

Testimony
House Bill 1091 Department of Human Services
House Human Services Committee
Representative Robin Weisz, Chairman
January 12th, 2021

Chairman Weisz, and members of the House Human Services Committee, I am Cory Pedersen, Director of the Children and Family Services Division with the Department of Human Services (Department). I am here today in support of House Bill 1091, which was introduced at the request of the Department.

This bill proposes changes to North Dakota Century Code chapters 50-06 and 50-11 relating to shelter care services, foster care for children, foster care approval and licensing of facilities, use of public funds, and the use of an automated clearing house to facilitate payments.

The proposed change in Section 1 of this Bill is to amend subsection 1 of section 50-06-01.4 of the North Dakota Century Code regarding clarification of programs administered by Children and Family Services Division. Page 1, line 19, adds the ability for the Department to certify shelter care services. Shelter care is a service offered in various forms across North Dakota. Today, licensed foster parents are granted the authority by holding a license to provide family foster care for children to also provide shelter care for up to 96 hours. Certification of shelters (single family dwellings offering shelter care for a group of children) will create options for short term placements across North Dakota, if foster homes are not immediately available. The need for short term temporary shelter care services reimbursed by the Department has become increasingly heightened. In order for the Department to reimburse for the service, certification of that service is necessary. The certification will

require safety standards to ensure the quality of care a child receives is adequate while temporarily placed in a shelter. Certification will also require a time limit for placement, where children are not to remain in shelter care for greater than seven days.

The proposed change in Section 2 of this Bill is to amend subsection 8 of section 50-11-00.1 of the North Dakota Century Code regarding the provision of family foster care. Page 3, line 8 adds language to the law for clarification and consistency specific to licensed or approved family foster homes for children. There are three provider types that meet the federal definition for a foster care placement, which allow for federal funding to support the placement costs; 1) licensed or approved family foster homes for children, 2) supervised independent living programs, or 3) qualified residential treatment programs.

The proposed changes in Section 3 of this Bill are to amend subsection 1 of section 50-11-02 of the North Dakota Century Code to add subdivisions (e) and (f) regarding terms and conditions for the Department to grant a license for the operation of a facility providing foster care. Page 3, lines 25 through 30 and page 4, lines 1 and 2 will provide clarification surrounding the ability for an applicant to reapply to become a foster parent if they were previously denied a license to provide family foster care for children or adults or if their previous license was revoked by the department. The additions will provide parameters for reapplication and will offer consistency in managing requests from applicants statewide.

The proposed change in Section 4 of this Bill is to amend section 50-11-03.2 of the North Dakota Century Code regarding the use of public funds for the purchase of foster care. Page 4, lines 17 through 19 will allow the use of non-federal funds to reimburse the costs of shelter care

placements for no greater than seven days so long as the shelter care services being provided are certified by the Department. North Dakota has various shelter arrangements specific to youth located across the state where the immediate placement of a child could occur. Historically, the use of public funds has not been authorized to reimburse the daily rate. At this time, federal funds for foster care are not available for shelter care placements unless the shelter care service is offered by a licensed or approved facility. Shelters, for the purposes of short-term placement, do not meet the federal definition for foster care. Without the proposed certification by the Department, previously noted, shelters will not be eligible for reimbursement with public funds.

Section 5 of this Bill proposes a new section be added to chapter 50-11 of the North Dakota Century Code and will allow the Department to provide payment to foster care providers using an automated clearing house to provide for electronic fund transfers. Page 4, lines 22 through 29 allows all licensed or approved family foster homes for children, supervised independent living programs, and qualified residential treatment programs for children to receive reimbursement using an automated clearing house. Today, roughly 1,200 foster care providers receive foster care reimbursement at various times throughout the month. A majority of the providers have direct deposit set up with the Department. However, roughly 400 (33%) of the providers receive a paper check from the Department. The issuance of a paper check is a manual process which takes additional staff time to prepare and mail out. In addition, receipt of a paper check requires additional time on the part of the provider to go to the bank and cash the check timely. As a point of reference, the Department is proposing a comparable transition to electronic payment

processing for Medicaid providers in Senate Bill No. 2085 and for subsidized adoption in Senate Bill No. 2088.

This concludes my testimony. I would be happy to answer any questions.
Thank you.