Testimony Department of Human Services Human Services Committee Representative Alon Wieland, Chairman October 4, 2012

Caseload Comparison - Children and Family Services Tara Lea Muhlhauser, Director, Children and Family Services

	2005	2005 - 2007 Biennium			2007 - 2009 Biennium			2009 - 2011 Biennium		
	Actual	Actual	Biennial	Actual	Actual	Biennial	Actual	Actual	Biennial	Actual
	2006	2007	Average	2008	2009	Average	2010	2011	Average	2012
Foster Care	968	869	918	760	768	764	768	736	752	760

The foster care caseload continues to experience fluctuations, reflecting both increases (SFY 2012) and decreases (2009-2011 biennium). Increases are due to more children being placed in care, as they are not able to safely remain at home when there is an incident of child abuse and neglect. This increase is due in part to population increases and growing number of families in communities without parental or relative resources to assist in safely maintaining children in their homes. Increases are occurring across the state, not in one geographical area. Also, the caseload budgeted for SFY 2012 included a slight increase for tribal IV-E cases and youth over the age of 18 who choose to remain in foster care.

Subsidized Adoption	744	816	780	877	946	912	980	1,028	1,004	1,077

The subsidized adoption program for children with special needs continues to increase based on the federal mandate and practice of finalizing the permanency outcome for children formerly in foster care. The caseload for SFY 2012 shows an increase and reflects the use of this permanency outcome for children and accommodates the cumulative growth in the number of adopted children in the program. An adoptive family is eligible for a monthly subsidy payment while the child remains in an adoptive home until, and sometimes after, the child reaches the age of 18.