NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 CANDO, NORTH DAKOTA

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 ROSTER OF SCHOOL OFFICIALS - UNAUDITED AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

Vickie Jacksen President

John Peters Vice President

Jay Nicholas Board Member

Jeana Jorde Board Member

Chris Doehler Board Member

Michelle Gibbens Board Member

Paul Wagenman Board Member

Cathy Johnson Business Manager

Jeffrey Hagler Superintendent



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education North Star Public School District No. 10 Cando. North Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Star Public School District No. 10, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Star Public School District No. 10, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of North Star Public School District No. 10 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- •Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- •Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- •Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- •Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- •Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of District's contributions to TFFR retirement plan, and schedule of District's proportionate share of net pension liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Cash Transactions is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Fund Activity Arising from Cash Transactions is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the roster of school officials but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 15, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA

April 15, 2024

Forady Martz

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)
JUNE 30, 2022

The discussion and analysis of North Star Public School District No. 10's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and related notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2021-2022 fiscal year are as follows:

- Net Position of the District increased \$394,880 as a result of the current year operations.
- Governmental net position totaled \$217,266.
- Total revenues from all sources were \$4,775,997.
- Total expenses were \$4,381,117.
- The District's General Fund had \$4,440,198 in total revenues and other financing sources and \$4,463,885 in expenditures and other financing sources. Overall the General Fund balance decreased by \$23,687 for the year ended June 30, 2022, compared to an increase of \$365,173 in the previous year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so the reader can understand North Star Public School District No. 10 as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the District do financially during the year ended June 30, 2022?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answers this question. These statements include all assets, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in North Dakota, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Building Fund, Special Reserve Fund, Food Services Fund, and Scholarship Fund.

Governmental Funds

The School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2022.

As indicated in the financial highlights, the District's net position increased by \$394,880 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position.

The District's net position of \$217,266 is segregated into three separate categories. Net investment in capital assets (net of related debt) is not available for future spending. Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent. The unrestricted net position is available to meet the District's ongoing obligations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

Table 1 Statement of Net Position

	2022	2	2021
Assets			_
Current Assets	\$ 2,24	7,825	\$ 2,176,659
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	1,24	6,136	1,058,982
Total Assets	3,49	3,961	3,235,641
Deferred Inflows of Resources	36	8,457	678,840
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	14	9,816	98,782
Long-Term Liabilities	2,38	7,605	3,644,103
Total Liabilities	2,53	7,421	3,742,885
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,10	7,731	349,210
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,24	6,136	1,058,982
Restricted for Special Reserve	4	7,360	46,034
Restricted for Scholarships	1	8,306	23,245
Restricted for Student Activities	9	6,011	131,724
Restricted for Capital Projects	18	7,511	153,452
Unrestricted	(1,37	8,058)	(1,591,051)
Total Net Position	\$ 21	7,266	\$ (177,614)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	2022	2021
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 42,369	\$ 45,314
Operating Grants and Contributions	927,056	910,732
General Revenues		
Taxes	1,237,495	1,233,086
State Aid	2,337,498	2,312,720
Investment Earnings	9,782	17,205
Other Revenues	221,797	154,653
Total Revenues	4,775,997	4,673,710
Evenence		
Expenses Pusinger Support Sorvings	149,908	145,572
Business Support Services Instructional Support Services	259,539	308,260
Administration	476,158	447,169
Operations and Maintenance	129,415	333,377
Transportation	354,100	148,505
Regular Instruction	1,698,043	1,951,174
Special Education	488,462	455,538
Vocational Education	142,182	121,765
Early Childhood Programs	58,249	68,123
Extra-Curricular Activities	354,299	236,077
Food Services	270,762	250,826
Total Expenses	4,381,117	4,466,386
Total Expenses	4,361,117	4,400,300
Changes in Net Position	394,880	207,324
Net Position - Beginning	(177,614)	(550,999)
GASB 84 Adjustment	<u>-</u>	166,061
Net Position - Beginning as Restated	(177,614)	(384,938)
Net Position - Ending	\$ 217,266	\$ (177,614)

Property taxes constitute 25.91% and 26.38%, state aid 48.94% and 49.48%, operating grants and contributions 19.41% and 19.49%, and charges for services make up 0.89% and 0.97% of the total revenues of governmental activities of the District for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Regular instruction comprised 38.76% and 43.69% of District expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and other unrestricted revenues.

Table 3

	Total Cost for Year Ended 6/30/2022		Net Cost for Year Ended 6/30/2022		Total Cost for Year Ended 6/30/2021		Υ	let Cost for ear Ended 6/30/2021
Business Support Services	\$	149,908	\$	(149,908)	\$	145,572	\$	(144,526)
Instructional Support Services		259,539		(259,539)		308,260		(147,354)
Administration		476,158		(476, 158)		447,169		(437,634)
Operations and Maintenance		129,415		(129,415)		333,377		(280,868)
Transportation		354,100		(235,386)		148,505		(57,247)
Regular Instruction		1,698,043		(1,319,107)		1,951,174		(1,819,255)
Special Education		488,462		(330, 106)		455,538		(269,943)
Vocational Education		142,182		(127,853)		121,765		(108, 130)
Early Childhood Programs		58,249		(51,909)		68,123		(47,894)
Extra-Curricular Activities		354,299		(354,299)		236,077		(236,077)
Food Services		270,762		21,988		250,826		38,588
Total Expenses	\$	4,381,117	\$	(3,411,692)	\$	4,466,386	\$	(3,510,340)

Business support services and administration include expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the District.

Instructional support services include activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to pupils.

Operation and maintenance of plant activities involve maintaining the school grounds, buildings and equipment in an effective working condition.

Pupil transportation includes activities involved with the conveyance of students to and from school, as well as to and from school activities, as provided by state law.

Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and pupil.

Special education includes costs that support the education of students with other needs.

Vocational education includes expenditures that support the teaching of vocational type instruction.

Early childhood programs include expenditures that support the teaching and development of pre-K students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

Extra-curricular activities include expenses related to student activities provided by the District, which are designed to provide opportunities for pupils to participate in school events, public events, or a combination of these for the purposes of motivation, enjoyment and skill improvement.

Food services include expenses directly dealing with providing breakfast and lunch service to students and staff of the District.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Unassigned fund balance generally may be used as a measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for by using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District's governmental funds had total revenues of \$4,784,559 and \$4,709,745 and net expenditures of \$4,755,865 and \$4,272,777 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the total fund balance of the District's general fund was \$1,723,017 and \$1,746,704 and total fund balance for all the District's governmental funds was \$2,050,530 and \$2,021,836, respectively.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

During the course of the 2022 fiscal year, the District's general fund received \$122,733 more revenues and incurred \$231,450 less expenditures than budgeted. This is primarily the result of more state and local source revenue received during the year as well as less administration, operations and maintenance, transportation and capital outlay expenditures incurred than anticipated during the budgeting process.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the District had \$1,246,136 and \$1,058,982, respectively, invested in net capital assets. Table 4 shows total capital asset balances as of June 30, 2022 and 2021. See Note 4 for details.

Table 4

	 2022	2021
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ 12,940
Buildings and Improvements	880,087	778,457
Equipment and Vehicles	366,049	 267,585
Total	\$ 1,246,136	\$ 1,058,982

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

FOR THE FUTURE:

The North Star Public School District has benefited from an adequate property tax base. The School District has also benefited from continued funding from the State of North Dakota. These elements have enabled the District to meet many of its staffing and basic building maintenance needs. In June of 2022 the school entered into a gift and land exchange agreement with the Towner County Hospital Authority (TCHA) to make way for a new hospital to be built. The new hospital is displacing the school's track and football field, and the agreement specifies the TCHA will pay for the development of a new football field and track. The school may incur additional operational expenses while these athletic fields are under construction. Additionally, the school may be responsible for project costs beyond the agreed upon scope or increases in the current standards of the existing facilities. The school is expected to have adequate funding to cover any additional project costs not covered by the TCHA. The arrival of COVID in 2020 brought new issues requiring action by the District, as well as new federal funding sources with which to do so. The federal ESSER II and III funds unspent as of the end of the 2022 fiscal year will remain available to the District until September 2023 and September 2024, respectively, and will continue to be used to augment local and state funding to address qualifying COVID-related expenses. With consolidation, sharing of services, and other cost efficiencies, the District has maintained a financially stable condition.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT:

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. You may request a copy of this report by contacting Business Manager, North Star Public School District, 418 2nd Ave, Cando, ND 58324.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 1,669,310
Prepaid Expenses	3,768
Due from Other Governments	499,524
Due from Fiduciary Fund	17,866
Taxes Receivable	57,357
Total Current Assets	2,247,825
Non-Current Assets:	
Capital Assets	3,922,087
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(2,675,951)
Total Non-Current Assets	1,246,136
TOTAL ASSETS	3,493,961
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - TFFR	368,457
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	368,457
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:	05.040
Accounts Payable	65,812
Accrued Liabilities	84,004
Total Current Liabilities	149,816
Non-Current Liabilities:	
Compensated Absences	28,754
Net Pension Liability	2,358,851
Total Non-Current Liabilities	2,387,605
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,537,421
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - TFFR	1,107,731
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,107,731
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,246,136
Restricted for Special Reserve	47,360
Restricted for Scholarships	18,306
Restricted for Student Activities	96,011
Restricted for Capital Projects	187,511
Unrestricted	(1,378,058)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 217,266

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Business Support Services Instructional Support Services Administration Operations and Maintenance Transportation Regular Instruction Special Education Vocational Education Early Childhood Programs Extra-Curricular Activities Food Services	\$ 149,908 259,539 476,158 129,415 354,100 1,698,043 488,462 142,182 58,249 354,299 270,762	\$ - - - - - - 6,340 - 36,029	\$ - - 118,714 378,936 158,356 14,329 - - 256,721	\$ (149,908) (259,539) (476,158) (129,415) (235,386) (1,319,107) (330,106) (127,853) (51,909) (354,299) 21,988
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 4,381,117	\$ 42,369	\$ 927,056	(3,411,692)
	GENERAL REVE Property Taxe Property Taxe Aids and Payr Unrestricted In Other Revenue	State	1,203,514 33,981 2,337,498 9,782 221,797	
	TOTAL GENERA		3,806,572	
	Change in Net Po		394,880	
	Net Position - Be	ginning		(177,614)
	Net Position - En	\$ 217,266		

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	General Fund		Special Reserve Fund	 Building Fund		Food Service Fund	holarship Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Cash Prepaid Items Property Taxes Receivable Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds Due From Fiduciary Fund	\$ 1,363,012 3,768 55,648 499,524 5,028 657	\$	47,360 - - - - - -	\$ 185,802 - 1,709 - - -	\$	73,136 - - - - 4,478 -	\$ - - - - 5,762 17,209	\$ 1,669,310 3,768 57,357 499,524 15,268 17,866
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,927,637	\$	47,360	\$ 187,511	\$	77,614	\$ 22,971	\$ 2,263,093
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds	\$ 64,345 84,004 10,240	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	- 1,830	\$ 1,467 - 3,198	\$ 65,812 84,004 15,268
TOTAL LIABILITIES	158,589			 		1,830	4,665	165,084
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Taxes	46,031			 1,448				47,479
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	46,031	_	-	 1,448	_		 	47,479
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	3,768 96,011 - 1,623,238		- 47,360 - -	- 186,063 - -		- - 75,784 -	- 18,306 - -	3,768 347,740 75,784 1,623,238
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,723,017		47,360	 186,063		75,784	 18,306	2,050,530
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$1,927,637	\$	47,360	\$ 187,511	\$	77,614	\$ 22,971	\$ 2,263,093

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balance - governmental funds

\$ 2,050,530

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

 Cost
 \$ 3,922,087

 Less: Accumulated Depreciation
 2,675,951

Net 1,246,136

Net deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources relating to the cost sharing of defined benefit plans in the governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources in the governmental funds.

(739,274)

Property taxes receivable will be collected during the year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and, therefore are unearned in the funds.

47,479

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. These long-term liabilities consisted of the following:

Compensated Absences (28,754)
Net Pension Liability (2,358,851)

Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 217,266

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Food Reserve Building Services Scholarship Fund Fund Fund Fund		Building Sei		Building Services			Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES											
Local Property Taxes	\$ 1,212,076	\$	-	\$	33,981	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,246,057
Other Local Sources	211,862		-		-		36,029		16,275		264,166
Revenue from State Sources	2,516,717		-		-		706		-		2,517,423
Revenue from Federal Sources	491,116		-		-		256,015		-		747,131
Interest	8,427		1,326				25		4		9,782
TOTAL REVENUES	4,440,198		1,326		33,981		292,775		16,279		4,784,559
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Business Support Services	149,908		-		-		-		-		149,908
Instructional Support Services	254,137		-		-		-		-		254,137
Administration	454,940		-		-		-		21,218		476,158
Operations and Maintenance	85,435		-		-		-		_		85,435
Transportation	308,879		-		-		-		-		308,879
Regular Instruction	1,885,637		-		-		-		-		1,885,637
Special Education	488,462		_		_		-		_		488,462
Vocational Education	142,182		-		-		-		-		142,182
Early Childhood and Child Care Programs	58,249		_		_		-		_		58,249
Extra-Curricular Activities	354,299		_		_		-		_		354,299
Food Services	_		_		_		270,762		_		270,762
Capital Outlay:							,				_, _,,
Capital Outlay	281,757										281,757
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,463,885						270,762		21,218		4,755,865
Net Change in Fund Balances	(23,687)		1,326		33,981		22,013		(4,939)		28,694
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,746,704		46,034		152,082		53,771		23,245		2,021,836
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 1,723,017	\$	47,360	\$	186,063	\$	75,784	\$	18,306	\$	2,050,530

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES WITH THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 28,694

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital Outlay	\$	281,757					
Depreciation Expense		(94,603)	187,154				
Change in net pension liability			1,256,360				
(Increase) Decrease in compensated abser	138						
Some revenues will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year end. These revenues are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. These consist of:							
Net change in deferred property			(8,562)				
Changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to net pension liability							
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activ	vities		\$ 394,880				

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	ite-Purpose ust Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments at Fair Value	\$ 9,399
Short-Term Investments	21,379
Mutual Funds	 585,782
Total Investments	607,161
TOTAL ASSETS	616,560
LIABILITIES	
Due to Governmental Fund	 17,866
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 17,866
NET POSITION Restricted for Scholarships	\$ 598,694

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ADDITIONS	Private-Purpose Trust Funds				
Contributions	•	000			
Gifts and Bequests Investment Earnings	\$	369			
Net Decrease in Fair Value of Investments		(85,094)			
Interest		32			
Dividends		3,870			
Net Investment Earnings		(81,192)			
TOTAL ADDITIONS		(80,823)			
DEDUCTIONS Current: Scholarship Payments to Individuals		8,555_			
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		8,555			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position		(89,378)			
Net Position - Beginning		688,072			
Net Position - Ending	\$	598,694			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The North Star Public School District operates the public schools in the city of Cando, North Dakota. There is one elementary school and one junior/senior high school that is enclosed in one building.

Reporting Entity - Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District. Fiscal dependence can include the District's approval of the budget, issuance of debt, and/or levying of taxes for the organization.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the District's reporting entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation:

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements display information about the District as a whole.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. The statement identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or drawing from the general revenues of the District. Direct expenses are expenses that are specifically associated with a service, program or department. The direct expenses are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges to recipients for goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the District-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

The Government-wide financial statements do not include fiduciary funds of component units that are fiduciary in nature.

Fund Financial Statements:

In order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance, the District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The focus of the governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented as a separate column in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund Accounting

The District's funds consist of the following:

Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are utilized to account for most of the District's governmental functions. The reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which the obligation will be paid. Fund balance represents the difference between the governmental fund assets, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and liabilities. The District's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund

This fund is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources except those requiring to be accounted for in another fund, including the Student Activity Fund and After School Child Care Fund.

Building Fund

The Building fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities and renovating existing facilities.

Food Service Fund

This Food Service fund is used to account for the accumulation of revenue and proceeds and for the payments of expenditures related to the providing of meals at the District.

Scholarship Fund

The Scholarship fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the distribution of scholarships.

Special Reserve Fund

The Special Reserve fund is used to account for the proceeds of certain specific revenue sources that are restricted for specified purposes.

NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

JUNE 30, 2022

Fiduciary Funds

Private Purpose Trust Fund

The reporting entity includes two private purpose trust funds as follows:

Fund Brief Description

Foundation Fund The Foundation Fund is used to

account for the accumulation of resources for the distribution of

scholarships.

Canfield Trust Fund The Canfield Trust Fund is used to

account for the accumulation of resources for the distribution of

scholarships.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included in the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements:

The governmental funds are accounted for by using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources and uses of current financial resources.

The current financial resources measurement focus differs from the manner which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Due to the difference, the District's financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for government funds.

Basis of Accounting:

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

The District's governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of its fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recorded as the related fund liability is incurred.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions:

Exchange transactions are transactions in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenue for exchange transactions is recorded when the exchange takes place. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue for exchange transactions is recorded when the resources are measurable and available.

Non-exchange transactions include transactions in which the District receives value without directly providing value in return. Non-exchange transactions include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recorded in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it is recorded in the financial records of the District.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and investment income.

Unearned Revenues:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized in the financial statements before the revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenues.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will also not be collected during the availability period have been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses and Expenditures:

Governmental funds accounting measurement focus is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recorded in the fiscal year in which the related fund liability is incurred. Under the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recorded when incurred.

NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The District's Board follows the procedures established by North Dakota law for the budgetary process. The governing body of each School District, annually on or before the last day of July must levy taxes. The governing body of the School District may amend its tax levy and budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year. Taxes for School District purposes must be based upon an itemized budget statement which must show the complete expenditure by program of the District for the current fiscal year and the sources of the revenue from which it is to be financed. The School Board, in levying taxes, is limited by the amount necessary to be raised for the purpose of meeting the appropriations included in the school budget of the current fiscal year, and the sum necessary to be provided as an interim fund, together with a tax sufficient in amount to pay the interest on the bonded debt of the District and to provide a sinking fund to pay and discharge the principal thereon at maturity.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The administration prepares the District's budget. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 2. The Board reviews the budget, may make revisions, and adopts the final budget on or before August 15th of each year. The budget is then filed with the county auditor by August 25th of each year.
- 3. The budget may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared, except no amendment changing the taxes levied can be made after October 10th of each year. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts.
- 4. All appropriations lapse at the close of the District's fiscal year. The balance of the appropriation reverts back to each respective fund and is available for future appropriation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The District considers highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments:

Investments are recorded at market value. North Dakota State statute authorizes school districts to invest their surplus funds in: a) Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by, the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentality's, or organizations created by an act of Congress, b) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above, c) Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation of the state, d) Obligations of the state.

NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

JUNE 30, 2022

Fair Value Measurements:

The Organization accounts for all assets and liabilities that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis in accordance with GAAP. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about fair value measurements.

When fair value measurements are required, various data is used in determining those values. This statement requires that assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value must be classified and disclosed in the following levels based on the nature of the data used.

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

Capital Assets:

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported as assets in the fund financial statements. All capital assets are recorded at cost (or estimated historical cost). The assets are updated for additions and retirements during the District's fiscal year. The District has established a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values at the date received. The District does not have any infrastructure assets. Improvements that significantly extend the useful life of the asset are also capitalized.

The District's land and construction in progress costs are capitalized but are not depreciated. All the remaining capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The District has established the following useful lives:

Buildings 50 Years Equipment and Vehicles 10 Years

Compensated Absences:

Contract Employees: There are no years of service requirement for teachers in the North Star Public School District. Teachers will be reimbursed \$15 for each unused accumulated sick leave day, not to exceed 100, when they resign or retire. Teachers will receive \$15 per day, at the end of each school year, for unused leave beyond 100 carryover days. Teachers are paid out their personal leave before year end, at a substitute pay rate, for any unused days over the max carryover of 2 days. Teachers will be compensated for unused personal leave when they resign or retire, at sub pay rate.

Non-Contract Employees: Upon termination of employment, all unused vacation earned will be paid as accrued. As of June 30, 2022, 12-month employees may carry over up to 40 hours (5 days) of vacation with administrative approval. Noncertified staff are paid out their unused personal leave hours at the end of each school year at their respective hourly rates. Employees who finish out their job duties for the current school year and will not be returning will receive payments for any unused sick leave hours at \$15 per day, with unused hours converted to days at 8 hours/day.

NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

Pensions:

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Fund for Retirement (TFFR) and additions to/deductions from TFFR's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TFFR.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance Classifications:

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted – This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the school board-the District's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the school board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The school board and superintendent have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District's preference is to first use restricted resources, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned, and unassigned—in order as needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resource (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has one item reported on the statement of net position as *cost sharing defined benefit pension plan*, which represents actuarial differences within the TFFR pension plan as well as amounts paid to the plan after the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source, property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District also has one item reported on the statement of net position as *cost sharing defined benefit*, which represents the actuarial differences within the TFFR pension plan.

Net Position:

Net position represents the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the District's financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any long-term debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted Net Position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted Net Position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Inter-fund Activity:

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds.

Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Inter-fund activities within the District's governmental activities and its business-type activities, is eliminated in the statement of activities.

Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

JUNE 30, 2022

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes:

Taxes receivable consist of current and delinquent uncollected taxes at June 30, 2022.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property January 1. A five percent reduction is allowed if paid by February 15. Penalty and interest are added March 15 if the first half of the taxes have not been paid. Additional penalties are added October 15, if not paid. Taxes are collected by the county and usually remitted monthly to the School District.

Property tax revenue in the governmental funds is recognized in compliance with National Council of Government Accounting (NCGA) Interpretation 3, *Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes*. This interpretation states that property tax revenue is recorded when it becomes available. Available means when due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Such time thereafter shall not exceed 60 days. Property tax revenue is recorded as revenue in the year the tax is levied in the government - wide financial statements. Property taxes are limited by state laws. All School District tax levies are in compliance with state laws.

Significant Group Concentrations of Credit Risk:

As of June 30, 2022, the District's receivables consist of amounts due from other governmental units within the State of North Dakota.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits:

In accordance with North Dakota laws, the District maintains deposits at depositories authorized by the School Board. The depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

North Dakota laws require that all public deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal at least 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes the legal investments described below, as well as certain first mortgage notes, and certain other state or local government obligations. North Dakota laws require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the District treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,678,709 and the bank balance was \$1,858,754. The entire bank balance was covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name in amounts sufficient to meet North Dakota legal requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following Fiduciary fund investments and maturities:

		Level 1		
Investment Type	Maturities Less than One Yea			
Equity Securities				
Money Market Funds	\$	21,379		
Mutual Funds		585,782		
Total	\$	607,161		

Equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Credit Risk:

The District may also invest idle funds as authorized by North Dakota laws, as follows:

- a. Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation of, or an obligation insured or guaranteed by the treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress.
- b. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are of the type listed above.
- c. Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the state.
- d. Obligations of the state.

Interest Rate Risk:

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments:

The investments are not subject to the credit risk classifications as noted in paragraph 9 of GASB Statement 40.

NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital asset account group during the year:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Additions Disposals		Balance June 30, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		•		. (10.010)	•
Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 12,940 12,940	<u>\$ -</u> -	\$ - -	\$ (12,940) (12,940)	\$ - -
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Buildings and Improvements	2,620,012	112,992	-	12,940	2,745,944
Equipment and Vehicles	1,091,378	168,765	84,000		1,176,143
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	3,711,390	281,757	84,000	12,940	3,922,087
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	1,841,555	24,302	-	-	1,865,857
Equipment and Vehicles	823,793	70,301	84,000		810,094
Total Accumulated Depreciation	2,665,348	94,603	84,000		2,675,951
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,046,042	187,154		12,940	1,246,136
Net Capital Assets for Governmental Activities	\$1,058,982	\$ 187,154	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,246,136

In the governmental activities statement of activities, depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Dep	Depreciation		
Instructional Support	\$	5,402		
Operations and Maintenance		43,980		
Transportation		45,221		
Total	\$	94.603		

NOTE 5 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences activity during the year are as follows and are liquidated by the general fund.

	В	Balance				Balance		Due in		
	7/	/1/2021	Addit	tions	Retir	ements	6/	30/2022	One	Year_
Compensated Absences	\$	28,892	\$	_	\$	138	\$	28.754	\$	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6 FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2022, a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

	General Fund	Special Reserve	Building Fund	Food Service	Scholarship	Total	
Restricted for:							
Student Activities	\$ 96,011	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 96,011	
Scholarships	-	-	-	-	18,306	18,306	
Capital Projects	-	-	186,063	-	_	186,063	
Special Reserve	-	47,360	-	-	-	47,360	
Assigned to:							
Food Service	-	-	-	75,784	_	75,784	
Nonspendable							
General Fund	3,768	-	-	-	-	3,768	
Unassigned							
General Fund	1,623,238					1,623,238	
Total	\$1,723,017	\$ 47,360	\$ 186,063	\$ 75,784	\$ 18,306	\$2,050,530	

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE

Substantially, all certified employees of the District are required by state law to belong to pension plans administered by the Teacher's Fund for Retirement (TFFR), which is administered on a statewide basis.

Disclosures relating to these plans follow:

North Dakota Teacher's Fund For Retirement

The following brief description of TFFR is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 15-39.1 for more complete information. TFFR is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all North Dakota public teachers and certain other teachers who meet various membership requirements. TFFR provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the TFFR plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the TFFR benefits program is assigned to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board). The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and five members appointed by the Governor. The appointed members serve five-year terms which end on June 30 of alternate years. The appointed Board members must include two active teachers, one active school administrator, and two retired members. The TFFR Board submits any necessary or desirable changes in statutes relating to the administration of the fund, including benefit terms, to the Legislative Assembly for consideration. The Legislative Assembly has final authority for changes to benefit terms and contribution rates.

Pension Benefits

For purposes of determining pension benefits, members are classified within one of three categories. Tier 1 grandfathered and Tier 1 non-grandfathered members are those with service credit on file as of July 1, 2008. Tier 2 members are those newly employed and returning refunded members on or after July 1, 2008.

NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

Tier 1 Grandfathered

A Tier 1 grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 85. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 6% per year for every year the member's retirement age is less than 65 years or the date as of which age plus service equal 85. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 1 Non-grandfathered

A Tier 1 non-grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65 or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 2

A Tier 2 member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when five or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65 or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the five highest annual salaries earned divided by 60 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

Death and Disability Benefits

Death benefits may be paid to a member's designated beneficiary. If a member's death occurs before retirement, the benefit options available are determined by the member's vesting status prior to death. If a member's death occurs after retirement, the death benefit received by the beneficiary (if any) is based on the retirement plan the member selected at retirement.

An active member is eligible to receive disability benefits when: (a) a total disability lasting 12 months or more does not allow the continuation of teaching, (b) the member has accumulated five years of credited service in North Dakota, and (c) the Board of Trustees of TFFR has determined eligibility based upon medical evidence. The amount of the disability benefit is computed by the retirement formula in NDCC Section 15-39.1-10 without consideration of age and uses the member's actual years of credited service. There is no actuarial reduction for reason of disability retirement.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to TFFR are set by NDCC Section 15-39.1-09. Every eligible teacher in the State of North Dakota is required to be a member of TFFR and is assessed at a rate of 11.75% of salary as defined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-04. Every governmental body employing a teacher must also pay into TFFR a sum equal to 12.75% of the teacher's salary. Member and employer contributions will be reduced to 7.75% each when the fund reaches 100% funded ratio on an actuarial basis.

A vested member who terminates covered employment may elect a refund of contributions paid plus 6% interest or defer payment until eligible for pension benefits. A non-vested member who terminates covered employment must claim a refund of contributions paid before age 70½. Refunded members forfeit all service credits under TFFR. These service credits may be repurchased upon return to covered employment under certain circumstances, as defined by the NDCC.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$2,358,851 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Employer's share of covered payroll in the pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating TFFR employers. At June 30, 2021, the Employer's proportion was 0.223873%, which was a decrease of 0.008737% from its proportion measured at June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Employer recognized pension expense of \$39,577. At June 30, 2022, the Employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outf	ows of Resources	Deferred I	nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	16,389	\$	99,479
Changes in actuarial assumptions		82,854		-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		691,177
Changes in proportion		42,737		317,075
Contributions paid to TFFR subsequent to the				
measurement date		226,477		
Total	\$	368,457	\$	1,107,731

\$226,477 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	Pension Expense Amount			
2023	\$ 216,321			
2024	213,215			
2025	213,522			
2026	265,813			
2027	17,636			
Thereafter	39,245			

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	3.80% to 14.80%, varying by service,
	including inflation and productivity
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

For active and inactive members, mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Employee table, projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019. For healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on 104% of the PubT-2010 Retiree table for retirees and to 95% of the PubT-2010 Contingent Survivor table for beneficiaries, both projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019. For disability retirees, mortality rates were based on the PubNS-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Mortality table projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated March 19, 2020. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, funding actuarial valuation for TFFR.

The TFFR Board is responsible for establishing investment policy for the fund assets under NDCC 15-39.1-05.2. Benefit payments are projected to occur over a long period of time. This allows TFFR to adopt a long-term investment horizon and asset allocation policy for the management of fund assets. Asset allocation policy is critical because it defines the basic risk and return characteristics of the investment portfolio. Asset allocation targets are established using an asset-liability analysis designed to assist the Board in determining an acceptable volatility target for the fund and an optimal asset allocation policy mix. This asset-liability analysis considers both sides of the plan balance sheet, utilizing both quantitative and qualitative inputs, in order to estimate the potential impact of various asset class mixes on key measures of total plan risk, including the resulting estimated impact of funded status and contribution rates.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term Expected Real

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equities	55.00%	6.90%
Global Fixed Income	26.00%	0.70%
Global Real Assets	18.00%	4.80%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	-1.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2021, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of July 1, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

					1% I	ncrease in Discount
	1% Dec	rease in Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Rate
		6.25%		7.25%	8.25%	
School's proportionate share of the	9					
TFFR net pension liability:	\$	3,541,903	\$	2,358,851	\$	1,376,447

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TFFR financial report. TFFR's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is located at:

https://www.rio.nd.gov/sites/www/files/documents/PDFs/RIO/Reports/annualreport2021.pdf

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The District pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, auto, boiler and machinery, accident and inland marine insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of two million dollars per occurrence.

The District participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and State Bonding Fund. The District pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third-party insurance carrier for losses in excess of one million dollars per occurrence during a 12-month period.

The State Bonding Fund currently provides the District with blanket fidelity bond coverage with a limit of \$800,000. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge a premium for this coverage.

The District carries commercial insurance for employee's health and the District also participates in the workers' compensation program through the State of North Dakota. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 TRANSFERS AND DUE TO/FROM

The District had no transfers of District funds between funds during the year ended June 30, 2022.

The District had the following due to/from other funds related to activities occurring in other funds that had not been repaid at June 30, 2022:

Due To Other Funds	Due From Other Funds	Amount
General Fund	Food Service Fund	\$ 4,478
General Fund	Scholarship Fund	5,762
Food Service Fund	General Fund	1,830
Scholarship Fund	General Fund	3,198
		\$ 15,268

NOTE 10 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2022, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 11 NON-MONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The District receives food commodities from the federal government to subsidize its hot lunch program. The market value of commodities received for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$13,939.

NOTE 12 NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishes that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishes standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improves required note disclosures. This Statement also addresses arrangements—often characterized as leases—that are associated with conduit debt obligations. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). The statement provides definitions of PPPs and APAs and provides uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. A PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. An APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Arrangements provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Under this Statement, a government generally should recognize a right-to use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for SBITAs and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, provides guidance on the following accounting matters:

- Classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, that do not meet the definition of either an investment derivative instrument or a hedging derivative instrument.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the
 determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease,
 recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of
 lease incentives.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, related to (a) the determination of the public-private and public-public partnership (PPP) term and (b) recognition and measurement of installment payments and the transfer of the underlying PPP asset.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, related to the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) term, classification of a SBITA as a short-term SBITA, and recognition and measurement of a subscription liability.

- Extension of the period during which the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) is considered an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap that hedges the interest rate risk of taxable debt.
- Accounting for the distribution of benefits as part of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP).
- Disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions.
- Pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements— and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statement.
- Terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.
- Terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements.

The requirements of this statement are effective as follows:

- The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance.
- The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.
- The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, provides guidance on accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The requirements of this Statement for changes in accounting principles apply to the implementation of a new pronouncement in absence of specific transition provisions in the new pronouncement. This Statement also requires that the aggregate amount of adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position, fund balance, or fund net position, as applicable, be displayed by reporting unit in the financial statements.

This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years

beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, enhances the accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, provides guidance on the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. A liability for leave that has been used but not yet paid or settled should be measured at the amount of the cash payment or noncash settlement to be made. Certain salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally associated with payments for leave also should be included in the measurement of the liabilities. This Statement amends the existing requirement to disclose the gross increases and decreases in a liability for compensated absences to allow governments to disclose only the net change in the liability (as long as they identify it as a net change). In addition, governments are no longer required to disclose which governmental funds typically have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, requires entities to disclose critical information about their exposure to risks due to certain concentrations or limitations that could lead to financial distress or operational challenges. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Management has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on the District's financial statements.

NOTE 13 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No significant events occurred subsequent to the District's year end. Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 15, 2024, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Buc	dgeted Amounts Original &	Actual		er (Under)
REVENUES		Final	Actual		nal Budget
Local Property Taxes	\$	1,189,400	\$ 1,212,076	\$	22,676
Other Local Sources	Ψ	39,700	211,862	Ψ	172,162
Revenue from State Sources		2,494,489	2,516,717		22,228
Revenue from Federal Sources		584,876	491,116		(93,760)
Interest		9,000	8,427		(573)
TOTAL REVENUES		4,317,465	4,440,198		122,733
EXPENDITURES					
Business Support Services		142,067	149,908		7,841
Instructional Support Services		181,823	254,137		72,314
Administration		461,014	454,940		(6,074)
Operations and Maintenance		275,072	85,435		(189,637)
Transportation		344,901	308,879		(36,022)
Regular Instruction		2,111,559	1,885,637		(225,922)
Special Education		484,123	488,462		4,339
Vocational Education		132,734	142,182		9,448
Early Childhood and Child Care Programs		53,874	58,249		4,375
Capital Outlay		342,030	281,757		(60,273)
Extra-Curricular Activities		166,138	354,299		188,161
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,695,335	4,463,885		(231,450)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(377,870)	(23,687)		354,183
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,746,704	1,746,704		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,368,834	\$ 1,723,017	\$	354,183

NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 NOTE TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 BUDGETARY COMPARISON

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The District's Board follows the procedures established by North Dakota law for the budgetary process. The governing body of each School District, annually on or before the last day of July must levy taxes. The governing body of the School District may amend its tax levy and budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year. Taxes for School District purposes must be based upon an itemized budget statement which must show the complete expenditure by program of the District for the current fiscal year and the sources of the revenue from which it is to be financed. The School Board, in levying taxes, is limited by the amount necessary to be raised for the purpose of meeting the appropriations included in the school budget of the current fiscal year, and the sum necessary to be provided as an interim fund, together with a tax sufficient in amount to pay the interest on the bonded debt of the District and to provide a sinking fund to pay and discharge the principal thereon at maturity. During the current year, budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$231,450.

A budget is not adopted for the Special Reserve, Food Service, Scholarship, and Student Activity funds.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The administration prepares the District's budget. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 2. The Board reviews the budget, may make revisions, and adopts the final budget on or before August 15th of each year. The budget is then filed with the county auditor by August 25th of each year.
- 3. The budget may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared, except no amendment changing the taxes levied can be made after October 10th of each year. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts.
- 4. All appropriations lapse at the close of the District's fiscal year. The balance of the appropriation reverts back to each respective fund and is available for future appropriation.

The District legally adopts a budget for the general and building funds and does not legally adopt a budget for the Special Reserve, Food Service, Scholarship, and Student Activity funds.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TFFR RETIREMENT PLANS LAST TEN YEARS

Teachers Fund for Retirement

Fiscal Year	S	tatutorily		ntributions in lation to the				Contributions as a
Ended		Required		orily Required	Contribution	Distr	ict's Covered-	Percentage of Covered-
June 30	Cc	ontribution	Cc	ontributions	Deficiency (Excess)	Emp	loyee Payroll	Employee Payroll
2022	\$	226,477	\$	(226,477)	-	\$	1,776,293	12.75%
2021		219,427		(219,427)	-		1,721,000	12.75%
2020		219,751		(219,751)	-		1,723,536	12.75%
2019		214,949		(214,949)	-		1,685,871	12.75%
2018		217,425		(217,425)	-		1,705,297	12.75%
2017		211,149		(211,149)	-		1,656,069	12.75%
2016		214,056		(214,056)	-		1,678,868	12.75%
2015		196,566		(196,566)	-		1,541,769	12.75%
2014		153,589		(153,589)	-		1,428,747	10.75%

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Information for prior years is not available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN YEARS (PRESENTED PROSPECTIVELY)

Teachers Fund for Retirement

District's Proportion of the	District's Proportionate Share of the Net	District's Covered-	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension
Liability (Asset)	(Asset) (a)	Employee Payroll	Payroll	Liability
0.223873%	\$ 2,358,851	\$ 1,725,389	136.71%	75.70%
0.232610%	3,615,211	1,723,536	209.76%	63.40%
0.240314%	3,309,733	1,685,871	196.32%	65.50%
0.250849%	3,343,465	1,705,297	196.06%	65.50%
0.245354%	3,370,001	1,656,069	203.49%	63.20%
0.258397%	3,785,664	1,678,868	225.49%	59.20%
0.250651%	3,278,152	1,541,769	212.62%	62.10%
0.246313%	2,580,924	1,428,747	180.64%	66.60%
	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) 0.223873% 0.232610% 0.240314% 0.250849% 0.245354% 0.258397% 0.250651%	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Asset	Proportion of the Net Pension Share of the Net Pension Liability District's Covered-Employee Payroll 0.223873% \$ 2,358,851 \$ 1,725,389 0.232610% 3,615,211 1,723,536 0.240314% 3,309,733 1,685,871 0.250849% 3,343,465 1,705,297 0.245354% 3,370,001 1,656,069 0.258397% 3,785,664 1,678,868 0.250651% 3,278,152 1,541,769	District's Proportion of the Net Pension District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Pension Liability (Asset) (A

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability which is June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Information for prior years is not available.

NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS

TFFR

Amounts reported in 2021 and later reflect the following actuarial assumption changes based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated March 19, 2020.

- •Investment return assumption lowered from 7.75% to 7.25%;
- •Inflation assumption lowered from 2.75% to 2.30%;
- •Individual salary increases were lowered;
- •Rates of turnover, retirement and disability were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience;
- •The post-retirement healthy mortality table was updated to 104% of the PubT-2010 Retiree table for retirees and to 95% of the PubT-2010 Contingent Survivor table for beneficiaries, both projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019;
- •The disabled mortality was updated to the PubNS-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Mortality table projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019; and
- •The pre-retirement mortality table was updated to the PubT-2010 Employee table projected with generational improvement using Scale MP-2019.

Amounts reported in 2016-2020 reflect the following actuarial assumption changes based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015.

- •Investment return assumption lowered from 8% to 7.75%.
- •Inflation assumption lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- •Total salary scale rates lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation.
- •Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- •Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- •Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

NORTH STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 SCHEDULE OF FUND ACTIVITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

General Fund Type	Balance 07-01-2020	Receipts	Disbursements	Balance 06-30-2021
General Fund Student Activity Fund After School Care Fund	\$ 1,430,222 127,826 10,948	\$ 4,294,600 227,018 7,084	\$ 4,516,827 206,600 11,259	\$ 1,207,995 148,244 6,773
Special Revenue Fund Type				
Special Reserve Fund Food Service Fund Scholarship Fund	46,034 53,474 4,602	1,326 277,006 10,517	257,344 15,119	47,360 73,136
Capital Projects Fund Type				
Building Fund	152,013	33,789	-	185,802
Custodial Fund Type				
Foundation Fund	4,649	11,673	6,923	9,399
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$1,829,768	\$ 4,863,013	\$ 5,014,072	\$ 1,678,709



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education North Star Public School District No. 10 Cando, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Star Public School District No. 10 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 15, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered North Star Public School District No. 10's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2022-001 and 2022-002 to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether North Star Public School District No. 10's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BRADY, MARTZ & ASSOCIATES, P.C. GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA

April 15, 2024

Forady Martz

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

2022-001 Finding

Criteria

A proper system of internal control has the proper segregation of duties between authorization, custody, record keeping and reconciliation.

Condition

There is not a system in place for accounting duties to be properly segregated between authorization, custody, record keepings and reconciliation.

Cause

The organization is subject to size and budget constraints limiting the number of personnel within the accounting department.

Effect

The design of internal control over financial reporting could adversely affect the ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Recommendation

We recommend the organization review their internal controls over the accounting functions to determine if additional procedures can be implemented that are cost effective. The board should constantly be aware of this condition. Compensating controls that mitigate the related risks could be (or are) provided through appropriate oversight of the performance of these functions and review of the financial reports by individuals with knowledge of current operations and accounting principles.

Management's Response

Agreed. North Star Public School District No. 10 does not have adequate resources to obtain proper internal controls to properly segregate duties. We will segregate duties to the extent possible.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

2022-002 Finding

Criteria

An appropriate system of internal control requires the District to prepare financial statements in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, including required adjusting journal entries.

Condition

The District's personnel prepare periodic financial information for internal use that meets the needs of management and the board. However, the District currently does not prepare financial statements, including accompanying note disclosures, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District has elected to have the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and notes and adjusting journal entries.

Cause

The District elected to not allocate resources for the preparation of the financial statements and required material adjusting journal entries.

Effect

There is an increased risk of material misstatement to the District's financial statements.

Recommendation

We recommend the District consider the additional risk of having the auditors assist in the preparation of the financial statements and note disclosures and adjusting journal entries and consider preparing them in the future. As a compensating control the District should establish an internal control policy to document the annual review of the financial statements and schedules, adjusting journal entries and to review a financial statement disclosure checklist.

Management's Response

The District will prepare preliminary financial statements as able and rely on auditor preparation for any remaining statements.