AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

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OFFICIAL DIRECTORY June 30, 2020

Kristin Beck	President
Chris Mathias	Vice-President
Derrick Hansen	Board Member
Margie Johnson	Board Member
Sean Anderson	Board Member
Dawn Hoake	Superintendent
Donna Anderson	Business Manager



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board North Sargent Public School District No. 3 Gwinner, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Sargent Public School District No. 3, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise North Sargent Public School District No. 3's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

North Sargent Public School District No. 3's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Nadine Julson, LLC

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Sargent Public School District No. 3, as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 and the respective changes in financial position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, schedules of employer's proportionate share of net pension and OPEB liability and employer contributions, and notes to required supplementary information presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the North Sargent Public School District No. 3's basic financial statements. The nonmajor governmental funds – combining balance sheet, and nonmajor governmental funds – schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The nonmajor governmental funds – combining balance sheet and nonmajor governmental funds – schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the nonmajor governmental funds – combining balance sheet and nonmajor governmental funds – schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The official directory has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 11, 2022 on our consideration of North Sargent Public School District No. 3's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering North Sargent Public School District No. 3's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Nadine Julian. LLC

Nadine Julson, LLC Wahpeton, North Dakota, August 11, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2020 and 2019

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of North Sargent Public School District No. 3's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes.

Financial Highlights

The District completed facility updates including LED and natural gas conversions and a remodel of the FACS Room. Costs of these conversions were funded by grants and cost shares with the City of Gwinner. During the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the District needed to utilize the 12-mill miscellaneous levy to make up for the short fall from state revenue. A special reserve fund transfer was also budgeted to cover the revenue shortfall. The District entered the South East Career and Tech Program during the 2018-2019 fiscal year.

Using this Annual Report

This annual financial report consists of a series of statements and related footnotes. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand the North Sargent Public School District No. 3 as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. These statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's general fund with all other governmental funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting on the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

These statements are summaries of all the funds used by the North Sargent Public School District No. 3 to provide programs and activities and attempt to answer the question "How did the District do financially during the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019?"

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. This statement is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which means that all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes).

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or deteriorated. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, regular instruction, federal programs, special education, vocational education, administration, food services, operation and maintenance of buildings and grounds, student transportation, and co-curricular activities.

NORTH SARGENT PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

Reporting on the District's Most Significant Funds

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

The District uses separate funds to account for and manage money dedicated for particular purposes (e.g. taxes collected from special mill levies and funds received from grants and donations). The fund basic financial statements allow the District to demonstrate its stewardship over the accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District's general fund, capital projects building fund, and special revenue fund are considered a "major fund."

The District's other fund, the food service fund, is used to account for school food services and is summarized under the heading "Other Governmental Funds".

In addition, the District has the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the North Sargent Public School District No. 3's own programs.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Table I provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the North Sargent Public School District No. 3, net position decreased by \$64,204 for the year ending June 30, 2020 and decreased by \$137,505 for the year ending June 30, 2019.

The District's net position at June 30, 2020 and 2019 is segregated into three separate categories. Net position invested in capital assets (net of related debt) are not available for future spending. Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they must be spent. The remaining unrestricted net positions are available to meet the District's ongoing obligations.

NORTH SARGENT PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

Table I **Net Position**

Inne	30	

June 30,		
	2020	2019
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets	\$ 886,146	\$ 812,521
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	1,468,539	1,434,895
Deferred Outflows of Resources	817,480	995,167
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,172,165	3,242,583
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Current Liabilities	16,024	53,662
Long-term Liabilities	3,567,690	3,840,148
Deferred Inflows of Resources	534,310	230,428
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,118,024	4,124,238
Net Position (Deficit)		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,457,476	1,413,100
Restricted	256,796	249,117
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(2,660,131)	(2,543,872)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (945,859)	\$ (881,655)

Table IIChanges in Net PositionYears Ended June 30,						
		2020		2019		
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	47,866	\$	70,678		
Operating Grants and Contributions		299,201		193,182		
General Revenues						
Property Taxes		792,171		675,673		
State Aid-Unrestricted		2,439,754		2,374,47		
Interest and Miscellaneous Earnings		26,497		21,633		
Total Revenues		3,605,489		3,335,64		
Expenses						
Regular Instruction		1,992,760		1,746,592		
Special Instruction		349,605		409,404		
Vocational Instruction		172,302		166,059		
Pupil Services		150,024		147,163		
General Administration Services		191,358		222,007		
School Administration Services		127,145		124,584		
Operation and Maintenance		325,946		293,118		
Pupil Transportation		81,652		94,432		
Student Activities		152,489		151,970		
School Food Services		126,412		117,82		
Total Expenses		3,669,693		3,473,150		
Change in Net Position	\$	(64,204)	\$	(137,50		

Table II shows the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Unrestricted state aid constituted 67.7% and 71.2%, property tax 22.0% and 20.3%, and operating grants and contributions 8.3% and 5.8% of the total revenues of governmental activities of the District for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Regular instruction constituted 54.3% and 50.3%, special instruction 9.5% and 11.8%, and operation and maintenance 8.9% and 8.4% of total expenses for governmental activities during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table III shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and other unrestricted revenues.

Table III Total and Net Cost of Services Years Ended June 30,										
	Tota	l Cost	Net	Cost						
	2020	2019	2020	2019						
Regular Instruction	\$ 1,992,760	\$ 1,746,592	\$ 1,902,122	\$ 1,654,982						
Special Instruction	349,605	409,404	349,605	409,404						
Vocational Instruction	172,302	166,059	166,164	160,261						
Pupil Services	150,024	147,163	150,024	147,163						
General Administration Services	191,358	222,007	191,358	222,007						
School Administration Services	127,145	124,584	127,145	124,584						
Operation and Maintenance	325,946	293,118	256,195	293,118						
Pupil Transportation	81,652	94,432	29,466	44,967						
Student Activities	152,489	151,970	152,489	151,970						
School Food Services	126,412	117,821	(1,942)	834						
Total Expenses	\$ 3,669,693	\$ 3,473,150	\$ 3,322,626	\$ 3,209,290						

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

The purpose of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Unreserved fund balance generally can be used as a measure of the District's net resources available for spending as of the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds had total revenue of \$3,605,719 and \$3,361,121 and expenditures of \$3,493,388 and \$3,488,342 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The unassigned fund balance of the District's general fund was \$589,820 and \$491,602 at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year ended June 30, 2020, revenues were less than budgetary estimates by \$10,024, expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$75,043 and ending fund balance was more than budgetary estimates by \$65,019. During the year ended June 30, 2019, revenues were less than budgetary estimates by \$25,572, expenditures were more than budgetary estimates by \$14,220, and ending fund balance was less than budgetary estimates by \$39,792.

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the North Sargent Public School District No. 3 had \$1,468,539 and \$1,434,895 invested in capital assets. Table IV shows the balances at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Table IVCapital Assets(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)Years Ended June 30,							
2020 2019							
Buildings and Improvements Vehicles Equipment	\$	1,329,077 82,852 56,610	\$	1,272,914 100,337 61,644			
Total Capital Assets	\$	1,468,539	\$	1,434,895			

NORTH SARGENT PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

For a detailed breakdown of the additions and deletions to capital assets, readers are referred to the Note 8 of the audited financial statements that follow this analysis.

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the North Sargent Public School District No. 3 had \$11,063 and \$21,795 of total debt.

Table V Outstanding Debt Years Ended June 30,									
		Total Ou	utstandin	g		Due Within	n One Y	ear	
		2020 2019		2019		2020		2019	
Notes Payable	\$	11,063	\$	21,795	\$	11,063	\$	10,725	
Total	\$	11,063	\$	21,795	\$	11,063	\$	10,725	

For additional information regarding the outstanding debt, readers are referred to Note 9 of the audited financial statements that follow this analysis.

For the Future

The District will continue to develop a strategic plan for future growth and on the school's long-term planning.

Contacting the Districts Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our parents, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the North Sargent Public School District No. 3's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives to provide the best possible education to all students enrolled in North Sargent Public School District No. 3. Anyone who has questions about information contained in this report or who is interested in receiving additional information is encouraged to contact Donna Anderson at P.O. Box 289, Gwinner, North Dakota, 58040, (701) 678-2492.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Savings and CD's Accounts Receivable Due from County Due from State Government	\$ 604,255 186,870 1,004 1,895	\$ 504,208 183,740 25,027 2,722 5,798
Due from Federal Government Taxes Receivable	66,333 25,789	64,507 26,519
Total Current Assets	886,146	812,521
Capital Assets Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation Buildings and Improvements Vehicles Equipment	1,329,077 82,852 56,610	1,272,914 100,337 61,644
Total Capital Assets	1,468,539	1,434,895
Total Assets	2,354,685	2,247,416
DEFERRED OUT FLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows Related to Pension and OPEB	817,480	995,167
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,172,165	3,242,583
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Current Potion of Long-term Debt Notes Payable	4,961 11,063	42,937
Total Current Liabilities	16,024	53,662
Due After One Year Notes Payable Compensated Absences Pension and OPEB Liability	6,150 3,561,540	11,070 3,729 3,825,349
Total Long-term Liabilities	3,567,690	3,840,148
Total Liabilities	3,583,714	3,893,810
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions and OPEB	534,310	230,428
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,118,024	4,124,238
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	1,457,476 256,796 (2,660,131)	1,413,100 249,117 (2,543,872)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (945,859)	\$ (881,655)

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Program	Revenue	es	F	et (Expense) Revenue and hanges in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Charges for Expenses Services		U	Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Regular Instruction Special Instruction Vocational Instruction Pupil Services General Administration Services School Administration Services Operation and Maintenance Pupil Transportation Student Activities School Food Services	\$	1,992,760 349,605 172,302 150,024 191,358 127,145 325,946 81,652 152,489 126,412 3,669,693	\$\$	8,000 - - - - - - 39,866 47,866	\$ \$	82,638 - 6,138 - - 69,751 52,186 - 88,488 299,201	\$	$(1,902,122) \\ (349,605) \\ (166,164) \\ (150,024) \\ (191,358) \\ (127,145) \\ (256,195) \\ (29,466) \\ (152,489) \\ 1,942 \\ (3,322,626)$
	T Su In G	eral Revenues axes Taxes Levied f Taxes Levied f tate Aid, not res neterest and Invest ain on Sale of A fiscellaneous Total General 1	or Buildin tricted for stment Ea ssets	g Purposes specific purp	ose			731,523 60,648 2,439,754 6,584 500 19,413 3,258,422
	Change in Net Position							(64,204)
		Position (Defici Position (Defici	. 0	e			\$	(881,655) (945,859)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenses \$ 1,746,592 409,404 166,059 147,163		arges for ervices 7,305	and C	ating Grants Contributions	G	
409,404 166,059 147,163	\$	7,305	¢		Governmental Activities	
222,007 124,584 293,118 94,432 151,970 117,821 \$ 3,473,150	\$	- - - - - 63,373 70,678	\$ \$	84,305 - 5,798 - - - 49,465 - 53,614 193,182	\$	(1,654,982) (409,404) (160,261) (147,163) (222,007) (124,584) (293,118) (44,967) (151,970) (834) (3,209,290)
Taxes Levied State Aid, not r Interest and Inv Miscellaneous Total Genera Change in Net Pop	l for Buildir estricted fo restment Ea l Revenues sition	ng Purposes r specific purp urnings	ose			620,063 55,612 2,374,477 5,916 15,717 3,071,785 (137,505) (744,150)
	General Revenues Taxes Taxes Leviec Taxes Leviec State Aid, not re Interest and Inv Miscellaneous Total Genera Change in Net Pos Net Position, Begi	General Revenues Taxes Taxes Levied for Genera Taxes Levied for Buildir State Aid, not restricted for Interest and Investment Ea Miscellaneous Total General Revenues Change in Net Position	General Revenues Taxes Taxes Levied for General Purposes Taxes Levied for Building Purposes State Aid, not restricted for specific purp Interest and Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total General Revenues Change in Net Position Net Position, Beginning of Year	General Revenues Taxes Taxes Levied for General Purposes Taxes Levied for Building Purposes State Aid, not restricted for specific purpose Interest and Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total General Revenues Change in Net Position Net Position, Beginning of Year	General Revenues Taxes Taxes Levied for General Purposes Taxes Levied for Building Purposes State Aid, not restricted for specific purpose Interest and Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total General Revenues Change in Net Position Net Position, Beginning of Year	General Revenues Taxes Taxes Levied for General Purposes Taxes Levied for Building Purposes State Aid, not restricted for specific purpose Interest and Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total General Revenues Change in Net Position Net Position, Beginning of Year

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

		Major Funds			
	General Fund	eneral Fund Special Reserve		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSET S					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 338,897	\$ 107,494	\$ 146,197	\$ 11,667	\$ 604,255
Savings and CD's	186,870	-	-	-	186,870
Accounts Receivable	1,004	-	-	-	1,004
Due from County	1,677	59	159	-	1,89
Due from Federal Government	66,333	-	-	-	66,333
Taxes Receivable	22,902	786	2,101		25,789
Total Assets	617,683	108,339	148,457	11,667	886,140
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	4,961				4,96
Total Liabilities	4,961	-	-	-	4,96
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	22,902	786	2,101		25,78
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,902	786	2,101	-	25,78
FUND BALANCE					
Restricted	-	107,553	146,356	-	253,90
Assigned	-	-	-	11,667	11,66
Unassigned	589,820	-		-	589,82
Fund Balance	589,820	107,553	146,356	11,667	855,39
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 617,683	\$ 108,339	\$ 148,457	\$ 11,667	\$ 886,14

See Notes to Financial Statements

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Major Funds									
	General Fund Special Reserve		Capital Projects		Other Governmental Funds		Gov	Total vernmenta Funds		
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	252,994	\$	84,372	\$	161,187	\$	5,655	\$	504,208
Savings and CD's		183,740		-		-		-		183,74
Accounts Receivable		25,027		-		-		-		25,02
Due from County		2,395		89		238		-		2,72
Due from State Government		5,798		-		-		-		5,79
Due from Federal Government		64,507		-		-		-		64,50
Taxes Receivable		23,288		881		2,350		-		26,51
Total Assets		557,749		85,342		163,775		5,655		812,52
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable		42,859		-		-		78		42,93
Total Liabilities		42,859		-		-		78		42,93
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		23,288		881		2,350		-		26,51
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		23,288		881		2,350		-		26,51
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted		-		84,461		161,425		-		245,88
Assigned		-		-		-		5,577		5,57
Unassigned		491,602		-		-		-		491,60
Fund Balance		491,602		84,461		161,425		5,577		743,06
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	557,749	\$	85,342	\$	163,775	\$	5,655	\$	812,52

See Notes to Financial Statements

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

otal Fund Balance - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020		\$ 855,396
Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets	3,212,156	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,743,617)	
Net Capital Assets		1,468,539
Property taxes receivable will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as		
unavailable revenue in the funds.		25,789
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at the end of the year are reported in the statement of net position.		
Compensated Absences	(6,150)	
Notes Payable	(11,063)	
Pension Liability (net of related outflows and inflows)	(3,278,370)	
Total Long-term Liabilities		 (3,295,583)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2020		\$ (945,859)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

tal Fund Balance - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019		\$	743,065
Total net position reported for government activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Cost of Capital Assets	3,124,305		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,689,410)		
Net Capital Assets			1,434,895
Property taxes receivable will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as			
unavailable revenue in the funds.			26,519
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due			
and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund			
liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but			
rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and			
long-term are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at the end of the			
year are reported in the statement of net position.			
Compensated Absences	(3,729)		
Notes Payable	(21,795)		
Pension Liability (net of related outflows and inflows)	(3,060,610)		
Total Long-term Liabilities			(3,086,134
tal Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2019		¢	(881,655

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Major Funds				
	General Fund Special Reserve Capital Projec		Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds	
REVENUES						
Local Sources	\$ 717,242	\$ 22,762	\$ 130,648	\$ 39,886	\$ 910,538	
State Sources	2,499,552	-	-	476	2,500,028	
Federal Sources	81,164	-	-	87,992	169,150	
Interest Income	5,762	330	485	7	6,584	
Miscellaneous Income	19,109	-		304	19,413	
Total Revenues	3,322,829	23,092	131,133	128,665	3,605,719	
EXPENDIT URES						
Current						
Regular Instruction	1,743,405	-	-	-	1,743,40	
Special Instruction	349,605	-	-	-	349,60	
Vocational Instruction	166,653	-	-	-	166,65	
Pupil Services	150,024	-	-	-	150,02	
General Administration Services	190,995	-	-	-	190,99	
School Administration Services	127,145	-	-	-	127,14	
Operation and Maintenance	280,608	-	42,551	-	323,15	
Pupil Transportation	80,934	-	-	-	80,93	
Student Activities	124,510	-	-	-	124,51	
School Food Services	-	-	-	122,575	122,57	
Debt Service						
Principal	10,732	-	-	-	10,732	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction			103,651		103,65	
Total Expenditures	3,224,611		146,202	122,575	3,493,38	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	98,218	23,092	(15,069)	6,090	112,33	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	491,602	84,461	161,425	5,577	743,06	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 589,820	\$ 107,553	\$ 146,356	\$ 11,667	\$ 855,39	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Major Funds				
	General Fund	Special Reserve	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	T otal Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	\$ 627.739	¢ 22.007	¢ 50.710	\$ 63.373	\$ 771.829	
Local Sources State Sources	\$ 627,739 2,429,740	\$ 22,007	\$ 58,710	\$ 63,373 509	,	
Federal Sources	2,429,740 84,305	-	-	53,105	2,430,249 137,410	
Interest Income	5,018	413	- 477	8	5,916	
Miscellaneous Income	15,717	-	-	-	15,717	
Total Revenues	3,162,519	22,420	59,187	116,995	3,361,121	
EXPENDIT URES						
Current						
Regular Instruction	1,712,356	-	-	-	1,712,350	
Special Instruction	409,404	-	-	-	409,404	
Vocational Instruction	160,410	-	-	-	160,410	
Pupil Services	147,163	-	-	-	147,163	
General Administration Services	221,644	-	-	-	221,64	
School Administration Services	124,584	-	-	-	124,584	
Operation and Maintenance	285,382	-	7,736	-	293,118	
Pupil Transportation	83,147	-	-	-	83,14	
Student Activities	123,991	-	-	-	123,99	
School Food Services	-	-	-	113,984	113,984	
Debt Service						
Principal	10,392	-	-	-	10,392	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		_	88,149		88,149	
Total Expenditures	3,278,473		95,885	113,984	3,488,342	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(115,954)	22,420	(36,698)	3,011	(127,22)	
OT HER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer In	59,280	-	-	_	59,280	
Operating Transfer Out		(59,280)			(59,28	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	59,280	(59,280)	-	-	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(56,674)	(36,860)	(36,698)	3,011	(127,22	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	548,276	121,321	198,123	2,566	870,28	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 491,602	\$ 84,461	\$ 161,425	\$ 5,577	\$ 743,06	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Government Funds June 30, 2020		\$	112,331
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets with a cost greater than \$5,000 is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year.			33,644
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Net Increase in Compensated Absences Net Increase in Pension Liability	(2,421) (217,760)		(220,181)
Repayment of debt principal and other long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental fund financial statements, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			10,732
Some revenues reported on the statement of activities are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds since they do not represent available resources to pay current expenditures. This consists of a decrease			
in taxes receivable. Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2020		\$	(730)
		Ψ	(04,204)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Government Funds June 30, 2019	\$ (127,221)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets with a cost greater than \$5,000 is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year.	9,860
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Net Decrease in Compensated Absences20,291Net Increase in Pension Liability(25,351)	(5,060)
Repayment of debt principal and other long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental fund financial statements, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	10,392
Some revenues reported on the statement of activities are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds since they do not represent available resources to pay current expenditures. This consists of a decrease in taxes receivable.	(25.476)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2019	\$ (25,476) (137,505)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	 Agency Funds							
	2020		2019					
Assets Cash and Investments	\$ 115,477	\$	108,377					
Total Assets	115,477		108,377					
Liabilities Due to Groups	 115,477		108,377					
Total Liabilities	\$ 115,477	\$	108,377					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the North Sargent Public School District No. 3, Gwinner, North Dakota (the District) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the North Sargent Public School District No. 3. The District has considered all potential component units for which the District is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the District such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criterion includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the North Sargent Public School District No. 3 to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on North Sargent Public School District No. 3.

Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the North Sargent Public School District No. 3 as a reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (North Sargent Public School District No. 3). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, fees and other non-exchange transactions. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements - The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the district-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- 1. General Fund
 - a. The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. Capital Projects Building Fund
 - a. Used to account for financial resources related to capital outlays made by the District.
- 3. Special Reserve Fund
 - a. Used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District.

Additionally, the District reports the following governmental fund types that are included in non-major funds:

- 1. Governmental Funds
 - a. Food Service Fund Used to account for food service revenues and expenditures.
- 2. Fiduciary Funds
 - a. Agency Funds Used to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity, the District's Agency Fund is the Student Activity Fund.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Government Fund Financial Statements - Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. All revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

D. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts. Cash equivalents on the statement of cash flows consist of certificates of deposit with a maturity of three months or less. Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the uninsured balance.

Investments consist of certificates of deposits stated at cost with maturities greater than three months.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets include buildings and equipment. Assets are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Playground equipment	20
School busses	15
Other vehicles	15
Office equipment	5
Other equipment	10

F. Vacation Pay, Sick Pay, Severance

The expenditures for vacation pay are recognized when payment is made. Employees are not allowed to carryover unused vacation days. Upon termination of employment with the District, an employee that has a minimum of five years of service in the District will be entitled to sick pay reimbursement at the rate of \$20 per day, for a maximum of 80 days of unused, accumulated sick leave.

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the government activities statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period since the amounts are not material. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Fund for Retirement (TFFR) and the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from TFFR's and NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TFFR and NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System (NDPERS) and additions to/deductions from the NDPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NDPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in the classifications that disclose constraints for which amount in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

- 1. Nonspendable
 - a. Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. They include items such as, but not limited to, inventories, prepaid items, or the permanent principal of endowment funds.
- 2. Restricted
 - a. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

3. Committed

- a. A committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the School Board. Formal action is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.
- 4. Assigned
 - a. Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but are under the direction of the board and the business manager.
- 5. Unassigned
 - a. Unassigned fund balance is the lowest classification for the General Fund. This is a fund balance that has not been reported in any other classification. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

It is the policy of the District to spend restricted resources first, followed by unrestricted resources. It is also the policy of the District to spend unrestricted resources of funds in the following order: committed, assigned and then unassigned.

K. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the District's financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any long-term debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted Net Position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted Net Position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows or resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

L. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund statements, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. In the government-wide financial statements, interfund transactions have been eliminated.

NOTE 2 – LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

Expenditures over Appropriations – General fund expenditures exceed appropriates for the year ended June 30, 2019. Expenditures in general administration, regular instruction, and special instruction exceeded budgeted amounts.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with North Dakota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at the depository banks designed by the governing board. All depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Deposits must either be deposited with the Bank of North Dakota or in other financial institutions situated and doing business within the state. Deposits, other than with the Bank of North Dakota, must be fully insured or bonded. In lieu of a bond, a financial institution may provide a pledge of securities equal to 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes bills, notes, or bonds issued by the United States government, its agencies or instrumentalities, all bonds and notes guaranteed by the United States government, Federal land bank bonds, notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, insured certificates of deposit, shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Companies Act of 1940, and all other forms of securities issued by the State of North Dakota, its boards, agencies or instrumentalities or by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other political subdivision of the State of North Dakota whether payable from special revenues or supported by the full faith and credit of the issuing body and bonds issued by another state of the United States or such other securities approved by the banking board. At year end June 30, 2020 and 2019, the District's carrying amounts of deposits was \$906,602 and \$796,325. The bank balances at June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$1,225,290 and \$1,158,744. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining bank balances were collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution's agent in the government's name.

Credit Risk:

The District may invest idle funds as authorized in North Dakota Statues, as follows:

- Bonds, treasury bills and notes, or other securities that are a direct obligation insured or guaranteed by the Treasury of the United States, or its agencies, instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of congress.
- Securities sold under agreements to repurchase written by a financial institution in which the underlying securities for the agreement to repurchase are the type listed above.
- Certificates of Deposit fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- Obligations of the state.

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the District held one certificate of deposit with a value of \$186,870 and \$183,740.

Interest Rate Risk:

The District does not have a formal deposit policy that limits maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair-value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The District does not have a limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4 – TAXES RECEIVABLE

The taxes receivable represents the past five years of uncollected current and delinquent taxes. No allowance has been established for uncollectible taxes receivable.

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authority. Any material tax collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and may be paid in two installments. The first installment includes one-half of the real estate taxes and all the special assessments and the second installment is the balance of the real estate taxes. The first installment is due by March 1 and the second installment is due by October 15. A 5% discount on property taxes is allowed if all taxes and special assessments are paid by February 15. After the due dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties are assessed.

Most property owners choose to pay property taxes and special assessments in a single payment on or before February 15 and receive the discount on the property taxes.

NOTE 5 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of amounts for accrued interest and amounts on open account from other school districts and organizations for goods and services furnished by the District. No allowance has been established for uncollectible accounts.

NOTE 6 – DUE FROM COUNTY

Due from county represents the amount of taxes collected prior to year-end that are distributed to the District shortly after June 30, 2020 and 2019.

NOTE 7 – DUE FROM FEDERAL AND STATE GOVERNMENT

The amount due from federal government consists of a reimbursement claim for various programs. This claim is passed through the state.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Balance July 1, 2019		Additions		Retirements		Balance June 30, 2020	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	2,630,817	\$	103,651	\$	-	\$	2,734,468
Vehicles		353,675		6,500		(27,300)		332,875
Equipment		139,813		5,000		-		144,813
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		3,124,305		115,151		(27,300)		3,212,156
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements		1,357,903		47,488		-		1,405,391
Vehicles		253,338		23,985		(27,300)		250,023
Equipment		78,169		10,034		-		88,203
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,689,410		81,507		(27,300)		1,743,617
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net		1,434,895		33,644		-		1,468,539
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	1,434,895	\$	33,644	\$	-	\$	1,468,539

	Balance July 1, 2018		Additions		Retirements		Balance June 30, 201	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	2,542,668	\$	88,149	\$	-	\$	2,630,817
Vehicles		353,675		-		-		353,675
Equipment		139,813		-		-		139,813
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		3,036,156		88,149		-		3,124,305
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements		1,312,488		45,415		-		1,357,903
Vehicles		229,784		23,554		-		253,338
Equipment		68,849		9,320		-		78,169
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,611,121		78,289		-		1,689,410
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net		1,425,035		9,860		-		1,434,895
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	1,425,035	\$	9,860	\$	-	\$	1,434,895

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

	 2020	 2019
Governmental Activities:		
Regular Instruction	\$ 29,174	\$ 29,176
Vocational Instruction	5,649	5,649
General Administration Services	363	363
Operation and Maintenance	2,787	-
Pupil Transportation	11,718	11,285
Student Activities	27,979	27,979
School Food Services	 3,837	 3,837
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 81,507	\$ 78,289

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term liabilities:

	Lia	ong-term bilites at y 1, 2019	In	creases	I	Decreases	Lia	ong-term abilites at e 30, 2020	 e Within ne Year
Governmental Activities									
Notes Payable	\$	21,795	\$	-	\$	(10,732)	\$	11,063	\$ 11,063
Compensated Absences*		3,729		2,421		-		6,150	-
Pension and OPEB Liability*		3,825,349		-		(263,809)		3,561,540	-
Total - Governmental Activities	\$	3,850,873	\$	2,421	\$	(274,541)	\$	3,578,753	\$ 11,063

	Li	ong-term abilites at ly 1, 2018	I	ncreases	D	lecreases	Li	ong-term abilites at e 30, 2019	 e Within ne Year
Governmental Activities									
Notes Payable	\$	32,187	\$	-	\$	(10,392)	\$	21,795	\$ 10,725
Compensated Absences*		24,020		-		(20,291)		3,729	-
Pension and OPEB Liability*		3,746,542		78,807		-		3,825,349	 -
Total - Governmental Activities	\$	3,802,749	\$	78,807	\$	(30,683)	\$	3,850,873	\$ 10,725

*The change in compensated absences and pension and OPEB liability is shown as a net change because changes in salary prohibit exact calculations of additions and reductions.

Outstanding debt at June 30, 2020 and 2019, is comprised of the following:

• Note Payable – From an original issuance of \$43,449 at an interest rate of 3.1%. At June 30, 2020 and 2019 \$11,063 and \$21,795 remained outstanding. The principal and interest are payable through January 20, 2021.

The debt service requirements are as follows:

Note Payable

(Dated December 13, 2017, Due annually to January 20, 2021)

(Interest paid annually on January 20)

Year Ending June 30,	Rate	Р	Principal		Interest		ayment
2021	3.10%	\$	11,063	\$	338	\$	11,401
Totals		\$	11,063	\$	338	\$	11,401

NOTE 10 – DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements consist of amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available and include taxes receivables of \$25,789 and \$26,519 at June 30, 2020 and 2019. Deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position consist of related pension expense of \$534,310 and \$230,428 at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

NOTE 11 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources in the fund financial statements consist of amounts for which liability recognition criteria have been met, but for which expense recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available. Deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position consist of related pension expense of \$817,480 and \$995,167 at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In 1986, state agencies and political subdivisions of the State of North Dakota joined together to form the North Dakota Insurance Reserve Fund (NDIRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the state and over 2,000 political subdivisions. The District pays an annual premium to NDIRF for its general liability, auto and public assets insurance coverage. The coverage by NDIRF is limited to losses of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for general liability and auto coverage.

The District also participates in the North Dakota Fire and Tornado Fund and the State Bonding Fund. The District pays an annual premium to the Fire and Tornado Fund to cover property damage to buildings and personal property. Replacement cost coverage is provided by estimating replacement cost in consultation with the Fire and Tornado Fund. The Fire and Tornado Fund is reinsured by a third-party insurance carrier for losses in excess of \$2,000,000 per occurrence during a twelve-month period. The State Bonding Fund currently provides political subdivision with blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,100,017 for its employees. The State Bonding Fund does not currently charge any premium for this coverage.

The District participates in the North Dakota Workforce Safety & Insurance and purchases commercial insurance for employee health and boiler and machinery insurance. Settled claims resulting from these above risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims of unemployment benefits. During the year ended June 30, 2020, no claims were filed for unemployment benefits.

NOTE 13 – PENSION PLANS

North Dakota Teacher's Fund for Retirement

The following brief description of TFFR is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 15-39.1 for more complete information.

TFFR is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all North Dakota public teachers and certain other teachers who meet various membership requirements. TFFR provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The cost to administer the TFFR plan is financed by investment income and contributions.

Responsibility for administration of the TFFR benefits program is assigned to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board). The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and five members appointed by the Governor. The appointed members serve five-year terms which end on June 30 of alternate years. The appointed Board members must include two active teachers, one active school administrator, and two retired members. The TFFR Board submits any necessary or desirable changes in statutes relating to the administration of the fund, including benefit terms, to the Legislative Assembly for consideration. The Legislative Assembly has final authority for changes to benefit terms and contribution rates.

Pension Benefits

For purposes of determining pension benefits, members are classified within one of three categories. Tier 1 grandfathered and Tier 1 non-grandfathered members are those with service credit on file as of July 1, 2008. Tier 2 members are those newly employed and returning refunded members on or after July 1, 2008.

Tier 1 Grandfathered

A Tier 1 grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 85. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 6% per year for every year the member's retirement age is less than 65 years or the date as of which age plus service equal 85. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 1 Non-Grandfathered

A Tier 1 non-grandfathered member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when three or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the three highest annual salaries earned divided by 36 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Tier 2

A Tier 2 member is entitled to receive unreduced benefits when five or more years of credited service as a teacher in North Dakota have accumulated, the member is no longer employed as a teacher and the member has reached age 65, or has reached age 60 and the sum of age and years of service credit equals or exceeds 90. TFFR permits early retirement from ages 55 to 64, with benefits actuarially reduced by 8% per year from the earlier of age 60/Rule of 90 or age 65. In either case, benefits may not exceed the maximum benefits specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pension benefits paid by TFFR are determined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-10. Monthly benefits under TFFR are equal to the five highest annual salaries earned divided by 60 months and multiplied by 2.00% times the number of service credits earned. Retirees may elect payment of benefits in the form of a single life annuity, 100% or 50% joint and survivor annuity, ten or twenty-year term certain annuity, partial lump-sum option or level income with Social Security benefits. Members may also qualify for benefits calculated under other formulas.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death benefits may be paid to a member's designated beneficiary. If a member's death occurs before retirement, the benefit options available are determined by the member's vesting status prior to death. If a member's death occurs after retirement, the death benefit received by the beneficiary (if any) is based on the retirement plan the member selected at retirement.

An active member is eligible to receive disability benefits when: (a) a total disability lasting 12 months or more does not allow the continuation of teaching, (b) the member has accumulated five years of credited service in North Dakota, and (c) the Board of Trustees of TFFR has determined eligibility based upon medical evidence. The amount of the disability benefit is computed by the retirement formula in NDCC Section 15-39.1-10 without consideration of age and uses the member's actual years of credited service. There is no actuarial reduction for reason of disability retirement.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to TFFR are set by NDCC Section 15-39.1-09. Every eligible teacher in the State of North Dakota is required to be a member of TFFR and is assessed at a rate of 11.75% of salary as defined by NDCC Section 15-39.1-04. Every governmental body employing a teacher must also pay into TFFR a sum equal to 12.75% of the teacher's salary. Member and employer contributions will be reduced to 7.75% each when the fund reaches 100% funded ratio on an actuarial basis.

A vested member who terminates covered employment may elect a refund of contributions paid plus 6% interest or defer payment until eligible for pension benefits. A non-vested member who terminates covered employment must claim a refund of contributions paid before age 70½. Re-funded members forfeit all service credits under TFFR. These service credits may be repurchased upon return to covered employment under certain circumstances, as defined by the NDCC.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the District reported a liability of \$3,113,988 and \$3,144,614 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial calculation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District share of covered payroll in the pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating TFFR employees. At June 30, 2019 and 2018 the District's proportion was .226101 and .235930 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expenses of \$372,160. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Iı	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,446	\$	112,385
Changes in assumptions		110,676		-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		43,833		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		228,611		159,328
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		197,341		-
Totals	\$	584,907	\$	271,713

\$197,341 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expenses of \$328,481. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferre Outflows Resourc			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	8,535	\$	85,525
Changes in assumptions		173,231		-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		10,872
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		293,646		62,612
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		202,236		-
Totals	\$	677,648	\$	159,009

\$202,236 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2021	\$ 108,067
2022	34,158
2023	22,188
2024	(6,002)
2025	(16,764)
Thereafter	(25,793)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	4.25% to 14.50%, varying by service,
	including inflation and productivity
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living-adjustments	None

For active and inactive members, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table set back one year, multiplied by 50% for ages under 75 and grading up to 100% by age 80, projected generationally using Scale MP-2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table set forward four years.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015. They are the same as the assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, funding actuarial valuation for TFFR.

As a result of the April 30, 2015 actuarial experience study, the TFFR Board adopted several assumption changes, including the following:

- Investment return assumption lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- Inflation assumption lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- Total salary scales rates lowered by 0.25% due to lower inflation.
- Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equities	58%	6.90%
Global Fixed Income	23%	2.10%
Global Real Assets	18%	5.40%
Cash Equivalents	1%	0.00%
Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75% percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2019, Actuarial Valuation Report. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members as of July 1, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate.

	19	% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,205,472	\$ 3,113,988		\$	3,113,988

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TFFR financial report.

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDCC Chapter 54-52 for more complete information.

NDPERS is a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the State of North Dakota, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. NDPERS provides for pension, death, and disability benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit pension plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

Pension Benefits

Benefits are set by statute. NDPERS has no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Member of the Main System are entitled to unreduced monthly pension benefits beginning when the sum of age and years of credited service equal or exceed 85 (Rule of 85), or at normal retirement age (65). For members hired on or after January 1, 2016 the Rule of 85 was be replaced with the Rule of 90 with a minimum age of 60. The monthly pension benefit is equal to 2.00% of their average monthly salary, using the highest 36 months out of the last 180 months of service, for each year of service. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020 the 2.00% multiplier was replaced with a 1.75% multiplier. The plan permits early retirement at ages 55-64 with three or more years of service.

Members may elect to receive the pension benefits in the form of a single life, joint and survivor, term-certain annuity, or partial lump sum with ongoing annuity. Members may elect to receive the value of their accumulated contributions, plus interest, as a lump sum distribution upon retirement or termination, or they may elect to receive their benefits in the form of an annuity. For each member electing an annuity, total payment will not be less than the members' accumulated contributions plus interest.

Death and Disability Benefits

Death and disability benefits are set by statute. If an active member dies with less than three years of service for the Main System, a death benefit equal to the value of the member's accumulated contributions, plus interest, is paid to the member's beneficiary. If the member has earned more than three years of credited service for the Main System, the surviving spouse will be entitled to a single payment refund, life-time monthly payments in an amount equal to 50% of the member's accrued normal retirement benefit, or monthly payments in an amount equal to the member's accrued 100% Joint and Survivor retirement benefit if the member had reached normal retirement age prior to date of death. If the surviving spouse dies before the member's accumulated pension benefits are paid, the balance will be payable to the surviving spouse's designated beneficiary.

Eligible members who become totally disabled after a minimum of 180 days of service, receive monthly disability benefits equal to 25% of their final average salary with a minimum benefit of \$100. To qualify under this section, the member has to become disabled during the period of eligible employment and apply for benefits within one year of termination. The definition for disabled is set by the NDPERS in the North Dakota Administrative Code.

Refunds of Member Account Balance

Upon termination, if a member of the Main System is not vested (is not 65 or does not have three years of service), they will receive the accumulated member contributions and vested employer contributions, plus interest, or may elect to receive this amount at a later date. If the member has vested, they have the option of applying for a refund or can remain as a terminated vested participant. If a member terminated and withdrew their accumulated member contribution and is subsequently reemployed, they have the option of repurchasing their previous service.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to NDPERS are set by statute and are established as a percent of salaries and ages. Member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates 7.12% of covered compensation. For members hired on or after January 1, 2020, member contribution rates are 7% and employer contribution rates are 8.26% of covered compensation

The member's account balance includes the vested employer contributions equal to the member's contributions to an eligible deferred compensation plan. The minimum member contribution is \$25, and the maximum may not exceed the following:

1 to 12 months of service	Greater of one percent of monthly salary of \$25
13 to 24 months of service 25 to 36 months of service	Greater of two percent of monthly salary of \$25 Greater of three percent of monthly salary of \$25
Longer than 36 months of service	Greater of four percent of monthly salary of \$25

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the District reported a liability of \$420,680 and \$652,160 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the Main System pension plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating Main System employers. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's proportion was .035892 and .038644 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$72,740. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	249	\$	76,345	
Changes in assumptions	15	7,197	134,967		
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	7,329			-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3	1,020		48,546	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2	8,381	1	-	
Totals	\$ 22	4,176	\$	259,858	

\$28,381 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$72,740. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Ir	Deferred aflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,726		\$	22,188
Changes in assumptions	235,416			9,308
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-		3,173	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	45,383		35,324	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		27,384		-
Totals	\$	309,909	\$	69,993

\$27,384 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2021	\$ 10,066
2022	(822)
2023	(15,162)
2024	(44,395)
2025	(13,650)
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%		
Salary Increases	Service at Beginning of Year	State Employee	Non-State Employee
-	0	12.00%	15.00%
	1	9.50%	10.00%
	2	7.25%	8.00%
	Age*		
	Under 30	7.25%	10.00%
	30-39	6.50%	7.50%
	40-49	6.25%	6.75%
	50-59	5.75%	6.50%
	60+	5.00%	6.25%

*Age- based salary increases apply for employees with three or more years of service

Investment Rate of Return	7.50%, net of investment expense
Cost-of-Living-Adjustment	None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, morality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back one year for males (no setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	30%	6.25%
International Equity	21%	6.95%
Private Equity	7%	10.15%
Domestic Fixed Income	23%	2.11%
International Fixed Income	0%	0.00%
Global Real Assets	19%	5.41%
Cash Equivalents	0%	0.00%

Discount Rate

For PERS, GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the System to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The current employer and employee fixed rate contributions are assumed to be made in each future year. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, which is the case for the PERS plan, the use of a municipal bond rate is required.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.13%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.50%.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	(6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)		1% Increase (8.50%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 603.165	\$	420.680	\$ 267.361	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NDPERS financial report.

NOTE 14 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

North Dakota Public Employees Retirement System

The following brief description of NDPERS is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to NDAC Chapter 71-06 for more complete information.

NDPERS OPEB plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, and Judges retired under Chapter 27-17 of the North Dakota Century Code a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan based upon the member's years of credited service. Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. The Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis.

Responsibility for administration of the NDPERS defined benefit OPEB plan is assigned to a Board comprised of nine members. The Board consists of a Chairman, who is appointed by the Governor; one member appointed by the Attorney General; one member appointed by the State Health Officer; three members elected by the active membership of the NDPERS system, one member elected by the retired public employees and two members of the legislative assembly appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.

NORTH SARGENT PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 Notes to Financial Statements – Continued

OPEB Benefits

The employer contribution for the PERS, the HPRS and the Defined Contribution Plan is set by statute at 1.14% of covered compensation. The employer contribution for employees of the state board of career and technical education is 2.99% of covered compensation for a period of eight years ending October 1, 2015. Employees participating in the retirement plan as part-time/temporary members are required to contribute 1.14% of their covered compensation to the Retiree Health Insurance Credit Fund. Employees purchasing previous service credit are also required to make an employee contribution to the Fund. The benefit amount applied each year is shown as *"prefunded credit applied"* on the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position for the OPEB trust funds.

Retiree health insurance credit benefits and death and disability benefits are set by statute. There are no provisions or policies with respect to automatic and ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. Employees who are receiving monthly retirement benefits from the PERS, the HPRS, the Defined Contribution Plan, the Chapter 27-17 judges or an employee receiving disability benefits, or the spouse of a deceased annuitant receiving a surviving spouse benefit or if the member selected a joint and survivor option are eligible to receive a credit toward their monthly health insurance premium under the state health plan.

Effective July 1, 2015, the credit is also available to apply towards monthly premiums under the state dental, vision and long-term care plan and any other health insurance plan. The benefits are equal to \$5.00 for each of the employee's, or deceased employee's years of credited service not to exceed the premium in effect for selected coverage. The retiree health insurance credit is also available for early retirement with reduced benefits.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the District reported a liability of \$26,872 and \$28,575 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the OPEB plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating OPEB employers. At June 30, 2019 and 2018 the District's proportion was .0333457 and .036282 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2020 the District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,342. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Inf	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	662	\$	839	
Changes in assumptions		3,203		-	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		30		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		22		1,900	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,480		-	
Totals	\$	8,397	\$	2,739	

\$4,480 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,503. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Inf	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	854	\$	590	
Changes in assumptions		2,345		-	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		615	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		27		221	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,384		-	
Totals	\$	7,610	\$	1,426	

\$4,384 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$ 182
2022	182
2023	433
2024	387
2025	102
Thereafter	(108)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Not applicable
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living-adjustments	None

For active members, inactive members and healthy retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table set back two years for males and three years for females, projected generationally using the SSA 2014 Intermediate Cost scale from 2014. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back one year for males (no setback for females) multiplied by 125%.

NORTH SARGENT PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 Notes to Financial Statements – Continued

The long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for the RHIC fund was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of RHIC investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return, for each major asset class included in the RHIC's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term Expected Real
Target Allocation	Rate of Return
33%	6.00%
6%	7.30%
40%	2.07%
21%	6.95%
	33% 6% 40%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member and statutory/Board approved employer contributions will be made at rates equal to those based on the July 1, 2018, and July 1, 2017, HPRS actuarial valuation reports. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current RHIC members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the RHIC fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on RHIC investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of The District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Change in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plans as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the RHIC net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	Decrease 6.25%)	nt Discount e (7.25%)	Increase 8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 34,299	\$ 26,872	\$ 20,515

NOTE 15 – JOINT VENTURE

The District participates in the following joint ventures:

A. South Valley Multi-District Special Education Unit

Formed for the purpose of providing special education services to the member school districts. The Co-op's governing board is composed of representatives from the member school districts, who are superintendents. The Board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget. The School District retains no equity in the net assets of the Co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from South Valley Multi-District Special Education Unit.

B. Southeast Region Career and Technology Center

Formed for the purpose of providing vocational services to the member school districts. The Co-op's governing board is composed of eight representatives from the member school districts, who are school board members. The Board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget. The School District retains no equity in the net assets of the Co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation. Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from Southeast Region Career and Technology Center.

NOTE 16 - NONMONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The District receives food commodities from the federal government to subsidize its food service program. The market value of commodities received for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$13,654 and \$11,643.

NOTE 17 – TRANSFERS

A transfer was made from the special revenue fund to the general fund in accordance with NDCC 57-19-02.

NOTE 18 – CONCENTRATIONS

The District receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state governments. A significant reduction in this support may have a material effect on the District's programs and its continued operations.

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through August 11, 2022, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 732,575	\$ 732,575	\$ 717,242	\$ (15,333)
State Sources	2,499,514	2,499,514	2,499,552	38
Federal Sources	81,664	81,664	81,164	(500)
Interest Income	3,600	3,600	5,762	2,162
Miscellaneous Income	15,500	15,500	19,109	3,609
Total Revenues	3,332,853	3,332,853	3,322,829	(10,024
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Regular Instruction	1,786,589	1,786,589	1,743,405	43,184
Special Instruction	329,543	329,543	349,605	(20,062
Vocational Instruction	164,800	164,800	166,653	(1,853
Pupil Services	150,640	150,640	150,024	616
General Administration Services	205,952	205,952	190,995	14,957
School Administration Services	128,016	128,016	127,145	871
Operation and Maintenance	297,435	297,435	280,608	16,827
Pupil Transportation	88,915	88,915	80,934	7,981
Student Activities	137,356	137,356	124,510	12,846
Principal	10,408	10,408	10,732	(324
Total Expenditures	3,299,654	3,299,654	3,224,611	75,043
Excess of Revenues over				
Expenditures	33,199	33,199	98,218	65,019
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			491,602	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 589,820	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – SPECIAL RESERVE Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Orig	inal Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	ance with al Budget
REVENUES						
Local Sources	\$	22,000	\$	22,000	\$ 22,762	\$ 762
Interest Income		-		-	 330	 330
Total Revenues		22,000		22,000	23,092	1,092
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR					 84,461	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$ 107,553	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ori	ginal Budget	Fi	nal Budget		Actual	 ice with Final Budget
REVENUES			+				
Local Sources	\$	654,744	\$	654,744	\$	627,739	\$ (27,005)
State Sources		2,429,642		2,429,642		2,429,740	98
Federal Sources Interest Income		84,305		84,305		84,305	-
Miscellaneous Income		2,100 17,300		2,100 17,300		5,018 15,717	2,918 (1,583
Total Revenues		3,188,091		3,188,091		3,162,519	(25,572)
Total Revenues		5,188,091		5,188,091		5,102,519	(23,372)
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Regular Instruction		1,704,393		1,704,393		1,712,356	(7,963
Special Instruction		399,857		399,857		409,404	(9,547
Vocational Instruction		162,906		162,906		160,410	2,496
Pupil Services		146,593		146,593		147,163	(570
General Administration Services		195,897		195,897		221,644	(25,747
School Administration Services		126,328		126,328		124,584	1,744
Operation and Maintenance		291,901		291,901		285,382	6,519
Pupil Transportation		91,644		91,644		83,147	8,497
Student Activities		134,318		134,318		123,991	10,327
Principal		10,416		10,416		10,392	 24
Total Expenditures		3,264,253		3,264,253		3,278,473	(14,220)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(76,162)		(76,162)		(115,954)	(39,792)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Operating Transfer In		59,280		59,280		59,280	 -
Total Other Financing Sources		59,280		59,280	_	59,280	 -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(16,882)		(16,882)		(56,674)	(39,792
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						548,276	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	491,602	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – SPECIAL RESERVE Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES	Orig	inal Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	 nce with Budget
Local Sources Interest Income	\$	22,000	\$	22,000	\$	22,007 413	\$ 7 413
Total Revenues		22,000		22,000		22,420	420
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfer Out		(59,280)		(59,280)		(59,280)	 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(59,280)		(59,280)	1	(59,280)	 -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(37,280)		(37,280)		(36,860)	420
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						121,321	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	84,461	

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability North Dakota Teachers Fund for Retirement Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	Covered-employee payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	0.226101%	3,113,988	1,586,165	196.32%	65.50%
2019	0.235930%	3,144,614	1,603,875	196.06%	65.50%
2018	0.225950%	3,103,475	1,525,095	203.49%	63.20%
2017	0.233129%	3,415,479	1,514,698	225.49%	59.20%
2016	0.206517%	2,700,943	1,270,298	212.62%	62.10%
2015	0.204943%	2,147,439	1,188,780	180.64%	66.60%

Schedule of Employer Contributions North Dakota Teachers Fund for Retirement Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions in relation to statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2020	202,236	(202,236)	-	1,586,165	12.75%
2019	204,494	(204,494)	-	1,603,875	12.75%
2018	194,450	(194,450)	-	1,525,095	12.75%
2017	193,124	(193,124)	-	1,514,698	12.75%
2016	161,955	(161,955)	-	1,270,298	12.75%
2015	127,793	(127,793)	-	1,188,780	10.75%

*Complete data for these schedules is not available prior to 2015

**The measurement date of the net pension liability is June 30th of the prior year

NORTH SARGENT PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Employer Contributions – Continued

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability ND Public Employee's Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	Covered-employee payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	0.035892%	420,680	373,336	112.68%	71.66%
2019	0.038644%	652,160	397,001	164.27%	62.80%
2018	0.038233%	614,530	390,298	157.45%	61.98%
2017	0.030810%	300,273	310,490	96.71%	70.46%
2016	0.041357%	281,221	368,437	76.33%	77.15%
2015	0.038341%	243,359	322,980	75.35%	77.70%

Schedule of Employer Contributions ND Public Employee's Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions in relation to statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2020	27,181	(27,625)	(444)	373,336	7.40%
2019	29,240	(26,504)	2,736	397,001	6.68%
2018	28,301	(28,568)	(267)	390,298	7.32%
2017	22,479	(27,604)	(5,125)	310,490	8.89%
2016	27,986	(26,232)	1,754	368,437	7.12%
2015	22,996	(22,996)	-	322,980	7.12%

*Complete data for these schedules is not available prior to 2015

**The measurement date of the net pension liability is June 30th of the prior year

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		ND Public Em	yer's Share of Net OPEB I pployee's Retirement Syste tt 10 Fiscal Years	•	
	Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	Covered-employee payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	0.033457%	26,872	373,336	7.20%	63.13%
2019	0.036282%	28,575	397,001	7.20%	61.89%
2018	0.036077%	28,537	390,298	7.31%	59.78%
		ND Public Em	f Employer Contributions pployee's Retirement Syste tt 10 Fiscal Years	em	
	Statutorily required	Contributions in relation to statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2020	4,342	(4,423)	(81)	373,336	1.18%
2019	4,657	(4,244)	413	397,001	1.07%
2018	4,537	(4,574)	(37)	390,298	1.17%

*Complete data for these schedules is not available prior to 2018

^{**}The measurement date of the net pension liability is June 30th of the prior year

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE 1 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The School Board adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for the general fund.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The annual budget must be prepared, and District taxes must be levied on or before the 15th day of August of each year.
- The taxes levied must be certified to the county auditor by October 10th.
- The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- Each budget is controlled by the Business Manager at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.
- The current budget, except for property taxes, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.
- All appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE 2 – NORTH DAKOTA TEACHERS' FUND FOR RETIREMENT CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

Amounts reported in 2016 and later reflect the following actuarial assumption changes based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 30, 2015:

- Investment return assumption lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- Inflation assumption lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- Total salary scale rates lowered by .25% due to inflation.
- Added explicit administrative expense assumption, equal to prior year administrative expense plus inflation.
- Rates of turnover and retirement were changed to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- Updated mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement.

NOTE 3 – NORTH DAKOTA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

Changes of Benefit Terms

The interest rate earned on member contributions will decrease from 7.25 percent to 7.00 percent effective January 1, 2020 (based on the adopted decrease in the investment return assumption). New Main System members who are hired on or after January 1, 2020 will have a benefit multiplier of 1.75 percent (compared to the current benefit multiplier of 2.00 percent). The fixed employer contribution for new members of the Main System will increase from 7.12 percent to 8.26 percent. For members who terminate after December 31, 2019, final average salary is the higher of the final average salary calculated on December 31, 2019 or the average salary earned in the three highest periods of twelve consecutive months employed during the last 180 months of employment. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

Changes of Assumptions

The Board approved the following changes to the actuarial assumptions beginning with the July 1, 2019 valuation:

• The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.75% to 7.50%

All other actuarial assumptions and the actuarial cost method are unchanged from the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

NOTE 4 – NORTH DAKOTA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM CHANGE OF ASSUMPTIONS OPEB

Changes of Benefit Terms

Beginning January 1, 2020, members first enrolled in the NDPERS Main System and the Defined Contribution Plan on or after that date will not be eligible to participate in RHIC. Therefore, RHIC will become for the most part a closed plan. There have been no other changes in plan provisions since the previous actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

Changes of Assumptions

The Board approved the following changes to the actuarial assumptions beginning with the July 1, 2019 valuation:

• The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%

All other actuarial assumptions and the actuarial cost method are unchanged from the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2020

	Foo	Food Service	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,667	
Total Assets		11,667	
FUND BALANCE Assigned		11,667	
Fund Balance		11,667	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	11,667	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2019

	Food Service	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,655
Total Assets		5,655
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		78
Total Liabilities		78
FUND BALANCE		
Assigned		5,577
Fund Balance		5,577
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	5,655

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Food Service	
REVENUES		
Local Sources	\$	39,886
State Sources		476
Federal Sources		87,992
Interest Income		7
Miscellaneous Income		304
Total Revenues		128,665
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
School Food Services		122,575
Total Expenditures		122,575
Excess of Revenues over		
Expenditures		6,090
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		5,577
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	11,667

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Food Service	
REVENUES		
Local Sources	\$	63,373
State Sources		509
Federal Sources		53,105
Interest Income		8
Total Revenues		116,995
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
School Food Services		113,984
Total Expenditures		113,984
Excess of Revenues over		
Expenditures		3,011
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,566
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	5,577



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board North Sargent Public School District No. 3 Gwinner, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Sargent Public School District No. 3, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the North Sargent Public School District No. 3's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 11, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered North Sargent Public School District No. 3's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of North Sargent Public School District No. 3's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current year findings that we consider to be material weaknesses (2020-001 and 2020-002).

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether North Sargent Public School District No. 3's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with these provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

North Sargent Public School District No. 3's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of current year findings. North Sargent Public School District No. 3's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Nadire Auleon. LLC

Nadine Julson, LLC Wahpeton, North Dakota August 11, 2022

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS Years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

2020-001 INADEQUATE SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Criteria

The segregation of duties and responsibilities between different individuals for custody of assets, recordkeeping for those assets, and reconciliation of those asset accounts is an important control activity needed to adequately protect the entity's assets and ensure accurate financial reporting.

Condition

Proper internal control surrounding custody of assets, the recording of transactions, reconciling bank accounts and preparation of financial statements dictates that there should be sufficient accounting personnel, so duties of employees are properly segregated. More segregation of duties would provide better control over the assets of the District.

Effect or Potential Effect

Without sufficient segregation of duties, the risk significant increases that errors and fraud related to cash receipts, disbursements, and reconciliations, including misappropriation of assets, could occur and not be detected within a timely basis.

Recommendation

The accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation of duties is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of financial management and financial statement accuracy for the District. Segregation of authorization, custody of assets, record keeping, and reconciliation functions would assist in mitigating the risk of fraud or misstatements to the financial statements.

Views of Responsible Officials

There is no disagreement with the audit finding and we understand that this will be a repeated recommendation due to the limited amount of resources of the District. The District will segregate functions where feasible.

2020-002 FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

Criteria

A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate system for the preparation of the financial statements, including recording government wide journal entries in order to reconcile from the fund financials to the government wide financials and ensuring all general ledger accounts are properly reflected on a GAAP basis.

Condition

The District does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited, including recording government wide journal entries. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements, which include proposing government wide journal entries, and drafting the accompanying notes to financial statements.

Effect

Inadequate controls over financial reporting of the District results in more than a remote likelihood that the District would not be able to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct without the assistance of the auditors.

Recommendation

We recommend the District be aware of this condition and be prepared and able to provide all necessary information and schedules to complete the financial statements and disclosures. As a compensating control, the District should establish an internal control policy to document annual review of the financial statements and to review a financial statement disclosure checklist.

Views of Responsible Officials

The District will continue to have the auditor prepare the financial statements. It is currently not cost-effective for management to perform the preparation.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Prior Financial Statement Findings:

2018-001

A material weakness was reported for inadequate segregation of duties.

Corrective Action Plan

The accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation of duties is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of financial management and financial statement accuracy for the District. Segregation of authorization, custody of assets, record keeping, and reconciliation functions would assist in mitigating the risk of fraud or misstatements to the financial statements. This material weakness continues to exist under the current audit findings as finding number 2020-001.

2018-002

A material weakness was reported for financial statement preparation.

Corrective Action Plan

The accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if it is feasible for the District to prepare its own financial statements. This material weakness continues to exist under the current audit findings as number 2020-002.