DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SYSTEM

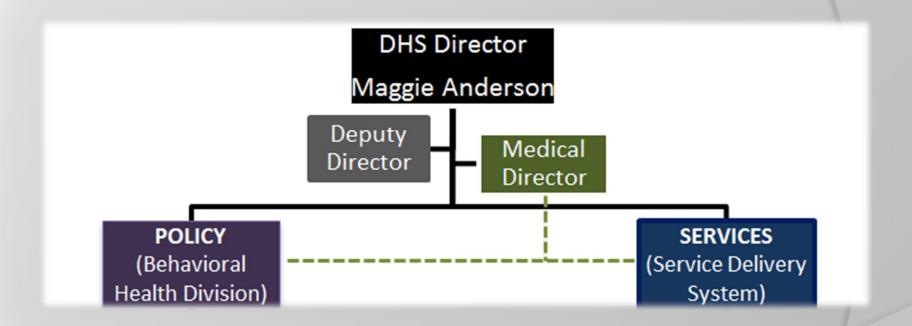






To provide quality, efficient and effective human services, which improve the lives of people.

DHS Behavioral Health System



DHS Behavioral Health System Roles:

Behavioral Health DIVISION

Provides leadership for the planning, development, and oversight of the state's behavioral health system.

Work with partners within the department and the state behavioral health community to . . .

- improve access to services,
- address behavioral health workforce needs,
- develop policy, and
- ensure quality services are available for those with behavioral health needs.

Behavioral Health Services DELIVERY SYSTEM

Provides, directly or through contracts, a full continuum of integrated behavioral health.

Regional Human Service Centers (HSCs) provide outpatient and residential services to a broad range of people with mental illness and substance use disorders.

North Dakota State Hospital (NDSH) provides hospital and residential treatment to specialized populations of the mentally ill, chemically dependent, and sexually dangerous

DHS Behavioral Health System Values:

















Intro to NDDHS Behavioral Health System Values

Get Started!



Recovery-Oriented Systems

"Systems of health and human Recover services that affirm hope for recovery, exemplify a strengthbased orientation, and offer a wide spectrum of services and supports aimed at engaging people with mental health and substance use conditions into care and promoting their resilience and long-term recovery from which they and their families may choose"

Source: Glossary of Recovery Terms: Retrieved 2015, May 18 from http://media.samhsa.gov/recoverytopractice/GlossaryOfTerms.aspx

Person-Centered Care

"Care that is based on the person's and/or family's self-identified hopes, aspirations, and goals, which build on the person's and/or family's own assets, interests, and strengths, and which is carried out collaboratively with a broadly defined recovery management team that includes formal care providers as well as others who support the person's or family's own recovery efforts and processes, such as employers, landlords, teachers, and neighbors."

Source: Glossary of Recovery Terms: Retrieved 2015, May 18 from http://media.samhsa.gov/recoverytopractice/GlossaryOfTerms.aspx

Integrated care

is the collaboration between behavioral health and primary care providers to ensure the most effective and informative care for the consumer. Integrated care focuses on consumers and family members as partners in the healthcare process. Integrated Health Care identifies nine core competencies.



Reference: Hoge M.A., Morris J.A., Laraia M., Pomerantz A., & Farley, T. (2014). Core Competencies for Integrated Behavioral Health and Primary Care. Washington, DC: SAMHSA – HRSA Center for Integrated Health Solutions, http://www.integration.samhsa.gov/workforce/Integration_Competencies_Final.pdf

Trauma-Informed

"A trauma-informed approach to the delivery of behavioral health services includes an understanding of trauma and an awareness of the impact it can have across settings, services, and populations. It involves viewing trauma through an ecological and cultural lens and recognizing that context plays a significant role in how individuals perceive and process traumatic events, whether acute or chronic."

Source: SAMHSA News (Spring 2014, Volume 22, Number 2), Trauma-Informed Care – New Publication, Key Terms: Definitions.
Retrieved 2015, May 27 from http://www.sambsa.gov/sambsaNewsLetter/Volume 22 Number 2/trauma tip/key terms.html

Best Practice

A **best practice** is a method or technique that has consistently shown results in an effort to maintain quality and produce outcomes.

Data Driven

Data-driven organizations don't only **gather** data; but work to **understand** the data.



Transparency

Disseminate findings to policy-makers, management, providers, employees, and stakeholders alike.



Understanding the results, **analyzing** the cause, and being **responsible** to improve the process.

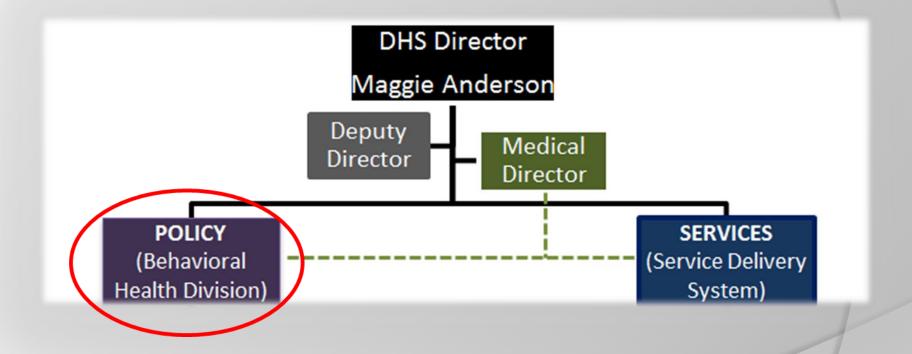
Aligning Values with Processes

	Person Centered	Recovery Oriented	Trauma Informed	Integrated	Transparency	Accountability	Best Practice	Data Driven
Patient/Client Care	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Business Practice	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Workforce	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Oversight	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Analytics	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

DHS Behavioral Health System Goals:

Behavioral Health			Behavioral Health Services			
	Division		DELIVERY SYSTEM			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Systems needs assessment Strategic planning Develop consistent process and outcome measures Enhance partnerships/collaboration Workforce development	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Achieve accreditation Enhance best practices for identified core service Reduce institutional violence Develop clear clinical and operational leadership Build an outcome-based and data-driven system of service delivery			

DHS Behavioral Health System

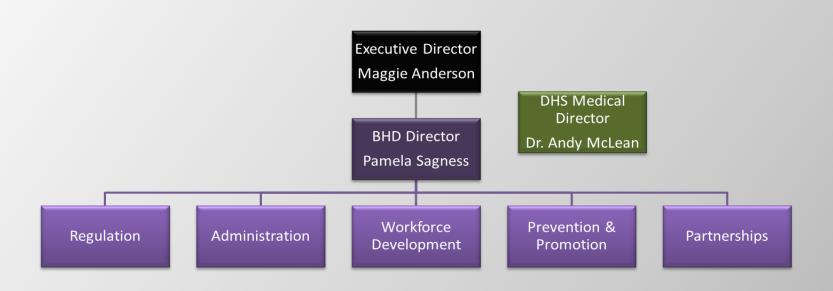


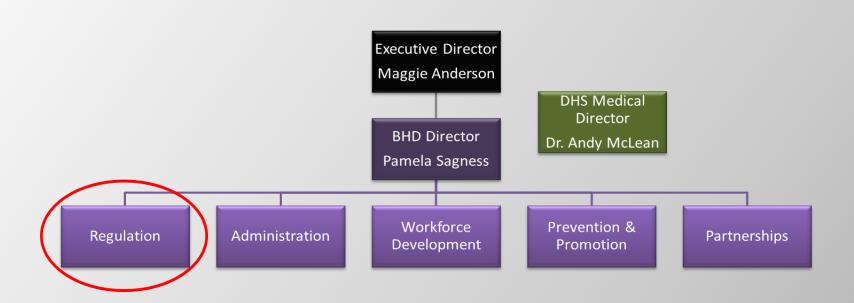
Pamela Sagness, Director Behavioral Health Division

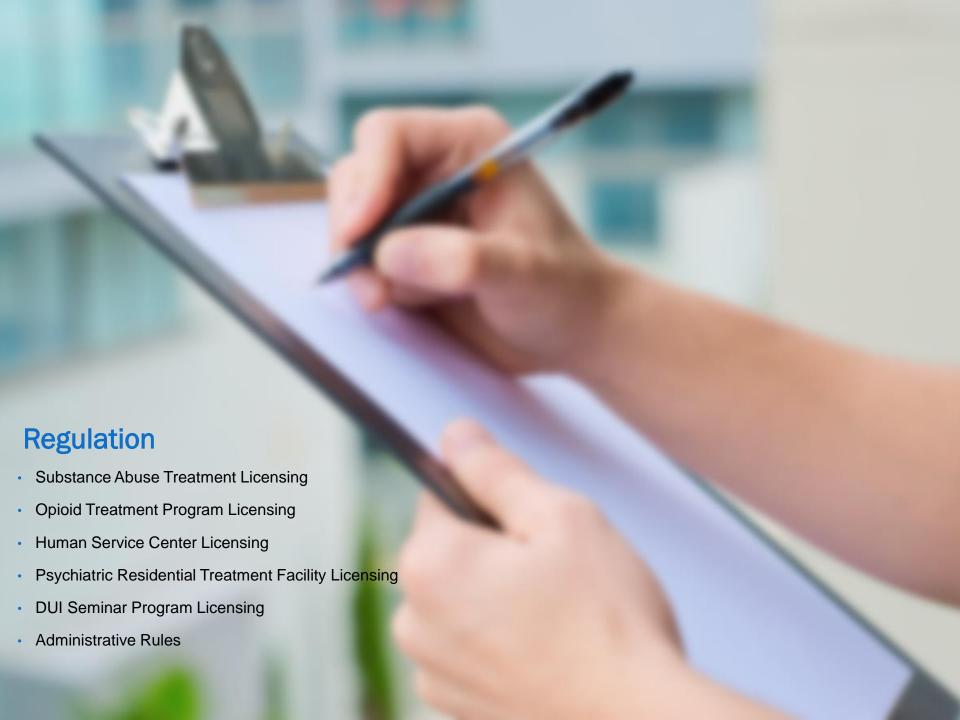
Behavioral Health Division Role:

Behavioral Health Division

Health and Safety		Access to Services			Quality		
•	Licensing (OTP, SUD, HSC, DUI, PRTF)		Priority status (i.e. pregnant women)	•	Outcome based contracts		
•	Certification	•	Partnerships	•	Best practice requirements		
•	Administrative rule updates	•	Funding – grants, Request For Proposals (RFPs)	•	Training & Technical Assistance (T/TA)		
•	Contracts	•	Policy/law changes (i.e. OTP's)	•	Evaluation and data collection		
•	Law/policy changes	•	Payments – Partner with payers (i.e. Medicaid)	•	Process and outcome measures		
•	Training and Technical Assistance (T/TA)	•	Training & Technical Assistance (T/TA) systems	•	Prevention Resource & Media Center (PRMC)		
•	Data-driven planning	:	change	•	Evaluate licensing to analyze system changes		
•	Partners – (i.e. Academic Institutions, Tribes)	:		•	Requiring fidelity		
•	Compliance requirements	:		:			
		:		:			
		:		•			

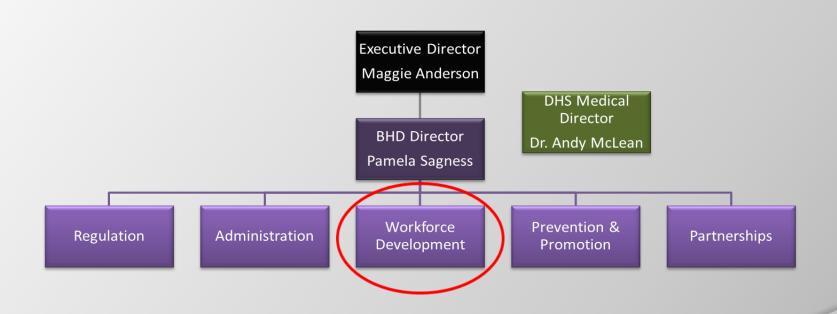




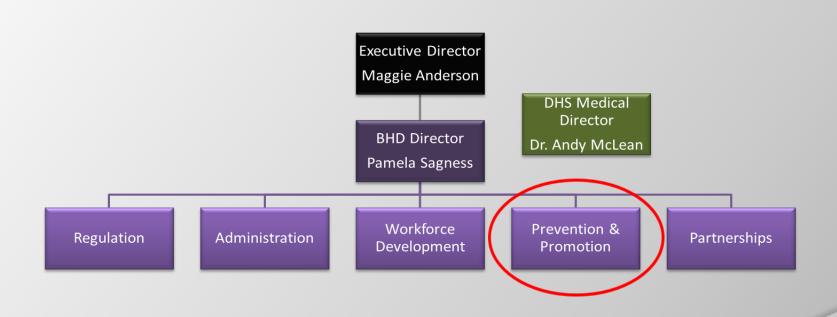




Administration Mental Health Block Grant Substance Abuse Block Grant Community & Tribal Prevention **Problem Gambling** Brain Injury First Link – 211 Robinson Recovery



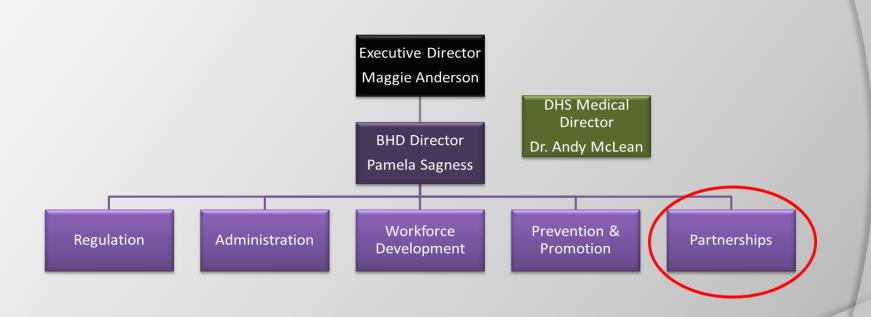




Prevention & Promotion

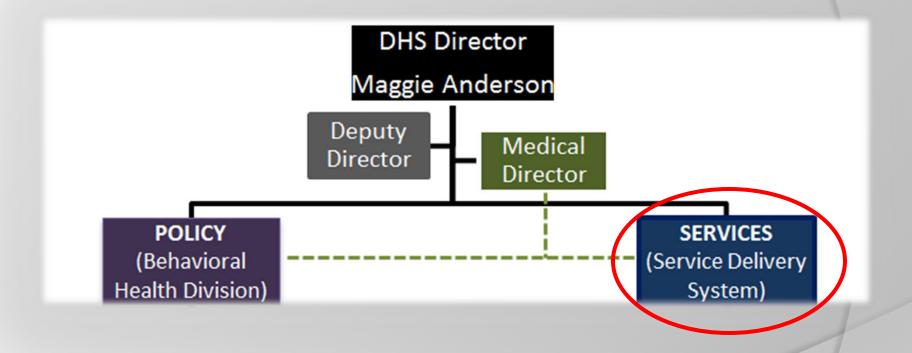
- Parent's LEAD
- Prevention Resource & Media Center
- Speaks Volumes
- Tribal Prevention Programs
- Community Prevention Programs
- Prescription Drug Take Back





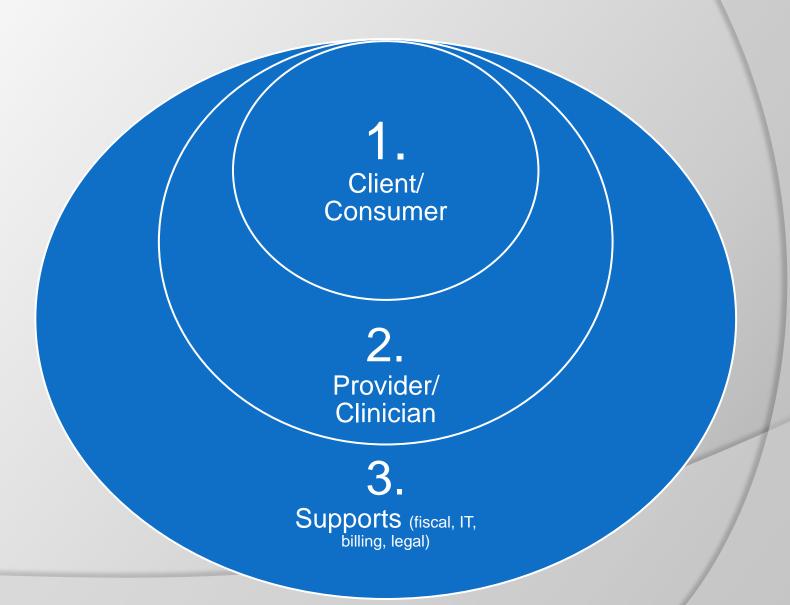


DHS Behavioral Health System

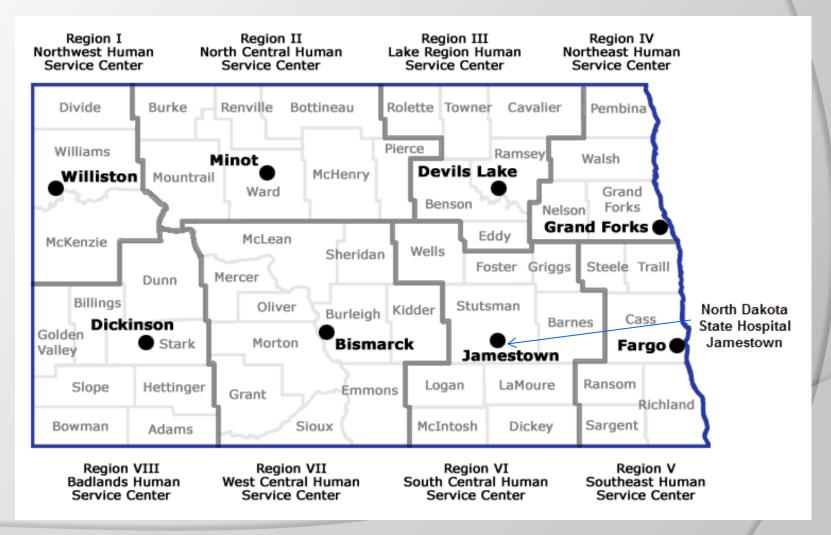


Rosalie Etherington, PhD Superintendent of the ND State Hospital

Client/Consumer Focus



ND Public Behavioral Health Service Delivery:



Public behavioral health provides comprehensive, evidence-based community and hospital service with priority for three broad special classes of clients:



- Extended care services, defined as an integrated and full continuum of medically necessary treatment and rehabilitative services for adults with severe and persistent mental illness to enhance opportunity for productive community living. This continuum requires 24-hour emergency care including access to hospitalization, assertive community treatment/intensive case management, and active chronic disease management including medication management, therapy services, including addiction therapy. Other services include psychosocial rehabilitation and/or day treatment, peer and family support services, supported employment, supported housing, and various levels of residential environments.
- Specialized children's services, defined as an integrated and full continuum of treatment and support services for severely emotionally disturbed children including mental, substance abuse, social, educational and juvenile services.
- Substance use disorder services, defined as an integrated and full continuum of psychotherapeutic and rehabilitative services with priority given to IV drug users, pregnant females, and the uninsured.



- 24-hour emergency services, including in-person and telephonic crisis assessment, crisis residential services, and mobile crisis management (not all regions)
- Specialized assessment and engagement services, including openaccess assessment, court ordered substance use evaluation, and disaster assessment
- Comprehensive and intensive case management services for the purpose of chronic disease management
- Psychotherapy services, including individual and group addiction counseling, psychotherapy of severely traumatized children and adults, integrated dual disorders treatment, and low risk sex offender treatment, including the residential treatment of the sexually dangerous.

- Medication services, including the prescription of psychotropic medications, daily delivery and monitoring of medication adherence, adherence counseling
- Residential and supported housing
- Supported employment
- Psychological testing and assessment services, including parental capacity and sex offender risk assessment
- Peer support services including recovery center environments, peer managed support groups, and recovery management education

