-2017	09/01/2036	2.5%	<u>280,000</u>
			433,998

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

Special Assessment bonds are paid directly from debt service sinking funds. Special assessments are certified annually in amounts sufficient to pay debt service requirements. Whenever all special assessments appropriated and collected for a special assessment district are insufficient to pay principal and interest then due on special assessment improvement bonds issued against such improvement district, the city is required to levy a deficiency levy upon all taxable property in the City.

Year Ending	Bonds Paya	ble		
December 31	Principal	Interest		
2018	27 , 661	19,741	41,000	9,090
2019	28,180	19,222	41,000	8,210
2020	28,708	18,694	41,000	7,330
2021	29,246	18,156	42,000	6,450
2022	29 , 795	17,607	41,998	5,550
2023-2027	157,566	79,444	95 , 000	18,750
2028-2032	172 , 902	64,108	77 , 000	10,050
2033-2037	189,731	47,279	55 , 000	2,600
2038-2042	208,198	28,812		
2043-2046	180,860	8,748		
TOTAL	1,052,848	321,810	433,998	68,030
		-19-		·

NOTE 6: TRANSFERS

Transfer are used to 1) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs, 2) move sales tax revenues to fund programs and projects, and 3) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due.

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General fund		276
Highway Distribution	30	
Emergency	2,809	
Sales Tax		2 , 809
Sewer project		4 , 667
Water	255	
Sewer		10
USDA Reserve	4,667	

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The City pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability and automobile insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of one million dollars per occurrence. The State Bonding Fund currently provides the City with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 for its employees. The State Bonding fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage. The City has workers compensation with the Workforce, Safety and Insurance and purchases commercial insurance for personal property, building, inland marine, and boiler and machinery.

CITY OF LEEDS SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITY DECEMBER 31, 2017 FUND

	BEGINNING			TRANSFERS	ENDING
	BALANCE	REVENUE	EXPENSE	IN(OUT)	BALANCE
GENERAL	12,348.89	141,648.44	124,905.51	(275.67)	28,816.15
HIGHWAY DISTRIBUTIO	(2,919.53)	62,176.15	57,565.49	30.67	1,721.80
CITY SHARE SPECIALS	-	5,264.78	4,113.28		1,151.50
EMERGENCY	33.77	2,157.20	5,000.00	2,809.03	-
AIRPORT	(0.00)	18,257.27	18,257.27		(0.00)
CEMETERY	1,672.00	1,300.51	1,371.46		1,601.05
LIBRARY	2,349.58	3,743.44	3,783.21		2,309.81
SALES TAX	95,524.95	67,368.75	-	(2,809.03)	160,084.67
SEWER PROJECT	1,200.46	304,782.37	265,084.45	(4,667.00)	36,231.38
WATER TOWER PROJEC	50,158.92	35,308.47	22,375.00		63,092.39
SEWER 2015-1 DEBT	113,970.68	60,938.15	47,402.00		127,506.83
WATER	126,924.39	138,935.18	140,092.04	255.00	126,022.53
SEWER	41,106.10	35,600.56	25,243.67	(10.00)	51,452.99
WASTE	43,100.06	79,942.00	76,144.96		46,897.10
MOSQUITO	539.92	11,746.29	3,655.32		8,630.89
FIF	74,471.74	13,468.41			87,940.15
USDA RESERVE	-	-		4,667.00	4,667.00
	-				
	560,481.93	982,637.97	794,993.66	-	748,126.24

CITY OF LEEDS

REPORTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Page
Report on Internal Control over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and other matters	
based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
performed in Accordance with Government	
Auditing Standards	1-2
Schedule of Findings and Responses	3-4

Harold J. Rotunda

Certified Public Accountant

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

City Council
City of Leeds
Leeds, North Dakota

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Leeds as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated December 20, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered City of Leeds's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. I did identify one deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that I consider to be a significant deficiency (2017-1).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Leeds's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Findings

City of Leeds's response to the finding identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. City of Leeds's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harold Rotunda, CPA December 20, 2019

CITY OF LEEDS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of Report Issued? Governmental Activities Major Funds Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified		
Internal Control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not	Yes <u>X</u>	No	
Considered to be material weaknesses? X Noncompliance material to financial statements	Yes	No	
Noted?	Yes <u>X</u>	No	
Section II- Financial Statement Findings			
Finding No. 2017-1			
<u>Condition</u>			

The limited number of staff prevents a proper segregation of duties.

Criteria

A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to its completion.

Effect

Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the City's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

CITY OF LEEDS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Recommendation

While I recognize that the City office staff may not be large enough to permit complete segregation of duties in all respects for an effective system of internal accounting control, all accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the City.

Client Response

At the present time, the City has segregated the duties of all key accounting personnel in the most efficient manner possible, given its limited staff. Due to cost constraints, there will be no further administrative employees added.